117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 3480

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To support State, Tribal, and local efforts to remove access to firearms from individuals who are a danger to themselves or others pursuant to court orders for this purpose.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 25, 2021

Mr. CARBAJAL (for himself, Mr. BEYER, Ms. BROWNLEY, and Mrs. DINGELL) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To support State, Tribal, and local efforts to remove access to firearms from individuals who are a danger to themselves or others pursuant to court orders for this purpose.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Extreme Risk Protec-

5 tion Order Act of 2021".

6 SEC. 2. EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER GRANT PRO-

- 7 GRAM.
- 8 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
2	ty" means—
3	(A) a State or Indian Tribe—
4	(i) that enacts legislation described in
5	subsection (c);
6	(ii) with respect to which the Attorney
7	General determines that the legislation de-
8	scribed in clause (i) complies with the re-
9	quirements under subsection $(c)(1)$; and
10	(iii) that certifies to the Attorney
11	General that the State or Indian Tribe
12	shall—
13	(I) use the grant for the purposes
14	described in subsection $(b)(2)$; and
15	(II) allocate not less than 25 per-
16	cent and not more than 70 percent of
17	the amount received under a grant
18	under subsection (b) for the develop-
19	ment and dissemination of training
20	for law enforcement officers in accord-
21	ance with subsection $(b)(4)$; or
22	(B) a unit of local government or other
23	public or private entity that—
24	(i) is located in a State or in the terri-
25	tory under the jurisdiction of an Indian

- 1 Tribe that meets the requirements de-2 scribed in clauses (i) and (ii) of subpara-3 graph (A); and 4 (ii) certifies to the Attorney General 5 that the unit of local government or entity 6 shall— 7 (I) use the grant for the purposes 8 described in subsection (b)(2); and 9 (II) allocate not less than 25 per-10 cent and not more than 70 percent of 11 the amount received under a grant 12 under this section for the development 13 and dissemination of training for law 14 enforcement officers in accordance 15 with subsection (b)(4). 16 (2) EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.—The 17 term "extreme risk protection order" means a writ-18 ten order or warrant, issued by a State or Tribal 19 court or signed by a magistrate (or other com-20 parable judicial officer), the primary purpose of 21 which is to reduce the risk of firearm-related death 22 or injury by doing 1 or more of the following: 23 (A) Prohibiting a named individual from
- 24 having under the custody or control of the indi-

1	vidual, owning, purchasing, possessing, or re-
2	ceiving a firearm.
3	(B) Having a firearm removed or requiring
4	the surrender of firearms from a named indi-
5	vidual.
6	(3) FIREARM.—The term "firearm" has the
7	meaning given the term in section 921 of title 18,
8	United States Code.
9	(4) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe"
10	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in
11	section 1709 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
12	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10389).
13	(5) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.—The term
14	"law enforcement officer" means a public servant
15	authorized by Federal, State, local, or Tribal law or
16	by a Federal, State, local, or Tribal government
17	agency to—
18	(A) engage in or supervise the prevention,
19	detection, investigation, or prosecution of an of-
20	fense; or
21	(B) supervise sentenced criminal offenders.
22	(6) PETITIONER.—The term "petitioner"
23	means an individual authorized under State or Trib-
24	al law to petition for an extreme risk protection
25	order.

(7) RESPONDENT.—The term "respondent"
means an individual named in the petition for an ex-
treme risk protection order or subject to an extreme
risk protection order.
(8) STATE.—The term "State" means—
(A) a State;
(B) the District of Columbia;
(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
and

(D) any other territory or possession of the 10 11 United States.

(9) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 12 "unit of local government" has the meaning given 13 the term in section 901 of title I of the Omnibus 14 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 15 U.S.C. 10251). 16

17 (b) GRANT PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office of 19 Community Oriented Policing Services of the De-20 partment of Justice shall establish a program under 21 which, from amounts made available to carry out 22 this section, the Director may make grants to eligi-23 ble entities to assist in carrying out the provisions 24 of the legislation described in subsection (c).

