

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1318

To support States in their work to save and sustain the health of mothers during pregnancy, childbirth, and in the postpartum period, to eliminate disparities in maternal health outcomes for pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths, to identify solutions to improve health care quality and health outcomes for mothers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 2, 2017

Ms. Herrera Beutler (for herself, Mr. Conyers, Mr. Costello of Pennsylvania, and Ms. Degette) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To support States in their work to save and sustain the health of mothers during pregnancy, childbirth, and in the postpartum period, to eliminate disparities in maternal health outcomes for pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths, to identify solutions to improve health care quality and health outcomes for mothers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Preventing Maternal
- 3 Deaths Act of 2017".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS: PURPOSES.

- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) The United States is ranked 50th globally 7 for its maternal mortality rate, and it is one of eight 8 countries in which the maternal mortality rate has
- 9 been on the rise.
- 10 (2) In recent studies, the estimated maternal 11 mortality rate in the United States increased by ap-12 proximately 26.6 percent from 2000 to 2014, with 13 the rate increasing in nearly all States. This re-14 ported increase, along with no improvement in pre-15 vious years, remains a source of great concern for 16 the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 17 (CDC), health care providers, and patient advocates 18 such as the American Congress of Obstetricians and 19 Gynecologists, the Association of Women's Health, 20 and Neonatal Nurses, Obstetric, and the 21 Preeclampsia Foundation.
 - (3) Maternal deaths in the United States result from pregnancy-related causes such as hemorrhage, hypertensive disease and preeclampsia, embolic disease, sepsis, and substance use disorder and over-

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- dose, and violent causes such as motor vehicle accidents, homicide, and suicide.
 - (4) Review of pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths is essential to determining strategies for developing prevention efforts and quality improvement and quality control programs. The United States must identify at-risk populations and understand how to support them to make pregnancy and the postpartum period safer.
 - (5) The most severe complications of pregnancy, generally referred to as severe maternal morbidity (SMM), affect more than 65,000 women in the United States every year. The CDC uses ICD–9–CM codes, which indicate a potentially life-threatening maternal condition or complication, to define SMM.
 - (6) Data from the CDC shows Black women are three times more likely to die from complications of pregnancy or childbirth than White women: 42.8 Black women per 100,000 live births, as opposed to 12.5 White women and 17.3 women of other races.
 - (7) The CDC recommends that maternal deaths be investigated through State collaboratives. These State collaboratives would bring together leaders in obstetric and neonatal health care from private, aca-

- demic, and public health care settings to make recommendations for preventing pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths and health complications and identify ways to improve quality of care for women and infants.
- 6 (8) A few States, including California, have
 7 worked to develop and strengthen maternal mor8 bidity and mortality review systems and utilize data
 9 to reduce maternal deaths and injuries to address
 10 leading issues such as maternal hemorrhage, hyper11 tension and preeclampsia, and health and racial dis12 parities.
- 13 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are the fol-14 lowing:
 - (1) To establish a shared responsibility between States and the Federal Government to identify opportunities for improvement in quality of care and system changes, and to educate and inform health institutions and professionals, women, and families about preventing pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths and complications and reducing disparities.
 - (2) To develop a model for States to operate maternal mortality reviews and assess the various factors that may have contributed to maternal mor-

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1	tality, including quality of care, racial disparities,
2	and systemic problems in the delivery of health care,
3	and to develop appropriate interventions to reduce
4	and prevent such deaths.
5	SEC. 3. STATE MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW COMMIT-
6	TEES ON PREGNANCY-RELATED AND PREG-
7	NANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS.
8	(a) Program Authorized.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
10	Human Services, through the Director of the Cen-
11	ters for Disease Control and Prevention, shall estab-
12	lish a grant program under which the Secretary may
13	make grants to States for the purpose of—
14	(A) carrying out the activities described in
15	subsection (b)(1);
16	(B) establishing and sustaining a State
17	maternal mortality review committee, in accord-
18	ance with subsection $(b)(2)$;
19	(C) ensuring that the State department of
20	health carries out the activities described in
21	subsection (b)(3);
22	(D) disseminating the case abstraction
23	form developed under subsection (c); and
24	(E) providing for the public disclosure of
25	information, in accordance with subsection (d).

