As Introduced

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 272

Representatives Householder, Kick

Cosponsors: Representatives Hambley, Riedel, Becker, Roegner, Vitale, Boccieri, Goodman, Retherford, Stein, Brinkman, Kent, Antani, Rezabek, Schaffer, Lipps, Hood, Wiggam, Hill, Greenspan, Romanchuk

A BILL

Го	amend sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,	1
	1533.112, 1533.12, 1533.32, and 1533.81 of the	2
	Revised Code to allow a landowner's	3
	grandchildren of any age to hunt or fish on the	4
	landowner's property without obtaining a hunting	5
	license, deer permit, wild turkey permit, fur	6
	taker permit, fishing license, or waterfowl	7
	hunting permit, and to allow certain partially	8
	disabled veterans to receive a free license,	9
	permit, or wetlands habitat stamp.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,	11
1533.112, 1533.12, 1533.32, and 1533.81 of the Revised Code be	12
amended to read as follows:	13
Sec. 1533.10. Except as provided in this section or	14
division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 or section 1533.73 or	15
1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt any wild bird	16
or wild quadruped without a hunting license. Each day that any	17

person hunts within the state without procuring such a license	18
constitutes a separate offense. Except as otherwise provided in	19
this section, every applicant for a hunting license who is a	20
resident of the state and eighteen years of age or more shall	21
procure a resident hunting license or an apprentice resident	22
hunting license, the fee for which shall be eighteen dollars	23
unless the rules adopted under division (B) of section 1533.12	24
of the Revised Code provide for issuance of a resident hunting	25
license to the applicant free of charge. Except as provided in	26
rules adopted under division (B)(2) of that section, each	27
applicant who is a resident of this state and who at the time of	28
application is sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a	29
special senior hunting license, the fee for which shall be one-	30
half of the regular hunting license fee. Every applicant who is	31
under the age of eighteen years shall procure a special youth	32
hunting license or an apprentice youth hunting license, the fee	33
for which shall be one-half of the regular hunting license fee.	34

A resident of this state who owns lands in the state and 35 the owner's children of any age and grandchildren under eighteen-36 years of any age may hunt on the lands without a hunting 37 license. A resident of any other state who owns real property in 38 this state, and the spouse and ______ children____ and grandchildren_____ 39 living with the property owner, may hunt on that property 40 without a license, provided that the state of residence of the 41 real property owner allows residents of this state owning real 42 property in that state, and the spouse and ____ children__ and ___ 43 grandchildren living with the property owner, to hunt without a 44 license. If the owner of land in this state is a limited 45 liability company or a limited liability partnership that 46 consists of three or fewer individual members or partners, as 47 applicable, an individual member or partner who is a resident of 48

this state and the member's or partner's children of any age and	49
grandchildren under eighteen years of <u>any</u> age may hunt on the	50
land owned by the limited liability company or limited liability	51
partnership without a hunting license. In addition, if the owner	52
of land in this state is a trust that has a total of three or	53
fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee	54
or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the	55
individual's children of any age and grandchildren under-	56
eighteen years of any age may hunt on the land owned by the	57
trust without a hunting license. The tenant and children and	58
grandchildren of the tenant, residing on lands in the state, may	59
hunt on them without a hunting license.	60

Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1) of section 61 1533.12 of the Revised Code, every applicant for a hunting 62 license who is a nonresident of the state and who is eighteen 63 years of age or older shall procure a nonresident hunting 64 license or an apprentice nonresident hunting license, the fee 65 for which shall be one hundred twenty-four dollars unless the 66 applicant is a resident of a state that is a party to an 67 agreement under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code, in which 68 case the fee shall be eighteen dollars. Apprentice resident 69 hunting licenses, apprentice youth hunting licenses, and 70 apprentice nonresident hunting licenses are subject to the 71 requirements established under section 1533.102 of the Revised 72 Code and rules adopted pursuant to it. 73

