As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 565

Representatives Hood, Vitale

Cosponsors: Representatives Brinkman, Antani, Roegner, Becker, Riedel, Keller, Thompson, Schaffer, Wiggam, Zeltwanger, Kick, Stein, Retherford, Merrin, Dean, Romanchuk

A BILL

То	amend sections 9.04, 109.572, 149.43, 2151.414,	1
	2151.421, 2305.11, 2305.234, 2307.52, 2307.53,	2
	2307.54, 2317.56, 2505.02, 2901.01, 2903.09,	3
	2919.11, 2919.122, 2919.17, 2919.191, 2919.193,	4
	2919.201, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2925.11, 2935.36,	5
	2950.03, 2953.25, 2967.193, 3301.32, 3301.541,	6
	3301.88, 3319.31, 3319.39, 3701.034, 3701.046,	7
	3701.511, 3702.30, 3901.87, 4112.01, 4729.291,	8
	4729.292, 4731.22, 4731.223, 4731.224, 4731.225,	9
	4731.25, 4731.281, 4731.293, 4731.91, 5101.55,	10
	5103.0319, 5119.367, and 5153.111; to amend, for	11
	the purpose of adopting new section numbers as	12
	indicated in parentheses, sections 2919.122	13
	(2919.12) and 2919.191 (2919.19); to enact	14
	section 2317.57; and to repeal sections 9.041,	15
	2151.85, 2305.114, 2317.561, 2505.073, 2919.12,	16
	2919.121, 2919.123, 2919.13, 2919.151, 2919.16,	17
	2919.171, 2919.18, 2919.19, 2919.192, 2919.20,	18
	2919.202, 2919.203, 2919.204, 2919.205,	19
	3701.341, 3701.79, 3701.791, 3727.60, 5101.56,	20
	and 5101.57 of the Revised Code regarding the	21

abolition	of	abortion	in	the	state	of	Ohio	and	22
the protec	atio	on of unbo	orn	huma	ans.				2.3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 9.04, 109.572, 149.43, 2151.414,	24
2151.421, 2305.11, 2305.234, 2307.52, 2307.53, 2307.54, 2317.56,	25
2505.02, 2901.01, 2903.09, 2919.11, 2919.122, 2919.17, 2919.191,	26
2919.193, 2919.201, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2925.11, 2935.36, 2950.03,	27
2953.25, 2967.193, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3301.88, 3319.31, 3319.39,	28
3701.034, 3701.046, 3701.511, 3702.30, 3901.87, 4112.01,	29
4729.291, 4729.292, 4731.22, 4731.223, 4731.224, 4731.225,	30
4731.25, 4731.281, 4731.293, 4731.91, 5101.55, 5103.0319,	31
5119.367, and 5153.111 be amended, sections 2919.122 (2919.12)	32
and 2919.191 (2919.19) be amended for the purpose of adopting	33
new section numbers as indicated in parentheses, and section	34
2317.57 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	35
Sec. 9.04. (A) As used in this section:	36
(1) "Nontherapeutic abortion "Abortion" means an abortion	37
that is performed or induced when the life has the same meaning	38
as in section 2919.11 of the mother would not be endangered if	39
the fetus were carried to term or when the pregnancy of the-	40
mother was not the result of rape or incest reported to a law-	41
enforcement agency Revised Code.	42
(2) "Policy, contract, or plan" means a policy, contract,	43
or plan of one or more insurance companies, medical care	44
corporations, health care corporations, health maintenance	45
organizations, preferred provider organizations, or other	46
entities that provides health, medical, hospital, or surgical	47

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coverage, benefits, or services to elected or appointed officers	48
or employees of the state or any political subdivision thereof.	49
"Policy, contract, or plan" includes a plan that is associated	50
with a self-insurance program and a policy, contract, or plan	51
that implements a collective bargaining agreement.	52
(3) "Political subdivision" means any body corporate and	53
politic that is responsible for governmental activities in a	54
geographic area smaller than the state, except that "political	55
subdivision" does not include either of the following:	56
subdivision does not include elther of the following.	30
(a) A municipal corporation;	57
(b) A county that has adopted a charter under Section 3 of	58
Article X, Ohio Constitution, to the extent that it is	59
exercising the powers of local self-government as provided in	60
that charter and is subject to Section 3 of Article XVIII, Ohio	61
Constitution.	62
(4) "State" means the state of Ohio, including the general	63
assembly, the supreme court, the offices of all elected state	64
officers, and all departments, boards, offices, commissions,	65
agencies, colleges and universities, institutions, and other	66
instrumentalities of the state of Ohio. "State" does not include	67
political subdivisions.	68
(B) Subject to division (C) of this section, but	69
notwithstanding Notwithstanding other provisions of the Revised	70
Code that conflict with the prohibition specified in this	71
division, funds of the state or any political subdivision	72
thereof shall not be expended directly or indirectly to pay the	73
costs, premiums, or charges associated with a policy, contract,	74

or plan if the policy, contract, or plan provides coverage,

benefits, or services related to a nontherapeutic an abortion.

- (C) Division (B) of this section does not preclude Neither 77 the state or nor any political subdivision thereof from 78 expending may expend funds to pay the costs, premiums, or 79 charges associated with a policy, contract, or plan that 80 includes a rider or other provision offered on an individual 81 basis under which an elected or appointed official or employee 82 who accepts the offer of the rider or provision may obtain 83 coverage of a nontherapeutic an abortion through the policy, 84 contract, or plan, even if the individual pays for all of the 85 costs, premiums, or charges associated with the rider or 86 provision, including all administrative expenses related to the 87 rider or provision and any claim made for a nontherapeutic-88 abortion. 89
- (D) In addition to the laws specified in division (A) of
 section 4117.10 of the Revised Code that prevail over
 conflicting provisions of agreements between employee
 organizations and public employers, divisions (B) and (C) of
 this section shall prevail over conflicting provisions of that
 nature.

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Sec. 109.572. (A) (1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to 96 section 121.08, 3301.32, 3301.541, or 3319.39 of the Revised 97 Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of 98 this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 99 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 100 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 101 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 102 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 103 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 104 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 105 of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 106

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	107
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	108
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	109
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	110
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	111
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24,	112
2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04,	113
2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious	114
sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the	115
Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code	116
as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section	117
2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of	118
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	119
1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, or	120
a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a	121
minor drug possession offense;	122
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	123
state, any other state, or the United States that is	124
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in	125
division (A)(1)(a) of this section;	126
(c) If the request is made pursuant to section 3319.39 of	127
the Revised Code for an applicant who is a teacher, any offense	128
specified in section 3319.31 of the Revised Code.	129
(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3712.09 or	130
3721.121 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed	131
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of	132
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	133
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	134
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	135
conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who	136

has applied for employment in a position for which a criminal	137
records check is required by those sections. The superintendent	138
shall conduct the criminal records check in the manner described	139
in division (B) of this section to determine whether any	140
information exists that indicates that the person who is the	141
subject of the request previously has been convicted of or	142
pleaded guilty to any of the following:	143
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	144
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	145
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	146
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	147
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02,	148
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11,	149
2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25,	150
2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11,	151
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	152
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other	153
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	154
any of the offenses listed in division (A)(2)(a) of this	155
section.	156
(3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.27,	157
173.38, 173.381, 3701.881, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342,	158
5123.081, or 5123.169 of the Revised Code, a completed form	159
prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a	160
set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described	161
in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	162
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	163
conduct a criminal records check of the person for whom the	164
request is made. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal	165
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	166

section to determine whether any information exists that

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section to determine whether any information exists that	107
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	168
previously has been convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or	169
(except in the case of a request pursuant to section 5164.34,	170
5164.341, or 5164.342 of the Revised Code) has been found	171
eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction for any of the	172
following, regardless of the date of the conviction, the date of	173
entry of the guilty plea, or (except in the case of a request	174
pursuant to section 5164.34, 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the	175
Revised Code) the date the person was found eligible for	176
intervention in lieu of conviction:	177
(a) A violation of section 959.13, 959.131, 2903.01,	178
2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13,	179
2903.15, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2903.341,	180
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2905.32, 2905.33,	181
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,	182
2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 2907.31,	183
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2907.33, 2909.02,	184
2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02,	185
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.05,	186
2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.40, 2913.41, 2913.42,	187
2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 2913.48,	188
2913.49, 2913.51, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.12,	189
2919.121, 2919.123, 2919.22, 2919.23, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03,	190
2921.11, 2921.12, 2921.13, 2921.21, 2921.24, 2921.32, 2921.321,	191
2921.34, 2921.35, 2921.36, 2921.51, 2923.12, 2923.122, 2923.123,	192
2923.13, 2923.161, 2923.162, 2923.21, 2923.32, 2923.42, 2925.02,	193
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.09, 2925.11,	194
2925.13, 2925.14, 2925.141, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.36,	195
2925.55, 2925.56, 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	196

(b) Felonious sexual penetration in violation of former

section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	198
(c) A violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as	199
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	200
(d) A violation of section 2923.01, 2923.02, or 2923.03 of	201
the Revised Code when the underlying offense that is the object	202
of the conspiracy, attempt, or complicity is one of the offenses	203
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (c) of this section;	204
(e) A violation of an existing or former municipal	205
ordinance or law of this state, any other state, or the United	206
States that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses	207
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (d) of this section.	208
(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.86 of	209
the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	210
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	211
impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2)	212
of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	213
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	214
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	215
section to determine whether any information exists that	216
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	217
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	218
following:	219
(a) A violation of section 959.13, 2903.01, 2903.02,	220
2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.16,	221
2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05,	222
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,	223
2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32,	224
2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.22,	225
2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.49,	226

2917.01, 2917.02, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12,	227
2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06,	228
2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of section	229
2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996,	230
a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would	231
have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as	232
it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been	233
committed prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of	234
the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense,	235
two or more OVI or OVUAC violations committed within the three	236
years immediately preceding the submission of the application or	237
petition that is the basis of the request, or felonious sexual	238
penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the	239
Revised Code;	240

- (b) A violation of an existing or former law of this 241 state, any other state, or the United States that is 242 substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in 243 division (A)(4)(a) of this section. 244
- (5) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5104.013 245 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 246 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 247 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) 248 of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 249 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 250 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 251 section to determine whether any information exists that 252 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 253 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 254
- (a) A violation of section 2151.421, 2903.01, 2903.02, 255 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 256

2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.32,	257
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,	258
2907.09, 2907.19, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25,	259
2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02,	260
2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.05, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12,	261
2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11,	262
2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.41,	263
2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47,	264
2913.48, 2913.49, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.12,	265
2919.22, 2919.224, 2919.225, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.11,	266
2921.13, 2921.14, 2921.34, 2921.35, 2923.01, 2923.12, 2923.13,	267
2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or	268
3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual penetration in	269
violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a	270
violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed	271
prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of the	272
Revised Code that would have been a violation of section 2905.04	273
of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the	274
violation been committed prior to that date, a violation of	275
section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug	276
possession offense, a violation of section 2923.02 or 2923.03 of	277
the Revised Code that relates to a crime specified in this	278
division, or a second violation of section 4511.19 of the	279
Revised Code within five years of the date of application for	280
licensure or certification.	281

- (b) A violation of an existing or former law of this 282 state, any other state, or the United States that is 283 substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations 284 described in division (A)(5)(a) of this section. 285
- (6) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5153.111 286 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 287

division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	288
impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2)	289
of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	290
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	291
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	292
section to determine whether any information exists that	293
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	294
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	295
following:	296
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	297
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	298
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	299
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	300
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	301
2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12,	302
2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02,	303
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised	304
Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former	305
section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section	306
2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996,	307
a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would	308
have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as	309
it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been	310
committed prior to that date, or a violation of section 2925.11	311
of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense;	312
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	313
state, any other state, or the United States that is	314
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in	315
division (A)(6)(a) of this section.	316

(7) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check

from an individual pursuant to section 4749.03 or 4749.06 of the	318
Revised Code, accompanied by a completed copy of the form	319
prescribed in division (C)(1) of this section and a set of	320
fingerprint impressions obtained in a manner described in	321
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	322
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	323
conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in	324
division (B) of this section to determine whether any	325
information exists indicating that the person who is the subject	326
of the request has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	327
felony in this state or in any other state. If the individual	328
indicates that a firearm will be carried in the course of	329
business, the superintendent shall require information from the	330
federal bureau of investigation as described in division (B)(2)	331
of this section. Subject to division (F) of this section, the	332
superintendent shall report the findings of the criminal records	333
check and any information the federal bureau of investigation	334
provides to the director of public safety.	335

(8) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1321.37, 336 1321.53, 1321.531, 1322.03, 1322.031, or 4763.05 of the Revised 337 Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of 338 this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 339 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 340 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 341 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check with 342 respect to any person who has applied for a license, permit, or 343 certification from the department of commerce or a division in 344 the department. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal 345 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 346 section to determine whether any information exists that 347 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 348

previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	349
following: a violation of section 2913.02, 2913.11, 2913.31,	350
2913.51, or 2925.03 of the Revised Code; any other criminal	351
offense involving theft, receiving stolen property,	352
embezzlement, forgery, fraud, passing bad checks, money	353
laundering, or drug trafficking, or any criminal offense	354
involving money or securities, as set forth in Chapters 2909.,	355
2911., 2913., 2915., 2921., 2923., and 2925. of the Revised	356
Code; or any existing or former law of this state, any other	357
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	358
those offenses.	359

(9) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check 360 from the treasurer of state under section 113.041 of the Revised 361 Code or from an individual under section 4701.08, 4715.101, 362 4717.061, 4725.121, 4725.501, 4729.071, 4730.101, 4730.14, 363 4730.28, 4731.081, 4731.15, 4731.171, 4731.222, 4731.281, 364 4731.296, 4731.531, 4732.091, 4734.202, 4740.061, 4741.10, 365 4747.051, 4753.061, 4755.70, 4757.101, 4759.061, 4760.032, 366 4760.06, 4761.051, 4762.031, 4762.06, 4774.031, 4774.06, 367 4776.021, 4778.04, 4778.07, 4779.091, or 4783.04 of the Revised 368 Code, accompanied by a completed form prescribed under division 369 (C)(1) of this section and a set of fingerprint impressions 370 obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 371 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 372 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 373 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 374 section to determine whether any information exists that 375 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 376 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in 377 this state or any other state. Subject to division (F) of this 378 section, the superintendent shall send the results of a check 379

requested under section 113.041 of the Revised Code to the treasurer of state and shall send the results of a check requested under any of the other listed sections to the licensing board specified by the individual in the request.

(10) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1121.23, 1315.141, 1733.47, or 1761.26 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of this section to determine whether any information exists that indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense under any existing or former law of this state, any other state, or the United States.

(11) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check from an appointing or licensing authority under section 3772.07 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner prescribed in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of this section to determine whether any information exists that indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no contest to any offense under any existing or former law of this state, any other state, or the United States that is a disqualifying offense as defined in section 3772.07 of the Revised Code or substantially equivalent to such an offense.

(12) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.33	411
or 2151.412 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed	412
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of	413
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	414
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	415
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	416
conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person for	417
whom a criminal records check is required under that section.	418
The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in	419
the manner described in division (B) of this section to	420
determine whether any information exists that indicates that the	421
person who is the subject of the request previously has been	422
convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	423
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	424
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	425
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	426
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	427
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02,	428
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11,	429
2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25,	430
2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11,	431
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	432
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other	433
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	434
any of the offenses listed in division (A)(12)(a) of this	435
section.	436
(13) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3796.12	437
of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	438
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	439
impressions obtained in a manner described in division (C)(2) of	440

this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	441
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	442
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	443
section to determine whether any information exists that	444
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	445
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the	446
following:	447
(a) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted	448
under division (B)(2)(b) of section 3796.03 of the Revised Code	449
if the person who is the subject of the request is an	450
administrator or other person responsible for the daily	451
operation of, or an owner or prospective owner, officer or	452
prospective officer, or board member or prospective board member	453
of, an entity seeking a license from the department of commerce	454
under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code;	455
(b) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted	456
under division (B)(2)(b) of section 3796.04 of the Revised Code	457
if the person who is the subject of the request is an	458
administrator or other person responsible for the daily	459
operation of, or an owner or prospective owner, officer or	460
prospective officer, or board member or prospective board member	461
of, an entity seeking a license from the state board of pharmacy	462
under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code.	463
(14) On receipt of a request required by section 3796.13	464
of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	465
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	466
impressions obtained in a manner described in division (C)(2) of	467
this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	468
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	469

records check in the manner described in division (B) of this

under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code;

section to determine whether any information exists that	471
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	472
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the	473
following:	474
(a) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted	475
under division (B)(8)(a) of section 3796.03 of the Revised Code	476
if the person who is the subject of the request is seeking	477
employment with an entity licensed by the department of commerce	478
under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code;	479
(b) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted	480
under division (B)(14)(a) of section 3796.04 of the Revised Code	481
if the person who is the subject of the request is seeking	482
employment with an entity licensed by the state board of	483
pharmacy under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code.	484
(B) Subject to division (F) of this section, the	485
superintendent shall conduct any criminal records check to be	486
conducted under this section as follows:	487
(1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be	488
reviewed any relevant information gathered and compiled by the	489
bureau under division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code	490
that relates to the person who is the subject of the criminal	491
records check, including, if the criminal records check was	492
requested under section 113.041, 121.08, 173.27, 173.38,	493
173.381, 1121.23, 1315.141, 1321.37, 1321.53, 1321.531, 1322.03,	494
1322.031, 1733.47, 1761.26, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39,	495
3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3772.07, 3796.12, 3796.13, 4749.03,	496
4749.06, 4763.05, 5104.013, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342,	497
5123.081, 5123.169, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code, any	498
relevant information contained in records that have been sealed	499

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- (2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for 501 information from the federal bureau of investigation, the 502 superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of 503 investigation any information it has with respect to the person 504 who is the subject of the criminal records check, including 505 fingerprint-based checks of national crime information databases 506 as described in 42 U.S.C. 671 if the request is made pursuant to 507 section 2151.86 or 5104.013 of the Revised Code or if any other 508 Revised Code section requires fingerprint-based checks of that 509 nature, and shall review or cause to be reviewed any information 510 the superintendent receives from that bureau. If a request under 511 section 3319.39 of the Revised Code asks only for information 512 from the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent 513 shall not conduct the review prescribed by division (B)(1) of 514 this section. 515
- (3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee may request criminal history records from other states or the federal government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code.
- (4) The superintendent shall include in the results of the 521 criminal records check a list or description of the offenses 522 listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), 523 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), or (14) of this section, 524 whichever division requires the superintendent to conduct the 525 criminal records check. The superintendent shall exclude from 526 the results any information the dissemination of which is 527 prohibited by federal law. 528
- (5) The superintendent shall send the results of the 529 criminal records check to the person to whom it is to be sent 530

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not later than the following number of days after the date the	531
superintendent receives the request for the criminal records	532
check, the completed form prescribed under division (C)(1) of	533
this section, and the set of fingerprint impressions obtained in	534
the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section:	535
(a) If the superintendent is required by division (A) of	536
this section (other than division (A)(3) of this section) to	537
conduct the criminal records check, thirty;	538
(b) If the superintendent is required by division (A)(3)	539
of this section to conduct the criminal records check, sixty.	540
(C)(1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain	541
the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check	542
from any person for whom a criminal records check is to be	543
conducted under this section. The form that the superintendent	544
prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a tangible	545
format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and	546
electronic formats.	547
(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression	548
sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for	549
whom a criminal records check is to be conducted under this	550
section. Any person for whom a records check is to be conducted	551
under this section shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a	552
county sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any	553
other entity with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on	554
the standard impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent.	555
The office, department, or entity may charge the person a	556
reasonable fee for making the impressions. The standard	557

impression sheets the superintendent prescribes pursuant to this

division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format,

or in both tangible and electronic formats.

- (3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the 561 superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for 562 providing a criminal records check under this section. The 563 person requesting the criminal records check shall pay the fee 564 prescribed pursuant to this division. In the case of a request 565 under section 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47, 566 1761.26, 2151.33, 2151.412, or 5164.34 of the Revised Code, the 567 fee shall be paid in the manner specified in that section. 568
- (4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal 569 identification and investigation may prescribe methods of 570 forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to 571 conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include, 572 but not be limited to, an electronic method. 573
- (D) The results of a criminal records check conducted 574 under this section, other than a criminal records check 575 specified in division (A)(7) of this section, are valid for the 576 person who is the subject of the criminal records check for a 577 period of one year from the date upon which the superintendent 578 completes the criminal records check. If during that period the 579 superintendent receives another request for a criminal records 580 check to be conducted under this section for that person, the 581 superintendent shall provide the results from the previous 582 criminal records check of the person at a lower fee than the fee 583 prescribed for the initial criminal records check. 584
- (E) When the superintendent receives a request for 585 information from a registered private provider, the 586 superintendent shall proceed as if the request was received from 587 a school district board of education under section 3319.39 of 588 the Revised Code. The superintendent shall apply division (A)(1) 589 (c) of this section to any such request for an applicant who is 590

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a teacher.	591
(F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, all	592
information regarding the results of a criminal records check	593
conducted under this section that the superintendent reports or	594
sends under division (A)(7) or (9) of this section to the	595
director of public safety, the treasurer of state, or the	596
person, board, or entity that made the request for the criminal	597
records check shall relate to the conviction of the subject	598
person, or the subject person's plea of guilty to, a criminal	599
offense.	600
(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not limit,	601
restrict, or preclude the superintendent's release of	602
information that relates to the arrest of a person who is	603
eighteen years of age or older, to an adjudication of a child as	604
a delinquent child, or to a criminal conviction of a person	605
under eighteen years of age in circumstances in which a release	606
of that nature is authorized under division $(E)(2)$, (3) , or (4)	607
of section 109.57 of the Revised Code pursuant to a rule adopted	608
under division (E)(1) of that section.	609
(G) As used in this section:	610
(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal records	611
check conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	612
identification and investigation in accordance with division (B)	613
of this section.	614
(2) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	615
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	616
(3) "OVI or OVUAC violation" means a violation of section	617
4511.19 of the Revised Code or a violation of an existing or	618
former law of this state, any other state, or the United States	619

health under sections 3705.12 to 3705.124 of the Revised Code;

(e) Information in a record contained in the putative	649
father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised	650
Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the	651
department of job and family services or, pursuant to section	652
3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the	653
department or a child support enforcement agency;	654
(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52	655
of the Revised Code;	656
(g) Trial preparation records;	657
(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records;	658
(i) Records containing information that is confidential	659
under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;	660
(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to	661
section 109.573 of the Revised Code;	662
(k) Inmate records released by the department of	663
rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth	664
services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of	665
section 5120.21 of the Revised Code;	666
(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	667
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	668
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	669
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	670
(m) Intellectual property records;	671
(n) Donor profile records;	672
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	673
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	674
(p) Peace officer, parole officer, probation officer,	675

section;

bailiff, prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney,	676
correctional employee, community-based correctional facility	677
employee, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT,	678
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	679
investigation, or federal law enforcement officer residential	680
and familial information;	681
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	682
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital	683
operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code,	684
information that constitutes a trade secret, as defined in	685
section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;	686
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities	687
of a person under the age of eighteen;	688
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting	689
under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a	690
review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the	691
director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	692
records provided to the board or director, statements made by	693
board members during meetings of the board or by persons	694
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	695
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	696
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	697
to the department of health or a national child death review	698
database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division	699
(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;	700
(t) Records provided to and statements made by the	701
executive director of a public children services agency or a	702
prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the	703
Revised Code other than the information released under that	704

(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used	706
in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator	707
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports	708
administers under section 4751.04 of the Revised Code or	709
contracts under that section with a private or government entity	710
to administer;	711
(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	712
federal law;	713
(a) Duanistana information of an unlation to any manage	714
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person	714
that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital	715
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	716
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for	717
any purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the	718
controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or	719
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and	720
information that identifies any individual who benefits directly	721
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;	722
(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	723
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under	724
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)	725
(2) of that section;	726
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	727
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	728
owned or operated public utility;	729
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	730
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	731
to the public as provided in that division;	732
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	733

privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	734
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	735
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	736
the Revised Code;	737
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	738
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	739
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	740
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	741
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	742
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	743
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	744
confidential voter registration record, and records or portions	745
of records pertaining to that program that identify the number	746
of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	747
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	748
area smaller than the state. As used in this division,	749
"confidential address" and "program participant" have the	750
meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	751
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	752
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	753
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	754
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	755
record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date	756
or effective date of the call to order.	757
(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"	758
means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a	759
criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	760
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	761

high probability of disclosure of any of the following:

(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	763
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	764
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	765
reasonably promised;	766
(b) Information provided by an information source or	767
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	768
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	769
or witness's identity;	770
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	771
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	772
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	773
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	774
or a confidential information source.	775
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	776
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to	777
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical	778
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient	779
and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical	780
treatment.	781
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that	782
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable	783
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or	784
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and	785
personal trial preparation of an attorney.	786
(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other	787
than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or	788
collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of	789
higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or	790

research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,

technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study	792
or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in	793
conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and	794
that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.	795

- (6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors 796 or potential donors to a public institution of higher education 797 except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and 798 the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation. 799
- (7) "Peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, 800 bailiff, prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, 801 correctional employee, community-based correctional facility 802 employee, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT, 803 investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and 804 investigation, or federal law enforcement officer residential 805 and familial information" means any information that discloses 806 any of the following about a peace officer, parole officer, 807 probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting attorney, assistant 808 prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, community-based 809 correctional facility employee, youth services employee, 810 firefighter, EMT, investigator of the bureau of criminal 811 identification and investigation, or federal law enforcement 812 officer: 813
- (a) The address of the actual personal residence of a 814 peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, 815 assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, 816 community-based correctional facility employee, youth services 817 employee, firefighter, EMT, an investigator of the bureau of 818 criminal identification and investigation, or federal law 819 enforcement officer, except for the state or political 820 subdivision in which the peace officer, parole officer, 821

probation officer, bailiff, assistant prosecuting attorney,	822
correctional employee, community-based correctional facility	823
employee, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT,	824
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	825
investigation, or federal law enforcement officer resides;	826
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	827
in an employee assistance program;	828
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	829
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	830
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	831
medical information pertaining to, a peace officer, parole	832
officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting attorney,	833
assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	834
community-based correctional facility employee, youth services	835
employee, firefighter, EMT, investigator of the bureau of	836
criminal identification and investigation, or federal law	837
enforcement officer;	838
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	839
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	840
to a peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff,	841
prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney,	842
correctional employee, community-based correctional facility	843
employee, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT,	844
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	845
investigation, or federal law enforcement officer by the peace	846
officer's, parole officer's, probation officer's, bailiff's,	847
prosecuting attorney's, assistant prosecuting attorney's,	848
correctional employee's, community-based correctional facility	849
employee's, youth services employee's, firefighter's, EMT's,	850

investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and

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investigation's, or federal law enforcement officer's employer;	852
(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	853
employment benefit deduction made by the peace officer's, parole	854
officer's, probation officer's, bailiff's, prosecuting	855
attorney's, assistant prosecuting attorney's, correctional	856
employee's, community-based correctional facility employee's,	857
youth services employee's, firefighter's, EMT's, investigator of	858
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation's, or	859
federal law enforcement officer's employer from the peace	860
officer's, parole officer's, probation officer's, bailiff's,	861
prosecuting attorney's, assistant prosecuting attorney's,	862
correctional employee's, community-based correctional facility	863
employee's, youth services employee's, firefighter's, EMT's,	864
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	865
investigation's, or federal law enforcement officer's	866
compensation unless the amount of the deduction is required by	867
state or federal law;	868
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	869
employer, the address of the employer, the social security	870
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	871
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	872
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	873
a peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff,	874
prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney,	875
correctional employee, community-based correctional facility	876
employee, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT,	877
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	878
investigation, or federal law enforcement officer;	879
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	880

or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain

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clothes positions or	assignments as	determined by the peace	882
officer's appointing	authority.		883

As used in divisions (A) (7) and (B) (9) of this section,

"peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 109.71 of the

Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and troopers

of the state highway patrol; it does not include the sheriff of

a county or a supervisory employee who, in the absence of the

sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise the authority

of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(9) of this section, 891
"correctional employee" means any employee of the department of 892
rehabilitation and correction who in the course of performing 893
the employee's job duties has or has had contact with inmates 894
and persons under supervision. 895

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(9) of this section, "youth services employee" means any employee of the department of youth services who in the course of performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with children committed to the custody of the department of youth services.

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(9) of this section, "firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal corporation, township, fire district, or village.

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(9) of this section,

"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that provide

emergency medical services for a public emergency medical

service organization. "Emergency medical service organization,"

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"EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the same meanings as

in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.

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H. B. No. 565 As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee

in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.

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As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(9) of this section,	911
"investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	912
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	913
Revised Code.	914
As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(9) of this section,	915
"federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined in	916
section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	917
(8) "Information pertaining to the recreational activities	918
of a person under the age of eighteen" means information that is	919
kept in the ordinary course of business by a public office, that	920
pertains to the recreational activities of a person under the	921
age of eighteen years, and that discloses any of the following:	922
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	923
age of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that	924
person's parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact	925
person;	926
(b) The social security number, birth date, or	927
photographic image of a person under the age of eighteen;	928
(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining	929
to a person under the age of eighteen;	930
(d) Any additional information sought or required about a	931
person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing	932
that person to participate in any recreational activity	933
conducted or sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain	934
admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or	935
operated by a public office.	936
(9) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as	937

- (10) "Post-release control sanction" has the same meaning 939 as in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code. 940
- (11) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any

 information that is exempt from the duty to permit public

 inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the

 definition of a "record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.

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- (12) "Designee" and "elected official" have the same 945 meanings as in section 109.43 of the Revised Code. 946
- (B) (1) Upon request and subject to division (B) (8) of this 947 section, all public records responsive to the request shall be 948 promptly prepared and made available for inspection to any 949 person at all reasonable times during regular business hours. 950 Subject to division (B)(8) of this section, upon request, a 951 public office or person responsible for public records shall 952 make copies of the requested public record available at cost and 953 within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains 954 information that is exempt from the duty to permit public 955 inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or 956 the person responsible for the public record shall make 957 available all of the information within the public record that 958 is not exempt. When making that public record available for 959 public inspection or copying that public record, the public 960 office or the person responsible for the public record shall 961 notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction 962 plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a 963 request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if 964 federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to 965 make the redaction. 966
- (2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a 967 public office or the person responsible for public records shall 968

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organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a location readily available to the public. If a requester makes an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making a request for copies or inspection of public records under this section such that the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what public records are being requested, the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record may deny the request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in which records are maintained by the public office and accessed in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's duties.

- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in whole, the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record shall provide the requester with an explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the request was denied. If the initial request was provided in writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record from relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending an action commenced under division (C) of this section.
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no public office or person responsible for public records may limit or condition the availability of public records by requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended

use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the	1000
requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use	1001
of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the	1002
request.	1003

- (5) A public office or person responsible for public 1004 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 1005 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 1006 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only 1007 after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 1008 1009 mandatory and that the requester may decline to reveal the requester's identity or the intended use and when a written 1010 request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 1011 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 1012 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 1013 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 1014
- (6) If any person chooses to obtain a copy of a public 1015 record in accordance with division (B) of this section, the 1016 public office or person responsible for the public record may 1017 require that person to pay in advance the cost involved in 1018 providing the copy of the public record in accordance with the 1019 choice made by the person seeking the copy under this division. 1020 The public office or the person responsible for the public 1021 record shall permit that person to choose to have the public 1022 record duplicated upon paper, upon the same medium upon which 1023 the public office or person responsible for the public record 1024 keeps it, or upon any other medium upon which the public office 1025 or person responsible for the public record determines that it 1026 reasonably can be duplicated as an integral part of the normal 1027 operations of the public office or person responsible for the 1028 public record. When the person seeking the copy makes a choice 1029 under this division, the public office or person responsible for 1030

the public record shall provide a copy of it in accordance with	1031
the choice made by the person seeking the copy. Nothing in this	1032
section requires a public office or person responsible for the	1033
public record to allow the person seeking a copy of the public	1034
record to make the copies of the public record.	1035

- (7) (a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B) 1036 of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, 1037 a public office or person responsible for public records shall 1038 transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United 1039 States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission 1040 within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request 1041 for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the 1042 public record may require the person making the request to pay 1043 in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by 1044 United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is 1045 transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in 1046 advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the 1047 mailing, delivery, or transmission. 1048
- (b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures 1049 that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period 1050 of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by 1051 United States mail or by any other means of delivery or 1052 transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A 1053 public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division 1054 (B) (7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its 1055 duties under that division. 1056
- (c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division 1057
 (B) (7) of this section: 1058
- (i) A public office may limit the number of records 1059 requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by 1060

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United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per	1061
month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that	1062
the person does not intend to use or forward the requested	1063
records, or the information contained in them, for commercial	1064
purposes;	1065

- (ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all 1066 of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to 1067 and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than 1068 during acts of God outside the public office's control or 1069 1070 maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, 1071 may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a 1072 person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless 1073 the requested records are not provided on the web site and 1074 unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the 1075 person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, 1076 or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes. 1077
- (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,
 "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include
 reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information
 to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or
 activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public 1083 records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated 1084 pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to 1085 inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a 1086 criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would 1087 be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the 1088 investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request 1089 to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose 1090

of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public

record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence

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or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the

judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought

in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be

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a justiciable claim of the person.

(9) (a) Upon written request made and signed by a 1097 journalist on or after December 16, 1999, a public office, or 1098 person responsible for public records, having custody of the 1099 1100 records of the agency employing a specified peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting 1101 attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, 1102 community-based correctional facility employee, youth services 1103 employee, firefighter, EMT, investigator of the bureau of 1104 criminal identification and investigation, or federal law 1105 enforcement officer shall disclose to the journalist the address 1106 of the actual personal residence of the peace officer, parole 1107 officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting attorney, 1108 assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, 1109 community-based correctional facility employee, youth services 1110 employee, firefighter, EMT, investigator of the bureau of 1111 criminal identification and investigation, or federal law 1112 enforcement officer and, if the peace officer's, parole 1113 officer's, probation officer's, bailiff's, prosecuting 1114 attorney's, assistant prosecuting attorney's, correctional 1115 employee's, community-based correctional facility employee's, 1116 youth services employee's, firefighter's, EMT's, investigator of 1117 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation's, or 1118 federal law enforcement officer's spouse, former spouse, or 1119 child is employed by a public office, the name and address of 1120 the employer of the peace officer's, parole officer's, probation 1121

officer's, bailiff's, prosecuting attorney's, assistant	1122
prosecuting attorney's, correctional employee's, community-based	1123
correctional facility employee's, youth services employee's,	1124
firefighter's, EMT's, investigator of the bureau of criminal	1125
identification and investigation's, or federal law enforcement	1126
officer's spouse, former spouse, or child. The request shall	1127
include the journalist's name and title and the name and address	1128
of the journalist's employer and shall state that disclosure of	1129
the information sought would be in the public interest.	1130

- (b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to

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 journalist requests for customer information maintained by a

 municipally owned or operated public utility, other than social

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 security numbers and any private financial information such as

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 credit reports, payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank

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 account information.
- (c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,

 "journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or

 employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,

 press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or

 television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of

 gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or

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 disseminating information for the general public.

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- (C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure 1144 of a public office or the person responsible for public records 1145 to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to 1146 the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of 1147 this section or by any other failure of a public office or the 1148 person responsible for public records to comply with an 1149 obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the 1150 person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and 1151

not both:

- (a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims

 or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75

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 of the Revised Code;
- 1156 (b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that orders the public office or the person responsible for the 1157 public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that 1158 awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person 1159 that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that 1160 includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2) 1161 of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the 1162 court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of 1163 this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme 1164 court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of 1165 Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for 1166 the appellate district in which division (B) of this section 1167 allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original 1168 jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution. 1169
- (2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand 1170 delivery or certified mail to inspect or receive copies of any 1171 public record in a manner that fairly describes the public 1172 record or class of public records to the public office or person 1173 responsible for the requested public records, except as 1174 otherwise provided in this section, the requester shall be 1175 entitled to recover the amount of statutory damages set forth in 1176 this division if a court determines that the public office or 1177 the person responsible for public records failed to comply with 1178 an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section. 1179

The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one 1180 hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 1181

office or person responsible for the requested public records	1182
failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	1183
(B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the	1184
requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages,	1185
up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory	1186
damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation	1187
for injury arising from lost use of the requested information.	1188
The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The	1189
award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other	1190
remedies authorized by this section.	1191

The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not 1192 award statutory damages if the court determines both of the 1193 following:

- (a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory 1195 law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 1196 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 1197 for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a 1198 failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 1199 (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus 1200 action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for 1201 the requested public records reasonably would believe that the 1202 conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person 1203 responsible for the requested public records did not constitute 1204 a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with 1205 division (B) of this section; 1206
- (b) That a well-informed public office or person 1207 responsible for the requested public records reasonably would 1208 believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public 1209 office or person responsible for the requested public records 1210 would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that 1211

is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	1212
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	1213
this section, the following apply:	1214
(a)(i) If the court orders the public office or the person	1215
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	1216
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	1217
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	1218
punitive.	1219
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in	1220
division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	1221
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	1222
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	1223
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	1224
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply	1225
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	1226
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	1227
to the relator, subject to the provisions of division (C)(4) of	1228
this section:	1229
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	1230
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	1231
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	1232
under division (B) of this section.	1233
(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	1234
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	1235
receive copies of the public records requested within a	1236
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	1237
within that specified period of time.	1238
(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the	1239
public records acted in bad faith when the office or person	1240

voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for	1241
the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action,	1242
but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not	1243
the public office or person was required to comply with division	1244
(B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue	1245
of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person	1246
responsible for the public records. This division shall not be	1247
construed as creating a presumption that the public office or	1248
the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith	1249
when the office or person voluntarily made the public records	1250
available to the relator for the first time after the relator	1251
commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	1252
order described in this division.	1253

- (c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the relator if the court determines both of the following:
- (i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory 1256 law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 1257 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 1258 for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a 1259 failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 1260 (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus 1261 action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for 1262 the requested public records reasonably would believe that the 1263 conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person 1264 responsible for the requested public records did not constitute 1265 a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with 1266 division (B) of this section; 1267
- (ii) That a well-informed public office or personresponsible for the requested public records reasonably wouldbelieve that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public1270

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office or person responsible for the requested public records	1271
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	1272
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	1273
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	1274
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	1275
section:	1276
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	1277
punitive.	1278
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	1279
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	1280
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	1281
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	1282
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	1283
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	1284
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	1285
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	1286
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	1287
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	1288
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	1289
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	1290
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	1291
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	1292
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	1293
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	1294
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	1295
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	1296
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	1297
by the court.	1298
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	1299

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provisions of this section.

(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are 1301 appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under 1302 division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their 1303 appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the 1304 attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised 1305 Code. In addition, all public offices shall adopt a public 1306 records policy in compliance with this section for responding to 1307 public records requests. In adopting a public records policy 1308 under this division, a public office may obtain guidance from 1309 the model public records policy developed and provided to the 1310 public office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of 1311 the Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 1312 the policy may not limit the number of public records that the 1313 public office will make available to a single person, may not 1314 limit the number of public records that it will make available 1315 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 1316 period of time before it will respond to a request for 1317 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 1318 less than eight hours. 1319

(2) The public office shall distribute the public records 1320 policy adopted by the public office under division (E)(1) of 1321 this section to the employee of the public office who is the 1322 records custodian or records manager or otherwise has custody of 1323 the records of that office. The public office shall require that 1324 employee to acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public 1325 records policy. The public office shall create a poster that 1326 describes its public records policy and shall post the poster in 1327 a conspicuous place in the public office and in all locations 1328 where the public office has branch offices. The public office 1329 may post its public records policy on the internet web site of 1330

the public office if the public office maintains an internet web	1331
site. A public office that has established a manual or handbook	1332
of its general policies and procedures for all employees of the	1333
public office shall include the public records policy of the	1334
public office in the manual or handbook.	1335

- (F)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules 1336 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit 1337 the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made 1338 by a person for the same records or for updated records during a 1339 calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to 1340 be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 1341 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 1342 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting 1343 information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 1344
 - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,

 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative

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 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct

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 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual

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 costs paid to private contractors for copying services.

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- (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 1351 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 1352 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 1353 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 1354 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 1355 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 1356 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 1357 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 1358 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 1359 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 1360

surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial	1361
purposes.	1362
(c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying,	1363
or selling of any good, service, or other product.	1364
(d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time	1365
spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task,	1366
the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed	1367
by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer	1368
programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction	1369
costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer	1370
or records services.	1371
(3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this	1372
section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for	1373
commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not	1374
include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering	1375
information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the	1376
operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational	1377
research.	1378
(G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or	1379
any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public	1380
records related to that action be made available under this	1381
section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to	1382
the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules	1383
plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of	1384
the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under	1385
this division shall serve a copy of the request on the	1386
prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal	1387
officer responsible for prosecuting the action.	1388
01-1 414 (7) (1) The college C'1' and College C'1'	1200

Sec. 2151.414. (A) (1) Upon the filing of a motion pursuant 1389

to section 2151.413 of the Revised Code for permanent custody of	1390
a child, the court shall schedule a hearing and give notice of	1391
the filing of the motion and of the hearing, in accordance with	1392
section 2151.29 of the Revised Code, to all parties to the	1393
action and to the child's guardian ad litem. The notice also	1394
shall contain a full explanation that the granting of permanent	1395
custody permanently divests the parents of their parental	1396
rights, a full explanation of their right to be represented by	1397
counsel and to have counsel appointed pursuant to Chapter 120.	1398
of the Revised Code if they are indigent, and the name and	1399
telephone number of the court employee designated by the court	1400
pursuant to section 2151.314 of the Revised Code to arrange for	1401
the prompt appointment of counsel for indigent persons.	1402

The court shall conduct a hearing in accordance with 1403 section 2151.35 of the Revised Code to determine if it is in the 1404 best interest of the child to permanently terminate parental 1405 rights and grant permanent custody to the agency that filed the 1406 motion. The adjudication that the child is an abused, neglected, 1407 or dependent child and any dispositional order that has been 1408 issued in the case under section 2151.353 of the Revised Code 1409 pursuant to the adjudication shall not be readjudicated at the 1410 hearing and shall not be affected by a denial of the motion for 1411 permanent custody. 1412

(2) The court shall hold the hearing scheduled pursuant to 1413 division (A)(1) of this section not later than one hundred 1414 twenty days after the agency files the motion for permanent 1415 custody, except that, for good cause shown, the court may 1416 continue the hearing for a reasonable period of time beyond the 1417 one-hundred-twenty-day deadline. The court shall issue an order 1418 that grants, denies, or otherwise disposes of the motion for 1419 permanent custody, and journalize the order, not later than two 1420

hundred days after the agency files the motion.

