## As Passed by House

# 133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 80

## **Representative Oelslager**

Cosponsors: Representatives Hambley, O'Brien, Patterson, Perales, Plummer, Rogers, Baldridge, Cross, Edwards, Ghanbari, Holmes, A., Patton Seitz

## A BILL

ΙO	amend sections 4113.21, 4121.01, 4123.01,	1
	4123.026, 4123.038, 4123.46, 4123.51, 4123.52,	2
	4123.56, 4123.58, 4123.65, 4123.66, 4131.03,	3
	4141.01, and 5747.01 and to enact sections	4
	4121.471, 4123.513, and 4177.01 to 4177.06 of the	5
	Revised Code to make changes to the Workers'	6
	Compensation Law, to create a generally uniform	7
	definition of employee for specified labor laws,	8
	to prohibit misclassification under those laws, to	9
	make appropriations for the Bureau of Workers'	10
	Compensation and Department of Public Safety for	11
	the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, and ending	12
	June 30, 2021, and to provide authorization and	13
	conditions for the operation of the Bureau's	14
	programs.	15

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

	Section	n 1. Z	All :	items	in this	act a	are he	reby	appropri	ated ou	ut	16
of a	any mone	ys in	the	state	e treasu	ry to	the c	redi	t of the			17
desi	ignated	fund.	For	all a	appropri	ations	made	in	this act,	those	in	18

the first column are for fiscal year 2020, and those in the second							
column are fo	or fiscal year 2021. T	he ap	propriations	mad	de in this	20	
act are in a	ddition to any other a	pprop	riations made	e fo	or the	21	
biennium beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2021.							
BWC BUREAU OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION							
Dedicated Pur	rpose Fund Group					24	
7023 855407	Claims, Risk and	\$	120,939,816	\$	124,329,031	25	
	Medical Management						
7023 855408	Fraud Prevention	\$	14,095,916	\$	14,231,413	26	
7023 855409	Administrative	\$	117,250,236	\$	116,025,396	27	
	Services						
7023 855410	Attorney General	\$	4,621,850	\$	4,621,850	28	
	Payments						
8220 855606	Coal Workers' Fund	\$	186,632	\$	188,487	29	
8230 855608	Marine Industry	\$	78,188	\$	78,698	30	
8250 855605	Disabled Workers	\$	193,419	\$	195,709	31	
	Relief Fund						
8260 855609	Safety and Hygiene	\$	24,079,350	\$	23,745,661	32	
	Operating						
8260 855610	Safety Grants	\$	20,000,000	\$	20,000,000	33	
8260 855611	Health and Safety	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	34	
	Initiative						
8260 855612	Safety Campaign	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	35	
8260 855613	Research Grants	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	36	
8260 855618	Substance Use	\$	5,000,000	\$	10,000,000	37	
	Recovery and						
	Workplace Safety						
	Program						
8260 855619	Safety and Health	\$	2,000,000	\$	0	38	
	Center of Excellence						
TOTAL DPF Dec	dicated Purpose Fund	\$	317,945,407	\$	322,916,245	39	
Group							

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Insurance Fund to the state treasury to the credit of the Safety

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Sec. 4113.21. (A) No private employer shall require any	187
prospective employee or applicant for employment to pay the cost	188
of a medical examination required by the employer as a condition	189
of employment.	190
(B) No public employer or private employer furnishing	191
services to a public employer in accordance with a contract	192
subject to the "Service Contract Act of 1965," 41 U.S.C. 6701 et	193
seq., shall require any employee, prospective employee, or	194
applicant for employment to pay the cost of $\frac{1}{2}$ an initial or any	195
subsequent medical examination examinations required by the public	196
employer or private employer as a condition of employment or	197
continued employment.	198
(C) As used in this section:	199
(1) "Private employer" means any individual, partnership,	200
trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, common	201
carrier, public utility, or corporation, whether domestic or	202
foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee, or the	203
successor thereof, who has in employment three or more individuals	204
at any one time within a calendar year.	205
(2) "Public employer" means the United States, the state, any	206
political subdivision of the state, and any agency of the United	207
States, the state, or a political subdivision of the state.	208
(3) "Employee" means any person who may be permitted,	209
required, or directed by any employer in consideration of direct	210
or indirect gain or profit, to engage in any employment.	211
(D) Any employer who violates this section shall forfeit not	212
more than one hundred dollars for each violation. The bureau of	213
workers' compensation and the public utilities commission shall	214
enforce this section.	215

Sec. 4121.01. (A) As used in sections 4121.01 to 4121.29 of

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the	Revised	Code:	2.1	Ĺ

- (1) "Place of employment" means every place, whether indoors 218 or out, or underground, and the premises appurtenant thereto, 219 where either temporarily or permanently any industry, trade, or 220 business is carried on, or where any process or operation, 221 directly or indirectly related to any industry, trade, or 222 business, is carried on and where any person is directly or 223 indirectly employed by another for direct or indirect gain or 224 profit, but does not include any place where persons are employed 225 in private domestic service or agricultural pursuits which do not 226 involve the use of mechanical power. 227
- (2) "Employment" means any trade, occupation, or process of 228 manufacture or any method of carrying on such trade, occupation, 229 or process of manufacture in which any person may be engaged, 230 except in such private domestic service or agricultural pursuits 231 as do not involve the use of mechanical power. 232
- (3) "Employer" means every person, firm, corporation, agent, 233 manager, representative, or other person having control or custody 234 of any employment, place of employment, or employee. "Employer" 235 does not include a franchisor with respect to the franchisor's 236 relationship with a franchisee or an employee of a franchisee, 237 unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in writing or a 238 court of competent jurisdiction determines that the franchisor 239 exercises a type or degree of control over the franchisee or the 240 franchisee's employees that is not customarily exercised by a 241 franchisor for the purpose of protecting the franchisor's 242 trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this division, 243 "franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings as in 16 244 C.F.R. 436.1. 245
- (4) (a) "Employee" means a person who may be required or

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  directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect

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gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work, or	248
be at any time in any place of employment is an employee under the	249
rules adopted by the superintendent of industrial compliance	250
pursuant to section 4177.01 of the Revised Code, including a	251
person described in division (A)(4)(b) of this section if a motor	252
carrier elects to consider the person to be an employee.	253
(b) "Employee" does not include a person who operates a	254
vehicle or vessel in the performance of services for or on behalf	255
of a motor carrier transporting property and to whom all of the	256
following factors apply:	257
(i) The person owns the vehicle or vessel that is used in	258
performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or the	259
person leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide lease	260
agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease agreement. For	261
purposes of this division, a bona fide lease agreement does not	262
include an agreement between the person and the motor carrier	263
transporting property for which, or on whose behalf, the person	264
provides services.	265
(ii) The person is responsible for supplying the necessary	266
personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel used to provide	267
the service.	268
(iii) The compensation paid to the person is based on factors	269
related to work performed, including on a mileage-based rate or a	270
percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on the basis	271
of the hours or time expended.	272
(iv) The person substantially controls the means and manner	273
of performing the services, in conformance with regulatory	274
requirements and specifications of the shipper.	275
(v) The person enters into a written contract with the	276
carrier for whom the person is performing the services that	277

describes the relationship between the person and the carrier to

be that of an independent contractor and not that of an employee.	279
(vi) The person is responsible for substantially all of the	280
principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and equipment	281
used to provide the services, including maintenance, fuel,	282
repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and personal	283
expenses, except that the person may be paid by the carrier the	284
carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs, including tolls,	285
permits, and lumper fees.	286
(vii) The person is responsible for any economic loss or	287
economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	288
(5) "Frequenter" means every person, other than an employee,	289
who may go in or be in a place of employment under circumstances	290
which render the person other than a trespasser.	291
(6) "Deputy" means any person employed by the industrial	292
commission or the bureau of workers' compensation, designated as a	293
deputy by the commission or the administrator of workers'	294
compensation, who possesses special, technical, scientific,	295
managerial, professional, or personal abilities or qualities in	296
matters within the jurisdiction of the commission or the bureau,	297
and who may be engaged in the performance of duties under the	298
direction of the commission or the bureau calling for the exercise	299
of such abilities or qualities.	300
(7) "Order" means any decision, rule, regulation, direction,	301
requirement, or standard, or any other determination or decision	302
that the bureau is empowered to and does make.	303
(8) "General order" means an order that applies generally	304
throughout the state to all persons, employments, or places of	305
employment, or all persons, employments, or places of employment	306
of a class under the jurisdiction of the bureau. All other orders	307
shall be considered special orders.	308

(9) "Local order" means any ordinance, order, rule, or

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(3) "Industrial commission" means the industrial commission	340
as a state agency when the context refers to the authority vested	341
in the industrial commission as a state agency.	342
Sec. 4121.471. A claim for an additional award under Section	343
35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, alleging that an injury,	344
occupational disease, or death resulted from an employer's failure	345
to comply with a specific safety rule for the protection of the	346
lives, health, and safety of employees shall be forever barred	347
unless it is filed within one year after the date of the injury,	348
death, or diagnosis of disability due to occupational disease.	349
Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:	350
(A)(1) "Employee" means:	351
(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any	352
county, municipal corporation, township, or school district	353
therein who is an employee under the rules adopted by the	354
superintendent of industrial compliance pursuant to section	355
4177.01 of the Revised Code, including regular members of lawfully	356
constituted police and fire departments of municipal corporations	357
and townships, whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving	358
within the state or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and	359
executive officers of boards of education, under any appointment	360
or contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written,	361
including any elected official of the state, or of any county,	362
municipal corporation, or township, or members of boards of	363
education.	364
As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term	365
"employee" includes the following persons when responding to an	366
inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate	367
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the	368

person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's

regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	370
condition that the person responds to the situation as the person	371
otherwise would if the person were on duty in the person's	372
jurisdiction:	373
(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)(i)	374
of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	375
section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.;	376
(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of a	377
lawfully constituted fire department.;	378
(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	379
technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or	380
emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	381
volunteer, emergency medical workers of an ambulance service	382
organization or emergency medical service organization <del>pursuant to</del>	383
	384
Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code.	301
Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code.  (b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	385
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	385
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation,	385 386
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same	385 386 387
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract	385 386 387 388
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in	385 386 387 388 389
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes	385 386 387 388 389 390
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty	385 386 387 388 389 390 391
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single	385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household, and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars	385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household, and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or	385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household, and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any other written	385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or private corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same business or in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term "employee" includes aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household, and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any other written contract, to pay into the state insurance fund the premiums	385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396

of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following criteria

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to the person:	460
(i) The person owns the vehicle or vessel that is used in	461
performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or the	462
person leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide lease	463
agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease agreement. For	464
purposes of this division, a bona fide lease agreement does not	465
include an agreement between the person and the motor carrier	466
transporting property for which, or on whose behalf, the person	467
provides services.	468
(ii) The person is responsible for supplying the necessary	469
personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel used to provide	470
the service.	471
(iii) The compensation paid to the person is based on factors	472
related to work performed, including on a mileage-based rate or a	473
percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on the basis	474
of the hours or time expended.	475
(iv) The person substantially controls the means and manner	476
of performing the services, in conformance with regulatory	477
requirements and specifications of the shipper.	478
(v) The person enters into a written contract with the	479
carrier for whom the person is performing the services that	480
describes the relationship between the person and the carrier to	481
be that of an independent contractor and not that of an employee.	482
(vi) The person is responsible for substantially all of the	483
principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and equipment	484
used to provide the services, including maintenance, fuel,	485
repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and personal	486
expenses, except that the person may be paid by the carrier the	487
carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs, including tolls,	488
permits, and lumper fees.	489

(vii) The person is responsible for any economic loss or

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this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of	521
<pre>"employee" pursuant to division (A)(1)(d) or (A)(2)(a), (b), (c),</pre>	522
or (e) of this section in accordance with rules adopted by the	523
administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	524
workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a	525
partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a	526
corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect	527
to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of	528
such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the	529
individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the	530
family farm corporation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a	531
partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the	532
definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c),	533
or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an	534
"employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted by	535
the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board.	536

In the event of an election, the employer or person electing 537 coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers' compensation 538 written notice naming the person to be covered and include the 539 person's remuneration for premium purposes in all future payroll 540 reports. No partner, sole proprietor, or person excluded from the 541 definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(1)(d) or 542 (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, shall receive 543 benefits or compensation under this chapter until the bureau 544 receives written notice of the election permitted by this section. 545

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall prescribe 546 such language as it considers appropriate, on such of its forms as 547 it considers appropriate, to advise employers of their right to 548 elect to include as an "employee" within this chapter a sole 549 proprietor, any member of a partnership, or a person excluded from 550 the definition of "employee" under division (A)(1)(d) or 551 (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, that they should 552

check any health and disability insurance policy, or other form of	553
health and disability plan or contract, presently covering them,	554
or the purchase of which they may be considering, to determine	555
whether such policy, plan, or contract excludes benefits for	556
illness or injury that they might have elected to have covered by	557
workers' compensation.	558

#### (B) (1) "Employer" means:

- (a) The state, including state hospitals, each county, 560 municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital 561 owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the 562 state; 563
- (b) Every person, firm, professional employer organization, 564 and private corporation, including any public service corporation, 565 that (i) has in service one or more employees or shared employees 566 regularly in the same business or in or about the same 567 establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral 568 or written, or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or by 569 any other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund the 570 premiums provided by this chapter. 571