The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a small

game hunting license expiring three days from the effective date

of the license to a nonresident of the state, the fee for which

shall be thirty-nine dollars. No person shall take or possess

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deer, wild turkeys, fur-bearing animals, ducks, geese, brant, or

any nongame animal while possessing only a small game hunting

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license. A small game hunting license or an apprentice	80
nonresident hunting license does not authorize the taking or	81
possessing of ducks, geese, or brant without having obtained, in	82
addition to the small game hunting license or the apprentice	83
nonresident hunting license, a wetlands habitat stamp as	84
provided in section 1533.112 of the Revised Code. A small game	85
hunting license or an apprentice nonresident hunting license	86
does not authorize the taking or possessing of deer, wild	87
turkeys, or fur-bearing animals. A nonresident of the state who	88
wishes to take or possess deer, wild turkeys, or fur-bearing	89
animals in this state shall procure, respectively, a deer or	90
wild turkey permit as provided in section 1533.11 of the Revised	91
Code or a fur taker permit as provided in section 1533.111 of	92
the Revised Code in addition to a nonresident hunting license,	93
an apprentice nonresident hunting license, a special youth	94
hunting license, or an apprentice youth hunting license, as	95
applicable, as provided in this section.	96

No person shall procure or attempt to procure a hunting 97 license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any false 98 statement. 99

This section does not authorize the taking and possessing 100 of deer or wild turkeys without first having obtained, in 101 addition to the hunting license required by this section, a deer 102 or wild turkey permit as provided in section 1533.11 of the 103 Revised Code or the taking and possessing of ducks, geese, or 104 brant without first having obtained, in addition to the hunting 105 license required by this section, a wetlands habitat stamp as 106 provided in section 1533.112 of the Revised Code. 107

This section does not authorize the hunting or trapping of 108 fur-bearing animals without first having obtained, in addition 109

to a hunting license required by this section, a fur taker	110
permit as provided in section 1533.111 of the Revised Code.	111
No hunting license shall be issued unless it is	112
accompanied by a written explanation of the law in section	113
1533.17 of the Revised Code and the penalty for its violation,	114
including a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that	115
may be imposed.	116
No hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting	117
license, shall be issued unless the applicant presents to the	118
agent authorized to issue the license a previously held hunting	119
license or evidence of having held such a license in content and	120
manner approved by the chief, a certificate of completion issued	121
upon completion of a hunter education and conservation course	122
approved by the chief, or evidence of equivalent training in	123
content and manner approved by the chief. A previously held	124
apprentice hunting license does not satisfy the requirement	125
concerning the presentation of a previously held hunting license	126
or evidence of it.	127
No person shall issue a hunting license, except an	128
apprentice hunting license, to any person who fails to present	129
the evidence required by this section. No person shall purchase	130
or obtain a hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting	131
license, without presenting to the issuing agent the evidence	132
required by this section. Issuance of a hunting license in	133
violation of the requirements of this section is an offense by	134
both the purchaser of the illegally obtained hunting license and	135
the clerk or agent who issued the hunting license. Any hunting	136
license issued in violation of this section is void.	137

The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, shall

adopt rules prescribing a hunter education and conservation

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course for first-time hunting license buyers, other than buyers	140
of apprentice hunting licenses, and for volunteer instructors.	141
The course shall consist of subjects including, but not limited	142
to, hunter safety and health, use of hunting implements, hunting	143
tradition and ethics, the hunter and conservation, the law in	144
section 1533.17 of the Revised Code along with the penalty for	145
its violation, including a description of terms of imprisonment	146
and fines that may be imposed, and other law relating to	147
nunting. Authorized personnel of the division or volunteer	148
instructors approved by the chief shall conduct such courses	149
with such frequency and at such locations throughout the state	150
as to reasonably meet the needs of license applicants. The chief	151
shall issue a certificate of completion to each person who	152
successfully completes the course and passes an examination	153
prescribed by the chief.	154

