The Senate Committee on Judiciary offered the following substitute to HB 221:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to commerce and trade, so as to enact the "Uniform Power of Attorney Act"; to repeal provisions relating to a financial power of attorney; to provide for a short title and definitions; to provide for applicability, validity, meaning, effect, and termination of a power of attorney; to provide for an agent, coagent, and successor agent, their duties, responsibilities, liability, authority, and compensation; to provide for general and specific authority that a principal may give an agent in a power of attorney; to provide for forms; to amend Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, so as to provide for cross-references; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

PART I13 **SECTION 1-1.**

Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to commerce and trade, is amended by repealing Article 7 of Chapter 6, relating to financial power of attorney, and designating it as reserved.

PART II18 **SECTION 2-1.**

Said title is further amended by adding a new chapter to read as follows:

20	"CHAPTER 6B
21	ARTICLE 1
22	10 CD 1
22	<u>10-6B-1.</u>
23	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Uniform Power of Attorney Act.'
24	<u>10-6B-2.</u>
25	As used in this chapter, the term:
26	(1) 'Agent' means a person granted authority to act in the place of an individual, whether
27	denominated by such term, attorney-in-fact, or otherwise. Such term shall include a
28	coagent, successor agent, and a person to which authority is delegated.
29	(2) 'Durable' means not terminated by the principal's incapacity.
30	(3) 'Electronic' means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic,
31	wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
32	(4) 'Good faith' means honesty in fact.
33	(5) 'Incapacity' means inability of an individual to manage property or business affairs
34	because the individual:
35	(A) Has an impairment in the ability to receive and evaluate information or make or
36	communicate decisions even with the use of technological assistance; or
37	(B) Is:
38	(i) Missing;
39	(ii) Detained, including incarcerated in a penal system; or
40	(iii) Outside the United States and unable to return.
41	(6) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
42	limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or
43	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial
44	entity.
45	(7) 'Power of attorney' means a writing or other record that grants authority to a person
46	to act in the place of an individual, whether or not such term is used.
47	(8) 'Presently exercisable general power of appointment,' with respect to property or a
48	property interest subject to a power of appointment, means power exercisable at the time
49	in question to vest absolute ownership in the principal individually, the principal's estate,
50	the principal's creditors, or the creditors of the principal's estate. Such term shall include
51	a power of appointment not exercisable until the occurrence of a specified event, the
52	satisfaction of an ascertainable standard, or the passage of a specified period only after
53	the occurrence of the specified event, the satisfaction of the ascertainable standard, or the

17 LC 29 7580ERS 54 passage of the specified period. Such term shall not include a power exercisable in a 55 fiduciary capacity or only by will. 56 (9) 'Principal' means an individual who grants authority to a person to act in the place of 57 such individual. 58 (10) 'Property' means anything that may be the subject of ownership, whether real or 59 personal, or legal or equitable, or any interest or right therein. 60 (11) 'Record' means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored 61 in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. (12) 'Sign' means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record, to execute or 62 63 adopt a tangible symbol. 64 (13) 'State' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the 65 United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 66 jurisdiction of the United States. (14) 'Stocks and bonds' means stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and all other types of 67 68 securities and financial instruments, whether held directly, indirectly, or in any other 69 manner. Such term shall not include commodity futures contracts and call or put options 70 on stocks or stock indexes. 71 10-6B-3. 72 (a) This chapter shall apply to all powers of attorney except: 73 (1) A power to the extent it is coupled with an interest in the subject of the power, 74 including a power given to or for the benefit of a creditor in connection with a credit 75 transaction; 76 (2) A power to make health care decisions; 77 (3) A proxy or other delegation to exercise voting rights or management rights with 78 respect to an entity; 79 (4) A power created on a form prescribed by a government or governmental subdivision, 80 agency, or instrumentality for a governmental purpose; 81 (5) Transaction specific powers of attorney, including, but not limited to, powers of 82 attorney under Chapter 6 of this title; and 83 (6) Powers of attorney provided for under Titles 19 and 33.

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A power of attorney created under this chapter shall be durable unless it expressly provides

(b) A power of attorney shall not authorize an agent to create a will.

that it is terminated by the incapacity of the principal.

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88	<u>10-6B-5.</u>
89	(a) A power of attorney shall be:
90	(1) Signed by the principal or by another individual in such principal's presence at the
91	principal's express direction;
92	(2) Attested in the presence of the principal by one or more competent witnesses; and
93	(3) Attested in the presence of the principal before a notary public or other individual
94	authorized by law to administer oaths who is not a witness for purposes of paragraph (2)
95	of this Code section.
96	(b) All signatures and attestations required by subsection (a) of this Code section shall be
97	performed and conducted in the presence of all parties provided for in subsection (a) of this
98	Code section.
99	<u>10-6B-6.</u>
100	(a) A power of attorney executed in this state on or after July 1, 2017, shall be valid if its
101	execution complies with Code Section 10-6B-5.
102	(b) This chapter shall not affect a power of attorney executed prior to July 1, 2017, to
103	which the former provisions of Article 7 of Chapter 6 of this title, as such existed on June
104	30, 2017, shall continue to apply.
105	(c) A power of attorney executed other than in this state shall be valid in this state if, when
106	the power of attorney was executed, the execution complied with:
107	(1) The law of the jurisdiction that determines the meaning and effect of the power of
108	attorney pursuant to Code Section 10-6B-7; or
109	(2) The requirements for a military power of attorney pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section
110	1044b, in effect on February 1, 2017.
111	(d) Except as otherwise provided by law other than this chapter, a photocopy or
112	electronically transmitted copy of an original power of attorney shall have the same effect
113	as the original; provided, however, that when recording a power of attorney in connection
114	with a conveyance involving real property, an original power of attorney shall be used.
115	<u>10-6B-7.</u>
116	The meaning and effect of a power of attorney shall be determined by the law of the
117	jurisdiction indicated in the power of attorney and, in the absence of an indication of
118	jurisdiction, by the law of the jurisdiction in which the power of attorney was executed.
119	<u>10-6B-8.</u>
120	(a) In a power of attorney, a principal may nominate a conservator of the principal's estate

for consideration by the court if protective proceedings for the principal's estate are begun

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122 after the principal executes the power of attorney. Except for good cause shown or 123 disqualification, the court shall make its appointment in accordance with the principal's 124 most recent nomination. 125 (b) Unless expressly provided otherwise by the power of attorney or ordered otherwise by 126 the court appointing the conservator, if, after a principal executes a power of attorney, a 127 court appoints a conservator of the principal's estate or other fiduciary charged with the 128 management of some or all of the principal's property, then the appointment of a 129 conservator or other fiduciary shall terminate all or part of the power of attorney that relates 130 to the matters within the scope of the conservatorship or management by another fiduciary. 131 If such power of attorney does not wholly terminate, the agent shall be accountable to the 132 conservator or other fiduciary as well as to the principal. 133 (c) If the court orders the power of attorney shall not terminate, the court may impose upon 134 the power of attorney or agent such terms and conditions as it determines are in the best 135 interest of the principal. 136 <u>10-6B-9.</u> 137 (a) A power of attorney shall be effective when executed unless the principal provides in 138 the power of attorney that it becomes effective at a future date or upon the occurrence of 139 a future event or contingency. 140 (b) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the occurrence of a future event or 141 contingency, the principal, in the power of attorney, may authorize one or more persons to 142 determine in a writing or other record that the event or contingency has occurred. 143 (c) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the principal's incapacity and the 144 principal has not authorized a person to determine whether the principal is incapacitated, 145 or the person authorized is unable or unwilling to make the determination, the power of 146 attorney shall become effective upon a certification in a writing or other record by: 147 (1) A physician or licensed psychologist determining that the principal has an 148 impairment in the ability to receive and evaluate information or make or communicate 149 decisions even with the use of technological assistance; or 150 (2) An attorney at law, a judge, or an appropriate governmental official determining that 151 the principal is missing, detained, including incarcerated in a penal system, or is outside 152 the United States and unable to return. 153 (d) A person authorized by the principal in the power of attorney to determine that the 154 principal is incapacitated may act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to the

