House Bill 431

By: Representatives Brockway of the 102<sup>nd</sup>, Drenner of the 85<sup>th</sup>, Dollar of the 45<sup>th</sup>, and Hatchett of the 150<sup>th</sup>

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 3 of Title 46 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 2 electrical service, so as to change certain provisions relating to "The Georgia Cogeneration
- 3 and Distributed Generation Act of 2001" and the "Solar Power Free-Market Financing Act
- 4 of 2015"; to change certain definitions; to change certain provisions relating to electric
- 5 service providers and rates and fees; to provide for public notice and comment; to change
- 6 certain provisions relating to measurement and payment of energy flow; to change certain
- 7 provisions relating to requirements to purchase energy from customer generator and safety
- 8 standards and regulations; to change certain provisions relating to requirements upon retail
- 9 electric customer utilizing solar technology connected to an electric system of an electric
- 10 service provider; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other
- 11 purposes.

12

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 14 Chapter 3 of Title 46 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to electrical service,
- 15 is amended by revising paragraphs (5) and (12) of Code Section 46-3-52, relating to
- definitions relative to "The Georgia Cogeneration and Distributed Generation Act of 2001,"
- 17 as follows:
- 18 "(5) 'Distributed generation facility' means a facility owned and operated by a customer
- of the electric service provider for the production of electrical energy that:
- 20 (A) Uses a solar Photovoltaic photovoltaic system, fuel cell, or wind turbine;
- 21 (B) Has a peak generating capacity of not more than 10kw 10 kilowatts for a
- residential application and 100kw 125 percent of peak load up to, but not exceeding,
- 23 <u>500 kilowatts</u> for a commercial application;
- 24 (C) Is located on the customer's premises;
- 25 (D) Operates in parallel with the electric service provider's distribution facilities;

26 (E) Connected to the electric service provider's distribution system on either side of the electric service provider's meter; and

- 28 (F) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer generator's requirements 29 for electricity."
- "(12) 'Renewable energy sources' means energy supplied from technologies as approved
   in the Georgia Green Pricing Accreditation Program."

32 SECTION 2.

- 33 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 46-3-54, relating to electric service
- 34 providers and rates and fees, as follows:
- 35 "46-3-54.
- 36 An electric service provider:
- 37 (1) Shall make either bidirectional metering or single directional metering available to
- customer generators depending on how the <u>customer chooses to connect the</u> distributed
- 39 generation facility is connected to the distribution system of the electric service provider;
- 40 (2) Shall enter into a written agreement with the customer generator to charge the
- customer generator the rate established by the commission, or the appropriate governing
- body, in the case of any other electric service provider or electric supplier, for metering
- 43 services;
- 44 (3) In setting the fees for metering service, the commission, or the appropriate governing
- body, in the case of any other electric service provider or electric supplier, will shall
- 46 include the direct costs associated with interconnecting or administering metering
- services or distributed generation facilities and will shall not allocate these costs among
- the utility's entire customer base; and
- 49 (4) In establishing such a fee for metering services, the electric service provider shall not
- 50 charge the customer generator any standby, capacity, <u>facilities</u>, interconnection, or other
- fee or charge, other than a <u>just and reasonable</u> monthly service charge, unless <del>agreed to</del>
- 52 by the customer generator or approved by the commission, in the case of an electric
- tility, or the appropriate governing body, in the case of any other electric service
- 54 provider or electric supplier, after public notice and an opportunity for public comment.
- All fees imposed on customer generators shall be just and reasonable and shall not be
- discriminatory in violation of subsection (a) of Code Section 46-3-11."

57 SECTION 3.

- 58 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 46-3-55, relating to measurement
- and payment of energy flow, as follows:

- 60 "46-3-55.
- Consistent with the other provisions of this chapter, the energy flow shall be measured and
- paid for in the following manner:
- 63 (1) If the distributed generation facilities are connected to the electric service provider's
- distribution system on the customer generator's side of the customer's meter, the electric
- service provider shall:
- 66 (A) Measure the electricity produced or consumed during the <u>monthly</u> billing period,
- in accordance with normal metering practices using bidirectional metering;
- 68 (B) When the electricity supplied by the electric service provider exceeds the
- 69 electricity generated by the customer's distributed generation in the monthly billing
- period, the electricity shall be billed by the electric service provider, in accordance with
- 71 tariffs filed with the commission; or
- 72 (C) When electricity generated by the customer's distributed generation system exceeds
- the electricity supplied by the electric service provider in the monthly billing period, the
- customer generator:
- 75 (i) Shall be billed for the appropriate customer charges for that <u>monthly</u> billing
- 76 period; and
- 77 (ii) Shall be credited for the excess kilowatt-hours generated during the <u>monthly</u>
- billing period at an agreed to rate as filed with the commission, with this
- kilowatt-hour credit appearing on the bill for the billing period; or
- 80 (2) If the distributed generation facilities are connected to the electric service provider's
- distribution system on the electric service provider's side of the customer's meter, the
- 82 electric service provider shall:
- 83 (A) Measure the electricity produced or consumed during the <u>monthly</u> billing period,
- in accordance with normal metering practices using single directional metering;
- 85 (B) Charge the customer generator a minimum monthly fee as established in Code
- 86 Section 46-3-54; and
- 87 (C) If there is electricity generated by the customer generator for the <u>monthly</u> billing
- period, the customer generator shall be compensated at an agreed to rate as filed with
- 89 the commission."

90 **SECTION 4.** 

- 91 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 46-3-56, relating to the
- 92 requirement to purchase energy from customer generator and safety standards and
- 93 regulations, as follows:

94 "46-3-56.

(a) An electric service provider will shall only be required to purchase energy electricity as specified in Code Section 46-3-55 from an eligible customer generator on a first-come, first-served basis until the cumulative generating capacity of all renewable energy sources equals 0.2 distributed generation facilities of the electric service provider equals 2 percent of the utility's annual peak demand in the previous year; provided, however, that no electric service provider will be required to purchase such energy at a price above avoided energy cost unless that amount of energy has been subscribed under any renewable energy program.

- (b) Once the capacity is subscribed, an electric service provider may purchase energy from an eligible customer generator at a cost of energy as defined The rate used to credit or compensate eligible customer generators as determined in Code Section 46-3-55 shall be set for a utility by the commission, in the case of an electric utility, or by the appropriate governing body, in the case of any other electric service provider or electric supplier, based upon a comprehensive assessment of the benefits and costs of the distributed generation facilities in the electric service provider's service territory; provided, however, that no electric service provider shall be required to purchase electricity from an eligible customer generator at a price above the electric service provider's avoided costs, as determined by such benefits and costs assessment unless that amount of electricity has been subscribed to under a renewable energy program.
- 114 (c) A distributed generation facility used by a customer generator shall include, at the 115 customer's own expense, all equipment necessary to meet applicable safety, power quality, 116 and interconnection requirements established by the National Electrical Code, National 117 Electrical Safety Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and 118 Underwriters Laboratories.
  - (d) The commission, in the case of an electric utility, or the appropriate governing body, in the case of other electric service providers or electric suppliers, after appropriate <u>public</u> notice and opportunity for <u>public</u> comment, may adopt by regulation additional safety, power quality, and interconnection requirements for customer generator that the commission or governing body determines are necessary to protect public safety and system reliability.
- (e) An electric service provider may not require a customer generator whose distributed generation facility meets the standards in subsections (a)(c) and (b)(d) of this Code section, to comply with additional safety or performance standards, perform or pay for additional tests, or purchase additional liability insurance, or add an electric service provider as an additional insured to existing insurance policies.

(f) No electric service provider or electric supplier shall be liable to any person, directly or indirectly, for loss of property, injury, or death resulting from the interconnection of a cogenerator or distributed generation facility to its electrical system."

**SECTION 5.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 46-3-64, relating to requirements upon a retail electric customer utilizing solar technology connected to an electric system of an electric service provider, as follows:

137 "46-3-64.

(a) For solar technology with a peak generating capacity of not more than 10 kilowatts for a residential application and not more than 100 500 kilowatts for a commercial application, the electric service provider may require the retail electric customer or solar financing agent to provide, at the retail electric customer's or solar financing agent's expense, all equipment necessary to meet applicable safety, power quality, and interconnection requirements established by the National Electrical Code, National Electrical Safety Code, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and Underwriters Laboratories, prior to interconnecting the solar technology to the electric service provider's electric system. If such applicable safety, power quality, and interconnection requirements are met, an electric service provider shall not require compliance with additional safety or performance standards, require the performance of or payment for additional tests, or require the purchase of additional liability insurance.

(b) For solar technology with a peak generating capacity of more than 10 kilowatts for a residential application and more than 100 500 kilowatts for a commercial application, the electric service provider may require compliance with additional requirements beyond those specified in subsection (a) of this Code section. Such additional requirements shall include only those necessary to protect public safety, power quality, and system reliability."

**SECTION 6.** 

156 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.