

#### 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2203

To increase transparency, accountability, and community engagement within the Department of Homeland Security, provide independent oversight of border security activities, improve training for agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 10, 2019

Ms. ESCOBAR (for herself, Mr. Castro of Texas, Mr. Espaillat, and Ms. Garcia of Texas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

To increase transparency, accountability, and community engagement within the Department of Homeland Security, provide independent oversight of border security activities, improve training for agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Homeland Security
3	Improvement Act''.
4	SEC. 2. STAKEHOLDER AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT.
5	(a) Department of Homeland Security Border
6	Oversight Commission.—
7	(1) Establishment.—There is established an
8	independent commission, which shall be known as
9	the "Department of Homeland Security Border
10	Oversight Commission" (in this Act referred to as
11	the "Commission").
12	(2) Organization.—
13	(A) Leadership.—The Commission shall
14	be led by a Chair and Vice Chair.
15	(B) Membership.—
16	(i) In General.—The Commission
17	shall be composed of 30 members, rec-
18	ommended by Congress, in consultation
19	with the President, who have expertise in
20	migration, local crime indices, civil and
21	human rights, community relations, cross-
22	border trade and commerce, quality of life
23	indicators, or other pertinent experience, of
24	whom—

1	(I) 13 members shall be from the
2	northern border region and shall in-
3	clude—
4	(aa) two local government
5	elected officials;
6	(bb) two local law enforce-
7	ment officials;
8	(ce) two civil rights advo-
9	cates;
10	(dd) one business represent-
11	ative;
12	(ee) one higher education
13	representative;
14	(ff) one representative of a
15	faith community;
16	(gg) two representatives of
17	the U.S. Border Patrol; and
18	(hh) two tribal officials; and
19	(II) 17 members shall be from
20	the southern border region and shall
21	include—
22	(aa) three local government
23	elected officials;
24	(bb) three local law enforce-
25	ment officials;

1	(cc) three civil rights advo-
2	cates;
3	(dd) two business represent-
4	atives;
5	(ee) one higher education
6	representative;
7	(ff) one representative of a
8	faith community;
9	(gg) two representatives of
10	the U.S. Border Patrol; and
11	(hh) two tribal officials.
12	(ii) Chair, vice chair.—The mem-
13	bers of the Commission shall elect a Chair
14	and a Vice Chair from among its members
15	by a majority vote of at least 16 members.
16	(iii) Terms of Service.—The Chair
17	and Vice Chair of the Commission shall
18	serve for terms of four years. Members of
19	the Commission shall serve for terms of
20	four years.
21	(iv) Appointment deadline.—Mem-
22	bers of the Commission shall be appointed
23	not later than 180 days after the date of
24	the enactment of this Act.
25	(3) Meetings.—

1	(A) Commission.—The Commission shall
2	meet at least semiannually, and may convene
3	additional meetings as necessary.
4	(B) Subcommittees.—The northern bor-
5	der and southern border subcommittees shall
6	meet at least quarterly, and may convene addi-
7	tional meetings as necessary.
8	(4) Duties.—The Commission, and the north-
9	ern border and southern border subcommittees,
10	shall—
11	(A) develop recommendations for improve-
12	ments regarding border enforcement policies,
13	strategies, and programs that take into consid-
14	eration their impact on border communities;
15	(B) evaluate policies, strategies, and pro-
16	grams of Federal agencies operating along the
17	northern and southern borders to—
18	(i) protect—
19	(I) due process;
20	(II) the civil and human rights of
21	border residents and visitors; and
22	(III) private property rights of
23	land owners;
24	(ii) reduce the number of migrant
25	deaths; and

- 1 (iii) improve the safety of agents and
  2 officers of U.S. Customs and Border Pro3 tection and U.S. Immigration and Customs
  4 Enforcement;
  - (C) develop recommendations for improvements regarding the safety of agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement when such agents and officers are in the field; and
  - (D) evaluate training, including establishing training courses related to management and leadership skills for supervisors in each U.S. Border Patrol sector, at each port of entry on the northern and southern borders, and at each U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement field office and the extent to which supervisory and management personnel practices at U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement encourage and facilitate workforce development for agents and officers, promote agent and officer field safety, and post-FLETC training of border enforcement personnel in accordance with section 6.

# (5) Additional responsibilities.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the duties specified in paragraph (5), the Commission shall take into consideration any recommendations and evaluations agreed upon by the northern border and southern border subcommittees.
- (B) SUBCOMMITTEE REPORTS.—The northern border and southern border sub-committees shall annually submit to the Chair and Vice Chair of the Commission a publicly available report containing the recommendations and evaluations of the subcommittees pursuant to paragraph (5).
- (6) Prohibition on compensation.—Members of the Commission and the northern border and southern border subcommittees may not receive pay, allowances, or benefits from the Government by reason of their service on the Commission or the subcommittees.
- 20 (b) Hearings and Evidence.—The Commission or, 21 on the authority of the Commission, any subcommittee or 22 member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this 23 Act hold such hearings, and sit and act at such times and 24 places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, and ad-25 minister such oaths as the Commission or such designated

- 1 subcommittee or designated member determines necessary
- 2 to carry out its duties under subsection (a)(5).
- 3 (c) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this Act may
- 4 be construed as affecting in any manner the investigative
- 5 and disciplinary procedures of U.S. Customs and Border
- 6 Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement,
- 7 or the Department of Homeland Security with respect to
- 8 agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
- 9 tion or U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
- 10 (d) Reports.—

ceding year.

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- 11 (1) Annual reports.—The Commission shall 12 annually submit to the Secretary of Homeland Secu-13 rity a publicly available report containing informa-14 tion on the activities, findings, and recommendations 15 of the Commission, including the northern border 16 and southern border subcommittees, for the pre-
  - (2) Congressional Notification.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall brief the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate on each report required under paragraph (1).

