

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 3082

To establish a program to establish permanent features for flood control in areas in which temporary features have been constructed, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 18, 2019

Mrs. GILLIBRAND (for herself, Ms. ERNST, and Mr. GRASSLEY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To establish a program to establish permanent features for flood control in areas in which temporary features have been constructed, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Local Expertise is
- 5 Vital for Effective Embankments Act" or the "LEVEE
- 6 Act".
- 7 SEC. 2. ESTABLISHING PERMANENT FEATURES FROM
- 8 EMERGENCY RESPONSE MEASURES.
- 9 (a) Definitions.—In this section:

1	(1) Impacted community.—The term "im-
2	pacted community" means an entity that has re-
3	ceived emergency flood fighting assistance under sec-
4	tion 5 of the Act of August 18, 1941 (commonly
5	known as the "Flood Control Act of 1941") (55
6	Stat. 650, chapter 377; 33 U.S.C. 701n), that in-
7	volved the construction of a temporary structure.
8	(2) Permanent feature.—The term "perma-
9	nent feature" means a structural or nonstructural
10	measure typical in a flood control project.
11	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
12	the Secretary of the Army.
13	(4) Small or disadvantaged community.—
14	The term "small or disadvantaged community"
15	means a community—
16	(A) with a population of less than 10,000;
17	or
18	(B) that is—
19	(i) financially disadvantaged; and
20	(ii) at risk from repeat flooding
21	events.
22	(b) Evaluation of Temporary Structures.—
23	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on request of
24	an impacted community, the Secretary shall evaluate
25	whether the temporary structure warrants consideration

1	for a permanent feature, in accordance with subsection
2	(e).
3	(c) Considerations.—In evaluating a temporary
4	structure under subsection (b), the Secretary shall con-
5	sider—
6	(1) the likelihood that a similar structure wil
7	need to be constructed in the area in the future it
8	the temporary structure, or a similar structure, is
9	not made permanent;
10	(2) the extent to which similar structures have
11	been constructed in the area previously and re-
12	moved;
13	(3) the economic, safety, and environmental
14	benefits and impacts of establishing a permanent
15	feature in the watershed of the impacted community
16	(4) the extent of the modifications necessary to
17	make the temporary structure a permanent feature
18	and
19	(5) the costs of the modifications described in
20	paragraph (4).
21	(d) Conversion of Temporary Structures.—
22	(1) In General.—After the Secretary com-
23	pletes an evaluation under subsection (b), if the Sec-
24	retary determines that the temporary structure

should become a permanent feature, or that a per-

25

manent feature would prevent damage similar to
damage prevented by the temporary structure, and
subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall begin
the planning and design of the permanent feature in
accordance with all applicable design and construction standards and legal requirements of the Secretary, including all applicable environmental laws.

(2) Project cost.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may carry out the planning, design, and construction of a project described in paragraph (1) if the total construction cost of the project is not expected to exceed \$25,000,000.
- (B) Large Projects.—If the total construction cost of a project described in paragraph (1) is expected to be greater than \$25,000,000, the Secretary—
 - (i) shall submit to Congress a request to carry out the project in a manner similar to a Chief's Report; and
 - (ii) may not carry out the project until Congress authorizes the construction of the project.
- (C) Demolition.—Demolition of a temporary structure under this section shall be sub-

ject to the cost-share requirement under para-
graph (3), but the costs of that demolition shall
not be included in the total construction cost of
the project under subparagraphs (A) and (B).
(3) Cost-share.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The non-Federal share of the cost of carrying out a project under this section shall be not more than 35 percent.
- (B) SMALL OR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES.—In the case of a project carried out under this section in an impacted community that is a small or disadvantaged community, the Federal share of the cost of a project may be up to 100 percent, based on the ability of the community to pay.

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