

SOURCE

https://www.phmpt.org/wpcontent/uploads/2022/04/reissue _5.3.6-postmarketingexperience.pdf Finally, how does the 5.3.6 Table 6 document on "Use in Pregnancy and lactation" differ from the "Pregnancy and Lactation Cumulative Report" discussed in Daily Clout Report 69? [https://dailyclout.io/?s=report+69]

First, the Cumulative Report includes relevant cases "...from the time of drug product development to 28-Feb-2021." 5.3.6 focuses only on 1 December 2020 to 28 February 2021, the first three months of release to the general population.

The Cumulative Report documents **53 spontaneous abortions and two premature births with neonatal death, compared to 26 and two, respectively, documented in 5.3.6.** This is a **very large difference** considering that the bulk of inoculations occurred during the period of time included in 5.3.6. Pfizer's Cumulative Report reported **41 baby/infant cases exposed via breastmilk who had adverse events, with 10 of the cases experiencing serious adverse events. The comparable figures from 5.3.6 Table 6 were 17 cases and three serious cases.**

Why are there *twice* as *many* spontaneous abortions in the Cumulative Report? Why does the Cumulative Report have so many *more* baby and infant cases with adverse and serious adverse events? Most of the drug dosing occurred in the overlapping time period of 1 December 2020 to 28 February 2021, the time period of 5.3.6. Pfizer leaves us with many unanswered questions about the risk to pregnancy and breast feeding babies.

Table 6

Missing Information	Post Authorization Cases Evaluation (cumulative to 28 Feb 2021) Total Number of Cases in the Reporting Period (N=42086)
Use in	Total Number of Cases in the Reporting Letton (17-42/000)
Pregnancy and lactation	 Number of cases: 413° (0.98% of the total PM dataset); 84 serious and 329 non-serious; Country of incidence: US (205), UK (64), Canada (31), Germany (30), Poland (13), Israel (11); Italy (9), Portugal (8), Mexico (6), Estonia, Hungary and Ireland, (5 each), Romania (4), Spain (3), Czech Republic and France (2 each), the remaining 10 cases were distributed among 10 other countries.
	Pregnancy cases: 274 cases including:
	270 mother cases and 4 foctus/baby cases representing 270 unique pregnancies (the 4 foctus/baby cases were linked to 3 mother cases; 1 mother case involved twins). Pregnancy outcomes for the 270 pregnancies were reported as spontaneous abortion (23), outcome pending (5), premature birth with neonatal death, spontaneous abortion with intrauterine death (2 each), spontaneous abortion with neonatal death, and normal outcome (1 each). No outcome was provided for 238 pregnancies (note that 2 different outcomes were reported for each twin, and both were counted).
	 146 non-serious mother cases reported exposure to vaccine in utero without the occurrence of any clinical adverse event. The exposure PTs coded to the PTs Maternal exposure during pregnancy (111), Exposure during pregnancy (29) and Maternal exposure timing unspecified (6). Trimester of exposure was reported in 21 of these cases: 1st trimester (15 cases), 2nd trimester (7), and 3rd trimester (2).
	• 124 mother cases, 49 non-serious and 75 serious, reported clinical events, which occurred in the vaccinated mothers. Pregnancy related events reported in these cases coded to the PTs Abortion spontaneous (25), Uterine contraction during pregnancy, Premature rupture of membranes, Abortion, Abortion missed, and Foetal death (1 each). Other clinical events which occurred in more than 5 cases coded to the PTs Headache (33). Vaccination site pain (24), Pain in extremity and Fatigue (22 each), Myalgia and Pyrexia (16 each), Chills (13) Nausea (12), Pain (11), Arthralgia (9), Lymphadenopathy and Drug ineffective (7 each), Chest pain, Dizziness and Asthenia (6 each), Malaise and COVID-19 (5 each). Trimester of exposure was reported in 22 of these cases: 1st trimester (19 cases), 2nd trimester (1 case), 3rd trimester (2 cases).
	 4 serious foetus/baby cases reported the PTs Exposure during pregnancy, Foetal growth restriction, Maternal exposure during pregnancy, Premature baby (2 each), and Death neonatal (1). Trimester of exposure was reported for 2 cases (twins) as occurring during the 1st trimester.
	Breast feeding baby cases: 133, of which:
	 116 cases reported exposure to vaccine during breastfeeding (PT Exposure via breast milk) without the occurrence of any clinical adverse events; 17 cases, 3 serious and 14 non-serious, reported the following clinical events that occurred in the infant/child exposed to vaccine via breastfeeding: Pyrexia (5), Rash (4), Infanti irritability (3), Infantile vomiting, Diarrhoea, Insomnia, and Illness (2 each), Poor feeding infant, Lethargy, Abdominal discomfort, Vomiting, Allergy to vaccine, Increased appetite, Anxiety, Crying, Poor quality sleep, Eructation, Agitation, Pain and Urticaria (1 each).
	Breast feeding mother cases (6): 1 serious case reported 3 clinical events that occurred in a mother during breast feeding (PT Maternal exposure during breast feeding); these events coded to the PTs Chills, Malaise, and
	Pyrexia 1 non-serious case reported with very limited information and without associated AEs. In 4 cases (3 non-serious; 1 serious) Suppressed lactation occurred in a breast feeding women with the following co-reported events: Pyrexia (2), Paresis, Headache, Chills, Vomiting, Pain in extremity, Arthralgia, Breast pain, Scar pain, Nausea, Migraine, Myalgia, Fatigue and Breast milk discolouration (1 each).
	Conclusion: There were no safety signals that emerged from the review of these cases of use in pregnancy and while breast feeding.
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Post-Marketing Team's CONCLUSION RECALL this unsafe "vaccine."