All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of 572 a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or 573 about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a 574 household establishment, shall be considered an employee in 575 determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation, or 576 public service corporation, has in its service, one or more 577 employees and the employer shall report the income derived from 578 such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such employer, 579 and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of 580 an employee. 581

(2) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect to 582 the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an employee of 583

a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in	584
writing or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the	585
franchisor exercises a type or degree of control over the	586
franchisee or the franchisee's employees that is not customarily	587
exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the	588
franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this	589
division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings as	590
in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	591
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by external	592
accidental means or accidental in character and result, received	593
in the course of, and arising out of, the injured employee's	594
employment. "Injury" does not include:	595
(1) Psychiatric conditions except where as follows:	596
(a) Where the claimant's psychiatric conditions have arisen	597
from an injury or occupational disease sustained by that claimant	598
or where;	599
(b) Where the claimant's psychiatric conditions have arisen	600
from sexual conduct in which the claimant was forced by threat of	601
physical harm to engage or participate;	602
(c) Where the claimant is a peace officer, firefighter, or	603
emergency medical worker and is diagnosed with post-traumatic	604
stress disorder that has been received in the course of, and has	605
arisen out of, the claimant's employment as a peace officer,	606
firefighter, or emergency medical worker.	607
(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural	608
deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;	609
(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary participation	610
in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness activity if the	611
employee signs a waiver of the employee's right to compensation or	612
benefits under this chapter prior to engaging in the recreation or	613
fitness activity;	614

- (4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that 615 pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the injury. 616 Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by objective 617 diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or objective 618 test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of such a 619 substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints without 620 objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or 621 objective test results are insufficient to substantiate a 622 substantial aggravation. 623
- (D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child legally 624 adopted prior to the injury.
- (E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for 626 the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the majority of 627 the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders 628 are persons or the spouse of persons related to each other within 629 the fourth degree of kinship, according to the rules of the civil 630 law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or 631 actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are a 632 corporation. A family farm corporation does not cease to qualify 633 under this division where, by reason of any devise, bequest, or 634 the operation of the laws of descent or distribution, the 635 ownership of shares of voting stock is transferred to another 636 person, as long as that person is within the degree of kinship 637 stipulated in this division. 638
- (F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in the course of employment, which by its causes and the characteristics of its manifestation or the condition of the employment results in a hazard which distinguishes the employment in character from employment generally, and the employment creates a risk of contracting the disease in greater degree and in a different manner from the public in general.
  - (G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is granted

the privilege of paying compensation and benefits directly under	647
section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a board of county	648
commissioners for the sole purpose of constructing a sports	649
facility as defined in section 307.696 of the Revised Code,	650
provided that the electors of the county in which the sports	651
facility is to be built have approved construction of a sports	652
facility by ballot election no later than November 6, 1997.	653
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	654
division (B)(1)(b) of this section.	655
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same meaning	656
as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	657
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	658
division (B)(1)(a) of this section.	659
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male	660
and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between	661
persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to do so, the	662
insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any	663
instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal	664
cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to	665
complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	666
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company that	667
is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage	668
in any of the states that permit employers to obtain insurance for	669
workers' compensation claims through insurance companies.	670
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	671
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	672
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	673
relationships localized in a state other than this state or those	674
employees' dependents;	675

(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for

workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than this	677
state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through either	678
the administrator or an other-states' insurer.	679
(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance coverage	680
provided by the administrator to an eligible employer for workers'	681
compensation claims of employees who are in an employment	682
relationship localized in this state but are temporarily working	683
in a state other than this state, or those employees' dependents.	684
(O) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	685
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	686
(P) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	687
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	688
(O) "Firefighter" means a firefighter, whether paid or	689
volunteer, of a lawfully constituted fire department.	690
(R) "Emergency medical worker" means a first responder,	691
emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical	692
technician-intermediate, or emergency medical	693
technician-paramedic, certified under Chapter 4765. of the Revised	694
Code, whether paid or volunteer.	695
(S) "Illegal alien" means an alien who is deportable if	696
apprehended because of one of the following:	697
(1) The alien entered the United States illegally without the	698
proper authorization and documents.	699
(2) The alien once entered the United States legally and has	700
since violated the terms of the status under which the alien	701
entered the United States, making that alien an "out-of-status"	702
alien.	703
(3) The alien once entered the United States legally but has	704
overstayed the time limits of the original legal status.	705
(T) "Unauthorized alien" means an alien who is not authorized	706

to be employed as determined in accordance with section 101(a) of	707
the "Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986," 8 U.S.C. 1324a.	708
Sec. 4123.026. (A) The administrator of workers'	709
compensation, <del>or</del> a self-insuring public employer for the peace	710
officers, firefighters, and emergency medical workers employed by	711
or volunteering for that self-insuring public employer, or a	712
detention facility that is a self-insuring employer for the	713
facility's employees, including corrections officers, shall pay	714
the costs of conducting post-exposure medical diagnostic services,	715
consistent with the standards of medical care existing at the time	716
of the exposure, to investigate whether an injury or occupational	717
disease was sustained by a peace officer, firefighter, <del>or</del>	718
emergency medical worker, or detention facility employee,	719
including a corrections officer, when coming into contact with the	720
blood or other body fluid of another person in the course of and	721
arising out of the peace officer's, firefighter's, or emergency	722
medical worker's, or detention facility employee's employment, or	723
when responding to an inherently dangerous situation in the manner	724
described in, and in accordance with the conditions specified	725
under, division (A)(1)(a) of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code,	726
through any of the following means:	727
(1) Splash or spatter in the eye or mouth, including when	728
received in the course of conducting mouth-to-mouth resuscitation;	729
(2) A puncture in the skin;	730
(3) A cut in the skin or another opening in the skin such as	731
an open sore, wound, lesion, abrasion, or ulcer.	732
(B) As used in this section:	733
(1) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	734
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	735
(2) "Firefighter" means a firefighter, whether paid or	736

necessary to enter a formal apprenticeship program.

(D) "Entry-level trainee" means a person who possesses	767
experience that would qualify the person as a journeyperson but	768
for the existence of certain other disqualifying conditions and	769
who receives on-the-job training accompanied by classroom	770
instruction outside of normal working hours.	771
(E) "Journeyperson trainee" means a person with journeyperson	772
status in a given trade who receives classroom and laboratory	773
training for the purpose of broadening the person's skills and	774
acquainting the person with new techniques and ideas in the trade.	775
Sec. 4123.46. (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)(2) of	776
this section, the bureau of workers' compensation shall disburse	777
the state insurance fund to employees of employers who have paid	778
into the fund the premiums applicable to the classes to which they	779
belong when the employees have been injured in the course of their	780
employment, wherever the injuries have occurred, and provided the	781
injuries have not been purposely self-inflicted, or to the	782
dependents of the employees in case death has ensued.	783
(2) As long as injuries have not been purposely	784
self-inflicted, the bureau shall disburse the surplus fund created	785
under section 4123.34 of the Revised Code to off-duty peace	786
officers, firefighters, <u>and</u> emergency medical <del>technicians, and</del>	787
first responders workers, or to their dependents if death ensues,	788
who are injured while responding to inherently dangerous	789
situations that call for an immediate response on the part of the	790
person, regardless of whether the person was within the limits of	791
the person's jurisdiction when responding, on the condition that	792
the person responds to the situation as the person otherwise would	793
if the person were on duty in the person's jurisdiction.	794
As used in division (A)(2) of this section, "peace officer,"	795

"firefighter," "emergency medical technician," "first responder,"

and "jurisdiction" have the same meanings as in section 4123.01 of

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the Revised (	<del>Code.</del>	798

(B) All self-insuring employers, in compliance with this 799 chapter, shall pay the compensation to injured employees, or to 800 the dependents of employees who have been killed in the course of 801 their employment, unless the injury or death of the employee was 802 purposely self-inflicted, and shall furnish the medical, surgical, 803 nurse, and hospital care and attention or funeral expenses as 804 would have been paid and furnished by virtue of this chapter under 805 a similar state of facts by the bureau out of the state insurance 806 fund if the employer had paid the premium into the fund. 807

If any rule or regulation of a self-insuring employer 808 provides for or authorizes the payment of greater compensation or 809 more complete or extended medical care, nursing, surgical, and 810 hospital attention, or funeral expenses to the injured employees, 811 or to the dependents of the employees as may be killed, the 812 employer shall pay to the employees, or to the dependents of 813 employees killed, the amount of compensation and furnish the 814 medical care, nursing, surgical, and hospital attention or funeral 815 expenses provided by the self-insuring employer's rules and 816 regulations. 817

(C) Payment to injured employees, or to their dependents in 818 case death has ensued, is in lieu of any and all rights of action 819 against the employer of the injured or killed employees. 820

Sec. 4123.51. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation 821 shall by published notices and other appropriate means endeavor to 822 cause claims to be filed in the service office of the bureau of 823 workers' compensation from which the investigation and 824 determination of the claim may be made most expeditiously. A claim 825 or appeal under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of 826 the Revised Code may be filed with any office of the bureau of 827 workers' compensation or the industrial commission, within the 828

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required under division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4123.51 of the

Revised Code is ineligible to receive compensation or benefits

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under	the	claim	for	which	the	false	ir	nformation	was	s supplie	ed and	889
shall	<u>be</u>	subject	: to	prosec	cutic	n for	a	violation	of	section	2913.48	890
of the	e Re	vised C	Code									891

Sec. 4123.52. (A) The jurisdiction of the industrial 892 commission and the authority of the administrator of workers' 893 compensation over each case is continuing, and the commission may 894 make such modification or change with respect to former findings 895 or orders with respect thereto, as, in its opinion is justified. 896 No modification or change nor any finding or award in respect of 897 any claim shall be made with respect to disability, compensation, 898 dependency, or benefits, after five years from the date of injury 899 in the absence of the payment of medical benefits being provided 900 under this chapter or in the absence of payment of compensation 901 under section 4123.57, 4123.58, or division (A) or (B) of section 902 4123.56 of the Revised Code or wages in lieu of compensation in a 903 manner so as to satisfy the requirements of section 4123.84 of the 904 Revised Code, in which event the modification, change, finding, or 905 award shall be made within five years from the date of the last 906 medical services being rendered or the date of the last payment of 907 compensation or from the date of death, nor unless written notice 908 of claim for the specific part or parts of the body injured or 909 disabled has been given as provided in section 4123.84 or 4123.85 910 of the Revised Code. The commission shall not make any 911 modification, change, finding, or award which shall award 912 compensation for a back period in excess of two years prior to the 913 date of filing application therefor. 914

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, and except 915 as otherwise provided in a rule that shall be adopted by the 916 administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of 917 workers' compensation board of directors, neither the 918 administrator nor the commission shall make any finding or award 919

for payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services	920
submitted for payment more than one year after the date the	921
services were rendered or more than one year after the date the	922
services became payable under division (I) of section 4123.511 of	923
the Revised Code, whichever is later. No medical or vocational	924
rehabilitation provider shall bill a claimant for services	925
rendered if the administrator or commission is prohibited from	926
making that payment under this division.	927

- (C) Division (B) of this section does not apply to requests 928 made by the centers for medicare and medicaid services in the 929 United States department of health and human services for 930 reimbursement of conditional payments made pursuant to section 931 1395y(b)(2) of title 42, United States Code (commonly known as the 932 "Medicare Secondary Payer Act").
- (D) This section does not affect the right of a claimant to 934 compensation accruing subsequent to the filing of any such 935 application, provided the application is filed within the time 936 limit provided in this section. 937
- (E) This section does not deprive the commission of its 938 continuing jurisdiction to determine the questions raised by any 939 application for modification of award which has been filed with 940 the commission after June 1, 1932, and prior to the expiration of 941 the applicable period but in respect to which no award has been 942 granted or denied during the applicable period. 943
- (F) The commission may, by general rules, provide for the 944 destruction of files of cases in which no further action may be 945 taken. 946
- (G) The commission and administrator of workers' compensation 947 each may, by general rules, provide for the retention and 948 destruction of all other records in their possession or under 949 their control pursuant to section 121.211 and sections 149.34 to 950

149.36 of the Revised Code. The bureau of workers' compensation 951 952 may purchase or rent required equipment for the document retention media, as determined necessary to preserve the records. 953 Photographs, microphotographs, microfilm, films, or other direct 954 document retention media, when properly identified, have the same 955 effect as the original record and may be offered in like manner 956 and may be received as evidence in proceedings before the 957 industrial commission, staff hearing officers, and district 958 hearing officers, and in any court where the original record could 959 have been introduced. 960

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 961 section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee shall 962 receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 963 average weekly wage so long as such disability is total, not to 964 exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 965 the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 966 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not less than a minimum 967 amount of compensation which is equal to thirty-three and 968 one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined 969 in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code unless the 970 employee's wage is less than thirty-three and one-third per cent 971 of the minimum statewide average weekly wage, in which event the 972 employee shall receive compensation equal to the employee's full 973 wages; provided that for the first twelve weeks of total 974 disability the employee shall receive seventy-two per cent of the 975 employee's full weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of 976 weekly compensation which is equal to the lesser of the statewide 977 average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 978 of the Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net 979 take-home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer, 980 payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports of 981 the attending physician. If the employer disputes the attending 982

physician's report, payments may be terminated only upon	983
application and hearing by a district hearing officer pursuant to	984
division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. Payments	985
shall continue pending the determination of the matter, however	986
payment shall not be made for the period when any employee has	987
returned to work, when an employee's treating physician has made a	988
written statement that the employee is capable of returning to the	989
employee's former position of employment, when work within the	990
physical capabilities of the employee is made available by the	991
employer or another employer, or when the employee has reached the	992
maximum medical improvement. Where the employee is capable of work	993
activity, but the employee's employer is unable to offer the	994
employee any employment, the employee shall register with the	995
director of job and family services, who shall assist the employee	996
in finding suitable employment. The termination of temporary total	997
disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the	998
commencement of temporary total disability at another point in	999
time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled.	1000