Sec. 1533.11. (A) Except as provided in this section or 155 section 1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt deer 156 on lands of another without first obtaining an annual deer 157 permit. Except as provided in this section, no person shall hunt 158 wild turkeys on lands of another without first obtaining an 159 annual wild turkey permit. Each applicant for a deer or wild 160 turkey permit shall pay an annual fee of twenty-three dollars 161 for each permit unless the except as provided in rules adopted 162 under division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code 163 provide for issuance of a deer or wild turkey permit to the 164 applicant free of charge. Except as provided in rules adopted 165 under division (B)(2) of that section, each applicant who is a 166 resident of this state and who at the time of application is 167 sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a senior deer or 168 wild turkey permit, the fee for which shall be one-half of the 169 regular deer or wild turkey permit fee. Each applicant who is 170

under the age of eighteen years shall procure a youth deer or	171
wild turkey permit, the fee for which shall be one-half of the	172
regular deer or wild turkey permit fee. Except as provided in	173
division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, a deer	174
or wild turkey permit shall run concurrently with the hunting	175
license. The money received shall be paid into the state	176
treasury to the credit of the wildlife fund, created in section	177
1531.17 of the Revised Code, exclusively for the use of the	178
division of wildlife in the acquisition and development of land	179
for deer or wild turkey management, for investigating deer or	180
wild turkey problems, and for the stocking, management, and	181
protection of deer or wild turkey. Every person, while hunting	182
deer or wild turkey on lands of another, shall carry the	183
person's deer or wild turkey permit and exhibit it to any	184
enforcement officer so requesting. Failure to so carry and	185
exhibit such a permit constitutes an offense under this section.	186
The chief of the division of wildlife shall adopt any additional	187
rules the chief considers necessary to carry out this section	188
and section 1533.10 of the Revised Code.	189

An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner who 190 is exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 1533.10 191 of the Revised Code and the children and grandchildren of the 192 owner of lands in this state may hunt deer or wild turkey 193 thereon without a deer or wild turkey permit. If the owner of 194 land in this state is a limited liability company or a limited 195 liability partnership that consists of three or fewer individual 196 members or partners, as applicable, an individual member or 197 partner who is a resident of this state and the member's or 198 partner's children of any age and grandchildren of any age may 199 hunt deer or wild turkey on the land owned by the limited 200 liability company or limited liability partnership without a 201 H. B. No. 272
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deer or wild turkey permit. In addition, if the owner of land in	202
this state is a trust that has a total of three or fewer	203
trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee or	204
beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the	205
individual's children of any age and grandchildren of any age	206
may hunt deer or wild turkey on the land owned by the trust	207
without a deer or wild turkey permit. The tenant and children	208
and grandchildren of the tenant may hunt deer or wild turkey on	209
lands where they reside without a deer or wild turkey permit.	210
(B) A deer or wild turkey permit is not transferable. No	211
person shall carry a deer or wild turkey permit issued in the	212
name of another person.	213
(C) The wildlife refunds fund is hereby created in the	214
state treasury. The fund shall consist of money received from	215
application fees for deer permits that are not issued. Money in	216
the fund shall be used to make refunds of such application fees.	217
(D) If the division establishes a system for the	218
electronic submission of information regarding deer or wild	219
turkey that are taken, the division shall allow the owner and	220
the children of the owner of lands in this state to use the	221
owner's name or address for purposes of submitting that	222
information electronically via that system.	223
Sec. 1533.111. Except as provided in this section or	224
division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, no	225
person shall hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on land of another	226
without first obtaining some type of an annual fur taker permit.	227
Each applicant for a fur taker permit or an apprentice fur taker	228
permit shall pay an annual fee of fourteen dollars for the	229