(2) Criteria.—The Secretary shall establish criteria for determining eligibility for, and the amount of a grant awarded to, a State under paragraph (1). Such criteria shall provide that in the case of a State that receives a grant under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year and is determined by the Secretary to have not used such grant in accordance with this section, such State may not be eligible for such a grant for any subsequent fiscal year.

(b) Use of Funds.—

- (1) REVIEW OF PREGNANCY-RELATED AND PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS.—With respect to a State that receives a grant under subsection (a)(1), the following shall apply:
 - (A) PROCESS FOR MANDATORY REPORTING
 OF PREGNANCY-RELATED AND PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS.—
 - (i) IN GENERAL.—The State, through the State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1), shall develop a process that provides for mandatory and confidential case reporting to the State department of health by individuals and entities described in clause (ii)

1	with respect to pregnancy-related and
2	pregnancy-associated deaths.
3	(ii) Individuals and entities de-
4	SCRIBED.—Individuals and entities de-
5	scribed in this clause include each of the
6	following:
7	(I) Health care professionals.
8	(II) Medical examiners.
9	(III) Medical coroners.
10	(IV) Hospitals.
11	(V) Birth centers.
12	(VI) Other health care facilities.
13	(VII) Other individuals respon-
14	sible for completing death records.
15	(VIII) Other appropriate individ-
16	uals or entities specified by the Sec-
17	retary.
18	(B) Process for voluntary reporting
19	OF PREGNANCY-RELATED AND PREGNANCY-AS-
20	SOCIATED DEATHS.—The State, through the
21	State maternal mortality review committee es-
22	tablished under subsection (a)(1), shall develop
23	a process that provides for voluntary and con-
24	fidential case reporting to the State department
25	of health by family members of the deceased

1	and other individuals on possible pregnancy-re-
2	lated and pregnancy-associated deaths. Such
3	process shall include—
4	(i) making publicly available on the
5	website of the State department of health
6	a telephone number, Internet web link, and
7	email address for such reporting; and
8	(ii) publicizing to local professional or-
9	ganizations, community organizations, and
10	social services agencies the availability of
11	the telephone number, Internet web link,
12	and email address made available under
13	clause (i).
14	(C) Identification of pregnancy-re-
15	LATED AND PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS
16	BY STATE VITAL STATISTICS UNIT.—The State,
17	through the vital statistics unit of the State,
18	shall annually identify pregnancy-related and
19	pregnancy-associated deaths occurring in such
20	State in the year involved by—
21	(i) matching each death record of a
22	woman in such year to a live birth certifi-
23	cate or an infant death record for the pur-
24	pose of identifying deaths of women that

1	occurred during pregnancy and within one
2	year after the end of a pregnancy;
3	(ii) identifying each death of a woman
4	reported during such year as having an un-
5	derlying or contributing cause of death re-
6	lated to pregnancy, regardless of the time
7	that has passed between the end of the
8	pregnancy and the death;
9	(iii) collecting data from medical ex-
10	aminer and coroner reports; and
11	(iv) using any other method the State
12	may devise to identify maternal deaths
13	such as reviewing a random sample of re-
14	ported deaths of women to ascertain cases
15	of pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associ-
16	ated deaths that are not discernable from
17	a review of death records alone.
18	For purposes of effectively collecting and ob-
19	taining data on pregnancy-related and preg-
20	nancy-associated deaths, the State shall adopt
21	the most recent standardized birth and death
22	records, as issued by the National Center for
23	Vital Health Statistics, including the rec-
24	ommended checkbox section for pregnancy on

each death record.