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability 1001 benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers' 1002 compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for an 1003 evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary disability 1004 has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall notify the 1005 bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks of temporary 1006 total disability and request that the bureau schedule the claimant 1007 for such an examination. 1008

When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary total 1009 disability for a period for which the employee has received 1010 benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the bureau shall 1011 pay an amount equal to the amount received from the award to the 1012 director of job and family services and the director shall credit 1013 the amount to the accounts of the employers to whose accounts the 1014

was charged or is chargeable.	1016
If any compensation under this section has been paid for the	1017
same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational	1018
accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to an	1019
insurance policy or program to which the employer has made the	1020
entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or under a	1021
nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded by the	1022
employer, except as otherwise provided in this division	1023
compensation paid under this section for the period or periods	1024
shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or payments	1025
exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or program	1026
paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be made only	1027
upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial commission or	1028
agreement of the claimant. If an employer provides supplemental	1029
sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total disability	1030
compensation paid under this section, and if the employer and an	1031
employee agree in writing to the payment of the supplemental sick	1032
leave benefits, temporary total disability benefits may be paid	1033
without an offset for those supplemental sick leave benefits.	1034
Except as otherwise provided in a collective bargaining	1035
agreement, if an employee's temporary total disability	1036
compensation is offset by an amount paid to the employee for	1037
accrued sick leave, the employer shall do either of the following:	1038
(1) Reinstate the sick leave that offset the employee's	1039
temporary total disability compensation;	1040
(2) Pay the employee the amount by which the employee's	1041
temporary total compensation was offset by the sick leave.	1042
As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" means	1043
the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total remuneration,	1044
as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, paid to or	1045

payment of benefits was charged or is chargeable to the extent it

earned by the employee during the first four of the last five	1046
completed calendar quarters which immediately precede the first	1047
day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under this division,	1048
by the number of weeks during which the employee was paid or	1049
earned remuneration during those four quarters, less the amount of	1050
local, state, and federal income taxes deducted for each such	1051
week.	1052

- (B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 1053 suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to employment other 1054 than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury 1055 or occupational disease, the employee shall receive compensation 1056 at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the difference between the 1057 employee's average weekly wage and the employee's present earnings 1058 not to exceed the statewide average weekly wage. The payments may 1059 continue for up to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the 1060 payments shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in 1061 which the employee receives payments pursuant to division (A)(2) 1062 of section 4121.67 of the Revised Code. 1063
- (2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 1064 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment 1065 consistent with the employee's disability resulting from the 1066 employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee shall 1067 receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 1068 difference between the employee's average weekly wage and the 1069 employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide average 1070 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of 1071 fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of payments under 1072 division (B)(2) of this section shall be in addition to the 1073 maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed under division 1074 (B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim allowed under 1075 this chapter receives compensation under division (B)(2) of this 1076 section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number of weeks of 1077

compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this section shall	1078
be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in excess of	1079
twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable under division	1080
(B)(1) of this section.	1081

- (3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an employee 1082 under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section shall not exceed 1083 two hundred and twenty-six weeks in the aggregate. 1084
- (C) In the event an employee of a professional sports 1085 franchise domiciled in this state is disabled as the result of an 1086 injury or occupational disease, the total amount of payments made 1087 under a contract of hire or collective bargaining agreement to the 1088 employee during a period of disability is deemed an advanced 1089 payment of compensation payable under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 1090 of the Revised Code. The employer shall be reimbursed the total 1091 amount of the advanced payments out of any award of compensation 1092 made pursuant to sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code. 1093
- (D) If an employee receives temporary total disability 1094 benefits pursuant to division (A) of this section and social 1095 security retirement benefits pursuant to the "Social Security 1096 Act," the weekly benefit amount under division (A) of this section 1097 shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 1098 statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 1099 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.
- (E) If an employee is eligible for compensation under 1101 division (A) of this section, but the employee's full weekly wage 1102 has not been determined at the time payments are to commence under 1103 division (H) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code, the employee 1104 shall receive thirty-three and one-third per cent of the statewide 1105 average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 1106 of the Revised Code. On determination of the employee's full 1107 weekly wage, the compensation an employee receives shall be 1108 adjusted pursuant to division (A) of this section. 1109

If the amount of compensation an employee receives under this	1110
division is greater than the adjusted amount the employee receives	1111
under division (A) of this section that is based on the employee's	1112
full weekly wage, the excess amount shall be recovered in the	1113
manner provided in division (K) of section 4123.511 of the Revised	1114
Code. If the amount of compensation an employee receives under	1115
this division is less than the adjusted amount the employee	1116
receives under that division that is based on the employee's full	1117
weekly wage, the employee shall receive the difference between	1118
those two amounts.	1119

(F) If an employee is unable to work or suffers a wage loss 1120 as the direct result of a disability arising from an injury or 1121 occupational disease, the employee is entitled to receive 1122 compensation under this section, provided the employee is 1123 otherwise qualified. If an employee is not working or has suffered 1124 a wage loss as the direct result of reasons unrelated to a 1125 disability arising from an injury or occupational disease, the 1126 employee is not eligible to receive compensation under this 1127 section. It is the intent of the general assembly to supersede any 1128 previous judicial decision that applied the doctrine of voluntary 1129 abandonment to a claim brought under this section. 1130

Sec. 4123.58. (A) In cases of permanent total disability, the 1131 employee shall receive an award to continue until the employee's 1132 death in the amount of sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 1133 employee's average weekly wage, but, except as otherwise provided 1134 in division (B) of this section, not more than a maximum amount of 1135 weekly compensation which is equal to sixty-six and two-thirds per 1136 cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division 1137 (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code in effect on the date 1138 of injury or on the date the disability due to the occupational 1139 disease begins, nor not less than a minimum amount of weekly 1140 compensation which is equal to fifty per cent of the statewide 1141

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average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	1142
of the Revised Code in effect on the date of injury or on the date	1143
the disability due to the occupational disease begins, unless the	1144
employee's average weekly wage is less than fifty per cent of the	1145
statewide average weekly wage at the time of the injury, in which	1146
event the employee shall receive compensation in an amount equal	1147
to the employee's average weekly wage.	1148
	1149
(B) In the event the weekly workers' compensation amount when	1150
combined with disability benefits received pursuant to the Social	1151
Security Act is less than the statewide average weekly wage as	1152
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code,	1153
then the maximum amount of weekly compensation shall be the	1154
statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of	1155
section 4123.62 of the Revised Code. At any time that social	1156
security disability benefits terminate or are reduced, the	1157
workers' compensation award shall be recomputed to pay the maximum	1158
amount permitted under this division.	1159
(C) Permanent total disability shall be compensated according	1160
to this section only when at least one of the following applies to	1161
the claimant:	1162
(1) The claimant has lost, or lost the use of both hands or	1163
both arms, or both feet or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two	1164
thereof; however, the loss or loss of use of one limb does not	1165
constitute the loss or loss of use of two body parts;	1166
(2) The impairment resulting from the employee's injury or	1167
occupational disease prevents the employee from engaging in	1168
sustained remunerative employment utilizing the employment skills	1169
that the employee has or may reasonably be expected to develop.	1170

(D) Permanent total disability shall not be compensated when

the reason the employee is unable to engage in sustained

claim under this chapter. The application shall include the 12	203
settlement agreement, and except as otherwise specified in this	204
division, be signed by the claimant and employer, and clearly set 12	205
forth the circumstances by reason of which the proposed settlement 12	206
is deemed desirable and that the parties agree to the terms of the $12$	207
settlement agreement. A claimant may file an application without	208
an employer's signature in the following situations:	209

- (1) The employer is no longer doing business in Ohio; 1210
- (2) The claim no longer is in the employer's industrial 1211 accident or occupational disease experience as provided in 1212 division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code and the 1213 claimant no longer is employed with that employer; 1214
- (3) The employer has failed to comply with section 4123.35 of 1215 the Revised Code.

If a claimant files an application without an employer's

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signature, and the employer still is doing business in this state,

the administrator shall send written notice of the application to

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the employer immediately upon receipt of the application. If the

employer fails to respond to the notice within thirty days after

the notice is sent, the application need not contain the

employer's signature.

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If a state fund employer or an employee of such an employer 1224 has not filed an application for a final settlement under this 1225 division, the administrator may file an application on behalf of 1226 the employer or the employee, provided that the administrator 1227 gives notice of the filing to the employer and the employee and to 1228 the representative of record of the employer and of the employee 1229 immediately upon the filing. An application filed by the 1230 administrator shall contain all of the information and signatures 1231 required of an employer or an employee who files an application 1232 under this division. Every self-insuring employer that enters into 1233 a final settlement agreement with an employee shall mail, within 1234 seven days of executing the agreement, a copy of the agreement to 1235 the administrator and the employee's representative. The 1236 administrator shall place the agreement into the claimant's file. 1237

- (B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (D) of this 1238 section, a settlement agreed to under this section is binding upon 1239 all parties thereto and as to items, injuries, and occupational 1240 diseases to which the settlement applies. 1241
- (C) No settlement agreed to under division (A) of this 1242 section or agreed to by a self-insuring employer and the 1243 self-insuring employer's employee shall take effect until thirty 1244 days after the administrator approves the settlement for state 1245 fund employees and employers, or after the self-insuring employer 1246 and employee sign the final settlement agreement. During Except as 1247 otherwise provided in division (G) of this section, during the 1248 thirty-day period, the employer, employee, or administrator, for 1249 state fund settlements, and the employer or employee, for 1250 self-insuring settlements, may withdraw consent to the settlement 1251 by an employer providing written notice to the employer's employee 1252 and the administrator or by an employee providing written notice 1253 to the employee's employer and the administrator, or by the 1254 administrator providing written notice to the state fund employer 1255 and employee. If an employee dies during the thirty-day waiting 1256 period following the approval of a settlement, the settlement can 1257 be voided by any party for good cause shown. 1258
- (D) At the time of agreement to any final settlement 1259 agreement under division (A) of this section or agreement between 1260 a self-insuring employer and the self-insuring employer's 1261 employee, the administrator, for state fund settlements, and the 1262 self-insuring employer, for self-insuring settlements, immediately 1263 shall send a copy of the agreement to the industrial commission 1264 who shall assign the matter to a staff hearing officer. The staff 1265

hearing officer shall determine, within the time limitations	1266
specified in division (C) of this section, whether the settlement	1267
agreement is or is not a gross miscarriage of justice. If the	1268
staff hearing officer determines within that time period that the	1269
settlement agreement is clearly unfair, the staff hearing officer	1270
shall issue an order disapproving the settlement agreement. If the	1271
staff hearing officer determines that the settlement agreement is	1272
not clearly unfair or fails to act within those time limits, the	1273
settlement agreement is approved.	1274

- (E) A settlement entered into under this section may pertain 1275 to one or more claims of a claimant, or one or more parts of a 1276 claim, or the compensation or benefits pertaining to either, or 1277 any combination thereof, provided that nothing in this section 1278 shall be interpreted to require a claimant to enter into a 1279 settlement agreement for every claim that has been filed with the 1280 bureau of workers' compensation by that claimant under Chapter 1281 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code. 1282
- (F) A settlement entered into under this section is not appealable under section 4123.511 or 4123.512 of the Revised Code.
- (G) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the

  contrary, if a settlement application is filed under this section

  regarding a claim that is no longer in an employer's industrial

  accident or occupational disease experience as provided in

  division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code, the employer

  shall not deny consent or withdraw consent regarding that

  1290

  settlement application.
- Sec. 4123.66. (A) In addition to the compensation provided 1292 for in this chapter, the administrator of workers' compensation 1293 shall disburse and pay from the state insurance fund the amounts 1294 for medical, nurse, and hospital services and medicine as the 1295 administrator deems proper and, in case death ensues from the 1296

injury or occupational disease, the administrator shall disburse 1297 and pay from the fund reasonable funeral expenses in an amount not 1298 to exceed fifty-five seven thousand five hundred dollars. The 1299 bureau of workers' compensation shall reimburse anyone, whether 1300 dependent, volunteer, or otherwise, who pays the funeral expenses 1301 of any employee whose death ensues from any injury or occupational 1302 disease as provided in this section. The administrator may adopt 1303 rules, with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' 1304 compensation board of directors, with respect to furnishing 1305 medical, nurse, and hospital service and medicine to injured or 1306 disabled employees entitled thereto, and for the payment therefor. 1307 In case an injury or industrial accident that injures an employee 1308 also causes damage to the employee's eyeglasses, artificial teeth 1309 or other denture, or hearing aid, or in the event an injury or 1310 occupational disease makes it necessary or advisable to replace, 1311 repair, or adjust the same, the bureau shall disburse and pay a 1312 reasonable amount to repair or replace the same. 1313