If a motion is made under division (D)(2) of section 1422 2151.413 of the Revised Code and no dispositional hearing has 1423 been held in the case, the court may hear the motion in the 1424 dispositional hearing required by division (B) of section 1425 2151.35 of the Revised Code. If the court issues an order 1426 pursuant to section 2151.353 of the Revised Code granting 1427 permanent custody of the child to the agency, the court shall 1428 immediately dismiss the motion made under division (D)(2) of 1429 section 2151.413 of the Revised Code. 1430

The failure of the court to comply with the time periods 1431 set forth in division (A)(2) of this section does not affect the 1432 authority of the court to issue any order under this chapter and 1433 does not provide any basis for attacking the jurisdiction of the 1434 court or the validity of any order of the court. 1435

- (B) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this

 section, the court may grant permanent custody of a child to a

 movant if the court determines at the hearing held pursuant to

 division (A) of this section, by clear and convincing evidence,

 that it is in the best interest of the child to grant permanent

 custody of the child to the agency that filed the motion for

 permanent custody and that any of the following apply:

 1442
- (a) The child is not abandoned or orphaned, has not been 1443 in the temporary custody of one or more public children services 1444 agencies or private child placing agencies for twelve or more 1445 months of a consecutive twenty-two-month period, or has not been 1446 in the temporary custody of one or more public children services 1447 agencies or private child placing agencies for twelve or more 1448 months of a consecutive twenty-two-month period if, as described 1449 in division (D)(1) of section 2151.413 of the Revised Code, the 1450

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child was previously in the temporary custody of an equivalent	1451
agency in another state, and the child cannot be placed with	1452
either of the child's parents within a reasonable time or should	1453
not be placed with the child's parents.	1454
(b) The child is abandoned.	1455
(c) The child is orphaned, and there are no relatives of	1456
the child who are able to take permanent custody.	1457
(d) The child has been in the temporary custody of one or	1458
more public children services agencies or private child placing	1459
agencies for twelve or more months of a consecutive twenty-two-	1460
month period, or the child has been in the temporary custody of	1461
one or more public children services agencies or private child	1462
placing agencies for twelve or more months of a consecutive	1463
twenty-two-month period and, as described in division (D)(1) of	1464
section 2151.413 of the Revised Code, the child was previously	1465
in the temporary custody of an equivalent agency in another	1466
state.	1467
(e) The child or another child in the custody of the	1468
parent or parents from whose custody the child has been removed	1469
has been adjudicated an abused, neglected, or dependent child on	1470
three separate occasions by any court in this state or another	1471
state.	1472
For the purposes of division (B)(1) of this section, a	1473
child shall be considered to have entered the temporary custody	1474
of an agency on the earlier of the date the child is adjudicated	1475
pursuant to section 2151.28 of the Revised Code or the date that	1476
is sixty days after the removal of the child from home.	1477

(2) With respect to a motion made pursuant to division (D)

(2) of section 2151.413 of the Revised Code, the court shall

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grant permanent custody of the child to the movant if the court	1480
determines in accordance with division (E) of this section that	1481
the child cannot be placed with one of the child's parents	1482
within a reasonable time or should not be placed with either	1483
parent and determines in accordance with division (D) of this	1484
section that permanent custody is in the child's best interest.	1485

(C) In making the determinations required by this section 1486 or division (A)(4) of section 2151.353 of the Revised Code, a 1487 court shall not consider the effect the granting of permanent 1488 custody to the agency would have upon any parent of the child. A 1489 written report of the quardian ad litem of the child shall be 1490 submitted to the court prior to or at the time of the hearing 1491 held pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2151.35 1492 of the Revised Code but shall not be submitted under oath. 1493

If the court grants permanent custody of a child to a 1494 movant under this division, the court, upon the request of any 1495 party, shall file a written opinion setting forth its findings 1496 of fact and conclusions of law in relation to the proceeding. 1497 The court shall not deny an agency's motion for permanent 1498 custody solely because the agency failed to implement any 1499 particular aspect of the child's case plan. 1500

- (D)(1) In determining the best interest of a child at a hearing held pursuant to division (A) of this section or for the purposes of division (A)(4) or (5) of section 2151.353 or division (C) of section 2151.415 of the Revised Code, the court shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) The interaction and interrelationship of the child 1507 with the child's parents, siblings, relatives, foster caregivers 1508 and out-of-home providers, and any other person who may 1509

significantly affect the child;	1510
(b) The wishes of the child, as expressed directly by the	1511
child or through the child's guardian ad litem, with due regard	1512
for the maturity of the child;	1513
(c) The custodial history of the child, including whether	1514
the child has been in the temporary custody of one or more	1515
public children services agencies or private child placing	1516
agencies for twelve or more months of a consecutive twenty-two-	1517
month period, or the child has been in the temporary custody of	1518
one or more public children services agencies or private child	1519
placing agencies for twelve or more months of a consecutive	1520
twenty-two-month period and, as described in division (D)(1) of	1521
section 2151.413 of the Revised Code, the child was previously	1522
in the temporary custody of an equivalent agency in another	1523
state;	1524
(d) The child's need for a legally secure permanent	1525
placement and whether that type of placement can be achieved	1526
without a grant of permanent custody to the agency;	1527
(e) Whether any of the factors in divisions (E)(7) to (11)	1528
of this section apply in relation to the parents and child.	1529
For the purposes of division (D)(1) of this section, a	1530
child shall be considered to have entered the temporary custody	1531
of an agency on the earlier of the date the child is adjudicated	1532
pursuant to section 2151.28 of the Revised Code or the date that	1533
is sixty days after the removal of the child from home.	1534
(2) If all of the following apply, permanent custody is in	1535
the best interest of the child, and the court shall commit the	1536
child to the permanent custody of a public children services	1537
agency or private child placing agency:	1538

with either parent:

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(a) The court determines by clear and convincing evidence 1539 that one or more of the factors in division (E) of this section 1540 exist and the child cannot be placed with one of the child's 1541 parents within a reasonable time or should not be placed with 1542 either parent. 1543 (b) The child has been in an agency's custody for two 1544 years or longer, and no longer qualifies for temporary custody 1545 pursuant to division (D) of section 2151.415 of the Revised 1546 Code. 1547 (c) The child does not meet the requirements for a planned 1548 permanent living arrangement pursuant to division (A)(5) of 1549 section 2151.353 of the Revised Code. 1550 (d) Prior to the dispositional hearing, no relative or 1551 other interested person has filed, or has been identified in, a 1552 motion for legal custody of the child. 1553 (E) In determining at a hearing held pursuant to division 1554 (A) of this section or for the purposes of division (A) (4) of 1555 section 2151.353 of the Revised Code whether a child cannot be 1556 placed with either parent within a reasonable period of time or 1557 should not be placed with the parents, the court shall consider 1558 all relevant evidence. If the court determines, by clear and 1559 convincing evidence, at a hearing held pursuant to division (A) 1560 of this section or for the purposes of division (A)(4) of 1561 section 2151.353 of the Revised Code that one or more of the 1562 following exist as to each of the child's parents, the court 1563 shall enter a finding that the child cannot be placed with 1564 either parent within a reasonable time or should not be placed 1565

(1) Following the placement of the child outside the

child's home and notwithstanding reasonable case planning and	1568
diligent efforts by the agency to assist the parents to remedy	1569
the problems that initially caused the child to be placed	1570
outside the home, the parent has failed continuously and	1571
repeatedly to substantially remedy the conditions causing the	1572
child to be placed outside the child's home. In determining	1573
whether the parents have substantially remedied those	1574
conditions, the court shall consider parental utilization of	1575
medical, psychiatric, psychological, and other social and	1576
rehabilitative services and material resources that were made	1577
available to the parents for the purpose of changing parental	1578
conduct to allow them to resume and maintain parental duties.	1579

- (2) Chronic mental illness, chronic emotional illness, 1580 intellectual disability, physical disability, or chemical 1581 dependency of the parent that is so severe that it makes the 1582 parent unable to provide an adequate permanent home for the 1583 child at the present time and, as anticipated, within one year 1584 after the court holds the hearing pursuant to division (A) of 1585 this section or for the purposes of division (A)(4) of section 1586 2151.353 of the Revised Code; 1587
- (3) The parent committed any abuse as described in section 1588 2151.031 of the Revised Code against the child, caused the child 1589 to suffer any neglect as described in section 2151.03 of the 1590 Revised Code, or allowed the child to suffer any neglect as 1591 described in section 2151.03 of the Revised Code between the 1592 date that the original complaint alleging abuse or neglect was 1593 filed and the date of the filing of the motion for permanent 1594 custody; 1595
- (4) The parent has demonstrated a lack of commitment 1596 toward the child by failing to regularly support, visit, or 1597

communicate with the child when able to do so, or by other	1598
actions showing an unwillingness to provide an adequate	1599
permanent home for the child;	1600
(5) The parent is incarcerated for an offense committed	1601
against the child or a sibling of the child;	1602
against the chird of a sibiling of the chird,	1002
(6) The parent has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1603
an offense under division (A) or (C) of section 2919.22 or under	1604
section 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.03,	1605
2905.04, 2905.05, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.23,	1606
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	1607
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.24, 2919.25,	1608
2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, or 3716.11 of the Revised	1609
Code, and the child or a sibling of the child was a victim of	1610
the offense, or the parent has been convicted of or pleaded	1611
guilty to an offense under section 2903.04 of the Revised Code,	1612
a sibling of the child was the victim of the offense, and the	1613
parent who committed the offense poses an ongoing danger to the	1614
child or a sibling of the child.	1615
(7) The parent has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1616
one of the following:	1617
(a) An offense under section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2903.03	1618
of the Revised Code or under an existing or former law of this	1619
state, any other state, or the United States that is	1620
substantially equivalent to an offense described in those	1621
sections and the victim of the offense was a sibling of the	1622
child or the victim was another child who lived in the parent's	1623
household at the time of the offense;	1624
(b) An offense under costion 2002 11 2002 12 cm 2002 12	1605
(b) An offense under section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13	1625

of the Revised Code or under an existing or former law of this

(e) of this section.

state, any other state, or the United States that is	1627
substantially equivalent to an offense described in those	1628
sections and the victim of the offense is the child, a sibling	1629
of the child, or another child who lived in the parent's	1630
household at the time of the offense;	1631
(c) An offense under division (B)(2) of section 2919.22 of	1632
the Revised Code or under an existing or former law of this	1633
state, any other state, or the United States that is	1634
substantially equivalent to the offense described in that	1635
section and the child, a sibling of the child, or another child	1636
who lived in the parent's household at the time of the offense	1637
is the victim of the offense;	1638
(d) An offense under section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04,	1639
2907.05, or 2907.06 of the Revised Code or under an existing or	1640
former law of this state, any other state, or the United States	1641
that is substantially equivalent to an offense described in	1642
those sections and the victim of the offense is the child, a	1643
sibling of the child, or another child who lived in the parent's	1644
household at the time of the offense;	1645
(e) An offense under section 2905.32, 2907.21, or 2907.22	1646
of the Revised Code or under an existing or former law of this	1647
state, any other state, or the United States that is	1648
substantially equivalent to the offense described in that	1649
section and the victim of the offense is the child, a sibling of	1650
the child, or another child who lived in the parent's household	1651
at the time of the offense;	1652
(f) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in	1653
committing, an offense described in division (E)(7)(a), (d), or	1654

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- (8) The parent has repeatedly withheld medical treatment 1656 or food from the child when the parent has the means to provide 1657 the treatment or food, and, in the case of withheld medical 1658 treatment, the parent withheld it for a purpose other than to 1659 treat the physical or mental illness or defect of the child by 1660 spiritual means through prayer alone in accordance with the 1661 tenets of a recognized religious body.
- (9) The parent has placed the child at substantial risk of 1663 harm two or more times due to alcohol or drug abuse and has 1664 rejected treatment two or more times or refused to participate 1665 in further treatment two or more times after a case plan issued 1666 pursuant to section 2151.412 of the Revised Code requiring 1667 treatment of the parent was journalized as part of a 1668 dispositional order issued with respect to the child or an order 1669 was issued by any other court requiring treatment of the parent. 1670
 - (10) The parent has abandoned the child.
- (11) The parent has had parental rights involuntarily 1672 terminated with respect to a sibling of the child pursuant to 1673 this section or section 2151.353 or 2151.415 of the Revised 1674 Code, or under an existing or former law of this state, any 1675 other state, or the United States that is substantially 1676 equivalent to those sections, and the parent has failed to 1677 provide clear and convincing evidence to prove that, 1678 notwithstanding the prior termination, the parent can provide a 1679 legally secure permanent placement and adequate care for the 1680 health, welfare, and safety of the child. 1681
- (12) The parent is incarcerated at the time of the filing of the motion for permanent custody or the dispositional hearing of the child and will not be available to care for the child for at least eighteen months after the filing of the motion for

Page 58

permanent custody or the dispositional hearing.	1686
(13) The parent is repeatedly incarcerated, and the	1687
repeated incarceration prevents the parent from providing care	1688
for the child.	1689
(14) The parent for any reason is unwilling to provide	1690
food, clothing, shelter, and other basic necessities for the	1691
child or to prevent the child from suffering physical,	1692
emotional, or sexual abuse or physical, emotional, or mental	1693
neglect.	1694
(15) The parent has committed abuse as described in	1695
section 2151.031 of the Revised Code against the child or caused	1696
or allowed the child to suffer neglect as described in section	1697
2151.03 of the Revised Code, and the court determines that the	1698
seriousness, nature, or likelihood of recurrence of the abuse or	1699
neglect makes the child's placement with the child's parent a	1700
threat to the child's safety.	1701
(16) Any other factor the court considers relevant.	1702
(F) The parents of a child for whom the court has issued	1703
an order granting permanent custody pursuant to this section,	1704
upon the issuance of the order, cease to be parties to the	1705
action. This division is not intended to eliminate or restrict	1706
any right of the parents to appeal the granting of permanent	1707
custody of their child to a movant pursuant to this section.	1708
Sec. 2151.421. (A) (1) (a) No person described in division	1709
(A)(1)(b) of this section who is acting in an official or	1710
professional capacity and knows, or has reasonable cause to	1711
suspect based on facts that would cause a reasonable person in a	1712
similar position to suspect, that a child under eighteen years	1713
of age, or a person under twenty-one years of age with a	1714

developmental disability or physical impairment, has suffered or	1715
faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound,	1716
injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably	1717
indicates abuse or neglect of the child shall fail to	1718
immediately report that knowledge or reasonable cause to suspect	1719
to the entity or persons specified in this division. Except as	1720
provided in section 5120.173 of the Revised Code, the person	1721
making the report shall make it to the public children services	1722
agency or a municipal or county peace officer in the county in	1723
which the child resides or in which the abuse or neglect is	1724
occurring or has occurred. In the circumstances described in	1725
section 5120.173 of the Revised Code, the person making the	1726
report shall make it to the entity specified in that section.	1727

(b) Division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies to any 1728 person who is an attorney; health care professional; 1729 practitioner of a limited branch of medicine as specified in 1730 section 4731.15 of the Revised Code; licensed school 1731 psychologist; independent marriage and family therapist or 1732 marriage and family therapist; coroner; administrator or 1733 employee of a child day-care center; administrator or employee 1734 of a residential camp, child day camp, or private, nonprofit 1735 therapeutic wilderness camp; administrator or employee of a 1736 certified child care agency or other public or private children 1737 services agency; school teacher; school employee; school 1738 authority; agent of a county humane society; person, other than 1739 a cleric, rendering spiritual treatment through prayer in 1740 accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized religion; 1741 employee of a county department of job and family services who 1742 is a professional and who works with children and families; 1743 superintendent or regional administrator employed by the 1744 department of youth services; superintendent, board member, or 1745

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employee of a county board of developmental disabilities;	1746
investigative agent contracted with by a county board of	1747
developmental disabilities; employee of the department of	1748
developmental disabilities; employee of a facility or home that	1749
provides respite care in accordance with section 5123.171 of the	1750
Revised Code; employee of an entity that provides homemaker	1751
services; a person performing the duties of an assessor pursuant	1752
to Chapter 3107. or 5103. of the Revised Code; third party	1753
employed by a public children services agency to assist in	1754
providing child or family related services; court appointed	1755
special advocate; or guardian ad litem.	1756

- (c) If two or more health care professionals, after providing health care services to a child, determine or suspect that the child has been or is being abused or neglected, the health care professionals may designate one of the health care professionals to report the abuse or neglect. A single report made under this division shall meet the reporting requirements of division (A)(1) of this section.
- (2) Except as provided in division (A)(3) of this section, 1764 an attorney or a physician is not required to make a report 1765 pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section concerning any 1766 communication the attorney or physician receives from a client 1767 or patient in an attorney-client or physician-patient 1768 relationship, if, in accordance with division (A) or (B) of 1769 section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, the attorney or physician 1770 could not testify with respect to that communication in a civil 1771 or criminal proceeding. 1772
- (3) The client or patient in an attorney-client or 1773 physician-patient relationship described in division (A)(2) of 1774 this section is deemed to have waived any testimonial privilege 1775

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under division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code	1776
with respect to any communication the attorney or physician	1777
receives from the client or patient in that attorney-client or	1778
physician-patient relationship, and the attorney or physician	1779
shall make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section	1780
with respect to that communication, if <u>all_both</u> of the following	1781
apply:	1782
(a) The client or patient, at the time of the	1783
communication is a shild under eighteen years of age or is a	1701

- (a) The client or patient, at the time of the 1783 communication, is a child under eighteen years of age or is a 1784 person under twenty-one years of age with a developmental 1785 disability or physical impairment. 1786
- (b) The attorney or physician knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect based on facts that would cause a reasonable person in similar position to suspect that the client or patient has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the client or patient.
- (c) The abuse or neglect does not arise out of the

 client's or patient's attempt to have an abortion without the

 notification of her parents, guardian, or custodian in

 accordance with section 2151.85 of the Revised Code.

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- (4) (a) No cleric and no person, other than a volunteer, 1797 designated by any church, religious society, or faith acting as 1798 a leader, official, or delegate on behalf of the church, 1799 religious society, or faith who is acting in an official or 1800 professional capacity, who knows, or has reasonable cause to 1801 believe based on facts that would cause a reasonable person in a 1802 similar position to believe, that a child under eighteen years 1803 of age, or a person under twenty-one years of age with a 1804 developmental disability or physical impairment, has suffered or 1805

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faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound,	1806
injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably	1807
indicates abuse or neglect of the child, and who knows, or has	1808
reasonable cause to believe based on facts that would cause a	1809
reasonable person in a similar position to believe, that another	1810
cleric or another person, other than a volunteer, designated by	1811
a church, religious society, or faith acting as a leader,	1812
official, or delegate on behalf of the church, religious	1813
society, or faith caused, or poses the threat of causing, the	1814
wound, injury, disability, or condition that reasonably	1815
indicates abuse or neglect shall fail to immediately report that	1816
knowledge or reasonable cause to believe to the entity or	1817
persons specified in this division. Except as provided in	1818
section 5120.173 of the Revised Code, the person making the	1819
report shall make it to the public children services agency or a	1820
municipal or county peace officer in the county in which the	1821
child resides or in which the abuse or neglect is occurring or	1822
has occurred. In the circumstances described in section 5120.173	1823
of the Revised Code, the person making the report shall make it	1824
to the entity specified in that section.	1825

- (b) Except as provided in division (A)(4)(c) of this section, a cleric is not required to make a report pursuant to division (A)(4)(a) of this section concerning any communication the cleric receives from a penitent in a cleric-penitent relationship, if, in accordance with division (C) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, the cleric could not testify with respect to that communication in a civil or criminal proceeding.
- (c) The penitent in a cleric-penitent relationship 1833
 described in division (A)(4)(b) of this section is deemed to 1834
 have waived any testimonial privilege under division (C) of 1835
 section 2317.02 of the Revised Code with respect to any 1836

2317.02 of the Revised Code.

communication the cleric receives from the penitent in that	1837
cleric-penitent relationship, and the cleric shall make a report	1838
pursuant to division (A)(4)(a) of this section with respect to	1839
that communication, if <u>all both</u> of the following apply:	1840
(i) The penitent, at the time of the communication, is a	1841
child under eighteen years of age or is a person under twenty-	1842
one years of age with a developmental disability or physical	1843
impairment.	1844
(ii) The cleric knows, or has reasonable cause to believe	1845
based on facts that would cause a reasonable person in a similar	1846
position to believe, as a result of the communication or any	1847
observations made during that communication, the penitent has	1848
suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental	1849
wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that	1850
reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the penitent.	1851
(iii) The abuse or neglect does not arise out of the	1852
penitent's attempt to have an abortion performed upon a child-	1853
under eighteen years of age or upon a person under twenty-one	1854
years of age with a developmental disability or physical	1855
impairment without the notification of her parents, guardian, or	1856
custodian in accordance with section 2151.85 of the Revised	1857
Code.	1858
(d) Divisions (A)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not	1859
apply in a cleric-penitent relationship when the disclosure of	1860
any communication the cleric receives from the penitent is in	1861
violation of the sacred trust.	1862
(e) As used in divisions (A)(1) and (4) of this section,	1863
"cleric" and "sacred trust" have the same meanings as in section	1864

- (B) Anyone who knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect 1866 based on facts that would cause a reasonable person in similar 1867 circumstances to suspect, that a child under eighteen years of 1868 age, or a person under twenty-one years of age with a 1869 developmental disability or physical impairment, has suffered or 1870 faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, 1871 injury, disability, or other condition of a nature that 1872 reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the child may report or 1873 cause reports to be made of that knowledge or reasonable cause 1874 to suspect to the entity or persons specified in this division. 1875 Except as provided in section 5120.173 of the Revised Code, a 1876 person making a report or causing a report to be made under this 1877 division shall make it or cause it to be made to the public 1878 children services agency or to a municipal or county peace 1879 officer. In the circumstances described in section 5120.173 of 1880 the Revised Code, a person making a report or causing a report 1881 to be made under this division shall make it or cause it to be 1882 made to the entity specified in that section. 1883
- (C) Any report made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of 1884 this section shall be made forthwith either by telephone or in 1885 person and shall be followed by a written report, if requested 1886 by the receiving agency or officer. The written report shall 1887 contain:
- (1) The names and addresses of the child and the child's 1889 parents or the person or persons having custody of the child, if 1890 known; 1891
- (2) The child's age and the nature and extent of the 1892 child's injuries, abuse, or neglect that is known or reasonably 1893 suspected or believed, as applicable, to have occurred or of the 1894 threat of injury, abuse, or neglect that is known or reasonably 1895

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suspected or believed, as applicable, to exist, including any 1896 evidence of previous injuries, abuse, or neglect; 1897

- (3) Any other information, including, but not limited to, 1898 results and reports of any medical examinations, tests, or 1899 procedures performed under division (D) of this section, that 1900 might be helpful in establishing the cause of the injury, abuse, 1901 or neglect that is known or reasonably suspected or believed, as 1902 applicable, to have occurred or of the threat of injury, abuse, 1903 or neglect that is known or reasonably suspected or believed, as 1904 applicable, to exist. 1905
- (D)(1) Any person, who is required by division (A) of this 1906 section to report child abuse or child neglect that is known or 1907 reasonably suspected or believed to have occurred, may take or 1908 cause to be taken color photographs of areas of trauma visible 1909 on a child and, if medically necessary for the purpose of 1910 diagnosing or treating injuries that are suspected to have 1911 occurred as a result of child abuse or child neglect, perform or 1912 cause to be performed radiological examinations and any other 1913 medical examinations of, and tests or procedures on, the child. 1914
- (2) The results and any available reports of examinations, tests, or procedures made under division (D)(1) of this section shall be included in a report made pursuant to division (A) of this section. Any additional reports of examinations, tests, or procedures that become available shall be provided to the public children services agency, upon request.
- (3) If a health care professional provides health care services in a hospital, children's advocacy center, or emergency medical facility to a child about whom a report has been made under division (A) of this section, the health care professional 1924 may take any steps that are reasonably necessary for the release 1925

or discharge of the child to an appropriate environment. Before	1926
the child's release or discharge, the health care professional	1927
may obtain information, or consider information obtained, from	1928
other entities or individuals that have knowledge about the	1929
child. Nothing in division (D)(3) of this section shall be	1930
construed to alter the responsibilities of any person under	1931
sections 2151.27 and 2151.31 of the Revised Code.	1932

- (4) A health care professional may conduct medical 1933 examinations, tests, or procedures on the siblings of a child 1934 about whom a report has been made under division (A) of this 1935 section and on other children who reside in the same home as the 1936 child, if the professional determines that the examinations, 1937 tests, or procedures are medically necessary to diagnose or 1938 treat the siblings or other children in order to determine 1939 whether reports under division (A) of this section are warranted 1940 with respect to such siblings or other children. The results of 1941 the examinations, tests, or procedures on the siblings and other 1942 children may be included in a report made pursuant to division 1943 (A) of this section. 1944
- (5) Medical examinations, tests, or procedures conducted

 under divisions (D)(1) and (4) of this section and decisions

 1946
 regarding the release or discharge of a child under division (D)

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 (3) of this section do not constitute a law enforcement

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 investigation or activity.
- (E) (1) When a municipal or county peace officer receives a 1950 report concerning the possible abuse or neglect of a child or 1951 the possible threat of abuse or neglect of a child, upon receipt 1952 of the report, the municipal or county peace officer who 1953 receives the report shall refer the report to the appropriate 1954 public children services agency.

- (2) When a public children services agency receives a 1956 report pursuant to this division or division (A) or (B) of this 1957 section, upon receipt of the report, the public children 1958 services agency shall do both of the following: 1959
 - (a) Comply with section 2151.422 of the Revised Code;
- (b) If the county served by the agency is also served by a 1961 children's advocacy center and the report alleges sexual abuse 1962 of a child or another type of abuse of a child that is specified 1963 in the memorandum of understanding that creates the center as 1964 being within the center's jurisdiction, comply regarding the 1965 report with the protocol and procedures for referrals and 1966 investigations, with the coordinating activities, and with the 1967 authority or responsibility for performing or providing 1968 functions, activities, and services stipulated in the 1969 interagency agreement entered into under section 2151.428 of the 1970 Revised Code relative to that center. 1971
- (F) No township, municipal, or county peace officer shall 1972 remove a child about whom a report is made pursuant to this 1973 section from the child's parents, stepparents, or quardian or 1974 any other persons having custody of the child without 1975 consultation with the public children services agency, unless, 1976 in the judgment of the officer, and, if the report was made by 1977 physician, the physician, immediate removal is considered 1978 essential to protect the child from further abuse or neglect. 1979 The agency that must be consulted shall be the agency conducting 1980 the investigation of the report as determined pursuant to 1981 section 2151.422 of the Revised Code. 1982
- (G)(1) Except as provided in section 2151.422 of the 1983
 Revised Code or in an interagency agreement entered into under 1984
 section 2151.428 of the Revised Code that applies to the 1985

particular report, the public children services agency shall	1986
investigate, within twenty-four hours, each report of child	1987
abuse or child neglect that is known or reasonably suspected or	1988
believed to have occurred and of a threat of child abuse or	1989
child neglect that is known or reasonably suspected or believed	1990
to exist that is referred to it under this section to determine	1991
the circumstances surrounding the injuries, abuse, or neglect or	1992
the threat of injury, abuse, or neglect, the cause of the	1993
injuries, abuse, neglect, or threat, and the person or persons	1994
responsible. The investigation shall be made in cooperation with	1995
the law enforcement agency and in accordance with the memorandum	1996
of understanding prepared under division (K) of this section. A	1997
representative of the public children services agency shall, at	1998
the time of initial contact with the person subject to the	1999
investigation, inform the person of the specific complaints or	2000
allegations made against the person. The information shall be	2001
given in a manner that is consistent with division (I)(1) of	2002
this section and protects the rights of the person making the	2003
report under this section.	2004

A failure to make the investigation in accordance with the 2005 memorandum is not grounds for, and shall not result in, the 2006 dismissal of any charges or complaint arising from the report or 2007 the suppression of any evidence obtained as a result of the 2008 report and does not give, and shall not be construed as giving, 2009 any rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief 2010 to any person. The public children services agency shall report 2011 each case to the uniform statewide automated child welfare 2012 information system that the department of job and family 2013 services shall maintain in accordance with section 5101.13 of 2014 the Revised Code. The public children services agency shall 2015 submit a report of its investigation, in writing, to the law 2016

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enforcement agency.	2017
(2) The public children services agency shall make any	2018
recommendations to the county prosecuting attorney or city	2019
director of law that it considers necessary to protect any	2020
children that are brought to its attention.	2021
(H)(1)(a) Except as provided in divisions (H)(1)(b) and	2022
(I)(3) of this section, any person, health care professional,	2023
hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency	2024
shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for injury,	2025
death, or loss to person or property that otherwise might be	2026
incurred or imposed as a result of any of the following:	2027
(i) Participating in the making of reports pursuant to	2028
division (A) of this section or in the making of reports in good	2029
faith, pursuant to division (B) of this section;	2030
(ii) Participating in medical examinations, tests, or	2031
procedures under division (D) of this section;	2032
(iii) Providing information used in a report made pursuant	2033
to division (A) of this section or providing information in good	2034
faith used in a report made pursuant to division (B) of this	2035
section;	2036
(iv) Participating in a judicial proceeding resulting from	2037
a report made pursuant to division (A) of this section or	2038
participating in good faith in a proceeding resulting from a	2039
report made pursuant to division (B) of this section.	2040
(b) Immunity under division (H)(1)(a)(ii) of this section	2041
shall not apply when a health care provider has deviated from	2042
the standard of care applicable to the provider's profession.	2043
(c) Notwithstanding section 4731.22 of the Revised Code,	2044

the physician-patient privilege shall not be a ground for
excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries, abuse, or
2046
neglect, or the cause of the injuries, abuse, or neglect in any
judicial proceeding resulting from a report submitted pursuant
2048
to this section.

- (2) In any civil or criminal action or proceeding in which 2050 it is alleged and proved that participation in the making of a 2051 report under this section was not in good faith or participation 2052 in a judicial proceeding resulting from a report made under this 2053 2054 section was not in good faith, the court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees and costs and, if a 2055 civil action or proceeding is voluntarily dismissed, may award 2056 reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party against whom 2057 the civil action or proceeding is brought. 2058
- (I)(1) Except as provided in divisions (I)(4) and (O) of 2059 this section, a report made under this section is confidential. 2060 The information provided in a report made pursuant to this 2061 section and the name of the person who made the report shall not 2062 be released for use, and shall not be used, as evidence in any 2063 civil action or proceeding brought against the person who made 2064 the report. Nothing in this division shall preclude the use of 2065 2066 reports of other incidents of known or suspected abuse or neglect in a civil action or proceeding brought pursuant to 2067 division (N) of this section against a person who is alleged to 2068 have violated division (A)(1) of this section, provided that any 2069 information in a report that would identify the child who is the 2070 subject of the report or the maker of the report, if the maker 2071 of the report is not the defendant or an agent or employee of 2072 the defendant, has been redacted. In a criminal proceeding, the 2073 report is admissible in evidence in accordance with the Rules of 2074 Evidence and is subject to discovery in accordance with the 2075

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2076

Rules of Criminal Procedure.

- (2) (a) Except as provided in division (I) (2) (b) of this 2077 section, no person shall permit or encourage the unauthorized 2078 dissemination of the contents of any report made under this 2079 section.
- (b) A health care professional that obtains the same 2081 information contained in a report made under this section from a 2082 source other than the report may disseminate the information, if 2083 its dissemination is otherwise permitted by law. 2084
- (3) A person who knowingly makes or causes another person 2085 to make a false report under division (B) of this section that 2086 alleges that any person has committed an act or omission that 2087 resulted in a child being an abused child or a neglected child 2088 is guilty of a violation of section 2921.14 of the Revised Code. 2089
- (4) If a report is made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of 2090 this section and the child who is the subject of the report dies 2091 for any reason at any time after the report is made, but before 2092 the child attains eighteen years of age, the public children 2093 services agency or municipal or county peace officer to which 2094 the report was made or referred, on the request of the child 2095 fatality review board or the director of health pursuant to 2096 guidelines established under section 3701.70 of the Revised 2097 Code, shall submit a summary sheet of information providing a 2098 summary of the report to the review board of the county in which 2099 the deceased child resided at the time of death or to the 2100 director. On the request of the review board or director, the 2101 agency or peace officer may, at its discretion, make the report 2102 available to the review board or director. If the county served 2103 by the public children services agency is also served by a 2104 children's advocacy center and the report of alleged sexual 2105

abuse of a child or another type of abuse of a child is

specified in the memorandum of understanding that creates the

center as being within the center's jurisdiction, the agency or

center shall perform the duties and functions specified in this

division in accordance with the interagency agreement entered

into under section 2151.428 of the Revised Code relative to that

advocacy center.

- 2113 (5) A public children services agency shall advise a person alleged to have inflicted abuse or neglect on a child who 2114 is the subject of a report made pursuant to this section, 2115 2116 including a report alleging sexual abuse of a child or another type of abuse of a child referred to a children's advocacy 2117 center pursuant to an interagency agreement entered into under 2118 section 2151.428 of the Revised Code, in writing of the 2119 disposition of the investigation. The agency shall not provide 2120 to the person any information that identifies the person who 2121 made the report, statements of witnesses, or police or other 2122 investigative reports. 2123
- (J) Any report that is required by this section, other 2124 than a report that is made to the state highway patrol as 2125 described in section 5120.173 of the Revised Code, shall result 2126 in protective services and emergency supportive services being 2127 made available by the public children services agency on behalf 2128 of the children about whom the report is made, in an effort to 2129 prevent further neglect or abuse, to enhance their welfare, and, 2130 whenever possible, to preserve the family unit intact. The 2131 agency required to provide the services shall be the agency 2132 conducting the investigation of the report pursuant to section 2133 2151.422 of the Revised Code. 2134
 - (K) (1) Each public children services agency shall prepare

following: (a) If there is only one juvenile judge in the county, the juvenile judge of the county or the juvenile judge's 213 representative; 214 (b) If there is more than one juvenile judge in the 214 county, a juvenile judge or the juvenile judges' representative 214 selected by the juvenile judges or, if they are unable to do so 214 for any reason, the juvenile judge who is senior in point of 214 service or the senior juvenile judge's representative; 214 (c) The county peace officer; 214 (d) All chief municipal peace officers within the county; 214 (e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse 214 and neglect cases in the county; 215 (f) The prosecuting attorney of the county; 215 (g) If the public children services agency is not the 215 county department of job and family services, the county 215 (h) The county humane society; 215 (i) If the public children services agency participated in 215 the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section 215 1251.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy 215 center, each participating member of the children's advocacy 215 center established by the memorandum. 215 (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned 216		
(a) If there is only one juvenile judge in the county, the juvenile judge of the county or the juvenile judge's representative; (b) If there is more than one juvenile judge in the county, a juvenile judge or the juvenile judges' representative selected by the juvenile judges or, if they are unable to do so for any reason, the juvenile judge who is senior in point of service or the senior juvenile judge's representative; (c) The county peace officer; (d) All chief municipal peace officers within the county; (e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse and neglect cases in the county; (f) The prosecuting attorney of the county; (g) If the public children services agency is not the county department of job and family services, the county department of job and family services, the county (i) If the public children services agency participated in the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section 2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned	a memorandum of understanding that is signed by all of the	2136
juvenile judge of the county or the juvenile judge's representative; (b) If there is more than one juvenile judge in the county, a juvenile judge or the juvenile judges' representative selected by the juvenile judges or, if they are unable to do so for any reason, the juvenile judge who is senior in point of service or the senior juvenile judge's representative; (c) The county peace officer; (d) All chief municipal peace officers within the county; (e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse and neglect cases in the county; (f) The prosecuting attorney of the county; (g) If the public children services agency is not the county department of job and family services, the county department of job and family services; (i) The county humane society; (i) If the public children services agency participated in the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section 2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned	following:	2137
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(e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse 214 and neglect cases in the county; 215 (f) The prosecuting attorney of the county; 216 (g) If the public children services agency is not the 217 county department of job and family services, the county 218 department of job and family services; 219 (h) The county humane society; 210 (i) If the public children services agency participated in 210 211 212 213 214 215 215 215 215 215 216 217 217 218 218 219 219 219 219 219 219 219 219 219 219	(c) The county peace officer;	2146
and neglect cases in the county; (f) The prosecuting attorney of the county; (g) If the public children services agency is not the county department of job and family services, the county department of job and family services; (h) The county humane society; (i) If the public children services agency participated in the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section 215 2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned	(d) All chief municipal peace officers within the county;	2147
(f) The prosecuting attorney of the county; (g) If the public children services agency is not the county department of job and family services, the county department of job and family services; (h) The county humane society; (i) If the public children services agency participated in the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section 215 2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned	(e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse	2148
(g) If the public children services agency is not the county department of job and family services, the county department of job and family services; (h) The county humane society; (i) If the public children services agency participated in the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section 215 215 215 215 216 217 218 219 219 219 219 219 219 219	and neglect cases in the county;	2149
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2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned 216	(i) If the public children services agency participated in	2155
center, each participating member of the children's advocacy center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned 216	the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section	2156
center established by the memorandum. (2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned 216	2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy	2157
(2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the 216 normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned 216	center, each participating member of the children's advocacy	2158
normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned 216	center established by the memorandum.	2159
	(2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the	2160
officials in the execution of their respective responsibilities 216	normal operating procedure to be employed by all concerned	2161
	officials in the execution of their respective responsibilities	2162

under this section and division (C) of section 2919.21, division	2163
(B)(1) of section 2919.22, division (B) of section 2919.23, and	2164
section 2919.24 of the Revised Code and shall have as two of its	2165
primary goals the elimination of all unnecessary interviews of	2166
children who are the subject of reports made pursuant to	2167
division (A) or (B) of this section and, when feasible,	2168
providing for only one interview of a child who is the subject	2169
of any report made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this	2170
section. A failure to follow the procedure set forth in the	2171
memorandum by the concerned officials is not grounds for, and	2172
shall not result in, the dismissal of any charges or complaint	2173
arising from any reported case of abuse or neglect or the	2174
suppression of any evidence obtained as a result of any reported	2175
child abuse or child neglect and does not give, and shall not be	2176
construed as giving, any rights or any grounds for appeal or	2177
post-conviction relief to any person.	2178

- (3) A memorandum of understanding shall include all of the 2179 following:
- (a) The roles and responsibilities for handling emergency 2181 and nonemergency cases of abuse and neglect; 2182
- (b) Standards and procedures to be used in handling and 2183 coordinating investigations of reported cases of child abuse and 2184 reported cases of child neglect, methods to be used in 2185 interviewing the child who is the subject of the report and who 2186 allegedly was abused or neglected, and standards and procedures 2187 addressing the categories of persons who may interview the child 2188 who is the subject of the report and who allegedly was abused or 2189 neglected. 2190
- (4) If a public children services agency participated in

 2191
 the execution of a memorandum of understanding under section

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2151.426 of the Revised Code establishing a children's advocacy	2193
center, the agency shall incorporate the contents of that	2194
memorandum in the memorandum prepared pursuant to this section.	2195
(5) The clerk of the court of common pleas in the county	2196
may sign the memorandum of understanding prepared under division	2197
(K)(1) of this section. If the clerk signs the memorandum of	2198
understanding, the clerk shall execute all relevant	2199
responsibilities as required of officials specified in the	2200
memorandum.	2201
(L)(1) Except as provided in division (L)(4) or (5) of	2202
this section, a person who is required to make a report pursuant	2203
to division (A) of this section may make a reasonable number of	2204
requests of the public children services agency that receives or	2205
is referred the report, or of the children's advocacy center	2206
that is referred the report if the report is referred to a	2207
children's advocacy center pursuant to an interagency agreement	2208
entered into under section 2151.428 of the Revised Code, to be	2209
provided with the following information:	2210
(a) Whether the agency or center has initiated an	2211
investigation of the report;	2212
(b) Whether the agency or center is continuing to	2213
investigate the report;	2214
(c) Whether the agency or center is otherwise involved	2215
with the child who is the subject of the report;	2216
(d) The general status of the health and safety of the	2217
child who is the subject of the report;	2218
(e) Whether the report has resulted in the filing of a	2219
complaint in juvenile court or of criminal charges in another	2220
court.	2221

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(2) A person may request the information specified in 2222 division (L)(1) of this section only if, at the time the report 2223 is made, the person's name, address, and telephone number are 2224 provided to the person who receives the report. 2225

When a municipal or county peace officer or employee of a 2226 public children services agency receives a report pursuant to 2227 division (A) or (B) of this section the recipient of the report 2228 shall inform the person of the right to request the information 2229 described in division (L)(1) of this section. The recipient of 2230 the report shall include in the initial child abuse or child 2231 2232 neglect report that the person making the report was so informed and, if provided at the time of the making of the report, shall 2233 include the person's name, address, and telephone number in the 2234 report. 2235

Each request is subject to verification of the identity of 2236 the person making the report. If that person's identity is 2237 verified, the agency shall provide the person with the 2238 information described in division (L)(1) of this section a 2239 reasonable number of times, except that the agency shall not 2240 disclose any confidential information regarding the child who is 2241 the subject of the report other than the information described 2242 in those divisions. 2243

- (3) A request made pursuant to division (L)(1) of this section is not a substitute for any report required to be made pursuant to division (A) of this section.
- (4) If an agency other than the agency that received or

 was referred the report is conducting the investigation of the

 report pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code, the

 agency conducting the investigation shall comply with the

 requirements of division (L) of this section.

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- (5) A health care professional who made a report under 2252 2253 division (A) of this section, or on whose behalf such a report was made as provided in division (A)(1)(c) of this section, may 2254 authorize a person to obtain the information described in 2255 division (L)(1) of this section if the person requesting the 2256 information is associated with or acting on behalf of the health 2257 care professional who provided health care services to the child 2258 about whom the report was made. 2259 (M) The director of job and family services shall adopt 2260 rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to 2261 2262 implement this section. The department of job and family
- services may enter into a plan of cooperation with any other

 governmental entity to aid in ensuring that children are

 protected from abuse and neglect. The department shall make

 recommendations to the attorney general that the department

 determines are necessary to protect children from child abuse

 2267

 and child neglect.