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, Sections 1171 through 1179 of the

Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1320d, in effect on February 1, 2017, and applicable

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157 regulations in effect on February 1, 2017, to obtain access to the principal's health care 158 information and communicate with the principal's health care provider. 159 10-6B-10. 160 (a) A power of attorney shall terminate when: 161 (1) The principal dies; 162 (2) The principal becomes incapacitated, if the power of attorney specifically provides 163 that it is not durable; 164 (3) The principal revokes the power of attorney, provided that the principal provides the 165 agent with notice of such revocation by certified mail and provided that such notice is filed with the clerk of superior court in the county of domicile of the principal; 166 167 (4) The agent resigns, becomes incapacitated, or dies; 168 (5) The power of attorney provides that it terminates; 169 (6) The purpose of the power of attorney is accomplished; or 170 (7) One of the events specified in paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection occurs and the 171 power of attorney does not provide for another agent to act under the power of attorney. 172 (b) An agent's authority shall terminate when: 173 (1) The agent resigns, becomes incapacitated, or dies; 174 (2) The principal revokes the agent's authority, provided that the principal provides the 175 agent with notice of such revocation by certified mail and provided that such notice is 176 filed with the clerk of superior court in the county of domicile of the principal; 177 (3) An action is filed for the dissolution or annulment of the agent's marriage to the principal or their legal separation, unless the power of attorney otherwise provides; or 178 179 (4) The power of attorney terminates. 180 (c) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent's authority is exercisable 181 until the authority terminates under subsection (b) of this Code section, notwithstanding a lapse of time since the execution of the power of attorney. 182 (d) Termination of an agent's authority or of a power of attorney shall not be effective as 183 184 to the agent or another person that, without actual knowledge of the termination, acts in 185 good faith under the power of attorney. An act so performed, unless otherwise invalid or unenforceable, shall bind the principal and the principal's successors in interest. 186 187 (e) Incapacity of the principal of a power of attorney that is not durable shall not revoke 188 or terminate the power of attorney as to an agent or other person that, without actual 189 knowledge of the incapacity, acts in good faith under the power of attorney. An act so

performed, unless otherwise invalid or unenforceable, shall bind the principal and the

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principal's successors in interest.

192 (f) The execution of a power of attorney shall not revoke a power of attorney previously 193 executed by the principal unless the subsequent power of attorney provides that the 194 previous power of attorney shall be revoked or that all other powers of attorney are 195 revoked. 196 10-6B-11. 197 (a) A principal may designate two or more persons to act as coagents. Unless the power

- of attorney otherwise provides, coagents shall exercise their authority independently.
- (b)(1) A principal may designate one or more successor agents to act if an agent resigns, dies, becomes incapacitated, is no longer qualified to serve, has declined to serve, or dies. A principal may grant authority to designate one or more successor agents to an agent or other person designated by name, office, or function. Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, a successor agent shall:
 - (A) Have the same authority as that granted to the original agent; and
 - (B) Not act until all predecessor agents have resigned, become incapacitated, are no longer qualified to serve, have declined to serve, or died.
- (2) Once a predecessor agent resigns, becomes incapacitated, is no longer qualified to serve, or has declined to serve, he or she shall be permanently barred from serving as an agent under the then existing power of attorney.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney and subsection (d) of this Code section, an agent that does not participate in or conceal a breach of fiduciary duty committed by another agent, including a predecessor agent, shall not be liable for the actions of the other agent.
- 214 (d) An agent that has actual knowledge of a breach or imminent breach of fiduciary duty 215 by another agent shall notify the principal and, if the principal is incapacitated, take any 216 action reasonably appropriate in the circumstances to safeguard the principal's best interest. 217 An agent that fails to notify the principal or take action as required by this subsection shall 218 be liable for the reasonably foreseeable damages that could have been avoided if the agent 219 had notified the principal or taken such action.
- 220 10-6B-12.

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Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent shall not be entitled to 221 compensation for services rendered. An agent shall be entitled to reasonable 222 223 reimbursement of expenses incurred in performing the acts required by the principal under 224 the power of attorney.

225	<u>10-6B-13.</u>
226	Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, a person accepts appointment as an
227	agent under a power of attorney by exercising authority or performing duties as an agent
228	or by any other assertion or conduct indicating acceptance.
220	10-6B-14.
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230	(a) Notwithstanding provisions in the power of attorney, an agent that has accepted
231	appointment shall act:
232	(1) In accordance with the principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually
233	known by the agent and, otherwise, in the principal's best interest;
234	(2) In good faith; and
235	(3) Only within the scope of authority granted in the power of attorney.
236	(b) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, an agent that has accepted
237	appointment shall:
238	(1) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
239	(2) Act so as not to create a conflict of interest that impairs the agent's ability to act
240	impartially in the principal's best interest;
241	(3) Act with the care, competence, and diligence ordinarily exercised by agents in similar
242	<u>circumstances;</u>
243	(4) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and transactions made on behalf of the
244	principal;
245	(5) Cooperate with a person that has authority to make health care decisions for the
246	principal to carry out the principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually known
247	by the agent and, otherwise, act in the principal's best interest; and
248	(6) Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan, to the extent actually known by the
249	agent, if preserving such plan is consistent with the principal's best interest based on all
250	relevant factors, including:
251	(A) The value and nature of the principal's property:
252	(B) The principal's foreseeable obligations and need for maintenance;
253	(C) Minimization of taxes, including income, estate, inheritance, generation-skipping
254	transfer, and gift taxes; and
255	(D) Eligibility for a benefit, a program, or assistance under a law or regulation.
256	(c) An agent that acts in good faith shall not be liable to any beneficiary of the principal's
257	estate plan for failure to preserve such plan.
258	(d) An agent that acts with care, competence, and diligence for the best interest of the
259	principal shall not be liable solely because the agent also benefits from the act or has an
260	individual or conflicting interest in relation to the property or affairs of the principal.

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17 LC 29 7580ERS 261 (e) If an agent is selected by the principal because of special skills or expertise possessed 262 by the agent or in reliance on the agent's representation that the agent has special skills or 263 expertise, the special skills or expertise shall be considered in determining whether the 264 agent has acted with care, competence, and diligence under the circumstances. 265 (f) Absent a breach of duty to the principal, an agent shall not be liable if the value of the 266 principal's property declines. 267 (g) An agent that exercises authority to delegate to another person the authority granted 268 by the principal or that engages another person on behalf of the principal shall not be liable 269 for an act, error of judgment, or default of that person if the agent exercises care, 270 competence, and diligence in selecting and monitoring the person. 271

(h) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, an agent shall not be required to disclose receipts, disbursements, or transactions conducted on behalf of the principal unless ordered by a court or requested by the principal, a guardian, a conservator, another fiduciary acting for the principal, a governmental agency having authority to protect the welfare of the principal, or, upon the death of the principal, by the personal representative or successor in interest of the principal's estate. If so requested, within 30 days the agent shall comply with the request or provide a writing or other record substantiating why additional time is needed and shall comply with the request within an additional 30 days.

10-6B-15.

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- A provision in a power of attorney relieving an agent of liability for breach of duty shall be binding on the principal and the principal's successors in interest except to the extent the provision:
- (1) Relieves the agent of liability for breach of duty committed in bad faith, or with reckless indifference to the purposes of the power of attorney or the best interest of the principal; or
- (2) Was inserted as a result of an abuse of a confidential or fiduciary relationship with the principal.