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	SEC	Ж.	ESTABL	ISHMENT	OR THE	ORRICH	$()$ H $^{\circ}$	тнк (	DWKUDS-

- 2 MAN FOR BORDER AND IMMIGRATION RE-
- 3 LATED CONCERNS.
- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 452 of the Homeland Se-
- 5 curity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 272) is amended to read
- 6 as follows:

#### 7 "SEC. 452. OMBUDSMAN FOR BORDER AND IMMIGRATION

- 8 RELATED CONCERNS.
- 9 "(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the De-
- 10 partment an Ombudsman for Border and Immigration Re-
- 11 lated Concerns (in this section referred to as the 'Ombuds-
- 12 man'). The individual appointed as Ombudsman shall have
- 13 a background in immigration or civil liberties law or law
- 14 enforcement. The Ombudsman shall report directly to the
- 15 Secretary.
- 16 "(b) Organizational Independence.—The Sec-
- 17 retary shall take appropriate action to ensure the inde-
- 18 pendence of the Ombudsman's office from other officers
- 19 or employees of the Department engaged in border secu-
- 20 rity or immigration activities.
- 21 "(c) Staffing.—The Secretary shall take appro-
- 22 priate action to ensure that the Ombudsman's office is
- 23 sufficiently staffed and resourced to carry out its duties
- 24 effectively and efficiently.
- 25 "(d) Functions.—The functions of the Ombudsman
- 26 shall be as follows:

- "(1) To establish an independent, neutral, and appropriately confidential process to receive, inves-tigate, resolve, and provide redress, including immi-gration relief, monetary damages, or any other ac-tion determined appropriate, for complaints, griev-ances, or requests for assistance from individuals, associations, and employers regarding the border se-curity and immigration activities of the Department.
  - "(2) To conduct inspections of the facilities, including privately-owned or operated contract facilities, of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.
  - "(3) To assist individuals and families who have been victims of crimes committed by aliens unlawfully present in the United States or of violence near the United States border, and individuals and families impacted by situations in which the Department has exercised force against an individual, including by use of a firearm, taser, explosive device, chemical agent, baton, projectile, blunt instrument, body part, canine, or vehicle.
  - "(4) To identify areas in which individuals, associations, and employers have identified concerns with respect to interacting with U.S. Customs and

- Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs
  Enforcement, or United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.
  - "(5) To propose changes in the administrative practices of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and United States Citizenship and Immigration Services to mitigate problems identified under this section.
    - "(6) To review, examine, and make recommendations regarding the border security and immigration and enforcement activities of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.
    - "(7) To establish a uniform and standardized complaint process regarding complaints against any individual employed by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement for violations of standards of professional conduct. Such complaint process shall have the following components:
      - "(A) Require that all complaints receive an independent review and investigation completed not later than one year from the date of receipt of each such complaint.

- "(B) Require that complainants receive 1 2 written confirmation of receipt of their complaints not later than 60 days from the date of 3 4 receipt of each such complaint, and a written 5 summary regarding the outcome of such com-6 plaints not later than 30 days after the review and investigation under subparagraph (A) is 7 8 complete, including findings of fact, 9 ommended action, and available redress.
  - "(C) Feature a centralized multilingual online complaint form that includes street address, toll-free telephone number, and electronic mailbox address to permit an individual to file an immigration or border-related complaint and submit supporting evidence through the portal of choice of any such individual. Multilingual information relating to such form shall be visible at ports of entry and at U.S. Border Patrol interior checkpoints.
  - "(D) Include procedures for referring complaints to the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties, Office of the Inspector General, or other appropriate agency of the Department.
  - "(E) Establish a publicly accessible national, standardized database capable of track-

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1	ing and analyzing complaints and their resolu-
2	tion.
3	"(F) Provide publicly accessible records,
4	with copies of complaints, and their resolutions
5	permanently preserved and available for inspec-
6	tion, while maintaining the confidentiality of
7	complainants' identities.
8	"(8) To establish an online detainee locator sys-
9	tem for individuals held in U.S. Customs and Border
10	Protection custody.
11	"(e) Other Responsibilities.—In addition to the
12	functions specified in subsection (d), the Ombudsman
13	shall—
13 14	shall—  "(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo-
14	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo-
14 15	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including appointing local ombudsmen for border and immi-
14 15 16 17	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including appointing local ombudsmen for border and immi- gration related concerns;
14 15 16 17 18	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including appointing local ombudsmen for border and immi- gration related concerns; "(2) evaluate and take personnel actions (in-
14 15 16 17 18	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including appointing local ombudsmen for border and immi- gration related concerns; "(2) evaluate and take personnel actions (in- cluding dismissal) with respect to any employee of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including appointing local ombudsmen for border and immi- gration related concerns; "(2) evaluate and take personnel actions (in- cluding dismissal) with respect to any employee of the Ombudsman;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(1) monitor the coverage and geographic allo- cation of local offices of the Ombudsman, including appointing local ombudsmen for border and immi- gration related concerns; "(2) evaluate and take personnel actions (in- cluding dismissal) with respect to any employee of the Ombudsman; "(3) recommend disciplinary action, including

proven to have violated departmental policies or pro-

- cedures while executing any border security or immigration activity;
- "(4) refer to the Inspector General of the Department any complaints of the violation of departmental policies or procedures by any Department employee relating to border security or immigration activity; and
- 6 "(5) provide a complainant with a summary of 9 the outcome of any action taken in response to a 10 complaint, grievance, or request for assistance from 11 such complainant, including any findings of fact, 12 recommended action, and available redress.
- 13 "(f) COMPLAINANTS.—The following shall apply to 14 all complainants:
  - "(1) Any interested party, including a legal representative, may file a complaint through the complaint process established pursuant to subsection (d)(7).
  - "(2) Complainants and other individuals identified in a complaint shall be protected from retaliatory action by law enforcement or by any officer of the United States based on the content of such complaint, and no information contained in a complaint that is germane to such complaint may be used as evidence in any removal or criminal proceedings

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- against the complainant or any individual identified
  in such complaint.
- "(3) Neither the filing of a complaint nor the contents of a complaint shall in any way confer immunity or otherwise impact any removal or criminal proceedings against a complainant or an individual identified in such complaint.
  - "(4) No personally identifiable information related to an individual involved in a complaint which would result in identification of such individual may be published.
- 12 "(5) Complainants shall receive full assistance 13 from the Department in filing complaints, including 14 language assistance, accommodations for disabilities, 15 and accurate and complete responses to their ques-16 tions.
- "(g) Request for Investigations.—The Ombudsman is authorized to request the Inspector General of the Department to conduct inspections, investigations, and audits related to subsections (d), (e), and (f).
- 21 "(h) COORDINATION WITH DEPARTMENT COMPO-22 NENTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of United
   States Citizenship and Immigration Services, the Assistant Secretary of U.S. Immigration and Customs