 (N) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is
- liable for compensatory and exemplary damages to the child who 2270 would have been the subject of the report that was not made. A 2271 person who brings a civil action or proceeding pursuant to this 2272 2273 division against a person who is alleged to have violated 2274 division (A)(1) of this section may use in the action or proceeding reports of other incidents of known or suspected 2275 abuse or neglect, provided that any information in a report that 2276 would identify the child who is the subject of the report or the 2277 maker of the report, if the maker is not the defendant or an 2278 agent or employee of the defendant, has been redacted. 2279
 - (0)(1) As used in this division:
 - (a) "Out-of-home care" includes a nonchartered nonpublic

school if the alleged child abuse or child neglect, or alleged 2282 threat of child abuse or child neglect, described in a report 2283 received by a public children services agency allegedly occurred 2284 in or involved the nonchartered nonpublic school and the alleged 2285 perpetrator named in the report holds a certificate, permit, or 2286 license issued by the state board of education under section 2287 3301.071 or Chapter 3319. of the Revised Code. 2288

- (b) "Administrator, director, or other chief 2289
 administrative officer" means the superintendent of the school 2290
 district if the out-of-home care entity subject to a report made 2291
 pursuant to this section is a school operated by the district. 2292
- (2) No later than the end of the day following the day on 2293 which a public children services agency receives a report of 2294 alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged 2295 threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred 2296 in or involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall 2297 provide written notice of the allegations contained in and the 2298 person named as the alleged perpetrator in the report to the 2299 administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer 2300 of the out-of-home care entity that is the subject of the report 2301 unless the administrator, director, or other chief 2302 administrative officer is named as an alleged perpetrator in the 2303 report. If the administrator, director, or other chief 2304 administrative officer of an out-of-home care entity is named as 2305 an alleged perpetrator in a report of alleged child abuse or 2306 child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse 2307 or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or involved the 2308 out-of-home care entity, the agency shall provide the written 2309 notice to the owner or governing board of the out-of-home care 2310 entity that is the subject of the report. The agency shall not 2311 provide witness statements or police or other investigative 2312

marriage and family therapist, or coroner.

(3) "Investigation" means the public children services

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2313 reports. (3) No later than three days after the day on which a 2314 public children services agency that conducted the investigation 2315 as determined pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code 2316 makes a disposition of an investigation involving a report of 2317 alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged 2318 threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred 2319 in or involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall send 2320 written notice of the disposition of the investigation to the 2321 2322 administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer and the owner or governing board of the out-of-home care entity. 2323 The agency shall not provide witness statements or police or 2324 2325 other investigative reports. (P) As used in this section: 2326 (1) "Children's advocacy center" and "sexual abuse of a 2327 child" have the same meanings as in section 2151.425 of the 2328 Revised Code. 2329 (2) "Health care professional" means an individual who 2330 provides health-related services including a physician, hospital 2331 intern or resident, dentist, podiatrist, registered nurse, 2332 licensed practical nurse, visiting nurse, licensed psychologist, 2333 speech pathologist, audiologist, person engaged in social work 2334 or the practice of professional counseling, and employee of a 2335 home health agency. "Health care professional" does not include 2336 a practitioner of a limited branch of medicine as specified in 2337 section 4731.15 of the Revised Code, licensed school 2338 psychologist, independent marriage and family therapist or 2339 agency's response to an accepted report of child abuse or 2342 neglect through either an alternative response or a traditional 2343 response.

Sec. 2305.11. (A) An action for libel, slander, malicious 2345 prosecution, or false imprisonment, an action for malpractice 2346 other than an action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or 2347 chiropractic claim, or an action upon a statute for a penalty or 2348 forfeiture shall be commenced within one year after the cause of 2349 action accrued, provided that an action by an employee for the 2350 2351 payment of unpaid minimum wages, unpaid overtime compensation, or liquidated damages by reason of the nonpayment of minimum 2352 wages or overtime compensation shall be commenced within two 2353 years after the cause of action accrued. 2354

(B) A civil action for unlawful abortion pursuant to 2355 section 2919.12 of the Revised Code, a civil action authorized 2356 by division (H) of section 2317.56 2317.57 of the Revised Code, 2357 a civil action pursuant to division (B) of section 2307.52 of 2358 the Revised Code for terminating or attempting to terminate a 2359 human pregnancy after viability in violation of division (A) of 2360 section 2919.17 of the Revised Code as that section existed 2361 prior to the effective date of ...B... of the 132nd general 2362 assembly, and a civil action for terminating or attempting to 2363 terminate a human pregnancy of a pain-capable unborn child in 2364 violation of division (E) of section 2919.201 of the Revised 2365 Code as that section existed prior to the effective date of 2366 ...B... of the 132nd general assembly shall be commenced within 2367 one year after the performance or inducement of the abortion or 2368 within one year after the attempt to perform or induce the 2369 abortion in violation of division (A) of section 2919.17 of the 2370 Revised Code or division (E) of section 2919.201 of the Revised 2371 Code as those sections existed prior to the effective date 2372

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ofB of the 132nd general assembly.	2373
(C) As used in this section, "medical claim," "dental	2374
claim," "optometric claim," and "chiropractic claim" have the	2375
same meanings as in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code.	2376
Sec. 2305.234. (A) As used in this section:	2377
(1) "Chiropractic claim," "medical claim," and "optometric	2378
claim" have the same meanings as in section 2305.113 of the	2379
Revised Code.	2380
(2) "Dental claim" has the same meaning as in section	2381
2305.113 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include	2382
any claim arising out of a dental operation or any derivative	2383
claim for relief that arises out of a dental operation.	2384
(3) "Governmental health care program" has the same	2385
meaning as in section 4731.65 of the Revised Code.	2386
(4) "Health care facility or location" means a hospital,	2387
clinic, ambulatory surgical facility, office of a health care	2388
professional or associated group of health care professionals,	2389
training institution for health care professionals, a free	2390
clinic or other nonprofit shelter or health care facility as	2391
those terms are defined in section 3701.071 of the Revised Code,	2392
or any other place where medical, dental, or other health-	2393
related diagnosis, care, or treatment is provided to a person.	2394
(5) "Health care professional" means any of the following	2395
who provide medical, dental, or other health-related diagnosis,	2396
care, or treatment:	2397
(a) Physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	2398
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	2399
medicine and surgery;	2400

H. B. No. 565 As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee

(b) Advanced practice registered nurses, registered 2401 nurses, and licensed practical nurses licensed under Chapter 2402 4723. of the Revised Code; 2403 (c) Physician assistants authorized to practice under 2404 Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code; 2405 (d) Dentists and dental hygienists licensed under Chapter 2406 4715. of the Revised Code; 2407 2408 (e) Physical therapists, physical therapist assistants, occupational therapists, occupational therapy assistants, and 2409 athletic trainers licensed under Chapter 4755. of the Revised 2410 2411 Code; (f) Chiropractors licensed under Chapter 4734. of the 2412 Revised Code; 2413 2414 (q) Optometrists licensed under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code; 2415 (h) Podiatrists authorized under Chapter 4731. of the 2416 Revised Code to practice podiatry; 2417 (i) Dietitians licensed under Chapter 4759. of the Revised 2418 Code; 2419 (j) Pharmacists licensed under Chapter 4729. of the 2420 Revised Code; 2421 (k) Emergency medical technicians-basic, emergency medical 2422 technicians-intermediate, and emergency medical technicians-2423 paramedic, certified under Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code; 2424 (1) Respiratory care professionals licensed under Chapter 2425 4761. of the Revised Code; 2426 (m) Speech-language pathologists and audiologists licensed 2427

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under Chapter 4753. of the Revised Code;	2428
(n) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed	2429
professional counselors, independent social workers, social	2430
workers, independent marriage and family therapists, and	2431
marriage and family therapists, licensed under Chapter 4757. of	2432
the Revised Code;	2433
(o) Psychologists licensed under Chapter 4732. of the	2434
Revised Code;	2435
(p) Independent chemical dependency counselors-clinical	2436
supervisors, independent chemical dependency counselors,	2437
chemical dependency counselors III, and chemical dependency	2438
counselors II, licensed under Chapter 4758. of the Revised Code,	2439
and chemical dependency counselor assistants, prevention	2440
consultants, prevention specialists, prevention specialist	2441
assistants, and registered applicants, certified under that	2442
chapter.	2443
(6) "Health care worker" means a person other than a	2444
health care professional who provides medical, dental, or other	2445
health-related care or treatment under the direction of a health	2446
care professional with the authority to direct that individual's	2447
activities, including medical technicians, medical assistants,	2448
dental assistants, orderlies, aides, and individuals acting in	2449
similar capacities.	2450
(7) "Indigent and uninsured person" means a person who	2451
meets both of the following requirements:	2452
(a) Relative to being indigent, the person's income is not	2453
greater than two hundred per cent of the federal poverty line,	2454
as defined by the United States office of management and budget	2455
and revised in accordance with section 673(2) of the "Omnibus	2456

Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981," 95 Stat. 511, 42 U.S.C.	2457
9902, as amended, except in any case in which division (A)(7)(b)	2458
(iii) of this section includes a person whose income is greater	2459
than two hundred per cent of the federal poverty line.	2460
(b) Relative to being uninsured, one of the following	2461
applies:	2462
(i) The person is not a policyholder, certificate holder,	2463
insured, contract holder, subscriber, enrollee, member,	2464
beneficiary, or other covered individual under a health	2465
insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan.	2466
(ii) The person is a policyholder, certificate holder,	2467
insured, contract holder, subscriber, enrollee, member,	2468
beneficiary, or other covered individual under a health	2469
insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan, but the	2470
insurer, policy, contract, or plan denies coverage or is the	2471
subject of insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings in any	2472
jurisdiction.	2473
(iii) Until June 30, 2019, the person is eligible for the	2474
medicaid program or is a medicaid recipient.	2475
(iv) Except as provided in division (A)(7)(b)(iii) of this	2476
section, the person is not eligible for or a recipient,	2477
enrollee, or beneficiary of any governmental health care	2478
program.	2479
(8) "Nonprofit health care referral organization" means an	2480
entity that is not operated for profit and refers patients to,	2481
or arranges for the provision of, health-related diagnosis,	2482
care, or treatment by a health care professional or health care	2483
worker.	2484
(9) "Operation" means any procedure that involves cutting	2485

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or otherwise infiltrating human tissue by mechanical means,	2486
including surgery, laser surgery, ionizing radiation,	2487
therapeutic ultrasound, or the removal of intraocular foreign	2488
bodies. "Operation" does not include the administration of	2489
medication by injection, unless the injection is administered in	2490
conjunction with a procedure infiltrating human tissue by	2491
mechanical means other than the administration of medicine by	2492
injection. "Operation" does not include routine dental	2493
restorative procedures, the scaling of teeth, or extractions of	2494
teeth that are not impacted.	2495

- (10) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for 2496 injury, death, or loss to person or property other than a civil 2497 action for damages for a breach of contract or another agreement 2498 between persons or government entities. 2499
- (11) "Volunteer" means an individual who provides any medical, dental, or other health-care related diagnosis, care, or treatment without the expectation of receiving and without receipt of any compensation or other form of remuneration from an indigent and uninsured person, another person on behalf of an indigent and uninsured person, any health care facility or location, any nonprofit health care referral organization, or any other person or government entity.
- (12) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.
- (13) "Deep sedation" means a drug-induced depression of

 consciousness during which a patient cannot be easily aroused

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 but responds purposefully following repeated or painful

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 stimulation, a patient's ability to independently maintain

 ventilatory function may be impaired, a patient may require

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 assistance in maintaining a patent airway and spontaneous

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subject to duress or under undue influence;

ventilation may be inadequate, and cardiovascular function is	2516
usually maintained.	2517
(14) "General anesthesia" means a drug-induced loss of	2518
consciousness during which a patient is not arousable, even by	2519
painful stimulation, the ability to independently maintain	2520
ventilatory function is often impaired, a patient often requires	2521
assistance in maintaining a patent airway, positive pressure	2522
ventilation may be required because of depressed spontaneous	2523
ventilation or drug-induced depression of neuromuscular	2524
function, and cardiovascular function may be impaired.	2525
(B)(1) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this	2526
section, a health care professional who is a volunteer and	2527
complies with division (B)(2) of this section is not liable in	2528
damages to any person or government entity in a tort or other	2529
civil action, including an action on a medical, dental,	2530
chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, for	2531
injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	2532
arises from an action or omission of the volunteer in the	2533
provision to an indigent and uninsured person of medical,	2534
dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment,	2535
including the provision of samples of medicine and other medical	2536
products, unless the action or omission constitutes willful or	2537
wanton misconduct.	2538
(2) To qualify for the immunity described in division (B)	2539
(1) of this section, a health care professional shall do all of	2540
the following prior to providing diagnosis, care, or treatment:	2541
(a) Determine, in good faith, that the indigent and	2542
uninsured person is mentally capable of giving informed consent	2543
to the provision of the diagnosis, care, or treatment and is not	2544
subject to duress or under undue influence;	2545

- (b) Inform the person of the provisions of this section, 2546 including notifying the person that, by giving informed consent 2547 to the provision of the diagnosis, care, or treatment, the 2548 person cannot hold the health care professional liable for 2549 damages in a tort or other civil action, including an action on 2550 a medical, dental, chiropractic, optometric, or other health-2551 related claim, unless the action or omission of the health care 2552 professional constitutes willful or wanton misconduct; 2553
- (c) Obtain the informed consent of the person and a 2554 written waiver, signed by the person or by another individual on 2555 behalf of and in the presence of the person, that states that 2556 the person is mentally competent to give informed consent and, 2557 without being subject to duress or under undue influence, gives 2558 informed consent to the provision of the diagnosis, care, or 2559 treatment subject to the provisions of this section. A written 2560 waiver under division (B)(2)(c) of this section shall state 2561 clearly and in conspicuous type that the person or other 2562 individual who signs the waiver is signing it with full 2563 knowledge that, by giving informed consent to the provision of 2564 the diagnosis, care, or treatment, the person cannot bring a 2565 2566 tort or other civil action, including an action on a medical, dental, chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, 2567 against the health care professional unless the action or 2568 omission of the health care professional constitutes willful or 2569 wanton misconduct. 2570
- (3) A physician or podiatrist who is not covered by

 medical malpractice insurance, but complies with division (B)(2)

 of this section, is not required to comply with division (A) of

 section 4731.143 of the Revised Code.
 - (C) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this section,

health care workers who are volunteers are not liable in damages	2576
to any person or government entity in a tort or other civil	2577
action, including an action upon a medical, dental,	2578
chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, for	2579
injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	2580
arises from an action or omission of the health care worker in	2581
the provision to an indigent and uninsured person of medical,	2582
dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment,	2583
unless the action or omission constitutes willful or wanton	2584
misconduct.	2585

- (D) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this section, a 2586 nonprofit health care referral organization is not liable in 2587 damages to any person or government entity in a tort or other 2588 civil action, including an action on a medical, dental, 2589 chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, for 2590 injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly 2591 arises from an action or omission of the nonprofit health care 2592 referral organization in referring indigent and uninsured 2593 persons to, or arranging for the provision of, medical, dental, 2594 or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment by a 2595 health care professional described in division (B)(1) of this 2596 section or a health care worker described in division (C) of 2597 this section, unless the action or omission constitutes willful 2598 or wanton misconduct. 2599
- (E) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this section 2600 and to the extent that the registration requirements of section 2601 3701.071 of the Revised Code apply, a health care facility or 2602 location associated with a health care professional described in 2603 division (B)(1) of this section, a health care worker described 2604 in division (C) of this section, or a nonprofit health care 2605 referral organization described in division (D) of this section 2606

is not liable in damages to any person or government entity in a	2607
tort or other civil action, including an action on a medical,	2608
dental, chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim,	2609
for injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	2610
arises from an action or omission of the health care	2611
professional or worker or nonprofit health care referral	2612
organization relative to the medical, dental, or other health-	2613
related diagnosis, care, or treatment provided to an indigent	2614
and uninsured person on behalf of or at the health care facility	2615
or location, unless the action or omission constitutes willful	2616
or wanton misconduct.	2617
(F)(1) Except as provided in division (F)(2) of this	2618
section, the immunities provided by divisions (B), (C), (D), and	2619
(E) of this section are not available to a health care	2620
professional, health care worker, nonprofit health care referral	2621
organization, or health care facility or location if, at the	2622
time of an alleged injury, death, or loss to person or property,	2623
the health care professionals or health care workers involved	2624
are providing one of the following:	2625
(a) Any medical, dental, or other health-related	2626
diagnosis, care, or treatment pursuant to a community service	2627
work order entered by a court under division (B) of section	2628
2951.02 of the Revised Code or imposed by a court as a community	2629
control sanction;	2630
(b) Performance of an operation to which any one of the	2631
following applies:	2632
(i) The operation requires the administration of deep	2633
sedation or general anesthesia.	2634

(ii) The operation is a procedure that is not typically

performed in an office. 2636 (iii) The individual involved is a health care 2637 professional, and the operation is beyond the scope of practice 2638 or the education, training, and competence, as applicable, of 2639 the health care professional. 2640 (c) Delivery of a baby or any other purposeful termination 2641 2642 of a human pregnancy. (2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not apply when a 2643 health care professional or health care worker provides medical, 2644 dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment 2645 that is necessary to preserve the life of a person in a medical 2646 emergency. 2647 (G)(1) This section does not create a new cause of action 2648 or substantive legal right against a health care professional, 2649 health care worker, nonprofit health care referral organization, 2650 or health care facility or location. 2651 (2) This section does not affect any immunities from civil 2652 liability or defenses established by another section of the 2653 Revised Code or available at common law to which a health care 2654 professional, health care worker, nonprofit health care referral 2655 organization, or health care facility or location may be 2656 entitled in connection with the provision of emergency or other 2657 medical, dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or 2658 treatment. 2659 (3) This section does not grant an immunity from tort or 2660 other civil liability to a health care professional, health care 2661 worker, nonprofit health care referral organization, or health 2662 care facility or location for actions that are outside the scope 2663 of authority of health care professionals or health care 2664

workers.	2665
In the case of the diagnosis, care, or treatment of an	2666
indigent and uninsured person who is eligible for the medicaid	2667
program or is a medicaid recipient, this section grants an	2668
immunity from tort or other civil liability only if the person's	2669
diagnosis, care, or treatment is provided in a free clinic, as	2670
defined in section 3701.071 of the Revised Code.	2671
(4) This section does not affect any legal responsibility	2672
of a health care professional, health care worker, or nonprofit	2673
health care referral organization to comply with any applicable	2674
law of this state or rule of an agency of this state.	2675
(5) This section does not affect any legal responsibility	2676
of a health care facility or location to comply with any	2677
applicable law of this state, rule of an agency of this state,	2678
or local code, ordinance, or regulation that pertains to or	2679
regulates building, housing, air pollution, water pollution,	2680
sanitation, health, fire, zoning, or safety.	2681
Sec. 2307.52. (A) As used in this section:	2682
(1) "Frivolous _, "frivolous _conduct" has the same meaning	2683
as in section 2323.51 of the Revised Code.	2684
(2) "Viable" has the same meaning as in section 2919.16 of	2685
the Revised Code.	2686
(B) A woman upon whom an abortion is <u>was</u> purposely	2687
performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced in	2688
violation of division (A) of section 2919.17 of the Revised Code	2689
as that section existed prior to the effective date ofB	2690
of the 132nd general assembly has and may commence a civil	2691
action for compensatory damages, punitive or exemplary damages	2692
if authorized by section 2315.21 of the Revised Code, and court	2693

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costs and reasonable attorney's fees against the person who	2694
purposely performed or induced or attempted to perform or induce	2695
the abortion in violation of division (A) of section 2919.17 of	2696
the Revised Code as that section existed prior to the effective	2697
date ofB of the 132nd general assembly.	2698
(C) If a judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in	2699
a civil action commenced pursuant to division (B) of this	2700

a civil action commenced pursuant to division (B) of this section and the court finds, upon the filing of a motion under section 2323.51 of the Revised Code, that the commencement of the civil action constitutes frivolous conduct and that the defendant was adversely affected by the frivolous conduct, the court shall award in accordance with section 2323.51 of the Revised Code reasonable attorney's fees to the defendant.

Sec. 2307.53. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Frivolous_, "frivolous_conduct" has the same meaning 2708 as in section 2323.51 of the Revised Code. 2709

(2) "Partial birth procedure" has the same meaning as insection 2919.151 of the Revised Code.

(B) A woman upon whom a partial birth procedure is 2712 performed in violation of division (B) or (C) of section 2713 2919.151 of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to 2714 the effective date of ...B... of the 132nd general assembly, the 2715 father of the child if the child was not conceived by rape, or 2716 the parent of the woman if the woman is not eighteen years of 2717 age or older at the time of the violation has and may, within 2718 one year after the commission of that offense, commence a civil 2719 action for compensatory damages, punitive or exemplary damages 2720 if authorized by section 2315.21 of the Revised Code, and court 2721 costs and reasonable attorney's fees against the person who 2722 Page 93

committed the violation. 2723 (C) If a judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in 2724 a civil action commenced pursuant to division (B) of this 2725 section and the court finds, upon the filing of a motion under 2726 section 2323.51 of the Revised Code, that the commencement of 2727 the civil action constitutes frivolous conduct and that the 2728 defendant was adversely affected by the frivolous conduct, the 2729 court shall award in accordance with section 2323.51 of the 2730 Revised Code reasonable attorney's fees to the defendant. 2731 Sec. 2307.54. (A) As used in this section, "frivolous 2732 conduct" has the same meaning as in section 2323.51 of the 2733 Revised Code. 2734 (B) A woman upon whom an abortion is was purposely 2735 performed or induced or purposely attempted to be performed or 2736 induced, or the father of the unborn child who was the subject 2737 of such an abortion, in violation of division (E) of section 2738 2919.201 of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to 2739 the effective date of ...B... of the 132nd general assembly, has 2740 2741 and may commence a civil action for compensatory damages, punitive or exemplary damages if authorized by section 2315.21 2742 of the Revised Code, and court costs and reasonable attorney's 2743 fees against the person who purposely performed or induced or 2744 purposely attempted to perform or induce the abortion in 2745 violation of division (E) of section 2919.201 of the Revised 2746 Code as that section existed prior to the effective date of 2747 ...B... of the 132nd general assembly. 2748 (C) If a judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in 2749 a civil action commenced pursuant to division (B) of this 2750 section and the court finds, upon the filing of a motion under 2751 section 2323.51 of the Revised Code, that the commencement of 2752

the civil action constitutes frivolous conduct and that the	2753
defendant was adversely affected by the frivolous conduct, the	2754
court shall award in accordance with section 2323.51 of the	2755
Revised Code reasonable attorney's fees to the defendant.	2756
Sec. 2317.56. (A) As used in this section:	2757
Sec. 2317.36. (A) As used in this section:	2131
(1) "Medical emergency" has the same meaning as in section	2758
2919.16 of the Revised Code.	2759
(2) "Medical necessity" means a medical condition of a	2760
pregnant woman that, in the reasonable judgment of the physician	2761
who is attending the woman, so complicates the pregnancy that it	2762
necessitates the immediate performance or inducement of an-	2763
abortion.	2764
(3) "Probable gestational age of the embryo or fetus"	2765
means the gestational age that, in the judgment of a physician,	2766
is, with reasonable probability, the gestational age of the	2767
embryo or fetus at the time that the physician informs a	2768
pregnant woman pursuant to division (B)(1)(b) of this section.	2769
(B) Except when there is a medical emergency or medical	2770
necessity, an abortion shall be performed or induced only if all-	2771
of the following conditions are satisfied:	2772
(1) At least twenty-four hours prior to the performance or	2773
inducement of the abortion, a physician meets with the pregnant	2774
woman in person in an individual, private setting and gives her-	2775
an adequate opportunity to ask questions about the abortion that	2776
will be performed or induced. At this meeting, the physician	2777
shall inform the pregnant woman, verbally or, if she is hearing	2778
impaired, by other means of communication, of all of the-	2779
following:	2780
(a) The nature and purpose of the particular abortion	2781

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procedure to be used and the medical risks associated with that	2782
procedure;	2783
(b) The probable gestational age of the embryo or fetus;	2784
(c) The medical risks associated with the pregnant woman	2785
carrying the pregnancy to term.	2786
The meeting need not occur at the facility where the	2787
abortion is to be performed or induced, and the physician-	2788
involved in the meeting need not be affiliated with that	2789
facility or with the physician who is scheduled to perform or	2790
induce the abortion.	2791
(2) At least twenty-four hours prior to the performance or	2792
inducement of the abortion, the physician who is to perform or-	2793
induce the abortion or the physician's agent does each of the	2794
following in person, by telephone, by certified mail, return-	2795
receipt requested, or by regular mail evidenced by a certificate-	2796
of mailing:	2797
(a) Inform the pregnant woman of the name of the physician	2798
who is scheduled to perform or induce the abortion;	2799
(b) Give the pregnant woman copies of the published	2800
materials described in division (C) of this section;	2801
(c) Inform the pregnant woman that the materials given-	2802
pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of this section are published by	2803
the state and that they describe the embryo or fetus and list	2804
agencies that offer alternatives to abortion. The pregnant woman-	2805
may choose to examine or not to examine the materials. A	2806
physician or an agent of a physician may choose to be	2807
disassociated from the materials and may choose to comment or	2808
not comment on the materials.	2809

(3) If it has been determined that the unborn human	2810
individual the pregnant woman is carrying has a detectable-	2811
heartbeat, the physician who is to perform or induce the	2812
abortion shall comply with the informed consent requirements in-	2813
section 2919.192 of the Revised Code in addition to complying	2814
with the informed consent requirements in divisions (B)(1), (2),	2815
(4), and (5) of this section.	2816
(4) Prior to the performance or inducement of the	2817
abortion, the pregnant woman signs a form consenting to the	2818
abortion and certifies both of the following on that form:	2819
(a) She has received the information and materials	2820
described in divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section, and her-	2821
questions about the abortion that will be performed or induced	2822
have been answered in a satisfactory manner.	2823
(b) She consents to the particular abortion voluntarily,	2824
knowingly, intelligently, and without coercion by any person,	2825
and she is not under the influence of any drug of abuse or	2826
alcohol.	2827
The form shall contain the name and contact information of	2828
the physician who provided to the pregnant woman the information-	2829
described in division (B) (1) of this section.	2830
(5) Prior to the performance or inducement of the	2831
abortion, the physician who is scheduled to perform or induce-	2832
the abortion or the physician's agent receives a copy of the	2833
pregnant woman's signed form on which she consents to the	2834
abortion and that includes the certification required by	2835
division (B) (4) of this section.	2836
(C)—The department of health shall publish in English and	2837
in Spanish, in a typeface large enough to be clearly legible,	2838

and in an easily comprehensible format, the following materials 2839 on the department's web site: 2840

- (1) Materials that inform the a pregnant woman about 2841 family planning information, of publicly funded agencies that 2842 are available to assist in family planning, and of public and 2843 private agencies and services that are available to assist her 2844 through the pregnancy, upon childbirth, and while the child is 2845 dependent, including, but not limited to, adoption agencies. The 2846 materials shall be geographically indexed; include a 2847 comprehensive list of the available agencies, a description of 2848 the services offered by the agencies, and the telephone numbers 2849 and addresses of the agencies; and inform the pregnant woman 2850 about available medical assistance benefits for prenatal care, 2851 childbirth, and neonatal care and about the support obligations 2852 of the father of a child who is born alive. The department shall 2853 ensure that the materials described in division (C)(A)(1) of 2854 this section are comprehensive and do not directly or indirectly 2855 promote, exclude, or discourage the use of any agency or service 2856 described in this division. These materials shall not include 2857 information directly or indirectly promoting abortion or 2858 abortion services. 2859
- 2860 (2) Materials that inform the pregnant woman of the probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the 2861 zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at two-week gestational 2862 increments for the first sixteen weeks of pregnancy and at four-2863 week gestational increments from the seventeenth week of 2864 pregnancy to full term, including any relevant information 2865 regarding the time at which the fetus possibly would be viable. 2866 The department shall cause these materials to be published only 2867 after it consults with the Ohio state medical association and 2868 the Ohio section of the American college of obstetricians and 2869

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gynecologists relative to the probable anatomical and	2870
physiological characteristics of a zygote, blastocyte, embryo,	2871
or fetus at the various gestational increments. The materials	2872
shall use language that is understandable by the average person	2873
who is not medically trained, shall be objective and	2874
nonjudgmental, and shall include only accurate scientific	2875
information about the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at	2876
the various gestational increments. If the materials use a	2877
pictorial, photographic, or other depiction to provide	2878
information regarding the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus,	2879
the materials shall include, in a conspicuous manner, a scale or	2880
other explanation that is understandable by the average person	2881
and that can be used to determine the actual size of the zygote,	2882
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at a particular gestational	2883
increment as contrasted with the depicted size of the zygote,	2884
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at that gestational increment.	2885

(D)—(B) Upon the submission of a request to the department of health by any person, hospital, physician, or medical facility for one copy of the materials published in accordance with division $\frac{C}{A}$ of this section, the department shall make the requested copy of the materials available to the person, hospital, physician, or medical facility that requested the copy.

(E) If a medical emergency or medical necessity compels-2893 the performance or inducement of an abortion, the physician who-2894 will perform or induce the abortion, prior to its performance or 2895 inducement if possible, shall inform the pregnant woman of the 2896 medical indications supporting the physician's judgment that an 2897 immediate abortion is necessary. Any physician who performs or 2898 induces an abortion without the prior satisfaction of the 2899 conditions specified in division (B) of this section because of 2900

a medical emergency or medical necessity shall enter the reasons	2901
for the conclusion that a medical emergency or medical necessity	2902
exists in the medical record of the pregnant woman.	2903
(F) If the conditions specified in division (B) of this	2904
section are satisfied, consent to an abortion shall be presumed	2905
to be valid and effective.	2906
(G) The performance or inducement of an abortion without	2907
the prior satisfaction of the conditions specified in division-	2908
(B) of this section does not constitute, and shall not be	2909
construed as constituting, a violation of division (A) of-	2910
section 2919.12 of the Revised Code. The failure of a physician	2911
to satisfy the conditions of division (B) of this section prior-	2912
to performing or inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman may	2913
be the basis of both of the following:	2914
(1) A civil action for compensatory and exemplary damages	2915
as described in division (H) of this section;	2916
(2) Disciplinary action under section 4731.22 of the	2917
Revised Code.	2918
(H)(1) Subject to divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this-	2919
section, any physician who performs or induces an abortion with	2920
actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division (B)	2921
of this section have not been satisfied or with a heedless-	2922
indifference as to whether those conditions have been satisfied-	2923
is liable in compensatory and exemplary damages in a civil-	2924
action to any person, or the representative of the estate of any	2925
person, who sustains injury, death, or loss to person or	2926
property as a result of the failure to satisfy those conditions.	2927
In the civil action, the court additionally may enter any	2928
injunctive or other equitable relief that it considers	2929

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appropriate.	2930
(2) The following shall be affirmative defenses in a civil	2931
action authorized by division (H) (1) of this section:	2932
(a) The physician performed or induced the abortion under	2933
the circumstances described in division (E) of this section.	2934
(b) The physician made a good faith effort to satisfy the	2935
conditions specified in division (B) of this section.	2936
(3) An employer or other principal is not liable in	2937
damages in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of this	2938
section on the basis of the doctrine of respondeat superior	2939
unless either of the following applies:	2940
(a) The employer or other principal had actual knowledge	2941
or, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known-	2942
that an employee or agent performed or induced an abortion with-	2943
actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division (B)-	2944
of this section had not been satisfied or with a heedless-	2945
indifference as to whether those conditions had been satisfied.	2946
(b) The employer or other principal negligently failed to	2947
secure the compliance of an employee or agent with division (B)	2948
of this section.	2949
(4) Notwithstanding division (E) of section 2919.12 of the	2950
Revised Code, the civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of	2951
this section shall be the exclusive civil remedy for persons, or	2952
the representatives of estates of persons, who allegedly sustain-	2953
injury, death, or loss to person or property as a result of a	2954
failure to satisfy the conditions specified in division (B) of-	2955
this section.	2956
$\frac{(I)-(C)}{(1)}$ The department of job and family services shall	2957

prepare and conduct a public information program to inform women	2958
of all available governmental programs and agencies that provide	2959
services or assistance for family planning, prenatal care, <u>or</u>	2960
child care, or alternatives to abortion.	2961
(2) The public information program shall not include	2962
information that directly or indirectly promotes abortion or	2963
abortion services.	2964
Sec. 2317.57. (A) Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of this	2965
section, any physician who performed or induced an abortion with	2966
actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division (B)	2967
of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code as that section existed	2968
prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd general	2969
assembly had not been satisfied or with a heedless indifference	2970
as to whether those conditions had been satisfied is liable in	2971
compensatory and exemplary damages in a civil action to any	2972
person, or the representative of the estate of any person, who	2973
sustains injury, death, or loss to person or property as a	2974
result of the failure to satisfy those conditions. In the civil	2975
action, the court additionally may enter any injunctive or other	2976
equitable relief that it considers appropriate.	2977
(B) The following shall be affirmative defenses in a civil	2978
action authorized by this section:	2979
(1) The physician performed or induced the abortion under	2980
the circumstances described in division (E) of section 2317.56	2981
of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to the	2982
effective date ofB of the 132nd general assembly.	2983
(2) The physician made a good faith effort to satisfy the	2984
conditions specified in division (B) of section 2317.56 of the	2985
Revised Code as that section existed prior to the effective date	2986

ofB of the 132nd general assembly.	2987
(C) An employer or other principal is not liable in	2988
damages in a civil action authorized by this section on the	2989
basis of the doctrine of respondeat superior unless either of	2990
the following applies:	2991
(1) The employer or other principal had actual knowledge	2992
or, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known	2993
that an employee or agent performed or induced an abortion with	2994
actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division (B)	2995
of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code as that section existed	2996
prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd general	2997
assembly had not been satisfied or with a heedless indifference	2998
as to whether those conditions had been satisfied.	2999
(2) The employer or other principal negligently failed to	3000
secure the compliance of an employee or agent with division (B)	3000
of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code as that section existed	3002
prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd general	3002
assembly.	3003
assembly.	3004
(D) Notwithstanding division (A) of section 2919.12 of the	3005
Revised Code, the civil action authorized by this section shall	3006
be the exclusive civil remedy for persons, or the	3007
representatives of estates of persons, who allegedly sustain	3008
injury, death, or loss to person or property as a result of a	3009
failure to satisfy the conditions specified in division (B) of	3010
section 2317.56 of the Revised Code as that section existed	3011
prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd general	3012
<pre>assembly.</pre>	3013
Sec. 2505.02. (A) As used in this section:	3014
(1) "Substantial right" means a right that the United	3015

States Constitution, the Ohio Constitution, a statute, the	3016
common law, or a rule of procedure entitles a person to enforce	3017
or protect.	3018
(2) "Special proceeding" means an action or proceeding	3019
that is specially created by statute and that prior to 1853 was	3020
not denoted as an action at law or a suit in equity.	3021
(3) "Provisional remedy" means a proceeding ancillary to	3022
an action, including, but not limited to, a proceeding for a	3023
preliminary injunction, attachment, discovery of privileged	3024
matter, suppression of evidence, a prima-facie showing pursuant	3025
to section 2307.85 or 2307.86 of the Revised Code, a prima-facie	3026
showing pursuant to section 2307.92 of the Revised Code, or a	3027
finding made pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2307.93 of	3028
the Revised Code.	3029
(B) An order is a final order that may be reviewed,	3030
affirmed, modified, or reversed, with or without retrial, when	3031
it is one of the following:	3032
(1) An order that affects a substantial right in an action	3033
that in effect determines the action and prevents a judgment;	3034
(2) An order that affects a substantial right made in a	3035
special proceeding or upon a summary application in an action	3036
after judgment;	3037
(3) An order that vacates or sets aside a judgment or	3038
grants a new trial;	3039
(4) An order that grants or denies a provisional remedy	3040
and to which both of the following apply:	3041
(a) The order in effect determines the action with respect	3042
to the provisional remedy and prevents a judgment in the action	3043

in favor of the appealing party with respect to the provisional	3044
remedy.	3045
(b) The appealing party would not be afforded a meaningful	3046
or effective remedy by an appeal following final judgment as to	3047
all proceedings, issues, claims, and parties in the action.	3048
(5) An order that determines that an action may or may not	3049
be maintained as a class action;	3050
(6) An order determining the constitutionality of any	3051
changes to the Revised Code made by Am. Sub. S.B. 281 of the	3052
124th general assembly, including the amendment of sections	3053
1751.67, 2117.06, 2305.11, 2305.15, 2305.234, 2317.02, 2317.54,	3054
2323.56, 2711.21, 2711.22, 2711.23, 2711.24, 2743.02, 2743.43,	3055
2919.16, 3923.63, 3923.64, 4705.15, and 5111.018 (renumbered as	3056
5164.07 by H.B. 59 of the $130th$ general assembly), and the	3057
enactment of sections 2305.113, 2323.41, 2323.43, and 2323.55 of	3058
the Revised Code or any changes made by Sub. S.B. 80 of the	3059
125th general assembly, including the amendment of sections	3060
2125.02, 2305.10, 2305.131, 2315.18, 2315.19, and 2315.21 of the	3061
Revised Code;	3062
(7) An order in an appropriation proceeding that may be	3063
appealed pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 163.09 of the	3064
Revised Code.	3065
(C) When a court issues an order that vacates or sets	3066
aside a judgment or grants a new trial, the court, upon the	3067
request of either party, shall state in the order the grounds	3068
upon which the new trial is granted or the judgment vacated or	3069
set aside.	3070
(D) This section applies to and governs any action,	3071
including an appeal, that is pending in any court on July 22,	3072

1998, and all claims filed or actions commenced on or after July	3073
22, 1998, notwithstanding any provision of any prior statute or	3074
rule of law of this state.	3075
Sec. 2901.01. (A) As used in the Revised Code:	3076
(1) "Force" means any violence, compulsion, or constraint	3077
physically exerted by any means upon or against a person or	3078
thing.	3079
(2) "Deadly force" means any force that carries a	3080
substantial risk that it will proximately result in the death of	3081
any person.	3082
(3) "Physical harm to persons" means any injury, illness,	3083
or other physiological impairment, regardless of its gravity or	3084
duration.	3085
(4) "Physical harm to property" means any tangible or	3086
intangible damage to property that, in any degree, results in	3087
loss to its value or interferes with its use or enjoyment.	3088
"Physical harm to property" does not include wear and tear	3089
occasioned by normal use.	3090
(5) "Serious physical harm to persons" means any of the	3091
following:	3092
(a) Any mental illness or condition of such gravity as	3093
would normally require hospitalization or prolonged psychiatric	3094
treatment;	3095
(b) Any physical harm that carries a substantial risk of	3096
death;	3097
(c) Any physical harm that involves some permanent	3098
incapacity, whether partial or total, or that involves some	3099
temporary, substantial incapacity;	3100

(d) Any physical harm that involves some permanent	3101
disfigurement or that involves some temporary, serious	3102
disfigurement;	3103
(e) Any physical harm that involves acute pain of such	3104
duration as to result in substantial suffering or that involves	3105
any degree of prolonged or intractable pain.	3106
(6) "Serious physical harm to property" means any physical	3107
harm to property that does either of the following:	3108
(a) Results in substantial loss to the value of the	3109
property or requires a substantial amount of time, effort, or	3110
money to repair or replace;	3111
(b) Temporarily prevents the use or enjoyment of the	3112
property or substantially interferes with its use or enjoyment	3113
for an extended period of time.	3114
(7) "Risk" means a significant possibility, as contrasted	3115
(7) "Risk" means a significant possibility, as contrasted with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or	3115 3116
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or	3116
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist.	3116 3117
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as	3116 3117 3118
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a	3116 3117 3118 3119
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may	3116 3117 3118 3119 3120
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist.	3116 3117 3118 3119 3120 3121
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (9) "Offense of violence" means any of the following:	3116 3117 3118 3119 3120 3121 3122
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (9) "Offense of violence" means any of the following: (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	3116 3117 3118 3119 3120 3121 3122
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (9) "Offense of violence" means any of the following: (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.21, 2903.211,	3116 3117 3118 3119 3120 3121 3122 3123 3124
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. (9) "Offense of violence" means any of the following: (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.32, 2907.02, 2907.03,	3116 3117 3118 3119 3120 3121 3122 3123 3124 3125

division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2911.12, or of division	3129
(B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code	3130
or felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section	3131
2907.12 of the Revised Code;	3132
(b) A violation of an existing or former municipal	3133
ordinance or law of this or any other state or the United	3134
States, substantially equivalent to any section, division, or	3135
offense listed in division (A)(9)(a) of this section;	3136
(c) An offense, other than a traffic offense, under an	3137
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any	3138
other state or the United States, committed purposely or	3139
knowingly, and involving physical harm to persons or a risk of	3140
serious physical harm to persons;	3141
(d) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in	3142
committing, any offense under division (A)(9)(a), (b), or (c) of	3143
this section.	3144
(10)(a) "Property" means any property, real or personal,	3145
tangible or intangible, and any interest or license in that	3146
property. "Property" includes, but is not limited to, cable	3147
television service, other telecommunications service,	3148
telecommunications devices, information service, computers,	3149
data, computer software, financial instruments associated with	3150
computers, other documents associated with computers, or copies	3151
of the documents, whether in machine or human readable form,	3152
trade secrets, trademarks, copyrights, patents, and property	3153
protected by a trademark, copyright, or patent. "Financial	3154
instruments associated with computers" include, but are not	3155
limited to, checks, drafts, warrants, money orders, notes of	3156
indebtedness, certificates of deposit, letters of credit, bills	3157
of credit or debit cards, financial transaction authorization	3158

mechanisms, marketable securities, or any computer system	3159
representations of any of them.	3160
(b) As used in division (A)(10) of this section, "trade	3161
secret" has the same meaning as in section 1333.61 of the	3162
Revised Code, and "telecommunications service" and "information	3163
service" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the	3164
Revised Code.	3165
(c) As used in divisions (A)(10) and (13) of this section,	3166
"cable television service," "computer," "computer software,"	3167
"computer system," "computer network," "data," and	3168
"telecommunications device" have the same meanings as in section	3169
2913.01 of the Revised Code.	3170
(11) "Law enforcement officer" means any of the following:	3171
(a) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer	3172
of a township or joint police district, marshal, deputy marshal,	3173
municipal police officer, member of a police force employed by a	3174
metropolitan housing authority under division (D) of section	3175
3735.31 of the Revised Code, or state highway patrol trooper;	3176
(b) An officer, agent, or employee of the state or any of	3177
its agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions, upon	3178
whom, by statute, a duty to conserve the peace or to enforce all	3179
or certain laws is imposed and the authority to arrest violators	3180
is conferred, within the limits of that statutory duty and	3181
authority;	3182
(c) A mayor, in the mayor's capacity as chief conservator	3183
of the peace within the mayor's municipal corporation;	3184
(d) A member of an auxiliary police force organized by	3185
county, township, or municipal law enforcement authorities,	3186
within the scope of the member's appointment or commission;	3187