288 <u>10-6B-16.</u>

- (a) The following persons may petition a court to construe a power of attorney or review the agent's conduct, and grant appropriate relief:
 - (1) The principal or the agent;
 - (2) A guardian, conservator, or other fiduciary acting for the principal;
- 293 (3) A person authorized to make health care decisions for the principal;
- 294 (4) The principal's spouse, parent, or descendant;
 - (5) An individual who would qualify as a presumptive heir of the principal;

296	(6) A person named as a beneficiary to receive any property, benefit, or contractual right
297	on the principal's death or as a beneficiary of a trust created by or for the principal that
298	has a financial interest in the principal's estate;
299	(7) A governmental agency having authority to protect the welfare of the principal;
300	(8) The principal's caregiver or another person that demonstrates sufficient interest in the
301	principal's welfare; and
302	(9) A person asked to accept the power of attorney.
303	(b) Upon motion by the principal, the court shall dismiss a petition filed under this Code
304	section, unless the court finds that the principal lacks capacity to revoke the agent's
305	authority or the power of attorney.
306	<u>10-6B-17.</u>
307	An agent that violates this chapter shall be liable to the principal or the principal's
308	successors in interest for the amount required to:
309	(1) Restore the value of the principal's property to what it would have been had the
310	violation not occurred; and
311	(2) Reimburse the principal or the principal's successors in interest for the attorney's fees
312	and costs paid on the agent's behalf.
313	<u>10-6B-18.</u>
314	Unless the power of attorney provides a different method for an agent's resignation, an
315	agent may resign by giving notice to the principal and, if the principal is incapacitated:
316	(1) To the conservator or guardian, if one has been appointed for the principal, and a
317	coagent or successor agent; or
318	(2) If there is no person described in paragraph (1) of this Code section, to:
319	(A) The principal's caregiver; or
320	(B) Another person reasonably believed by the agent to have sufficient interest in the
321	principal's welfare.
322	<u>10-6B-19.</u>
323	(a) A person that in good faith accepts a power of attorney without actual knowledge that
324	the signature is not genuine may rely upon the presumption under Code Section 10-6B-5
325	that the signature is genuine.
326	(b) A person that in good faith accepts a power of attorney without actual knowledge that
327	the power of attorney is void, invalid, or terminated, that the purported agent's authority is
328	void, invalid, or terminated, or that the agent is exceeding or improperly exercising the
329	agent's authority may rely upon the power of attorney as if the power of attorney were

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genuine, valid, and still in effect, the agent's authority were genuine, valid, and still in

331	effect, and the agent had not exceeded and had properly exercised the authority.
332	(c) A person that is asked to accept a power of attorney may request, and rely upon,
333	without further investigation:
334	(1) An agent's certification under penalty of perjury of any factual matter concerning the
335	principal, agent, or power of attorney;
336	(2) A coagent's certification under penalty of perjury of any factual matter concerning
337	the principal, agent, or power of attorney;
338	(3) An English translation of the power of attorney if the power of attorney contains, in
339	whole or in part, language other than English; and
340	(4) An opinion of an attorney as to any matter of law concerning the power of attorney
341	if the person making the request provides in a writing or other record the reason for the
342	<u>request.</u>
343	(d) An English translation or an opinion of an attorney requested under this Code section
344	shall be provided at the principal's expense unless the request is made more than seven
345	business days after the power of attorney is presented for acceptance.
346	(e) For purposes of this Code section, a person that conducts activities through employees
347	shall be without actual knowledge of a fact relating to a power of attorney, a principal, or
348	an agent if the employee conducting the transaction involving the power of attorney is
349	without actual knowledge of the fact.
350	<u>10-6B-20.</u>
351	(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'statutory form power of attorney' means using:
352	(1) The form set forth in Code Section 10-6B-70;
353	(2) A military power of attorney pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 1044b, in effect on
354	<u>February 1, 2017; or</u>
355	(3) A document that substantially reflects the language in the form set forth in Code
356	Section 10-6B-70, so long as it is witnessed as required by Code Section 10-6B-5.
357	(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this Code section:
358	(1) A person shall either accept a statutory form power of attorney or request a
359	certification, a translation, or an opinion of an attorney under subsection (c) of Code
360	Section 10-6B-19 no later than seven business days after presentation of the power of
361	attorney for acceptance;
362	(2) If a person requests a certification, a translation, or an opinion of an attorney under
363	subsection (c) of Code Section 10-6B-19, the person shall accept the power of attorney
364	no later than five business days after receipt of the certification, translation, or opinion
365	of an attorney; and

366	(3) A person shall not require an additional or different form of power of attorney for
367	authority granted in the power of attorney presented.
368	(c) A person shall not be required to accept a statutory form power of attorney if:
369	(1) The person is not otherwise required to engage in a transaction with the principal in
370	the same circumstances;
371	(2) Engaging in a transaction with the agent or the principal in the same circumstances
372	would be inconsistent with federal law;
373	(3) The person has actual knowledge of the termination of the agent's authority or of the
374	power of attorney before exercise of the power;
375	(4) A request for a certification, a translation, or an opinion of an attorney under
376	subsection (c) of Code Section 10-6B-19 is refused;
377	(5) The person in good faith believes that the power is not valid or that the agent does
378	not have the authority to perform the act requested, whether or not a certification, a
379	translation, or an opinion of an attorney under subsection (c) of Code Section 10-6B-19
380	has been requested or provided; or
381	(6) The person makes, or has actual knowledge that another person has made, a report
382	to protective services as such term is defined in Code Section 30-5-1 stating a good faith
383	belief that the principal may be subject to physical or financial abuse, neglect,
384	exploitation, or abandonment by the agent or a person acting for or with the agent.
385	(d) A person that refuses to accept a power of attorney in violation of this Code section
386	shall be subject to:
387	(1) A court order mandating acceptance of the power of attorney; and
388	(2) Liability for reasonable attorney's fees and expenses of litigation incurred in any
389	action or proceeding that confirms the validity of the power of attorney or mandates
390	acceptance of the power of attorney.
391	(e) For purposes of this Code section, a person that conducts activities through employees
392	shall be without actual knowledge of a fact relating to a power of attorney, a principal, or
393	an agent if the employee conducting the transaction involving the power of attorney is
394	without actual knowledge of the fact.
395	<u>10-6B-21.</u>
396	<u>Unless displaced by a provision of this chapter, the principles of law and equity supplement</u>
397	this chapter.
398	<u>10-6B-22.</u>
399	(a) This chapter shall not supersede any other law applicable to financial institutions or
400	other entities, and the other law controls if inconsistent with this chapter.

401 (b) This chapter shall not supersede the Bank Secrecy Act of 1970, 31 U.S.C. Section 402 5311, in effect on February 1, 2017, and the corresponding regulations thereto, in effect on 403 February 1, 2017. 404 10-6B-23. 405 The remedies under this chapter shall not be exclusive and shall not abrogate any right or 406 remedy under the laws of this state other than this chapter. 407 ARTICLE 2 408 10-6B-40. 409 (a) An agent under a power of attorney may do the following on behalf of the principal or 410 with the principal's property only if the power of attorney expressly grants the agent the 411 authority and exercise of the authority is not otherwise prohibited by another agreement or 412 instrument to which the authority or property is subject: 413 (1) Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos trust; 414 (2) Make a gift; 415 (3) Create or change rights of survivorship; 416 (4) Create or change a beneficiary designation; 417 (5) Delegate authority granted under the power of attorney; 418 (6) Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, 419 including a survivor benefit under a retirement plan; 420 (7) Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate; 421 (8) Exercise authority over the content of electronic communications, as defined in 18 422 U.S.C. Section 2510(12), in effect on February 1, 2017, sent or received by the principal; 423 or 424 (9) Disclaim property, including a power of appointment. 425 (b) Notwithstanding a grant of authority to do an act described in subsection (a) of this 426 Code section, unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent that is not an 427 ancestor, spouse, or descendant of the principal, shall not exercise authority under a power 428 of attorney to create in the agent, or in an individual to whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support, an interest in the principal's property, whether by gift, right of 429 430 survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer, or otherwise. (c) Subject to subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e) of this Code section, if a power of attorney 431 432 grants to an agent authority to do all acts that a principal could do, the agent has the general 433 authority described in Code Sections 10-6B-43 through 10-6B-55.