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1	(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds awarded under
2	this subsection may be used by an applicant to—
3	(A) enhance the capacity of law enforce-
4	ment agencies and the courts of a State, unit
5	of local government, or Indian Tribe by pro-
6	viding personnel, training, technical assistance,
7	data collection, and other resources to carry out
8	enacted legislation described in subsection (c);
9	(B) train judges, court personnel, health
10	care and legal professionals, and law enforce-
11	ment officers to more accurately identify indi-
12	viduals whose access to firearms poses a danger
13	of causing harm to themselves or others by in-
14	creasing the risk of firearms suicide or inter-
15	personal violence;
16	(C) develop and implement law enforce-
17	ment and court protocols, forms, and orders so
18	that law enforcement agencies and the courts
19	may carry out the provisions of the enacted leg-
20	islation described in subsection (c) in a safe, eq-
21	uitable, and effective manner, including through
22	the removal and storage of firearms pursuant to
23	extreme risk protection orders under the en-
24	acted legislation; and

1 (D) raise public awareness and under-2 standing of the enacted legislation described in subsection (c), including through subgrants to 3 4 community-based organizations for the training of community members, so that extreme risk 5 6 protection orders may be issued in appropriate 7 situations to reduce the risk of firearms-related 8 death and injury. 9 (3) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity desiring a 10 grant under this subsection shall submit to the At-11 torney General an application at such time, in such 12 manner, and containing or accompanied by such in-

12 manner, and containing of accompanied by such in
13 formation as the Attorney General may reasonably
14 require.

15 (4) TRAINING.—

16 (A) IN GENERAL.—A recipient of a grant 17 under this subsection shall provide training to 18 law enforcement officers, including officers of 19 relevant Federal, State, local, and Tribal law 20 enforcement agencies, in the safe, impartial, ef-21 fective, and equitable use and administration of 22 extreme risk protection orders, including train-23 ing to address—

24 (i) bias based on race and racism, eth25 nicity, gender, sexual orientation, gender

identity, religion, language proficiency, and classism in the use and administration of extreme risk protection orders;

4 (ii) the appropriate use of extreme 5 risk protection orders in cases of domestic 6 violence, including the applicability of other 7 policies and protocols to address domestic 8 violence in situations that may also involve 9 extreme risk protection orders and the ne-10 cessity of safety planning with the victim 11 before a law enforcement officer petitions 12 for and executes an extreme risk protection 13 order, if applicable;

(iii) interacting with persons with a
mental illness or emotional distress, including de-escalation and crisis intervention;
and

18 (iv) best practices for referring per-19 sons subject to extreme risk protection or-20 ders and associated victims of violence to 21 social service providers that may be avail-22 able in the jurisdiction and appropriate for 23 those individuals, including health care, 24 mental health, substance abuse, and legal 25 services, employment and vocational serv-

8

1

2

1 ices, housing assistance, case management, 2 and veterans and disability benefits. 3 (B) CONSULTATION WITH EXPERTS.—A 4 recipient of a grant under this subsection, in 5 developing law enforcement training required 6 under subparagraph (A), shall seek advice from 7 domestic violence service providers (including 8 culturally specific (as defined in section 40002) 9 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 10 U.S.C. 12291)) organizations), social service 11 providers, suicide prevention advocates, violence 12 intervention specialists, and other community 13 groups working to reduce suicides and violence, 14 including domestic violence, within the State or 15 the territory under the jurisdiction of the In-16 dian Tribe, as applicable, that enacted the legis-17 lation described in subsection (c) that enabled 18 the grant recipient to be an eligible entity.

19 (5) INCENTIVES.—For each of fiscal years 2022
20 through 2026, the Attorney General shall give af21 firmative preference in awarding any discretionary
22 grant awarded by the Office of Community Oriented
23 Policing Services to a State or Indian Tribe that has
24 enacted legislation described in subsection (c) or to
25 a unit of local government or other public or private