(e) A person lawfully called pursuant to section 311.07 of	3188
the Revised Code to aid a sheriff in keeping the peace, for the	3189
purposes and during the time when the person is called;	3190
(f) A person appointed by a mayor pursuant to section	3191
737.01 of the Revised Code as a special patrolling officer	3192
during riot or emergency, for the purposes and during the time	3193
when the person is appointed;	3194
when the person is appointed,	3131
(g) A member of the organized militia of this state or the	3195
armed forces of the United States, lawfully called to duty to	3196
aid civil authorities in keeping the peace or protect against	3197
domestic violence;	3198
(h) A prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting	3199
attorney, secret service officer, or municipal prosecutor;	3200
(i) A veterans' home police officer appointed under	3201
section 5907.02 of the Revised Code;	3202
(j) A member of a police force employed by a regional	3203
transit authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the	3204
Revised Code;	3205
	2206
(k) A special police officer employed by a port authority	3206
under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code;	3207
(1) The house of representatives sergeant at arms if the	3208
house of representatives sergeant at arms has arrest authority	3209
pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised	3210
Code and an assistant house of representatives sergeant at arms;	3211
(m) The senate sergeant at arms and an assistant senate	3212
sergeant at arms;	3213
sergeane as arms,	0210
(n) A special police officer employed by a municipal	3214
corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal air	3215

navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as defined	3216
in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations,	3217
14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required to be under a	3218
security program and is governed by aviation security rules of	3219
the transportation security administration of the United States	3220
department of transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and	3221
1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as	3222
amended.	3223
(12) "Privilege" means an immunity, license, or right	3224
conferred by law, bestowed by express or implied grant, arising	3225
out of status, position, office, or relationship, or growing out	3226
of necessity.	3227
(13) "Contraband" means any property that is illegal for a	3228
person to acquire or possess under a statute, ordinance, or	3229
rule, or that a trier of fact lawfully determines to be illegal	3230
to possess by reason of the property's involvement in an	3231
offense. "Contraband" includes, but is not limited to, all of	3232
the following:	3233
(a) Any controlled substance, as defined in section	3234
3719.01 of the Revised Code, or any device or paraphernalia;	3235
(b) Any unlawful gambling device or paraphernalia;	3236
(c) Any dangerous ordnance or obscene material.	3237
(14) A person is "not guilty by reason of insanity"	3238
relative to a charge of an offense only if the person proves, in	3239
the manner specified in section 2901.05 of the Revised Code,	3240
that at the time of the commission of the offense, the person	3241
did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect,	3242
the wrongfulness of the person's acts.	3243
(B) (1) (a) Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, as	3244

As used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the Revised	3245
Code that sets forth a criminal offense, "person" includes all	3246
of the following:	3247
(i) An an unborn human, individual, corporation, business	3248
trust, estate, trust, partnership, and association+	3249
(ii) An unborn human who is viable.	3250
(b) As used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the	3251
Revised Code that does not set forth a criminal offense,	3252
"person" includes an individual, corporation, business trust,	3253
estate, trust, partnership, and association.	3254
(c) As used in division (B)(1)(a) of this section:	3255
(i) "Unborn human" means an individual organism of the	3256
species Homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.	3257
(ii) "Viable" means the stage of development of a human-	3258
fetus at which there is a realistic possibility of maintaining	3259
and nourishing of a life outside the womb with or without	3260
temporary artificial life-sustaining support.	3261
(2) Notwithstanding division (B)(1)(a) of this section, in	3262
no case shall the portion of the definition of the term "person"	3263
that is set forth in division (B)(1)(a)(ii) of this section be	3264
applied or construed in any section contained in Title XXIX of	3265
the Revised Code that sets forth a criminal offense in any of	3266
the following manners:	3267
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(a) of	3268
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is	3269
construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician-	3270
from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant	3271
woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in	3272

a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise	3273
authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of	3274
the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions-	3275
described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished	3276
as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04,	3277
2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.14,	3278
2903.21, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code, as applicable. An-	3279
abortion that does not violate the conditions described in the	3280
second immediately preceding sentence, but that does violate	3281
section 2919.12, division (B) of section 2919.13, or section	3282
2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, may be	3283
punished as a violation of section 2919.12, division (B) of-	3284
section 2919.13, or section 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the	3285
Revised Code, as applicable. Consent is sufficient under this	3286
division if it is of the type otherwise adequate to permit-	3287
medical treatment to the pregnant woman, even if it does not	3288
comply with section 2919.12 of the Revised Code.	3289
(b) In a manner so that the offense is applied or is	3290
construed as applying to a woman based on an act or omission of	3291
the woman that occurs while she is or was pregnant and that	3292
results in any of the following:	3293
(i) Her delivery of a stillborn baby;	3294
(ii) Her causing, in any other manner, the death in utero-	3295
of a viable, unborn human that she is carrying;	3296
(iii) Her causing the death of her child who is born alive	3297
but who dies from one or more injuries that are sustained while-	3298
the child is a viable, unborn human;	3299
(iv) Her causing her child who is born alive to sustain	3300
one or more injuries while the child is a viable, unborn human;	3301

(v) Her causing, threatening to cause, or attempting to	3302
cause, in any other manner, an injury, illness, or other-	3303
physiological impairment, regardless of its duration or gravity,	3304
or a mental illness or condition, regardless of its duration or-	3305
gravity, to a viable, unborn human that she is carrying.	3306
(C) As used in Title XXIX of the Revised Code:	3307
(1) "School safety zone" consists of a school, school	3308
building, school premises, school activity, and school bus.	3309
(2) "School," "school building," and "school premises"	3310
have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the Revised	3311
Code.	3312
(3) "School activity" means any activity held under the	3313
auspices of a board of education of a city, local, exempted	3314
village, joint vocational, or cooperative education school	3315
district; a governing authority of a community school	3316
established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a governing	3317
board of an educational service center, or the governing body of	3318
a school for which the state board of education prescribes	3319
minimum standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code.	3320
(4) "School bus" has the same meaning as in section	3321
4511.01 of the Revised Code.	3322
Sec. 2903.09. As used in sections 2903.01 to 2903.08,	3323
2903.11 to 2903.14, 2903.21, and 2903.22 of the Revised Code:	3324
(A) (1) "Unlawful termination of another's pregnancy" means	3325
causing the death of an unborn member of the species homo	3326
sapiens, who is or was carried in the womb of another, as a	3327
result of injuries inflicted during the period that begins with	3328
fertilization and that continues unless and until live birth	3329
occurs.	3330

(2) "Unlawful termination of another's pregnancy" shall	3331
not be construed as applying to a medical practitioner or a	3332
pregnant woman based on a surgical, chemical, or medical	3333
procedure to treat a disease wherein the medical practitioner or	3334
pregnant woman does not knowingly, purposely, or recklessly	3335
induce or perform an abortion if the performance of such a	3336
procedure indirectly and unintentionally results in the	3337
termination of a human pregnancy and in which the medical	3338
practitioner has made every effort to protect the lives of both	3339
persons.	3340
(B) "Another's unborn" or "such other person's unborn"	3341
means a member of the species homo sapiens, who is or was	3342
carried in the womb of another, during a period that begins with	3343
fertilization and that continues unless and until live birth	3344
occurs.	3345
(C) Notwithstanding divisions (A) and (B) of this section,	3346
in no case shall the definitions of the terms "unlawful	3347
termination of another's pregnancy," "another's unborn," and	3348
"such other person's unborn" that are set forth in division (A)	3349
of this section be applied or construed in any of the following-	3350
manners:	3351
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1) of	3352
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is	3353
construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician	3354
from performing an abortion with the actual consent of the	3355
pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied	3356
by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one-	3357
otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on	3358
behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the	3359
conditions described in the immediately preceding sentence may	3360

be punished as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	3361
2903.04, 2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13,	3362
2903.14, 2903.21, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code, as applicable.	3363
An abortion that does not violate the conditions described in-	3364
the second immediately preceding sentence, but that does violate	3365
section 2919.12, division (B) of section 2919.13, or section	3366
2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, may be	3367
punished as a violation of section 2919.12, division (B) of	3368
section 2919.13, or section 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the	3369
Revised Code, as applicable.	3370
(2) In a manner so that the offense is applied or is	3371
construed as applying to a woman based on an act or omission of	3372
the woman that occurs while she is or was pregnant and that	3373
results in any of the following:	3374
(a) (1) Her delivery of a stillborn baby;	3375
(b) Her causing, in any other manner, the death in utero-	3376
of an unborn that she is carrying;	3377
(c) Her causing the death of her child who is born alive	3378
but who dies from one or more injuries that are sustained while-	3379
the child is an unborn;	3380
(d) (2) Her causing her child who is born alive to sustain	3381
one or more injuries while the child is an unborn;	3382
$\frac{(e)}{(3)}$ Her causing, threatening to cause, or attempting	3383
to cause, in any other manner, an injury, illness, or other	3384
physiological impairment, regardless of its duration or gravity,	3385
or a mental illness or condition, regardless of its duration or	3386
gravity, to an unborn that she is carrying.	3387

Sec. 2919.11. As used in the Revised Code, "abortion":

(A)(1) "Abortion" means the purposeful termination of a	3389
human pregnancy by any person, including the pregnant woman	3390
herself, with an the intention other than to produce a live	3391
birth or to remove a dead fetus or embryo of causing the death	3392
of an unborn human, by any method, including, but not limited	3393
to, chemical methods, medical methods, and surgical methods.	3394
Abortion is the practice of medicine or surgery for the purposes	3395
of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code.	3396
(2) A medical practitioner performing a surgical,	3397
<pre>chemical, or medical procedure to treat a disease does not</pre>	3398
knowingly, purposely, or recklessly induce or perform an	3399
abortion if the performance of such a procedure indirectly and	3400
unintentionally results in the termination of a human pregnancy	3401
and the medical practitioner has made every effort to protect	3402
the lives of both persons.	3403
(3) An action may be brought under section 2125.01 of the	3404
Revised Code for an act causing an unborn human's death in	3405
violation of Chapter 2903. of the Revised Code.	3406
(B) "Unborn human" means an individual organism of the	3407
species homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.	3408
Sec. 2919.1222919.12. Section 2919.121 of the Revised Code	3409
applies in lieu of division (B) of section 2919.12 of the	3410
Revised Code whenever its operation is not enjoined. If section	3411
2919.121 of the Revised Code is enjoined, division (B) of	3412
section 2919.12 of the Revised Code applies.	3413
(A) Whoever violated section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	3414
as that section existed prior to the effective date ofB	3415
of the 132nd general assembly is liable to the pregnant woman	3416
and hor parents quardian or quetodian for givil componeatory	3/17

and exemplary damages.	3418
(B) Whoever violated division (B) of section 2919.121 of	3419
the Revised Code as that section existed prior to the effective	3420
date ofB of the 132nd general assembly is liable to the	3421
pregnant minor and her parents, guardian, or custodian for	3422
civil, compensatory, and exemplary damages.	3423
(C) If a person complies complied with the requirements of	3424
division (B) of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code <u>as that</u>	3425
section existed prior to the effective date ofB of the	3426
132nd general assembly under the good faith belief that the	3427
application or enforcement of section 2919.121 of the Revised	3428
Code is as that section existed prior to the effective date	3429
ofB of the 132nd general assembly was subject to a	3430
restraining order or injunction, good faith compliance shall	3431
constitute a complete defense to any civil, criminal, or	3432
professional disciplinary action brought under this section	3433
2919.121 of the Revised Code.	3434
(D) If a person complies complied with the requirements of	3435
section 2919.121 of the Revised Code <u>as that section existed</u>	3436
prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd general	3437
<u>assembly</u> under the good faith belief that it <u>is was</u> not subject	3438
to a restraining order or injunction, good faith compliance	3439
shall constitute a complete defense to any criminal, civil, or 	3440
professional disciplinary action for failure to comply with the	3441
requirements of division (B) of section 2919.12 of the Revised	3442
Code as that section existed prior to the effective date of	3443
B of the 132nd general assembly.	3444
Sec. 2919.17. (A) No person shall purposely perform or	3445
induce or attempt to perform or induce an abortion on a pregnant	3446
woman when the unborn child is viable.	3447

(B)(1) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under-	3448
division (A) of this section that the abortion was performed or-	3449
induced or attempted to be performed or induced by a physician-	3450
and that the physician determined, in the physician's good faith-	3451
medical judgment, based on the facts known to the physician at-	3452
that time, that either of the following applied:	3453
(a) The unborn child was not viable.	3454
(b) The abortion was necessary to prevent the death of the	3455
pregnant woman or a serious risk of the substantial and	3456
irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the	3457
pregnant woman.	3458
(2) No abortion shall be considered necessary under	3459
division (B) (1) (b) of this section on the basis of a claim or	3460
diagnosis that the pregnant woman will engage in conduct that	3461
would result in the pregnant woman's death or a substantial and	3462
irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the	3463
pregnant woman or based on any reason related to the woman's	3464
mental health.	3465
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents	3466
compliance with section 2919.18 of the Revised Code, the	3467
affirmative defense set forth in division (B) (1) (a) of this	3468
section does not apply unless the physician who performs or	3469
induces or attempts to perform or induce the abortion performs	3470
the viability testing required by division (A) of section-	3471
2919.18 of the Revised Code and certifies in writing, based on	3472
the results of the tests performed, that in the physician's good	3473
faith medical judgment the unborn child is not viable.	3474
(D) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents	3475
compliance with one or more of the following conditions, the	3476

affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(b) of this	3477
section does not apply unless the physician who performs or	3478
induces or attempts to perform or induce the abortion complies-	3479
with all of the following conditions:	3480
(1) The physician who performs or induces or attempts to-	3481
perform or induce the abortion certifies in writing that, in the	3482
physician's good faith medical judgment, based on the facts	3483
known to the physician at that time, the abortion is necessary	3484
to prevent the death of the pregnant woman or a serious risk of	3485
the substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily	3486
function of the pregnant woman.	3487
(2) Another physician who is not professionally related to	3488
the physician who intends to perform or induce the abortion-	3489
certifies in writing that, in that physician's good faith-	3490
medical judgment, based on the facts known to that physician at-	3491
that time, the abortion is necessary to prevent the death of the	3492
pregnant woman or a serious risk of the substantial and	3493
irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the-	3494
pregnant woman.	3495
(3) The physician performs or induces or attempts to	3496
perform or induce the abortion in a hospital or other health	3497
care facility that has appropriate neonatal services for	3498
premature infants.	3499
(4) The physician who performs or induces or attempts to	3500
perform or induce the abortion terminates or attempts to	3501
terminate the pregnancy in the manner that provides the best	3502
opportunity for the unborn child to survive, unless that	3503
physician determines, in the physician's good faith medical	3504
judgment, based on the facts known to the physician at that	3505
time, that the termination of the pregnancy in that manner poses-	3506

a greater risk of the death of the pregnant woman or a greater	3507
risk of the substantial and irreversible impairment of a major-	3508
bodily function of the pregnant woman than would other available	3509
methods of abortion.	3510
(5) The physician certifies in writing the available	3511
method or techniques considered and the reasons for choosing the	3512
method or technique employed.	3513
(6) The physician who performs or induces or attempts to	3514
perform or induce the abortion has arranged for the attendance	3515
in the same room in which the abortion is to be performed or	3516
induced or attempted to be performed or induced at least one-	3517
other physician who is to take control of, provide immediate	3518
medical care for, and take all reasonable steps necessary to	3519
preserve the life and health of the unborn child immediately	3520
upon the child's complete expulsion or extraction from the	3521
apoli che chila a complete expalator di exclaction ilon che	
pregnant woman.	3522
pregnant woman.	3522
pregnant woman. (E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable	3522 3523
pregnant woman. (E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks	3522 3523 3524
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks gestational age is viable.	3522 3523 3524 3525
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks-gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks-gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a felony of the fourth degree.	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527 3528
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a felony of the fourth degree. (G) The state medical board shall revoke a physician's	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks-gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a felony of the fourth degree.	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527 3528 3529
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a felony of the fourth degree. (G) The state medical board shall revoke a physician's license to practice medicine in this state if the physician violates this section.	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527 3528 3529 3530 3531
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable— presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks— gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating— or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a— felony of the fourth degree. (G) The state medical board shall revoke a physician's— license to practice medicine in this state if the physician— violates this section. (H)—Any physician who performs—performed or induces—	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527 3528 3529 3530 3531
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a felony of the fourth degree. (G) The state medical board shall revoke a physician's license to practice medicine in this state if the physician violates this section. (H)—Any physician who performs—performed or induces—induced an abortion or attempts—attempted to perform or induce	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527 3528 3529 3530 3531 3532 3533
(E) For purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable— presumption that an unborn child of at least twenty-four weeks— gestational age is viable. (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of terminating— or attempting to terminate a human pregnancy after viability, a— felony of the fourth degree. (G) The state medical board shall revoke a physician's— license to practice medicine in this state if the physician— violates this section. (H)—Any physician who performs—performed or induces—	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527 3528 3529 3530 3531

section-applies 2919.17 of the Revised Code, as that section	3536
existed prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd	3537
general assembly, applied, or with a heedless indifference as to	3538
whether either affirmative defense-applies applied, is liable in	3539
a civil action for compensatory and exemplary damages and	3540
reasonable attorney's fees to any person, or the representative	3541
of the estate of any person, who sustains injury, death, or loss	3542
to person or property as the result of the performance or	3543
inducement or the attempted performance or inducement of the	3544
abortion. In any action under this -division section , the court	3545
also may award any injunctive or other equitable relief that the	3546
court considers appropriate.	3547
(I) A pregnant woman on whom an abortion is performed or	3548
induced or attempted to be performed or induced in violation of	3549
division (A) of this section is not guilty of violating division	3550
(A) of this section or of attempting to commit, conspiring to	3551
	3552
commit, or complicity in committing a violation of division (A) of this section.	3553
or this section.	3333
Sec. 2919.191 2919.19. (A) A person who intends to perform	3554
or induce an abortion on a pregnant woman shall determine	3555
whether there is a detectable fetal heartbeat of the unborn-	3556
human individual the pregnant woman is carrying. The method of	3557
determining the presence of a fetal heartbeat shall be	3558
consistent with the person's good faith understanding of	3559
standard medical practice, provided that if rules have been-	3560
adopted under division (C) of this section, the method chosen-	3561
shall be one that is consistent with the rules. The person who-	3562
determines the presence or absence of a fetal heartbeat shall-	3563
record in the pregnant woman's medical record the estimated	3564
gestational age of the unborn human individual, the method used	3565

to test for a fetal heartbeat, the date and time of the test,

3596

and the results of the test. 3567 (B) (1) Except when a medical emergency exists that-3568 prevents compliance with this division, no person shall perform-3569 or induce an abortion on a pregnant woman prior to determining 3570 if the unborn human individual the pregnant woman is carrying 3571 has a detectable fetal heartbeat. Any person who performs or 3572 induces an abortion on a pregnant woman based on the exception 3573 in this division shall note in the pregnant woman's medical 3574 records that a medical emergency necessitating the abortion-3575 existed and shall also note the medical condition of the-3576 pregnant woman that prevented compliance with this division. The 3577 person shall maintain a copy of the notes described in this-3578 division in the person's own records for at least seven years 3579 after the notes are entered into the medical records. 3580 3581 (2) The person who performs the examination for the presence of a fetal heartbeat shall give the pregnant woman the 3582 option to view or hear the fetal heartbeat. 3583 (C) The director of health may promulgate rules pursuant-3584 to section 111.15 of the Revised Code specifying the appropriate 3585 methods of performing an examination for the presence of a fetal-3586 heartbeat of an unborn individual based on standard medical-3587 practice. The rules shall require only that an examination shall 3588 be performed externally. 3589 (D) A person is not in violation of division (A) or (B) of 3590 this section if that person has performed an examination for the 3591 presence of a fetal heartbeat in the fetus utilizing standard 3592 medical practice, that examination does not reveal a fetal-3593 heartbeat or the person has been informed by a physician who has 3594 performed the examination for fetal heartbeat that the 3595

examination did not reveal a fetal heartbeat, and the person-

notes in the pregnant woman's medical records the procedure	3597
utilized to detect the presence of a fetal heartbeat.	3598
(E) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, no	3599
person shall knowingly and purposefully perform or induce an	3600
abortion on a pregnant woman before determining in accordance	3601
with division (A) of this section whether the unborn human	3602
individual the pregnant woman is carrying has a detectable	3603
heartbeat. The failure of a person to satisfy the requirements	3604
of this section prior to performing or inducing an abortion on a	3605
pregnant woman may be the basis for either of the following:	3606
(1) A civil action for compensatory and exemplary damages;	3607
(2) Disciplinary action under section 4731.22 of the	3608
Revised Code.	3609
(F) Division (E) of this section does not apply to a	3610
physician who performs or induces the abortion if the physician	3611
believes that a medical emergency exists that prevents	3612
compliance with that division.	3613
(G) The director of health may determine and specify in	3614
rules adopted pursuant to section 111.15 of the Revised Code and	3615
based upon available medical evidence the statistical	3616
probability of bringing an unborn human individual to term based	3617
on the gestational age of an unborn human individual who-	3618
possesses a detectable fetal heartbeat.	3619
(H) A woman on whom an abortion is was performed in	3620
violation of division (B) of this section 2919.191 of the	3621
Revised Code, as that section existed prior to the effective	3622
date ofB of the 132nd general assembly, or division (B)	3623
(3) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code as that section	3624
existed prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd	3625

<u>general assembly may file a civil action for the wrongful death</u>	3626
of the woman's unborn child and may receive at the mother's	3627
election at any time prior to final judgment damages in an	3628
amount equal to ten thousand dollars or an amount determined by	3629
the trier of fact after consideration of the evidence subject to	3630
the same defenses and requirements of proof, except any	3631
requirement of live birth, as would apply to a suit for the	3632
wrongful death of a child who had been born alive.	3633
Sec. 2919.193. A-(A) No person or government entity shall	3634
retaliate against an employee or any other individual, including	3635
a pregnant woman on whom an abortion is performed or induced—in—	3636
violation of section 2919.191 or 2919.192 of the Revised Code is	3637
not guilty of violating any of those sections; is not guilty of	3638
attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or complicity in	3639
committing a violation of any of those sections; and is not	3640
subject to a civil penalty based on the abortion being performed	3641
or induced in violation of any of those sections, who, in good	3642
faith, does any of the following concerning another's suspected	3643
promotion, provision, or procurement of abortion services:	3644
(1) Makes a report;	3645
(2) Indicates an intention to make such a report;	3646
(3) Provides information during an investigation;	3647
(4) Participates in a hearing.	3648
(B) For purposes of this section, retaliatory actions	3649
include abuse, verbal threats or other harsh language,	3650
discharging, demoting, or transferring the employee or other	3651
person, preparing a negative work performance evaluation of the	3652
employee or other person, reducing the benefits, pay, or work	3653
privileges of the employee or other person, and any other action	3654

intended to retaliate against the employee or other person.	3655
(C) Any person has a cause of action against a person or	3656
government entity for harm resulting from violation of this	3657
section. If the court finds that a violation has occurred, the	3658
court may award damages and order injunctive relief. The court	3659
may award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the	3660
prevailing party.	3661
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this	3662
section, any person, including a pregnant woman upon whom an	3663
abortion is performed or induced, shall not be subject to	3664
criminal or civil penalties, if the person does any of the	3665
following concerning the person's promotion, provision, or	3666
<pre>procurement of an abortion:</pre>	3667
(a) Makes a report;	3668
(b) Provides information during an investigation;	3669
(c) Participates in a hearing.	3670
(2) Division (D)(1) of this section does not apply to any	3671
medical practitioner who promotes, provides, or procures an	3672
abortion.	3673
Sec. 2919.201. (A) No person shall purposely perform or	3674
induce or purposely attempt to perform or induce an abortion on	3675
a pregnant woman when the probable post-fertilization age of the	3676
unborn child is twenty weeks or greater.	3677
(B)(1) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under-	3678
division (A) of this section that the abortion was purposely	3679
performed or induced or purposely attempted to be performed or-	3680
induced by a physician and that the physician determined, in the	3681
physician's reasonable medical judgment, based on the facts	3682

known to the physician at that time, that either of the	3683
following applied:	3684
(a) The probable post-fertilization age of the unborn	3685
child was less than twenty weeks.	3686
enita was less than twenty weeks.	3000
(b) The abortion was necessary to prevent the death of the	3687
pregnant woman or a serious risk of the substantial and	3688
irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the-	3689
pregnant woman.	3690
(2) No abortion shall be considered necessary under-	3691
division (B)(1)(b) of this section on the basis of a claim or	3692
diagnosis that the pregnant woman will engage in conduct that	3693
would result in the pregnant woman's death or a substantial and	3694
irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the	3695
pregnant woman or based on any reason related to the woman's	3696
mental health.	3697
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents	3698
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the	3698 3699
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents- compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B) (1) (a) of this	3698 3699 3700
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents- compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B) (1) (a) of this- section does not apply unless the physician who purposely	3698 3699 3700 3701
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable post-	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child as required by division	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child as required by division (A) of section 2919.203 of the Revised Code or relied upon such	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704 3705
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child as required by division (A) of section 2919.203 of the Revised Code or relied upon such a determination made by another physician and certifies in	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704 3705 3706
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B) (1) (a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child as required by division (A) of section 2919.203 of the Revised Code or relied upon such a determination made by another physician and certifies in writing, based on the results of the tests performed, that in	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704 3705 3706 3707
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable post-fertilization age of the unborn child as required by division (A) of section 2919.203 of the Revised Code or relied upon such a determination made by another physician and certifies in writing, based on the results of the tests performed, that in the physician's reasonable medical judgment the unborn child's	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704 3705 3706
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B) (1) (a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child as required by division (A) of section 2919.203 of the Revised Code or relied upon such a determination made by another physician and certifies in writing, based on the results of the tests performed, that in	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704 3705 3706 3707
(C) Except when a medical emergency exists that prevents compliance with section 2919.203 of the Revised Code, the affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply unless the physician who purposely performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion makes a determination of the probable post-fertilization age of the unborn child as required by division (A) of section 2919.203 of the Revised Code or relied upon such a determination made by another physician and certifies in writing, based on the results of the tests performed, that in the physician's reasonable medical judgment the unborn child's	3698 3699 3700 3701 3702 3703 3704 3705 3706 3707 3708

affirmative defense set forth in division (B)(1)(b) of this-	3712
section does not apply unless the physician who purposely	3713
performs or induces or purposely attempts to perform or induce	3714
the abortion complies with all of the following conditions:	3715
(1) The physician who purposely performs or induces or	3716
purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion certifies-	3717
in writing that, in the physician's reasonable medical judgment,	3718
based on the facts known to the physician at that time, the	3719
abortion is necessary to prevent the death of the pregnant woman	3720
or a serious risk of the substantial and irreversible impairment-	3721
of a major bodily function of the pregnant woman.	3722
(2) A different physician not professionally related to	3723
the physician described in division (D)(1) of this section-	3724
certifies in writing that, in that different physician's	3725
reasonable medical judgment, based on the facts known to that	3726
different physician at that time, the abortion is necessary to	3727
prevent the death of the pregnant woman or a serious risk of the	3728
substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily	3729
function of the pregnant woman.	3730
(3) The physician purposely performs or induces or	3731
purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion in a	3732
hospital or other health care facility that has appropriate-	3733
neonatal services for premature infants.	3734
(4) The physician who purposely performs or induces or	3735
purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion terminates	3736
or attempts to terminate the pregnancy in the manner that	3737
provides the best opportunity for the unborn child to survive,	3738
unless that physician determines, in the physician's reasonable-	3739
medical judgment, based on the facts known to the physician at	3740
that time, that the termination of the pregnancy in that manner-	3741

poses a greater risk of the death of the pregnant woman or a	3742
greater risk of the substantial and irreversible impairment of a	3743
major bodily function of the pregnant woman than would other	3744
available methods of abortion.	3745
(5) The physician certifies in writing the available	3746
method or techniques considered and the reasons for choosing the	3747
method or technique employed.	3748
(6) The physician who purposely performs or induces or	3749
purposely attempts to perform or induce the abortion has	3750
arranged for the attendance in the same room in which the-	3751
abortion is to be performed or induced or attempted to be-	3752
performed or induced at least one other physician who is to take	3753
control of, provide immediate medical care for, and take all	3754
reasonable steps necessary to preserve the life and health of	3755
the unborn child immediately upon the child's complete expulsion	3756
or extraction from the pregnant woman.	3757
(E) Whoever purposely performs or induces or purposely	3758
attempts to perform or induce an abortion in violation of, or-	3759
without complying with, the requirements of this section is	3760
guilty of terminating or attempting to terminate a human	3761
pregnancy of a pain-capable unborn child, a felony of the fourth	3762
degree.	3763
(F) The state medical board shall revoke a physician's	3764
license to practice medicine in this state if the physician	3765
violates or fails to comply with this section.	3766
(G)—Any physician who purposely performs performed or	3767
<pre>induces_induced_an abortion or purposely attempts_attempted_to</pre>	3768
perform or induce an abortion with actual knowledge that neither	3769
of the affirmative defenses set forth in division (B)(1) of this-	3770

section applies 2919.201 of the Revised Code, as that section	3771
existed prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd	3772
general assembly, applied, or with a heedless indifference as to	3773
whether either an affirmative defense applies applied, is liable	3774
in a civil action for compensatory and exemplary damages and	3775
reasonable attorney's fees to any person, or the representative	3776
of the estate of any person, who sustains sustained injury,	3777
death, or loss to person or property as the result of the	3778
performance or inducement or the attempted performance or	3779
inducement of the abortion. In any action under this division	3780
section, the court also may award any injunctive or other	3781
equitable relief that the court considers appropriate.	3782
(H) A pregnant woman on whom an abortion is purposely	3783
performed or induced or purposely attempted to be performed or	3784
induced in violation of division (A) of this section is not-	3785
guilty of violating division (A) of this section or of-	3786
attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or complicity in-	3787
committing a violation of division (A) of this section.	3788
Sec. 2919.24. (A) As used in this section:	3789
(1) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section	3790
2152.02 of the Revised Code.	3791
(2) "Emancipated" means a minor that has married, entered	3792
the armed services of the United States, become employed and	3793
self-subsisting, or has otherwise become independent from the	3794
care and control of the minor's parent, guardian, or custodian.	3795
(3) "Unruly child" has the same meaning as in section	3796
2151.022 of the Revised Code.	3797
(B) No person, including a parent, guardian, or other	3798
custodian of a child, shall do any of the following:	3799

(1) Aid, abet, induce, cause, encourage, or contribute to	3800
a child or a ward of the juvenile court becoming an unruly child	3801
or a delinquent child;	3802
(2) Act in a way tending to cause a child or a ward of the	3803
juvenile court to become an unruly child or a delinquent child;	3804
Javenile could to become an anitary entra of a definquent entra,	3001
(3) Act in a way that contributes to an adjudication of	3805
the child as a delinquent child based on the child's violation	3806
of a court order adjudicating the child an unruly child for	3807
being an habitual truant;	3808
(4) If the person is the parent, guardian, or custodian of	3809
a child who has the duties under Chapters 2152. and 2950. of the	3810
Revised Code to register, register a new residence address, and	3811
periodically verify a residence address, and, if applicable, to	3812
send a notice of intent to reside, and if the child is not	3813
emancipated, as defined in section 2919.121 of the Revised Code,	3814
fail to ensure that the child complies with those duties under	3815
Chapters 2152. and 2950. of the Revised Code.	3816
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	3817
contributing to the unruliness or delinquency of a child, a	3818
misdemeanor of the first degree. Each day of violation of this	3819
section is a separate offense.	3820
Sec. 2919.25. (A) No person shall knowingly cause or	3821
attempt to cause physical harm to a family or household member.	3822
(B) No person shall recklessly cause serious physical harm	3823
to a family or household member.	3824
(C) No person, by threat of force, shall knowingly cause a	3825
family or household member to believe that the offender will	3826

cause imminent physical harm to the family or household member.

- (D) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of domestic 3828 violence, and the court shall sentence the offender as provided 3829 in divisions (D) (2) to (6) of this section. 3830
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (D)(3) to 3831 (5) of this section, a violation of division (C) of this section 3832 is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree, and a violation of 3833 division (A) or (B) of this section is a misdemeanor of the 3834 first degree.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) of 3836 this section, if the offender previously has pleaded guilty to 3837 or been convicted of domestic violence, a violation of an 3838 existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any 3839 other state or the United States that is substantially similar 3840 to domestic violence, a violation of section 2903.14, 2909.06, 3841 2909.07, 2911.12, 2911.211, or 2919.22 of the Revised Code if 3842 the victim of the violation was a family or household member at 3843 the time of the violation, a violation of an existing or former 3844 municipal ordinance or law of this or any other state or the 3845 United States that is substantially similar to any of those 3846 sections if the victim of the violation was a family or 3847 household member at the time of the commission of the violation, 3848 or any offense of violence if the victim of the offense was a 3849 family or household member at the time of the commission of the 3850 offense, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is a 3851 felony of the fourth degree, and, if the offender knew that the 3852 victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the 3853 violation, the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the 3854 offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 3855 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 3856 3857 the second degree.

- (4) If the offender previously has pleaded guilty to or 3858 been convicted of two or more offenses of domestic violence or 3859 two or more violations or offenses of the type described in 3860 division (D)(3) of this section involving a person who was a 3861 family or household member at the time of the violations or 3862 offenses, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is 3863 a felony of the third degree, and, if the offender knew that the 3864 victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the 3865 violation, the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the 3866 offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 3867 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 3868 the first degree. 3869
- (5) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(3) or (4) 3870 of this section, if the offender knew that the victim of the 3871 violation was pregnant at the time of the violation, a violation 3872 of division (A) or (B) of this section is a felony of the fifth 3873 degree, and the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on 3874 the offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 3875 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 3876 the third degree. 3877
- (6) If division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of this section 3878 requires the court that sentences an offender for a violation of 3879 division (A) or (B) of this section to impose a mandatory prison 3880 term on the offender pursuant to this division, the court shall 3881 impose the mandatory prison term as follows: 3882
- (a) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this

 section is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, except as

 otherwise provided in division (D)(6)(b) or (c) of this section,

 the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender

 of at least six months.

- (b) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this

 section is a felony of the fifth degree and the offender, in

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 committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the

 pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the

 pregnant woman's pregnancy, the court shall impose a mandatory

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 prison term on the offender of twelve months.

 3888
- (c) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this

 section is a felony of the fourth degree and the offender, in

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 committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the

 pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the

 3897
 pregnant woman's pregnancy, the court shall impose a mandatory

 prison term on the offender of at least twelve months.

 3899
- (d) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 3900 section is a felony of the third degree, except as otherwise 3901 provided in division (D)(6)(e) of this section and 3902 notwithstanding the range of prison terms prescribed in section 3903 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the third degree, 3904 the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender 3905 of either a definite term of six months or one of the prison 3906 terms prescribed in section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for 3907 felonies of the third degree. 3908
- (e) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 3909 section is a felony of the third degree and the offender, in 3910 committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the 3911 pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the 3912 pregnant woman's pregnancy, notwithstanding the range of prison 3913 terms prescribed in section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a 3914 felony of the third degree, the court shall impose a mandatory 3915 prison term on the offender of either a definite term of one 3916 year or one of the prison terms prescribed in section 2929.14 of 3917

the Revised Code for felonies of the third degree.	3918
(E) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,	3919
no court or unit of state or local government shall charge any	3920
fee, cost, deposit, or money in connection with the filing of	3921
charges against a person alleging that the person violated this	3922
section or a municipal ordinance substantially similar to this	3923
section or in connection with the prosecution of any charges so	3924
filed.	3925
(F) As used in this section and sections 2919.251 and	3926
2919.26 of the Revised Code:	3927
(1) "Family or household member" means any of the	3928
following:	3929
(a) Any of the following who is residing or has resided	3930
with the offender:	3931
(i) A spouse, a person living as a spouse, or a former	3932
spouse of the offender;	3933
(ii) A parent, a foster parent, or a child of the	3934
offender, or another person related by consanguinity or affinity	3935
to the offender;	3936
(iii) A parent or a child of a spouse, person living as a	3937
spouse, or former spouse of the offender, or another person	3938
related by consanguinity or affinity to a spouse, person living	3939
as a spouse, or former spouse of the offender.	3940
(b) The natural parent of any child of whom the offender	3941
is the other natural parent or is the putative other natural	3942
parent.	3943
(2) "Person living as a spouse" means a person who is	3944
living or has lived with the offender in a common law marital	3945

relationship, who otherwise is cohabiting with the offender, or	3946
who otherwise has cohabited with the offender within five years	3947
prior to the date of the alleged commission of the act in	3948
question.	3949
(3) "Pregnant woman's unborn" has the same meaning as	3950
"such other person's unborn," as set forth in section 2903.09 of	3951
the Revised Code, as it relates to the pregnant woman. Division	3952
(C) of that section applies regarding the use of the term in	3953
this section, except that the second and third sentences of	3954
division (C)(1) of that section shall be construed for purposes-	3955
of this section as if they included a reference to this section	3956
in the listing of Revised Code sections they contain.	3957
(4) "Termination of the pregnant woman's pregnancy" has	3958
the same meaning as "unlawful termination of another's	3959
pregnancy," as set forth in section 2903.09 of the Revised Code,	3960
as it relates to the pregnant woman. Division (C) of that	3961
	3962
section applies regarding the use of the term in this section,	3963
except that the second and third sentences of division (C)(1) of that section shall be construed for purposes of this section as	3964
if they included a reference to this section in the listing of	3965
-	
Revised Code sections they contain.	3966
Sec. 2925.11. (A) No person shall knowingly obtain,	3967
possess, or use a controlled substance or a controlled substance	3968
analog.	3969
(B)(1) This section does not apply to any of the	3970
following:	3971
(a) Manufacturors liganced health professionals	3972
(a) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals	3972
authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of	3913

pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct was in accordance

with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4730., 4731., and	3975
4741. of the Revised Code;	3976
(b) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any	3977
person who is conducting or participating in a research project	3978
involving the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been	3979
approved by the United States food and drug administration;	3980
(c) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes,	3981
dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman	3982
species an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for	3983
administration through implants to livestock or other nonhuman	3984
species and approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food,	3985
Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301,	3986
as amended, and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed,	3987
dispensed, or administered for that purpose in accordance with	3988
that act;	3989
(d) Any person who obtained the controlled substance	3990
pursuant to a lawful prescription issued by a licensed health	3991
professional authorized to prescribe drugs.	3992
(2)(a) As used in division (B)(2) of this section:	3993
(i) "Community addiction services provider" has the same	3994
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	3995
(ii) "Community control sanction" and "drug treatment	3996
program" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the	3997
Revised Code.	3998
(iii) "Health care facility"—has the same meaning as in-	3999
section 2919.16 of the Revised Code means a hospital, clinic,	4000
ambulatory surgical treatment center, other center, medical	4001
school, office of a physician, infirmary, dispensary, medical	4002
training institution, mobile surgery facility, or other	4003

institution or location in or at which medical care, treatment,	4004
or diagnosis is provided to a person.	4005
(iv) "Minor drug possession offense" means a violation of	4006
this section that is a misdemeanor or a felony of the fifth	4007
degree.	4008
(v) "Post-release control sanction" has the same meaning	4009
as in section 2967.28 of the Revised Code.	4010
(vi) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	4011
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	4012
(vii) "Public agency" has the same meaning as in section	4013
2930.01 of the Revised Code.	4014
(viii) "Qualified individual" means a person who is not on	4015
community control or post-release control and is a person acting	4016
in good faith who seeks or obtains medical assistance for	4017
another person who is experiencing a drug overdose, a person who	4018
experiences a drug overdose and who seeks medical assistance for	4019
that overdose, or a person who is the subject of another person	4020
seeking or obtaining medical assistance for that overdose as	4021
described in division (B)(2)(b) of this section.	4022
(ix) "Seek or obtain medical assistance" includes, but is	4023
not limited to making a 9-1-1 call, contacting in person or by	4024
telephone call an on-duty peace officer, or transporting or	4025
presenting a person to a health care facility.	4026
(b) Subject to division (B)(2)(f) of this section, a	4027
qualified individual shall not be arrested, charged, prosecuted,	4028
convicted, or penalized pursuant to this chapter for a minor	4029
drug possession offense if all of the following apply:	4030
(i) The evidence of the obtaining, possession, or use of	4031

the controlled substance or controlled substance analog that	4032
would be the basis of the offense was obtained as a result of	4033
the qualified individual seeking the medical assistance or	4034
experiencing an overdose and needing medical assistance.	4035
(ii) Subject to division (B)(2)(g) of this section, within	4036
thirty days after seeking or obtaining the medical assistance,	4037
the qualified individual seeks and obtains a screening and	4038
receives a referral for treatment from a community addiction	4039
services provider or a properly credentialed addiction treatment	4040
professional.	4041
(iii) Subject to division (B)(2)(g) of this section, the	4042
qualified individual who obtains a screening and receives a	4043
referral for treatment under division (B)(2)(b)(ii) of this	4044
section, upon the request of any prosecuting attorney, submits	4045
documentation to the prosecuting attorney that verifies that the	4046
qualified individual satisfied the requirements of that	4047
division. The documentation shall be limited to the date and	4048
time of the screening obtained and referral received.	4049
(c) If a person is found to be in violation of any	4050
community control sanction and if the violation is a result of	4051
either of the following, the court shall first consider ordering	4052
the person's participation or continued participation in a drug	4053
treatment program or mitigating the penalty specified in section	4054
2929.13, 2929.15, or 2929.25 of the Revised Code, whichever is	4055
applicable, after which the court has the discretion either to	4056
order the person's participation or continued participation in a	4057
drug treatment program or to impose the penalty with the	4058
mitigating factor specified in any of those applicable sections:	4059
(i) Seeking or obtaining medical assistance in good faith	4060

for another person who is experiencing a drug overdose;

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(ii) Experiencing a drug overdose and seeking medical	4062
assistance for that overdose or being the subject of another	4063
person seeking or obtaining medical assistance for that overdose	4064
as described in division (B)(2)(b) of this section.	4065
(d) If a person is found to be in violation of any post-	4066
release control sanction and if the violation is a result of	4067
either of the following, the court or the parole board shall	4068
first consider ordering the person's participation or continued	4069
participation in a drug treatment program or mitigating the	4070
penalty specified in section 2929.141 or 2967.28 of the Revised	4071
Code, whichever is applicable, after which the court or the	4072
parole board has the discretion either to order the person's	4073
participation or continued participation in a drug treatment	4074
program or to impose the penalty with the mitigating factor	4075
specified in either of those applicable sections:	4076
(i) Seeking or obtaining medical assistance in good faith	4077
for another person who is experiencing a drug overdose;	4078
(ii) Experiencing a drug overdose and seeking medical	4079
assistance for that emergency or being the subject of another	4080
person seeking or obtaining medical assistance for that overdose	4081
as described in division (B)(2)(b) of this section.	4082
(e) Nothing in division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be	4083
construed to do any of the following:	4084
	4005
(i) Limit the admissibility of any evidence in connection	4085
with the investigation or prosecution of a crime with regards to	4086
a defendant who does not qualify for the protections of division	4087
(B)(2)(b) of this section or with regards to any crime other	4088
than a minor drug possession offense committed by a person who	4089

qualifies for protection pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of this

4119

section for a minor drug possession offense;	4091
(ii) Limit any seizure of evidence or contraband otherwise	4092
permitted by law;	4093
(iii) Limit or abridge the authority of a peace officer to	4094
detain or take into custody a person in the course of an	4095
investigation or to effectuate an arrest for any offense except	4096
as provided in that division;	4097
(iv) Limit, modify, or remove any immunity from liability	4098
available pursuant to law in effect prior to the effective date	4099
of this amendment September 13, 2016, to any public agency or to	4100
an employee of any public agency.	4101
(f) Division (B)(2)(b) of this section does not apply to	4102
any person who twice previously has been granted an immunity	4103
under division (B)(2)(b) of this section. No person shall be	4104
granted an immunity under division (B)(2)(b) of this section	4105
more than two times.	4106
(g) Nothing in this section shall compel any qualified	4107
individual to disclose protected health information in a way	4108
that conflicts with the requirements of the "Health Insurance	4109
Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 104 Pub. L. No.	4110
191, 110 Stat. 2021, 42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq., as amended, and	4111
regulations promulgated by the United States department of	4112
health and human services to implement the act or the	4113
requirements of 42 C.F.R. Part 2.	4114
(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is	4115
guilty of one of the following:	4116
(1) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	4117
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II,	4118

with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin,

hashish, and controlled substance analogs, whoever violates	4120
division (A) of this section is guilty of aggravated possession	4121
of drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as	4122
follows:	4123
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b),	4124
(c), (d), or (e) of this section, aggravated possession of drugs	4125
is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section	4126
2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to	4127
impose a prison term on the offender.	4128
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4129
the bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,	4130
aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree,	4131
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	4132
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4133
five times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk	4134
amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the second	4135
degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term	4136
one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second	4137
degree.	4138
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4139
fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times	4140
the bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of	4141
the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	4142
prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of	4143
the first degree.	4144
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4145
one hundred times the bulk amount, aggravated possession of	4146
drugs is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major	4147
drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	4148

term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the	4143
first degree.	4150
(2) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	4151
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,	4152
or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	4153
possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be	4154
determined as follows:	4155
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b),	4156
(c), or (d) of this section, possession of drugs is a	4157
misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously	4158
has been convicted of a drug abuse offense, a felony of the	4159
fifth degree.	4160
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4161
the bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,	4162
possession of drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and	4163
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4164
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4165
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4166
five times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk	4167
amount, possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, and	4168
there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	4169
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4170
fifty times the bulk amount, possession of drugs is a felony of	4171
the second degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender	4172
as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed	4173
for a felony of the second degree.	4174
(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or	4175
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	4176
marihuana other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of	4177

this section is guilty of possession of marihuana. The penalty	4178
for the offense shall be determined as follows:	4179
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b),	4180
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession of	4181
marihuana is a minor misdemeanor.	4182
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4183
one hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, possession	4184
of marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	4185
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4186
two hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams,	4187
possession of marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and	4188
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4189
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4190
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4191
one thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams,	4192
possession of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and	4193
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4194
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4195
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4196
five thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams,	4197
possession of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and	4198
there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for	4199
the offense.	4200
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4201
twenty thousand grams but is less than forty thousand grams,	4202
possession of marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and	4203
the court shall impose a mandatory prison term of five, six,	4204
seven, or eight years.	4205
(a) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4206

prescribed for a felony of the third degree.