434 (d) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, a grant of authority to make a gift shall be subject to Code Section 10-6B-56. 435 436 (e) Subject to subsections (a), (b), and (d) of this Code section, if the subjects over which 437 authority is granted in a power of attorney are similar or overlap, the broadest authority 438 shall control. 439 (f) Authority granted in a power of attorney is exercisable with respect to property that the 440 principal has when the power of attorney is executed or acquires later, whether or not the 441 property is located in this state and whether or not the authority is exercised or the power 442 of attorney is executed in this state. 443 (g) An act performed by an agent pursuant to a power of attorney shall have the same 444 effect and inures to the benefit of and binds the principal and the principal's successors in 445 interest as if the principal had performed the act. 446 <u>10-6B-41.</u> 447 (a) An agent shall have authority described in this article if the power of attorney refers 448 to general authority with respect to the descriptive term for the subjects stated in Code 449 Sections 10-6B-43 through 10-6B-56 or cites the Code section in which the authority is 450 described. 451 (b) A reference in a power of attorney to general authority with respect to the descriptive 452 term for a subject stated in Code Sections 10-6B-43 through 10-6B-56 or a citation to a 453 specific Code section in Code Sections 10-6B-43 through 10-6B-56 shall incorporate the 454 entire Code section as if it were set out in full in the power of attorney. 455 (c) A principal may modify authority incorporated by reference. 456 10-6B-42. 457 Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, by executing a power of attorney 458 that incorporates by reference a subject described in Code Sections 10-6B-43 through 459 10-6B-56 or that grants to an agent authority to do all acts that a principal could do 460 pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 10-6B-40, a principal shall authorize the agent, 461 with respect to that subject, to: 462 (1) Demand, receive, and obtain by litigation or otherwise, money or any other thing of 463 value to which the principal is, may become, or claims to be entitled, and conserve, invest, disburse, or use anything so received or obtained for the purposes intended; 464 465 (2) Contract in any manner with any person, on terms agreeable to the agent, to 466 accomplish a purpose of a transaction and perform, rescind, cancel, terminate, reform, 467 restate, release, or modify the contract or another contract made by or on behalf of the 468 principal;

469	(3) Execute, acknowledge, seal, deliver, file, or record any instrument or communication
470	the agent considers desirable to accomplish a purpose of a transaction, including creating
471	at any time a schedule listing some or all of the principal's property and attaching it to the
472	power of attorney;
473	(4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or
474	propose or accept a compromise with respect to a claim existing in favor of or against the
475	principal or intervene in litigation relating to the claim;
476	(5) Seek on the principal's behalf the assistance of a court or other governmental agency
477	to carry out an act authorized in the power of attorney;
478	(6) Engage, compensate, and discharge an attorney, accountant, discretionary investment
479	manager, expert witness, or other advisor;
480	(7) Prepare, execute, and file a record, report, or other document to safeguard or promote
481	the principal's interest under a law or regulation;
482	(8) Communicate with any representative or employee of a government or governmental
483	subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, on behalf of the principal;
484	(9) Except as otherwise provided under federal privacy laws, access communications
485	intended for, and communicate on behalf of the principal, whether by mail, electronic
486	transmission, telephone, or other means; and
487	(10) Do any lawful act with respect to the subject and all property related to the subject.
488	<u>10-6B-43.</u>
489	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
490	general authority with respect to real property shall authorize the agent to:
491	(1) Demand, buy, lease, receive, accept as a gift or as security for an extension of credit,
492	or otherwise acquire or reject an interest in real property or a right incident to real
493	property;
494	(2) Sell; exchange; convey with or without covenants, representations, or warranties;
495	quitclaim; release; surrender; retain title for security; encumber; partition; consent to
496	partitioning; subject to an easement or covenant; subdivide; apply for zoning or other
497	governmental permits; plat or consent to platting; develop; grant an option concerning;
498	lease; sublease; contribute to an entity in exchange for an interest in that entity; or
499	otherwise grant or dispose of an interest in real property or a right incident to real
500	property;
501	(3) Pledge or mortgage an interest in real property or right incident to real property as
502	security to borrow money or pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the
503	principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal;

504	(4) Release, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise a mortgage, deed of
505	trust, conditional sale contract, encumbrance, lien, or other claim to real property which
506	exists or is asserted;
507	(5) Manage or conserve an interest in real property or a right incident to real property
508	owned or claimed to be owned by the principal, including:
509	(A) Insuring against liability or casualty or other loss;
510	(B) Obtaining or regaining possession of or protecting the interest or right by litigation
511	or otherwise;
512	(C) Paying, assessing, compromising, or contesting taxes or assessments or applying
513	for and receiving refunds in connection with such taxes or assessments; and
514	(D) Purchasing supplies, hiring assistance or labor, and making repairs or alterations
515	to the real property;
516	(6) Use, develop, alter, replace, remove, erect, or install structures or other improvements
517	upon real property in or incident to which the principal has, or claims to have, an interest
518	or right;
519	(7) Participate in a reorganization with respect to real property or an entity that owns an
520	interest in or right incident to real property and receive, and hold, and act with respect to
521	stocks and bonds or other property received in a plan of reorganization, including:
522	(A) Selling or otherwise disposing of them;
523	(B) Exercising or selling an option, right of conversion, or similar right with respect
524	to them; and
525	(C) Exercising any voting rights in person or by proxy;
526	(8) Change the form of title of an interest in or right incident to real property; and
527	(9) Dedicate to public use, with or without consideration, easements or other real
528	property in which the principal has, or claims to have, an interest.
529	<u>10-6B-44.</u>
530	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
531	general authority with respect to tangible personal property shall authorize the agent to:
532	(1) Demand, buy, receive, accept as a gift or as security for an extension of credit, or
533	otherwise acquire or reject ownership or possession of tangible personal property or an
534	interest in tangible personal property;
535	(2) Sell; exchange; convey with or without covenants, representations, or warranties;
536	quitclaim; release; surrender; create a security interest in; grant options concerning; lease;
537	sublease; or otherwise dispose of tangible personal property or an interest in tangible
538	personal property:

539	(3) Grant a security interest in tangible personal property or an interest in tangible
540	personal property as security to borrow money or pay, renew, or extend the time of
541	payment of a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal;
542	(4) Release, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise, a security interest, lien,
543	or other claim on behalf of the principal, with respect to tangible personal property or an
544	interest in tangible personal property;
545	(5) Manage or conserve tangible personal property or an interest in tangible personal
546	property on behalf of the principal, including:
547	(A) Insuring against liability or casualty or other loss;
548	(B) Obtaining or regaining possession of or protecting the property or interest, by
549	litigation or otherwise;
550	(C) Paying, assessing, compromising, or contesting taxes or assessments or applying
551	for and receiving refunds in connection with such taxes or assessments;
552	(D) Moving the property from place to place;
553	(E) Storing the property for hire or on a gratuitous bailment; and
554	(F) Using and making repairs, alterations, or improvements to the property; and
555	(6) Change the form of title of an interest in tangible personal property.
556	10-6B-45.
557	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
558	general authority with respect to stocks and bonds shall authorize the agent to:
559	(1) Buy, sell, and exchange stocks and bonds;
560	(2) Establish, continue, modify, or terminate an account with respect to stocks and
561	bonds;
562	(3) Pledge stocks and bonds as security to borrow, pay, renew, or extend the time of
563	payment of a debt of the principal;
564	(4) Receive certificates and other evidences of ownership with respect to stocks and
565	bonds; and
566	(5) Exercise voting rights with respect to stocks and bonds in person or by proxy, enter
567	into voting trusts, and consent to limitations on the right to vote.
	mito roung trusts, and consent to immediate on the right to rote.
568	<u>10-6B-46.</u>
569	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
570	general authority with respect to commodities and options shall authorize the agent to:
571	(1) Buy, sell, exchange, assign, settle, and exercise commodity futures contracts and call
572	or put options on stocks or stock indexes traded on a regulated option exchange; and
573	(2) Establish, continue, modify, and terminate option accounts.