permit, except as otherwise provided in this section or unless-

the in rules adopted under division (B) of section 1533.12 of

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the Revised Code provide for issuance of a fur taker permit to	232
the applicant free of charge. Except as provided in rules	233
adopted under division (B)(2) of that section, each applicant	234
who is a resident of this state and who at the time of	235
application is sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a	236
special senior fur taker permit, the fee for which shall be one-	237
half of the regular fur taker permit fee. Each applicant under	238
the age of eighteen years shall procure a special youth fur	239
taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker permit, the fee	240
for which shall be one-half of the regular fur taker permit fee.	241
Each type of fur taker permit shall run concurrently with the	242
hunting license. The money received shall be paid into the state	243
treasury to the credit of the fund established in section	244
1533.15 of the Revised Code. Apprentice fur taker permits and	245
apprentice youth fur taker permits are subject to the	246
requirements established under section 1533.102 of the Revised	247
Code and rules adopted pursuant to it.	248

No fur taker permit shall be issued unless it is 249 accompanied by a written explanation of the law in section 250 1533.17 of the Revised Code and the penalty for its violation, 251 including a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that 252 may be imposed.

No fur taker permit, other than an apprentice fur taker 254 permit or an apprentice youth fur taker permit, shall be issued 255 unless the applicant presents to the agent authorized to issue a 256 fur taker permit a previously held hunting license or trapping 257 or fur taker permit or evidence of having held such a license or 258 permit in content and manner approved by the chief of the 259 division of wildlife, a certificate of completion issued upon 260 completion of a trapper education course approved by the chief, 261 or evidence of equivalent training in content and manner 262

approved by the chief. A previously held apprentice hunting	263
license, apprentice fur taker permit, or apprentice youth fur	264
taker permit does not satisfy the requirement concerning the	265
presentation of a previously held hunting license or fur taker	266
permit or evidence of such a license or permit.	267

268 No person shall issue a fur taker permit, other than an apprentice fur taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker 269 permit, to any person who fails to present the evidence required 270 by this section. No person shall purchase or obtain a fur taker 271 272 permit, other than an apprentice fur taker permit or an 273 apprentice youth fur taker permit, without presenting to the issuing agent the evidence required by this section. Issuance of 274 a fur taker permit in violation of the requirements of this 275 section is an offense by both the purchaser of the illegally 276 obtained permit and the clerk or agent who issued the permit. 277 Any fur taker permit issued in violation of this section is 278 void. 279

The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, shall 280 adopt rules prescribing a trapper education course for first-281 time fur taker permit buyers, other than buyers of apprentice 282 fur taker permits or apprentice youth fur taker permits, and for 283 volunteer instructors. The course shall consist of subjects that 284 include, but are not limited to, trapping techniques, animal 285 habits and identification, trapping tradition and ethics, the 286 trapper and conservation, the law in section 1533.17 of the 287 Revised Code along with the penalty for its violation, including 288 a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that may be 289 imposed, and other law relating to trapping. Authorized 290 personnel of the division of wildlife or volunteer instructors 291 approved by the chief shall conduct the courses with such 292 frequency and at such locations throughout the state as to 293

reasonably meet the needs of permit applicants. The chief shall	294
issue a certificate of completion to each person who	295
successfully completes the course and passes an examination	296
prescribed by the chief.	297

Every person, while hunting or trapping fur-bearing 298 animals on lands of another, shall carry the person's fur taker 299 permit with the person's signature written on the permit. 300 Failure to carry such a signed permit constitutes an offense 301 under this section. The chief shall adopt any additional rules 302 the chief considers necessary to carry out this section. 303

An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner who 304 is exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 1533.10 305 of the Revised Code and the children and grandchildren of the 306 owner of lands in this state may hunt or trap fur-bearing 307 animals thereon without a fur taker permit. If the owner of land 308 in this state is a limited liability company or a limited 309 liability partnership that consists of three or fewer individual 310 members or partners, as applicable, an individual member or 311 partner who is a resident of this state and the member's or 312 partner's children of any age and grandchildren of any age may 313 314 hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on the land owned by the limited liability company or limited liability partnership 315 without a fur taker permit. In addition, if the owner of land in 316 this state is a trust that has a total of three or fewer 317 trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee or 318 beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the 319 individual's children of any age and grandchildren of any age 320 may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on the land owned by the 321 trust without a fur taker permit. The tenant and children and 322 grandchildren of the tenant may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals 323 on lands where they reside without a fur taker permit. 324

