## 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 5329

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

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To require that the Federal Government procure from the private sector the goods and services necessary for the operations and management of certain Government agencies, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 5, 2019

Mr. STEUBE introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform

# A BILL

- To require that the Federal Government procure from the private sector the goods and services necessary for the operations and management of certain Government agencies, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Freedom from Govern-
- 5 ment Competition Act of 2019".

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Private sector business concerns, which are

free to respond to the private or public demands of

3	the marketplace, constitute the strength of the
4	United States economic system.
5	(2) Competitive private enterprises are the most
6	productive, efficient, and effective sources of goods
7	and services.
8	(3) Unfair Government competition with the
9	private sector of the economy is detrimental to the
10	United States economic system.
11	(4) Unfair Government competition with the
12	private sector of the economy is at an unacceptably
13	high level, both in scope and in dollar volume.
14	(5) Current law and policy have failed to ad-
15	dress adequately the problem of unfair Government
16	competition with the private sector of the economy.
17	(6) It is in the public interest that the Federal
18	Government establish a consistent policy to rely on
19	the private sector of the economy to provide goods
20	and services necessary for or beneficial to the oper-
21	ation and management of Federal agencies and to
22	avoid unfair Government competition with the pri-
23	vate sector of the economy.
24	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this Act, the term "agency" means—
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(1) an executive department as defined by sec-1 2 tion 101 of title 5, United States Code; 3 (2) a military department as defined by section 4 102 of such title; and (3) an independent establishment as defined by 5 6 section 104(l) of such title. 7 SEC. 4. PROCUREMENT FROM PRIVATE SOURCES. 8 (a) POLICY.—In the process of governing, the Fed-9 eral Government should not compete with its citizens. The 10 competitive enterprise system, characterized by individual freedom and initiative, is the primary source of national 11 12 economic strength. In recognition of this principle, it has 13 been and continues to be the general policy of the Federal 14 Government— 15 (1) to rely on commercial sources to supply the 16 products and services the Government needs; 17 (2) to refrain from providing a product or serv-18 ice if the product or service can be procured more 19 economically from a commercial source; and 20 (3) to utilize Federal employees to perform in-21 herently governmental functions (as that term is de-22 fined in section 5 of the Federal Activities Inventory 23 Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–270; 112) 24 Stat. 2384)).

(b) GENERAL RULE.—Except as provided in sub section (c) and notwithstanding any other provision of law,
 each agency shall obtain all goods and services necessary
 for or beneficial to the accomplishment of its authorized
 functions by procurement from private sources.

6 (c) EXEMPTIONS.—Subsection (b) shall not apply to
7 an agency with respect to goods or services if—

8 (1) the goods or services are required by law to
9 be produced or performed, respectively, by the agen10 cy; or

(2) the head of the agency determines and certifies to Congress in accordance with regulations
promulgated by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget that—

15 (A) Federal Government production, man16 ufacture, or provision of a good or service is
17 necessary for the national defense or homeland
18 security;

(B) a good or service is so critical to the
mission of the agency or so inherently governmental in nature that it is in the public interest
to require production or performance, respectively, by Government employees; or

24 (C) there is no private source capable of25 providing the good or service.

(d) METHOD OF PROCUREMENT.—The provision of
 goods and services not exempt by subsection (c)(1) or
 (c)(2) shall be performed by an entity in the private sector
 through—

5 (1) the divestiture of Federal involvement in the
6 provision of a good or service;

7 (2) the award of a contract to an entity in the
8 private sector, using competitive procedures, as de9 fined in section 152 of title 41, United States Code,
10 and section 2302 of title 10, United States Code; or

11 conducting a public-private competitive (3)12 sourcing analysis in accordance with the procedures 13 established by the Office of Management and Budg-14 et and determining that using the assets, facilities, 15 and performance of the private sector is in the best 16 interest of the United States and that production or 17 performance, respectively, by the private sector pro-18 vides the best value to the taxpayer.

(e) CONTRACTED ACTIVITIES.—The head of an agency may utilize Federal employees to provide goods or services previously provided by an entity in the private sector
upon completion of a public-private competitive sourcing
analysis described in subsection (d)(3), and after making
a determination that the provision of such goods or serv-

ices by Federal employees provides the best value to the
 taxpayer.

3 (f) REGULATIONS.—The Director of the Office of 4 Management and Budget shall promulgate such regula-5 tions as the Director considers necessary to carry out this section. In promulgating such regulations, the Director 6 7 shall assure that any State or territory, or political sub-8 division of a State or territory, complies with the policy 9 and implements the requirements of this section when ex-10 pending Federal funds.

#### 11 SEC. 5. STUDY AND REPORT.

12 The Director of the Office of Management and Budg-13 et, after consultation with the Comptroller General of the United States, shall carry out a study to evaluate the ac-14 15 tivities carried out in each agency, including those identified as commercial and inherently governmental in nature 16 17 in the inventory prepared pursuant to the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–270; 18 19 31 U.S.C. 501 note) and shall transmit a report to the 20 Congress prior to June 30 of each year. The report shall 21 include-

(1) an evaluation of the justification for exempting activities pursuant to section 4(c); and

24 (2) a schedule for the transfer of commercial25 activities to the private sector, pursuant to section

- 4(d), to be completed within 5 years after the date
   on which such report is transmitted to the Congress.
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