574	<u>10-6B-47.</u>
575	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
576	general authority with respect to banks and other financial institutions shall authorize the
577	agent to:
578	(1) Continue, modify, and terminate an account or other banking arrangement made by
579	or on behalf of the principal;
580	(2) Establish, modify, and terminate an account or other banking arrangement with a
581	bank, trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, thrift company,
582	brokerage firm, or other financial institution selected by the agent;
583	(3) Contract for services available from a financial institution, including renting a safe
584	deposit box or space in a vault;
585	(4) Withdraw, by check, order, electronic funds transfer, or otherwise, money or property
586	of the principal deposited with or left in the custody of a financial institution;
587	(5) Receive statements of account, vouchers, notices, and similar documents from a
588	financial institution and act with respect to them;
589	(6) Enter a safe deposit box or vault and withdraw or add to the contents;
590	(7) Borrow money and pledge as security personal property of the principal necessary
591	to borrow money or pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the principal
592	or a debt guaranteed by the principal;
593	(8) Make, assign, draw, endorse, discount, guarantee, and negotiate promissory notes,
594	checks, drafts, and other negotiable or nonnegotiable paper of the principal or payable to
595	the principal or the principal's order, transfer money, receive the cash or other proceeds
596	of those transactions, and accept a draft drawn by a person upon the principal and pay it
597	when due;
598	(9) Receive for the principal and act upon a sight draft, warehouse receipt, or other
599	document of title whether tangible or electronic, or other negotiable or nonnegotiable
600	instrument;
601	(10) Apply for, receive, and use letters of credit, credit and debit cards, electronic
602	transaction authorizations, and traveler's checks from a financial institution and give an
603	indemnity or other agreement in connection with letters of credit; and
604	(11) Consent to an extension of the time of payment with respect to commercial paper
605	or a financial transaction with a financial institution.
606	<u>10-6B-48.</u>
607	Subject to the terms of a document or an agreement governing an entity or an entity
608	ownership interest, and unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a

609	power of attorney granting general authority with respect to operation of an entity or
610	business shall authorize the agent to:
611	(1) Operate, buy, sell, enlarge, reduce, or terminate an ownership interest;
612	(2) Perform a duty or discharge a liability and exercise in person or by proxy a right,
613	power, privilege, or option that the principal has, may have, or claims to have;
614	(3) Enforce the terms of an ownership agreement;
615	(4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or
616	propose or accept a compromise with respect to litigation to which the principal is a party
617	because of an ownership interest;
618	(5) Exercise in person or by proxy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise, a right, power,
619	privilege, or option the principal has or claims to have as the holder of stocks and bonds;
620	(6) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or
621	propose or accept a compromise with respect to litigation to which the principal is a party
622	concerning stocks and bonds;
623	(7) With respect to an entity or business owned solely by the principal:
624	(A) Continue, modify, renegotiate, extend, and terminate a contract made by or on
625	behalf of the principal with respect to the entity or business before execution of the
626	power of attorney;
627	(B) Determine:
628	(i) The location of its operation;
629	(ii) The nature and extent of its business;
630	(iii) The methods of manufacturing, selling, merchandising, financing, accounting,
631	and advertising employed in its operation;
632	(iv) The amount and types of insurance carried; and
633	(v) The mode of engaging, compensating, and dealing with its employees and
634	accountants, attorneys, or other advisors;
635	(C) Change the name or form of organization under which the entity or business is
636	operated and enter into an ownership agreement with other persons to take over all or
637	part of the operation of the entity or business; and
638	(D) Demand and receive money due or claimed by the principal or on the principal's
639	behalf in the operation of the entity or business and control and disburse the money in
640	the operation of the entity or business;
641	(8) Put additional capital into an entity or business in which the principal has an interest;
642	(9) Join in a plan of reorganization, consolidation, conversion, domestication, or merger
643	of the entity or business;
644	(10) Sell or liquidate all or part of an entity or business;

545	(11) Establish the value of an entity or business under a buy-out agreement to which the
546	principal is a party;
547	(12) Prepare, sign, file, and deliver reports, compilations of information, returns, or other
548	papers with respect to an entity or business and make related payments; and
549	(13) Pay, compromise, or contest taxes, assessments, fines, or penalties and perform any
550	other act to protect the principal from illegal or unnecessary taxation, assessments, fines,
551	or penalties, with respect to an entity or business, including attempts to recover, in any
552	manner permitted by law, money paid before or after the execution of the power of
553	attorney.
554	<u>10-6B-49.</u>
555	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
656	general authority with respect to insurance and annuities shall authorize the agent to:
657	(1) Continue, pay the premium or make a contribution on, modify, exchange, rescind,
558	release, or terminate a contract procured by or on behalf of the principal which insures
559	or provides an annuity to either the principal or another person, whether or not the
560	principal is a beneficiary under the contract;
561	(2) Procure new, different, and additional contracts of insurance and annuities for the
562	principal and the principal's spouse, children, and other dependents, and select the
563	amount, type of insurance or annuity, and mode of payment;
564	(3) Pay the premium or make a contribution on, modify, exchange, rescind, release, or
565	terminate a contract of insurance or annuity procured by the agent;
566	(4) Apply for and receive a loan secured by a contract of insurance or annuity;
567	(5) Surrender and receive the cash surrender value on a contract of insurance or annuity;
568	(6) Exercise an election;
569	(7) Exercise investment powers available under a contract of insurance or annuity;
570	(8) Change the manner of paying premiums on a contract of insurance or annuity;
571	(9) Change or convert the type of insurance or annuity with respect to which the
572	principal has or claims to have authority described in this Code section;
573	(10) Apply for and procure a benefit or assistance under a law or regulation to guarantee
574	or pay premiums of a contract of insurance on the life of the principal;
575	(11) Collect, sell, assign, hypothecate, borrow against, or pledge the interest of the
576	principal in a contract of insurance or annuity;
577	(12) Select the form and timing of the payment of proceeds from a contract of insurance
578	or annuity; and
579	(13) Pay, from proceeds or otherwise, compromise or contest, and apply for refunds in
580	connection with, a tax or assessment levied by a taxing authority with respect to a