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forty thousand grams, possession of marihuana is a felony of the	4207
second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	4208
term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the	4209
second degree.	4210
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a	4211
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine,	4212
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	4213
possession of cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be	4214
determined as follows:	4215
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b),	4216
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of cocaine is	4217
a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section	4218
2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to	4219
impose a prison term on the offender.	4220
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4221
five grams but is less than ten grams of cocaine, possession of	4222
cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of	4223
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	4224
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4225
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4226
ten grams but is less than twenty grams of cocaine, possession	4227
of cocaine is a felony of the third degree, and, except as	4228
otherwise provided in this division, there is a presumption for	4229
a prison term for the offense. If possession of cocaine is a	4230
felony of the third degree under this division and if the	4231
offender two or more times previously has been convicted of or	4232
pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse offense, the court shall	4233
impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms	4234

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(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4236
twenty grams but is less than twenty-seven grams of cocaine,	4237
possession of cocaine is a felony of the second degree, and the	4238
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison	4239
terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	4240
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4241
twenty-seven grams but is less than one hundred grams of	4242
cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the first degree,	4243
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	4244
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	4245
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4246
one hundred grams of cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony	4247
of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and	4248
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum	4249
prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	4250
(5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D.,	4251
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	4252
possession of L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be	4253
determined as follows:	4254
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b),	4255
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of L.S.D. is a	4256
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13	4257
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	4258
prison term on the offender.	4259
(b) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds ten	4260
unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a	4261
solid form or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five	4262
grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or	4263
liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the	4264

fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the	4265
Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	4266
term on the offender.	4267
(c) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds	4268
fifty unit doses, but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses	4269
of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is	4270
less than twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate,	4271
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D.	4272
is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for	4273
a prison term for the offense.	4274
(d) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds two	4275
hundred fifty unit doses but is less than one thousand unit	4276
doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five	4277
grams but is less than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid	4278
concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form,	4279
possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the	4280
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison	4281
terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	4282
(e) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds one	4283
thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of	4284
L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams	4285
but is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid	4286
concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form,	4287
possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the	4288
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison	4289

(f) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds

five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or

exceeds five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate,

liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D.

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terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.

is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug	4295
offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term	4296
the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first	4297
degree.	4298
(6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a	4299
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin,	4300
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	4301
possession of heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be	4302
determined as follows:	4303
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b),	4304
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of heroin is a	4305
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13	4306
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	4307
prison term on the offender.	4308
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4309
ten unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or	4310
exceeds one gram but is less than five grams, possession of	4311
heroin is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of	4312
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	4313
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4314
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4315
fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or	4316
equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams,	4317
possession of heroin is a felony of the third degree, and there	4318
is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	4319
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4320
one hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses	4321
or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams,	4322
possession of heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the	4323

court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison	4324
terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	4325
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4326
five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses	4327
or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred	4328
grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, and	4329
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	4330
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	4331
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4332
one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams,	4333
possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, the	4334
offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as	4335
a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a	4336
felony of the first degree.	4337
(7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a	4338
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish,	4339
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	4340
possession of hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be	4341
determined as follows:	4342
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b),	4343
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession of	4344
hashish is a minor misdemeanor.	4345
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4346
five grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a solid form	4347
or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than two grams of	4348
hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid	4349
distillate form, possession of hashish is a misdemeanor of the	4350
fourth degree.	4351

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

ten grams but is less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid	4353
form or equals or exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams	4354
of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid	4355
distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of the fifth	4356
degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code	4357
applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the	4358
offender.	4359

- (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 4360 fifty grams but is less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish 4361 in a solid form or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than 4362 fifty grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, 4363 or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of 4364 the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the 4365 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 4366 term on the offender. 4367
- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 4368 two hundred fifty grams but is less than one thousand grams of 4369 hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is 4370 less than two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, 4371 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish 4372 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that 4373 a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 4374
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 4375 one thousand grams but is less than two thousand grams of 4376 hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two hundred grams 4377 but is less than four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid 4378 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 4379 possession of hashish is a felony of the second degree, and the 4380 court shall impose a mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, 4381 or eight years. 4382

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(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4383
two thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or	4384
exceeds four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate,	4385
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish	4386
is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as	4387
a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a	4388
felony of the second degree.	4389
(8) If the drug involved is a controlled substance analog	4390
or compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that contains a	4391
	4391
controlled substance analog, whoever violates division (A) of	
this section is guilty of possession of a controlled substance	4393
analog. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as	4394
follows:	4395
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(b),	4396
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of a	4397
controlled substance analog is a felony of the fifth degree, and	4398
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4399
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4400
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4401
ten grams but is less than twenty grams, possession of a	4402
controlled substance analog is a felony of the fourth degree,	4403
	4404
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	4404
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4405
twenty grams but is less than thirty grams, possession of a	4406
controlled substance analog is a felony of the third degree, and	4407

there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.

thirty grams but is less than forty grams, possession of a

controlled substance analog is a felony of the second degree,

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

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and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	4412
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	4413
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4414
forty grams but is less than fifty grams, possession of a	4415
controlled substance analog is a felony of the first degree, and	4416
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	4417
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	4418
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	4419
fifty grams, possession of a controlled substance analog is a	4420
felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug	4421
offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term	4422
the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first	4423
degree.	4424
(D) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation	4425
of this section does not constitute a criminal record and need	4426
not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in	4427
response to any inquiries about the person's criminal record,	4428
including any inquiries contained in any application for	4429
employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in	4430
connection with the person's appearance as a witness.	4431
(E) In addition to any prison term or jail term authorized	4432
or required by division (C) of this section and sections	4433
2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.22, 2929.24, and 2929.25 of the Revised	4434
Code and in addition to any other sanction that is imposed for	4435
the offense under this section, sections 2929.11 to 2929.18, or	4436
sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the court that	4437
sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4438
violation of division (A) of this section may suspend the	4439

offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit for

not more than five years. However, if the offender pleaded

guilty to or was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of	4442
the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance	4443
or the law of another state or the United States arising out of	4444
the same set of circumstances as the violation, the court shall	4445
suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license	4446
or permit for not more than five years. If applicable, the court	4447
also shall do the following:	4448
(1)(a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second,	4449
or third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the	4450
mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B)(1)	4451
of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in	4452
that division, the court determines that the offender is	4453
indigent.	4454
(b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section	4455
3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a	4456
mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this	4457
section pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the	4458
Revised Code in accordance with and subject to the requirements	4459
of division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The	4460
agency that receives the fine shall use the fine as specified in	4461
division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code.	4462
(c) If a person is charged with a violation of this	4463
section that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree,	4464
posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk shall pay the	4465
forfeited bail pursuant to division (E)(1)(b) of this section as	4466
if it were a mandatory fine imposed under division (E)(1)(a) of	4467
this section.	4468
(2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person,	4469
in addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of	4470

this section, the court immediately shall comply with section

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2925.38 of the Revised Code.

(F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 4473 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge of a fourth degree 4474 felony violation under this section that the controlled 4475 substance that gave rise to the charge is in an amount, is in a 4476 form, is prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances that are 4477 not controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed under any 4478 other circumstances, that indicate that the substance was 4479 possessed solely for personal use. Notwithstanding any contrary 4480 4481 provision of this section, if, in accordance with section 2901.05 of the Revised Code, an accused who is charged with a 4482 fourth degree felony violation of division (C)(2), (4), (5), or 4483 (6) of this section sustains the burden of going forward with 4484 evidence of and establishes by a preponderance of the evidence 4485 the affirmative defense described in this division, the accused 4486 may be prosecuted for and may plead quilty to or be convicted of 4487 a misdemeanor violation of division (C)(2) of this section or a 4488 fifth degree felony violation of division (C)(4), (5), or (6) of 4489 this section respectively. 4490

- (G) When a person is charged with possessing a bulk amount or multiple of a bulk amount, division (E) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code applies regarding the determination of the amount of the controlled substance involved at the time of the offense.
- (H) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of possession 4496 of a controlled substance analog under division (C)(8) of this 4497 section that the person charged with violating that offense 4498 obtained, possessed, or used an item described in division (HH) 4499 (2)(a), (b), or (c) of section 3719.01 of the Revised Code. 4500
 - (I) Any offender who received a mandatory suspension of

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the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit	4502
under this section prior to the effective date of this amendment-	4503
September 13, 2016, may file a motion with the sentencing court	4504
requesting the termination of the suspension. However, an	4505
offender who pleaded guilty to or was convicted of a violation	4506
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially	4507
similar municipal ordinance or law of another state or the	4508
United States that arose out of the same set of circumstances as	4509
the violation for which the offender's license or permit was	4510
suspended under this section shall not file such a motion.	4511
Upon the filing of a motion under division (I) of this	4512
section, the sentencing court, in its discretion, may terminate	4513
the suspension.	4514
Sec. 2935.36. (A) The prosecuting attorney may establish	4515
pre-trial diversion programs for adults who are accused of	4516
committing criminal offenses and whom the prosecuting attorney	4517
believes probably will not offend again. The prosecuting	4518
attorney may require, as a condition of an accused's	4519
participation in the program, the accused to pay a reasonable	4520
fee for supervision services that include, but are not limited	4521
to, monitoring and drug testing. The programs shall be operated	4522
pursuant to written standards approved by journal entry by the	4523
presiding judge or, in courts with only one judge, the judge of	4524
the court of common pleas and shall not be applicable to any of	4525
the following:	4526
(1) Repeat offenders or dangerous offenders;	4527
(2) Persons accused of an offense of violence, of a	4528
violation of section 2903.06, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.21,	4529

2907.22, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.34, 2911.31, 2919.12, 2919.13,

2919.22, 2921.02, 2921.11, 2921.12, 2921.32, or 2923.20 of the

Revised Code, or of a violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, or	4532
2919.23 of the Revised Code that, had it occurred prior to July	4533
1, 1996, would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the	4534
Revised Code as it existed prior to that date, with the	4535
exception that the prosecuting attorney may permit persons	4536
accused of any such offense to enter a pre-trial diversion	4537
program, if the prosecuting attorney finds any of the following:	4538
(a) The accused did not cause, threaten, or intend serious	4539
physical harm to any person;	4540
(b) The offense was the result of circumstances not likely	4541
to recur;	4542
(c) The accused has no history of prior delinquency or	4543
criminal activity;	4544
(d) The accused has led a law-abiding life for a	4545
substantial time before commission of the alleged offense;	4546
(e) Substantial grounds tending to excuse or justify the	4547
alleged offense.	4548
(3) Persons accused of a violation of Chapter 2925. or	4549
3719. of the Revised Code;	4550
(4) Persons accused of a violation of section 4511.19 of	4551
the Revised Code or a violation of any substantially similar	4552
municipal ordinance;	4553
(5)(a) Persons who are accused of an offense while	4554
operating a commercial motor vehicle or persons who hold a	4555
commercial driver's license and are accused of any offense, if	4556
conviction of the offense would disqualify the person from	4557
operating a commercial motor vehicle under Chapter 4506. of the	4558
Revised Code or would subject the person to any other sanction	4559

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under that chapter;	4560
(b) As used in division (A)(5) of this section,	4561
"commercial driver's license" and "commercial motor vehicle"	4562
have the same meanings as in section 4506.01 of the Revised	4563
Code.	4564
(B) An accused who enters a diversion program shall do all	4565
of the following:	4566
(1) Waive, in writing and contingent upon the accused's	4567
successful completion of the program, the accused's right to a	4568
speedy trial, the preliminary hearing, the time period within	4569
which the grand jury may consider an indictment against the	4570
accused, and arraignment, unless the hearing, indictment, or	4571
arraignment has already occurred;	4572
(2) Agree, in writing, to the tolling while in the program	4573
of all periods of limitation established by statutes or rules of	4574
court, that are applicable to the offense with which the accused	4575
is charged and to the conditions of the diversion program	4576
established by the prosecuting attorney;	4577
(3) Agree, in writing, to pay any reasonable fee for	4578
supervision services established by the prosecuting attorney.	4579
(C) The trial court, upon the application of the	4580
prosecuting attorney, shall order the release from confinement	4581
of any accused who has agreed to enter a pre-trial diversion	4582
program and shall discharge and release any existing bail and	4583
release any sureties on recognizances and shall release the	4584
accused on a recognizance bond conditioned upon the accused's	4585
compliance with the terms of the diversion program. The	4586
prosecuting attorney shall notify every victim of the crime and	4587
the arresting officers of the prosecuting attorney's intent to	4588

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permit the accused to enter a pre-trial diversion program. The	4589
victim of the crime and the arresting officers shall have the	4590
opportunity to file written objections with the prosecuting	4591
attorney prior to the commencement of the pre-trial diversion	4592
program.	4593
(D) If the accused satisfactorily completes the diversion	4594
program, the prosecuting attorney shall recommend to the trial	4595
court that the charges against the accused be dismissed, and the	4596
court, upon the recommendation of the prosecuting attorney,	4597
shall dismiss the charges. If the accused chooses not to enter	4598
the prosecuting attorney's diversion program, or if the accused	4599
violates the conditions of the agreement pursuant to which the	4600
accused has been released, the accused may be brought to trial	4601
upon the charges in the manner provided by law, and the waiver	4602
executed pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section shall be	4603
void on the date the accused is removed from the program for the	4604
violation.	4605
(E) As used in this section:	4606
(1) "Repeat offender" means a person who has a history of	4607
persistent criminal activity and whose character and condition	4608
reveal a substantial risk that the person will commit another	4609
offense. It is prima-facie evidence that a person is a repeat	4610
offender if any of the following applies:	4611
(a) Having been convicted of one or more offenses of	4612
violence and having been imprisoned pursuant to sentence for any	4613
such offense, the person commits a subsequent offense of	4614
violence;	4615

(b) Having been convicted of one or more sexually oriented

offenses or child-victim oriented offenses, both as defined in

is convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a	4646
Sec. 2950.03. (A) Each person who has been convicted of,	4645
the consequences.	4644
compulsive, or aggressive behavior with heedless indifference to	4643
whose conduct has been characterized by a pattern of repetitive,	4642
substantial risk that the person will be a danger to others, and	4641
an offense, whose history, character, and condition reveal a	4640
(2) "Dangerous offender" means a person who has committed	4639
commits a subsequent offense.	4638
imprisoned pursuant to sentence for any such offense, the person	4637
intoxication offenses, or minor misdemeanors and having been	4636
type or degree other than traffic offenses, alcoholic	4635
(f) Having been convicted of three or more offenses of any	4634
felonies, the person commits a subsequent offense;	4633
having been imprisoned pursuant to sentence for one or more	4632
(e) Having been convicted of two or more felonies and	4631
subsequent felony drug abuse offense;	4630
those felony drug abuse offenses, the person commits a	4629
having been imprisoned pursuant to sentence for one or more of	4628
offenses as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code and	4627
(d) Having been convicted of one or more felony drug abuse	4626
offenses, the person commits a subsequent theft offense;	4625
imprisoned pursuant to sentence for one or more of those theft	4624
defined in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code and having been	4623
(c) Having been convicted of one or more theft offenses as	4622
victim oriented offense;	4621
person commits a subsequent sexually oriented offense or child-	4620
pursuant to sentence for one or more of those offenses, the	4619
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code, and having been imprisoned	4618

sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and	4647
who has a duty to register pursuant to section 2950.04 or	4648
2950.041 of the Revised Code and each person who is adjudicated	4649
a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or	4650
a child-victim oriented offense and who is classified a juvenile	4651
offender registrant based on that adjudication shall be provided	4652
notice in accordance with this section of the offender's or	4653
delinquent child's duties imposed under sections 2950.04,	4654
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code and of the	4655
offender's duties to similarly register, provide notice of a	4656
change, and verify addresses in another state if the offender	4657
resides, is temporarily domiciled, attends a school or	4658
institution of higher education, or is employed in a state other	4659
than this state. The following official shall provide the notice	4660
required under this division to the specified person at the	4661
following time:	4662

- (1) Regardless of when the person committed the sexually 4663 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, if the person 4664 is an offender who is sentenced to a prison term, a term of 4665 imprisonment, or any other type of confinement for any offense, 4666 and if on or after January 1, 2008, the offender is serving that 4667 term or is under that confinement, subject to division (A)(5) of 4668 this section, the official in charge of the jail, workhouse, 4669 state correctional institution, or other institution in which 4670 the offender serves the prison term, term of imprisonment, or 4671 confinement, or a designee of that official, shall provide the 4672 notice to the offender before the offender is released pursuant 4673 to any type of supervised release or before the offender 4674 otherwise is released from the prison term, term of 4675 imprisonment, or confinement. 4676
 - (2) Regardless of when the person committed the sexually

4706

oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, if the person	4678
is an offender who is sentenced on or after January 1, 2008, for	4679
any offense, and if division (A)(1) of this section does not	4680
apply, the judge shall provide the notice to the offender at the	4681
time of sentencing.	4682
(3) If the person is a delinquent child who is classified	4683
a juvenile offender registrant on or after January 1, 2008, the	4684
judge shall provide the notice to the delinquent child at the	4685
time specified in division (B) of section 2152.82, division (C)	4686
of section 2152.83, division (C) of section 2152.84, or division	4687
(E) of section 2152.85 of the Revised Code, whichever is	4688
applicable.	4689
(4) If the person is a delinquent child who is classified	4690
as both a juvenile offender registrant and a public registry-	4691
qualified juvenile offender registrant on or after January 1,	4692
2008, the judge shall provide the notice to the delinquent child	4693
at the time specified in division (B) of section 2152.86 of the	4694
Revised Code.	4695
(5) If the person is an offender or delinquent child in	4696
any of the following categories, the attorney general,	4697
department of rehabilitation and correction, or department of	4698
youth services shall provide the notice to the offender or	4699
delinquent child at the time and in the manner specified in	4700
section 2950.031 or division (A) or (B) of section 2950.032 of	4701
the Revised Code, whichever is applicable:	4702
(a) An offender or delinquent child who prior to December	4703
1, 2007, has registered a residence, school, institution of	4704

higher education, or place of employment address pursuant to

section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code;

4736

(b) An offender or delinquent child who registers with a	4707
sheriff pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised	4708
Code on or after December 1, 2007, previously had not registered	4709
under either section with that sheriff or any other sheriff, and	4710
was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was classified a	4711
juvenile offender registrant relative to the sexually oriented	4712
offense or child-victim oriented offense upon which the	4713
registration was based prior to December 1, 2007;	4714
(c) An offender who on December 1, 2007, is serving a	4715
prison term in a state correctional institution for a sexually	4716
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense or each	4717
delinquent child who has been classified a juvenile offender	4718
registrant relative to a sexually oriented offense or child-	4719
victim oriented offense and who on that date is confined in an	4720
institution of the department of youth services for the sexually	4721
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense;	4722
(d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after	4723
December 2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state	4724
correctional institution or confinement in an institution of the	4725
department of youth services for a sexually oriented offense or	4726
child-victim oriented offense and who was convicted of, pleaded	4727
guilty to, or was classified a juvenile offender registrant	4728
relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	4729
oriented offense prior to that date.	4730
(6) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who	4731
on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, is	4732
convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense or	4733
a child-victim oriented offense and is not sentenced to a prison	4734

term for that offense or is classified a juvenile offender

registrant relative to a sexually oriented offense or child-

victim oriented offense and is not committed to the custody of	4737
the department of youth services for that offense, the	4738
sentencing court or juvenile court shall provide the notice to	4739
the offender or delinquent child at the time and in the manner	4740
specified in division (C) of section 2950.032 of the Revised	4741
Code.	4742

- (7) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who 4743 has a duty to register in this state pursuant to division (A) (4) 4744 of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the offender 4745 or delinquent child is presumed to have knowledge of the law and 4746 of the offender's or delinquent child's duties imposed under 4747 sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised 4748 Code.
- (B) (1) The notice provided under division (A) of this 4750 section shall inform the offender or delinquent child of the 4751 offender's or delinquent child's duty to register, to provide 4752 notice of a change in the offender's or delinquent child's 4753 residence address or in the offender's school, institution of 4754 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, 4755 and register the new address, to periodically verify the 4756 offender's or delinquent child's residence address or the 4757 offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of 4758 employment address, as applicable, and, if applicable, to 4759 provide notice of the offender's or delinquent child's intent to 4760 reside, pursuant to sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 4761 2950.06 of the Revised Code. The notice shall specify that, for 4762 an offender, it applies regarding residence addresses or school, 4763 institution of higher education, and place of employment 4764 addresses and that, for a delinquent child, it applies regarding 4765 residence addresses. Additionally, it shall inform the offender 4766 of the offender's duties to similarly register, provide notice 4767

of a change in, and verify those addresses in states other than	4768
this state as described in division (A) of this section. A	4769
notice provided under division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this	4770
section shall comport with the following:	4771

- (a) If the notice is provided to an offender under division (A)(1) or (2) of this section, the official, official's designee, or judge shall require the offender to read and sign a form stating that the offender's duties to register, to file a notice of intent to reside, if applicable, to register a new residence address or new school, institution of higher education, or place of employment address, and to periodically verify those addresses, and the offender's duties in other states as described in division (A) of this section have been explained to the offender. If the offender is unable to read, the official, official's designee, or judge shall certify on the form that the official, designee, or judge specifically informed the offender of those duties and that the offender indicated an understanding of those duties.
- (b) If the notice is provided to a delinquent child under division (A)(3) or (4) of this section, the judge shall require the delinquent child and the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or custodian to read and sign a form stating that the delinquent child's duties to register, to file a notice of intent to reside, if applicable, to register a new residence address, and to periodically verify that address have been explained to the delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or custodian. If the delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or custodian is unable to read, the judge shall certify on the form that the judge specifically informed the delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian of those duties and that

the delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, guardian, 4799 or custodian indicated an understanding of those duties. 4800

- (2) The notice provided under divisions (A) (1) to (4) of 4801 this section shall be on a form prescribed by the bureau of 4802 criminal identification and investigation and shall contain all 4803 of the information specified in division (A) of this section and 4804 all of the information required by the bureau. The notice 4805 provided under divisions (A) (1) to (4) of this section shall 4806 include, but is not limited to, all of the following: 4807
- (a) For any notice provided under divisions (A)(1) to (4) 4808 of this section, an explanation of the offender's periodic 4809 residence address or periodic school, institution of higher 4810 education, or place of employment address verification process 4811 or of the delinquent child's periodic residence address 4812 verification process, an explanation of the frequency with which 4813 the offender or delinquent child will be required to verify 4814 those addresses under that process, a statement that the 4815 offender or delinquent child must verify those addresses at the 4816 times specified under that process or face criminal prosecution 4817 or a delinquent child proceeding, and an explanation of the 4818 offender's duty to similarly register, verify, and reregister 4819 those addresses in another state if the offender resides in 4820 another state, attends a school or institution of higher 4821 education in another state, or is employed in another state. 4822
- (b) If the notice is provided under division (A) (3) or (4) 4823 of this section, a statement that the delinquent child has been 4824 classified by the adjudicating juvenile court judge or the 4825 judge's successor in office a juvenile offender registrant and, 4826 if applicable, a public registry qualified public registry—4827 qualified juvenile offender registrant and has a duty to comply 4828

with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	4829
Revised Code;	4830
(c) If the notice is provided under division (A)(3) or (4)	4831
of this section, a statement that, if the delinquent child fails	4832
to comply with the requirements of sections 2950.04, 2950.041,	4833
2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, both of the following	4834
apply:	4835
(i) If the delinquent child's failure occurs while the	4836
child is under eighteen years of age, the child is subject to	4837
proceedings under Chapter 2152. of the Revised Code based on the	4838
failure, but if the failure occurs while the child is eighteen	4839
years of age or older, the child is subject to criminal	4840
prosecution based on the failure.	4841
(ii) If the delinquent child's failure occurs while the	4842
child is under eighteen years of age, unless the child is	4843
emancipated, as defined in section 2919.121 2919.24 of the	4844
Revised Code, the failure of the parent, guardian, or custodian	4845
to ensure that the child complies with those requirements is a	4846
violation of section 2919.24 of the Revised Code and may result	4847
in the prosecution of the parent, guardian, or custodian for	4848
that violation.	4849
(3)(a) After an offender described in division (A)(1) or	4850
(2) of this section has signed the form described in divisions	4851
(B)(1) and (2) of this section or the official, official's	4852
designee, or judge has certified on the form that the form has	4853
been explained to the offender and that the offender indicated	4854
an understanding of the duties indicated on it, the official,	4855
official's designee, or judge shall give one copy of the form to	4856
the offender, within three days shall send one copy of the form	4857
to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in	4858

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accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant to section	4859
2950.13 of the Revised Code, shall send one copy of the form to	4860
the sheriff of the county in which the offender expects to	4861
reside, and shall send one copy of the form to the sheriff of	4862
the county in which the offender was convicted or pleaded guilty	4863
if the offender has a duty to register pursuant to division (A)	4864
(1) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code.	4865
(b) After a delinquent child described in division (A)(3)	4866
or (4) of this section and the delinquent child's parent,	4867
guardian, or custodian have signed the form described in	4868
divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section or the judge has	4869
certified on the form that the form has been explained to the	4870
delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or	4871
custodian and that the delinquent child or the delinquent	4872
child's parent, guardian, or custodian indicated an	4873
understanding of the duties and information indicated on the	4874
form, the judge shall give a copy of the form to both the	4875
delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian,	4876
or custodian, within three days shall send one copy of the form	4877
to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in	4878
accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant to section	4879
2950.13 of the Revised Code, shall send one copy of the form to	4880
the sheriff of the county in which the delinquent child expects	4881
to reside, and shall send one copy of the form to the sheriff of	4882
the county in which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child	4883
if the delinquent child has a duty to register pursuant to	4884
division (A)(1) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised	4885
Code.	4886
(C) The official, official's designee, judge, chief of	4887
(c, inc different, different a debigance, judge, enter of	1007

police, or sheriff who is required to provide notice to an

offender or delinquent child under divisions (A)(1) to (4) of

this section shall determine the offender's or delinquent	4890
child's name, identifying factors, and expected future residence	4891
address in this state or any other state, shall obtain the	4892
offender's or delinquent child's criminal and delinquency	4893
history, and shall obtain a photograph and the fingerprints of	4894
the offender or delinquent child. Regarding an offender, the	4895
official, designee, or judge also shall obtain from the offender	4896
the offender's current or expected future school, institution of	4897
higher education, or place of employment address in this state,	4898
if any. If the notice is provided by a judge under division (A)	4899
(2), (3), or (4) of this section, the sheriff shall provide the	4900
offender's or delinquent child's criminal and delinquency	4901
history to the judge. The official, official's designee, or	4902
judge shall obtain this information and these items prior to	4903
giving the notice, except that a judge may give the notice prior	4904
to obtaining the offender's or delinquent child's criminal and	4905
delinquency history. Within three days after receiving this	4906
information and these items, the official, official's designee,	4907
or judge shall forward the information and items to the bureau	4908
of criminal identification and investigation in accordance with	4909
the forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of	4910
the Revised Code, to the sheriff of the county in which the	4911
offender or delinquent child expects to reside and to the	4912
sheriff of the county in which the offender or delinquent child	4913
was convicted, pleaded guilty, or adjudicated a delinquent child	4914
if the offender or delinquent child has a duty to register	4915
pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of	4916
the Revised Code, and, regarding an offender, to the sheriff of	4917
the county, if any, in which the offender attends or will attend	4918
a school or institution of higher education or is or will be	4919
employed. If the notice is provided under division (A)(3) or (4)	4920
of this section and if the delinquent child has been committed	4921

to the department of youth services or to a secure facility, the	4922
judge, in addition to the other information and items described	4923
in this division, also shall forward to the bureau and to the	4924
sheriff notification that the child has been so committed. If it	4925
has not already done so, the bureau of criminal identification	4926
and investigation shall forward a copy of the fingerprints and	4927
conviction data received under this division to the federal	4928
bureau of investigation.	4929

Sec. 2953.25. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Collateral sanction" means a penalty, disability, or 4931 disadvantage that is related to employment or occupational 4932 licensing, however denominated, as a result of the individual's 4933 conviction of or plea of guilty to an offense and that applies 4934 by operation of law in this state whether or not the penalty, 4935 disability, or disadvantage is included in the sentence or 4936 judgment imposed.

"Collateral sanction" does not include imprisonment, 4938 probation, parole, supervised release, forfeiture, restitution, 4939 fine, assessment, or costs of prosecution. 4940

- (2) "Decision-maker" includes, but is not limited to, the 4941 state acting through a department, agency, board, commission, or 4942 instrumentality established by the law of this state for the 4943 exercise of any function of government, a political subdivision, 4944 an educational institution, or a government contractor or 4945 subcontractor made subject to this section by contract, law, or 4946 ordinance.
- (3) "Department-funded program" means a residential or 4948 nonresidential program that is not a term in a state 4949 correctional institution, that is funded in whole or part by the 4950

department of rehabilitation and correction, and that is imposed	4951
as a sanction for an offense, as part of a sanction that is	4952
imposed for an offense, or as a term or condition of any	4953
sanction that is imposed for an offense.	4954
(4) "Designee" means the person designated by the deputy	4955
director of the division of parole and community services to	4956
perform the duties designated in division (B) of this section.	4957
(5) "Division of parole and community services" means the	4958
division of parole and community services of the department of	4959
rehabilitation and correction.	4960
(6) "Offense" means any felony or misdemeanor under the	4961
laws of this state.	4962
(7) "Political subdivision" has the same meaning as in	4963
section 2969.21 of the Revised Code.	4964
(8) "Discretionary civil impact," "licensing agency," and	4965
"mandatory civil impact" have the same meanings as in section	4966
2961.21 of the Revised Code.	4967
(B)(1) An individual who is subject to one or more	4968
collateral sanctions as a result of being convicted of or	4969
pleading guilty to an offense and who either has served a term	4970
in a state correctional institution for any offense or has spent	4971
time in a department-funded program for any offense may file a	4972
petition with the designee of the deputy director of the	4973
division of parole and community services for a certificate of	4974
qualification for employment.	4975
(2) An individual who is subject to one or more collateral	4976
sanctions as a result of being convicted of or pleading guilty	4977
to an offense and who is not in a category described in division	4978
(B)(1) of this section may file for a certificate of	4979

qualification for employment by doing either of the following:	4980
(a) In the case of an individual who resides in this	4981
state, filing a petition with the court of common pleas of the	4982
county in which the person resides or with the designee of the	4983
deputy director of the division of parole and community	4984
services;	4985
(b) In the case of an individual who resides outside of	4986
this state, filing a petition with the court of common pleas of	4987
any county in which any conviction or plea of guilty from which	4988
the individual seeks relief was entered or with the designee of	4989
the deputy director of the division of parole and community	4990
services.	4991
(3) A petition under division (B)(1) or (2) of this	4992
section shall be made on a copy of the form prescribed by the	4993
division of parole and community services under division (J) of	4994
this section and shall contain all of the information described	4995
in division (F) of this section.	4996
(4)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(4)(b) of this	4997
section, an individual may file a petition under division (B)(1)	4998
or (2) of this section at any time after the expiration of	4999
whichever of the following is applicable:	5000
(i) If the offense that resulted in the collateral	5001
sanction from which the individual seeks relief is a felony, at	5002
any time after the expiration of one year from the date of	5003
release of the individual from any period of incarceration in a	5004
state or local correctional facility that was imposed for that	5005
offense and all periods of supervision imposed after release	5006
from the period of incarceration or, if the individual was not	5007
incarcerated for that offense, at any time after the expiration	5008

of one year from the date of the individual's final release from 5009 all other sanctions imposed for that offense. 5010

- (ii) If the offense that resulted in the collateral 5011 sanction from which the individual seeks relief is a 5012 misdemeanor, at any time after the expiration of six months from 5013 the date of release of the individual from any period of 5014 incarceration in a local correctional facility that was imposed 5015 for that offense and all periods of supervision imposed after 5016 release from the period of incarceration or, if the individual 5017 was not incarcerated for that offense, at any time after the 5018 expiration of six months from the date of the final release of 5019 the individual from all sanctions imposed for that offense 5020 including any period of supervision. 5021
- (b) The department of rehabilitation and correction may 5022 establish criteria by rule adopted under Chapter 119. of the 5023 Revised Code that, if satisfied by an individual, would allow 5024 the individual to file a petition before the expiration of six 5025 months or one year from the date of final release, whichever is 5026 applicable under division (B)(4)(a) of this section. 5027
- (5)(a) A designee that receives a petition for a 5028 certificate of qualification for employment from an individual 5029 under division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall review the 5030 petition to determine whether it is complete. If the petition is 5031 complete, the designee shall forward the petition, and any other 5032 information the designee possesses that relates to the petition, 5033 to the court of common pleas of the county in which the 5034 individual resides if the individual submitting the petition 5035 resides in this state or, if the individual resides outside of 5036 this state, to the court of common pleas of the county in which 5037 the conviction or plea of guilty from which the individual seeks 5038

relief was entered. 5039

(b) A court of common pleas that receives a petition for a	5040
certificate of qualification for employment from an individual	5041
under division (B)(2) of this section, or that is forwarded a	5042
petition for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this	5043
section, shall attempt to determine all other courts in this	5044
state in which the individual was convicted of or pleaded guilty	5045
to an offense other than the offense from which the individual	5046
is seeking relief. The court that receives or is forwarded the	5047
petition shall notify all other courts in this state that it	5048
determines under this division were courts in which the	5049
individual was convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense	5050
other than the offense from which the individual is seeking	5051
relief that the individual has filed the petition and that the	5052
court may send comments regarding the possible issuance of the	5053
certificate.	5054

A court of common pleas that receives a petition for a certificate of qualification for employment under division (B) (2) of this section shall notify the county's prosecuting attorney that the individual has filed the petition.