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1	Enforcement, and the Commissioner of U.S. Cus-
2	toms and Border Protection shall each establish pro-
3	cedures to provide formal responses to recommenda-
4	tions submitted to such officials by the Ombudsman
5	within 60 days of receiving such recommendations.
6	"(2) Access to information.—The Secretary
7	shall establish procedures to provide the Ombuds-
8	man access to all departmental records necessary to
9	execute the responsibilities of the Ombudsman under
10	subsection (d) or (e) not later than 60 days after a
11	request from the Ombudsman for such information
12	"(i) Public Outreach.—The Secretary shall—
13	"(1) take all appropriate action to advise the
14	public regarding the existence, duties, responsibil-
15	ities, and grievance processes of the Ombudsman's
16	office; and
17	"(2) shall promulgate regulations to ensure—
18	"(A) the public's ability to file grievances
19	with the Ombudsman's office electronically; and
20	"(B) that absent written permission of all
21	affected parties, all documents submitted to the
22	Ombudsman's office are used solely by the Om-
23	budsman's office to advance the purposes de-

scribed in this section.

- 1 "(j) Annual Reporting.—Not later than June 30
- 2 of each year beginning in the year after the date of the
- 3 enactment of this subsection, the Ombudsman shall sub-
- 4 mit to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Com-
- 5 mittee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives
- 6 and the Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-
- 7 mental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the
- 8 Senate a report that includes the following:
- 9 "(1) The number and type of complaints re-
- 10 ceived under this section, the demographics of com-
- plainants, the results of investigations, including vio-
- lations of standards and any disciplinary actions
- taken, and an identification of any complaint pat-
- terns that could be prevented or reduced by policy
- 15 training or practice changes.
- 16 "(2) An inventory of complaints referred to in
- paragraph (1) for which action has been taken and
- the time between receipt and resolution of each such
- 19 complaint.
- 20 "(3) An inventory of complaints referred to in
- 21 paragraph (1) for which action has not been taken
- after one year, the period during which each com-
- plaint has been open, and the reason for failure to
- resolve each such complaint.

1	"(4) Recommendations the Ombudsman has
2	made to improve the services and responsiveness of
3	United States Citizenship and Immigration Services,
4	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and
5	U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and any re-
6	sponses received from each such component or the
7	Department regarding such recommendations.
8	"(5) Other information as the Ombudsman de-
9	termines advisable.
10	"(k) Establishment of Border Communities Li-
11	AISON OFFICE.—
12	"(1) In General.—The Ombudsman, in con-
13	junction with the Office for Civil Rights and Civil
14	Liberties of the Department, shall establish a Bor-
15	der Community Liaison Office (in this subsection re-
16	ferred to as the 'Liaison Office') in each U.S. Bor-
17	der Patrol sector on the northern and southern bor-
18	ders.
19	"(2) Purposes.—Each Liaison Office under
20	this subsection shall—
21	"(A) foster cooperation between the U.S.
22	Border Patrol, the Office of Field Operations of
23	the Department, U.S. Immigration and Cus-
24	toms Enforcement, and border communities:

1	"(B) consult with border communities on
2	the development of policies, directives, and pro-
3	grams of the U.S. Border Patrol, the Office of
4	Field Operations, and U.S. Immigration and
5	Customs Enforcement; and
6	"(C) receive feedback from border commu-
7	nities on the performance of the U.S. Border
8	Patrol, the Office of Field Operations, and U.S.
9	Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
10	"(3) Membership.—Each Liaison Office shall
11	be comprised of equal representation from the bor-
12	der community and U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
13	tection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
14	ment, including at least:
15	"(A) One member of the community in
16	which each U.S. Border Patrol sector is located
17	who has expertise in migration, local public
18	safety, civil and human rights, the local commu-
19	nity, or community relations.
20	"(B) One member of an Indian tribe (as
21	such term is defined in section 4(e) of the In-
22	dian Self-Determination and Education Assist-
23	ance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304(e)) or tribal organi-
24	zation.

1	"(C) One non-uniformed Border Patrol
2	agent with significant experience working for
3	the U.S. Border Patrol.
4	"(D) One non-uniformed CBP officer with
5	significant experience working for U.S. Customs
6	and Border Protection.
7	"(E) One Enforcement and Removal Oper-
8	ations (ERO) agent with significant experience
9	working for U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
10	forcement.
11	"(l) Report on the Impact of Border Enforce-
12	MENT TECHNOLOGIES AND OPERATIONS ON BORDER
13	COMMUNITIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date
14	of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall
15	submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and the
16	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
17	tives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-
18	ernmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of
19	the Senate a report that assesses current efforts and tech-
20	nologies used at United States borders, and the impact
21	on border communities of such efforts and technologies on
22	civil rights, private property rights, privacy rights, and
23	civil liberties.
24	"(m) GAO REPORT ON THE EXTENT OF CBP AC-
25	TIVITIES, OPERATIONS, AND CLAIMED AUTHORITY.—Not

- 1 later than one year after the date of the enactment of this
- 2 subsection, the Comptroller General of the United States
- 3 shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and
- 4 the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
- 5 resentatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
- 6 and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judi-
- 7 ciary of the Senate a report that assesses the following
- 8 issues:
- 9 "(1) How far into the United States interior
- the current activities, operations (including check-
- points), and claimed authority of U.S. Customs and
- 12 Border Protection extend.
- "(2) The extent to which the area of activities,
- operations, and claimed authority referred to in
- paragraph (1) is necessary.
- 16 "(3) The effectiveness of U.S. Customs and
- 17 Border Protection's interior enforcement and its im-
- pact on civil, constitutional, and private property
- rights.".
- 20 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 21 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by
- 22 amending the item relating to section 452 to read as fol-
- 23 lows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 452. Ombudsman for Border and Immigration Related Concerns.".