1	(D) Case investigation and develop-
2	MENT OF CASE SUMMARIES.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Following the receipt of reports by the State department of health pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) and the collection of cases of pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths by the vital statistics unit of the State under subparagraph (C), the State, through the State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1), shall investigate each case, using the case abstraction form described in subsection (c), and prepare a de-identified case summary for each case, which shall be reviewed by the committee and included in applicable reports. The State department of health or vital statistics unit of the State, as the case may be, shall provide the State maternal mortality review committee with access to the information collected pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B), or under subparagraph (C), as necessary to carry out this subparagraph.

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1	(ii) Mandatory data and informa-
2	TION.—Each case investigation under this
3	subparagraph shall, subject to availability,
4	include data and information obtained
5	through—
6	(I) medical examiner and autopsy
7	reports of the woman involved;
8	(II) medical records of the
9	woman, including such records related
10	to health care prior to pregnancy, pre-
11	natal and postnatal care, labor and
12	delivery care, emergency room care,
13	hospital discharge records, and any
14	care delivered up until the time of
15	death of the woman;
16	(III) oral and written interviews
17	of individuals directly involved in the
18	maternal care of the woman during
19	and immediately following the preg-
20	nancy of the woman, including health
21	care, mental health, and social service
22	providers, as applicable;
23	(IV) socioeconomic and other rel-
24	evant background information about
25	the woman:

1	(V) any information collected
2	under subparagraph (C)(i); and
3	(VI) any other information on
4	the cause of death of the woman, such
5	as social services and child welfare re-
6	ports.
7	(iii) Discretionary data and in-
8	FORMATION.—Each case investigation
9	under this subparagraph may include data
10	and information obtained through oral or
11	written interviews of the family of the
12	woman.
13	(2) State maternal mortality review
14	COMMITTEES.—
15	(A) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—A State
16	maternal mortality review committee established
17	under subsection (a)(1) shall carry out the fol-
18	lowing activities:
19	(i) Develop the processes described in
20	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph
21	(1).
22	(ii) Review the data and information
23	collected by the vital statistics unit of the
24	State under paragraph (1)(C) regarding
25	pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associ-

1 ated deaths to identify trends, patterns, 2 and disparities in adverse outcomes and 3 address medical, non-medical, and systemrelated factors that may have contributed to such pregnancy-related and pregnancy-6 associated deaths and disparities. 7 (iii) Carry out the activities described 8 in paragraph (1)(D). 9 (iv) Develop recommendations, based 10 on the case summaries prepared under 11 paragraph (1)(D) and the data and infor-12 mation collected under paragraph (1)(C), 13 to improve maternal care, social and health 14 services, and public health policy and insti-15 tutions, including improving access to ma-16 ternal care and social and health services 17 and identifying disparities in maternal care 18 and outcomes. 19 (B) Discretionary activities.— 20 (i) IN GENERAL.—A State maternal 21 mortality review committee established 22 under subsection (a)(1) may, while subject 23 to confidentiality requirements, present

findings and recommendations based on

the case summaries prepared under para-

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1	graph (1)(D) directly to a health care facil-
2	ity or its local or State professional organi-
3	zation for the purpose of—
4	(I) instituting policy changes,
5	educational activities, and improve-
6	ments in the quality of care provided
7	by the facility; and
8	(II) exploring and forming re-
9	gional collaborations.
10	(ii) Investigation of cases of se-
11	VERE MATERNAL MORBIDITY.—A State
12	maternal mortality review committee may
13	investigate cases of severe maternal mor-
14	bidity and any such investigation may in-
15	clude data and information obtained
16	through—
17	(I) identified patient registries;
18	or
19	(II) oral or written interviews of
20	the woman concerned and the family
21	of such woman.
22	(C) Composition of state maternal
23	MORTALITY REVIEW COMMITTEES.—
24	(i) In general.—A State maternal
25	mortality review committee established

