1	METRO TOWNSHIP AMENDMENTS
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
5	House Sponsor: Eric K. Hutchings
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to metro townships.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 defines terms;
13	 modifies the authority of a metro township that is included in a municipal services
14	district to enact certain ordinances;
15	 addresses the budget of a metro township that is included in a municipal services
16	district;
17	 includes metro townships as a specified local body in the Open and Public Meetings
18	Act for purposes of written minutes and audio recordings of a public meeting of a
19	metro township council;
20	 requires a municipality located within a municipal services district to remit to the
21	municipal services district certain funds that the municipality receives;
22	 modifies provisions regarding the local sales tax distribution for metro townships;
23	and
24	 makes technical and conforming changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	This bill provides a special effective date.

29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	10-3b-504, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352
32	10-3c-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352
33	10-3c-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 176 and 348
34	17B-2a-1108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
35	52-4-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 83
36	53-2a-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 295
37	59-12-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352
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39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section 10-3b-504 is amended to read:
41	10-3b-504. Council in a metro township that is included in a municipal services
42	district.
43	(1) The council in a metro township that is included in a municipal services district:
44	(a) exercises any executive or administrative power and performs or supervises the
45	performance of any executive or administrative power, duty, or function that has not been
46	given to the chair under Section 10-3b-503 unless the council removes that power, duty, or
47	function from the chair in accordance with Subsection (2);
48	(b) may:
49	(i) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (2), adopt an ordinance:
50	(A) removing from the chair any power, duty, or function of the chair; and
51	(B) reinstating to the chair any power, duty, or function previously removed under
52	Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A); and
53	(ii) adopt an ordinance delegating to the chair any executive or administrative power,
54	duty, or function that the council has under Subsection (1)(a); and
55	(c) may not remove from the chair or delegate:

56	(i) any of the chair's legislative or judicial powers or ceremonial functions;
57	(ii) the chair's position as chair of the council; or
58	(iii) any ex officio position that the chair holds.
59	(2) Adopting an ordinance under Subsection (1)(b)(i) removing from or reinstating to
60	the chair a power, duty, or function provided for in Section 10-3b-503 requires the affirmative
61	vote of:
62	(a) the chair and a majority of all other council members; or
63	(b) all council members except the chair.
64	(3) The metro township council of a metro township that is included in a municipal
65	services district:
66	(a) shall:
67	(i) by ordinance, provide for the manner in which a subdivision is approved,
68	disapproved, or otherwise regulated;
69	(ii) review municipal administration, and, subject to Subsection (5), pass ordinances;
70	(iii) perform all duties that the law imposes on the council; and
71	(iv) elect one of its members to be chair of the metro township and the chair of the
72	council;
73	(b) may:
74	(i) (A) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c), appoint a committee of council members or
75	citizens to conduct an investigation into an officer, department, or agency of the municipality,
76	or any other matter relating to the welfare of the municipality; and
77	(B) delegate to an appointed committee powers of inquiry that the council considers
78	necessary;
79	(ii) make and enforce any additional rule or regulation for the government of the
80	council, the preservation of order, and the transaction of the council's business that the council
81	considers necessary; and

82

(iii) subject to the limitations provided in Subsection (5), take any action allowed under

83	Section 10-8-84 that is reasonably related to the safety, health, morals, and welfare of the metro
84	township inhabitants; and
85	(c) may not:
86	(i) direct or request, other than in writing, the appointment of a person to or the
87	removal of a person from an executive municipal office;
88	(ii) interfere in any way with an executive officer's performance of the officer's duties;
89	or
90	(iii) publicly or privately give orders to a subordinate of the chair.
91	(4) A member of a metro township council as described in this section may not have
92	any other compensated employment with the metro township.
93	[(5) The council of a metro township that is included in a municipal services district
94	may not adopt an ordinance or resolution that authorizes, provides, or otherwise governs a
95	municipal service, as defined in Section 17B-2a-1102, that is provided by a municipal services
96	district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act.]
97	Section 2. Section 10-3c-202 is amended to read:
98	10-3c-202. Budget.
99	[A] (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a metro township is subject to and shall
100	comply with Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities.
101	(2) For a metro township that is included in a municipal services district, created in
102	accordance with Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, the fiscal year
103	for the metro township budget is the calendar year.
104	Section 3. Section 10-3c-203 is amended to read:
105	10-3c-203. Administrative and operational services Staff provided by county or
106	municipal services district Recording of open meetings.
107	(1) (a) The following officials elected or appointed, or persons employed by, the county
108	in which a metro township is located shall, for the purposes of interpreting and complying with
109	applicable law, fulfill the responsibilities and hold the following metro township offices or