(B) The administrator, in the rules the administrator adopts 1314 pursuant to division (A) of this section, may adopt rules 1315 specifying the circumstances under which the bureau may make 1316 immediate payment for the first fill of prescription drugs for 1317 medical conditions identified in an application for compensation 1318 or benefits under section 4123.84 or 4123.85 of the Revised Code 1319 that occurs prior to the date the administrator issues an initial 1320 determination order under division (B) of section 4123.511 of the 1321 Revised Code. If the claim is ultimately disallowed in a final 1322 administrative or judicial order, and if the employer is a state 1323 fund employer who pays assessments into the surplus fund account 1324 created under section 4123.34 of the Revised Code, the payments 1325 for medical services made pursuant to this division for the first 1326 fill of prescription drugs shall be charged to and paid from the 1327 surplus fund account and not charged through the state insurance 1328

fund to the employer against whom the claim was filed.	1329
(C)(1) If an employer or a welfare plan has provided to or on	1330
behalf of an employee any benefits or compensation for an injury	1331
or occupational disease and that injury or occupational disease is	1332
determined compensable under this chapter, the employer or a	1333
welfare plan may request that the administrator reimburse the	1334
employer or welfare plan for the amount the employer or welfare	1335
plan paid to or on behalf of the employee in compensation or	1336
benefits. The administrator shall reimburse the employer or	1337
welfare plan for the compensation and benefits paid if, at the	1338
time the employer or welfare plan provides the benefits or	1339
compensation to or on behalf of employee, the injury or	1340
occupational disease had not been determined to be compensable	1341
under this chapter and if the employee was not receiving	1342
compensation or benefits under this chapter for that injury or	1343
occupational disease. The administrator shall reimburse the	1344
employer or welfare plan in the amount that the administrator	1345
would have paid to or on behalf of the employee under this chapter	1346
if the injury or occupational disease originally would have been	1347
determined compensable under this chapter. If the employer is a	1348
merit-rated employer, the administrator shall adjust the amount of	1349
premium next due from the employer according to the amount the	1350
administrator pays the employer. The administrator shall adopt	1351
rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, to	1352
implement this division.	1353
(2) As used in this division, "welfare plan" has the same	1354
meaning as in division (1) of 29 U.S.C.A. 1002.	1355
(D)(1) Subject to the requirements of division (D)(2) of this	1356
section, the administrator may make a payment of up to five	1357
hundred dollars to either of the following:	1358
(a) The centers of medicare and medicaid services, for	1359

reimbursement of conditional payments made pursuant to the

"Medicare Secondary Payer Act," 42 U.S.C. 1395y;	1361
(b) The Ohio department of medicaid, or a medical assistance	1362
provider to whom the department has assigned a right of recovery	1363
for a claim for which the department has notified the provider	1364
that the department intends to recoup the department's prior	1365
payment for the claim, for reimbursement under sections 5160.35 to	1366
5160.43 of the Revised Code for the cost of medical assistance	1367
paid on behalf of a medical assistance recipient.	1368
(2) The administrator may make a payment under division	1369
(D)(1) of this section if the administrator makes a reasonable	1370
determination that both of the following apply:	1371
(a) The payment is for reimbursement of benefits for an	1372
injury or occupational disease.	1373
(b) The injury or occupational disease is compensable, or is	1374
likely to be compensable, under this chapter or Chapter 4121.,	1375
4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code.	1376
(3) Any payment made pursuant to this division shall be	1377
charged to and paid from the surplus fund account created under	1378
section 4123.34 of the Revised Code.	1379
(4) Nothing in this division shall be construed as limiting	1380
the centers of medicare and medicaid services, the department, or	1381
any other entity with a lawful right to reimbursement from	1382
recovering sums greater than five hundred dollars.	1383
(5) The administrator may adopt rules, with the advice and	1384
consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors,	1385
to implement this division.	1386
Sec. 4131.03. (A) For the relief of persons who are entitled	1387
to receive benefits by virtue of the federal act, there is hereby	1388
established a coal-workers pneumoconiosis fund, which shall be	1389
separate from the funds established and administered pursuant to	1390

pneumoconiosis fund as are delegated to the administrator under

section 4123.44 of the Revised Code with respect to the state

insurance fund.

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in employment wages of fifteen hundred dollars or more in any

calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year;

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1453 or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment 1454 in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a 1455 college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand 1456 dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar 1457 year or the preceding calendar year, or had paid subsequent to 1458 December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a private 1459 home cash remuneration of one thousand dollars in any calendar 1460 quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar 1461 vear: 1462 (i) For the purposes of divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this 1463 section, there shall not be taken into account any wages paid to, 1464 or employment of, an individual performing domestic service as 1465 described in this division. 1466 (ii) An employer under this division shall not be an employer 1467 with respect to wages paid for any services other than domestic 1468 service unless the employer is also found to be an employer under 1469 division (A)(1)(a), (b), or (d) of this section. 1470 (d) As a farm operator or a crew leader subsequent to 1471 December 31, 1977, had in employment individuals in agricultural 1472 labor; and 1473 (i) During any calendar quarter in the current calendar year 1474 or the preceding calendar year, paid cash remuneration of twenty 1475 thousand dollars or more for the agricultural labor; or 1476 (ii) Had at least ten individuals in employment in 1477 agricultural labor, not including agricultural workers who are 1478 aliens admitted to the United States to perform agricultural labor 1479 pursuant to sections 1184(c) and 1101(a)(15)(H) of the 1480 "Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 189, 8 U.S.C.A. 1481 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a), 1184(c), for some portion of a day in each 1482

of the twenty different calendar weeks, in either the current or

preceding calendar year whether or not the same individual was in	1484
employment in each day; or	1485
(e) Is not otherwise an employer as defined under division	1486
(A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section; and	1487
(i) For which, within either the current or preceding	1488
calendar year, service, except for domestic service in a private	1489
home not covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this section, is or	1490
was performed with respect to which such employer is liable for	1491
any federal tax against which credit may be taken for	1492
contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund;	1493
(ii) Which, as a condition for approval of this chapter for	1494
full tax credit against the tax imposed by the "Federal	1495
Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, is	1496
required, pursuant to such act to be an employer under this	1497
chapter; or	1498
(iii) Who became an employer by election under division	1499
(A) (4) or (5) of this section and for the duration of such	1500
election; or	1501
(f) In the case of the state, its instrumentalities, its	1502
political subdivisions, and their instrumentalities, and Indian	1503
tribes, had in employment, as defined in divisions (B)(2)(a) and	1504
(B)(2)(1) of this section, at least one individual;	1505
(g) For the purposes of division (A)(1)(a) of this section,	1506
if any week includes both the thirty-first day of December and the	1507
first day of January, the days of that week before the first day	1508
of January shall be considered one calendar week and the days	1509
beginning the first day of January another week.	1510
(2) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in	1511
performing the work of any agent or employee of an employer is	1512
employed by such employer for all the purposes of this chapter,	1513
whether such individual was hired or paid directly by such	1514

employer or by such agent or employee, provided the employer had 1515 actual or constructive knowledge of the work. All individuals 1516 performing services for an employer of any person in this state 1517 who maintains two or more establishments within this state are 1518 employed by a single employer for the purposes of this chapter. 1519

- (3) An employer subject to this chapter within any calendar 1520 year is subject to this chapter during the whole of such year and 1521 during the next succeeding calendar year.
  1522
- (4) An employer not otherwise subject to this chapter who 1523 files with the director of job and family services a written 1524 election to become an employer subject to this chapter for not 1525 less than two calendar years shall, with the written approval of 1526 such election by the director, become an employer subject to this 1527 chapter to the same extent as all other employers as of the date 1528 stated in such approval, and shall cease to be subject to this 1529 chapter as of the first day of January of any calendar year 1530 subsequent to such two calendar years only if at least thirty days 1531 prior to such first day of January the employer has filed with the 1532 director a written notice to that effect. 1533
- (5) Any employer for whom services that do not constitute 1534 employment are performed may file with the director a written 1535 election that all such services performed by individuals in the 1536 employer's employ in one or more distinct establishments or places 1537 of business shall be deemed to constitute employment for all the 1538 purposes of this chapter, for not less than two calendar years. 1539 Upon written approval of the election by the director, such 1540 services shall be deemed to constitute employment subject to this 1541 chapter from and after the date stated in such approval. Such 1542 services shall cease to be employment subject to this chapter as 1543 of the first day of January of any calendar year subsequent to 1544 such two calendar years only if at least thirty days prior to such 1545 first day of January such employer has filed with the director a 1546

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written notice to that effect.

(6) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect to 1548 the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an employee of 1549 a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in 1550 writing or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the 1551 franchisor exercises a type or degree of control over the 1552 franchisee or the franchisee's employees that is not customarily 1553 exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the 1554 franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this 1555 division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings as 1556 in 16 C.F.R. 436.1. 1557

- (B)(1) "Employment" means service performed by an individual 1558 for remuneration under any contract of hire, written or oral, 1559 express or implied, including service performed in interstate 1560 commerce and service performed by an officer of a corporation, 1561 without regard to whether such service is executive, managerial, 1562 or manual in nature, and without regard to whether such officer is 1563 a stockholder or a member of the board of directors of the 1564 corporation, unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the 1565 director, based upon a determination made by the superintendent of 1566 industrial compliance under Chapter 4177. of the Revised Code, 1567 that such individual has been and will continue to be free from 1568 direction or control over the performance of such service, both 1569 under a contract of service and in fact. The director shall adopt 1570 rules to define "direction or control." 1571
  - (2) "Employment" includes:
- (a) Service performed after December 31, 1977, by an 1573 individual in the employ of the state or any of its 1574 instrumentalities, or any political subdivision thereof or any of 1575 its instrumentalities or any instrumentality of more than one of 1576 the foregoing or any instrumentality of any of the foregoing and 1577 one or more other states or political subdivisions and without 1578

regard to divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section, provided	1579
that such service is excluded from employment as defined in the	1580
"Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301,	1581
3306(c)(7) and is not excluded under division (B)(3) of this	1582
section; or the services of employees covered by voluntary	1583
election, as provided under divisions (A)(4) and (5) of this	1584
section;	1585
(b) Service performed after December 31, 1971, by an	1586
individual in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational,	1587
or other organization which is excluded from the term "employment"	1588
as defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26	1589
U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, solely by reason of section 26 U.S.C.A.	1590
3306(c)(8) of that act and is not excluded under division (B)(3)	1591
of this section;	1592
(c) Domestic service performed after December 31, 1977, for	1593
an employer, as provided in division (A)(1)(c) of this section;	1594
(d) Agricultural labor performed after December 31, 1977, for	1595
a farm operator or a crew leader, as provided in division	1596
(A) (1) (d) of this section;	1597
(e) Subject to division (B)(2)(m) of this section, service	1598
not covered under division (B)(1) of this section which is	1599
performed after December 31, 1971:	1600
(i) As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in	1601
distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products,	1602
bakery products, beverages other than milk, laundry, or	1603
dry-cleaning services, for the individual's employer or principal;	1604
(ii) As a traveling or city salesperson, other than as an	1605
agent-driver or commission-driver, engaged on a full-time basis in	1606
the solicitation on behalf of and in the transmission to the	1607
salesperson's employer or principal except for sideline sales	1608

activities on behalf of some other person of orders from

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wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels,	1610
restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for	1611
resale, or supplies for use in their business operations, provided	1612
that for the purposes of division (B)(2)(e)(ii) of this section,	1613
the services shall be deemed employment if the contract of service	1614
contemplates that substantially all of the services are to be	1615
performed personally by the individual and that the individual	1616
does not have a substantial investment in facilities used in	1617
connection with the performance of the services other than in	1618
facilities for transportation, and the services are not in the	1619
nature of a single transaction that is not a part of a continuing	1620
relationship with the person for whom the services are performed.	1621

- (f) An individual's entire service performed within or both within and without the state if:
  - (i) The service is localized in this state.
- (ii) The service is not localized in any state, but some of 1625 the service is performed in this state and either the base of 1626 operations, or if there is no base of operations then the place 1627 from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this 1628 state or the base of operations or place from which such service 1629 is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part 1630 of the service is performed but the individual's residence is in 1631 this state. 1632
- (q) Service not covered under division (B)(2)(f)(ii) of this 1633 section and performed entirely without this state, with respect to 1634 no part of which contributions are required and paid under an 1635 unemployment compensation law of any other state, the Virgin 1636 Islands, Canada, or of the United States, if the individual 1637 performing such service is a resident of this state and the 1638 director approves the election of the employer for whom such 1639 services are performed; or, if the individual is not a resident of 1640 this state but the place from which the service is directed or 1641

state's law, if:

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controlled is in this state, the entire services of such	1642
individual shall be deemed to be employment subject to this	1643
chapter, provided service is deemed to be localized within this	1644
state if the service is performed entirely within this state or if	1645
the service is performed both within and without this state but	1646
the service performed without this state is incidental to the	1647
individual's service within the state, for example, is temporary	1648
or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions;	1649
(h) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the United	1650
States, performed outside the United States except in Canada after	1651
December 31, 1971, or the Virgin Islands, after December 31, 1971,	1652
and before the first day of January of the year following that in	1653
which the United States secretary of labor approves the Virgin	1654

(i) The employer's principal place of business in the United 1659

States is located in this state; 1660

Islands law for the first time, in the employ of an American

employer, other than service which is "employment" under divisions

(B)(2)(f) and (g) of this section or similar provisions of another

- (ii) The employer has no place of business in the United 1661 States, but the employer is an individual who is a resident of 1662 this state; or the employer is a corporation which is organized 1663 under the laws of this state, or the employer is a partnership or 1664 a trust and the number of partners or trustees who are residents 1665 of this state is greater than the number who are residents of any 1666 other state; or
- (iii) None of the criteria of divisions (B)(2)(f)(i) and (ii) 1668 of this section is met but the employer has elected coverage in 1669 this state or the employer having failed to elect coverage in any 1670 state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based on 1671 such service, under this chapter.