A fur taker permit is not transferable. No person shall	325
carry a fur taker permit issued in the name of another person.	326
A fur taker permit entitles a nonresident to take from	327
this state fur-bearing animals taken and possessed by the	328
nonresident as provided by law or division rule.	329
Sec. 1533.112. Except as provided in this section or	330
unless otherwise provided by division rule, no person shall hunt	331
ducks, geese, or brant on the lands of another without first	332
obtaining an annual wetlands habitat stamp. The annual fee for	333
the wetlands habitat stamp shall be fourteen dollars for each	334
stamp unless the except as provided in rules adopted under	335
division (B) of section 1533.12 provide for issuance of a	336
wetlands habitat stamp to the applicant free of charge of the	337
Revised Code.	338
Moneys received from the stamp fee shall be paid into the	339
state treasury to the credit of the wetlands habitat fund, which	340
is hereby established. Moneys shall be paid from the fund on the	341
order of the director of natural resources for the following	342
purposes:	343
(A) Sixty per cent for projects that the division approves	344
for the acquisition, development, management, or preservation of	345
waterfowl areas within the state;	346
(B) Forty per cent for contribution by the division to an	347
appropriate nonprofit organization for the acquisition,	348
development, management, or preservation of lands and waters	349
within the United States or Canada that provide or will provide	350
habitat for waterfowl with migration routes that cross this	351
state.	352
No moneys derived from the issuance of wetlands habitat	353

stamps shall be spent for purposes other than those specified by	354
this section. All investment earnings of the fund shall be	355
credited to the fund.	356
Wetlands habitat stamps shall be furnished by and in a	357
form prescribed by the chief of the division of wildlife and	358
issued by clerks and other agents authorized to issue licenses	359
and permits under section 1533.13 of the Revised Code. The	360
record of stamps kept by the clerks and other agents shall be	361
uniform throughout the state, in such form or manner as the	362
director prescribes, and open at all reasonable hours to the	363
inspection of any person. Unless otherwise provided by rule,	364
each stamp shall remain in force until midnight of the thirty-	365
first day of August next ensuing. Wetlands habitat stamps may be	366
issued in any manner to any person on any date, whether or not	367
that date is within the period in which they are effective.	368
Every person to whom this section applies, while hunting	369
ducks, geese, or brant, shall carry an unexpired wetlands	370
habitat stamp that is validated by the person's signature	371
written on the stamp in ink and shall exhibit the stamp to any	372
enforcement officer so requesting. No person shall fail to carry	373
and exhibit the person's stamp.	374
A wetlands habitat stamp is not transferable.	375
The chief shall establish a procedure to obtain subject	376
matter to be printed on the wetlands habitat stamp and shall	377
use, dispose of, or distribute the subject matter as the chief	378
considers necessary. The chief also shall adopt rules necessary	379
to administer this section.	380

This section does not apply to persons under sixteen years

of age nor to persons exempted from procuring a hunting license

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under section 1533.10 or division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of
the Revised Code.

