116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 3476

U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To express the sense of Congress that section 502 of the National Security Act of 1947, together with other intelligence community authorities, obligate an element of the intelligence community to submit to the congressional intelligence committees written notification, by not later than 7 days after becoming aware, that an individual in the executive branch has disclosed covered classified information to an official of an adversary foreign government using methods other than established intelligence channels, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 25, 2019

Mrs. MURPHY (for herself and Mr. HIMES) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence

A BILL

To express the sense of Congress that section 502 of the National Security Act of 1947, together with other intelligence community authorities, obligate an element of the intelligence community to submit to the congressional intelligence committees written notification, by not later than 7 days after becoming aware, that an individual in the executive branch has disclosed covered classified information to an official of an adversary foreign government using methods other than established intelligence channels, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Prevention and Oversight of Intelligence Sharing with Enemies Act" or the
"POISE Act".

7 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON NOTIFICATIONS OF CER8 TAIN DISCLOSURES OF CLASSIFIED INFOR9 MATION.

10 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that section 502 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3092) re-11 12 quires elements of the intelligence community to keep the 13 congressional intelligence committees "fully and currently informed" about all "intelligence activities" of the United 14 15 States, and to "furnish to the congressional intelligence committees any information or material concerning intel-16 17 ligence activities which is requested by either of the congressional intelligence committees in order to carry out its 18 19 authorized responsibilities.".

20 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con21 gress that—

(1) section 502 of the National Security Act of
1947 (50 U.S.C. 3092), together with other intelligence community authorities, obligate an element
of the intelligence community to submit to the con-

| gressional intelligence committees written notifica- |
|---|
| tion, by not later than 7 days after becoming aware, |
| that an individual in the executive branch has dis- |
| closed covered classified information to an official of |
| an adversary foreign government using methods |
| other than established intelligence channels; and |
| (2) each such notification should include— |
| (A) the date and place of the disclosure of |
| classified information covered by the notifica- |
| tion; |
| (B) a description of such classified infor- |
| mation; |
| (C) identification of the individual who |
| made such disclosure and the individual to |
| whom such disclosure was made; and |
| (D) a summary of the circumstances of |
| such disclosure. |
| (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: |
| (1) Adversary foreign government.—The |
| term "adversary foreign government" means the |
| government of any of the following foreign countries: |
| (A) North Korea. |
| (B) Iran. |
| (C) China. |
| (D) Russia. |
| |

| (E) Cuba. |
|--|
| (2) Covered classified information.—The |
| term "covered classified information" means classi- |
| fied information that was— |
| (A) collected by an element of the intel- |
| ligence community; or |
| (B) provided by the intelligence service or |
| military of a foreign country to an element of |
| the intelligence community. |
| (3) Established intelligence channels.— |
| The term "established intelligence channels" means |
| methods to exchange intelligence to coordinate for- |
| eign intelligence relationships, as established pursu- |
| ant to law by the Director of National Intelligence, |
| the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the |
| Director of the National Security Agency, or other |
| head of an element of the intelligence community. |
| (4) Individual in the executive branch.— |
| The term "individual in the executive branch" |
| means any officer or employee of the executive |
| branch, including individuals— |
| (A) occupying a position specified in article |
| II of the Constitution; |
| (B) appointed to a position by an indi- |
| vidual described in subparagraph (A); or |
| |

(C) serving in the civil service or the senior
 executive service (or similar service for senior
 executives of particular departments or agen cies).

 \bigcirc