(i) For the purposes of division (B)(2)(h) of this section,	1673
the term "American employer" means an employer who is an	1674
individual who is a resident of the United States; or a	1675
partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents	1676
of the United States; or a trust, if all of the trustees are	1677
residents of the United States; or a corporation organized under	1678
the laws of the United States or of any state, provided the term	1679
"United States" includes the states, the District of Columbia, the	1680
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.	1681

- (j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of divisions (B) (1) 1682 and (2) of this section, service, except for domestic service in a 1683 private home not covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this section, 1684 with respect to which a tax is required to be paid under any 1685 federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for 1686 contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund, 1687 or service, except for domestic service in a private home not 1688 covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this section, which, as a 1689 condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the 1690 "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 1691 3311, is required to be covered under this chapter. 1692
- (k) Construction services performed by any individual under a 1693 construction contract, as defined in section 4141.39 of the 1694 Revised Code, if the director determines that the employer for 1695 whom services are performed has the right to direct or control the 1696 performance of the services and that the individuals who perform 1697 the services receive remuneration for the services performed. The 1698 director shall presume that the employer for whom services are 1699 performed has the right to direct or control the performance of 1700 the services if ten or more of the following criteria apply: 1701
- (i) The employer directs or controls the manner or method by which instructions are given to the individual performing services;

26 U.S.C. 3306(c)(7) or (8).

agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease agreement. For	1764
purposes of this division, a bona fide lease agreement does not	1765
include an agreement between the individual and the motor carrier	1766
transporting property for which, or on whose behalf, the	1767
individual provides services.	1768
(ii) The individual is responsible for supplying the	1769
necessary personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel used	1770
to provide the service.	1771
(iii) The compensation paid to the individual is based on	1772
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	1773
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	1774
the basis of the hours or time expended.	1775
(iv) The individual substantially controls the means and	1776
manner of performing the services, in conformance with regulatory	1777
requirements and specifications of the shipper.	1778
(v) The individual enters into a written contract with the	1779
carrier for whom the individual is performing the services that	1780
describes the relationship between the individual and the carrier	1781
to be that of an independent contractor and not that of an	1782
employee.	1783
(vi) The individual is responsible for substantially all of	1784
the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	1785
equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	1786
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and personal	1787
expenses, except that the individual may be paid by the carrier	1788
the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs, including	1789
tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	1790
(vii) The individual is responsible for any economic loss or	1791
economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	1792
(viii) The individual is not performing services described in	1793

(3) "Employment" does not include the following services if	1795								
they are found not subject to the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act,"	1796								
84 Stat. 713 (1970), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, and if the services	1797								
are not required to be included under division (B)(2)(j) of this	1798								
section:	1799								
(a) Service performed after December 31, 1977, in	1800								
agricultural labor, except as provided in division (A)(1)(d) of	1801								
this section;	1802								
(b) Domestic service performed after December 31, 1977, in a	1803								
private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college									
fraternity or sorority except as provided in division (A)(1)(c) of	1805								
this section;	1806								
(c) Service performed after December 31, 1977, for this state	1807								
or a political subdivision as described in division (B)(2)(a) of	1808								
this section when performed:	1809								
(i) As a publicly elected official;	1810								
(ii) As a member of a legislative body, or a member of the	1811								
judiciary;	1812								
(iii) As a military member of the Ohio national guard;	1813								
(iv) As an employee, not in the classified service as defined	1814								
in section 124.11 of the Revised Code, serving on a temporary	1815								
basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar	1816								
emergency;	1817								
(v) In a position which, under or pursuant to law, is	1818								
designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory	1819								
position, not in the classified service of the state, or a	1820								
policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties of	1821								
which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per week.	1822								
(d) In the employ of any governmental unit or instrumentality	1823								
of the United States;	1824								

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(e) Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1825									
(i) Service in the employ of an educational institution or	1826									
institution of higher education, including those operated by the	1827									
state or a political subdivision, if such service is performed by	1828									
a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at										
the educational institution or institution of higher education; or										
	1830									
(ii) By an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or	1831									
public educational institution which normally maintains a regular	1832									
faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body	1833									
of students in attendance at the place where its educational	1834									
activities are carried on as a student in a full-time program,	1835									
taken for credit at the institution, which combines academic	1836									
instruction with work experience, if the service is an integral	1837									
part of the program, and the institution has so certified to the	1838									
employer, provided that this subdivision shall not apply to	1839									
service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an	1840									
employer or group of employers.	1841									
(f) Service performed by an individual in the employ of the	1842									
individual's son, daughter, or spouse and service performed by a	1843									
child under the age of eighteen in the employ of the child's	1844									
father or mother;	1845									
(g) Service performed for one or more principals by an	1846									
individual who is compensated on a commission basis, who in the	1847									
performance of the work is master of the individual's own time and	1848									
efforts, and whose remuneration is wholly dependent on the amount	1849									
of effort the individual chooses to expend, and which service is	1850									
not subject to the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183	1851									
(1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. Service performed after December	1852									
31, 1971:	1853									

(i) By an individual for an employer as an insurance agent or

as an insurance solicitor, if all this service is performed for

remuneration solely by way of commission;	1856								
(ii) As a home worker performing work, according to	1857								
specifications furnished by the employer for whom the services are	1858								
performed, on materials or goods furnished by such employer which									
are required to be returned to the employer or to a person									
designated for that purpose.									
(h) Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1862								
(i) In the employ of a church or convention or association of	1863								
churches, or in an organization which is operated primarily for	1864								
religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled,	1865								
or principally supported by a church or convention or association	1866								
of churches;	1867								
(ii) By a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister	1868								
of a church in the exercise of the individual's ministry or by a	1869								
member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by	1870								
such order; or	1871								
(iii) In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out	1872								
a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity	1873								
is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, or	1874								
providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their	1875								
impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in	1876								
the competitive labor market, by an individual receiving such	1877								
rehabilitation or remunerative work.	1878								
(i) Service performed after June 30, 1939, with respect to	1879								
which unemployment compensation is payable under the "Railroad	1880								
Unemployment Insurance Act," 52 Stat. 1094 (1938), 45 U.S.C. 351;	1881								
(j) Service performed by an individual in the employ of any	1882								
organization exempt from income tax under section 501 of the	1883								
"Internal Revenue Code of 1954," if the remuneration for such	1884								
service does not exceed fifty dollars in any calendar quarter, or	1885								
if such service is in connection with the collection of dues or	1886								

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premiums for a fraternal beneficial society, order, or association	1887
and is performed away from the home office or is ritualistic	1888
service in connection with any such society, order, or	1889
association;	1890
(k) Casual labor not in the course of an employer's trade or	1891
business; incidental service performed by an officer, appraiser,	1892
or member of a finance committee of a bank, building and loan	1893
association, savings and loan association, or savings association	1894
when the remuneration for such incidental service exclusive of the	1895
amount paid or allotted for directors' fees does not exceed sixty	1896
dollars per calendar quarter is casual labor;	1897
(1) Service performed in the employ of a voluntary employees'	1898
beneficial association providing for the payment of life,	1899
sickness, accident, or other benefits to the members of such	1900
association or their dependents or their designated beneficiaries,	1901
if admission to a membership in such association is limited to	1902
individuals who are officers or employees of a municipal or public	1903
corporation, of a political subdivision of the state, or of the	1904
United States and no part of the net earnings of such association	1905
inures, other than through such payments, to the benefit of any	1906
private shareholder or individual;	1907
(m) Service performed by an individual in the employ of a	1908
foreign government, including service as a consular or other	1909
officer or employee or of a nondiplomatic representative;	1910
(n) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality	1911
wholly owned by a foreign government if the service is of a	1912
character similar to that performed in foreign countries by	1913

employees of the United States or of an instrumentality thereof

United States has certified to the secretary of the treasury of

the United States that the foreign government, with respect to

whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent

and if the director finds that the secretary of state of the

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exemption with respect to similar service performed in the foreign	1919								
country by employees of the United States and of instrumentalities									
thereof;	1921								
(o) Service with respect to which unemployment compensation	1922								
is payable under an unemployment compensation system established	1923								
by an act of congress;	1924								
(p) Service performed as a student nurse in the employ of a	1925								
hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is	1926								
enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses' training	1927								
school chartered or approved pursuant to state law, and service	1928								
performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an	1929								
individual who has completed a four years' course in a medical	1930								
school chartered or approved pursuant to state law;	1931								
(q) Service performed by an individual under the age of	1932								
eighteen in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping	1933								
news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for	1934								
subsequent delivery or distribution;	1935								
subsequent derivery or distribution,	1733								
(r) Service performed in the employ of the United States or	1936								
an instrumentality of the United States immune under the	1937								
Constitution of the United States from the contributions imposed	1938								
by this chapter, except that to the extent that congress permits	1939								
states to require any instrumentalities of the United States to	1940								
make payments into an unemployment fund under a state unemployment	1941								
compensation act, this chapter shall be applicable to such	1942								
instrumentalities and to services performed for such	1943								
instrumentalities in the same manner, to the same extent, and on	1944								
the same terms as to all other employers, individuals, and	1945								
services, provided that if this state is not certified for any	1946								
year by the proper agency of the United States under section 3304	1947								
of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1954," the payments required of	1948								

such instrumentalities with respect to such year shall be refunded

by the director from the fund in the same manner and within the

(v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B)(3)

of this section, services that are excluded under divisions

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(B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded	1982									
from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as										
defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its										
instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its										
instrumentalities or for Indian tribes;										
(w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an	1987									
election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration										
received by the individual during the calendar year for services										
as an election official or election worker is less than one	1990									
thousand dollars;	1991									
(x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school	1992									
that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is	1993									
described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income	1994									
taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26										
U.S.C.A. 501;										
(y) Service performed by a person committed to a penal	1997									
institution.	1998									
(z) Service performed for an Indian tribe as described in	1999									
division (B)(2)(1) of this section when performed in any of the										
following manners:										
(i) As a publicly elected official;	2002									
(ii) As a member of an Indian tribal council;	2003									
(iii) As a member of a legislative or judiciary body;	2004									
(iv) In a position which, pursuant to Indian tribal law, is	2005									
designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory	2006									
position, or a policymaking or advisory position where the	2007									
performance of the duties ordinarily does not require more than	2008									
eight hours of time per week;										
(v) As an employee serving on a temporary basis in the case	2010									
of a fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar emergency.	2011									

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(aa) Service performed after December 31, 1971, for a	2012
nonprofit organization, this state or its instrumentalities, a	2013
political subdivision or its instrumentalities, or an Indian tribe	2014
as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program	2015
assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or	2016
an agency of a state or political subdivision, thereof, by an	2017
individual receiving the work-relief or work-training.	2018

- (bb) Participation in a learn to earn program as defined in 2019 section 4141.293 of the Revised Code. 2020
- (4) If the services performed during one half or more of any 2021 pay period by an employee for the person employing that employee 2022 constitute employment, all the services of such employee for such 2023 period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services 2024 performed during more than one half of any such pay period by an 2025 employee for the person employing that employee do not constitute 2026 employment, then none of the services of such employee for such 2027 period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in division 2028 (B)(4) of this section, "pay period" means a period, of not more 2029 than thirty-one consecutive days, for which payment of 2030 remuneration is ordinarily made to the employee by the person 2031 employing that employee. Division (B)(4) of this section does not 2032 apply to services performed in a pay period by an employee for the 2033 person employing that employee, if any of such service is excepted 2034 by division (B)(3)(o) of this section. 2035
- (C) "Benefits" means money payments payable to an individual who has established benefit rights, as provided in this chapter, for loss of remuneration due to the individual's unemployment.
- (D) "Benefit rights" means the weekly benefit amount and the 2039 maximum benefit amount that may become payable to an individual 2040 within the individual's benefit year as determined by the 2041 director.