#### 1 SEC. 4. TRAINING AND CONTINUING EDUCATION.

- 2 (a) Mandatory Training and Continuing Edu-
- 3 CATION TO PROMOTE CBP AGENT AND OFFICER SAFETY
- 4 AND PROFESSIONALISM.—The Secretary of Homeland Se-
- 5 curity shall establish policies and guidelines to ensure that
- 6 every agent and officer of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
- 7 tection receives a minimum of 19 weeks of training that
- 8 are directly related to the mission of the U.S. Border Pa-
- 9 trol and the Office of Field Operations of the Department
- 10 of Homeland Security before the initial assignment of such
- 11 agents and officers, and eight hours of training and con-
- 12 tinuing education annually thereafter. Such training and
- 13 continuing education shall be conducted by attorneys who
- 14 have experience with the Fourth Amendment to the Con-
- 15 stitution, including appropriate application of the use of
- 16 force by agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Border
- 17 Protection. Such attorneys shall be members of the De-
- 18 partment of Homeland Security's Office of General Coun-
- 19 sel, and all instruction provided shall be in alignment with
- 20 curriculum developed and endorsed by FLETC.
- 21 (b) FLETC.—The Secretary of Homeland Security
- 22 shall establish policies and guidelines governing training
- 23 with FLETC and continuing education of agents and offi-
- 24 cers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Im-
- 25 migration and Customs Enforcement regarding border
- 26 awareness, accountability, and oversight. Such training

1	with FLETC shall include individual courses for each or
2	the following issues:
3	(1) Community relations, including the fol-
4	lowing:
5	(A) Best practices in community policing
6	(B) Policies limiting location of enforce
7	ment and cooperation with local law enforce
8	ment.
9	(C) Best practices in responding to grieve
10	ances and how to refer complaints to the Om-
11	budsman for Border and Immigration Related
12	Concerns in accordance with section 452 of the
13	Homeland Security Act of 2002, as amended by
14	section 3 of this Act.
15	(2) Interdiction, including the following:
16	(A) Instruction on formal and proper com-
17	mand language.
18	(B) Situational awareness of what land
19	guage is appropriate.
20	(C) Legal application of use of force poli-
21	cies and guidelines.
22	(D) Policies and training scenarios nec
23	essary to ensure the agent or officer and the
24	community is safe when intervening in situa-
25	tions in urban areas, including—

1	(i) scenario-based training and guide-
2	lines; and
3	(ii) non-lethal force training and cer-
4	tification on at least one non-lethal force
5	instrument, including tasers.
6	(E) Policies necessary to ensure the agent
7	or officer and the community is safe when in-
8	tervening in situations in rural and remote loca-
9	tions.
10	(3) Vulnerable populations, including instruc-
11	tion on screening, identifying, and responding to vul-
12	nerable populations, such as children, victims of
13	human trafficking, and the acutely ill.
14	(4) Cultural and societal issues, including the
15	following:
16	(A) Understanding of the diversity of im-
17	migrant communities.
18	(B) Language and basic cultural aware-
19	ness of major migrant-sending countries.
20	(C) Natural resource protection and envi-
21	ronmental policies along the border.
22	(D) Privacy considerations regarding bor-
23	der-related technologies.
24	(E) History and ethics of asylum law.

1	(5) Standards of professional conduct, including
2	the following:
3	(A) Lawful use of force.
4	(B) Complying with chain of command and
5	lawful orders.
6	(C) Conduct and ethical behavior toward
7	the public in a civil and professional manner.
8	(D) Respect for civil rights and protection
9	of the well-being of individuals.
10	(E) Non-racially biased questioning.
11	(F) De-escalation tactics and alternatives
12	to use of force.
13	(c) Supervisor Training.—In addition to the train-
14	ing and continuing education required under subsections
15	(a) and (b), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall es-
16	tablish policies and guidelines governing the continuing
17	education of agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Bor-
18	der Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
19	forcement who attain a supervisory or management posi-
20	tion. Such training and continuing education shall include
21	the following:
22	(1) Instruction relating to management and
23	leadership best practices.
24	(2) Refresher instruction or in-service training
25	relating to legal application of use of force policies

- and guidelines, intervention, community relations,
  and professional conduct.
- 3 (3) Mitigation training to identify, diagnose, 4 and address issues within such supervisory and man-5 agement roles.
- 6 (d) Review Process.—The Secretary of Homeland 7 Security shall establish a review process to ensure that 8 port supervisors and managers of U.S. Customs and Bor-
- 9 der Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
- 10 forcement, as the case may be, are evaluated annually on
- 11 their actions and standards of conduct, and on the actions,
- 12 situational and educational development, and standards of
- 13 conduct of their staffs.
- (e) Continuing Education.—
- 15 (1) In General.—The Secretary of Homeland
- 16 Security shall annually require all agents and offi-
- 17 cers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and
- 18 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement who
- are required to undergo training under subsections
- 20 (a) through (c) to participate in continuing edu-
- 21 cation to maintain and update understanding of
- Federal legal rulings, court decisions, and Depart-
- 23 ment of Homeland Security policies, procedures, and
- 24 guidelines related to the subject matters described in
- such subsections.

- 1 (2)CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY SUBJECT 2 MATTER.—Continuing education under this sub-3 section shall include a course on protecting the civil, constitutional, human, and privacy rights of individ-5 uals, with special emphasis on the scope of enforce-6 ment authority, including chain of evidence practices 7 and document seizure, and use of force policies 8 available to agents and officers.
  - (3) Additional subject matters.—Continuing education under this subsection shall also include a course on the following:
    - (A) Scope of authority to conduct immigration enforcement activities, including interviews, interrogations, stops, searches, arrests, and detentions, in addition to identifying and detecting fraudulent documents.
    - (B) Identifying, screening, and responsibility for vulnerable populations, such as children and victims of trafficking.
    - (C) Cultural and societal issues, including understanding of the diversity of immigrant communities, language and basic cultural awareness of major migrant-sending countries, and natural resource protection and environmental policies along the border.

