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2020 South Dakota Legislature

Senate Bill 162

SENATE AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES ENGROSSED

Introduced by: Senator Youngberg

- ${\bf 1} \quad \hbox{An Act to provide limitations on the use of lighting equipment while hunting.}$
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 **Section 1.** That § 41-8-17 be AMENDED:

41-8-17. Night-vision equipment and artificial light in hunting--Prohibitions--Exceptions--Violation as misdemeanor.

During the time from Between sunset to and sunrise, no person may use or possess night-vision equipment or throw or cast the rays of a spotlight, motor vehicle headlight, or other artificial light—on any onto a highway, or in—into any field, pasture, woodland, forest, or prairie, for the purpose of spotting, locating, or taking—or __attempting to take, or hunt—hunting any animal—while having, if the person is in possession or control any—of a firearm, bow, or other implement—whereby any game by which an animal could be killed. However: The prohibitions set forth in this section do not apply to a law enforcement officer in the performance of the officer's duties.

Notwithstanding the prohibitions set forth in this section:

- (1) A person may use a handheld light, while the person is on foot, to take raccoons after they the raccoons have been treed by dogs, or to engage in trapping activity and to take trapped fur-bearing animals;
- (2) A landowner or occupant and no more than person who owns or occupies land and up to two guests—accompanied by the landowner or occupant accompanying the person may use an artificial light and night vision equipment on the—owner's or occupant's person's land,—with a shotgun using shot shells only or a firearm using a rimfire—cartridge in the taking of to take jackrabbits, coyotes, beaver during its hunting season, foxes, raccoons, opossums, badgers, skunks, or—and_rodents, provided they use:
 - (a) A shotgun and shotshells; or
- (b) A firearm and rimfire cartridges;

1	(3)	A landowner or occupant, eighteen years of age or older, and no more than two
2		guests accompanied by the landowner or occupant may use night vision equipment
3		on the owner's or occupant's land, with a firearm using a cartridge with a bullet
4		diameter below .225 inches, in the taking of jackrabbits, coyotes, beaver during its
5		hunting season, foxes, raccoons, opossums, badgers, skunks, or rodents;

- (4) A landowner or occupant, If a person who is at least eighteen years of age-or-older, owns or occupies land, that person may issue written grant permission to no more than for up to two guests who may to hunt unaccompanied by the landowner or occupant. Any unaccompanied guest may use night vision equipment on the owner's or occupant's land, with a firearm using a cartridge with a bullet diameter below .225 inches, in the taking of on that person's land for jackrabbits, coyotes, beaver during its hunting season, foxes, raccoons, opossums, badgers, skunks, or and rodents, and such quests may use night vision equipment, provided they use:
 - (a) A shotgun and shot shells; or
 - (b) A firearm and rimfire cartridges; and
- (5)(4) Any person employed by An employee of the Department of Game, Fish and Parks may, while performing animal damage control-may, use night-vision equipment and artificial lights—in the performance of the person's duty. In the taking of animals causing damage, provided the employee—shall obtain obtains permission from the owner or lessee of such person owning or occupying the land prior to taking an animal that is causing damage.

For the-purposes of this section, night-vision equipment is an optical device utilizing light amplifying circuits that are electrical or battery powered. The provisions of this section do not apply to a law enforcement officer in the performance of the officer's duty "artificial light" means a man-made light or lighting device that projects lumination for an unaided eye.

For purposes of this section, "night-vision equipment" means an electronic or battery-powered device that enhances a person's ability to see in the dark.

A violation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor.

Section 2. That \S 41-8-17.1 be AMENDED:

31 41-8-17.1. Spotlighting and artificial lighting--Prohibitions--Exceptions--32 Violation as misdemeanor.

Except as <u>otherwise</u> provided <u>for by the provisions of in</u> § 41-8-17, between 10 p.m. and sunrise, from September first to January thirty-first, inclusive, no person may

1	cast the rays of a spotlight, or other any artificial light—except headlights in other than a		
2	motor	vehicle headlight, into any field, pasture, woodland, forest, or prairie to spot, locate,	
3	take,	or attempt to take, for the purpose of spotting or locating any wild animal except to	
4	take, raccoons under the provisions of § 41-8-17. It is not a violation of this section for		
5	a land	lowner or occupant .	
6		Notwithstanding the prohibitions of this section:	
7	(1)	A person owning or occupying land and one guest to up to two guests may use	
8		night-vision equipment, a spotlight, or other artificial light, on the owner's or	
9		occupant's person's land, or for any person employed by; and	
10	<u>(2)</u>	An employee of the Department of Game, Fish and Parks to-may, while performing	
11		the person's duty, use night vision equipment or and artificial lights while in the	
12		performance of the person's duty. Any.	
13		For purposes of this section, "artificial light" means a man-made light or lighting	
14	device	e that projects lumination for an unaided eye.	
15		For purposes of this section, "night-vision equipment" means an electronic or	
16	<u>batte</u>	ry-powered device that enhances a person's ability to see in the dark.	
17		A violation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor.	