- (E) "Claim for benefits" means a claim for waiting period or 2043 benefits for a designated week.
- (F) "Additional claim" means the first claim for benefits 2045 filed following any separation from employment during a benefit 2046 year; "continued claim" means any claim other than the first claim 2047 for benefits and other than an additional claim. 2048
- (G) "Wages" means remuneration paid to an employee by each of 2049 the employee's employers with respect to employment; except that 2050 wages shall not include that part of remuneration paid during any 2051 calendar year to an individual by an employer or such employer's 2052 predecessor in interest in the same business or enterprise, which 2053 in any calendar year is in excess of nine thousand dollars on and 2054 after January 1, 1995; nine thousand five hundred dollars on and 2055 after January 1, 2018; and nine thousand dollars on and after 2056 January 1, 2020. Remuneration in excess of such amounts shall be 2057 deemed wages subject to contribution to the same extent that such 2058 remuneration is defined as wages under the "Federal Unemployment 2059 Tax Act, 84 Stat. 714 (1970), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, as 2060 amended. The remuneration paid an employee by an employer with 2061 respect to employment in another state, upon which contributions 2062 were required and paid by such employer under the unemployment 2063 compensation act of such other state, shall be included as a part 2064 of remuneration in computing the amount specified in this 2065 division. 2066
- (H) (1) "Remuneration" means all compensation for personal 2067 services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of 2068 all compensation in any medium other than cash, except that in the 2069 case of agricultural or domestic service, "remuneration" includes 2070 only cash remuneration. Gratuities customarily received by an 2071 individual in the course of the individual's employment from 2072 persons other than the individual's employer and which are 2073 accounted for by such individual to the individual's employer are 2074

taxable wages.	2075							
The reasonable cash value of compensation paid in any medium	2076							
other than cash shall be estimated and determined in accordance	2077							
with rules prescribed by the director, provided that	2078							
"remuneration" does not include:	2079							
(a) Payments as provided in divisions (b)(2) to (b)(20) of	2080							
section 3306 of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713,	2081							
26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, as amended;	2082							
(b) The payment by an employer, without deduction from the	2083							
remuneration of the individual in the employer's employ, of the	2084							
tax imposed upon an individual in the employer's employ under	2085							
section 3101 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1954," with respect	2086							
to services performed after October 1, 1941.	2087							
(2) "Cash remuneration" means all remuneration paid in cash,	2088							
including commissions and bonuses, but not including the cash								
value of all compensation in any medium other than cash.	2090							
(I) "Interested party" means the director and any party to	2091							
whom notice of a determination of an application for benefit	2092							
rights or a claim for benefits is required to be given under	2093							
section 4141.28 of the Revised Code.	2094							
(J) "Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages subject	2095							
to contributions during a twelve-month period ending with the last	2096							
day of the second calendar quarter of any calendar year.	2097							
(K) "Average annual payroll" means the average of the last	2098							
three annual payrolls of an employer, provided that if, as of any	2099							
computation date, the employer has had less than three annual	2100							
payrolls in such three-year period, such average shall be based on	2101							
the annual payrolls which the employer has had as of such date.	2102							
(L)(1) "Contributions" means the money payments to the state	2103							
unemployment compensation fund required of employers by section	2104							

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4141.25 of the Revised Code and of the state and any of its	2105
political subdivisions electing to pay contributions under section	2106
4141.242 of the Revised Code. Employers paying contributions shall	2107
be described as "contributory employers."	2108
(2) "Payments in lieu of contributions" means the money	2109
payments to the state unemployment compensation fund required of	2110
reimbursing employers under sections 4141.241 and 4141.242 of the	2111
Revised Code.	2112
(M) An individual is "totally unemployed" in any week during	2113
which the individual performs no services and with respect to such	2114
week no remuneration is payable to the individual.	2115
(N) An individual is "partially unemployed" in any week if,	2116
due to involuntary loss of work, the total remuneration payable to	2117
the individual for such week is less than the individual's weekly	2118
benefit amount.	2119
(O) "Week" means the calendar week ending at midnight	2120
Saturday unless an equivalent week of seven consecutive calendar	2121
days is prescribed by the director.	2122
(1) "Qualifying week" means any calendar week in an	2123
individual's base period with respect to which the individual	2124
earns or is paid remuneration in employment subject to this	2125
chapter. A calendar week with respect to which an individual earns	2126
remuneration but for which payment was not made within the base	2127
period, when necessary to qualify for benefit rights, may be	2128
considered to be a qualifying week. The number of qualifying weeks	2129
which may be established in a calendar quarter shall not exceed	2130
the number of calendar weeks in the quarter.	2131
(2) "Average weekly wage" means the amount obtained by	2132
dividing an individual's total remuneration for all qualifying	2133

weeks during the base period by the number of such qualifying

weeks, provided that if the computation results in an amount that

is	not	a	multip	ole	of	one	dolla	r,	such	amount	shall	be	rounded	to	2136
the	e nex	t	lower	mul	ltip	ole d	of one	do	llar	•					2137

- (P) "Weekly benefit amount" means the amount of benefits an 2138 individual would be entitled to receive for one week of total 2139 unemployment.
- (Q)(1) "Base period" means the first four of the last five 2141 completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of 2142 an individual's benefit year, except as provided in division 2143 (Q)(2) of this section.
- (2) If an individual does not have sufficient qualifying 2145 weeks and wages in the base period to qualify for benefit rights, 2146 the individual's base period shall be the four most recently 2147 completed calendar quarters preceding the first day of the 2148 individual's benefit year. Such base period shall be known as the 2149 "alternate base period." If information as to weeks and wages for 2150 the most recent quarter of the alternate base period is not 2151 available to the director from the regular quarterly reports of 2152 wage information, which are systematically accessible, the 2153 director may, consistent with the provisions of section 4141.28 of 2154 the Revised Code, base the determination of eligibility for 2155 benefits on the affidavit of the claimant with respect to weeks 2156 and wages for that calendar quarter. The claimant shall furnish 2157 payroll documentation, where available, in support of the 2158 affidavit. The determination based upon the alternate base period 2159 as it relates to the claimant's benefit rights, shall be amended 2160 when the quarterly report of wage information from the employer is 2161 timely received and that information causes a change in the 2162 determination. As provided in division (B) of section 4141.28 of 2163 the Revised Code, any benefits paid and charged to an employer's 2164 account, based upon a claimant's affidavit, shall be adjusted 2165 effective as of the beginning of the claimant's benefit year. No 2166 calendar quarter in a base period or alternate base period shall 2167

be used to establish a subsequent benefit year.

(3) The "base period" of a combined wage claim, as described 2169 in division (H) of section 4141.43 of the Revised Code, shall be 2170 the base period prescribed by the law of the state in which the 2171 claim is allowed.

- (4) For purposes of determining the weeks that comprise a 2173 completed calendar quarter under this division, only those weeks 2174 ending at midnight Saturday within the calendar quarter shall be 2175 utilized.
- (R) (1) "Benefit year" with respect to an individual means the 2177 fifty-two week period beginning with the first day of that week 2178 with respect to which the individual first files a valid 2179 application for determination of benefit rights, and thereafter 2180 the fifty-two week period beginning with the first day of that 2181 week with respect to which the individual next files a valid 2182 application for determination of benefit rights after the 2183 termination of the individual's last preceding benefit year, 2184 except that the application shall not be considered valid unless 2185 the individual has had employment in six weeks that is subject to 2186 this chapter or the unemployment compensation act of another 2187 state, or the United States, and has, since the beginning of the 2188 individual's previous benefit year, in the employment earned three 2189 times the average weekly wage determined for the previous benefit 2190 year. The "benefit year" of a combined wage claim, as described in 2191 division (H) of section 4141.43 of the Revised Code, shall be the 2192 benefit year prescribed by the law of the state in which the claim 2193 is allowed. Any application for determination of benefit rights 2194 made in accordance with section 4141.28 of the Revised Code is 2195 valid if the individual filing such application is unemployed, has 2196 been employed by an employer or employers subject to this chapter 2197 in at least twenty qualifying weeks within the individual's base 2198 period, and has earned or been paid remuneration at an average 2199

weekly wage of not less than twenty-seven and one-half per cent of

the statewide average weekly wage for such weeks. For purposes of

determining whether an individual has had sufficient employment

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since the beginning of the individual's previous benefit year to

file a valid application, "employment" means the performance of

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services for which remuneration is payable.

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- (2) Effective for benefit years beginning on and after 2206 December 26, 2004, any application for determination of benefit 2207 rights made in accordance with section 4141.28 of the Revised Code 2208 is valid if the individual satisfies the criteria described in 2209 division (R)(1) of this section, and if the reason for the 2210 individual's separation from employment is not disqualifying 2211 pursuant to division (D)(2) of section 4141.29 or section 4141.291 2212 of the Revised Code. A disqualification imposed pursuant to 2213 division (D)(2) of section 4141.29 or section 4141.291 of the 2214 Revised Code must be removed as provided in those sections as a 2215 requirement of establishing a valid application for benefit years 2216 beginning on and after December 26, 2004. 2217
- (3) The statewide average weekly wage shall be calculated by 2218 the director once a year based on the twelve-month period ending 2219 the thirtieth day of June, as set forth in division (B)(3) of 2220 section 4141.30 of the Revised Code, rounded down to the nearest 2221 dollar. Increases or decreases in the amount of remuneration 2222 required to have been earned or paid in order for individuals to 2223 have filed valid applications shall become effective on Sunday of 2224 the calendar week in which the first day of January occurs that 2225 follows the twelve-month period ending the thirtieth day of June 2226 upon which the calculation of the statewide average weekly wage 2227 was based. 2228
- (4) As used in this division, an individual is "unemployed" 2229
  if, with respect to the calendar week in which such application is 2230
  filed, the individual is "partially unemployed" or "totally 2231

unemployed" as defined in this section or if, prior to filing the	2232
application, the individual was separated from the individual's	2233
most recent work for any reason which terminated the individual's	2234
employee-employer relationship, or was laid off indefinitely or	2235
for a definite period of seven or more days.	2236
(S) "Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive	2237
calendar months ending on the thirty-first day of March, the	2238
thirtieth day of June, the thirtieth day of September, and the	2239
thirty-first day of December, or the equivalent thereof as the	2240
director prescribes by rule.	2241
(T) "Computation date" means the first day of the third	2242
calendar quarter of any calendar year.	2243
(U) "Contribution period" means the calendar year beginning	2244
on the first day of January of any year.	2245
(V) "Agricultural labor," for the purpose of this division,	2246
means any service performed prior to January 1, 1972, which was	2247
agricultural labor as defined in this division prior to that date,	2248
and service performed after December 31, 1971:	2249
(1) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection	2250
with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or	2251
harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including	2252
the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and	2253
management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals	2254
and wildlife;	2255
(2) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of	2256
a farm in connection with the operation, management, conservation,	2257
improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and	2258
equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and	2259
other debris left by hurricane, if the major part of such service	2260
is performed on a farm;	2261

(3) In connection with the production or harvesting of any

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commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15 (g)	2263
of the "Agricultural Marketing Act," 46 Stat. 1550 (1931), 12	2264
U.S.C. 1141j, as amended, or in connection with the ginning of	2265
cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of	2266
ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated	2267
for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for	2268
farming purposes;	2269
(4) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling,	2270
planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing,	2271
grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a	2272
carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state,	2273
any agricultural or horticultural commodity, but only if the	2274
operator produced more than one half of the commodity with respect	2275
to which such service is performed;	2276
(5) In the employ of a group of operators of farms, or a	2277
cooperative organization of which the operators are members, in	2278
the performance of service described in division (V)(4) of this	2279
section, but only if the operators produced more than one-half of	2280
the commodity with respect to which the service is performed;	2281
(6) Divisions (V)(4) and (5) of this section shall not be	2282
deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed:	2283
(a) In connection with commercial canning or commercial	2284
freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural	2285
commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution	2286
for consumption; or	2287
(b) On a farm operated for profit if the service is not in	2288
the course of the employer's trade or business.	2289
As used in division (V) of this section, "farm" includes	2290
stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal, and truck farms,	2291

plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses, or other

similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural

or horticultural commodities and orchards.	2294
(W) "Hospital" means an institution which has been registered	2295
or licensed by the Ohio department of health as a hospital.	2296
(X) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization, or group	2297
of organizations, described in section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal	2298
Revenue Code of 1954," and exempt from income tax under section	2299
501(a) of that code.	2300
(Y) "Institution of higher education" means a public or	2301
nonprofit educational institution, including an educational	2302
institution operated by an Indian tribe, which:	2303
(1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a	2304
certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized	2305
equivalent;	2306
(2) Is legally authorized in this state or by the Indian	2307
tribe to provide a program of education beyond high school; and	2308
(3) Provides an educational program for which it awards a	2309
bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is	2310
acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, a program of	2311
post-graduate or post-doctoral studies, or a program of training	2312
to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized	2313
occupation.	2314
For the purposes of this division, all colleges and	2315
universities in this state are institutions of higher education.	2316
(Z) For the purposes of this chapter, "states" includes the	2317
District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the	2318
Virgin Islands.	2319
(AA) "Alien" means, for the purposes of division (A)(1)(d) of	2320
this section, an individual who is an alien admitted to the United	2321
States to perform service in agricultural labor pursuant to	2322
sections 214 (c) and 101 (a) (15) (H) of the "Immigration and	2323

equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided by	2345
the crew leader; and	2346
(c) If the individual is not in the employment of the other	2347
employer or farm operator within the meaning of division (B)(1) of	2348
this section.	2349
(3) For the purposes of this division, any individual who is	2350
furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural	2351
labor for any other employer or farm operator and who is not	2352
treated as in the employment of the crew leader under division	2353

(FF) "Employee" means every person who is an employee under

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4923.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) If, after an investigation pursuant to division (A) of	2414
this section, the superintendent determines that reasonable	2415
evidence exists that an employer has violated section 4177.02 of	2416
the Revised Code, the superintendent shall send written notice to	2417
the employer and hold a hearing regarding the alleged violation in	2418
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2419
(C) If the superintendent determines, after the hearing, that	2420
an employer has misclassified an employee as an independent	2421
contractor, that determination is binding on the administrator of	2422
workers' compensation, the director of job and family services,	2423
and the tax commissioner unless the individual is otherwise not	2424
considered an employee under the applicable law. Notwithstanding	2425
any provision of this section to the contrary, nothing in this	2426
chapter shall be construed to limit or otherwise constrain the	2427
duties and powers of the administrator under Chapter 4121., 4123.,	2428
4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code, the director under Chapter	2429
4141. of the Revised Code, or the tax commissioner under Chapter	2430
5703. or 5747. of the Revised Code.	2431
(D) The superintendent's determination is an order that the	2432
employer may appeal in accordance with section 119.12 of the	2433
Revised Code.	2434
Sec. 4177.05. (A) If, after a hearing held in accordance with	2435
section 4177.04 of the Revised Code, the superintendent of	2436
industrial compliance determines that an employer violated section	2437
4177.02 of the Revised Code, the superintendent shall do both of	2438
the following:	2439
(1) Notify the administrator of workers' compensation, the	2440
director of job and family services, and the tax commissioner,	2441
each of whom shall determine whether the employer's violation of	2442
section 4177.02 of the Revised Code results in the employer not	2443
complying with the requirements of Chapter 4121 4123 4127	2444

Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or 2467 clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this chapter 2468 that is not otherwise defined in this section has the same meaning 2469 as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United 2470 States relating to federal income taxes or if not used in a 2471 comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning as in 2472 section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this chapter 2473 to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the United 2474

States relating to federal income taxes.	2475
As used in this chapter:	2476
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross income"	2477
means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used in the	2478
Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this section:	2479
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities of	2480
any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	2481
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and authorities.	2482
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	2483
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	2484
of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends	2485
are exempt from federal income taxes but not from state income	2486
taxes.	2487
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the United	2488
States and its territories and possessions or of any authority,	2489
commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent	2490
that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted	2491
gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of	2492
the United States.	2493
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent	2494
included in federal adjusted gross income.	2495
(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act	2496
and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent included in	2497
federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal	2498
Revenue Code.	2499
(6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a trust	2500
that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in section 665	2501
of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the beneficiary's taxable	2502
years beginning before 2002, the portion, if any, of such	2503
distribution that does not exceed the undistributed net income of	2504

the trust for the three taxable years preceding the taxable year	2505
in which the distribution is made to the extent that the portion	2506
was not included in the trust's taxable income for any of the	2507
trust's taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	2508
"Undistributed net income of a trust" means the taxable income of	2509
the trust increased by (a)(i) the additions to adjusted gross	2510
income required under division (A) of this section and (ii) the	2511
personal exemptions allowed to the trust pursuant to section	2512
642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the	2513
deductions to adjusted gross income required under division (A) of	2514
this section, (ii) the amount of federal income taxes attributable	2515
to such income, and (iii) the amount of taxable income that has	2516
been included in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by	2517
reason of a prior accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net	2518
income included in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary	2519
shall reduce the undistributed net income of the trust commencing	2520
with the earliest years of the accumulation period.	2521

- (7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 2522 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 2523 allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross 2524 income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed 2525 and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal 2526 Revenue Code not been in effect. 2527
- (8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public 2528 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the 2529 interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted 2530 gross income. 2531
- (9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale,
  exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent
  that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been included in
  computing federal adjusted gross income.
  - (10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section 5747.70 2536

of the Revised Code, related to contributions to variable college 2537 savings program accounts made or tuition units purchased pursuant 2538 to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code. 2539

- (11)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 2540 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 2541 income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during 2542 the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 2543 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, 2544 and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance under 2545 division (A)(11) of this section shall be allowed either to any 2546 taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized health 2547 plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the 2548 taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 2549 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 2550 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 2551 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) of this 2552 section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan for which 2553 the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The deduction 2554 allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section shall be the net 2555 of any related premium refunds, related premium reimbursements, or 2556 related insurance premium dividends received during the taxable 2557 2558 year.
- (b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 2559 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income during the 2560 taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the taxable 2561 year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, for 2562 medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and 2563 dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half 2564 per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 2565
- (c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any amount
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  included in federal adjusted gross income under section 105 or not
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excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue Code solely	2569
because it relates to an accident and health plan for a person who	2570
otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a "dependent"	2571
under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact	2572
that the person fails to meet the income and support limitations	2573
under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code.	2574

- (d) For purposes of division (A) (11) of this section, 2575 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 2576 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, limitations, 2577 and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified long-term care" 2578 has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) of the Internal 2579 2580 Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions (A) (11) (a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who otherwise would 2581 be a "qualifying relative" and thus a "dependent" under section 2582 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact that the person 2583 fails to meet the income and support limitations under section 2584 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code. 2585
- (12) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted gross 2586 income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or 2587 refund of expenses that in any year the taxpayer had deducted as 2588 an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal 2589 Revenue Code and applicable United States department of the 2590 treasury regulations. The deduction otherwise allowed under 2591 division (A)(12)(a) of this section shall be reduced to the extent 2592 the reimbursement is attributable to an amount the taxpayer 2593 deducted under this section in any taxable year. 2594
- (b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted 2595 gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is 2596 attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount 2597 deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 2598 income in any taxable year.
  - (13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in section

of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as required to be

reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal

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Revenue Code; 2632

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's 2633 federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any 2634 of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 2635

- (17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 2636 individual development account program established by a county 2637 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 329.11 2638 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching funds 2639 deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 2640 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, in 2641 the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 2642 amount deducted under division (A)(17) of this section. 2643
- (18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any taxable 2644 year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer is married 2645 and files a joint return and the combined federal adjusted gross 2646 income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse for the taxable 2647 year does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars, or if the 2648 taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted gross income for the 2649 taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, deduct amounts 2650 paid during the taxable year for qualified tuition and fees paid 2651 to an eligible institution for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2652 spouse, or any dependent of the taxpayer, who is a resident of 2653 this state and is enrolled in or attending a program that 2654 culminates in a degree or diploma at an eligible institution. The 2655 deduction may be claimed only to the extent that qualified tuition 2656 and fees are not otherwise deducted or excluded for any taxable 2657 year from federal or Ohio adjusted gross income. The deduction may 2658 not be claimed for educational expenses for which the taxpayer 2659 claims a credit under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code. 2660
- (19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A)(18) of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the amount is

not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.	2664
(20) (a) (i) Subject to divisions (A) $(20)$ (a) (iii), (iv), and	2665
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of depreciation	2666
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	2667
Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's proportionate or	2668
distributive share of the amount of depreciation expense allowed	2669
by that subsection to a pass-through entity in which the taxpayer	2670
has a direct or indirect ownership interest.	2671
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v) of	2672
this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying section	2673
179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's proportionate	2674
or distributive share of the amount of qualifying section 179	2675
depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through entity in which	2676
the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership interest.	2677
(iii) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section, for	2678
taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the increase in	2679
income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or greater than	2680
ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the taxpayer during the	2681
taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable year, "two-thirds" shall	2682
be substituted for "five-sixths" for the purpose of divisions	2683
(A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	2684
(iv) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section, for	2685
taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is not	2686
required to add an amount under division (A)(20) of this section	2687
if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer and by	2688
any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or	2689
indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater than the sum of	2690
(I) the amount of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense and	2691
(II) the amount of depreciation expense allowed to the taxpayer by	2692
subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	2693
including the taxpayer's proportionate or distributive shares of	2694

such amounts allowed to any such pass-through entities.

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	2696
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	2697
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	2698
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	2699
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	2700
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for the	2701
purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	2702

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the 2703 commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through 2704 entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than 2705 five per cent of the pass-through entity. 2706

- (b) Nothing in division (A)(20) of this section shall be 2707 construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset. 2708
- (c) To the extent the add-back required under division 2709 (A) (20) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating 2710 nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of the 2711 Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same location 2712 as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the property for 2713 the purpose of determining the credit under division (A) of 2714 section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, the add-back shall 2715 be apportioned, subject to one or more of the four alternative 2716 methods of apportionment enumerated in section 5747.21 of the 2717 Revised Code. 2718
- (d) For the purposes of division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this 2719 section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not 2720 include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction 2721 carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such 2722 loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the 2723 Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179 2724 depreciation expense amount.
  - (e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this 2726

section:	2727
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount withheld	2728
and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the Revised	2729
Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	2730
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount by	2731
which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer during	2732
the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of income	2733
taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's immediately	2734
preceding taxable year.	2735
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means the	2736
difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense directly	2737
or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179 of the	2738
Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	2739
directly or indirectly allowed to the taxpayer under section 179	2740
of the Internal Revenue Code as that section existed on December	2741
31, 2002.	2742
(21)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount under	2743
division (A)(20)(a) of this section for a taxable year, deduct one	2744
of the following:	2745
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	2746
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of	2747
qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	2748
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	2749
Revenue Code;	2750
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	2751
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds of	2752
such depreciation expense;	2753
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	2754
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such depreciation	2755
expense was so added.	2756

- (b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(21)(a) of this 2757 section is attributable to an add-back allocated under division 2758 (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall be sitused 2759 to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall be apportioned 2760 using the apportionment factors for the taxable year in which the 2761 deduction is taken, subject to one or more of the four alternative 2762 methods of apportionment enumerated in section 5747.21 of the 2763 Revised Code. 2764
- (c) No deduction is available under division (A)(21)(a) of 2765 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 2766 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 2767 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 2768 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating loss 2769 carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is available for a 2770 taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount not 2771 deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable year and add 2772 that amount to any deduction otherwise available under division 2773 (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable year. The 2774 carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue until the 2775 entire addition required by division (A) (20) (a) of this section 2776 has been deducted. 2777
- (d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments 2778 made by division (A)(21) of this section. 2779
- (22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable
  year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as
  reimbursement for life insurance premiums under section 5919.31 of
  the Revised Code.

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- (23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable
  year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as
  a death benefit paid by the adjutant general under section 5919.33
  2788

of the Revised Code. 2789

- (24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross 2790 income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or exclusion in 2791 computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 2792 year, military pay and allowances received by the taxpayer during 2793 the taxable year for active duty service in the United States 2794 army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast guard or reserve 2795 components thereof or the national quard. The deduction may not be 2796 claimed for military pay and allowances received by the taxpayer 2797 while the taxpayer is stationed in this state. 2798
- (25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 2799 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 2800 income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated for by 2801 any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation expenses 2802 incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not to exceed 2803 ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified organ 2804 donation expenses only once for all taxable years beginning with 2805 taxable years beginning in 2007. 2806

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:

- (a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human liver, 2808 pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of human 2809 bone marrow.
- (b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel 2811 expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a 2812 taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while living, 2813 of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another human 2814 being.
- (26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable
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  year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired personnel pay
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  for service in the uniformed services or reserve components
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thereof, or the national guard, or received by the surviving	2820
spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the survivor	2821
benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If the	2822
taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under the	2823
federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	2824
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	2825
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	2826
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	2827
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	2828
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	2829
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	2830
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	2831
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	2832
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted gross	2833
income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. Any	2834
amount deducted under division (A)(26) of this section is not	2835
included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the purposes of	2836
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may be deducted	2837
under division (A)(26) of this section on the basis of which a	2838
credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the Revised Code.	2839

- (27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable
  year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year
  from the military injury relief fund created in section 5902.05 of
  the Revised Code.
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- (28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable
  year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans bonus during
  the taxable year from the Ohio department of veterans services as
  authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution.

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- (29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
  in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 2851

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year, any income derived from a transfer agreement or from the	2852
enterprise transferred under that agreement under section 4313.02	2853
of the Revised Code.	2854
(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded	2855
in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	2856
year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant amounts	2857
received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependent	2858
pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20 U.S.C.	2859
1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished by the	2860
educational institution for which the grant was awarded at the	2861
institution's facilities, including meal plans administered by the	2862
institution. For the purposes of this division, receipt of a grant	2863
includes the distribution of a grant directly to an educational	2864
institution and the crediting of the grant to the enrollee's	2865
account with the institution.	2866
(31)(a) For taxable years beginning in 2015, deduct from the	2867
portion of an individual's adjusted gross income that is business	2868
income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	2869
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	2870
year, the lesser of the following amounts:	2871
(i) Seventy-five per cent of the individual's business	2872
income;	2873
(ii) Ninety-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for	2874
each spouse if spouses file separate returns under section 5747.08	2875
of the Revised Code or one hundred eighty-seven thousand five	2876
hundred dollars for all other individuals.	2877
(b) For taxable years beginning in 2016 or thereafter, deduct	2878
from the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income that is	2879
business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded	2880

in computing federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year,

one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each spouse if

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spouses file separate returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised	2883
Code or two hundred fifty thousand dollars for all other	2884
individuals.	2885
(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the Revised	2886
Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in accordance	2887
with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	2888
(33)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2889
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income during	2890
the taxable year, all of the following:	2891
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described in	2892
division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the	2893
extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this	2894
state during a disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying	2895
solicitation received by the employee's employer;	2896
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described in	2897
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the	2897 2898
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the	2898
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this	2898 2899
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on	2898 2899 2900
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;	2898 2899 2900 2901
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906
division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, if, in	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907
division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer;  (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908

(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or loss,

arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the regular

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course of a trade or business and includes income, gain, or loss	2914
from real property, tangible property, and intangible property if	2915
the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition of the	2916
property constitute integral parts of the regular course of a	2917
trade or business operation. "Business income" includes income,	2918
including gain or loss, from a partial or complete liquidation of	2919
a business, including, but not limited to, gain or loss from the	2920
sale or other disposition of goodwill.	2921
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business	2922
income and may include, but is not limited to, compensation, rents	2923
and royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital	2924
gains, interest, dividends and distributions, patent or copyright	2925
royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and awards.	2926
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to an	2927
employee for personal services.	2928
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	2929
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	2930
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	2931
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months	2932
ending on the last day of any month other than December.	2933
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	2934
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue Code	2935
of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	2936
(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that	2937
division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of a	2938
trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:	2939
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject to	2940
section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	2941