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Sec. 1533.12. (A) (1) Except as otherwise provided in 385 division (A)(2) of this section, every person on active duty in 386 the armed forces of the United States who is stationed in this 387 state and who wishes to engage in an activity for which a 388 license, permit, or stamp is required under this chapter first 389 shall obtain the requisite license, permit, or stamp. Such a 390 person is eligible to obtain a resident hunting or fishing 391 license regardless of whether the person qualifies as a resident 392 of this state. To obtain a resident hunting or fishing license, 393 the person shall present a card or other evidence identifying 394 the person as being on active duty in the armed forces of the 395 United States and as being stationed in this state. 396

(2) Every person on active duty in the armed forces of the 397 United States, while on leave or furlough, may take or catch 398 fish of the kind lawfully permitted to be taken or caught within 399 the state, may hunt any wild bird or wild quadruped lawfully 400 permitted to be hunted within the state, and may trap fur-401 bearing animals lawfully permitted to be trapped within the 402 403 state, without procuring a fishing license, a hunting license, a fur taker permit, or a wetlands habitat stamp required by this 404 chapter, provided that the person shall carry on the person when 405 fishing, hunting, or trapping, a card or other evidence 406 identifying the person as being on active duty in the armed 407 forces of the United States, and provided that the person is not 408 otherwise violating any of the hunting, fishing, and trapping 409 laws of this state. 410

In order to hunt deer or wild turkey, any such person 411 shall obtain a deer or wild turkey permit, as applicable, under 412

section 1533.11 of the Revised Code. However, the person need	413
not obtain a hunting license in order to obtain such a permit.	414
(B) The chief of the division of wildlife shall provide by	415
rule adopted under section 1531.10 of the Revised Code all of	416
the following:	417
(1) Every resident of this state with a disability that	418
has been determined by the veterans administration to be	419
permanently and totally disabling, who receives a pension or	420
compensation from the veterans administration, and who received	421
an honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United	422
States, and ; every veteran to whom the registrar of motor	423
vehicles has issued a set of license plates under section	424
4503.41 of the Revised Code τ ; and a partially disabled veteran	425
shall be issued a fishing license, hunting license, fur taker	426
permit, deer or wild turkey permit, or wetlands habitat stamp,	427
or any combination of those licenses, permits, and stamp, free	428
of charge on an annual, multi-year, or lifetime basis as	429
determined appropriate by the chief when application is made to	430
the chief in the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by	431
the chief.	432
As used in division (B)(1) of this section, "partially	433
disabled veteran" means a resident of this state who is a	434
veteran of the armed forces of the United States, including	435
reserve components thereof, or of the national guard, who has	436
been discharged or released from active duty in the armed forces	437
under honorable conditions, and who has received a schedule	438
rating of fifty per cent or more for compensation based on	439
individual unemployability for a service-connected disability or	440
combination of service-connected disabilities as prescribed in	441
Title 38, Part 4 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended.	442

(2) Every resident of the state who was born on or before	443
December 31, 1937, shall be issued an annual fishing license,	444
hunting license, fur taker permit, deer or wild turkey permit,	445
or wetlands habitat stamp, or any combination of those licenses,	446
permits, and stamp, free of charge when application is made to	447
the chief in the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by	448
the chief.	449
(3) Every resident of state or county institutions,	450
charitable institutions, and military homes in this state shall	451
be issued an annual fishing license free of charge when	452
application is made to the chief in the manner prescribed by and	453
on forms provided by the chief.	454
(4) Any mobility impaired or blind person, as defined in	455
section 955.011 of the Revised Code, who is a resident of this	456
state and who is unable to engage in fishing without the	457
assistance of another person shall be issued an annual fishing	458
license free of charge when application is made to the chief in	459
the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief. The	460
person who is assisting the mobility impaired or blind person	461
may assist in taking or catching fish of the kind permitted to	462
be taken or caught without procuring the license required under	463
section 1533.32 of the Revised Code, provided that only one line	464
is used by both persons.	465
(5) As used in division (B)(5) of this section, "prisoner	466
of war" means any regularly appointed, enrolled, enlisted, or	467
inducted member of the military forces of the United States who	468
was captured, separated, and incarcerated by an enemy of the	469
United States.	470