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110 positions: 111 (i) the county treasurer shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of treasurer for the 112 metro township; 113 (ii) the county clerk shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of recorder and clerk for 114 the metro township; 115 (iii) the county surveyor shall fulfill, on behalf of the metro township, all surveyor 116 duties imposed by law; 117 (iv) the county engineer shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of engineer for the 118 metro township; and 119 (v) subject to Subsection (1)(b), the county auditor shall fulfill the duties and hold the 120 powers of auditor for the metro township. 121 (b) (i) The county auditor shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of auditor for the 122 metro township to the extent that the county auditor's powers and duties are described in and 123 delegated to the county auditor in accordance with Title 17, Chapter 19a, County Auditor, and 124 a municipal auditor's powers and duties described in this title are the same. 125 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), in a metro township, services described in 126 Sections 17-19a-203, 17-19a-204, and 17-19a-205, and services other than those described in 127 Subsection (1)(b)(i) that are provided by a municipal auditor in accordance with this title that 128 are required by law, shall be performed by county staff other than the county auditor. 129 (2) (a) Nothing in Subsection (1) may be construed to relieve an official described in 130 Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv) of a duty to either the county or metro township or a duty to 131 fulfill that official's position as required by law. 132 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), an official or the official's deputy or other 133 person described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv): 134 (i) is elected, appointed, or otherwise employed, in accordance with the provisions of 135 Title 17, Counties, as applicable to that official's or person's county office; 136 (ii) is paid a salary and benefits and subject to employment discipline in accordance

137	with the provisions of Title 17, Counties, as applicable to that official's or person's county
138	office;
139	(iii) is not subject to:
140	(A) Chapter 3, Part 11, Personnel Rules and Benefits; or
141	(B) Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act; and
142	(iv) is not required to provide a bond for the applicable municipal office if a bond for
143	the office is required by this title.
144	(3) The district attorney of the county in which a metro township is located may
145	provide legal counsel to the metro township if the county and the metro township agree.
146	(4) The metro township may establish a planning commission in accordance with
147	Section 10-9a-301 and an appeal authority in accordance with Section 10-9a-701.
148	(5) A municipal services district established in accordance with Title 17B, Chapter 2a,
149	Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, and of which the metro township is a part, may
150	provide staff to the metro township planning commission and appeal authority.
151	(6) Notwithstanding Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, and Section
152	<u>10-6-137:</u>
153	(a) the county clerk may choose to not attend an open meeting of the metro township
154	council; and
155	(b) if the county clerk does not attend an open meeting of the metro township council,
156	the county clerk shall ensure that the chair of the metro township council or a designee of the
157	county clerk, in accordance with Section 52-4-203, makes a recording of the meeting and
158	prepares written minutes of the meeting.
159	[(6)] (7) (a) This section applies only to a metro township in which:
160	(i) the electors at an election under Section 10-2a-404 chose a metro township that is
161	included in a municipal services district and has limited municipal powers; or
162	(ii) the metro township subsequently joins a municipal services district.

163 (b) This section does not apply to a metro township described in Subsection (6)(a) if

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164	the municipal services district is dissolved.
165	Section 4. Section 17B-2a-1108 is amended to read:
166	17B-2a-1108. Municipality required to remit local option sales and use tax.
167	(1) (a) [If, after incorporation, a municipal legislative body of a] A municipality located
168	in whole or in part within a municipal services district [does not adopt and deliver a resolution
169	to withdraw in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-502(3)(a)(iii), the municipality] shall remit
170	to the municipal services district:
171	(i) an amount equal to the amount the municipality receives under Title 59, Chapter 12,
172	Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act[.]; and
173	(ii) an amount equal to the amount of transportation funds the municipality receives
174	under Section 72-2-108.
175	(b) The municipality shall remit to the municipal services district the amounts required
176	in Subsection (1)(a) within 30 days after the day on which the municipality receives the funds
177	identified in Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (1)(a)(ii).
178	(2) For purposes of Subsection $(1)(\underline{a})(\underline{i})$, the amount <u>of local sales tax</u> a municipality is
179	required to remit to a municipal services district is an amount:
180	(a) determined after subtracting amounts required under Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 2,
181	Local Sales and Use Tax Act, to be deducted from the amount a municipality would otherwise
182	receive under Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
183	(b) representative of only those taxes collected in the area of the municipality that is
184	also located within the municipal services district.
185	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the amount of transportation funds a
186	municipality is required to remit to a municipal services district is an amount equal to the
187	amount of class B and class C road miles in that part of the municipality located within the
188	municipal services district divided by the total class B and class C road miles in the
189	municipality.
190	(4) If the municipal legislative body of a municipality located in whole or in part within