1	under subsection (a)(1) shall be multidisci-
2	plinary and diverse. Membership on the
3	State maternal mortality review committee
4	shall be reviewed annually by the State de-
5	partment of health to ensure that member-
6	ship representation requirements are being
7	fulfilled in accordance with this subpara-
8	graph.
9	(ii) Required membership.—Each
10	State maternal mortality review committee
11	shall include—
12	(I) representatives from medical
13	specialties providing care to pregnant
14	and postpartum patients, including
15	obstetricians (including generalists
16	and maternal fetal medicine special-
17	ists) and family practice physicians;
18	(II) certified nurse midwives, cer-
19	tified midwives, and advanced practice
20	nurses;
21	(III) hospital-based registered
22	nurses;
23	(IV) representatives of the ma-
24	ternal and child health department of
25	the State department of health;

1	(V) social service providers or so-
2	cial workers, including those with ex-
3	perience working with communities di-
4	verse with respect to race, ethnicity,
5	and limited English proficiency;
6	(VI) chief medical examiners or
7	designees;
8	(VII) facility representatives,
9	such as from hospitals or birth cen-
10	ters;
11	(VIII) patient advocates, commu-
12	nity maternal health organizations,
13	and minority advocacy groups that
14	represent those diverse racial and eth-
15	nic communities within the State that
16	are the most affected by pregnancy-
17	related or pregnancy-associated deaths
18	and by a lack of access to maternal
19	health care services; and
20	(IX) representatives of the de-
21	partments of health or public health
22	of major cities in the State.
23	(iii) Discretionary membership.—
24	Each State maternal mortality review com-
25	mittee may also include representatives

1	from other relevant academic, health, so-
2	cial service, or policy professions or com-
3	munity organizations on an ongoing basis,
4	or as needed, as determined beneficial by
5	the committee, including—
6	(I) anesthesiologists;
7	(II) emergency physicians;
8	(III) pathologists;
9	(IV) epidemiologists;
10	(V) intensivists;
11	(VI) nutritionists;
12	(VII) mental health professionals;
13	(VIII) substance use disorder
14	treatment specialists;
15	(IX) representatives of relevant
16	patient and provider advocacy groups;
17	(X) academics;
18	(XI) paramedics; and
19	(XII) risk management special-
20	ists.
21	(iv) Staff of each State ma-
22	ternal mortality review committee shall in-
23	clude

1	(I) vital health statisticians, ma-
2	ternal child health statisticians, or
3	epidemiologists;
4	(II) a coordinator of the State
5	maternal mortality review committee,
6	to be designated by the State; and
7	(III) administrative staff.
8	(D) OPTION FOR STATES TO ESTABLISH
9	REGIONAL MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW COM-
10	MITTEES.—States may choose to partner with
11	one or more neighboring States to carry out the
12	activities required of a State maternal mortality
13	review committee under this section. In such a
14	case, with respect to the States in such a part-
15	nership, any requirement under this section re-
16	lating to the reporting of information related to
17	such activities shall be deemed to be fulfilled by
18	each such State if a single such report is sub-
19	mitted for the partnership.
20	(E) TREATMENT AS PUBLIC HEALTH AU-
21	THORITY FOR PURPOSES OF HIPAA.—For pur-
22	poses of applying HIPAA privacy and security
23	law (as defined in section $3009(a)(2)$ of the
24	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-

19)), each State maternal mortality review com-

mittee and regional maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) or subsection (b)(2)(D), as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a public health authority described in section 164.501 (and referenced in section 164.512(b)(1)(i)) of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation), carrying out public health activities and purposes described in such section 164.512(b)(1)(i) (or any such successor regulation).