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1	(4) Administration.—Courses offered as part
2	of continuing education under this subsection
3	shall—
4	(A) be administered in consultation with
5	FLETC by the individual U.S. Border Patrol
6	sectors and the Office of Field Operations of
7	the Department of Homeland Security in order
8	to provide such sectors' field offices with flexi-
9	bility to design or tailor such courses to the
10	specific needs and conditions of each such sec-
11	tor and field office; and
12	(B) be approved by the Secretary of Home-
13	land Security before being offered to ensure
14	that such courses satisfy the requirements for
15	training under this section.
16	(5) ROTATION.—Courses offered as part of con-
17	tinuing education under this subsection shall in-
18	clude—
19	(A) a yearly course focusing on the cur-
20	riculum described in paragraph (2); and
21	(B) an additional course to be rotated on
22	a three-year basis focusing on curriculum de-
23	scribed in paragraph (3).
24	(f) Assessment.—Not later than six years after the
25	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General

- 1 of the United States shall submit to the Committee on
- 2 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
- 3 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
- 4 Affairs of the Senate a report that assesses the training
- 5 and education, including continuing education, required
- 6 under this section.

#### 7 SEC. 5. MANAGEMENT OF PORTS OF ENTRY.

- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 9 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Home-
- 10 land Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland
- 11 Security of the House of Representatives and the Com-
- 12 mittee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs
- 13 of the Senate a report that contains an assessment of the
- 14 current standards and guidelines for managing ports of
- 15 entry under the control of the Department of Homeland
- 16 Security. Such assessment shall include information relat-
- 17 ing to the following:
- 18 (1) Staffing levels and the need for additional
- staffing.
- 20 (2) Rules governing the actions of Office of
- 21 Field Operations agents.
- 22 (3) Average delays for transit through air, land,
- and sea ports of entry.
- 24 (4) An assessment of existing efforts and tech-
- 25 nologies used for border security, and the effect of

the use of such efforts and technologies on facilitating trade at ports of entry and their impact on civil rights, private property rights, privacy rights,

and civil liberties.

- 5 (5) The economic impact of the policies and practices of CBP Agricultural Specialists and Office of Field Operations work.
- 8 (6) Physical infrastructure and technological 9 needs at ports of entry.
- (7) A plan for increasing the number of Border
   Patrol officers certified as EMTs.
- 12 (8) An assessment for implementing body worn 13 cameras for Border Patrol agents, including relating 14 to storage and public availability of associated data.
- 15 (b) UPDATES.—Based upon the information and as16 sessment contained in the report required under sub17 section (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall es18 tablish updated guidelines and standards for managing
  19 ports of entry under the control of the Department of
  20 Homeland Security to address any identified needs or
- 21 shortcomings at such ports of entry, including, if applica-
- 22 ble, the following:
- 23 (1) Increasing levels of staffing of CBP Agricul-24 tural Specialists at ports of entry at which delays

- hinder or negatively impact the local or national
   economies.
- 3 (2) Increasing the use of or updating tech-4 nology at ports of entry at which there are average 5 delays of over two hours based on U.S. Customs and 6 Border Protection data collected during the previous 7 fiscal year.
- 8 (3) Publishing rules on the handling of docu-9 ments at ports of entry.
  - (4) Establishing standards of conduct and demeanor when interacting with vulnerable populations, such as children and victims of human trafficking, and individuals with border crossing cards.
- 14 (5) Establishing training courses relating to 15 management and leadership skills for supervisors 16 and managers at ports of entry.

### 17 SEC. 6. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- 18 (a) Annual CBP Report on Mission and Per-
- 19 SONNEL BY BORDER PATROL SECTOR.—Not later than
- 20 one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and
- 21 annually thereafter, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
- 22 and Border Protection shall submit to the Committee on
- 23 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
- 24 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental

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- 1 Affairs of the Senate a report that includes the following
- 2 for each Border Patrol sector:

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- 1) An assessment of the most appropriate, practical, and cost effective means of defending the land borders of the United States against threats to security and illegal transit, including intelligence capacities, technology, equipment, personnel, and training needed to address security vulnerabilities.
  - (2) An assessment of staffing needs for all border security functions, including an assessment of efforts to take into account asylum seekers, trafficking victims, unaccompanied children, and other vulnerable populations.
  - (3) A description of the border security roles and missions of Federal, State, regional, local, and Tribal authorities, and recommendations regarding actions the Commissioner can carry out to improve coordination with such authorities to enable border security activities to be carried out in a more efficient and effective manner.
  - (4) A description of ways to ensure that the free flow of travel and commerce is not diminished by efforts, activities, and programs aimed at securing the land borders of the United States.

1 (5) An impact assessment of the loss of trade 2 and commerce due to inadequate staffing at land 3 ports of entry by U.S. Customs and Border Protec-4 tion agents and officers. (b) REPORT ON MIGRANT DEATHS.— 5 6 (1) CBP AND ICE.—Not later than 180 days 7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the 8 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protec-9 tion and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Cus-10 toms Enforcement shall jointly submit to the Comp-11 troller General of the United States, the Committee 12 on Homeland Security of the House of Representa-13 tives, and the Committee on Homeland Security and 14 Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report relating 15 to deaths occurring along the United States-Mexico 16 border, including information on the following: 17 (A) The number of documented migrant 18 deaths. 19 (B) A geographical breakdown of where 20 such migrant deaths occur. 21 (C) To the extent possible, the cause of 22 death for each migrant. 23 (D) The extent to which border technology, 24 physical barriers, and enforcement programs

have contributed to such migrant deaths.