191	a municipal services district adopts and delivers a resolution to withdraw in accordance with
192	Subsection 17B-1-502(3)(a)(iii), the municipality shall only remit to the municipal services
193	district the amounts described in Subsection (1) that relate to the period that the municipality is
194	in the municipal services district, regardless of when the municipality receives those amounts.
195	Section 5. Section 52-4-203 is amended to read:
196	52-4-203. Written minutes of open meetings Public records Recording of
197	meetings.
198	(1) Except as provided under Subsection (7), written minutes and a recording shall be
199	kept of all open meetings.
200	(2) Written minutes of an open meeting shall include:
201	(a) the date, time, and place of the meeting;
202	(b) the names of members present and absent;
203	(c) the substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided by the public body
204	which may include a summary of comments made by members of the public body;
205	(d) a record, by individual member, of each vote taken by the public body;
206	(e) the name of each person who:
207	(i) is not a member of the public body; and
208	(ii) after being recognized by the presiding member of the public body, provided
209	testimony or comments to the public body;
210	(f) the substance, in brief, of the testimony or comments provided by the public under
211	Subsection (2)(e); and
212	(g) any other information that is a record of the proceedings of the meeting that any
213	member requests be entered in the minutes or recording.
214	(3) A recording of an open meeting shall:
215	(a) be a complete and unedited record of all open portions of the meeting from the
216	commencement of the meeting through adjournment of the meeting; and
217	(b) be properly labeled or identified with the date, time, and place of the meeting.

218	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
219	(i) "Approved minutes" means written minutes:
220	(A) of an open meeting; and
221	(B) that have been approved by the public body that held the open meeting.
222	(ii) "Electronic information" means information presented or provided in an electronic
223	format.
224	(iii) "Pending minutes" means written minutes:
225	(A) of an open meeting; and
226	(B) that have been prepared in draft form and are subject to change before being
227	approved by the public body that held the open meeting.
228	(iv) "Specified local public body" means a legislative body of a county, city, [or] town,
229	or metro township.
230	(v) "State public body" means a public body that is an administrative, advisory,
231	executive, or legislative body of the state.
232	(vi) "Website" means the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section
233	63F-1-701.
234	(b) Pending minutes, approved minutes, and a recording of a public meeting are public
235	records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
236	(c) Pending minutes shall contain a clear indication that the public body has not yet
237	approved the minutes or that the minutes are subject to change until the public body approves
238	them.
239	(d) A state public body and a specified local public body shall require an individual
240	who, at an open meeting of the public body, publicly presents or provides electronic
241	information, relating to an item on the public body's meeting agenda, to provide the public
242	body, at the time of the meeting, an electronic or hard copy of the electronic information for
243	inclusion in the public record.
244	(e) A state public body shall:

- (i) make pending minutes available to the public within 30 days after holding the openmeeting that is the subject of the pending minutes;
- (ii) within three business days after approving written minutes of an open meeting, post
 to the website and make available to the public at the public body's primary office a copy of the
 approved minutes and any public materials distributed at the meeting; and
- (iii) within three business days after holding an open meeting, post on the website anaudio recording of the open meeting, or a link to the recording.
- 252 (f) [(i)] A specified local public body shall:
- 253 [(A)] (i) make pending minutes available to the public within 30 days after holding the
 254 open meeting that is the subject of the pending minutes;
- [(B)] (ii) [subject to Subsection (4)(f)(ii),] within three business days after approving
 written minutes of an open meeting, post to the website and make available to the public at the
 public body's primary office a copy of the approved minutes and any public materials
- 258 distributed at the meeting; and
- [(C)] (iii) within three business days after holding an open meeting, make an audio
 recording of the open meeting available to the public for listening.
- [(ii) A specified local public body of a city of the fifth class or town is encouraged to
 comply with Subsection (4)(f)(i)(B) but is not required to comply until January 1, 2015.]
- 263 (g) A public body that is not a state public body or a specified local public body shall:
- (i) make pending minutes available to the public within a reasonable time after holdingthe open meeting that is the subject of the pending minutes;
- (ii) within three business days after approving written minutes, make the approvedminutes available to the public; and
- (iii) within three business days after holding an open meeting, make an audio recordingof the open meeting available to the public for listening.
- (h) A public body shall establish and implement procedures for the public body'sapproval of the written minutes of each meeting.