Any person who has been a prisoner of war, was honorably

discharged from the military forces, and is a resident of this

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state shall be issued a fishing license, hunting license, fur	473
taker permit, or wetlands habitat stamp, or any combination of	474
those licenses, permits, and stamp, free of charge on an annual,	475
multi-year, or lifetime basis as determined appropriate by the	476
chief when application is made to the chief in the manner	477
prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief.	478
(C) The chief shall adopt rules pursuant to section	479
1531.08 of the Revised Code designating not more than two days,	480
which need not be consecutive, in each year as "free sport	481
fishing days" on which any resident may exercise the privileges	482
accorded the holder of a fishing license issued under section	483
1533.32 of the Revised Code without procuring such a license,	484
provided that the person is not otherwise violating any of the	485
fishing laws of this state.	486
Sec. 1533.32. Except as provided in this section or	487
division (A)(2) or (C) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code,	488
no person, including nonresidents, shall take or catch any fish	489
by angling in any of the waters in the state or engage in	490
fishing in those waters without a license. No person shall take	491
or catch frogs or turtles without a valid fishing license,	492
except as provided in this section. Persons fishing in privately	493
owned ponds, lakes, or reservoirs to or from which fish are not	494
accustomed to migrate are exempt from the license requirements	495
set forth in this section. Persons fishing in privately owned	496
ponds, lakes, or reservoirs that are open to public fishing	497
through an agreement or lease with the division of wildlife	498
shall comply with the license requirements set forth in this	499

The fee for an annual license shall be thirty-nine dollars

for a resident of a state that is not a party to an agreement

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section.

under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. The fee for an annual	503
license shall be eighteen dollars for a resident of a state that	504
is a party to such an agreement. The fee for an annual license	505
for residents of this state shall be eighteen dollars unless the	506
except as provided in rules adopted under division (B) of	507
section 1533.12 of the Revised Code provide for issuance of a	508
resident fishing license to the applicant free of charge. Except	509
as provided in rules adopted under division (B)(2) of that	510
section, each applicant who is a resident of this state and who	511
at the time of application is sixty-six years of age or older	512
shall procure a special senior fishing license, the fee for	513
which shall be one-half of the annual resident fishing license	514
fee.	515

Any person under the age of sixteen years may take or catch frogs and turtles and take or catch fish by angling without a license.

The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a 519 tourist's license expiring three days from the effective date of 520 the license to a resident of a state that is not a party to an 521 agreement under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. The fee for 522 a tourist's license shall be eighteen dollars. 523

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The chief shall adopt rules under section 1531.10 of the 524 Revised Code providing for the issuance of a one-day fishing 525 license to a resident of this state or of any other state. The 526 fee for such a license shall be fifty-five per cent of the 527 amount established under this section for a tourist's license, 528 rounded up to the nearest whole dollar. A one-day fishing 529 license shall allow the holder to take or catch fish by angling 530 in the waters in the state, engage in fishing in those waters, 531 or take or catch frogs or turtles in those waters for one day 532

without obtaining an annual license or a tourist's license under	533
this section. At the request of a holder of a one-day fishing	534
license who wishes to obtain an annual license, a clerk or agent	535
authorized to issue licenses under section 1533.13 of the	536
Revised Code, not later than the last day on which the one-day	537
license would be valid if it were an annual license, shall	538
credit the amount of the fee paid for the one-day license toward	539
the fee charged for the annual license if so authorized by the	540
chief. The clerk or agent shall issue the annual license upon	541
presentation of the one-day license and payment of a fee in an	542
amount equal to the difference between the fee for the annual	543
license and the fee for the one-day license.	544
Unless otherwise provided by division rule, each annual	545

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license shall begin on the first day of March of the current year and expire on the last day of February of the following year.

No person shall alter a fishing license or possess a fishing license that has been altered.

No person shall procure or attempt to procure a fishing license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any false statement.