and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement programs or plans reduce the number of migrant deaths along to border, including an assessment on the effectiveness of water supply sites and rescue be cons.  (2) GAO.—Not later than 90 days after to submission of the report required under paragra (1), the Comptroller General of the United States shall review such report to determine the following (A) The validity of U.S. Customs and Be der Protection's and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement's statistical analysis migrant deaths.  (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs at Border Protection and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement have adopted simple at low-cost measures, such as water supply sin		
and Customs Enforcement programs or plans reduce the number of migrant deaths along to border, including an assessment on the eff tiveness of water supply sites and rescue be cons.  (2) GAO.—Not later than 90 days after to submission of the report required under paragra (1), the Comptroller General of the United State shall review such report to determine the followin (A) The validity of U.S. Customs and Be der Protection's and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement's statistical analysis migrant deaths.  (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs at Border Protection and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement have adopted simple at low-cost measures, such as water supply sin	1	(E) A detailed description of U.S. Customs
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border, including an assessment on the effectiveness of water supply sites and rescue becomes.  (2) GAO.—Not later than 90 days after to submission of the report required under paragra (1), the Comptroller General of the United Statishall review such report to determine the following (A) The validity of U.S. Customs and Become der Protection's and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement's statistical analysis migrant deaths.  (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs at Border Protection and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement have adopted simple at low-cost measures, such as water supply single.	3	and Customs Enforcement programs or plans to
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shall review such report to determine the following  (A) The validity of U.S. Customs and Both der Protection's and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement's statistical analysis migrant deaths.  (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs at Border Protection and U.S. Immigration at Customs Enforcement have adopted simple at low-cost measures, such as water supply signs.	9	submission of the report required under paragraph
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migrant deaths.  (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs a Border Protection and U.S. Immigration a Customs Enforcement have adopted simple a low-cost measures, such as water supply si	13	der Protection's and U.S. Immigration and
16 (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs a 17 Border Protection and U.S. Immigration a 18 Customs Enforcement have adopted simple a 19 low-cost measures, such as water supply sin	14	Customs Enforcement's statistical analysis of
Border Protection and U.S. Immigration a Customs Enforcement have adopted simple a low-cost measures, such as water supply si	15	migrant deaths.
18 Customs Enforcement have adopted simple a low-cost measures, such as water supply signs.	16	(B) The extent to which U.S. Customs and
low-cost measures, such as water supply si	17	Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and
, 11 0	18	Customs Enforcement have adopted simple and
	19	low-cost measures, such as water supply sites
and rescue beacons, to reduce the frequency	20	and rescue beacons, to reduce the frequency of
21 migrants deaths.	21	migrants deaths.
(C) The extent to which U.S. Customs a	22	(C) The extent to which U.S. Customs and
Border Protection and U.S. Immigration a	23	Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and

Customs Enforcement measures the effective-

ness of its programs to address the frequency of migrant deaths.

(D) The extent of data and information sharing and cooperation between U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, local and State law enforcement, foreign diplomatic and consular posts, and nongovernmental organizations to accurately identify deceased individuals and notify family members and compare information to missing persons registries.

# (c) GAO REPORT ON USE OF FORCE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall examine the extent to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement have clarified use of force policies, including the following (and any recommendations related to the following):
  - (A) The extent to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement have implemented new training tactics to improve use of force policies, including how the use of force policy conforms

- to Department of Homeland Security and Federal law enforcement best practices.
  - (B) The extent to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement have identified additional or alternative weapons and equipment to improve agents' and officers' abilities to de-escalate confrontations, including protective gear.
  - (C) Efforts to review and enhance current training and tactics related to use of force, and to implement reforms to ensure agents and officers are better equipped to assess and respond to threats.
  - (D) The extent to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement have established a stakeholder engagement framework to better inform and enhance U.S. Customs and Border Protection's use of force training.
  - (E) The extent to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement have established metrics to track the effectiveness of use of force training and to ensure the reporting of all uses of force for review to determine whether the force

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used was justified and whether it could have been avoided through different tactics or training, better supervision, different tools, adherence to policy, or changes in policy.

(F) How U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement could implement best law enforcement practices to improve policies for transparent communication with family members of individuals injured or killed by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement agent's and officer's use of force, including updates on any pending investigations, and policies for timely notification of such injuries and deaths following such uses of force to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection or the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (as the case may be), the Joint Intake Center of the Department of Homeland Security, the Office of Inspector General of the Department, the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department, the Offices of Public Affairs of the Department, Congress, and the applicable consulates, if appropriate.

- (G) How recommendations and requests made by agents and officers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement have been received, reviewed, and if possible implemented into U.S. Customs and Border Protection and Department of Homeland Security use of force policies and best practices.
  - (H) The extent to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement electronically track personal searches and seizures of personal items at the border, and an assessment of how such information is used to inform U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement policies and procedures.
  - (2) Implementation of Gao findings.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall direct the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement to implement any recommendations contained in the report required under paragraph (1). If the Secretary does not so implement such recommendations, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House

1	of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland
2	Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a
3	written notification explaining why such rec-
4	ommendations are not being so implemented.
5	(d) GAO REPORT ON BODY WORN CAMERAS.—Not
6	later than one year after the date of the enactment of this
7	Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall
8	assess the potential implementation by U.S. Customs and
9	Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs
10	Enforcement of body worn cameras for all agents and offi-
11	cers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Im-
12	migration and Customs Enforcement, including relating to
13	storage and public availability of associated data.
14	SEC. 7. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY ACCOUNTS
15	ABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY.
16	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
17	(1) Border security.—The term "border se-
18	curity" means the prevention of unlawful entries
19	into the United States, including entries by individ-
20	uals, instruments of terrorism, narcotics, and other
21	contraband.
22	(2) CHECKPOINT.—The term "checkpoint"
23	means a location—
24	(A) at which vehicles or individuals trav-
25	eling through the location are stopped by a law

1	enforcement official for the purposes of enforce-
2	ment of United States laws and regulations;
3	and
4	(B) that is not located at a port of entry
5	along an international border of the United
6	States.
7	(3) Law enforcement official.—The term
8	"law enforcement official" means—
9	(A) an agent or officer of U.S. Customs
10	and Border Protection;
11	(B) an agent or officer of U.S. Immigra-
12	tion and Customs Enforcement; or
13	(C) an officer or employee of a State, or a
14	political subdivision of a State, who is carrying
15	out the functions of an immigration officer pur-
16	suant to—
17	(i) an agreement entered into under
18	section 287(g) of the Immigration and Na-
19	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g));
20	(ii) authorization under title IV of the
21	Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1401 et
22	seq.); or
23	(iii) any other agreement with the De-
24	partment of Homeland Security, including
25	any Federal grant program.