1	entity located in such a State or in the territory
2	under the jurisdiction of such an Indian Tribe.
3	(6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
4	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
5	as are necessary to carry out this section.
6	(c) ELIGIBILITY FOR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION
7	Order Grant Program.—
8	(1) REQUIREMENTS.—Legislation described in
9	this subsection is legislation that establishes require-
10	ments that are substantially similar to the following:
11	(A) APPLICATION FOR EXTREME RISK
12	PROTECTION ORDER.—A petitioner, including a
13	law enforcement officer, may submit an applica-
14	tion to a State or Tribal court, on a form de-
15	signed by the court or a State or Tribal agency,
16	that—
17	(i) describes the facts and cir-
18	cumstances justifying that an extreme risk
19	protection order be issued against the
20	named individual; and
21	(ii) is signed by the applicant, under
22	oath.
23	(B) NOTICE AND DUE PROCESS.—The in-
24	dividual named in an application for an extreme
25	risk protection order as described in subpara-

1 graph (A) shall be given written notice of the 2 application and an opportunity to be heard on 3 the matter in accordance with this paragraph. 4 (C) ISSUANCE OF EXTREME RISK PROTEC-5 TION ORDERS.— 6 (i) HEARING.— 7 (I) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of an application described in sub-8 9 paragraph (A) or request of an indi-10 vidual named in such an application, 11 the court shall order a hearing to be held within a reasonable time, and not 12 13 later than 30 days after the date of 14 the application or request. 15 (II)DETERMINATION.—If the 16 court finds at the hearing ordered 17 under subclause (I), by a preponder-18 ance of the evidence or according to a 19 higher evidentiary standard estab-20 lished by the State or Indian Tribe, 21 that the respondent poses a danger of 22 causing harm to self or others by hav-23 ing access to a firearm, the court may 24 issue an extreme risk protection order.

1	(ii) DURATION OF EXTREME RISK
2	PROTECTION ORDER.—An extreme risk
3	protection order shall be in effect—
4	(I) until an order terminating or
5	superseding the extreme risk protec-
6	tion order is issued; or
7	(II) for a set period of time.
8	(D) EX PARTE EXTREME RISK PROTEC-
9	TION ORDERS.—
10	(i) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of an
11	application described in subparagraph (A),
12	the court may issue an ex parte extreme
13	risk protection order, if—
14	(I) the application for an extreme
15	risk protection order alleges that the
16	respondent poses a danger of causing
17	harm to self or others by having ac-
18	cess to a firearm; and
19	(II) the court finds there is rea-
20	sonable cause to believe, or makes a
21	finding according to a higher evi-
22	dentiary standard established by the
23	State or Indian Tribe, that the re-
24	spondent poses a danger of causing

1 harm to self or others by having ac-2 cess to a firearm. 3 (ii) DURATION OF EX PARTE EX-4 TREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.—An ex 5 parte extreme risk protection order shall 6 remain in effect only until the hearing re-7 quired under subparagraph (C)(i). 8 (E) STORAGE OF REMOVED FIREARMS.— 9 (i) AVAILABILITY FOR RETURN.—All 10 firearms removed or surrendered pursuant 11 to an extreme risk protection order shall 12 only be available for return to the named 13 individual when the individual has regained 14 eligibility under Federal and State law, 15 and, where applicable, Tribal law to possess firearms. 16 17 (ii) CONSENT REQUIRED FOR DIS-18 POSAL DESTRUCTION.—Firearms OR 19 owned by a named individual may not be 20 disposed of or destroyed during the period 21 of the extreme risk protection order with-22 out the consent of the named individual. 23 (F) NOTIFICATION.—

13

24 (i) IN GENERAL.—

1	(I) REQUIREMENT.—A State or
2	Tribal court that issues an extreme
3	risk protection order shall notify the
4	Attorney General or the comparable
5	State or Tribal agency, as applicable,
6	of the order as soon as practicable or
7	within a designated period of time.
8	(II) FORM AND MANNER.—A
9	State or Tribal court shall submit a
10	notification under subclause (I) in an
11	electronic format, in a manner pre-
12	scribed by the Attorney General or the
13	comparable State or Tribal agency.
14	(ii) UPDATE OF DATABASES.—As
15	soon as practicable or within the time pe-
16	riod designated by State or Tribal law
17	after receiving a notification under clause
18	(i), the Attorney General or the com-
19	parable State or Tribal agency shall ensure
20	that the extreme risk protection order is
21	reflected in the National Instant Criminal
22	Background Check System.
23	(2) ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.—Legislation de-
24	scribed in this subsection may—

