

115TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 2607

To amend the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 to authorize grants for frequent and chronic coastal flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 23, 2017

Mr. CURBELO of Florida (for himself and Mr. MOULTON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

A BILL

To amend the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 to authorize grants for frequent and chronic coastal flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Flood Protection Act”.

5 **SEC. 2. FREQUENT AND CHRONIC COASTAL FLOODING**
6 **MITIGATION AND ADAPTATION INFRASTRUC-**
7 **TURE PROJECTS.**

8 The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
9 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by redesignating sections

1 318 and 319 as sections 320 and 321, and by inserting
2 after section 317 the following:

3 **“SEC. 318. FREQUENT AND CHRONIC COASTAL FLOODING**
4 **MITIGATION AND ADAPTATION INFRASTRUC-**
5 **TURE PROJECTS.**

6 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants
7 to State and local governments for federally recognized In-
8 dian Tribes for frequent and chronic coastal flooding miti-
9 gation and adaptation infrastructure projects.

10 “(b) AUTHORIZED USES.—Amounts provided as a
11 grant under this section may be used for any of the fol-
12 lowing:

13 “(1) Adaptation of existing infrastructure, in-
14 cluding enhancements to both built and natural envi-
15 ronments.

16 “(2) Maintenance and updating of existing fre-
17 quent and chronic coastal flood risk reduction infra-
18 structure, such as gravity drainage structures, road
19 elevation, bulkheads, gates, and floodwalls.

20 “(3) Increasing waterfront resilience to fre-
21 quent and chronic coastal flooding, including cre-
22 ation of bulkheads, dune enhancement, beach re-
23 nourishment, and levees.

1 “(4) Improvements to diversion, removal, and
2 storage infrastructure to reduce risks caused by fre-
3 quent and chronic coastal flooding.

4 “(5) Innovative methods to reduce risks caused
5 by chronic flooding along street infrastructure sys-
6 tems, including canal streets, absorbent streets,
7 floodable parks, and underground cisterns.

8 “(c) LIMITATION ON PROJECT ELIGIBILITY.—A
9 project shall not be eligible for funding under this section
10 if it will have any long-term negative impact on important
11 ecological functions and habitat or existing natural coastal
12 protection features and functions.

13 “(d) PRIORITY.—In making grants under this section
14 the Secretary shall give priority to the following:

15 “(1) Protecting areas the elevation of which is
16 not greater than 10 feet above mean low tide.

17 “(2) Protecting critical infrastructure, as that
18 term is defined in Homeland Security Presidential
19 Directive 7 as issued December 17, 2003.

20 “(e) JOINT APPLICATION.—Two or more contiguous
21 local governments or Tribes may jointly apply for, and re-
22 ceive, a grant under this section.

23 “(f) COST SHARING.—

24 “(1) LIMITATION ON FEDERAL SHARE.—The
25 Federal share of the cost of any activity carried out

1 with a grant under this section shall not exceed 90
2 percent of the cost of such activity.

3 “(2) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The Secretary
4 shall apply to the non-Federal share of an activity
5 carried out with a grant under this section the
6 amount of funds, and the fair market value of prop-
7 erty and services, provided by non-Federal sources
8 and used for the activity.

9 “(g) REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this
10 section shall report annually to the Secretary on progress
11 made on the project carried out with the grant.

12 “(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To
13 carry out this section there is authorized to be appro-
14 priated to the Secretary \$3,000,000,000 for each of fiscal
15 years 2018 through 2024.”.

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