272	(i) Approved minutes of an open meeting are the official record of the meeting.
273	(5) All or any part of an open meeting may be independently recorded by any person in
274	attendance if the recording does not interfere with the conduct of the meeting.
275	(6) The written minutes or recording of an open meeting that are required to be
276	retained permanently shall be maintained in or converted to a format that meets long-term
277	records storage requirements.
278	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a recording is not required to be kept of:
279	(a) an open meeting that is a site visit or a traveling tour, if no vote or action is taken
280	by the public body; or
281	(b) an open meeting of a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
282	Government Entities - Local Districts, or special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1,
283	Special Service District Act, if the district's annual budgeted expenditures for all funds,
284	excluding capital expenditures and debt service, are \$50,000 or less.
285	Section 6. Section 53-2a-102 is amended to read:
286	53-2a-102. Definitions.
287	As used in this chapter:
288	(1) "Attack" means a nuclear, cyber, conventional, biological, act of terrorism, or
289	chemical warfare action against the United States of America or this state.
290	(2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety or the
291	commissioner's designee.
292	(3) "Director" means the division director appointed under Section 53-2a-103 or the
293	director's designee.
294	(4) "Disaster" means an event that:
295	(a) causes, or threatens to cause, loss of life, human suffering, public or private
296	property damage, or economic or social disruption resulting from attack, internal disturbance,
297	natural phenomena, or technological hazard; and
298	(b) requires resources that are beyond the scope of local agencies in routine responses

299	to emergencies and accidents and may be of a magnitude or involve unusual circumstances that
300	require response by government, not-for-profit, or private entities.
301	(5) "Division" means the Division of Emergency Management created in Section
302	53-2a-103.
303	(6) "Energy" includes the energy resources defined in this chapter.
304	(7) "Expenses" means actual labor costs of government and volunteer personnel, and
305	materials.
306	(8) "Hazardous materials emergency" means a sudden and unexpected release of any
307	substance that because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious
308	characteristics presents a direct and immediate threat to public safety or the environment and
309	requires immediate action to mitigate the threat.
310	(9) "Internal disturbance" means a riot, prison break, terrorism, or strike.
311	(10) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
312	[(10)] (11) "Natural phenomena" means any earthquake, tornado, storm, flood,
313	landslide, avalanche, forest or range fire, drought, or epidemic.
314	[(11)] (12) "State of emergency" means a condition in any part of this state that
315	requires state government emergency assistance to supplement the local efforts of the affected
316	political subdivision to save lives and to protect property, public health, welfare, or safety in
317	the event of a disaster, or to avoid or reduce the threat of a disaster.
318	[(12)] (13) "Technological hazard" means any hazardous materials accident, mine
319	accident, train derailment, air crash, radiation incident, pollution, structural fire, or explosion.
320	[(13)] (14) "Terrorism" means activities or the threat of activities that:
321	(a) involve acts dangerous to human life;
322	(b) are a violation of the criminal laws of the United States or of this state; and
323	(c) to a reasonable person, would appear to be intended to:
324	(i) intimidate or coerce a civilian population;
325	(ii) influence the policy of a government by intimidation or coercion; or

326	(iii) affect the conduct of a government by mass destruction, assassination, or
327	kidnapping.
328	[(14)] (15) "Urban search and rescue" means the location, extrication, and initial
329	medical stabilization of victims trapped in a confined space as the result of a structural
330	collapse, transportation accident, mining accident, or collapsed trench.
331	Section 7. Section 59-12-203 is amended to read:
332	59-12-203. County, city, town, or metro township may levy tax Contracts
333	pursuant to Interlocal Cooperation Act.
334	(1) A county, city, town, or metro township may impose a sales and use tax under this
335	part.
336	(2) [Hf] The State Tax Commission shall treat a metro township that imposes a tax
337	under this part[, the metro township is subject to the same requirements a city is required to
338	meet] as a city under this part.
339	(3) The State Tax Commission shall calculate the amount of a distribution to a metro
340	township under this part in the same manner as the State Tax Commission calculates a
341	distribution to a city under Section 59-12-205.
342	[(3)] (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ and notwithstanding any other
343	provision of this part] (4)(b), if a metro township imposes a tax under this part, the State Tax
344	Commission shall distribute the [revenues collected from the tax] amount that the State Tax
345	Commission calculates under Section 59-12-205 to the metro township.
346	(b) The State Tax Commission shall transfer the [revenues collected within] amount
347	that would otherwise be distributed to a metro township under this part to a municipal services
348	district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, if the
349	metro township:
350	(i) provides written notice to the State Tax Commission requesting the transfer; and
351	(ii) designates the municipal services district to which the metro township requests the
352	State Tax Commission to transfer the revenues.

353	(4) A county, city, town, or metro township that imposes a sales and use tax under this
354	part may:
355	(a) enter into agreements authorized by Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation
356	Act; and
357	(b) use any or all of the revenue collected from the tax for the mutual benefit of local
358	governments that elect to contract with one another pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
359	Cooperation Act.
360	Section 8. Effective date Retrospective operation.
361	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if approved by two-thirds of all the members
362	elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following
363	the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's
364	signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.
365	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the amendments to Sections 17B-2a-1108 and
366	59-12-203 in this bill have retrospective operation for the taxable year beginning on or after
367	January 1, 2017.