- (3) STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH ACTIVITIES.—With respect to a State that receives a grant under subsection (a)(1), the State department of health shall—
 - (A) in consultation with the State maternal mortality review committee and in conjunction with relevant professional organizations and patient advocacy organizations, develop a plan for ongoing health care provider education, based on the findings and recommendations of the committee, in order to improve the quality of maternal care; and
 - (B) take steps to widely disseminate the findings and recommendations of the State ma-

1 ternal mortality review committee and imple-2 ment the recommendations of the committee. 3

(c) Case Abstraction Form.—

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- (1) DISSEMINATION.—The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention shall disseminate a uniform case abstraction form to States and State maternal mortality review committees for the purpose of—
 - (A) ensuring that the data and information collected and reviewed by such committees can be pooled for review by the Department of Health and Human Services and its agencies; and
 - (B) preserving the uniformity of the information collected for Federal public health purposes.
- (2) Permissible state modification.—Each State may modify the form developed under paragraph (1) for implementation and use by such State or by the State maternal mortality review committee of such State by including on such form additional information to be collected, but may not alter the standard questions on such form, in order to ensure that the information can be collected and reviewed centrally at the Federal level.

(d) Public Disclosure of Information.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—For fiscal year 2018, or a subsequent fiscal year, each State receiving a grant under this section for such year shall, subject to paragraph (3), provide for the public disclosure, and submission to the information clearinghouse established under paragraph (2), of the information included in the report of the State under subsection (f)(1) for such year.
 - (2) Information clearinghouse.—The Secretary shall establish an information clearinghouse, to be administered by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, that will maintain findings and recommendations submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) and provide such findings and recommendations for public review and research purposes by State departments of health, State maternal mortality review committees, health providers and institutions, and national patient and provider advocacy groups.
 - (3) Confidentiality of information.—In no case may any individually identifiable health information be provided to the public, or submitted to the information clearinghouse, under this subsection.

1	(e) Confidentiality of Proceedings of State
2	MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW COMMITTEES.—
3	(1) In general.—All proceedings and activi-

ties of a State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1), opinions of members of such a committee formed as a result of such proceedings and activities, and records obtained, created, or maintained pursuant to this section, including records of interviews, written reports, and statements procured by the Department of Health and Human Services or by any other person, agency, or organization acting jointly with the Department, in connection with morbidity and mortality reviews under this section, shall be confidential and may not be subject to discovery, subpoena, or introduction into evidence in any civil, criminal, legislative, or other proceeding. Such records shall not be open to public inspection.

- (2) Testimony of members of committee.—
- (A) In general.—Members of a State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) may not be questioned in any civil, criminal, legislative, or other proceeding regarding information presented in, or

1	opinions formed as a result of, a meeting or
2	communication of the committee.
3	(B) CLARIFICATION.—Nothing in this sub-
4	section may be construed to prevent a member
5	of a State maternal mortality review committee
6	established under subsection (a)(1) from testi-
7	fying regarding information that was obtained
8	independent of such member's participation on
9	the committee, or public information.
10	(3) Availability of information for re-
11	SEARCH PURPOSES.—Nothing in this subsection may
12	prohibit a State maternal mortality review com-
13	mittee established under subsection (a)(1) or the De-
14	partment of Health and Human Services from pub-
15	lishing statistical compilations and research reports
16	that—
17	(A) are based on confidential information
18	relating to morbidity and mortality reviews
19	under this section; and
20	(B) do not contain identifying information
21	or any other information that could be used to
22	ultimately identify the individuals concerned.
23	(f) Reports.—
24	(1) State reports.—Not later than one year
25	after the end of fiscal year 2018, and each subse-

- quent fiscal year, each State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) and receiving a grant under this section for such year, shall submit to the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention a report on the findings and recommendations of such committee and information on the implementation of such recommendations during such year.
 - (2) Annual reports to congress.—Not later than 60 days after the deadline for State reports under paragraph (1) for fiscal year 2018, and each subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to Congress a report on—
 - (A) the findings, recommendations, and implementation information submitted by any State pursuant to paragraph (1); and
 - (B) the status of pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths in the United States, including recommendations on methods to prevent such deaths in the United States.
 - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 - (1) The term "pregnancy-associated death" means the death of a woman while pregnant or dur-

- ing the one-year period following the date of the end
 of pregnancy, irrespective of the cause of such death.
 - (2) The term "pregnancy-related death" means the death of a woman while pregnant or during the one-year period following the date of the end of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, from any cause related to, or aggravated by, the pregnancy or its management, excluding any accidental or incidental cause.
 - (3) The term "severe maternal morbidity" means the physical and psychological conditions that result from, or are aggravated by, pregnancy and have an adverse effect on the health of a woman.
 - (4) The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and each of the territories.
 - (5) The term "vital statistics unit" means the entity that is responsible for maintaining vital records for a State, including official records of live births, deaths, fetal deaths, marriages, divorces, and annulments.
- (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 4 \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2018 through 2022.