681 contract of insurance or annuity or its proceeds or liability accruing by reason of such tax 682 or assessment. 683 10-6B-50. 684 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'estate, trust, or other beneficial interest' means 685 a trust, probate estate, guardianship, conservatorship, escrow, or custodianship or a fund 686 from which the principal is, may become, or claims to be, entitled to a share or payment. 687 (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney 688 granting general authority with respect to estates, trusts, and other beneficial interests shall 689 authorize the agent to: 690 (1) Accept, receive, receipt for, sell, assign, pledge, or exchange a share in or payment 691 from an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest; 692 (2) Demand or obtain money or any other thing of value to which the principal is, may 693 become, or claims to be, entitled by reason of an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest, 694 by litigation or otherwise; 695 (3) Exercise for the benefit of the principal a presently exercisable general power of 696 appointment held by the principal; 697 (4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or 698 propose or accept a compromise with respect to litigation to ascertain the meaning, 699 validity, or effect of a deed, will, declaration of trust, or other instrument or transaction 700 affecting the interest of the principal; 701 (5) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or 702 propose or accept a compromise with respect to litigation to remove, substitute, or 703 surcharge a fiduciary; (6) Conserve, invest, disburse, or use anything received for an authorized purpose; 704 705 (7) Transfer an interest of the principal in real property, stocks and bonds, accounts with 706 financial institutions or securities intermediaries, insurance, annuities, and other property 707 to the trustee of a revocable trust created by the principal as settlor; and (8) Reject, renounce, disclaim, release, or consent to a reduction in or modification of 708 709 a share in or payment from an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest. 710 <u>10-6B-51.</u> 711 Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting 712 general authority with respect to claims and litigation shall authorize the agent to: 713 (1) Assert and maintain before a court or administrative agency a claim, claim for relief, 714 cause of action, counterclaim, offset, recoupment, or defense, including an action to 715 recover property or any other thing of value, recover damages sustained by the principal,

17 LC 29 7580ERS 716 eliminate or modify tax liability, or seek an injunction, specific performance, or other 717 relief; 718 (2) Bring an action to determine adverse claims or intervene or otherwise participate in 719 litigation; 720 (3) Seek an attachment, garnishment, order of arrest, or other preliminary, provisional, 721 or intermediate relief and use an available procedure to effect or satisfy a judgment, 722 order, or decree; 723 (4) Make or accept a tender, offer of judgment, or admission of facts, submit a 724 controversy on an agreed statement of facts, consent to examination, and bind the 725 principal in litigation; 726 (5) Submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, and propose or accept a compromise; 727 (6) Waive the issuance and service of process upon the principal, accept service of 728 process, appear for the principal, designate persons upon which process directed to the 729 principal may be served, execute and file or deliver stipulations on the principal's behalf, 730 verify pleadings, seek appellate review, procure and give surety and indemnity bonds, 731 contract and pay for the preparation and printing of records and briefs, receive, execute, 732 and file or deliver a consent, waiver, release, confession of judgment, satisfaction of 733 judgment, notice, agreement, or other instrument in connection with the prosecution, 734 settlement, or defense of a claim or litigation; 735 (7) Act for the principal with respect to bankruptcy or insolvency, whether voluntary or 736 involuntary, concerning the principal or some other person, or with respect to a 737 reorganization, receivership, or application for the appointment of a receiver or trustee 738 which affects an interest of the principal in property or any other thing of value; 739 (8) Pay a judgment, award, or order against the principal or a settlement made in 740 connection with a claim or litigation; and 741 (9) Receive money or any other thing of value paid in settlement of or as proceeds of a 742 claim or litigation. 743 <u>10-6B-52.</u> (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney 744 745 granting general authority with respect to personal and family maintenance shall authorize 746 the agent to: 747

- (1) Perform the acts necessary to maintain the customary standard of living of the principal, the principal's spouse, and the following individuals, whether living when the power of attorney is executed or later born:
 - (A) The principal's minor children;

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17 LC 29 7580ERS 751 (B) The principal's adult children who are pursuing a postsecondary school education 752 and are under 25 years of age; 753 (C) The principal's parents or the parents of the principal's spouse, if the principal had 754 established a pattern of such payments; and 755 (D) Any other individuals legally entitled to be supported by the principal; 756 (2) Make periodic payments of child support and other family maintenance required by 757 a court or governmental agency or an agreement to which the principal is a party; 758 (3) Provide living quarters for the individuals described in paragraph (1) of this 759 subsection by: 760 (A) Purchase, lease, or other contract; or 761 (B) Paying the operating costs, including interest, amortization payments, repairs, 762 improvements, and taxes, for premises owned by the principal or occupied by those 763 individuals; 764 (4) Provide normal domestic help, usual vacations and travel expenses, and funds for 765 shelter, clothing, food, appropriate education, including postsecondary and vocational education, and other current living costs for individuals described in paragraph (1) of this 766 767 subsection to enable such individuals to maintain their customary standard of living; 768 (5) Pay expenses for necessary health care and custodial care on behalf of the individuals 769 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection; 770 (6) Act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to the Health Insurance 771 Portability and Accountability Act, Sections 1171 through 1179 of the Social Security 772 Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1320d, in effect on February 1, 2017, and applicable regulations 773 in effect on February 1, 2017, in making decisions related to the past, present, or future 774 payment for the provision of health care consented to by the principal or anyone 775 authorized under the laws of this state to consent to health care on behalf of the principal; 776 (7) Continue any provision made by the principal for automobiles or other means of 777 transportation, including registering, licensing, insuring, and replacing them, for the 778 individuals described in paragraph (1) of this subsection; 779 (8) Maintain credit and debit accounts for the convenience of the individuals described 780 in paragraph (1) of this subsection and open new accounts; and 781 (9) Continue payments incidental to the membership or affiliation of the principal in a 782 religious institution, club, society, order, or other organization or to continue 783 contributions to those organizations.

(b) Authority with respect to personal and family maintenance shall be neither dependent upon, nor limited by, authority that an agent may or may not have with respect to gifts under this chapter.

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787 <u>10-6B-53.</u>

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(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'benefits from governmental programs or civil
 or military service' means any benefit, program, or assistance provided under a law or
 regulation, including Social Security, medicare, and Medicaid.

- (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting general authority with respect to benefits from governmental programs or civil or military service shall authorize the agent to:
 - (1) Execute vouchers in the name of the principal for allowances and reimbursements payable by the United States or a foreign government or by a state or political subdivision of a state to the principal, including allowances and reimbursements for transportation of the individuals described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code Section 10-6B-52, and for shipment of their household effects;
 - (2) Take possession and order the removal and shipment of property of the principal from a post, warehouse, depot, dock, or other place of storage or safekeeping, either governmental or private, and execute and deliver a release, voucher, receipt, bill of lading, shipping ticket, certificate, or other instrument for such purpose;
 - (3) Enroll in, apply for, select, reject, change, amend, or discontinue, on the principal's behalf, a benefit or program;
 - (4) Prepare, file, and maintain a claim of the principal for a benefit or assistance, financial or otherwise, to which such principal may be entitled under a law or regulation;
 - (5) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a compromise with respect to litigation concerning any benefit or assistance the principal may be entitled to receive under a law or regulation; and
 - (6) Receive the financial proceeds of a claim described in paragraph (4) of this subsection and conserve, invest, disburse, or use for a lawful purpose anything so received.
- 813 <u>10-6B-54.</u>
- 814 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'retirement plan' means a plan or account created
 815 by an employer, the principal, or another individual to provide retirement benefits or
 816 deferred compensation of which such principal is a participant, beneficiary, or owner,
 817 including a plan or account under the following sections of the Internal Revenue Code:
- 818 (1) An individual retirement account under Internal Revenue Code Section 408, 26
 819 U.S.C. Section 408, in effect on February 1, 2017;
- (2) A Roth individual retirement account under Internal Revenue Code Section 408A,
 26 U.S.C. Section 408A, in effect on February 1, 2017;