1	(A) provide procedures for the termination
2	of an extreme risk protection order;
3	(B) provide procedures for the renewal of
4	an extreme risk protection order;
5	(C) establish burdens and standards of
6	proof for issuance of orders described in para-
7	graph (1) that are substantially similar to or
8	higher than the burdens and standards of proof
9	set forth in that paragraph;
10	(D) limit the individuals who may submit
11	an application described in paragraph (1), pro-
12	vided that, at a minimum, law enforcement offi-
13	cers are authorized to do so; and
14	(E) include any other authorizations or re-
15	quirements that the State or Tribal authorities
16	determine appropriate.
17	(3) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year
18	after the date on which an eligible entity receives a
19	grant under subsection (b), and annually thereafter
20	for the duration of the grant period, the entity shall
21	submit to the Attorney General a report that in-
22	cludes, with respect to the preceding year—
23	(A) the number of petitions for ex parte
24	extreme risk protection orders filed, as well as

	20
1	the number of such orders issued and the num-
2	ber denied, disaggregated by—
3	(i) the jurisdiction;
4	(ii) the individual authorized under
5	State or Tribal law to petition for an ex-
6	treme risk protection order, including the
7	relationship of the individual to the re-
8	spondent; and
9	(iii) the alleged danger posed by the
10	respondent, including whether the danger
11	involved a risk of suicide, unintentional in-
12	jury, domestic violence, or other inter-
13	personal violence;
14	(B) the number of petitions for extreme
15	risk protection orders filed, as well as the num-
16	ber of such orders issued and the number de-
17	nied, disaggregated by—
18	(i) the jurisdiction;
19	(ii) the individual authorized under
20	State or Tribal law to petition for an ex-
21	treme risk protection order, including the
22	relationship of the individual to the re-
23	spondent; and
24	(iii) the alleged danger posed by the
25	respondent, including whether the danger

1	involved a risk of suicide, unintentional in-
2	jury, domestic violence, or other inter-
3	personal violence;
4	(C) the number of petitions for renewals of
5	extreme risk protection orders filed, as well as
6	the number of such orders issued and the num-
7	ber denied;
8	(D) the number of cases in which a court
9	imposed a penalty for false reporting or frivo-
10	lous petitions;
11	(E) demographic data of petitioners, in-
12	cluding race, ethnicity, national origin, sex, gen-
13	der, age, disability, and English language pro-
14	ficiency, if available;
15	(F) demographic data of respondents, in-
16	cluding race, ethnicity, national origin, sex, gen-
17	der, age, disability, and English language pro-
18	ficiency, if available; and
19	(G) the number of firearms removed, if
20	available.
21	SEC. 3. FEDERAL FIREARMS PROHIBITION.
22	Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended—
24	(1) in subsection (d)—

1	(A) in paragraph (8)(B)(ii), by striking
2	"or" at the end;
3	(B) in paragraph (9), by striking the pe-
4	riod at the end and inserting "; or"; and
5	(C) by inserting after paragraph (9) the
6	following:
7	"(10) is subject to a court order, the primary
8	purpose of which is to reduce the risk of firearm-re-
9	lated death or injury by prohibiting such person
10	from having under the person's custody or control,
11	owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving any
12	firearms, provided that the order—
13	"(A) is issued in a manner consistent with
14	the due process rights of the person; and
15	"(B) is based on a finding that the person
16	poses a danger of causing harm to self or oth-
17	ers by having access to a firearm."; and
18	(2) in subsection (g)—
19	(A) in paragraph (8)(C)(ii), by striking
20	"or" at the end;
21	(B) in paragraph (9), by striking the
22	comma at the end and inserting "; or"; and
23	(C) by inserting after paragraph (9) the
24	following:

1	((10) is subject to a court order, the primary
2	purpose of which is to reduce the risk of firearm-re-
3	lated death or injury by prohibiting such person
4	from having under the person's custody or control,
5	owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving any
6	firearms, provided that the order—
7	"(A) is issued in a manner consistent with
8	the due process rights of the person; and
9	"(B) is based on a finding that the person
10	poses a danger of causing harm to self or oth-
11	ers by having access to a firearm,".
12	SEC. 4. IDENTIFICATION RECORDS.
13	Section 534 of title 28, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at
17	the end;
18	(B) by redesignating paragraph (4) as
19	paragraph (5); and
20	(C) by inserting after paragraph (3) the
21	following:
22	"(4)(A) subject to subparagraph (B), acquire,
23	collect, classify, and preserve records from Federal,
24	Tribal, and State courts and other agencies identi-
25	fying individuals subject to extreme risk protection

1	orders, as defined in section 2(a) of the Extreme
2	Risk Protection Order Act of 2021; and
3	"(B) destroy each record acquired or collected
4	under subparagraph (A) when the applicable ex-
5	treme risk protection order expires or is terminated
6	or dissolved; and";
7	(2) in subsection (b), by striking " $(a)(4)$ " and
8	inserting "(a)(5)"; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(g) Extreme Risk Protection Orders in Na-
11	TIONAL CRIME INFORMATION DATABASES.—A Federal,
12	Tribal, or State criminal justice agency or criminal or civil
13	court may—
14	"(1) include extreme risk protection orders, as
15	defined in section 2 of the Extreme Risk Protection
16	Order Act of 2021, in national crime information
17	databases, as that term is defined in subsection
18	(f)(3) of this section; and
19	"(2) have access to information regarding ex-
20	treme risk protection orders through the national
21	crime information databases.".
22	SEC. 5. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.
23	Section 3(1) of the NICS Improvement Amendments
a 4	

24 Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 40903(1)) is amended by striking

"section 922(g)(8)" and inserting "paragraph (8) or (10)
 of section 922(g)".

3 SEC. 6. FULL FAITH AND CREDIT.

4 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "ex5 treme risk protection order", "Indian Tribe", and "State"
6 have the meanings given those terms in section 2(a).

7 (b) FULL FAITH AND CREDIT REQUIRED.—Any ex-8 treme risk protection order issued under a State or Tribal 9 law enacted in accordance with this Act shall be accorded 10 the same full faith and credit by the court of another State or Indian Tribe (referred to in this subsection as the "en-11 12 forcing State or Indian Tribe") and enforced by the court 13 and law enforcement personnel of the other State or Tribal government as if it were the order of the enforcing State 14 15 or Indian Tribe.

16 (c) Applicability to Protection Orders.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (b) shall apply to
18 a protection order issued by a State or Tribal court
19 if—

20 (A) the court has jurisdiction over the par21 ties and matter under the law of the State or
22 Indian Tribe; and

(B) reasonable notice and opportunity tobe heard is given to the person against whom

1	the order is sought sufficient to protect that
2	person's right to due process.
3	(2) EX PARTE PROTECTION ORDERS.—For pur-
4	poses of paragraph $(1)(B)$, in the case of an ex parte
5	protection order, notice and opportunity to be heard
6	shall be provided within the time required by State
7	or Tribal law, and in any event within a reasonable
8	time after the order is issued, sufficient to protect
9	the due process rights of the respondent.
10	(d) TRIBAL COURT JURISDICTION.—For purposes of
11	this section, a court of an Indian Tribe shall have full civil
12	jurisdiction to issue and enforce a protection order involv-
13	ing any person, including the authority to enforce any
11	order through sixil contempt proceedings to evaluate viele

il V order through civil contempt proceedings, to exclude viola-14 tors from Indian land, and to use other appropriate mech-15 anisms, in matters arising anywhere in the Indian country 16 (as defined in section 1151 of title 18, United States 17 Code) of the Indian Tribe or otherwise within the author-18 ity of the Indian Tribe. 19

20 SEC. 7. SEVERABILITY.

21 If any provision of this Act, or an amendment made 22 by this Act, or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remain-23 24 der of this Act, or an amendment made by this Act, or

- 1 the application of such provision to other persons or cir-
- $2 \ \ {\rm cumstances, \ shall \ not \ be \ affected.}$