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A court of common pleas that receives a petition for a 5059 certificate of qualification for employment under division (B) 5060 (2) of this section, or that is forwarded a petition for 5061 qualification under division (B)(5)(a) of this section may 5062 direct the clerk of court to process and record all notices 5063 required in or under this section. 5064

(C) (1) Upon receiving a petition for a certificate of 5065 qualification for employment filed by an individual under 5066 division (B)(2) of this section or being forwarded a petition 5067 for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section, 5068

the court shall review the individual's petition, the	5069
individual's criminal history, all filings submitted by the	5070
prosecutor or by the victim in accordance with rules adopted by	5071
the division of parole and community services, the applicant's	5072
military service record, if applicable, and whether the	5073
applicant has an emotional, mental, or physical condition that	5074
is traceable to the applicant's military service in the armed	5075
forces of the United States and that was a contributing factor	5076
in the commission of the offense or offenses, and all other	5077
relevant evidence. The court may order any report,	5078
investigation, or disclosure by the individual that the court	5079
believes is necessary for the court to reach a decision on	5080
whether to approve the individual's petition for a certificate	5081
of qualification for employment.	5082

- (2) Upon receiving a petition for a certificate of 5083 qualification for employment filed by an individual under 5084 division (B)(2) of this section or being forwarded a petition 5085 for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section, 5086 except as otherwise provided in this division, the court shall 5087 decide whether to issue the certificate within sixty days after 5088 the court receives or is forwarded the completed petition and 5089 all information requested for the court to make that decision. 5090 Upon request of the individual who filed the petition, the court 5091 may extend the sixty-day period specified in this division. 5092
- (3) Subject to division (C)(5) of this section, a court 5093 that receives an individual's petition for a certificate of qualification for employment under division (B)(2) of this 5095 section or that is forwarded a petition for such a certificate 5096 under division (B)(5)(a) of this section may issue a certificate 5097 of qualification for employment, at the court's discretion, if 5098 the court finds that the individual has established all of the 5099

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following by a preponderance of the evidence:	5100
(a) Granting the petition will materially assist the	5101
individual in obtaining employment or occupational licensing.	5102
(b) The individual has a substantial need for the relief	5103
requested in order to live a law-abiding life.	5104
(c) Granting the petition would not pose an unreasonable	5105
risk to the safety of the public or any individual.	5106
(4) The submission of an incomplete petition by an	5107
individual shall not be grounds for the designee or court to	5108
deny the petition.	5109
(5) A certificate of qualification for employment shall	5110
not create relief from any of the following collateral	5111
sanctions:	5112
(a) Requirements imposed by Chapter 2950. of the Revised	5113
Code and rules adopted under sections 2950.13 and 2950.132 of	5114
the Revised Code;	5115
(b) A driver's license, commercial driver's license, or	5116
probationary license suspension, cancellation, or revocation	5117
pursuant to section 4510.037, 4510.07, 4511.19, or 4511.191 of	5118
the Revised Code if the relief sought is available pursuant to	5119
section 4510.021 or division (B) of section 4510.13 of the	5120
Revised Code;	5121
(c) Restrictions on employment as a prosecutor or law	5122
enforcement officer;	5123
(d) The denial, ineligibility, or automatic suspension of	5124
a license that is imposed upon an individual applying for or	5125
holding a license as a health care professional under Title	5126
XLVII of the Revised Code if the individual is convicted of,	5127

pleads guilty to, is subject to a judicial finding of	5128
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state	5129
under section 2951.041 of the Revised Code, or is subject to	5130
treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction for a violation	5131
of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02,	5132
2907.03, 2907.05, 2909.02, 2911.01, <u>or</u> 2911.11 , or 2919.123 of	5133
the Revised Code;	5134
(e) The immediate suspension of a license, certificate, or	5135
evidence of registration that is imposed upon an individual	5136
holding a license as a health care professional under Title	5137
XLVII of the Revised Code pursuant to division (C) of section	5138
3719.121 of the Revised Code;	5139
(f) The denial or ineligibility for employment in a pain	5140
clinic under division (B)(4) of section 4729.552 of the Revised	5141
Code;	5142
(g) The mandatory suspension of a license that is imposed	5143
on an individual applying for or holding a license as a health	5144
care professional under Title XLVII of the Revised Code pursuant	5145
to section 3123.43 of the Revised Code.	5146
(6) If a court that receives an individual's petition for	5147
a certificate of qualification for employment under division (B)	5148
(2) of this section or that is forwarded a petition for such a	5149
certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section denies the	5150
petition, the court shall provide written notice to the	5151
individual of the court's denial. The court may place conditions	5152
on the individual regarding the individual's filing of any	5153
subsequent petition for a certificate of qualification for	5154
employment. The written notice must notify the individual of any	5155
conditions placed on the individual's filing of a subsequent	5156
petition for a certificate of qualification for employment.	5157

If a court of common pleas that receives an individual's	5158
petition for a certificate of qualification for employment under	5159
division (B)(2) of this section or that is forwarded a petition	5160
for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section	5161
denies the petition, the individual may appeal the decision to	5162
the court of appeals only if the individual alleges that the	5163
denial was an abuse of discretion on the part of the court of	5164
common pleas.	5165

- (D)(1) A certificate of qualification for employment 5166 issued to an individual lifts the automatic bar of a collateral 5167 sanction, and a decision-maker shall consider on a case-by-case 5168 basis whether to grant or deny the issuance or restoration of an 5169 occupational license or an employment opportunity, 5170 notwithstanding the individual's possession of the certificate, 5171 without, however, reconsidering or rejecting any finding made by 5172 a designee or court under division (C)(3) of this section. 5173
- (2) The certificate constitutes a rebuttable presumption 5174 that the person's criminal convictions are insufficient evidence 5175 that the person is unfit for the license, employment 5176 opportunity, or certification in question. Notwithstanding the 5177 presumption established under this division, the agency may deny 5178 the license or certification for the person if it determines 5179 that the person is unfit for issuance of the license. 5180
- (3) If an employer that has hired a person who has been 5181 issued a certificate of qualification for employment applies to 5182 a licensing agency for a license or certification and the person 5183 has a conviction or guilty plea that otherwise would bar the 5184 person's employment with the employer or licensure for the 5185 employer because of a mandatory civil impact, the agency shall 5186 give the person individualized consideration, notwithstanding 5187

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the mandatory civil impact, the mandatory civil impact shall be	5188
considered for all purposes to be a discretionary civil impact,	5189
and the certificate constitutes a rebuttable presumption that	5190
the person's criminal convictions are insufficient evidence that	5191
the person is unfit for the employment, or that the employer is	5192
unfit for the license or certification, in question.	5193
(E) A certificate of qualification for employment does not	5194
grant the individual to whom the certificate was issued relief	5195
from the mandatory civil impacts identified in division (A)(1)	5196
of section 2961.01 or division (B) of section 2961.02 of the	5197
Revised Code.	5198
(F) A petition for a certificate of qualification for	5199
employment filed by an individual under division (B)(1) or (2)	5200
of this section shall include all of the following:	5201
(1) The individual's name, date of birth, and social	5202
security number;	5203
(2) All aliases of the individual and all social security	5204
numbers associated with those aliases;	5205
(3) The individual's residence address, including the	5206
city, county, and state of residence and zip code;	5207
(4) The length of time that the individual has resided in	5208
the individual's current state of residence, expressed in years	5209
and months of residence;	5210
(5) A general statement as to why the individual has filed	5211
the petition and how the certificate of qualification for	5212
employment would assist the individual;	5213
(6) A summary of the individual's criminal history with	5214
respect to each offense that is a disqualification from	5215

employment or licensing in an occupation or profession,	5216
including the years of each conviction or plea of guilty for	5217
each of those offenses;	5218
(7) A summary of the individual's employment history,	5219
specifying the name of, and dates of employment with, each	5220
employer;	5221
(8) Verifiable references and endorsements;	5222
(9) The name of one or more immediate family members of	5223
the individual, or other persons with whom the individual has a	5224
close relationship, who support the individual's reentry plan;	5225
(10) A summary of the reason the individual believes the	5226
certificate of qualification for employment should be granted;	5227
(11) Any other information required by rule by the	5228
department of rehabilitation and correction.	5229
(G)(1) In a judicial or administrative proceeding alleging	5230
negligence or other fault, a certificate of qualification for	5231
employment issued to an individual under this section may be	5232
introduced as evidence of a person's due care in hiring,	5233
retaining, licensing, leasing to, admitting to a school or	5234
program, or otherwise transacting business or engaging in	5235
activity with the individual to whom the certificate of	5236
qualification for employment was issued if the person knew of	5237
the certificate at the time of the alleged negligence or other	5238
fault.	5239
(2) In any proceeding on a claim against an employer for	5240
negligent hiring, a certificate of qualification for employment	5241
issued to an individual under this section shall provide	5242
immunity for the employer as to the claim if the employer knew	5243
of the certificate at the time of the alleged negligence.	5244

(3) If an employer hires an individual who has been issued	5245
a certificate of qualification for employment under this	5246
section, if the individual, after being hired, subsequently	5247
demonstrates dangerousness or is convicted of or pleads guilty	5248
to a felony, and if the employer retains the individual as an	5249
employee after the demonstration of dangerousness or the	5250
conviction or guilty plea, the employer may be held liable in a	5251
civil action that is based on or relates to the retention of the	5252
individual as an employee only if it is proved by a	5253
preponderance of the evidence that the person having hiring and	5254
firing responsibility for the employer had actual knowledge that	5255
the employee was dangerous or had been convicted of or pleaded	5256
guilty to the felony and was willful in retaining the individual	5257
as an employee after the demonstration of dangerousness or the	5258
conviction or guilty plea of which the person has actual	5259
knowledge.	5260

(H) A certificate of qualification for employment issued 5261 under this section shall be revoked if the individual to whom 5262 the certificate of qualification for employment was issued is 5263 convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony offense committed 5264 subsequent to the issuance of the certificate of qualification 5265 for employment. The department of rehabilitation and correction 5266 shall periodically review the certificates listed in the 5267 database described in division (K) of this section to identify 5268 those that are subject to revocation under this division. Upon 5269 identifying a certificate of qualification for employment that 5270 is subject to revocation, the department shall note in the 5271 database that the certificate has been revoked, the reason for 5272 revocation, and the effective date of revocation, which shall be 5273 the date of the conviction or plea of guilty subsequent to the 5274 issuance of the certificate. 5275

(I) A designee's forwarding, or failure to forward, a	5276
petition for a certificate of qualification for employment to a	5277
court or a court's issuance, or failure to issue, a petition for	5278
a certificate of qualification for employment to an individual	5279
under division (B) of this section does not give rise to a claim	5280
for damages against the department of rehabilitation and	5281
correction or court.	5282

- (J) The division of parole and community services shall

 adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code

 for the implementation and administration of this section and

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 shall prescribe the form for the petition to be used under

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 division (B)(1) or (2) of this section. The form for the

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 petition shall include places for all of the information

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 specified in division (F) of this section.
- (K) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall 5290 maintain a database that identifies granted certificates and 5291 revoked certificates and tracks the number of certificates 5292 5293 granted and revoked, the industries, occupations, and professions with respect to which the certificates have been 5294 most applicable, and the types of employers that have accepted 5295 the certificates. The department shall annually create a report 5296 that summarizes the information maintained in the database and 5297 shall make the report available to the public on its internet 5298 web site. 5299

Sec. 2967.193. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (C) 5300 of this section and subject to the maximum aggregate total 5301 specified in division (A) (3) of this section, a person confined 5302 in a state correctional institution or placed in the substance 5303 use disorder treatment program may provisionally earn one day or 5304 five days of credit, based on the category set forth in division 5305

(D) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section in which the	5306
person is included, toward satisfaction of the person's stated	5307
prison term for each completed month during which the person, if	5308
confined in a state correctional institution, productively	5309
participates in an education program, vocational training,	5310
employment in prison industries, treatment for substance abuse,	5311
or any other constructive program developed by the department	5312
with specific standards for performance by prisoners or during	5313
which the person, if placed in the substance use disorder	5314
treatment program, productively participates in the program.	5315
Except as provided in division (C) of this section and subject	5316
to the maximum aggregate total specified in division (A)(3) of	5317
this section, a person so confined in a state correctional	5318
institution who successfully completes two programs or	5319
activities of that type may, in addition, provisionally earn up	5320
to five days of credit toward satisfaction of the person's	5321
stated prison term for the successful completion of the second	5322
program or activity. The person shall not be awarded any	5323
provisional days of credit for the successful completion of the	5324
first program or activity or for the successful completion of	5325
any program or activity that is completed after the second	5326
program or activity. At the end of each calendar month in which	5327
a person productively participates in a program or activity	5328
listed in this division or successfully completes a program or	5329
activity listed in this division, the department of	5330
rehabilitation and correction shall determine and record the	5331
total number of days credit that the person provisionally earned	5332
in that calendar month. If the person in a state correctional	5333
institution violates prison rules or the person in the substance	5334
use disorder treatment program violates program or department	5335
rules, the department may deny the person a credit that	5336
otherwise could have been provisionally awarded to the person or	5337

	5338
by the person. Days of credit provisionally earned by a person	5339
shall be finalized and awarded by the department subject to	5340
administrative review by the department of the person's conduct.	5341
(2) Unless a person is serving a mandatory prison term or	5342
a prison term for an offense of violence or a sexually oriented	5343
offense, and notwithstanding the maximum aggregate total	5344
specified in division (A)(3) of this section, a person who	5345
successfully completes any of the following shall earn ninety	5346
days of credit toward satisfaction of the person's stated prison	5347
term or a ten per cent reduction of the person's stated prison	5348
term, whichever is less:	5349
(a) An Ohio high school diploma or Ohio certificate of	5350
high school equivalence certified by the Ohio central school	5351
system;	5352
(b) A therapeutic drug community program;	5353
(b) A therapeutic drug community program;(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation	5353 5354
(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation	5354
(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program;	5354 5355
(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program;(d) A career technical vocational school program;	5354 5355 5356
(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program;(d) A career technical vocational school program;(e) A college certification program;	5354 5355 5356 5357
(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program;(d) A career technical vocational school program;(e) A college certification program;(f) The criteria for a certificate of achievement and	5354 5355 5356 5357 5358
 (c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program; (d) A career technical vocational school program; (e) A college certification program; (f) The criteria for a certificate of achievement and employability as specified in division (A)(1) of section 2961.22 	5354 5355 5356 5357 5358 5359
 (c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program; (d) A career technical vocational school program; (e) A college certification program; (f) The criteria for a certificate of achievement and employability as specified in division (A)(1) of section 2961.22 of the Revised Code. 	5354 5355 5356 5357 5358 5359 5360
 (c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program; (d) A career technical vocational school program; (e) A college certification program; (f) The criteria for a certificate of achievement and employability as specified in division (A)(1) of section 2961.22 of the Revised Code. (3) Except for persons described in division (A)(2) of 	5354 5355 5356 5357 5358 5359 5360
 (c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program; (d) A career technical vocational school program; (e) A college certification program; (f) The criteria for a certificate of achievement and employability as specified in division (A)(1) of section 2961.22 of the Revised Code. (3) Except for persons described in division (A)(2) of this section, the aggregate days of credit provisionally earned 	5354 5355 5356 5357 5358 5359 5360 5361 5362

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shall not exceed eight per cent of the total number of days in	5366
the person's stated prison term.	5367
(B) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall	5368
	5369
adopt rules that specify the programs or activities for which	
credit may be earned under this section, the criteria for	5370
determining productive participation in, or completion of, the	5371
programs or activities and the criteria for awarding credit,	5372
including criteria for awarding additional credit for successful	5373
program or activity completion, and the criteria for denying or	5374
withdrawing previously provisionally earned credit as a result	5375
of a violation of prison rules, or program or department rules,	5376
whichever is applicable.	5377
(C) No pages confined in a state connectional institution	E 2 7 0
(C) No person confined in a state correctional institution	5378
or placed in a substance use disorder treatment program to whom	5379
any of the following applies shall be awarded any days of credit	5380
under division (A) of this section:	5381
(1) The person is serving a prison term that section	5382
2929.13 or section 2929.14 of the Revised Code specifies cannot	5383
be reduced pursuant to this section or this chapter or is	5384
serving a sentence for which section 2967.13 or division (B) of	5385
section 2929.143 of the Revised Code specifies that the person	5386
is not entitled to any earned credit under this section.	5387
(0) The control of the state of	F 200
(2) The person is sentenced to death or is serving a	5388
prison term or a term of life imprisonment for aggravated	5389
murder, murder, or a conspiracy or attempt to commit, or	5390
complicity in committing, aggravated murder or murder.	5391
(3) The person is serving a sentence of life imprisonment	5392

without parole imposed pursuant to section 2929.03 or 2929.06 of

the Revised Code, a prison term or a term of life imprisonment

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without parole imposed pursuant to section 2971.03 of the	5395
Revised Code, or a sentence for a sexually oriented offense t	hat 5396
was committed on or after September 30, 2011.	5397
(D) This division does not apply to a determination of	5398
whether a person confined in a state correctional institution	or 5399
placed in a substance use disorder treatment program may earn	5400
any days of credit under division (A) of this section for	5401
successful completion of a second program or activity. The	5402
determination of whether a person confined in a state	5403
correctional institution may earn one day of credit or five d	ays 5404
of credit under division (A) of this section for each complet	ed 5405
month during which the person productively participates in a	5406
program or activity specified under that division shall be ma	de 5407
in accordance with the following:	5408
(1) The offender may earn one day of credit under divisi	on 5409
(A) of this section, except as provided in division (C) of th	is 5410
section, if the most serious offense for which the offender i	s 5411
confined is any of the following that is a felony of the firs	t 5412
or second degree:	5413
(a) A violation of division (A) of section 2903.04 or of	5414
section 2903.03, 2903.11, 2903.15, 2905.01, 2907.24, 2907.25,	5415
2909.02, 2909.09, 2909.10, 2909.101, 2909.26, 2909.27, 2909.2	9, 5416
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.13, 2919.151, 2919.2	2, 5417
2921.34, 2923.01, 2923.131, 2923.162, 2923.32, 2925.24, or	5418
2927.24 of the Revised Code;	5419
(b) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in	5420
committing, any other offense for which the maximum penalty i	s 5421

imprisonment for life or any offense listed in division (D)(1)

(a) of this section.

- (2) The offender may earn one day of credit under division 5424

 (A) of this section, except as provided in division (C) of this 5425
 section, if the offender is serving a stated prison term that 5426
 includes a prison term imposed for a sexually oriented offense 5427
 that the offender committed prior to September 30, 2011. 5428
- (3) The offender may earn one day of credit under division 5429

 (A) of this section, except as provided in division (C) of this 5430 section, if the offender is serving a stated prison term that 5431 includes a prison term imposed for a felony other than carrying 5432 a concealed weapon an essential element of which is any conduct 5433 or failure to act expressly involving any deadly weapon or 5434 dangerous ordnance.
- (4) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, if 5436 the most serious offense for which the offender is confined is a 5437 felony of the first or second degree and divisions (D)(1), (2), 5438 and (3) of this section do not apply to the offender, the 5439 offender may earn one day of credit under division (A) of this 5440 section if the offender committed that offense prior to 5441 September 30, 2011, and the offender may earn five days of 5442 credit under division (A) of this section if the offender 5443 committed that offense on or after September 30, 2011. 5444
- (5) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, if 5445 the most serious offense for which the offender is confined is a 5446 felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree or an unclassified 5447 felony and neither division (D)(2) nor (3) of this section 5448 applies to the offender, the offender may earn one day of credit 5449 under division (A) of this section if the offender committed 5450 that offense prior to September 30, 2011, and the offender may 5451 earn five days of credit under division (A) of this section if 5452 the offender committed that offense on or after September 30, 5453

2011.	5454
(E) The department annually shall seek and consider the	5455
written feedback of the Ohio prosecuting attorneys association,	5456
the Ohio judicial conference, the Ohio public defender, the Ohio	5457
association of criminal defense lawyers, and other organizations	5458
and associations that have an interest in the operation of the	5459
corrections system and the earned credits program under this	5460
section as part of its evaluation of the program and in	5461
determining whether to modify the program.	5462
(F) As used in this section:	5463

- (F) As used in this section:
- (1) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.
- (2) "Substance use disorder treatment program" means the 5466 substance use disorder treatment program established by the 5467 department of rehabilitation and correction under section 5468 5120.035 of the Revised Code. 5469

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Sec. 3301.32. (A) (1) The chief administrator of any head 5470 start agency shall request the superintendent of the bureau of 5471 criminal identification and investigation to conduct a criminal 5472 records check with respect to any applicant who has applied to 5473 the head start agency for employment as a person responsible for 5474 the care, custody, or control of a child. If the applicant does 5475 not present proof that the applicant has been a resident of this 5476 state for the five-year period immediately prior to the date 5477 upon which the criminal records check is requested or does not 5478 provide evidence that within that five-year period the 5479 superintendent has requested information about the applicant 5480 from the federal bureau of investigation in a criminal records 5481 check, the chief administrator shall request that the 5482

superintendent obtain information from the federal bureau of	5483
investigation as a part of the criminal records check for the	5484
applicant. If the applicant presents proof that the applicant	5485
has been a resident of this state for that five-year period, the	5486
chief administrator may request that the superintendent include	5487
information from the federal bureau of investigation in the	5488
criminal records check.	5489

- (2) Any person required by division (A)(1) of this section 5490 to request a criminal records check shall provide to each 5491 applicant a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to division (C) 5492 (1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, provide to each 5493 applicant a standard impression sheet to obtain fingerprint 5494 impressions prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 5495 109.572 of the Revised Code, obtain the completed form and 5496 impression sheet from each applicant, and forward the completed 5497 form and impression sheet to the superintendent of the bureau of 5498 criminal identification and investigation at the time the chief 5499 administrator requests a criminal records check pursuant to 5500 division (A)(1) of this section. 5501
- (3) Any applicant who receives pursuant to division (A) (2) 5502 of this section a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to 5503 division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code and a 5504 copy of an impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C) 5505 (2) of that section and who is requested to complete the form 5506 and provide a set of fingerprint impressions shall complete the 5507 form or provide all the information necessary to complete the 5508 form and shall provide the impression sheets with the 5509 impressions of the applicant's fingerprints. If an applicant, 5510 upon request, fails to provide the information necessary to 5511 complete the form or fails to provide impressions of the 5512 applicant's fingerprints, the head start agency shall not employ 5513

that applicant for any position for which a criminal records	5514
check is required by division (A)(1) of this section.	5515
(B)(1) Except as provided in rules adopted by the director	5516
of job and family services in accordance with division (E) of	5517
this section, no head start agency shall employ a person as a	5518
person responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child	5519
if the person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	5520
to any of the following:	5521
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	5522
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	5523
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	5524
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	5525
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	5526
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24,	5527
2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04,	5528
2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of	5529
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	5530
1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that	5531
would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised	5532
Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation	5533
occurred prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of	5534
the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense, or	5535
felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section	5536
2907.12 of the Revised Code;	5537
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	5538
state, any other state, or the United States that is	5539
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations	5540
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section.	5541
(2) A head start agency may employ an applicant	5542

conditionally until the criminal records check required by this

section is completed and the agency receives the results of the	5544
criminal records check. If the results of the criminal records	5545
check indicate that, pursuant to division (B)(1) of this	5546
section, the applicant does not qualify for employment, the	5547
agency shall release the applicant from employment.	5548

- (C) (1) Each head start agency shall pay to the bureau of 5549 criminal identification and investigation the fee prescribed 5550 pursuant to division (C) (3) of section 109.572 of the Revised 5551 Code for each criminal records check conducted in accordance 5552 with that section upon the request pursuant to division (A) (1) 5553 of this section of the chief administrator of the head start 5554 agency.
- (2) A head start agency may charge an applicant a fee for 5556 the costs it incurs in obtaining a criminal records check under 5557 this section. A fee charged under this division shall not exceed 5558 the amount of fees the agency pays under division (C)(1) of this 5559 section. If a fee is charged under this division, the agency 5560 shall notify the applicant at the time of the applicant's 5561 initial application for employment of the amount of the fee and 5562 that, unless the fee is paid, the head start agency will not 5563 consider the applicant for employment. 5564
- (D) The report of any criminal records check conducted by 5565 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in 5566 accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code and pursuant 5567 to a request made under division (A)(1) of this section is not a 5568 public record for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised 5569 Code and shall not be made available to any person other than 5570 the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records check 5571 or the applicant's representative, the head start agency 5572 requesting the criminal records check or its representative, and 5573

5602

any court, hearing officer, or other necessary individual	5574
involved in a case dealing with the denial of employment to the	5575
applicant.	5576
(E) The director of job and family services shall adopt	5577
rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement	5578
this section, including rules specifying circumstances under	5579
which a head start agency may hire a person who has been	5580
convicted of an offense listed in division (B)(1) of this	5581
section but who meets standards in regard to rehabilitation set	5582
by the director.	5583
(F) Any person required by division (A)(1) of this section	5584
to request a criminal records check shall inform each person, at	5585
the time of the person's initial application for employment,	5586
that the person is required to provide a set of impressions of	5587
the person's fingerprints and that a criminal records check is	5588
required to be conducted and satisfactorily completed in	5589
accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code if the	5590
person comes under final consideration for appointment or	5591
employment as a precondition to employment for that position.	5592
(G) As used in this section:	5593
(1) "Applicant" means a person who is under final	5594
consideration for appointment or employment in a position with a	5595
head start agency as a person responsible for the care, custody,	5596
or control of a child.	5597
(2) "Head start agency" means an entity in this state that	5598
has been approved to be an agency for purposes of the "Head	5599
Start Act," 95 State 489 (1981), 42 U.S.C. 9831, as amended.	5600

(3) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in

section 109.572 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning 5603 as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code. 5604

Sec. 3301.541. (A) (1) The director, head teacher, 5605 elementary principal, or site administrator of a preschool 5606 program shall request the superintendent of the bureau of 5607 criminal identification and investigation to conduct a criminal 5608 records check with respect to any applicant who has applied to 5609 the preschool program for employment as a person responsible for 5610 the care, custody, or control of a child. If the applicant does 5611 not present proof that the applicant has been a resident of this 5612 state for the five-year period immediately prior to the date 5613 upon which the criminal records check is requested or does not 5614 provide evidence that within that five-year period the 5615 superintendent has requested information about the applicant 5616 from the federal bureau of investigation in a criminal records 5617 check, the director, head teacher, or elementary principal shall 5618 request that the superintendent obtain information from the 5619 federal bureau of investigation as a part of the criminal 5620 records check for the applicant. If the applicant presents proof 5621 that the applicant has been a resident of this state for that 5622 5623 five-year period, the director, head teacher, or elementary principal may request that the superintendent include 5624 information from the federal bureau of investigation in the 5625 criminal records check. 5626

(2) Any director, head teacher, elementary principal, or 5627 site administrator required by division (A)(1) of this section 5628 to request a criminal records check shall provide to each 5629 applicant a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to division (C) 5630 (1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, provide to each 5631 applicant a standard impression sheet to obtain fingerprint 5632 impressions prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 5633

109.572 of the Revised Code, obtain the completed form and	5634
impression sheet from each applicant, and forward the completed	5635
form and impression sheet to the superintendent of the bureau of	5636
criminal identification and investigation at the time the person	5637
requests a criminal records check pursuant to division (A)(1) of	5638
this section.	5639

- (3) Any applicant who receives pursuant to division (A)(2) 5640 of this section a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to 5641 division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code and a 5642 5643 copy of an impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C) (2) of that section and who is requested to complete the form 5644 and provide a set of fingerprint impressions shall complete the 5645 form or provide all the information necessary to complete the 5646 form and provide the impression sheet with the impressions of 5647 the applicant's fingerprints. If an applicant, upon request, 5648 fails to provide the information necessary to complete the form 5649 or fails to provide impressions of the applicant's fingerprints, 5650 the preschool program shall not employ that applicant for any 5651 position for which a criminal records check is required by 5652 division (A)(1) of this section. 5653
- (B) (1) Except as provided in rules adopted by the 5654 department of education in accordance with division (E) of this 5655 section, no preschool program shall employ a person as a person 5656 responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child if the 5657 person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 5658 of the following:
- (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 5660 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 5661 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 5662 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 5663

2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	5664
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24,	5665
2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04,	5666
2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of	5667
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	5668
1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that	5669
would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised	5670
Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation	5671
occurred prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of	5672
the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense, or	5673
felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section	5674
2907.12 of the Revised Code;	5675

- (b) A violation of an existing or former law of this 5676 state, any other state, or the United States that is 5677 substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations 5678 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section. 5679
- (2) A preschool program may employ an applicant 5680 conditionally until the criminal records check required by this 5681 section is completed and the preschool program receives the 5682 results of the criminal records check. If the results of the 5683 criminal records check indicate that, pursuant to division (B) 5684 (1) of this section, the applicant does not qualify for 5685 employment, the preschool program shall release the applicant 5686 from employment. 5687
- (C) (1) Each preschool program shall pay to the bureau of 5688 criminal identification and investigation the fee prescribed 5689 pursuant to division (C) (3) of section 109.572 of the Revised 5690 Code for each criminal records check conducted in accordance 5691 with that section upon the request pursuant to division (A) (1) 5692 of this section of the director, head teacher, elementary 5693

principal, or site administrator of the preschool program.

- (2) A preschool program may charge an applicant a fee for the costs it incurs in obtaining a criminal records check under this section. A fee charged under this division shall not exceed the amount of fees the preschool program pays under division (C) (1) of this section. If a fee is charged under this division, the preschool program shall notify the applicant at the time of the applicant's initial application for employment of the amount of the fee and that, unless the fee is paid, the applicant will not be considered for employment.
- (D) The report of any criminal records check conducted by the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code and pursuant to a request under division (A)(1) of this section is not a public record for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code and shall not be made available to any person other than the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records check or the applicant's representative, the preschool program requesting the criminal records check or its representative, and any court, hearing officer, or other necessary individual in a case dealing with the denial of employment to the applicant.
- (E) The department of education shall adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section, including rules specifying circumstances under which a preschool program may hire a person who has been convicted of an offense listed in division (B)(1) of this section but who meets standards in regard to rehabilitation set by the department.
- (F) Any person required by division (A)(1) of this section to request a criminal records check shall inform each person, at the time of the person's initial application for employment,

that the person is required to provide a set of impressions of	5724
the person's fingerprints and that a criminal records check is	5725
required to be conducted and satisfactorily completed in	5726
accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code if the	5727
person comes under final consideration for appointment or	5728
employment as a precondition to employment for that position.	5729
(G) As used in this section:	5730
(1) "Applicant" means a person who is under final	5731
consideration for appointment or employment in a position with a	5732
preschool program as a person responsible for the care, custody,	5733
or control of a child, except that "applicant" does not include	5734
a person already employed by a board of education, community	5735
school, or chartered nonpublic school in a position of care,	5736
custody, or control of a child who is under consideration for a	5737
different position with such board or school.	5738
(2) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in	5739
section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	5740
(3) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	5741
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	5742
(H) If the board of education of a local school district	5743
adopts a resolution requesting the assistance of the educational	5744
service center in which the local district has territory in	5745
conducting criminal records checks of substitute teachers under	5746
this section, the appointing or hiring officer of such	5747
educational service center governing board shall serve for	5748
purposes of this section as the appointing or hiring officer of	5749
the local board in the case of hiring substitute teachers for	5750
employment in the local district.	5751

Sec. 3301.88. (A) A recipient of a grant under section

3301.86 of the Revised Code may request from the bureau of	5753
criminal identification and investigation a criminal records	5754
check on any individual, other than an individual described in	5755
division (B) of this section, who applies to participate in	5756
providing directly to children any program or service funded in	5757
whole or in part by the grant. If a recipient elects to request	5758
a criminal records check, the request shall consist of a request	5759
for the information a school district board of education may	5760
request under division (F)(2)(a) of section 109.57 of the	5761
Revised Code and shall be accompanied by one of the following	5762
identification options:	5763

- (1) The form and standard impression sheet prescribed by 5764 the bureau under division (C) of section 109.572 of the Revised 5765 Code; 5766
- (2) A form prescribed by the bureau on which is specified 5767 the individual's name, social security number, and date of 5768 birth.
- (B) A grant recipient shall not request a criminal records 5770 check under division (A) of this section with respect to any 5771 individual who furnishes the grant recipient with a certified 5772 copy of a report of a criminal records check completed by the 5773 bureau within one year prior to applying to participate in 5774 providing programs or services under the grant. 5775
- (C) Except as provided in rules adopted under division (G) 5776

 (2) of this section, a grant recipient shall not allow an 5777

 individual to participate in providing directly to children any 5778

 program or service funded in whole or in part by the grant if 5779

 the information requested under this section from the bureau 5780

 indicates that the individual has ever pleaded guilty to or been 5781

 found guilty by a jury or court of any of the following: 5782

(1) A felony;	5783
(2) A violation of section 2903.16, 2903.34, 2905.05,	5784
2907.04, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.23, 2907.25,	5785
2907.31, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2925.04, or 3716.11 of the	5786
Revised Code; a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code	5787
as it existed prior to July 1, 1996; or a violation of section	5788
2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of	5789
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	5790
1, 1996, had it been committed prior to that date;	5791
(3) An offense of violence;	5792
(4) A theft offense, as defined in section 2913.01 of the	5793
Revised Code;	5794
(5) A drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of	5795
the Revised Code;	5796
(6) A violation of an existing or former ordinance of a	5797
municipal corporation or law of the United States or another	5798
state that is substantively comparable to an offense listed in	5799
divisions (C)(1) to (5) of this section.	5800
(D) A grant recipient that elects to request criminal	5801
records checks may conditionally allow an individual to	5802
participate in providing programs or services directly to	5803
children until the criminal records check is completed and the	5804
grant recipient receives the results. If the results of the	5805
criminal records check indicate that the individual has been	5806
convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense listed in division	5807
(C) of this section, the grant recipient shall not allow the	5808
individual to further participate in providing directly to	5809
children any program or service funded in whole or in part by	5810

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division (G)(2) of this section.

- (E) The report of any criminal records check conducted in 5813 accordance with division (F)(5) of section 109.57 of the Revised 5814 Code pursuant to a request under this section is not a public 5815 record for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code. The 5816 report shall not be made available to any person other than the 5817 individual who is the subject of the criminal records check or 5818 the individual's representative, the grant recipient or the 5819 grant recipient's representative, and any court, hearing 5820 5821 officer, or other necessary individual in a case dealing with the denial of the individual's participation in a program or 5822 service funded by a grant awarded under section 3301.86 of the 5823 Revised Code. 5824
- (F) The department of education shall reimburse each grant 5825 recipient for each criminal records check the actual amount paid 5826 by the grant recipient for the portion of the criminal records 5827 check conducted by the bureau of criminal identification and 5828 investigation. Reimbursement shall be paid under this division 5829 only for criminal records checks on individuals who apply to 5830 participate in providing directly to children any program or 5831 service funded in whole or in part by the grant. To receive it, 5832 the grant recipient must submit information to the department in 5833 the form and manner required by the department. The 5834 reimbursement is in addition to the grant awarded to the 5835 recipient under section 3301.86 of the Revised Code. 5836
- (G) The state board of education shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code:
- (1) Prescribing the form and manner in which grant
 recipients must submit information to the department to receive
 reimbursement under division (F) of this section;
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(2) Specifying circumstances under which a grant recipient	5842
may allow an individual whose criminal records check report	5843
indicates that the individual has been convicted of or pleaded	5844
guilty to an offense listed in division (C) of this section, but	5845
who meets standards in regard to rehabilitation set forth in the	5846
rules, to participate in providing directly to children any	5847
program or service funded in whole or in part by the grant.	5848
Sec. 3319.31. (A) As used in this section and sections	5849
3123.41 to 3123.50 and 3319.311 of the Revised Code, "license"	5850
means a certificate, license, or permit described in this	5851
chapter or in division (B) of section 3301.071 or in section	5852
3301.074 of the Revised Code.	5853
(D) For any of the following reasons, the state board of	5854
(B) For any of the following reasons, the state board of	
education, in accordance with Chapter 119. and section 3319.311	5855
of the Revised Code, may refuse to issue a license to an	5856
applicant; may limit a license it issues to an applicant; may	5857
suspend, revoke, or limit a license that has been issued to any	5858
person; or may revoke a license that has been issued to any	5859
person and has expired:	5860
(1) Engaging in an immoral act, incompetence, negligence,	5861
or conduct that is unbecoming to the applicant's or person's	5862
position;	5863
(2) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or	5864
court of, or a conviction of any of the following:	5865
	-0.66
(a) A felony other than a felony listed in division (C) of	5866
this section;	5867
(b) An offense of violence other than an offense of	5868
violence listed in division (C) of this section;	5869
(c) A theft offense, as defined in section 2913.01 of the	5870
, ,	

Revised Code, other than a theft offense listed in division (C)	5871
of this section;	5872
(d) A drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of	5873
the Revised Code, that is not a minor misdemeanor, other than a	5874
drug abuse offense listed in division (C) of this section;	5875
(e) A violation of an ordinance of a municipal corporation	5876
that is substantively comparable to an offense listed in	5877
divisions (B)(2)(a) to (d) of this section.	5878
(3) A judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in	5879
lieu of conviction under section 2951.041 of the Revised Code,	5880
or agreeing to participate in a pre-trial diversion program	5881
under section 2935.36 of the Revised Code, or a similar	5882
diversion program under rules of a court, for any offense listed	5883
in division (B)(2) or (C) of this section;	5884
(4) Failure to comply with section 3313.536, 3314.40,	5885
3319.313, 3326.24, 3328.19, or 5126.253 of the Revised Code.	5886
(C) Upon learning of a plea of guilty to, a finding of	5887
guilt by a jury or court of, or a conviction of any of the	5888
offenses listed in this division by a person who holds a current	5889
or expired license or is an applicant for a license or renewal	5890
of a license, the state board or the superintendent of public	5891
instruction, if the state board has delegated the duty pursuant	5892
to division (D) of this section, shall by a written order revoke	5893
the person's license or deny issuance or renewal of the license	5894
to the person. The state board or the superintendent shall	5895
revoke a license that has been issued to a person to whom this	5896
division applies and has expired in the same manner as a license	5897
that has not expired.	5898
Revocation of a license or denial of issuance or renewal	5899

of a license under this division is effective immediately at the	5900
time and date that the board or superintendent issues the	5901
written order and is not subject to appeal in accordance with	5902
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. Revocation of a license or	5903
denial of issuance or renewal of license under this division	5904
remains in force during the pendency of an appeal by the person	5905
of the plea of guilty, finding of guilt, or conviction that is	5906
the basis of the action taken under this division.	5907

The state board or superintendent shall take the action 5908 required by this division for a violation of division (B)(1), 5909 (2), (3), or (4) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code; a 5910 violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 5911 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.15, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 5912 2905.11, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 5913 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, 2907.25, 2907.31, 5914 2907.311, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2907.33, 5915 2907.34, 2909.02, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 5916 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.44, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 5917 2917.33, 2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.13, 2921.02, 2921.03, 2921.04, 5918 2921.05, 2921.11, 2921.34, 2921.41, 2923.122, 2923.123, 5919 2923.161, 2923.17, 2923.21, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 5920 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.32, 5921 2925.36, 2925.37, 2927.24, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; a 5922 violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed 5923 prior to July 1, 1996; a violation of section 2919.23 of the 5924 Revised Code that would have been a violation of section 2905.04 5925 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the 5926 violation been committed prior to that date; felonious sexual 5927 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 5928 Revised Code; or a violation of an ordinance of a municipal 5929 corporation that is substantively comparable to an offense 5930

listed in this paragraph.

- (D) The state board may delegate to the superintendent of 5932 public instruction the authority to revoke a person's license or 5933 to deny issuance or renewal of a license to a person under 5934 division (C) or (F) of this section. 5935
- (E)(1) If the plea of guilty, finding of guilt, or 5936 conviction that is the basis of the action taken under division 5937 (B)(2) or (C) of this section, or under the version of division 5938 (F) of section 3319.311 of the Revised Code in effect prior to 5939 September 12, 2008, is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of 5940 the criminal appeal, the clerk of the court that overturned the 5941 plea, finding, or conviction or, if applicable, the clerk of the 5942 court that accepted an appeal from the court that overturned the 5943 plea, finding, or conviction, shall notify the state board that 5944 the plea, finding, or conviction has been overturned. Within 5945 thirty days after receiving the notification, the state board 5946 shall initiate proceedings to reconsider the revocation or 5947 denial of the person's license in accordance with division (E) 5948 (2) of this section. In addition, the person whose license was 5949 revoked or denied may file with the state board a petition for 5950 reconsideration of the revocation or denial along with 5951 5952 appropriate court documents.
- (2) Upon receipt of a court notification or a petition and 5953 supporting court documents under division (E)(1) of this 5954 section, the state board, after offering the person an 5955 opportunity for an adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of 5956 the Revised Code, shall determine whether the person committed 5957 the act in question in the prior criminal action against the 5958 person that is the basis of the revocation or denial and may 5959 continue the revocation or denial, may reinstate the person's 5960

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license, with or without limits, or may grant the person a new	5961
license, with or without limits. The decision of the board shall	5962
be based on grounds for revoking, denying, suspending, or	5963
limiting a license adopted by rule under division (G) of this	5964
section and in accordance with the evidentiary standards the	5965
board employs for all other licensure hearings. The decision of	5966
the board under this division is subject to appeal under Chapter	5967
119. of the Revised Code.	5968

- (3) A person whose license is revoked or denied under division (C) of this section shall not apply for any license if the plea of guilty, finding of guilt, or conviction that is the basis of the revocation or denial, upon completion of the criminal appeal, either is upheld or is overturned but the state board continues the revocation or denial under division (E) (2) of this section and that continuation is upheld on final appeal.
- (F) The state board may take action under division (B) of 5976 this section, and the state board or the superintendent shall 5977 take the action required under division (C) of this section, on 5978 the basis of substantially comparable conduct occurring in a 5979 jurisdiction outside this state or occurring before a person 5980 applies for or receives any license.
- (G) The state board may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to carry out this section and section 3319.311 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 3319.39. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (F) (2) 5985 (b) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code, the appointing or 5986 hiring officer of the board of education of a school district, 5987 the governing board of an educational service center, or of a 5988 chartered nonpublic school shall request the superintendent of 5989 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation to 5990

conduct a criminal records check with respect to any applicant	5991
who has applied to the school district, educational service	5992
center, or school for employment in any position. The appointing	5993
or hiring officer shall request that the superintendent include	5994
information from the federal bureau of investigation in the	5995
criminal records check, unless all of the following apply to the	5996
applicant:	5997
(a) The applicant is applying to be an instructor of adult	5998
education.	5999
(b) The duties of the position for which the applicant is	6000
applying do not involve routine interaction with a child or	6001
regular responsibility for the care, custody, or control of a	6002
child or, if the duties do involve such interaction or	6003
responsibility, during any period of time in which the	6004
applicant, if hired, has such interaction or responsibility,	6005
another employee of the school district, educational service	6006
center, or chartered nonpublic school will be present in the	6007
same room with the child or, if outdoors, will be within a	6008
thirty-yard radius of the child or have visual contact with the	6009
child.	6010
(c) The applicant presents proof that the applicant has	6011
been a resident of this state for the five-year period	6012
immediately prior to the date upon which the criminal records	6013
check is requested or provides evidence that within that five-	6014
year period the superintendent has requested information about	6015
the applicant from the federal bureau of investigation in a	6016
criminal records check.	6017
(2) A person required by division (A)(1) of this section	6018
to request a criminal records check shall provide to each	6019

applicant a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to division (C)

- (1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, provide to each 6021 applicant a standard impression sheet to obtain fingerprint 6022 impressions prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 6023 109.572 of the Revised Code, obtain the completed form and 6024 impression sheet from each applicant, and forward the completed 6025 form and impression sheet to the superintendent of the bureau of 6026 criminal identification and investigation at the time the person 6027 requests a criminal records check pursuant to division (A)(1) of 6028 this section. 6029
- (3) An applicant who receives pursuant to division (A) (2) 6030 6031 of this section a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code and a 6032 copy of an impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C) 6033 (2) of that section and who is requested to complete the form 6034 and provide a set of fingerprint impressions shall complete the 6035 form or provide all the information necessary to complete the 6036 form and shall provide the impression sheet with the impressions 6037 of the applicant's fingerprints. If an applicant, upon request, 6038 fails to provide the information necessary to complete the form 6039 or fails to provide impressions of the applicant's fingerprints, 6040 the board of education of a school district, governing board of 6041 an educational service center, or governing authority of a 6042 chartered nonpublic school shall not employ that applicant for 6043 any position. 6044
- (4) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the

 contrary, an applicant who meets the conditions prescribed in

 divisions (A) (1) (a) and (b) of this section and who, within the

 two-year period prior to the date of application, was the

 subject of a criminal records check under this section prior to

 being hired for short-term employment with the school district,

 educational service center, or chartered nonpublic school to

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which application is being made shall not be required to undergo	6052
a criminal records check prior to the applicant's rehiring by	6053
that district, service center, or school.	6054
(B)(1) Except as provided in rules adopted by the	6055
department of education in accordance with division (E) of this	6056
section and as provided in division (B)(3) of this section, no	6057
board of education of a school district, no governing board of	6058
an educational service center, and no governing authority of a	6059
chartered nonpublic school shall employ a person if the person	6060
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	6061
following:	6062
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	6063
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	6064
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	6065
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	6066
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	6067
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24,	6068
2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04,	6069
2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of	6070
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	6071
1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that	6072
would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised	6073
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Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of	6075
the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense, or	6076
felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section	6077
2907.12 of the Revised Code;	6078
2307.12 Of the Revised Code,	0078
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	6079
state, another state, or the United States that is substantially	6080
equivalent to any of the offenses or violations described in	6081

6082

division (B)(1)(a) of this section.