822	(3) A deemed individual retirement account under Internal Revenue Code Section
823	408(q), 26 U.S.C. Section 408(q), in effect on February 1, 2017;
824	(4) An annuity or mutual fund custodial account under Internal Revenue Code Section
825	403(b), 26 U.S.C. Section 403(b), in effect on February 1, 2017;
826	(5) A pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or other retirement plan qualified under
827	Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), 26 U.S.C. Section 401(a), in effect on February 1,
828	<u>2017;</u>
829	(6) A plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b), 26 U.S.C. Section 457(b), in
830	effect on February 1, 2017; and
831	(7) A nonqualified deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section
832	409A, 26 U.S.C. Section 409A, in effect on February 1, 2017.
833	(b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney
834	granting general authority with respect to retirement plans shall authorize the agent to:
835	(1) Select the form and timing of payments under a retirement plan and withdraw
836	benefits from a plan;
837	(2) Make a rollover, including a direct trustee-to-trustee rollover, of benefits from one
838	retirement plan to another;
839	(3) Establish a retirement plan in the principal's name;
840	(4) Make contributions to a retirement plan;
841	(5) Exercise investment powers available under a retirement plan; and
842	(6) Borrow from, sell assets to, or purchase assets from a retirement plan.
843	<u>10-6B-55.</u>
844	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney granting
845	general authority with respect to taxes shall authorize the agent to:
846	(1) Prepare, sign, and file federal, state, local, and foreign income, gift, payroll, property,
847	Federal Insurance Contributions Act, and other tax returns, claims for refunds, requests
848	for extension of time, petitions regarding tax matters, and any other tax-related
849	documents, including receipts, offers, waivers, consents, including consents and
850	agreements under Internal Revenue Code Section 2032A, 26 U.S.C. Section 2032A, in
851	effect on February 1, 2017, closing agreements, and any power of attorney required by
852	the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority with respect to a tax year upon
853	which the statute of limitations has not run and the following 25 tax years;
854	(2) Pay taxes due, collect refunds, post bonds, receive confidential information, and
855	contest deficiencies determined by the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority;
856	(3) Exercise any election available to the principal under federal, state, local, or foreign
857	tax law; and

858 (4) Act for the principal in all tax matters for all periods before the Internal Revenue 859 Service, or other taxing authority. 860 10-6B-56. (a) As used in this Code section, the term a gift 'for the benefit of' a person includes a gift 861 862 to a trust, an account under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, and a tuition savings 863 account or prepaid tuition plan as defined under Internal Revenue Code Section 529, 26 U.S.C. Section 529, in effect on February 1, 2017. 864 865 (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney 866 granting general authority with respect to gifts shall authorize the agent only to: 867 (1) Make outright to, or for the benefit of, a person, a gift of any of the principal's 868 property, including by the exercise of a presently exercisable general power of 869 appointment held by the principal, in an amount per donee not to exceed the annual dollar 870 limits of the federal gift tax exclusion under Internal Revenue Code Section 2503(b), 26 871 U.S.C. Section 2503(b), in effect on February 1, 2017, without regard to whether the 872 federal gift tax exclusion applies to the gift, or if the principal's spouse agrees to consent 873 to a split gift pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 2513, 26 U.S.C. Section 2513, 874 in effect on February 1, 2017, in an amount per donee not to exceed twice the annual 875 federal gift tax exclusion limit; and 876 (2) Consent, pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 2513, 26 U.S.C. Section 2513, 877 in effect on February 1, 2017, to the splitting of a gift made by the principal's spouse in 878 an amount per donee not to exceed the aggregate annual gift tax exclusions for both 879 spouses. 880 (c) An agent may make a gift of the principal's property only as the agent determines is 881 consistent with the principal's objectives if actually known by the agent and, if unknown, 882 as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's best interest based on all relevant factors, including: 883 884 (1) The value and nature of the principal's property; 885 (2) The principal's foreseeable obligations and need for maintenance; 886 (3) Minimization of taxes, including income, estate, inheritance, generation-skipping

- (4) Eligibility for a benefit, a program, or assistance under a law or regulation; and
- (5) The principal's personal history of making or joining in making gifts.

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transfer, and gift taxes;

890 ARTICLE 3 891 10-6B-70. 892 A document substantially in the following form may be used to create a statutory form 893 power of attorney that has the meaning and effect prescribed by this chapter. 'State of Georgia 894 895 County of _ STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY 896 897 **IMPORTANT INFORMATION** 898 This power of attorney authorizes another person (your agent) to make decisions concerning your property for you (the principal). Your agent will be able to make 899 900 decisions and act with respect to your property (including your money) whether or not you 901 are able to act for yourself. The meaning of authority over subjects listed on this form is 902 explained in O.C.G.A. Chapter 6B of Title 10. 903 This power of attorney does not authorize the agent to make health care decisions for you. 904 You should select someone you trust to serve as your agent. Unless you specify otherwise, 905 generally the agent's authority will continue until you die or revoke the power of attorney 906 or the agent resigns or is unable to act for you. If you revoke the power of attorney, you 907 must communicate your revocation by notice to the agent in writing by certified mail and file such notice with the clerk of superior court in your county of domicile. 908 909 Your agent is not entitled to any compensation unless you state otherwise in the Special 910 Instructions. Your agent shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses 911 incurred in performing the acts required by you in your power of attorney. 912 This form provides for designation of one agent. If you wish to name more than one agent, 913 you may name a successor agent or name a coagent in the Special Instructions. Coagents 914 will not be required to act together unless you include that requirement in the Special 915 Instructions.

916	If your agent is unable or unwilling to act for you, your power of attorney will end unless
917	you have named a successor agent. You may also name a second successor agent.
918	This power of attorney shall be durable unless you state otherwise in the Special
919	Instructions.
920	This power of attorney becomes effective immediately unless you state otherwise in the
921	Special Instructions.
922	If you have questions about the power of attorney or the authority you are granting to
923	your agent, you should seek legal advice before signing this form.
924	DESIGNATION OF AGENT
925	I (Name of principal)
926	name the following person as my agent:
927	Name of agent:
928	Agent's address:
929	Agent's telephone number:
930	Agent's e-mail address:
931	DESIGNATION OF SUCCESSOR AGENT(S) (OPTIONAL)
932	If my agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my successor agent:
933	Name of successor agent:
934	Successor agent's address:
935	Successor agent's telephone number:
936	Successor agent's e-mail address:
937	If my successor agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my second successor
938	agent:
939	Name of second successor agent:
940	Second successor agent's address:
941	Second successor agent's telephone number:

942 Second successor agent's e-mail address: 943 **GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY** 944 I grant my agent and any successor agent general authority to act for me with respect to the following subjects as defined in O.C.G.A. Chapter 6B of Title 10: 945 946 (INITIAL each subject you want to include in the agent's general authority. If you wish 947 to grant general authority over all of the subjects you may initial "all preceding subjects" instead of initialing each subject.) 948 949 () Real property 950 () Tangible personal property 951 (____) Stocks and bonds (___) Commodities and options 952 953 (____) Banks and other financial institutions 954 (____) Operation of entity or business 955 (____) Insurance and annuities 956 (____) Estates, trusts, and other beneficial interests (____) Claims and litigation 957 (____) Personal and family maintenance 958 959 (____) Benefits from governmental programs or civil or military service 960 (____) Retirement plans 961 (____) Taxes 962 (____) All preceding subjects 963 **GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)** My agent SHALL NOT do any of the following specific acts for me UNLESS I have 964 965 INITIALED the specific authority listed below: (CAUTION: Granting any of the following will give your agent the authority to take 966 actions that could significantly reduce your property or change how your property is 967 968 distributed at your death. INITIAL ONLY the specific authority you WANT to give your 969 agent. You should give your agent specific instructions in the Special Instructions when 970 you authorize your agent to make gifts.)