1	SEC. 4. ELIMINATING DISPARITIES IN MATERNITY HEALTH
2	OUTCOMES.
3	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
4	is amended by inserting after section 317T of such Act
5	(42 U.S.C. 247b–22) the following new section:
6	"SEC. 317U. ELIMINATING DISPARITIES IN MATERNAL
7	HEALTH OUTCOMES.
8	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall, in consulta-
9	tion with relevant national stakeholder organizations, such
10	as national medical specialty organizations, national ma-
11	ternal child health organizations, national patient advo-
12	cacy organizations, and national health disparity organiza-
13	tions, carry out the following activities to eliminate dis-
14	parities in maternal health outcomes:
15	"(1) Conduct research into the determinants
16	and the distribution of disparities in maternal care,
17	health risks, and health outcomes, and improve the
18	capacity of the performance measurement infrastruc-
19	ture to measure such disparities.
20	"(2) Expand access to health care services, re-
21	sources, and information that have been dem-
22	onstrated to improve the quality and outcomes of
23	maternity care for vulnerable populations.
24	"(3) Establish a demonstration project to com-
2.5	pare the effectiveness of interventions to reduce dis-

1	parities in maternity services and outcomes and to
2	implement and assess effective interventions.
3	"(b) Scope and Selection of States for Dem-
4	ONSTRATION PROJECT.—The demonstration project
5	under subsection (a)(3) shall be conducted in no more
6	than 8 States, which shall be selected by the Secretary
7	based on—
8	"(1) applications submitted by States, which
9	specify which regions and populations the State in-
10	volved will serve under the demonstration project;
11	"(2) criteria designed by the Secretary to en-
12	sure that, as a whole, the demonstration project is
13	to the greatest extent possible, representative of the
14	demographic and geographic composition of commu-
15	nities most affected by disparities;
16	"(3) criteria designed by the Secretary to en-
17	sure that a variety of models are tested through the
18	demonstration project and that such models include
19	interventions that have an existing evidence base for
20	effectiveness; and
21	"(4) criteria designed by the Secretary to en-
22	sure that the demonstration projects and models will
23	be carried out in consultation with local and regional

provider organizations, such as community health

1	centers, hospital systems, and medical societies rep-
2	resenting providers of maternity services.
3	"(c) Duration of Demonstration Project.—
4	The demonstration project under subsection (a)(3) shall
5	begin on January 1, 2018, and end on December 31,
6	2021.
7	"(d) Grants for Evaluation and Monitoring.—
8	The Secretary may make grants to States and health care
9	providers participating in the demonstration project under
10	subsection (a)(3) for the purpose of collecting data nec-
11	essary for the evaluation and monitoring of such project.
12	"(e) Reports.—
13	"(1) State reports.—Each State that par-
14	ticipates in the demonstration project under sub-
15	section (a)(3) shall report to the Secretary, in a
16	time, form, and manner specified by the Secretary,
17	the data necessary to—
18	"(A) monitor the—
19	"(i) outcomes of the project;
20	"(ii) costs of the project; and
21	"(iii) quality of maternity care pro-
22	vided under the project; and
23	"(B) evaluate the rationale for the selec-
24	tion of the items and services included in any

1	bundled payment made by the State under the
2	project.
3	"(2) Final Report.—Not later than December
4	31, 2022, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a
5	report on the results of the demonstration project
6	under subsection (a)(3).".

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