(2) A board, governing board of an educational service 6083 center, or a governing authority of a chartered nonpublic school 6084 may employ an applicant conditionally until the criminal records 6085 check required by this section is completed and the board or 6086 governing authority receives the results of the criminal records 6087 check. If the results of the criminal records check indicate 6088 that, pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, the applicant 6089 does not qualify for employment, the board or governing 6090 authority shall release the applicant from employment. 6091

- (3) No board and no governing authority of a chartered 6092 nonpublic school shall employ a teacher who previously has been 6093 convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the offenses listed in 6094 section 3319.31 of the Revised Code. 6095
- (C)(1) Each board and each governing authority of a 6096 chartered nonpublic school shall pay to the bureau of criminal 6097 identification and investigation the fee prescribed pursuant to 6098 division (C)(3) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code for each 6099 criminal records check conducted in accordance with that section 6100 upon the request pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section of 6101 the appointing or hiring officer of the board or governing 6102 authority. 6103
- (2) A board and the governing authority of a chartered 6104 nonpublic school may charge an applicant a fee for the costs it 6105 incurs in obtaining a criminal records check under this section. 6106 A fee charged under this division shall not exceed the amount of 6107 fees the board or governing authority pays under division (C)(1) 6108 of this section. If a fee is charged under this division, the 6109 board or governing authority shall notify the applicant at the 6110 time of the applicant's initial application for employment of 6111

the amount of the fee and that, unless the fee is paid, the	6112
board or governing authority will not consider the applicant for	6113
employment.	6114
(D) The report of any criminal records check conducted by	611.5

- the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in 6116 accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code and pursuant 6117 to a request under division (A)(1) of this section is not a 6118 public record for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised 6119 Code and shall not be made available to any person other than 6120 6121 the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records check 6122 or the applicant's representative, the board or governing authority requesting the criminal records check or its 6123 representative, and any court, hearing officer, or other 6124 necessary individual involved in a case dealing with the denial 6125 of employment to the applicant. 6126
- (E) The department of education shall adopt rules pursuant 6127 to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section, 6128 including rules specifying circumstances under which the board 6129 or governing authority may hire a person who has been convicted 6130 of an offense listed in division (B)(1) or (3) of this section 6131 but who meets standards in regard to rehabilitation set by the 6132 department.

The department shall amend rule 3301-83-23 of the Ohio 6134

Administrative Code that took effect August 27, 2009, and that 6135

specifies the offenses that disqualify a person for employment 6136

as a school bus or school van driver and establishes 6137

rehabilitation standards for school bus and school van drivers. 6138

(F) Any person required by division (A)(1) of this section 6139 to request a criminal records check shall inform each person, at 6140 the time of the person's initial application for employment, of 6141

the requirement to provide a set of fingerprint impressions and	6142
that a criminal records check is required to be conducted and	6143
satisfactorily completed in accordance with section 109.572 of	6144
the Revised Code if the person comes under final consideration	6145
for appointment or employment as a precondition to employment	6146
for the school district, educational service center, or school	6147
for that position.	6148
(G) As used in this section:	6149
(1) "Applicant" means a person who is under final	6150
consideration for appointment or employment in a position with a	6151
board of education, governing board of an educational service	6152
center, or a chartered nonpublic school, except that "applicant"	6153
does not include a person already employed by a board or	6154
chartered nonpublic school who is under consideration for a	6155
different position with such board or school.	6156
(2) "Teacher" means a person holding an educator license	6157
or permit issued under section 3319.22 or 3319.301 of the	6158
Revised Code and teachers in a chartered nonpublic school.	6159
(3) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in	6160
section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	6161
(4) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	6162
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	6163
(H) If the board of education of a local school district	6164
adopts a resolution requesting the assistance of the educational	6165
service center in which the local district has territory in	6166
conducting criminal records checks of substitute teachers and	6167
substitutes for other district employees under this section, the	6168
appointing or hiring officer of such educational service center	6169

shall serve for purposes of this section as the appointing or

hiring officer of the local board in the case of hiring	6171
substitute teachers and other substitute employees for the local	6172
district.	6173
Sec. 3701.034. (A) As used in this section:	6174
(1) "Affiliate" means an entity that has with another	6175
entity a legal relationship created or governed by at least one	6176
written instrument that demonstrates any of the following:	6177
(a) Common ownership, management, or control;	6178
(b) A franchise agreement;	6179
(c) The granting or extension of a license or other	6180
agreement that authorizes an entity to use the other entity's	6181
brand name, trademark, service mark, or other registered	6182
identification mark.	6183
(2) "Violence Against Women Act" means section 1910A of	6184
section 40151 of the "Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement	6185
Act of 1994," part A of Title XIX of the "Public Health and	6186
Human Services Act," 108 Stat. 1920 (1994), former 42 U.S.C.	6187
300w, 42 U.S.C. 280b-1b, as amended.	6188
(3) "Breast and Cervical Cancer Mortality Prevention Act"	6189
means the "Breast and Cervical Cancer Mortality Prevention Act	6190
of 1990," 104 Stat. 409 (1990), 42 U.S.C. 300k, as amended.	6191
(4) "Infertility prevention project" means the infertility	6192
prevention project operated by the United States centers for	6193
disease control and prevention.	6194
(5) "Minority HIV/AIDS initiative" means the minority	6195
HIV/AIDS initiative operated by the office of minority health in	6196
the United States department of health and human services.	6197

(6) "Personal responsibility education program" means the	6198
program administered by the administration for children and	6199
families in the United States department of health and human	6200
services to educate adolescents on abstinence and contraception	6201
for the prevention of pregnancy and sexually transmitted	6202
infections.	6203
(7) "Nontherapeutic abortion "Abortion" has the same	6204
meaning as in section 9.04 — 2919.11 of the Revised Code.	6205
(8) "Promote" means to advocate for, assist with,	6206
encourage, or popularize through advertising or publicity.	6207
(B) The department of health shall ensure that all funds	6208
it receives through the Violence Against Women Act to distribute	6209
as grants for the purpose of education and prevention of	6210
violence against women are not used to do any of the following:	6211
(1) Perform nontherapeutic abortions;	6212
(2) Promote nontherapeutic abortions;	6213
(_,	
(3) Contract with any entity that performs or promotes	6214
nontherapeutic—abortions;	6215
(4) Become or continue to be an affiliate of any entity	6216
that performs or promotes nontherapeutic abortions.	6217
(C) The department shall ensure that all funds it receives	6218
through the Breast and Cervical Cancer Mortality Prevention Act	6219
for a program to provide breast and cervical cancer screening	6220
and diagnostic testing and all federal and state funds that it	6221
uses to operate such a program are not used to do any of the	6222
following:	6223
(1) Perform nontherapeutic abortions;	6224

(2) Promote nontherapeutic abortions;	6225
(3) Contract with any entity that performs or promotes	6226
nontherapeutic abortions;	6227
(4) Become or continue to be an affiliate of any entity	6228
that performs or promotes nontherapeutic abortions.	6229
(D) The department shall ensure that all materials it	6230
receives through the infertility prevention project are not	6231
distributed to entities that do any of the following and shall	6232
ensure that all funds it uses for treatment associated with the	6233
infertility prevention project are not used to do any of the	6234
following:	6235
(1) Perform nontherapeutic abortions;	6236
(2) Promote nontherapeutic abortions;	6237
(3) Contract with any entity that performs or promotes	6238
nontherapeutic abortions;	6239
(4) Become or continue to be an affiliate of any entity	6240
that performs or promotes nontherapeutic abortions.	6241
(E) The department shall ensure that all funds it receives	6242
through the minority HIV/AIDS initiative to distribute as grants	6243
and all other federal and state funds that are part of the	6244
grants distributed under this initiative are not used to do any	6245
of the following:	6246
(1) Perform nontherapeutic abortions;	6247
(2) Promote nontherapeutic abortions;	6248
(3) Contract with any entity that performs or promotes	6249
nontherapeutic abortions;	6250
(4) Become or continue to be an affiliate of any entity	6251

that performs or promotes nontherapeutic abortions.	6252
(F) The department shall ensure that all state funds it	6253
receives, including funding for infant mortality reduction or	6254
infant vitality initiatives, are not used to do any of the	6255
following:	6256
(1) Perform nontherapeutic abortions;	6257
(2) Promote nontherapeutic abortions;	6258
(3) Contract with any entity that performs or promotes	6259
nontherapeutic abortions;	6260
(4) Become or continue to be an affiliate of any entity	6261
that performs or promotes nontherapeutic abortions.	6262
(G) The department shall ensure that all funds it receives	6263
through an allotment to the state under the personal	6264
responsibility education program and all other funds that are	6265
part of the grants distributed under this program are not used	6266
to do any of the following:	6267
(1) Perform nontherapeutic abortions;	6268
(2) Promote nontherapeutic abortions;	6269
(3) Contract with any entity that performs or promotes	6270
nontherapeutic abortions;	6271
(4) Become or continue to be an affiliate of any entity	6272
that performs or promotes nontherapeutic abortions.	6273
Sec. 3701.046. The director of health is authorized to	6274
make grants for women's health services from funds appropriated	6275
for that purpose by the general assembly.	6276
None of the funds received through grants for women's	6277
health services shall be used to provide abortion services. None	6278

of the funds received through these grants shall be used for	6279
counseling for or referrals for abortion, except in the case of	6280
a medical emergency. These funds shall be distributed by the	6281
director to programs that the department of health determines	6282
will provide services that are physically and financially	6283
separate from abortion-providing and abortion-promoting	6284
activities, and that do not include counseling for or referrals	6285
for abortion, other than in the case of medical emergency.	6286
These women's health services include and are limited to	6287
the following: pelvic examinations and laboratory testing;	6288
breast examinations and patient education on breast cancer;	6289
screening for cervical cancer; screening and treatment for	6290
sexually transmitted diseases and HIV screening; voluntary	6291
choice of contraception, including abstinence and natural family	6292
planning; patient education and pre-pregnancy counseling on the	6293
dangers of smoking, alcohol, and drug use during pregnancy;	6294
education on sexual coercion and violence in relationships; and	6295
prenatal care or referral for prenatal care; and education,	6296
screening, and counseling referral for post-partum depression.	6297
These health care services shall be provided in a medical clinic	6298
setting by persons authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised	6299
Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	6300
and surgery; authorized under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code	6301
to practice as a physician assistant; licensed under Chapter	6302
4723. of the Revised Code as a registered nurse or licensed	6303
practical nurse; or licensed under Chapter 4757. of the Revised	6304
Code as a social worker, independent social worker, licensed	6305
professional clinical counselor, or licensed professional	6306
counselor.	6307
The director shall adopt rules under Chapter 119. of the	6308
Revised Code specifying reasonable eligibility standards that	6309

must be met to receive the state funding and provide reasonable	6310
methods by which a grantee wishing to be eligible for federal	6311
funding may comply with these requirements for state funding	6312
without losing its eligibility for federal funding.	6313
Each applicant for these funds shall provide sufficient	6314
assurance to the director of all of the following:	6315
(A) The program shall not discriminate in the provision of	6316
services based on an individual's religion, race, national	6317
origin, handicapping condition, age, sex, number of pregnancies,	6318
or marital status;	6319
(B) The program shall provide services without subjecting	6320
individuals to any coercion to accept services or to employ any	6321
particular methods of family planning;	6322
(C) Acceptance of services shall be solely on a voluntary	6323
basis and may not be made a prerequisite to eligibility for, or	6324
receipt of, any other service, assistance from, or participation	6325
in, any other program of the service provider;	6326
(D) Any charges for services provided by the program shall	6327
be based on the patient's ability to pay and priority in the	6328
provision of services shall be given to persons from low-income	6329
families.	6330
In distributing these grant funds, the director shall give	6331
priority to grant requests from local departments of health for	6332
women's health services to be provided directly by personnel of	6333
the local department of health. The director shall issue a	6334
single request for proposals for all grants for women's health	6335
services. The director shall send a notification of this request	6336
for proposals to every local department of health in this state	6337
and shall place a notification on the department's web site. The	6338

director shall allow at least thirty days after issuing this	6339
notification before closing the period to receive applications.	6340
After the closing date for receiving grant applications,	6341
the director shall first consider grant applications from local	6342
departments of health that apply for grants for women's health	6343
services to be provided directly by personnel of the local	6344
department of health. Local departments of health that apply for	6345
grants for women's health services to be provided directly by	6346
	6347
personnel of the local department of health need not provide all	
the listed women's health services in order to qualify for a	6348
grant. However, in prioritizing awards among local departments	6349
of health that qualify for funding under this paragraph, the	6350
director may consider, among other reasonable factors, the	6351
comprehensiveness of the women's health services to be offered,	6352
provided that no local department of health shall be	6353
discriminated against in the process of awarding these grant	6354
funds because the applicant does not provide contraception.	6355
If funds remain after awarding grants to all local	6356
departments of health that qualify for the priority, the	6357
director may make grants to other applicants. Awards to other	6358
applicants may be made to those applicants that will offer all	6359
eight of the listed women's health services or that will offer	6360
all of the services except contraception. No applicant shall be	6361
discriminated against in the process of awarding these grant	6362
funds because the applicant does not provide contraception.	6363
Sec. 3701.511. None of the funds appropriated to	6364
administer the programs authorized by sections 3701.501 and	6365
3701.502 of the Revised Code shall be used to counsel or refer	6366
for abortion, except in the case of a medical emergency.	6367
Tot application, except in the cape of a medical emergency.	3307

Sec. 3702.30. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility,	6369
whether or not part of the same organization as a hospital, that	6370
is located in a building distinct from another in which	6371
inpatient care is provided, and to which any of the following	6372
apply:	6373
(a) Outpatient surgery is routinely performed in the	6374
facility, and the facility functions separately from a	6375
hospital's inpatient surgical service and from the offices of	6376
private physicians, podiatrists, and dentists.	6377
(b) Anesthesia is administered in the facility by an	6378
anesthesiologist or certified registered nurse anesthetist, and	6379
the facility functions separately from a hospital's inpatient	6380
surgical service and from the offices of private physicians,	6381
podiatrists, and dentists.	6382
(c) The facility applies to be certified by the United	6383
States centers for medicare and medicaid services as an	6384
ambulatory surgical center for purposes of reimbursement under	6385
Part B of the medicare program, Part B of Title XVIII of the	6386
"Social Security Act," 79 Stat. 286 (1965), 42 U.S.C.A. 1395, as	6387
amended.	6388
(d) The facility applies to be certified by a national	6389
accrediting body approved by the centers for medicare and	6390
medicaid services for purposes of deemed compliance with the	6391
conditions for participating in the medicare program as an	6392
ambulatory surgical center.	6393
(e) The facility bills or receives from any third-party	6394
payer, governmental health care program, or other person or	6395
government entity any ambulatory surgical facility fee that is	6396
billed or paid in addition to any fee for professional services.	6397

H. B. No. 565 As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee

(f) The facility is held out to any person or go	overnment 6398
entity as an ambulatory surgical facility or similar	facility by 6399
means of signage, advertising, or other promotional e	efforts. 6400
"Ambulatory surgical facility" does not include	a hospital 6401
emergency department.	6402
(2) "Ambulatory surgical facility fee" means a f	
certain overhead costs associated with providing surg	rical 6404
services in an outpatient setting. A fee is an ambula	tory 6405
surgical facility fee only if it directly or indirect	ly pays for 6406
costs associated with any of the following:	6407
(a) Use of operating and recovery rooms, prepara	ation 6408
areas, and waiting rooms and lounges for patients and	l relatives; 6409
	C 41 0
(b) Administrative functions, record keeping,	6410
housekeeping, utilities, and rent;	6411
(c) Services provided by nurses, orderlies, tech	nnical 6412
personnel, and others involved in patient care relate	ed to 6413
providing surgery.	6414
"Ambulatory surgical facility fee" does not incl	ude any 6415
additional payment in excess of a professional fee th	_
provided to encourage physicians, podiatrists, and de	
perform certain surgical procedures in their office o	
group practice's office rather than a health care fac	
	_
the purpose of the additional fee is to compensate fo	
additional cost incurred in performing office-based s	surgery. 6421
(3) "Governmental health care program" has the s	same 6422
meaning as in section 4731.65 of the Revised Code.	6423
(4) "Health care facility" means any of the foll	owing: 6424
(a) An ambulatory surgical facility;	6425

(b) A freestanding dialysis center;	6426
(c) A freestanding inpatient rehabilitation facility;	6427
(d) A freestanding birthing center;	6428
(e) A freestanding radiation therapy center;	6429
(f) A freestanding or mobile diagnostic imaging center.	6430
(5) "Third-party payer" has the same meaning as in section	6431
3901.38 of the Revised Code.	6432
(B) By rule adopted in accordance with sections 3702.12	6433
and 3702.13 of the Revised Code, the director of health shall	6434
establish quality standards for health care facilities. The	6435
standards may incorporate accreditation standards or other	6436
quality standards established by any entity recognized by the	6437
director.	6438
In the case of an ambulatory surgical facility, the	6439
standards shall require the ambulatory surgical facility to	6440
maintain an infection control program. The purposes of the	6441
program are to minimize infections and communicable diseases and	6442
facilitate a functional and sanitary environment consistent with	6443
standards of professional practice. To achieve these purposes,	6444
ambulatory surgical facility staff managing the program shall	6445
create and administer a plan designed to prevent, identify, and	6446
manage infections and communicable diseases; ensure that the	6447
program is directed by a qualified professional trained in	6448
infection control; ensure that the program is an integral part	6449
of the ambulatory surgical facility's quality assessment and	6450
performance improvement program; and implement in an expeditious	6451
manner corrective and preventive measures that result in	6452
improvement	6/153

shall include all of the following:

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6482

(C) Every ambulatory surgical facility shall require that	6454
each physician who practices at the facility comply with all	6455
relevant provisions in the Revised Code that relate to the	6456
obtaining of informed consent from a patient.	6457
(D) The director shall issue a license to each health care	6458
facility that makes application for a license and demonstrates	6459
to the director that it meets the quality standards established	6460
by the rules adopted under division (B) of this section and	6461
satisfies the informed consent compliance requirements specified	6462
in division (C) of this section.	6463
(E)(1) Except as provided in division $\frac{(H)}{(G)}$ of this	6464
section and in section 3702.301 of the Revised Code, no health	6465
care facility shall operate without a license issued under this	6466
section.	6467
(2) If the department of health finds that a physician who	6468
practices at a health care facility is not complying with any	6469
provision of the Revised Code related to the obtaining of	6470
informed consent from a patient, the department shall report its	6471
finding to the state medical board, the physician, and the	6472
health care facility.	6473
(3) This division does not create, and shall not be	6474
construed as creating, a new cause of action or substantive	6475
legal right against a health care facility and in favor of a	6476
patient who allegedly sustains harm as a result of the failure	6477
of the patient's physician to obtain informed consent from the	6478
patient prior to performing a procedure on or otherwise caring	6479
for the patient in the health care facility.	6480
(F) The rules adopted under division (B) of this section	6481

(1) Provisions governing application for, renewal,	6483
suspension, and revocation of a license under this section;	6484
(2) Provisions governing orders issued pursuant to section	6485
3702.32 of the Revised Code for a health care facility to cease	6486
its operations or to prohibit certain types of services provided	6487
by a health care facility;	6488
(3) Provisions governing the imposition under section	6489
3702.32 of the Revised Code of civil penalties for violations of	6490
this section or the rules adopted under this section, including	6491
a scale for determining the amount of the penalties;	6492
(4) Provisions specifying the form inspectors must use	6493
when conducting inspections of ambulatory surgical facilities.	6494
(G) An ambulatory surgical facility that performs or	6495
induces abortions shall comply with section 3701.791 of the	6496
Revised Code.	6497
$\overline{\text{(H)}}$ The following entities are not required to obtain a	6498
license as a freestanding diagnostic imaging center issued under	6499
this section:	6500
(1) A hospital registered under section 3701.07 of the	6501
Revised Code that provides diagnostic imaging;	6502
(2) An entity that is reviewed as part of a hospital	6503
accreditation or certification program and that provides	6504
diagnostic imaging;	6505
(3) An ambulatory surgical facility that provides	6506
diagnostic imaging in conjunction with or during any portion of	6507
a surgical procedure.	6508
Sec. 3901.87. (A) No qualified health plan shall provide	6509
coverage for a nontherapeutic an abortion.	6510

(B) As used in this section:	6511
(1) "Nontherapeutic abortion "Abortion" has the same	6512
meaning as in section $\frac{124.85}{2919.11}$ of the Revised Code.	6513
(2) "Qualified health plan" means any qualified health	6514
plan as defined in section 1301 of the "Patient Protection and	6515
Affordable Care Act," 42 U.S.C. 18021, offered in this state	6516
through an exchange created under that act.	6517
Sec. 4112.01. (A) As used in this chapter:	6518
(1) "Person" includes one or more individuals,	6519
partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations, legal	6520
representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers,	6521
and other organized groups of persons. "Person" also includes,	6522
but is not limited to, any owner, lessor, assignor, builder,	6523
manager, broker, salesperson, appraiser, agent, employee,	6524
lending institution, and the state and all political	6525
subdivisions, authorities, agencies, boards, and commissions of	6526
the state.	6527
(2) "Employer" includes the state, any political	6528
subdivision of the state, any person employing four or more	6529
persons within the state, and any person acting directly or	6530
indirectly in the interest of an employer.	6531
(3) "Employee" means an individual employed by any	6532
employer but does not include any individual employed in the	6533
domestic service of any person.	6534
(4) "Labor organization" includes any organization that	6535
exists, in whole or in part, for the purpose of collective	6536
bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances,	6537
terms or conditions of employment, or other mutual aid or	6538
protection in relation to employment.	6539

(5) "Employment agency" includes any person regularly	6540
undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure	6541
opportunities to work or to procure, recruit, refer, or place	6542
employees.	6543
(6) "Commission" means the Ohio civil rights commission	6544
created by section 4112.03 of the Revised Code.	6545
(7) "Discriminate" includes segregate or separate.	6546
(8) "Unlawful discriminatory practice" means any act	6547
prohibited by section 4112.02, 4112.021, or 4112.022 of the	6548
Revised Code.	6549
(9) "Place of public accommodation" means any inn,	6550
restaurant, eating house, barbershop, public conveyance by air,	6551
land, or water, theater, store, other place for the sale of	6552
merchandise, or any other place of public accommodation or	6553
amusement of which the accommodations, advantages, facilities,	6554
or privileges are available to the public.	6555
(10) "Housing accommodations" includes any building or	6556
structure, or portion of a building or structure, that is used	6557
or occupied or is intended, arranged, or designed to be used or	6558
occupied as the home residence, dwelling, dwelling unit, or	6559
sleeping place of one or more individuals, groups, or families	6560
whether or not living independently of each other; and any	6561
vacant land offered for sale or lease. "Housing accommodations"	6562
also includes any housing accommodations held or offered for	6563
sale or rent by a real estate broker, salesperson, or agent, by	6564
any other person pursuant to authorization of the owner, by the	6565
owner, or by the owner's legal representative.	6566
(11) "Restrictive covenant" means any specification	6567
limiting the transfer, rental, lease, or other use of any	6568

housing accommodations because of race, color, religion, sex,	6569
military status, familial status, national origin, disability,	6570
or ancestry, or any limitation based upon affiliation with or	6571
approval by any person, directly or indirectly, employing race,	6572
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, national	6573
origin, disability, or ancestry as a condition of affiliation or	6574
approval.	6575
(12) "Burial lot" means any lot for the burial of deceased	6576
persons within any public burial ground or cemetery, including,	6577
but not limited to, cemeteries owned and operated by municipal	6578
corporations, townships, or companies or associations	6579
incorporated for cemetery purposes.	6580
(13) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment	6581
that substantially limits one or more major life activities,	6582
including the functions of caring for one's self, performing	6583
manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing,	6584
learning, and working; a record of a physical or mental	6585
impairment; or being regarded as having a physical or mental	6586
impairment.	6587
(14) Except as otherwise provided in section 4112.021 of	6588
the Revised Code, "age" means at least forty years old.	6589
(15) "Familial status" means either of the following:	6590
(a) One or more individuals who are under eighteen years	6591
of age and who are domiciled with a parent or guardian having	6592
legal custody of the individual or domiciled, with the written	6593
permission of the parent or guardian having legal custody, with	6594
a designee of the parent or guardian;	6595
(b) Any person who is pregnant or in the process of	6596
securing legal custody of any individual who is under eighteen	6597

years of age.	6598
(16)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(16)(b) of this	6599
section, "physical or mental impairment" includes any of the	6600
following:	6601
(i) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic	6602
disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the	6603
following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special	6604
sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs;	6605
cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genito-urinary; hemic	6606
and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine;	6607
(ii) Any mental or psychological disorder, including, but	6608
not limited to, intellectual disability, organic brain syndrome,	6609
emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities;	6610
(iii) Diseases and conditions, including, but not limited	6611
to, orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairments,	6612
cerebral palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple	6613
sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, human	6614
immunodeficiency virus infection, intellectual disability,	6615
emotional illness, drug addiction, and alcoholism.	6616
(b) "Physical or mental impairment" does not include any	6617
of the following:	6618
(i) Homosexuality and bisexuality;	6619
(ii) Transvestism, transsexualism, pedophilia,	6620
exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders not	6621
resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior	6622
disorders;	6623
(iii) Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania;	6624
(iv) Psychoactive substance use disorders resulting from	6625

the current illegal use of a controlled substance or the current	6626
use of alcoholic beverages.	6627
(17) "Dwelling unit" means a single unit of residence for	6628
a family of one or more persons.	6629
(18) "Common use areas" means rooms, spaces, or elements	6630
inside or outside a building that are made available for the use	6631
of residents of the building or their guests, and includes, but	6632
is not limited to, hallways, lounges, lobbies, laundry rooms,	6633
refuse rooms, mail rooms, recreational areas, and passageways	6634
among and between buildings.	6635
(19) "Public use areas" means interior or exterior rooms	6636
or spaces of a privately or publicly owned building that are	6637
made available to the general public.	6638
(20) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	6639
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	6640
(21) "Disabled tenant" means a tenant or prospective	6641
tenant who is a person with a disability.	6642
(22) "Military status" means a person's status in "service	6643
in the uniformed services" as defined in section 5923.05 of the	6644
Revised Code.	6645
(23) "Aggrieved person" includes both of the following:	6646
(a) Any person who claims to have been injured by any	6647
unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of	6648
section 4112.02 of the Revised Code;	6649
(b) Any person who believes that the person will be	6650
injured by, any unlawful discriminatory practice described in	6651
division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code that is	6652
about to occur.	6653

(B) For the purposes of divisions (A) to (F) of section	6654
4112.02 of the Revised Code, the terms "because of sex" and "on	6655
the basis of sex" include, but are not limited to, because of or	6656
on the basis of pregnancy, any illness arising out of and	6657
occurring during the course of a pregnancy, childbirth, or	6658
related medical conditions. Women affected by pregnancy,	6659
childbirth, or related medical conditions shall be treated the	6660
same for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of	6661
benefits under fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so	6662
affected but similar in their ability or inability to work, and	6663
nothing in division (B) of section 4111.17 of the Revised Code	6664
shall be interpreted to permit otherwise. This division shall	6665
not be construed to require an employer to pay for health	6666
insurance benefits for abortion, except where the life of the	6667
mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term or	6668
except where medical complications have arisen from the	6669
abortion, provided that nothing in this division precludes an-	6670
employer from providing abortion benefits or otherwise affects	6671
bargaining agreements in regard to abortion.	6672

Sec. 4729.291. (A) Except when provided under section 6673 4731.97 of the Revised Code, when a licensed health professional 6674 authorized to prescribe drugs personally furnishes drugs to a 6675 patient pursuant to division (B) of section 4729.29 of the 6676 Revised Code, the prescriber shall ensure that the drugs are 6677 labeled and packaged in accordance with state and federal drug 6678 laws and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to those 6679 laws. Records of purchase and disposition of all drugs 6680 personally furnished to patients shall be maintained by the 6681 prescriber in accordance with state and federal drug statutes 6682 and any rules adopted pursuant to those statutes. 6683

(B) When personally furnishing to a patient RU-486-

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(mifepristone), a prescriber is subject to section 2919.123 of	6685
the Revised Code. A prescription for RU-486 (mifepristone) shall	6686
be in writing and in accordance with section 2919.123 of the	6687
Revised Code.	6688
$\frac{(C)}{(1)}$ (1) Except as provided in divisions (D) and (E) of this	6689
section, no prescriber shall do either of the following:	6690
(a) In any thirty-day period, personally furnish to or for	6691
patients, taken as a whole, controlled substances in an amount	6692
that exceeds a total of two thousand five hundred dosage units;	6693
(b) In any seventy-two-hour period, personally furnish to	6694
or for a patient an amount of a controlled substance that	6695
exceeds the amount necessary for the patient's use in a seventy-	6696
two-hour period.	6697
(2) The state board of pharmacy may impose a fine of not	6698
more than five thousand dollars on a prescriber who fails to	6699
comply with the limits established under division (C)(1) of this	6700
section. A separate fine may be imposed for each instance of	6701
failing to comply with the limits. In imposing the fine, the	6702
board's actions shall be taken in accordance with Chapter 119.	6703
of the Revised Code.	6704
(D) (C) None of the following shall be counted in	6705
determining whether the amounts specified in division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}(1)$	6706
of this section have been exceeded:	6707
(1) Methadone personally furnished to patients for the	6708
purpose of treating drug dependence or addiction, if the	6709
prescriber meets the conditions specified in 21 C.F.R. 1306.07;	6710
(2) Buprenorphine personally furnished to patients for the	6711
purpose of treating drug dependence or addiction as part of an	6712
opioid treatment program that possesses a terminal distributor	6713

of dangerous drugs license issued under section 4729.54 of the	6714
Revised Code, is the subject of a current, valid certification	6715
from the substance abuse and mental health services	6716
administration of the United States department of health and	6717
human services pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11, and meets either of	6718
the following criteria:	6719
(a) Buprenorphine and methadone are personally furnished	6720
by physicians treating patients participating in the program.	6721
(b) Buprenorphine, but not methadone, is personally	6722
furnished by physicians treating patients participating in the	6723
program, the program is accredited by a national accrediting	6724
organization approved by the substance abuse and mental health	6725
services administration, the service of personally furnishing	6726
buprenorphine has, notwithstanding section 5119.361 of the	6727
Revised Code, been certified by the department of mental health	6728
and addiction services under section 5119.36 of the Revised	6729
Code, and the program maintains in the record of a patient to	6730
whom buprenorphine has been administered or personally furnished	6731
a copy of the physician's signed and dated written order for	6732
that act.	6733
(c) Controlled substances personally furnished to research	6734
subjects by a facility conducting clinical research in studies	6735
approved by a hospital-based institutional review board or an	6736
institutional review board accredited by the association for the	6737
accreditation of human research protection programs.	6738
$\frac{(E)-(D)}{(D)}$ Division $\frac{(C)-(B)}{(B)}$ (1) of this section does not apply	6739
to a prescriber who is a veterinarian.	6740
Sec. 4729.292. The state board of pharmacy shall annually	6741

conduct an on-site inspection of a community mental health

services provider or community addiction services provider that	6743
is an opioid treatment program described in division $\frac{(D)}{(C)}(2)$	6744
(b) of section 4729.291 of the Revised Code.	6745
Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an	6746
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may	6747
limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice	6748
or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or	6749
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to	6750
reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on	6751
probation the holder of a license or certificate if the	6752
individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is	6753
found by the board to have committed fraud during the	6754
administration of the examination for a license or certificate	6755
to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or	6756
deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or	6757
certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by	6758
the board.	6759
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	6760
six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit,	6761
revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice or	6762
certificate to recommend, refuse to issue a license or	6763
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to	6764
reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on	6765
probation the holder of a license or certificate for one or more	6766
of the following reasons:	6767
(1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate	6768
to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when	6769
the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment	6770
given;	6771

(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to

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the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	6773
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	6774
modalities for treatment of disease;	6775

- (3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised 6776 Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing, 6777 or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate 6778 therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding 6779 of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 6780 intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any 6781 federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or 6782 use of any drug; 6783
 - (4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.

For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a 6785 professional confidence" does not include providing any 6786 information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to 6787 307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board; 6788 does not include providing any information, documents, or 6789 reports to the director of health pursuant to guidelines 6790 established under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code; does not 6791 include written notice to a mental health professional under 6792 section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does not include the 6793 making of a report of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a 6794 report of a condition of an employee other than one involving 6795 the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as 6796 described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised 6797 Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil 6798 liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 4731.62 of the Revised 6799 Code upon a physician who makes a report in accordance with 6800 section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health professional in 6801 accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised Code. As used in 6802

this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the	6803
same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code.	6804
(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	6805
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in	6806
relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic	6807
medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a	6808
limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to	6809
secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the	6810
board.	6811
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	6812
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	6813
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	6814
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	6815
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	6816
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	6817
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	6818
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	6819
(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	6820
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the	6821
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	6822
patient is established;	6823
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	6824
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	6825
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	6826
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	6827
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	6828
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	6829
of practice;	6830

(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,

or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	f 6832
conviction for, a felony;	6833
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	6834
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	6835
committed;	6836
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	6837
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	6839
practice;	6840
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	6841
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	6842
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	6843
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	6844
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	f 6845
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	6846
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	6847
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	6848
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	6849
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	6850
the board upon a license or certificate to practice;	6851
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	6852
chapter;	6853
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	6854
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	6855
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	6856
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	6857
or business;	6858
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	6859

violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	6860
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	6861
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	6862
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	6863
state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	6864
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	6865
organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is	6866
being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated	6867
any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not	6868
appropriate to the individual's profession.	6869

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of 6870 ethics of a national professional organization" does not include 6871 any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a 6872 physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 6873 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 6874 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 6875 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 6876 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 6877 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 6878 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 6879 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 6880 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 6881 Code. 6882

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or
physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or
perceptive skills.

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In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 6888 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 6889

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practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application	6890
pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination,	6891
physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental	6892
and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is	6893
the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined.	6894
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent	6895
to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of	6896
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	6897
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	6898
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	6899
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual	6900
unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this	6901
division, the board shall require the individual to submit to	6902
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	6903
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	6904
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	6905
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	6906
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	6907
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	6908
provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the	6909
purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or	6910
receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter	6911
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so	6912
doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a	6913
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing	6914
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the	6915
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	6916
constitute a privileged communication.	6917

(20) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of section

under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to

4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed

section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to	6921
violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the	6922
violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this	6923
chapter or any rule promulgated by the board.	6924

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 6925 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 6926 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 6927 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 6928 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 6929 6930 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 6931 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 6932 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 6933 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 6934 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 6935 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 6936 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 6937 Code. 6938

(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code; 6940

(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency 6942 responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an 6943 individual to practice a health care occupation or provide 6944 health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for 6945 any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 6946 revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to 6947 practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender; 6948 denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; 6949 imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or 6950

other reprimand;	6951
(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	6952
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	6953
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in-	6954
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not-	6955
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether-	6956
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	6957
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	6958
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H) (1) of that	6959
section;	6960
$\frac{(24)}{(22)}$ The revocation, suspension, restriction,	6961
reduction, or termination of clinical privileges by the United	6962
States department of defense or department of veterans affairs	6963
or the termination or suspension of a certificate of	6964
registration to prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement	6965
administration of the United States department of justice;	6966
(25) (23) Termination or suspension from participation in	6967
the medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health	6968
and human services or other responsible agency for any act or	6969
acts that also would constitute a violation of division (B)(2),	6970
(3), (6), (8), or (19) of this section;	6971
$\frac{(26)}{(24)}$ Impairment of ability to practice according to	6972
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	6973
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	6974
that impair ability to practice.	6975
For the purposes of this division, any individual	6976
authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of	6977
practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By	6978
filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to	6979

practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to	6980
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	6981
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have	6982
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	6983
examination reports that constitute privileged communications.	6984

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 6985 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or 6986 certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board may 6987 compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 6988 examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 6989 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 6990 mental or physical examination required under this division 6991 shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is 6992 qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the 6993 board. 6994

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 6995 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 6996 against the individual unless the failure is due to 6997 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 6998 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 6999 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 7000 7001 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the 7002 individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 7003 condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7004 licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 7005

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 7006 license or certificate suspended under this division, the 7007 impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability 7008 to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing 7009

standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's	7010
license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but	7011
shall not be limited to, the following:	7012
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	7013
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	7014
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	7015
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	7016
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	7017
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	7018
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	7019
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	7020
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	7021
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	7022
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	7023
determination.	7024
The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended	7025
under this division after that demonstration and after the	7026
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	7027
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	7028
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	7029
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	7030
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	7031
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	7032
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	7033
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	7034
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	7035
maintained sobriety.	7036
(27) (25) A second or subsequent violation of section	7037
4731.66 or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	7038

(28) (26) Except as provided in division (N) of this	7039
section:	7040
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	7041
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	7042
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	7043
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	7044
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	7045
patients to receive health care services from that individual;	7046
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	7047
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	7048
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	7049
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	7050
be required to pay.	7051
(29) (27) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	7052
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	7053
of the Revised Code;	7054
(30) (28) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	7055
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	7056
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	7057
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	7058
notice in the patient's medical record;	7059
(31) (29) Failure of a physician supervising a physician	7060
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	7061
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	7062
adopted under that chapter;	7063
(32) (30) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter	7064
into a standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse	7065
specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse	7066
practitioner with whom the physician or podiatrist is in	7067

collaboration pursuant to section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or	7068
failure to fulfill the responsibilities of collaboration after	7069
entering into a standard care arrangement;	7070
(33) (31) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	7071
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	7072
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	7073
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(34) (32) Failure to cooperate in an investigation	7074
conducted by the board under division (F) of this section,	7075
including failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by	7076
the board or failure to answer truthfully a question presented	7077
by the board in an investigative interview, an investigative	7078
office conference, at a deposition, or in written	7079
interrogatories, except that failure to cooperate with an	7080
investigation shall not constitute grounds for discipline under	7081
this section if a court of competent jurisdiction has issued an	7082
order that either quashes a subpoena or permits the individual	7083
to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue;	7084
(35) (33) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine	7085
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762.	7086
of the Revised Code and the board's rules for providing that	7087
supervision;	7088
(36) (34) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist	7089
assistant in accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code	7090
and the board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist	7091
assistant;	7092
(37) (35) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01	7093
of the Revised Code;	7094
of the heribed code,	7001
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	7095
2317.561 of the Revised Code;	7096

(39) (36) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	7097
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	7098
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	7099
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	7100
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to-	7101
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	7102
Code;	7103
$\frac{(41)}{(37)}$ Failure to comply with the standards and	7104
procedures established in rules under section 4731.054 of the	7105
Revised Code for the operation of or the provision of care at a	7106
pain management clinic;	7107
(42) (38) Failure to comply with the standards and	7108
procedures established in rules under section 4731.054 of the	7109
Revised Code for providing supervision, direction, and control	7110
of individuals at a pain management clinic;	7111
(43) (39) Failure to comply with the requirements of	7112
section 4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the	7113
state board of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database	7114
pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	7115
(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section-	7116
2919.171, 2919.202, or 2919.203 of the Revised Code or failure	7117
to submit to the department of health in accordance with a court	7118
order a complete report as described in section 2919.171 or	7119
2919.202 of the Revised Code;	7120
(45) (40) Practicing at a facility that is subject to	7121
licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous	7122
drugs with a pain management clinic classification unless the	7123
person operating the facility has obtained and maintains the	7124
license with the classification;	7125

$\frac{(46)-(41)}{(41)}$ Owning a facility that is subject to licensure	7126
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	7127
pain management clinic classification unless the facility is	7128
licensed with the classification;	7129
(47) Failure to comply with the requirement regarding	7130
maintaining notes described in division (B) of section 2919.191	7131
of the Revised Code or failure to satisfy the requirements of	7132
section 2919.191 of the Revised Code prior to performing or	7133
inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman;	7134
$\frac{(48)}{(42)}$ Failure to comply with the requirements in	7135
section 3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor	7136
a prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	7137
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	7138
$\frac{(49)}{(43)}$ Failure to comply with the requirements of	7139
section 4731.30 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under	7140
section 4731.301 of the Revised Code when recommending treatment	7141
with medical marijuana;	7142
$\frac{(50)}{(44)}$ Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other	7143
location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	7144
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	7145
treatment classification unless the person operating that place	7146
has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	7147
(51) (45) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location	7148
that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	7149
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	7150
treatment classification unless that place is licensed with the	7151
classification.	7152
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	7153
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	7154

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an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	7155
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	7156
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	7157
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	7158
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	7159
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	7160
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	7161
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	7162
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	7163
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	7164

A telephone conference call may be utilized for ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the Revised Code.

If the board takes disciplinary action against an-7171 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 7172 subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a 7173 violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the 7174 disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the-7175 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 7176 7177 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's license or 7178 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into-7179 under this division with an individual that pertains to a second-7180 or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt-7181 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension-7182 of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a 7183 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the 7184 board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's-7185

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license or certificate to practice.

- (D) For purposes of divisions (B)(10), (12), and (14) of 7187 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 7188 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 7189 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 7190 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 7191 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 7192 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 7193 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 7194 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 7195 procedural grounds. 7196
- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 7197 have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this 7198 section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 7199 this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding 7200 of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 7201 in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity 7202 for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. 7203 The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 7204 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 7205 conviction records. 7206
- (F)(1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 7207 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 7208 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 7209 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 7210 7211 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 7212 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 7213 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 7214 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 7215

in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each	7216
complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board	7217
shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the	7218
board.	7219

- (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 7220 or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 7221 supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 7222 section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 7223 provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 7224 may designate another member of the board to supervise the 7225 7226 investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 7227 participate in further adjudication of the case. 7228
- (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 7229 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 7230 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 7231 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 7232 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 7233 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 7234 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 7235 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 7236 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 7237 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 7238 office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 7239 the board. 7240
- (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 7241 information, the secretary and supervising member shall 7242 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 7243 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 7244 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 7245

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alleged violation and material to the investigation. The	7246
subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable	7247
period of time surrounding the alleged violation.	7248

- (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 7249 board and after reasonable notice to the person being 7250 subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 7251 production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 7252 Procedure. 7253
- (c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a 7254 sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by 7255 the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made 7256 by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named 7257 therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's 7258 usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on 7259 file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for 7260 or the holder of a license or certificate issued under this 7261 chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, 7262 return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed 7263 served on the date delivery is made or the date the person 7264 refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served refuses 7265 to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to 7266 7267 an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is representing the person. 7268
- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the 7273 board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of 7274 section 2305.252 of the Revised Code. 7275

(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under 7276 this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board 7277 pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under 7278 division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is 7279 confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action. 7280

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 7281 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 7282 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 7283 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 7284 7285 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 7286 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 7287 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 7288 not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 7289 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 7290 7291 exists.