EFFECTIVE DATE
special instructions in a separate document and attach it to the power of attorney):
You may give special instructions on the following lines (you may add lines or place
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS (OPTIONAL)
meraded that authority in the Special Instructions.
benefit the agent or a person to whom the agent owes an obligation of support unless I included that authority in the Special Instructions.
An agent that is not my ancestor, spouse, or descendant SHALL NOT use my property
LIMITATION ON AGENT'S AUTHORITY
() Disclaim or refuse an interest in property, including a power of appointment
 () Access the content of electronic communications () Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate
including a survivor benefit under a retirement plan
() Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor ann
<u>attorney</u>
() Authorize another person to exercise the authority granted under this pow
() Create or change a beneficiary designation
() Create or change rights of survivorship
() Make a gift, subject to the limitations of O.C.G.A. § 10-6B-56 and any Sp Instructions in this power of attorney

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999 NOMINATION OF CONSERVATOR (OPTIONAL) 1000 If it becomes necessary for a court to appoint a conservator of my estate, I nominate the 1001 following person(s) for appointment: 1002 Name of nominee for conservator of my estate: 1003 1004 Nominee's address: 1005 Nominee's telephone number: 1006 Nominee's e-mail address: 1007 **RELIANCE ON THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY** 1008 Any person, including my agent, may rely upon the validity of this power of attorney or a 1009 copy of it unless that person has actual knowledge it has terminated or is invalid. 1010 SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT 1011 Your signature 1012 <u>Date</u> 1013 1014 Your name printed 1015 1016 Your address 1017 1018 1019 Your telephone number 1020 Your e-mail address 1021 1022 This document was signed in my presence on 1023 (Date) 1024 by (Name of principal) 1025 1026 (Witness's name printed) 1027 1028 1029 Witness's address 1030 1031 1032 Witness's telephone number

Witness's e-mail address	
State of Georgia	
County of	
This document was signed in my presence on	<u>(Date)</u>
<u>(Name of principal)</u>	
(iname of principal)	(Seal)
Signature of notary	<u>(bear)</u>
My commission expires:	
This document prepared by:	
IMPORTANT INFORMATIO	N FOR AGENT
Agent's Duties	
When you accept the authority granted under thi	s power of attorney, a special le
relationship is created between you and the principal	l. This relationship imposes upon
legal duties that continue until you resign or the power	er of attorney is terminated or revok
You must:	
(1) Do what you know the principal reasonably	expects you to do with the princip
property or, if you do not know the principal's ex	spectations, act in the principal's b
interest;	
(2) Act in good faith;	
(3) Do nothing beyond the authority granted in the	nis power of attorney; and
(4) Disclose your identity as an agent whenever	you act for the principal by writing
printing the name of the principal and signing your	own name as "agent" in the follow
manner:	
by	as Age
	as 11g

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1001	Unless the Special Instructions in this power of attorney state otherwise, you must also:
1062	(1) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
1063	(2) Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the principal's best interest;
1064	(3) Act with care, competence, and diligence;
1065	(4) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and transactions made on behalf of the
1066	principal;
1067	(5) Cooperate with any person that has authority to make health care decisions for the
1068	principal to do what you know the principal reasonably expects or, if you do not know
1069	the principal's expectations, to act in the principal's best interest; and
1070	(6) Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you know the plan and preserving
1071	the plan is consistent with the principal's best interest.
1072	Termination of Agent's Authority
073	You must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you learn of any event that terminates
1074	this power of attorney or your authority under this power of attorney. Events that terminate
1075	a power of attorney or your authority to act under a power of attorney include:
1076	(1) Death of the principal;
1077	(2) The principal's revocation of your authority or the power of attorney so as long as the
1078	revocation of the power of attorney is communicated to you in writing by certified mail
1079	and provided that such notice is filed with the clerk of superior court in the county of
1080	domicile of the principal;
1081	(3) The occurrence of a termination event stated in the power of attorney;
1082	(4) The purpose of the power of attorney is fully accomplished; or
1083	(5) If you are married to the principal, a legal action is filed with a court to end your
084	marriage, or for your legal separation, unless the Special Instructions in this power of
.085	attorney state that such an action will not terminate your authority.
1086	<u>Liability of Agent</u>
1087	The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in O.C.G.A. Chapter 6B of Title 10.
1088	If you violate O.C.G.A. Chapter 6B of Title 10 or act outside the authority granted, you
089	may be liable for any damages caused by your violation.
1090	If there is anything about this document or your duties that you do not understand,
1091	you should seek legal advice.'

1092	<u>10-6B-71.</u>	
1093	The following optional form may be used by an agent to certify facts	concerning a power
1094	of attorney.	
1095	'AGENT'S CERTIFICATION AS TO THE VALIDIT	Y OF
1096	POWER OF ATTORNEY AND AGENT'S AUTHOR	<u>RITY</u>
1097	State of Georgia	
1098	County of	
1099	I, (name of agent), of	certify under penalty
1100	of perjury that (name of	of principal) granted
1101	me authority as an agent or successor agent in a power	of attorney dated
1102	<u>.</u>	
1103	I further certify that to my knowledge:	
1104	(1) The principal is alive and has not revoked the power of attorney	or my authority to
1105	act under the power of attorney and the power of attorney and my au	thority to act under
1106	the power of attorney have not terminated;	
1107	(2) If the power of attorney was drafted to become effective upon	the happening of ar
1108	event or contingency, the event or contingency has occurred;	
1109	(3) If I were named as a successor agent, the prior agent is no long	er able or willing to
1110	serve; and	
1111	(4)	
1112		
1113		
1114		
1115		
1116	(Insert other relevant statements)	
1117	SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT	
1118 1119	Agent's signature	Date
111/	1.Bout 0 organicate	<u> Dutc</u>

17 LC 29 7580ERS 1120 1121 Agent's name printed 1122 1123 1124 Agent's address 1125 1126 Agent's telephone number 1127 Agent's e-mail address 1128 1129 This document was signed in my presence on (Date) 1130 1131 <u>by</u> (Name of agent) 1132 1133 (Seal) Signature of notary 1134 1135 My commission expires: 1136 This document prepared by: 1137 **ARTICLE 4** 1138 10-6B-80. 1139 This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq., but shall not modify, limit, 1140 1141 or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1142 1143 7003(b). 1144 10-6B-81. Chapter 6 of this title shall not apply to a power of attorney created pursuant to this 1145 chapter." 1146

1147 **PART III**1148 **SECTION 3-1.**

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Said title is further amended by adding a new Code section to Article 1 of Chapter 6, relating to agency, to read as follows:

	17 LC 29 7580ERS
1151	" <u>10-6-7.</u>
1152	This chapter shall not apply to powers of attorney to which Chapter 6B of this title is
1153	applicable."
1154	SECTION 3-2.
1155	Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
1156	amended by revising Code Section 16-8-10, relating to affirmative defenses to prosecution
1157	for violation of Code Sections 16-8-2 through 16-8-7, to read as follows:
1158	″16-8-10.
1159	It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for violation of Code Sections 16-8-2 through
1160	16-8-7 <u>16-8-9</u> that the person:
1161	(1) Was unaware that the property or service was that of another;
1162	(2) Acted under an honest claim of right to the property or service involved or:
1163	(3) Acted under a right to acquire or dispose of it the property as he or she did; provided.
1164	however, that the use of a power of attorney as provided in Chapter 6B of Title 10 shall
1165	not, in and of itself, absolve a person from criminal responsibility; or
1166	(3)(4) Took property or service exposed for sale intending to purchase and pay for it
1167	promptly or reasonably believing that the owner, if present, would have consented."
1168	SECTION 3-3.
1169	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-5-105, relating to the applicability
1170	of Article 8, the protection of elder persons, as follows:
1171	"16-5-105.
1172	(a) The use of a power of attorney as provided for in Chapter 6B of Title 10 shall not, in
1173	and of itself, absolve a person from prosecution under this article.
1174	(b) This article shall be cumulative and supplemental to any other law of this state."
1175	PART IV
1176	SECTION 4-1.
1176	SECTION 4-1.

This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2017.

1178 **SECTION 4-2.**

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.