554 A resident of this state who owns land over, through, upon, or along which any water flows or stands, except where the 555 land is in or borders on state parks or state-owned lakes, 556 together with the members of the immediate families of such 557 owners, including grandchildren of any age of the owner, may 558 take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind 559 permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring a 560 license provided for in this section. This exemption extends to 561 tenants actually residing upon such lands and to the members of 562

the immediate families of the tenants, including grandchildren	563
of any age of the tenants. A resident of any other state who	564
owns land in this state over, through, upon, or along which any	565
water flows or stands, except where the land is in or borders on	566
state parks or state-owned lakes, and the spouse-and_,_children,_	567
and grandchildren living with the owner, may take frogs and	568
turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind permitted to be	569
taken or caught from that water without obtaining a license	570
under this section, provided that the state of residence of the	571
owner allows residents of this state owning real property in	572
that state, and the spouse-and-, children, and grandchildren	573
living with such a property owner, to take frogs and turtles and	574
take or catch fish without a license. If the owner of such land	575
in this state is a limited liability company or a limited	576
liability partnership that consists of three or fewer individual	577
members or partners, as applicable, an individual member or	578
partner who is a resident of this state and the member's or	579
partner's children of any age and grandchildren of any age may	580
take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind	581
permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring a	582
license provided for in this section. In addition, if the owner	583
of such land in this state is a trust that has a total of three	584
or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a	585
trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and	586
the individual's children of any age and grandchildren of any	587
age may take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the	588
kind permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring	589
a license provided for in this section. Residents of state or	590
county institutions, charitable institutions, and military homes	591
in this state may take frogs and turtles without procuring the	592
required license, provided that a member of the institution or	593
home has an identification card, which shall be carried on that	594

person when fishing.	595
Every fisher required to be licensed, while fishing or	596
taking or attempting to take frogs or turtles, shall carry the	597
license and exhibit it to any person. Failure to so carry and	598
exhibit the license constitutes an offense under this section.	599
Sec. 1533.81. Every person who owns, holds, or controls	600
land or water, within a state or federal waterfowl management	601
area, shall obtain annually a permit from the chief of the	602
division of wildlife prior to permitting the hunting or taking	603
of waterfowl on that land or water. The annual permit entitles	604
the permittee to possess or control blinds, pits, or similar	605
legal devices of concealment on the lands and waters described	606
in the application for a permit. This permit shall be designated	607
as a "waterfowl hunting area permit" and shall be displayed	608
openly at the address of the area indicated on the application	609
for a permit. All such permits shall expire each year at	610
midnight on the first day of February.	611
Qualifications and fees for the permit shall be prescribed	612
and set by the chief of the division of wildlife, with the	613
approval of the director of the department of natural resources,	614
in accordance with Chapters 119. and 1531. of the Revised Code.	615
The holders of such permits shall operate in conformity with	616
Chapter 1531. of the Revised Code or under such additional rules	617
as the chief of the division of wildlife may prescribe.	618
No person shall engage in the hunting of waterfowl on an	619
area of land or water for which a waterfowl hunting area permit	620
has been issued by the division of wildlife without the	621
permission of the person designated on the permit as the owner	622

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or the person in control of the area.

The landowner and the children and grandchildren of the	624
owner and persons residing on lands and waters within a	625
waterfowl management area shall not be required to secure the	626
permit required by this section while the landowner and his the	627
<u>landowner's</u> children <u>and grandchildren</u> are hunting on lands—he—	628
the landowner owns and the other persons are hunting on lands on	629
which they reside.	630
The holder of this permit shall daily record the name of	631
each hunter and the number and kinds of waterfowl taken on the	632
area on forms provided by the division. The records shall be	633
available for inspection by an employee of the division at all	634
reasonable times and shall be forwarded to the division within	635
one week after the close of each waterfowl season or at more	636
frequent times as may be requested by the chief. Falsifying or	637
failure to submit accurate reports constitutes grounds for the	638
chief to deny future permits.	639
Section 2. That existing sections 1533.10, 1533.11,	640
1533.111, 1533.112, 1533.12, 1533.32, and 1533.81 of the Revised	641

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Code are hereby repealed.