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 7292 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 7293 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 7294 7295 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 7296 7297 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 7298 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 7299 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 7300 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 7301 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 7302 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 7303 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 7304 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 7305 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 7306

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respect to any part of the information that contains names or	7307
other identifying information about patients or complainants	7308
whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board	7309
when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to	7310
ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include	7311
sealing its records or deleting specific information from its	7312
records.	7313
(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report	7314
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding	7315
three months. The report shall contain the following information	7316
for each case with which the board has completed its activities:	7317
(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	7318
violation;	7319
(b) The type of license or certificate to practice, if	7320
any, held by the individual against whom the complaint is	7321
directed;	7322
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	7323
complaint;	7324
(d) The disposition of the case.	7325
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	7326
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	7327
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	7328
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	7329
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	7330
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	7331
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate	7332
to recommend without a prior hearing:	7333
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	7334

individual has violated division (B) of this section; 7335

(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a 7336 danger of immediate and serious harm to the public. 7337

Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by 7338 the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an 7339 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 7340 the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or 7341 certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call 7342 may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the 7343 7344 vote on the summary suspension.

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 7345 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 7346 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension 7347 by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 7348 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 7349 summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 7350 board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 7351 days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 7352 requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 7353 board and the individual. 7354

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 7355 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 7356 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 7357 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 7358 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-7359 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 7360 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 7361 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 7362 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 7363

(H) If the board takes action under division (B) (9) , (11) ,	7364
or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt,	7365
guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention	7366
in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion	7367
of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the	7368
order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court	7369
documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and	7370
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the	7371
individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may	7372
then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	7373
to determine whether the individual committed the act in	7374
question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given	7375
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the	7376
ooard finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this	7377
division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing	7378
is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions	7379
identified under division (B) of this section.	7380

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an 7381 individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in 7382 this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the 7383 individual's second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial 7384 finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the 7385 Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 7386 practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 7387 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state-7388 are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 7389 quilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is 7390 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 7391 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 7392 lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 7393 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 7394

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equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated	7395
murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault,	7396
kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition,	7397
aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary.	7398
Continued practice after suspension shall be considered	7399
practicing without a license or certificate.	7400
The board shall notify the individual subject to the	7401
suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with	7402
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose	7403
license or certificate is automatically suspended under this	7404
division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication	7405
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do-	7406
whichever of the following is applicable:	7407
(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for	7408
a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of	7409
guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code,	7410
the heard shall enter an order suspending the individually	7411

a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of
guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code,
the board shall enter an order suspending the individual's
license or certificate to practice for a period of at least one
year or, if determined appropriate by the board, imposing a more
serious sanction involving the individual's license or
certificate to practice.

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- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I) (1) of this section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking the individual's license or certificate to practice.
- (J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 7419
 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 7420
 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 7421
 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 7422
 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 7423
 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 7424

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final order that contains the board's findings. In that final	7425
order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under	7426
division (A) or (B) of this section.	7427
(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of	7428
this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be	7429
accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which	7430
the individual's license or certificate to practice may be	7431
reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to	7432
be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or	7433
certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section	7434
requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	7435
the board.	7436
(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or	7437
certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's	7438
license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an	7439
individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to	7440
reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice,	7441
the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	7442
individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is	7443
forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate	7444
to practice and the board shall not accept an application for	7445
reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a	7446
new license or certificate.	7447
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	7448
Code, all of the following apply:	7449
(1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under	7450

this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by

the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for

acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or

certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be

considered a special meeting under division (F) of section	7455
121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or	7456
certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative	7457
vote of not fewer than six members of the board.	7458
(2) An application for a license or certificate made under	7459
the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without	7460
approval of the board.	7461
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or	7462
certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a	7463
certificate to recommend in accordance with rules adopted under	7464
section 4731.301 of the Revised Code shall not remove or limit	7465
the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under	7466
this section against the individual.	7467
(4) At the request of the board, a license or certificate	7468
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	7469
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or	7470
permanently revoked.	7471
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) $\frac{(28)}{}$	7472
(26) of this section against any person who waives deductibles	7473
and copayments as follows:	7474
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	7475
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	7476
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	7477
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	7478
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	7479
available to the board upon request.	7480
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	7481
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	7482
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	7483

(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in	7484
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	7485
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	7486
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and	7487
communication skills of individuals authorized under this	7488
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	7489
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing	7490
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may	7491
do all of the following:	7492
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	7493
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	7494
investigation the board conducts under this section;	7495
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	7496
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	7497
reviewers;	7498
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	7499
providers and approve individual educational programs	7500
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	7501
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	7502
educational program.	7503
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	7504
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	7505
the individual who completed the program or other action that	7506
the board determines to be appropriate;	7507
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	7508
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	7509
program.	7510
An individual who participates in an individual	7511
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	7512

grounds of a felony charge;

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financial obligations arising from that educational program. 7513 Sec. 4731.223. (A) As used in this section, "prosecutor" 7514 has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 7515 (B) Whenever any person holding a valid license or 7516 certificate issued pursuant to this chapter pleads guilty to, is 7517 subject to a judicial finding of guilt of, or is subject to a 7518 judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 7519 conviction for a violation of Chapter 2907., 2925., or 3719. of 7520 the Revised Code or of any substantively comparable ordinance of 7521 7522 a municipal corporation in connection with the person's practice, or for a second or subsequent time pleads guilty to, 7523 or is subject to a judicial finding of quilt of, a violation of 7524 section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the prosecutor in the 7525 case, on forms prescribed and provided by the state medical 7526 board, shall promptly notify the board of the conviction or 7527 guilty plea. Within thirty days of receipt of that information, 7528 the board shall initiate action in accordance with Chapter 119. 7529 of the Revised Code to determine whether to suspend or revoke 7530 the license or certificate under section 4731.22 of the Revised 7531 7532 Code. (C) The prosecutor in any case against any person holding 7533 7534 a valid license or certificate issued pursuant to this chapter, on forms prescribed and provided by the state medical board, 7535 shall notify the board of any of the following: 7536 (1) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or 7537 court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 7538 lieu of conviction for a felony, or a case in which the trial 7539 court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or procedural 7540

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(2) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or	7542
court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in	7543
lieu of conviction for a misdemeanor committed in the course of	7544
practice, or a case in which the trial court issues an order of	7545
dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a	7546
misdemeanor, if the alleged act was committed in the course of	7547
practice;	7548

(3) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or a case in which the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude.

The report shall include the name and address of the 7555 license or certificate holder, the nature of the offense for 7556 which the action was taken, and the certified court documents 7557 recording the action. 7558

Sec. 4731.224. (A) Within sixty days after the imposition 7559 of any formal disciplinary action taken by any health care 7560 facility, including a hospital, health care facility operated by 7561 a health insuring corporation, ambulatory surgical center, or 7562 similar facility, against any individual holding a valid license 7563 or certificate to practice issued pursuant to this chapter, the 7564 chief administrator or executive officer of the facility shall 7565 report to the state medical board the name of the individual, 7566 the action taken by the facility, and a summary of the 7567 underlying facts leading to the action taken. Upon request, the 7568 board shall be provided certified copies of the patient records 7569 that were the basis for the facility's action. Prior to release 7570 to the board, the summary shall be approved by the peer review 7571

committee that reviewed the case or by the governing board of	7572
the facility. As used in this division, "formal disciplinary	7573
action" means any action resulting in the revocation,	7574
restriction, reduction, or termination of clinical privileges	7575
for violations of professional ethics, or for reasons of medical	7576
incompetence, medical malpractice, or drug or alcohol abuse.	7577
"Formal disciplinary action" includes a summary action, an	7578
action that takes effect notwithstanding any appeal rights that	7579
may exist, and an action that results in an individual	7580
surrendering clinical privileges while under investigation and	7581
during proceedings regarding the action being taken or in return	7582
for not being investigated or having proceedings held. "Formal	7583
disciplinary action" does not include any action taken for the	7584
sole reason of failure to maintain records on a timely basis or	7585
failure to attend staff or section meetings.	7586

The filing or nonfiling of a report with the board, 7587 investigation by the board, or any disciplinary action taken by 7588 the board, shall not preclude any action by a health care 7589 facility to suspend, restrict, or revoke the individual's 7590 clinical privileges.

In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no individual or 7592 entity that provides patient records to the board shall be 7593 liable in damages to any person as a result of providing the 7594 records.

(B) If any individual authorized to practice under this 7596 chapter or any professional association or society of such 7597 individuals believes that a violation of any provision of this 7598 chapter, Chapter 4730., 4759., 4760., 4761., 4762., 4774., or 7599 4778. of the Revised Code, or any rule of the board has 7600 occurred, the individual, association, or society shall report 7601

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to the board the information upon which the belief is based.	7602
This division does not require any treatment provider approved	7603
by the board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code or any	7604
employee, agent, or representative of such a provider to make	7605
reports with respect to an impaired practitioner participating	7606
in treatment or aftercare for substance abuse as long as the	7607
practitioner maintains participation in accordance with the	7608
requirements of section 4731.25 of the Revised Code, and as long	7609
as the treatment provider or employee, agent, or representative	7610
of the provider has no reason to believe that the practitioner	7611
has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted	7612
under it, other than the provisions of division (B) $\frac{(26)-(24)}{}$ of	7613
section 4731.22 of the Revised Code. This division does not	7614
require reporting by any member of an impaired practitioner	7615
committee established by a health care facility or by any	7616
representative or agent of a committee or program sponsored by a	7617
professional association or society of individuals authorized to	7618
practice under this chapter to provide peer assistance to	7619
practitioners with substance abuse problems with respect to a	7620
practitioner who has been referred for examination to a	7621
treatment program approved by the board under section 4731.25 of	7622
the Revised Code if the practitioner cooperates with the	7623
referral for examination and with any determination that the	7624
practitioner should enter treatment and as long as the committee	7625
member, representative, or agent has no reason to believe that	7626
the practitioner has ceased to participate in the treatment	7627
program in accordance with section 4731.25 of the Revised Code	7628
or has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule	7629
adopted under it, other than the provisions of division (B) $\frac{(26)}{}$	7630
(24) of section 4731.22 of the Revised Code.	7631

(C) Any professional association or society composed

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primarily of doctors of medicine and surgery, doctors of	7633
osteopathic medicine and surgery, doctors of podiatric medicine	7634
and surgery, or practitioners of limited branches of medicine	7635
that suspends or revokes an individual's membership for	7636
violations of professional ethics, or for reasons of	7637
professional incompetence or professional malpractice, within	7638
sixty days after a final decision shall report to the board, on	7639
forms prescribed and provided by the board, the name of the	7640
individual, the action taken by the professional organization,	7641
and a summary of the underlying facts leading to the action	7642
taken.	7643
The filing of a report with the board or decision not to	7644
file a report, investigation by the board, or any disciplinary	7645
action taken by the board, does not preclude a professional	7646
organization from taking disciplinary action against an	7647
individual.	7648
(D) Any insurer providing professional liability insurance	7649
to an individual authorized to practice under this chapter, or	7650
any other entity that seeks to indemnify the professional	7651
liability of such an individual, shall notify the board within	7652
thirty days after the final disposition of any written claim for	7653
damages where such disposition results in a payment exceeding	7654
twenty-five thousand dollars. The notice shall contain the	7655
following information:	7656
(1) The name and address of the person submitting the	7657
notification;	7658
(2) The name and address of the insured who is the subject	7659
of the claim;	7660

(3) The name of the person filing the written claim;

- (4) The date of final disposition; 7662
- (5) If applicable, the identity of the court in which the 7663 final disposition of the claim took place. 7664
- (E) The board may investigate possible violations of this 7665 chapter or the rules adopted under it that are brought to its 7666 attention as a result of the reporting requirements of this 7667 section, except that the board shall conduct an investigation if 7668 7669 a possible violation involves repeated malpractice. As used in this division, "repeated malpractice" means three or more claims 7670 for medical malpractice within the previous five-year period, 7671 each resulting in a judgment or settlement in excess of twenty-7672 five thousand dollars in favor of the claimant, and each 7673 involving negligent conduct by the practicing individual. 7674
- (F) All summaries, reports, and records received and 7675 maintained by the board pursuant to this section shall be held 7676 in confidence and shall not be subject to discovery or 7677 introduction in evidence in any federal or state civil action 7678 involving a health care professional or facility arising out of 7679 matters that are the subject of the reporting required by this 7680 section. The board may use the information obtained only as the 7681 basis for an investigation, as evidence in a disciplinary 7682 hearing against an individual whose practice is regulated under 7683 this chapter, or in any subsequent trial or appeal of a board 7684 action or order. 7685

The board may disclose the summaries and reports it 7686 receives under this section only to health care facility 7687 committees within or outside this state that are involved in 7688 credentialing or recredentialing the individual or in reviewing 7689 the individual's clinical privileges. The board shall indicate 7690 whether or not the information has been verified. Information 7691

transmitted by the board shall be subject to the same	7692
confidentiality provisions as when maintained by the board.	7693
(G) Except for reports filed by an individual pursuant to	7694
division (B) of this section, the board shall send a copy of any	7695
reports or summaries it receives pursuant to this section to the	7696
individual who is the subject of the reports or summaries. The	7697
individual shall have the right to file a statement with the	7698
board concerning the correctness or relevance of the	7699
information. The statement shall at all times accompany that	7700
part of the record in contention.	7701
part of the record in contention.	7701
(H) An individual or entity that, pursuant to this	7702
section, reports to the board or refers an impaired practitioner	7703
to a treatment provider approved by the board under section	7704
4731.25 of the Revised Code shall not be subject to suit for	7705
civil damages as a result of the report, referral, or provision	7706
of the information.	7707
(I) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no professional	7708
association or society of individuals authorized to practice	7709
under this chapter that sponsors a committee or program to	7710
provide peer assistance to practitioners with substance abuse	7711
problems, no representative or agent of such a committee or	7712
program, and no member of the state medical board shall be held	7713
liable in damages to any person by reason of actions taken to	7714
refer a practitioner to a treatment provider approved under	7715
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code for examination or	7716
treatment.	7717
Sec. 4731.225. (A) If the holder of a license or	7718
certificate issued under this chapter violates division (A),	7719
(B), or (C) of section 4731.66 or section 4731.69 of the Revised	7720

Code, or if any other person violates division (B) or (C) of

twenty thousand dollars.

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section 4731.66 or section 4731.69 of the Revised Code, the	7722
state medical board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter	7723
119. of the Revised Code and an affirmative vote of not fewer	7724
than six of its members, shall:	7725
(1) For a first violation, impose a civil penalty of not	7726
more than five thousand dollars;	7727
(2) For each subsequent violation, impose a civil penalty	7728
of not more than twenty thousand dollars and, if the violator is	7729
a license or certificate holder, proceed under division (B) (27)	7730
(25) of section 4731.22 of the Revised Code.	7731
(B)(1) If the holder of a license or certificate issued	7732
under this chapter violates any section of this chapter other	7733
than section 4731.281 or 4731.282 of the Revised Code or the	7734
sections specified in division (A) of this section, or violates	7735
any rule adopted under this chapter, the board may, pursuant to	7736
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and an	7737
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, impose a	7738
civil penalty. The amount of the civil penalty shall be	7739
determined by the board in accordance with the guidelines	7740
adopted under division (B)(2) of this section. The civil penalty	7741
may be in addition to any other action the board may take under	7742
section 4731.22 of the Revised Code.	7743
(2) The board shall adopt and may amend guidelines	7744
regarding the amounts of civil penalties to be imposed under	7745
this section. Adoption or amendment of the guidelines requires	7746
the approval of not fewer than six board members.	7747
Under the guidelines, no civil penalty amount shall exceed	7748

(C) Amounts received from payment of civil penalties

imposed under this section shall be deposited by the board in	7751
accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised Code. Amounts	7752
received from payment of civil penalties imposed for violations	7753
of division (B) $\frac{(26)-(24)}{(24)}$ of section 4731.22 of the Revised Code	7754
shall be used by the board solely for investigations,	7755
enforcement, and compliance monitoring.	7756

Sec. 4731.25. The state medical board, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt and may amend and rescind rules establishing standards for approval of physicians and facilities as treatment providers for impaired practitioners who are regulated under this chapter or Chapter 4730., 4759., 4760., 4761., 4762., 4774., or 4778. of the Revised Code. The rules shall include standards for both inpatient and outpatient treatment. The rules shall provide that in order to be approved, a treatment provider must have the capability of making an initial examination to determine what type of treatment an impaired practitioner requires. Subject to the rules, the board shall review and approve treatment providers on a regular basis. The board, at its discretion, may withdraw or deny approval subject to the rules.

An approved impaired practitioner treatment provider shall:

(A) Report to the board the name of any practitioner suffering or showing evidence of suffering impairment as described in division (B)(5) of section 4730.25 of the Revised Code, division (B) $\frac{(26)}{(24)}$ of section 4731.22 of the Revised Code, division (A)(4) of section 4759.07 of the Revised Code, division (B)(6) of section 4760.13 of the Revised Code, division (B)(6) of section 4762.13 of the Revised Code, division (B)(6) of section 4774.13 of the Revised Code, or division (B)(6) of

section 4778.14 of the Revised Code who fails to comply within	7781
one week with a referral for examination;	7782
(B) Report to the board the name of any impaired	7783
practitioner who fails to enter treatment within forty-eight	7784
hours following the provider's determination that the	7785
practitioner needs treatment;	7786
(C) Require every practitioner who enters treatment to	7787
agree to a treatment contract establishing the terms of	7788
treatment and aftercare, including any required supervision or	7789
restrictions of practice during treatment or aftercare;	7790
(D) Require a practitioner to suspend practice upon entry	7791
<pre>into any required inpatient treatment;</pre>	7792
(E) Report to the board any failure by an impaired	7793
practitioner to comply with the terms of the treatment contract	7794
during inpatient or outpatient treatment or aftercare;	7795
(F) Report to the board the resumption of practice of any	7796
impaired practitioner before the treatment provider has made a	7797
clear determination that the practitioner is capable of	7798
practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of	7799
care;	7800
(G) Require a practitioner who resumes practice after	7801
completion of treatment to comply with an aftercare contract	7802
that meets the requirements of rules adopted by the board for	7803
approval of treatment providers;	7804
(H) Report the identity of any practitioner practicing	7805
under the terms of an aftercare contract to hospital	7806
administrators, medical chiefs of staff, and chairpersons of	7807
impaired practitioner committees of all health care institutions	7808
at which the practitioner holds clinical privileges or otherwise	7809

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practices. If the practitioner does not hold clinical privileges	7810
at any health care institution, the treatment provider shall	7811
report the practitioner's identity to the impaired practitioner	7812
committee of the county medical society, osteopathic academy, or	7813
podiatric medical association in every county in which the	7814
practitioner practices. If there are no impaired practitioner	7815
committees in the county, the treatment provider shall report	7816
the practitioner's identity to the president or other designated	7817
member of the county medical society, osteopathic academy, or	7818
podiatric medical association.	7819

(I) Report to the board the identity of any practitioner who suffers a relapse at any time during or following aftercare.

Any individual authorized to practice under this chapter who enters into treatment by an approved treatment provider shall be deemed to have waived any confidentiality requirements that would otherwise prevent the treatment provider from making reports required under this section.

In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no person or 7827 organization that conducts an approved impaired practitioner 7828 treatment program, no member of such an organization, and no 7829 employee, representative, or agent of the treatment provider 7830 shall be held liable in damages to any person by reason of 7831 actions taken or recommendations made by the treatment provider 7832 or its employees, representatives, or agents. 7833

Sec. 4731.281. (A) (1) Each person holding a license issued

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under this chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic

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medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery wishing

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to renew that license shall apply to the board for renewal.

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Applications shall be submitted to the board in a manner

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prescribed by the board. Each application shall be accompanied

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by a biennial renewal fee of three hundred five dollars.	7840
Applications shall be submitted according to the following	7841
schedule:	7842
(a) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "A"	7843
through "B," on or before the first day of July of every odd-	7844
numbered year;	7845
(b) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "C"	7846
through "D," on or before the first day of April of every odd-	7847
numbered year;	7848
(c) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "E"	7849
through "G," on or before the first day of January of every odd-	7850
numbered year;	7851
(d) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "H"	7852
through "K," on or before the first day of October of every	7853
even-numbered year;	7854
(e) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "L"	7855
through "M," on or before the first day of July of every even-	7856
numbered year;	7857
(f) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "N"	7858
through "R," on or before the first day of April of every even-	7859
numbered year;	7860
(g) Persons whose last name begins with the letter "S," on	7861
or before the first day of January of every even-numbered year;	7862
(h) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "T"	7863
through "Z," on or before the first day of October of every odd-	7864
numbered year.	7865
The board shall deposit the fee in accordance with section	7866
4731.24 of the Revised Code, except that the board shall deposit	7867

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twenty dollars of the fee into the state treasury to the credit	7868
of the physician loan repayment fund created by section 3702.78	7869
of the Revised Code.	7870
(2) The board shall provide to every person holding a	7871
license to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	7872
	7873
and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery, a renewal notice	
or may provide the notice to the person through the secretary of	7874
any recognized medical, osteopathic, or podiatric society. The	7875
notice shall be provided to the person at least one month prior	7876
to the date on which the person's license expires.	7877
(3) Failure of any person to receive a notice of renewal	7878
from the board shall not excuse the person from the requirements	7879
contained in this section.	7880
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(4) The board's notice shall inform the applicant of the	7881
renewal procedure. The board shall provide the application for	7882
renewal in a form determined by the board.	7883
(5) The applicant shall provide in the application the	7884
applicant's full name; the applicant's residence address,	7885
business address, and electronic mail address; the number of the	7886
applicant's license to practice; and any other information	7887
required by the board.	7888
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(6)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(6)(b) of this	7889
section, in the case of an applicant who prescribes or	7890
personally furnishes opioid analgesics or benzodiazepines, as	7891
defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, the applicant	7892
shall certify to the board whether the applicant has been	7893
granted access to the drug database established and maintained	7894

by the state board of pharmacy pursuant to section 4729.75 of

the Revised Code.

(b) The requirement in division (A)(6)(a) of this section	7897
does not apply if any of the following is the case:	7898
(i) The state board of pharmacy notifies the state medical	7899
board pursuant to section 4729.861 of the Revised Code that the	7900
applicant has been restricted from obtaining further information	7901
from the drug database.	7902
(ii) The state board of pharmacy no longer maintains the	7903
drug database.	7904
(iii) The applicant does not practice medicine and	7905
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	7906
and surgery in this state.	7907
(c) If an applicant certifies to the state medical board	7908
that the applicant has been granted access to the drug database	7909
and the board finds through an audit or other means that the	7910
applicant has not been granted access, the board may take action	7911
under section 4731.22 of the Revised Code.	7912
(7) The applicant shall indicate whether the applicant	7913
currently collaborates, as that term is defined in section	7914
4723.01 of the Revised Code, with any clinical nurse	7915
specialists, certified nurse-midwives, or certified nurse	7916
practitioners.	7917
(8) The applicant shall report any criminal offense to	7918
which the applicant has pleaded guilty, of which the applicant	7919
has been found guilty, or for which the applicant has been found	7920
eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction, since last	7921
submitting an application for a license to practice or renewal	7922
of a license.	7923
(9) The applicant shall execute and deliver the	7924
application to the board in a manner prescribed by the board.	7925

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(B) The board shall renew a license under this chapter to	7926
practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery,	7927
or podiatric medicine and surgery upon application and	7928
qualification therefor in accordance with this section. A	7929
renewal shall be valid for a two-year period.	7930

(C) Failure of any license holder to renew and comply with 7931 this section shall operate automatically to suspend the holder's 7932 license to practice and if applicable, the holder's certificate 7933 to recommend issued under section 4731.30 of the Revised Code. 7934 Continued practice after the suspension shall be considered as 7935 practicing in violation of section 4731.41, 4731.43, or 4731.60 7936 of the Revised Code. 7937

If the license has been suspended pursuant to this division for two years or less, it may be reinstated. The board shall reinstate a license to practice suspended for failure to renew upon an applicant's submission of a renewal application and payment of a reinstatement fee of four hundred five dollars.

If the license has been suspended pursuant to this 7943 7944 division for more than two years, it may be restored. Subject to section 4731.222 of the Revised Code, the board may restore a 7945 license to practice suspended for failure to renew upon an 7946 applicant's submission of a restoration application, payment of 7947 a restoration fee of five hundred five dollars, and compliance 7948 with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code. The board 7949 shall not restore to an applicant a license to practice unless 7950 the board, in its discretion, decides that the results of the 7951 criminal records check do not make the applicant ineligible for 7952 a license issued pursuant to section 4731.14 or 4731.56 of the 7953 Revised Code. Any reinstatement or restoration of a license to 7954 practice under this section shall operate automatically to renew 7955

the holder's certificate to recommend. 7956 (D) The state medical board may obtain information not 7957 protected by statutory or common law privilege from courts and 7958 other sources concerning malpractice claims against any person 7959 holding a license to practice under this chapter or practicing 7960 as provided in section 4731.36 of the Revised Code. 7961 (E) Each mailing sent by the board under division (A) (2) 7962 7963 of this section to a person holding a license to practice-7964 medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery shall 7965 inform the applicant of the reporting requirement established by division (H) of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code. At the 7966 discretion of the board, the information may be included on the 7967 application for renewal or on an accompanying page. 7968 (F) Each person holding a license to practice medicine and 7969 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 7970 and surgery shall give notice to the board of a change in the 7971 license holder's residence address, business address, or 7972 electronic mail address not later than thirty days after the 7973 7974 change occurs. Sec. 4731.293. (A) The state medical board may issue, 7975 without examination, a clinical research faculty certificate to 7976 7977 practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery to any person who applies for 7978 the certificate and provides to the board all of the following: 7979 (1) Evidence satisfactory to the board of all of the 7980 following: 7981 (a) That the applicant holds a current, unrestricted 7982 license to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 7983 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery issued by another 7984

state or country;	7985
(b) That the applicant has been appointed to serve in this	7986
state on the academic staff of a medical school accredited by	7987
the liaison committee on medical education, an osteopathic	7988
medical school accredited by the American osteopathic	7989
association, or a college of podiatric medicine and surgery in	7990
good standing with the board;	7991
(c) That the applicant is an international medical	7992
graduate who holds a medical degree from an educational	7993
institution listed in the international medical education	7994
directory.	7995
(2) An affidavit and supporting documentation from the	7996
dean of the school or college, or the department director or	7997
chairperson of a teaching hospital affiliated with the school or	7998
college, that the applicant is qualified to perform teaching and	7999
research activities and will be permitted to work only under the	8000
authority of the department director or chairperson of a	8001
teaching hospital affiliated with the school or college where	8002
the applicant's teaching and research activities will occur;	8003
(3) A description from the school, college, or teaching	8004
hospital of the scope of practice in which the applicant will be	8005
involved, including the types of teaching, research, and	8006
procedures in which the applicant will be engaged;	8007
(4) A description from the school, college, or teaching	8008
hospital of the type and amount of patient contact that will	8009
occur in connection with the applicant's teaching and research	8010
activities.	8011
(B) An applicant for an initial clinical research faculty	8012
certificate shall pay a fee of three hundred seventy-five	8013

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dollars.	8014
(C) The holder of a clinical research faculty certificate	8015
may do one of the following, as applicable:	8016
(1) Practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	8017
and surgery only as is incidental to the certificate holder's	8018
teaching or research duties at the medical school or a teaching	8019
hospital affiliated with the school;	8020
(2) Practice podiatric medicine and surgery only as is	8021
incidental to the certificate holder's teaching or research	8022
duties at the college of podiatric medicine and surgery or a	8023
teaching hospital affiliated with the college.	8024
(D) The board may revoke a certificate on receiving proof	8025
satisfactory to the board that the certificate holder has	8026
engaged in practice in this state outside the scope of the	8027
certificate or that there are grounds for action against the	8028
certificate holder under section 4731.22 of the Revised Code.	8029
(E) A clinical research faculty certificate is valid for	8030
three years, except that the certificate ceases to be valid if	8031
the holder's academic staff appointment described in division	8032
(A)(1)(b) of this section is no longer valid or the certificate	8033
is revoked pursuant to division (D) of this section.	8034
(F)(1) The board shall provide a renewal notice to the	8035
certificate holder at least one month before the certificate	8036
expires. Failure of a certificate holder to receive a notice of	8037
renewal from the board shall not excuse the certificate holder	8038
from the requirements contained in this section. The notice	8039
shall inform the certificate holder of the renewal procedure.	8040
The notice also shall inform the certificate holder of the	8041
reporting requirement established by division (H) of section	8042

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3701.79 of the Revised Code. At the discretion of the board, the	8043
information may be included on the application for renewal or on	8044
an accompanying page.	8045
(2) A clinical research faculty certificate may be renewed	8046
for an additional three-year period. There is no limit on the	8047
number of times a certificate may be renewed. A person seeking	8048
renewal of a certificate shall apply to the board. The board	8049
shall provide the application for renewal in a form determined	8050
by the board.	8051
(3) An applicant is eligible for renewal if the applicant	8052
does all of the following:	8053
(a) Pays a renewal fee of three hundred seventy-five	8054
dollars;	8055
(b) Reports any criminal offense to which the applicant	8056
has pleaded guilty, of which the applicant has been found	8057
guilty, or for which the applicant has been found eligible for	8058
intervention in lieu of conviction, since last filing an	8059
application for a clinical research faculty certificate;	8060
(c) Provides to the board an affidavit and supporting	8061
documentation from the dean of the school or college, or the	8062
department director or chairperson of a teaching hospital	8063
affiliated with the school or college, that the applicant is in	8064
compliance with the applicant's current clinical research	8065
faculty certificate;	8066
(d) Provides evidence satisfactory to the board of all of	8067
the following:	8068
(i) That the applicant continues to maintain a current,	8069

unrestricted license to practice medicine and surgery,

osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and

surgery issued by another state or country;	8072
(ii) That the applicant's initial appointment to serve in	8073
this state on the academic staff of a school or college is still	8074
valid or has been renewed;	8075
(iii) That the applicant has completed one hundred fifty	8076
hours of continuing medical education that meet the requirements	8077
set forth in section 4731.282 of the Revised Code.	8078
(4) Regardless of whether the certificate has expired, a	8079
person who was granted a visiting medical faculty certificate	8080
under this section as it existed immediately prior to June 6,	8081
2012, may apply for a clinical research faculty certificate as a	8082
renewal. The board may issue the clinical research faculty	8083
certificate if the applicant meets the requirements of division	8084
(F)(3) of this section. The board may not issue a clinical	8085
research faculty certificate if the visiting medical faculty	8086
certificate was revoked.	8087
(G) The board shall maintain a register of all persons who	8088
hold clinical research faculty certificates.	8089
(H) The board may adopt any rules it considers necessary	8090
to implement this section. The rules shall be adopted in	8091
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	8092
Sec. 4731.91. (A) No private hospital, private hospital	8093
director, or governing board of a private hospital is required	8094
to shall permit an abortion.	8095
(B) No public hospital, public hospital director, or	8096
governing board of a public hospital is required to shall permit	8097
an abortion.	8098
(C) Refusal to permit an abortion is not grounds for civil	8099

liability nor a basis for disciplinary or other recriminatory action.	8100 8101
(D) No person is shall be required to perform or	8102
participate in medical procedures which result in abortion, and	8103
refusal to perform or participate in the medical procedures is	8104
not grounds for civil liability nor a basis for disciplinary or	8105
other recriminatory action.	8106
(E) Whoever violates division (D) of this section is	8107
liable in civil damages.	8108
Sec. 5101.55. (A) No person shall be ordered by a public	8109
agency or any person to submit to an abortion.	8110
(B) The refusal of any person to submit to an abortion or	8111
to give consent therefor shall not result in the loss of public	8112
assistance benefits or any other rights or privileges.	8113
(C) State or local public funds shall not be used to	8114
subsidize an abortion, except as provided in section 5101.56 of	8115
the Revised Code.	8116
Sec. 5103.0319. (A) No foster caregiver or prospective	8117
foster caregiver shall fail to notify the recommending agency	8118
that recommended or is recommending the foster caregiver or	8119
prospective foster caregiver for certification in writing if a	8120
person at least twelve years of age but less than eighteen years	8121
of age residing with the foster caregiver or prospective foster	8122
caregiver has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	8123
following or has been adjudicated to be a delinquent child for	8124
committing an act that if committed by an adult would have	8125
constituted such a violation:	8126
(1) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	8127
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	8128

division (A)(1) or (2) of this section.

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2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	8129
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	8130
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	8131
2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12,	8132
2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923,13 <u>2923.13</u> , 2923.161,	8133
2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the	8134
Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code	8135
as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section	8136
2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of	8137
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	8138
1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, a	8139
violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a	8140
minor drug possession offense, a violation of section 2923.01 of	8141
the Revised Code that involved an attempt to commit aggravated	8142
murder or murder, an OVI or OVUAC violation if the person	8143
previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more OVI	8144
or OVUAC violations within the three years immediately preceding	8145
the current violation, or felonious sexual penetration in	8146
violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	8147
(2) An offense that would be a felony if committed by an	8148
adult and the court determined that the child, if an adult,	8149
would be guilty of a specification found in section 2941.141,	8150
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code or in another section	8151
of the Revised Code that relates to the possession or use of a	8152
firearm, as defined in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code,	8153
during the commission of the act for which the child was	8154
adjudicated a delinquent child;	8155
(3) A violation of an existing or former law of this	8156
state, any other state, or the United States that is	8157
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses described in	8158

(B) If a recommending agency learns that a foster	8160
caregiver has failed to comply with division (A) of this	8161
section, it shall notify the department of job and family	8162
services and the department shall revoke the foster caregiver's	8163
foster home certificate.	8164
(C) As used in this section, "OVI or OVUAC violation"	8165
means a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	8166
violation of an existing or former law of this state, any other	8167
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	8168
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	8169
Sec. 5119.367. The director of mental health and addiction	8170
services shall annually conduct an on-site review of each	8171
community mental health services provider and community	8172
addiction services provider that is an opioid treatment program	8173
described in division $\frac{\text{(D)}(\text{C})}{\text{(C)}}$ (2)(b) of section 4729.291 of the	8174
Revised Code. The review may include an inspection of pharmacy	8175
records as described in section 3719.13 of the Revised Code and	8176
an inspection of patient treatment records. If the director has	8177
reason to believe that a violation of local, state, or federal	8178
drug law, including any provision of Chapter 2925., 3715.,	8179
3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code, has occurred, the director	8180
shall report that information to the state board of pharmacy.	8181
The director may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	8182
119. of the Revised Code to implement this section.	8183
Sec. 5153.111. (A)(1) The executive director of a public	8184
children services agency shall request the superintendent of the	8185
bureau of criminal identification and investigation to conduct a	8186
criminal records check with respect to any applicant who has	8187
applied to the agency for employment as a person responsible for	8188
the care, custody, or control of a child. If the applicant does	8189

not present proof that the applicant has been a resident of this	8190
state for the five-year period immediately prior to the date	8191
upon which the criminal records check is requested or does not	8192
provide evidence that within that five-year period the	8193
superintendent has requested information about the applicant	8194
from the federal bureau of investigation in a criminal records	8195
check, the executive director shall request that the	8196
superintendent obtain information from the federal bureau of	8197
investigation as a part of the criminal records check for the	8198
applicant. If the applicant presents proof that the applicant	8199
has been a resident of this state for that five-year period, the	8200
executive director may request that the superintendent include	8201
information from the federal bureau of investigation in the	8202
criminal records check.	8203

- (2) Any person required by division (A)(1) of this section 8204 to request a criminal records check shall provide to each 8205 applicant a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to division (C) 8206 (1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, provide to each 8207 applicant a standard impression sheet to obtain fingerprint 8208 impressions prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 8209 109.572 of the Revised Code, obtain the completed form and 8210 impression sheet from each applicant, and forward the completed 8211 form and impression sheet to the superintendent of the bureau of 8212 criminal identification and investigation at the time the person 8213 requests a criminal records check pursuant to division (A)(1) of 8214 this section. 8215
- (3) Any applicant who receives pursuant to division (A)(2) 8216 of this section a copy of the form prescribed pursuant to 8217 division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code and a 8218 copy of an impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C) 8219 (2) of that section and who is requested to complete the form 8220

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and provide a set of fingerprint impressions shall complete the	8221
form or provide all the information necessary to complete the	8222
form and shall provide the impression sheet with the impressions	8223
of the applicant's fingerprints. If an applicant, upon request,	8224
fails to provide the information necessary to complete the form	8225
or fails to provide impressions of the applicant's fingerprints,	8226
that agency shall not employ that applicant for any position for	8227
which a criminal records check is required by division (A)(1) of	8228
this section.	8229
(B)(1) Except as provided in rules adopted by the director	8230
of job and family services in accordance with division (E) of	8231
this section, no public children services agency shall employ a	8232
person as a person responsible for the care, custody, or control	8233
of a child if the person previously has been convicted of or	8234
pleaded guilty to any of the following:	0005
	8235
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	8236
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	8236
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	8236 8237
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	8236 8237 8238
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	8236 8237 8238 8239
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	8236 8237 8238 8239 8240
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12,	8236 8237 8238 8239 8240 8241
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02,	8236 8237 8238 8239 8240 8241
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised	8236 8237 8238 8239 8240 8241 8242 8243
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it	8236 8237 8238 8239 8240 8241 8242 8243
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of	8236 8237 8238 8239 8240 8241 8242 8243 8244

section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug

of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;

possession offense, or felonious sexual penetration in violation

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(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	8252
state, any other state, or the United States that is	8253
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations	8254
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section.	8255
(2) A public children services agency may employ an	8256
applicant conditionally until the criminal records check	8257
required by this section is completed and the agency receives	8258
the results of the criminal records check. If the results of the	8259
criminal records check indicate that, pursuant to division (B)	8260
(1) of this section, the applicant does not qualify for	8261
employment, the agency shall release the applicant from	8262
employment.	8263
(C)(1) Each public children services agency shall pay to	8264
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation the fee	8265
prescribed pursuant to division (C)(3) of section 109.572 of the	8266
Revised Code for each criminal records check conducted in	8267
accordance with that section upon the request pursuant to	8268
division (A)(1) of this section of the executive director of the	8269
agency.	8270
(2) A public children services agency may charge an	8271
applicant a fee for the costs it incurs in obtaining a criminal	8271
	8273
records check under this section. A fee charged under this	
division shall not exceed the amount of fees the agency pays	8274
under division (C)(1) of this section. If a fee is charged under	8275
this division, the agency shall notify the applicant at the time	8276
of the applicant's initial application for employment of the	8277
amount of the fee and that, unless the fee is paid, the agency	8278
will not consider the applicant for employment.	8279

(D) The report of any criminal records check conducted by

the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in

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accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code and pursuant	8282
to a request under division (A)(1) of this section is not a	8283
public record for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised	8284
Code and shall not be made available to any person other than	8285
the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records check	8286
or the applicant's representative, the public children services	8287
agency requesting the criminal records check or its	8288
representative, and any court, hearing officer, or other	8289
necessary individual involved in a case dealing with the denial	8290
of employment to the applicant.	8291

- (E) The director of job and family services shall adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section, including rules specifying circumstances under which a public children services agency may hire a person who has been convicted of an offense listed in division (B)(1) of this section but who meets standards in regard to rehabilitation set by the department.
- (F) Any person required by division (A)(1) of this section 8299 to request a criminal records check shall inform each person, at 8300 the time of the person's initial application for employment, 8301 that the person is required to provide a set of impressions of 8302 the person's fingerprints and that a criminal records check is 8303 required to be conducted and satisfactorily completed in 8304 accordance with section 109.572 of the Revised Code if the 8305 person comes under final consideration for appointment or 8306 employment as a precondition to employment for that position. 8307
 - (G) As used in this section:
- (1) "Applicant" means a person who is under final 8309 consideration for appointment or employment in a position with 8310 the agency as a person responsible for the care, custody, or 8311

control of a child.	8312
(2) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in	8313
section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	8314
(3) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	8315
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	8316
Section 2. That existing sections 9.04, 109.572, 149.43,	8317
2151.414, 2151.421, 2305.11, 2305.234, 2307.52, 2307.53,	8318
2307.54, 2317.56, 2505.02, 2901.01, 2903.09, 2919.11, 2919.122,	8319
2919.17, 2919.191, 2919.193, 2919.201, 2919.24, 2919.25,	8320
2925.11, 2935.36, 2950.03, 2953.25, 2967.193, 3301.32, 3301.541,	8321
3301.88, 3319.31, 3319.39, 3701.034, 3701.046, 3701.511,	8322
3702.30, 3901.87, 4112.01, 4729.291, 4729.292, 4731.22,	8323
4731.223, 4731.224, 4731.225, 4731.25, 4731.281, 4731.293,	8324
4731.91, 5101.55, 5103.0319, 5119.367, and 5153.111 and sections	8325
9.041, 2151.85, 2305.114, 2317.561, 2505.073, 2919.12, 2919.121,	8326
2919.123, 2919.13, 2919.151, 2919.16, 2919.171, 2919.18,	8327
2919.19, 2919.192, 2919.20, 2919.202, 2919.203, 2919.204,	8328
2919.205, 3701.341, 3701.79, 3701.791, 3727.60, 5101.56, and	8329
5101.57 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	8330
Section 3. Whoever commits an act that was criminally	8331
prohibited prior to the effective date ofB of the 132nd	8332
General Assembly at a time prior to the effective date of	8333
B of the 132nd General Assembly shall be prosecuted under	8334
the law as it existed prior to the effective date ofB of	8335
the 132nd General Assembly.	8336
Section 4. The General Assembly, applying the principle	8337
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	8338
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	8339
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	8340

H. B. No. 565 As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee

presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	8341
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	8342
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	8343
as presented in this act:	8344
Section 2151.421 of the Revised Code as amended by both	8345
Sub. H.B. 158 and Am. Sub. H.B. 493 of the 131st General	8346
Assembly.	8347
Section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as amended by Sub.	8348
H.B. 110, H.B. 171, and Sub. S.B. 204, all of the 131st General	8349
Assembly.	8350
Section 4729.291 of the Revised Code as amended by both	8351
Sub. H.B. 290 and Sub. S.B. 319 of the 131st General Assembly.	8352
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