1	(4) Patrol stop.—The term "patrol stop"
2	means search, seizure, or interrogation of a motor-
3	ist, passenger, or pedestrian initiated anywhere ex-
4	cept as part of an inspection at a port of entry or
5	a primary inspection at a checkpoint.
6	(5) Primary inspection.—The term "primary
7	inspection" means an initial inspection of a vehicle
8	or individual at a checkpoint.
9	(6) SECONDARY INSPECTION.—The term "sec-
10	ondary inspection" means a further inspection of a
11	vehicle or individual that is conducted following a
12	primary inspection.
13	(b) Data Collection by Law Enforcement Of-
14	FICIALS ENFORCING UNITED STATES LAWS AND REGU-
15	LATIONS AND MAKING BORDER SECURITY STOPS.—
16	(1) REQUIREMENT FOR DATA COLLECTION RE-
17	GARDING STOPS AND SEARCHES.—A law enforce-
18	ment official who initiates a patrol stop or who de-
19	tains any individual beyond a brief and limited in-
20	quiry, such as a primary inspection at a checkpoint,
21	shall record—
22	(A) the date, time, and location of the con-
23	tact;
24	(B) the law enforcement official's basis for,
25	or circumstances surrounding, the contact, in-

1	cluding if such individual's perceived race or
2	ethnicity contributed to the basis for, and cir-
3	cumstances surrounding, the contact;
4	(C) the identifying characteristics of such
5	individual, including the individual's perceived
6	race, gender, ethnicity, and approximate age;
7	(D) the duration of the stop, detention, or
8	search, whether consent was requested and ob-
9	tained for the contact, including any search;
10	(E) a description of any articulable facts
11	and behavior by the individual that justify initi-
12	ating the contact or probable cause to justify
13	any search pursuant to such contact;
14	(F) a description of any items seized dur-
15	ing such search, including contraband or
16	money, and a specification of the type of search
17	conducted;
18	(G) whether any arrest, detention, warn-
19	ing, or citation resulted from such contact and
20	the basis for such action;
21	(H) the immigration status of the indi-
22	vidual, if obtained during the ordinary course of
23	the contact without additional questioning in
24	accordance with this section, and whether re-

1	moval proceedings were subsequently initiated
2	against the individual;
3	(I) whether a body-worn camera or any
4	other video or audio recording exists that re-
5	corded the stop or detention;
6	(J) whether force was used by the law en-
7	forcement official and, if so, the type of force,
8	justification for using force, and whether the
9	use of force resulted in injury or death;
10	(K) whether any complaint was made by
11	the individual subject to the contact, and if
12	so—
13	(i) which oversight components within
14	or outside of the Department of Homeland
15	Security investigated the complaint;
16	(ii) how long the investigation lasted;
17	(iii) a description of the methods of
18	investigation used; and
19	(iv) the badge number of the law en-
20	forcement official involved in the com-
21	plaint;
22	(L) if the contact was initiated by a State
23	or local law enforcement agency—
24	(i) the reason for involvement of a
25	Federal law enforcement official;

1	(ii) the duration of the contact prior
2	to contact with any Federal law enforce-
3	ment official;
4	(iii) the method by which a Federal
5	law enforcement official was informed of
6	the stop; and
7	(iv) whether the individual was being
8	held by State or local officials on State
9	criminal charges at the time of such con-
10	tact;
11	(M) if the contact was initiated by a State
12	or local law enforcement agency of a State,
13	whether such agency was acting pursuant to—
14	(i) an agreement entered into under
15	section 287(g) of the Immigration and Na-
16	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g));
17	(ii) authorization under title IV of the
18	Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1401 et
19	seq.); or
20	(iii) pursuant to any other agreement
21	with the Department of Homeland Secu-
22	rity, including any Federal grant program;
23	(N) if the contact involved an individual
24	whose primary language of communication is
25	not English, the means of communication used;

1	(O) if the contact occurred at a location
2	proximate to a place of worship or religious
3	ceremony, school or education-related place or
4	event, courthouse or other civic building pro-
5	viding services accessible to the public, hospital,
6	medical treatment, or health care facility, at a
7	public demonstration, or an attorney's office,
8	including a public defender or legal aid office;
9	and
10	(P) if the contact occurred at a location
11	described in subparagraph (O), why that loca-
12	tion was chosen and any supervisory approval
13	that was sought to carry out the contact at the
14	location.
15	(2) Requirement for u.s. customs and
16	BORDER PROTECTION DATA COLLECTION REGARD-
17	ING CHECKPOINTS.—The Commissioner of U.S. Cus-
18	toms and Border Protection shall collect data on—
19	(A) the number of permanent and tem-
20	porary checkpoints utilized by agents and offi-
21	cers of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
22	(B) the location of each such checkpoint;
23	(C) the dates on which a temporary check-
24	point was used; and

1	(D) a description of each such checkpoint,
2	including the presence of any other law enforce-
3	ment agencies and the use of law enforcement
4	resources, such as canines and surveillance
5	technologies, including license plate readers.
6	(3) Rulemaking.—Not later than 180 days
7	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
8	retary of Homeland Security, in consultation with
9	stakeholders, including research, civil, and human
10	rights organizations, shall promulgate regulations re-
11	lating to the collection and reporting of data re-
12	quired under paragraphs (1) and (2), which shall—
13	(A) specify all data to be reported; and
14	(B) provide standards, definitions, and
15	technical specifications to ensure uniform re-
16	porting.
17	(4) Compilation of Data.—
18	(A) Department of Homeland Secu-
19	RITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS.—The
20	Secretary of Homeland Security shall compile—
21	(i) the data collected under paragraph
22	(1) by agents and officers of U.S. Immi-
23	gration and Customs Enforcement and
24	U.S. Customs and Border Protection;

1	(ii) the data collected under para-
2	graph (2) by the Commissioner of U.S.
3	Customs and Border Protection; and
4	(iii) an analysis for all incidents inves-
5	tigated by the Department of Homeland
6	Security's Office of Inspector General,
7	U.S. Customs and Border Protection's Of-
8	fice of Professional Responsibility, or U.S.
9	Immigration and Customs Enforcement's
10	Office of Professional Responsibility to de-
11	termine whether the data required to be
12	collected under this Act were properly re-
13	corded and, if not, the corrective measures
14	that were or will be taken.
15	(B) Other law enforcement offi-
16	CIALS.—The head of each agency, department,
17	or other entity that employs law enforcement
18	officials other than agents and officers referred
19	to in subparagraph (A) shall—
20	(i) compile the data collected by such
21	law enforcement officials pursuant to para-
22	graph (1); and
23	(ii) submit the compiled data to the
24	Secretary of Homeland Security.