(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was

domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24 of

the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	2944
(I)(2) of this section.	2945
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state. If	2946
only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	2947
resident only with respect to that part.	2948
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	2949
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	2950
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d) of	2951
this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly, in	2952
whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities, that	2953
were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	2954
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	2955
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	2956
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only if	2957
the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of this	2958
section;	2959
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	2960
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	2961
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	2962
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	2963
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion	2964
of the trust's current taxable year;	2965
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	2966
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or	2967
part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, but	2968
only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is a	2969
resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter	2970
during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year. If	2971
a trust document or instrument became irrevocable upon the death	2972
of a person who at the time of death was domiciled in this state	2973

for purposes of this chapter, that person is a person described in

division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this section.	2975
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the transferor	2976
is not considered to be the owner of the net assets of the trust	2977

under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead 2979 trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as "potential 2980 current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2) of the 2981 Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable lead trust 2982 "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or contingent 2983 beneficiary, but with respect to any trust "qualifying 2984 beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental entity or 2985 instrumentality to any of which a contribution would qualify for 2986 the charitable deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue 2987 Code. 2988
- (d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this section, 2989 the extent to which a trust consists directly or indirectly, in 2990 whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities, that 2991 were transferred directly or indirectly, in whole or part, to the 2992 trust by any of the sources enumerated in that division shall be 2993 ascertained by multiplying the fair market value of the trust's 2994 assets, net of related liabilities, by the qualifying ratio, which 2995 shall be computed as follows: 2996
- (i) The first time the trust receives assets, the numerator 2997 of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of those assets 2998 at that time, net of any related liabilities, from sources 2999 enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The denominator 3000 of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of all the 3001 trust's assets at that time, net of any related liabilities. 3002
- (ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a 3003 revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the 3004 revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value 3005

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of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	3006
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	3007
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	3008
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	3009
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	3010
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this	3011
section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is the	3012
fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately after the	3013
subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	3014
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	3015

- (iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the trust's beneficiaries.
- (e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this 3019 section:
- (i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this 3021 section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of 3022 that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time of 3023 the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under 3024 Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code. 3025
- (ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this 3026 section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described in any 3027 of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the trust is an 3028 irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of the trust's 3029 qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state for purposes 3030 of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current 3031 taxable year.
- (f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this

  section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of

  any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if the

  transfer is described in any of the following:

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chapter.

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(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the decedent	3037
before the decedent's death and while the decedent was domiciled	3038
in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and, prior to the	3039
death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable while the	3040
decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	3041
chapter.	3042
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the decedent,	3043
prior to the decedent's death, had directly or indirectly	3044
transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, while the	3045
decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	3046
chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the trust became	3047
irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the	e 3048
purposes of this chapter.	3049
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	3050
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	3051
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	3052
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	3053
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	3054
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	3055
Code.	3056
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	3057
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	3058

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will of 3062 a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the 3063 testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 3064 5731. of the Revised Code.

the transferor and another person who at the time of the

decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of this

(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused to 3066 be created by a court, and the trust was directly or indirectly 3067

created in connection with or as a result of the death of an	3068
individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	3069
5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this state at the time	3070
of the individual's death.	3071
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	3072
part of a trust residing in this state.	3073
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is not a	3074
resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of a	3075
taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that taxable	3076
year.	3077
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in section	3078
5733.04 of the Revised Code.	3079
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required to	3080
be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of reporting the	3081
tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax when so	3082
required.	3083
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the taxpayer's	3084
fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or fractional part	3085
thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is calculated	3086
pursuant to this chapter.	3087
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed by	3088
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through entity	3089
that makes the election under division (D) of section 5747.08 of	3090
the Revised Code.	3091
(O) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the Internal	3092
Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal income tax	3093
return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer would have been	3094
permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a federal income tax	3095
return.	3096

(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of a 3097

nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	3098
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	3099
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	3100
portion of the services are performed.	3101
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	3102
Code:	3103
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	3104
park district, or township.	3105
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	3106
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	3107
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	3108
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	3109
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that exceeds	3110
the figure determined to be the correct amount of the tax.	3111
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only to	3112
estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as defined	3113
and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:	3114
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	3115
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal taxable	3116
income, on obligations or securities of any state or of any	3117
political subdivision or authority of any state, other than this	3118
state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the extent	3119
that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio taxable	3120
income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of	3121
this section:	3122
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of an	3123
electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	3124
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	3125
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	3126

electing small business trust for the taxable year.

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(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	3128
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal taxable	3129
income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	3130
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States to	3131
the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from federal	3132
income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only to the	3133
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	3134
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	3135
(b) of this section;	3136
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	3137
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	3138
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	3139
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	3140
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	3141
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to	3142
the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from state	3143
taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the extent	3144
that such amount is included in federal taxable income and is	3145
described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	3146
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	3147
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	3148
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	3149
the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under	3150
sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in	3151
effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to	3152
income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year or	3153
to income of the S portion of an electing small business trust for	3154
the taxable year;	3155
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	3156

related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, on

public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the

extent that such net amount relates either to income included in

federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the S	3160
portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable year;	3161
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	3162
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent	3163
that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been included in	3164
computing either federal taxable income or income of the S portion	3165
of an electing small business trust for the taxable year;	3166
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate, add	3167
any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate tax	3168
return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and on its	3169
federal income tax return in determining federal taxable income;	3170
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable income	3171
solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or refund of	3172
expenses that in a previous year the decedent had deducted as an	3173
itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal Revenue	3174
Code and applicable treasury regulations. The deduction otherwise	3175
allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this section shall be reduced	3176
to the extent the reimbursement is attributable to an amount the	3177
taxpayer or decedent deducted under this section in any taxable	3178
year.	3179
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	3180
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	3181
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount	3182
deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable income	3183
in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount has not	3184
been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	3185
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in section	3186
1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying previously	3187
reported income received under a claim of right, that meets both	3188
of the following requirements:	3189

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was

included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	3191
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not qualify	3192
for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section 5747.05 of the	3193
Revised Code for that year.	3194
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	3195
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current or	3196
any other taxable year.	3197
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	3198
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that the	3199
amount satisfies either of the following:	3200
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation	3201
of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required to be	3202
reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal	3203
Revenue Code;	3204
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	3205
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	3206
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	3207
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted in	3208
computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	3209
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	3210
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	3211
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	3212
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	3213
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as such	3214
land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. If the	3215
trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 of the	3216
Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is eligible to	3217
claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of this section	3218
in connection with the pass-through entity's farm income.	3219
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	3220

electing small business trust, the deduction provided by division

(S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent that the	3222
trust has not distributed such farm income. Division (S)(12) of	3223
this section applies only to taxable years of a trust beginning in	3224
2002 or thereafter.	3225
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section 641(c)	3226
of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is not	3227
included in federal taxable income.	3228
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be required	3229
to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this section if	3230
the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in the same	3231
manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is computed	3232
under this section. In the case of a trust, division (S)(14) of	3233
this section applies only to any of the trust's taxable years	3234
beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	3235
(T) "School district income" and "school district income tax"	3236
have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised Code.	3237
(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)(7)	3238
of this section, "public obligations," "purchase obligations," and	3239
"interest or interest equivalent" have the same meanings as in	3240
section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	3241
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited liability	3242
company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code or under	3243
the laws of any other state.	3244
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	3245
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity, is	3246
a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	3247
pass-through entity.	3248
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section 1304.01	3249
of the Revised Code.	3250

(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.

educational benefit program.

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(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second three	3252
months, the third three months, or the last three months of the	3253
taxpayer's taxable year.	3254
(AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or	3255
state institution of higher education as defined in section	3256
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college,	3257
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this	3258
state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by the	3259
chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of the	3260
Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the state	3261
board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332. of the	3262
Revised Code.	3263
(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees	3264
imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment or	3265
attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars in	3266
each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary	3267
education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified	3268
tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the academic	3269
equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary education	3270
during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding a total of	3271
five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees" does not	3272
include:	3273
(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports,	3274
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the	3275
individual's degree or diploma program;	3276
(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity fees,	3277
athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses unrelated to	3278
the individual's academic course of instruction;	3279
(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed	3280
through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other	3281

sum of the following amounts:

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(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business income	3283
included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such taxable	3284
income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount, if any.	3285
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital gains	3286
and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of equity	3287
or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a qualifying	3288
investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio taxable	3289
income, but only if the following requirements are satisfied:	3290
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	3291
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	3292
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	3293
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss,	3294
is available to the trust.	3295
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised Code	3296
are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the trust	3297
recognizes the gain or loss.	3298
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	3299
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	3300
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	3301
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	3302
taxable income other than modified business income, other than the	3303
qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying investment	3304
income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, to the	3305
extent such qualifying investment income is not otherwise part of	3306
modified business income.	3307
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	3308
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4)(a)	3309
to (c) of this section:	3310
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	3311
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	3312

- (i) The trust's modified business income; 3314
- (ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined in 3315 section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent the 3316 qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute 3317 modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a 3318 qualifying trust amount.
- 3320 (b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the qualifying 3321 investee's physical assets in this state on the last day of the 3322 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 3323 prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the qualifying 3324 trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum of the book 3325 value of the qualifying investee's total physical assets 3326 everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or 3327 calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on which the 3328 trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for a taxable 3329 year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount with respect 3330 to more than one qualifying investee, the amount described in 3331 division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the sum of the 3332 products so computed for each such qualifying investee. 3333
- (c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 3334 a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of 3335 this section, its modified nonbusiness income. 3336
- (ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 3337 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division 3338 (I)(3)(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 3339 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 3340 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise provided 3341 in division (BB)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With respect to a 3342 trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident as ascertained 3343 in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this section, the trust's 3344 portion of modified nonbusiness income recognized from the sale, 3345

exchange, or other disposition of a debt interest in or equity	3346
interest in a section 5747.212 entity, as defined in section	3347
5747.212 of the Revised Code, without regard to division (A) of	3348
that section, shall not be allocated to this state in accordance	3349
with section 5747.20 of the Revised Code but shall be apportioned	3350
to this state in accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212	3351
of the Revised Code without regard to division (A) of that	3352
section.	3353

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income under

divisions (BB)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly

represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this

state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of

section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner

and to the same extent provided in that section.

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- (5) (a) Except as set forth in division (BB) (5) (b) of this 3360 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust has 3361 an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of government 3362 the debt obligations of either of which are owned by a trust. For 3363 the purposes of division (BB) (2) (a) of this section and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in division (BB) (4) (b) 3365 of this section, all of the following apply:
- (i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying 3367 controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's 3368 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 3369 which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying 3370 investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled group 3371 on such last day.
- (ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 3373 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 3374 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 3375 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 3376 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, 3377

separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on the	3378
last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year	3379
ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust recognizes	3380
the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent of the	3381
equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying investee and	3382
the other members are deemed to own the proportionate share of the	3383
pass-through entity's physical assets which the pass-through	3384
entity directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the	3385
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or	3386
with the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar	3387
year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	3388
recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	3389

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB) (5) (a) (iii) of this 3390 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 3391 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another 3392 pass-through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means 3393 that other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is also 3395 a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of the 3396 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, the 3397 proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 3398 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity directly 3399 or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level pass-through 3400 entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or with the last 3401 day of the upper level pass-through entity's fiscal or calendar 3402 year. If the upper level pass-through entity directly and 3403 indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the equity of the 3404 lower level pass-through entity on each day of the upper level 3405 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 3406 which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the lower level 3407 pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and convincing 3408 evidence, complete information about the location and cost of the 3409

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(EE) (1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section: 3439

(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	3440
qualifying corporation.	3441
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified for	3442
federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	3443
corporation, except either of the following:	3444
(i) A corporation that has made an election under subchapter	3445
S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue Code for its	3446
taxable year ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's	3447
taxable year;	3448
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	3449
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	3450
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	3451
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable year.	3452
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly stated	3453
otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset directly	3454
or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	3455
(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	3456
Revised Code:	3457
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	3458
trust.	3459
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income tax	3460
trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election as	3461
described in division (FF)(3) of this section.	3462
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	3463
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	3464
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	3465
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or controls,	3466
directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests,	3467
five per cent or more of the ownership or equity interests. The	3468
trustee shall notify the tax commissioner in writing of the	3469

election on or before April 15, 2006. The election, if timely	3470
made, shall be effective on and after January 1, 2006, and shall	3471
apply for all tax periods and tax years until revoked by the	3472
trustee of the trust.	3473
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all of	3474
the following requirements:	3475
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	3476
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	3477
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	3478
trust; and	3479
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time the	3480
trust was created.	3481
	3482
(GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10 U.S.C. 101.	3483
(HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which an	3484
individual's business income that is included in federal adjusted	3485
gross income exceeds the amount of business income the individual	3486
is authorized to deduct under division (A)(31) of this section for	3487
the taxable year.	3488
(II) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect to	3489
the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an employee of	3490
a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in	3491
writing or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the	3492
franchisor exercises a type or degree of control over the	3493
franchisee or the franchisee's employees that is not customarily	3494
exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the	3495
franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this	3496
division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings as	3497
in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	3498
(JJ) "Employee" means an individual who is an employee under	3499