# <sup>115TH CONGRESS</sup> 2D SESSION H.R.6887

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

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To improve the removal of lead from drinking water in public housing.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 25, 2018

Mr. KILDEE (for himself and Mr. FASO) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

# To improve the removal of lead from drinking water in public housing.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# **3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Get the Lead Out of
- 5 Assisted Housing Act of 2018".

#### 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

1	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
2	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
3	mental Protection Agency.
4	(2) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department"
5	means the Department of Housing and Urban De-
6	velopment.
7	(3) LEAD SERVICE LINE.—The term "lead serv-
8	ice line" has the meaning given the term in section
9	141.2 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, or
10	any successor thereto.
11	(4) PILOT PROGRAM.—The term "pilot pro-
12	gram" means the program for providing grants es-
13	tablished under section 6(a).
14	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
15	the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
16	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
17	It is the sense of Congress that—
18	(1) lead is a dangerous neurotoxin that can per-
19	manently impact brain development, especially in
20	young children;
21	(2) the Centers for Disease Control, the Envi-
22	ronmental Protection Agency, the American Associa-
23	tion of Pediatrics, and many other entities have de-
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1	(3) for vulnerable populations like young chil-
2	dren, pregnant mothers, and the elderly, exposure to
3	lead can be life altering;
4	(4) evidence is mounting that the lead in drink-
5	ing water problem in the United States is grossly
6	underestimated and inadequately addressed;
7	(5) according to the Environmental Protection
8	Agency, lead service lines are the single largest
9	source of lead in drinking water; and
10	(6) partial lead service line replacement, where
11	only a portion of a lead service line is replaced, can
12	increase lead exposure.
13	SEC. 4. UNIFORM PHYSICAL CONDITION STANDARDS.
14	The Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
15	trator, shall amend the physical condition standards set
16	forth in section 5.703 of title 24, Code of Federal Regula-
17	tions, to require that—
18	(1) the entities responsible for maintaining
19	housing inspect building systems to determine, using
20	tests that incorporate the best available technology
21	and science, if—
22	(A) there are lead service lines; or
23	(B) there is lead in the service line that
24	connects the interior plumbing to the public
25	water supply; and

1	(2) if a lead service line is found or lead is
2	found in a service line that connects to the interior
3	plumbing of the housing at the water meter, the en-
4	tity responsible for maintaining the housing shall—
5	(A) not later than 1 day after the date on
6	which the lead is found, notify each tenant of
7	the housing that the lead was found and of
8	safety precautions that should be taken;
9	(B) disclose that information within 30
10	days to any water utility entity relevant to the
11	housing;
12	(C) provide necessary interim measures to
13	reduce exposure to the lead, such as water fil-
14	ters designed to remove lead and other innova-
15	tive technologies, based on guidance from the
16	Administrator; and
17	(D) prohibit the partial replacement of
18	lead service lines.
19	SEC. 5. AUTHORITY TO INSPECT ALL SOURCES OF LEAD.
20	The Secretary may inspect all sources of lead con-
21	tamination in housing assisted by a program of the De-
22	partment and work in coordination with the Environ-
23	mental Protection Agency to mitigate sources of lead expo-
24	sure as a result of water from the public water supply
25	and ambient air levels or industrial emissions.

1	SEC. 6. HEALTHY HOMES LEAD IN DRINKING WATER PILOT
2	PROGRAM.
3	(a) Establishment.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
6	shall begin providing grants to State and local gov-
7	ernments responsible for developing consolidated
8	plans under part 91 of title 24, Code of Federal
9	Regulations.
10	(2) PURPOSE.—The Secretary shall design the
11	grants under the pilot program to—
12	(A) identify lead service lines and other
13	sources of lead in drinking water serving hous-
14	ing units and take steps to remediate those
15	threats; and
16	(B) optimize corrosion control treatment in
17	public water systems serving housing units.
18	(b) ACTIVITIES.—A State or local government receiv-
19	ing a grant under the pilot program shall prioritize the
20	following activities:
21	(1) Creating an inventory of lead service lines,
22	which shall—
23	(A) be published on the website of the
24	State or local government; and

25 (B) involve—

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1	(i) working with local water utilities
2	that may have a similar inventory;
3	(ii) inspecting for lead service lines at
4	their entry point into a building using
5	methods that do not disturb the pipe;
6	(iii) conducting an inspection of visi-
7	ble pipes at all access points; and
8	(iv) prioritizing buildings based on the
9	age of the building, historical records, and
10	the size of the service line.
11	(2) Testing for lead in the drinking water at
12	child care facilities and schools and providing reme-
13	diation, as appropriate.
14	(3) Testing for lead in the drinking water at
15	water fountains in public facilities and providing re-
16	mediation, as appropriate.
17	SEC. 7. HEALTHY HOMES AND LEAD HAZARD CONTROL OF-
18	FICE.
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Office of Lead Hazard Con-
20	trol and Healthy Homes of the Department shall, when
21	providing grants for lead-based paint hazard reduction in
22	target housing under section 1011 of the Residential
23	Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42

24 U.S.C. 4852)—

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1 (1) ensure that testing for lead in drinking 2 water is conducted; 3 (2) require notification of tenants of the level of lead in drinking water found; and 4 5 (3) offer interim controls, such as the installa-6 tion of water filters known to remove lead. 7 (b) Use of Funds for Replacement.—The Secretary shall allow recipients of assistance from the Office 8 9 of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes of the De-10 partment or another program of the Department to use the funds to replace leaded water fixtures and lead service 11 12 lines.

## 13 SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

14 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-15 retary such sums as may be necessary to carry out this16 Act.

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