1	(5) Use of data.—The Secretary of Homeland
2	Security shall consider the data compiled under
3	paragraph (4) in making policy and program deci-
4	sions.
5	(6) Audit and report.—Not later than one
6	year after the effective date of the regulations pro-
7	mulgated under paragraph (3), the Comptroller Gen-
8	eral of the United States shall—
9	(A) conduct an audit of the data compiled
10	under paragraph (4) to determine whether law
11	enforcement officials are complying with the
12	data collection requirements under paragraph
13	(1); and
14	(B) submit to Congress a report that con-
15	tains a summary of the findings of such audit.
16	(c) Annual Report.—
17	(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than one year
18	after the date of the enactment of this Act and an-
19	nually thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
20	rity shall submit to Congress a report on the data
21	compiled under subsection (b)(4), including all such
22	data for the previous year.
23	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Each report submitted
24	under paragraph (1) shall be made available to the

1	public, except for particular data if the Secretary of
2	Homeland Security—
3	(A) explicitly invokes an exemption con-
4	tained in paragraphs (1) through (9) of section
5	552(b) of title 5, United States Code; and
6	(B) provides a written explanation for the
7	exemption's applicability.
8	(3) Privacy.—The Secretary may not report
9	unique personal identifying information of persons
10	stopped, searched, or subjected to a property sei-
11	zure, for purposes of this section.
12	(4) Publication.—The data compiled under
13	subsection (b)(4) shall be made available to the pub-
14	lic to the extent the release of such data is permis-
15	sible under Federal law.
16	SEC. 8. LIMITATION ON THE SEPARATION OF FAMILIES.
17	(a) In General.—An agent or officer of a des-
18	ignated agency shall be prohibited from removing a child
19	from his or her parent or legal guardian, at or near the
20	port of entry or within 100 miles of a border of the United
21	States, unless one of the following has occurred:
22	(1) A State court, authorized under State law,
23	terminates the rights of the parent or legal guard-
24	ian, determines that it is in the best interests of the
25	child to be removed from the parent or legal guard-

- ian, in accordance with the Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1997 (Public Law 105–89), or makes any similar determination that is legally authorized under State law.
  - (2) An official from the State or county child welfare agency with expertise in child trauma and development makes a best interests determination that it is in the best interests of the child to be removed from the parent or legal guardian because the child is in danger of abuse or neglect at the hands of the parent or legal guardian, or is a danger to herself or others.
  - (3) The Chief Patrol Agent or the Area Port Director in their official and undelegated capacity, authorizes separation upon the recommendation by an agent or officer, based on a finding that—
    - (A) the child is a victim of trafficking or is at significant risk of becoming a victim of trafficking;
    - (B) there is a strong likelihood that the adult is not the parent or legal guardian of the child; or
  - (C) the child is in danger of abuse or neglect at the hands of the parent or legal guardian, or is a danger to themselves or others,

1 except that, in the case that a child is removed from 2 his or her parent or legal guardian under this sec-3 tion, an independent child welfare expert licensed by the State or county in which the child was so re-5 moved, authorizes the separation not later than 48 6 hours after such removal, and if such expert does 7 not authorize such separation, the child shall be re-8 united with his or her parent or legal guardian not 9 later than 48 hours after such determination.

## (b) Prohibition on Separation.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A designated agency may not remove a child from a parent or legal guardian solely for the policy goal of deterring individuals from migrating to the United States or for the policy goal of promoting compliance with civil immigration laws.
- (2) Penalty for family separation.—Any person who knowingly separates a child from his or her parent or legal guardian in violation of this section, shall be fined not more than \$10,000.
- 21 (c) DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED.—The Secretary 22 shall ensure that a separation under subsection (a)(3) is 23 documented in writing and includes, at a minimum, the 24 reason for such separation, together with the stated evi-25 dence for such separation.

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## 1 SEC. 9. ELECTRONIC TRACKING.

2	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland
3	Security and the Secretary of Health and Human Services
4	shall establish an electronic tracking system on a single
5	interface, which—
6	(1) shall be accessible to agents and officials of
7	U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigra-
8	tion and Customs Enforcement, and the Office of
9	Refugee Resettlement; and
10	(2) shall be used to track the location of a child
11	who has been removed pursuant to section 8 and the
12	parent or legal guardian of the child.
13	(b) Tracking Number.—The Secretary of Home-
14	land Security shall assign to a child who has been removed
15	pursuant to section 8 and the parent or legal guardian
16	of the child a tracking number that—
17	(1) is transferrable;
18	(2) may be shared easily on the electronic
19	tracking system described in subsection (a) by
20	agents and officials of—
21	(A) U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
22	(B) U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
23	forcement; and
24	(C) the Office of Refugee Resettlement;
25	and

- 1 (3) is included on the paperwork of the child
- 2 and the parent or legal guardian of the child.
- 3 (c) Contact Information.—The Secretary of
- 4 Homeland Security and the Secretary of Health and
- 5 Human Services shall advise a child who has been removed
- 6 pursuant to section 8 and the parent or legal guardian
- 7 of the child on the manner in which the child and the par-
- 8 ent or legal guardian may be contacted during the term
- 9 of the removal.

## 10 SEC. 10. INDEPENDENCE OF IMMIGRATION JUDGES.

- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 12 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
- 13 shall submit to Congress a report, which shall be published
- 14 and made available to the public, on the feasibility of es-
- 15 tablishing an immigration court outside the executive
- 16 branch composed of judges appointed for a fixed term with
- 17 jurisdiction over cases arising out of the Immigration and
- 18 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) or any other immi-
- 19 gration law of the United States and the appeal of such
- 20 cases, the impact that such an immigration court will have
- 21 on the case backlog of immigration judges, barriers to the
- 22 creation of such an immigration court, and recommenda-
- 23 tions for Congress.