l	JOINT RULES RESOLUTION - TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS
2	2020 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	Committee Note:
9	The Legislative Process Committee recommended this bill.
10	Legislative Vote: 8 voting for 0 voting against 0 absent
11	General Description:
12	This joint rules resolution makes technical changes to the joint legislative rules.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This resolution:
15	 makes existing terms consistent in their use;
16	 provides cross-references for existing terms;
17	corrects inconsistent terms; and
18	repeals duplicate provisions.
19	Special Clauses:
20	None
21	Legislative Rules Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	JR3-2-806
24	JR6-4-305
25	JR7-1-411
26	JR7-1-509
27	JR7-1-611



	REPEALS:
	JR4-5-203
	JR4-6-101
	JR4-6-201
	JR4-6-202
	Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. JR3-2-806 is amended to read:
	JR3-2-806. Point of order Appeal of chair's decision.
	(1) A point of order is not a motion and, except during a vote, may be made by a
	member of an appropriations committee at any time during a committee meeting.
	(2) If a member of an appropriations committee is concerned that legislative rules or
]	procedures are not being followed, the committee member may make a point of order.
	(3) When a point of order is made, the chair shall immediately allow the committee
n	member to state the member's point.
	(4) A chair shall rule on the point of order without committee discussion or debate as
p	rovided in JR3-2-612.
	(5) An appeal of the decision of the chair is not a motion and may be made by a
C	committee member after the chair has ruled on a point of order.
	(6) (a) An appropriations committee may, by majority vote, [override] overrule the
•	decision of the chair on a point of order.
	(b) If the committee [overrides] overrules the decision of the chair, the ruling of a
(committee is final.
	(c) If a committee does not [override] overrule the decision of the chair, the ruling of a
	chair is final.
	Section 2. JR6-4-305 is amended to read:
	JR6-4-305. Vote on allegations and recommendations Public meeting
	Standards Reconsideration.
	(1) After conclusion of the deliberations, the committee shall meet in public and, for
	each allegation reviewed by the committee, vote on whether the allegation is:
	(a) proven by clear and convincing evidence; or

59	(b) not proven.
60	(2) For any count that has been voted as proven, the committee shall, by a motion
61	approved by a majority of the members of the committee, recommend one or more of the
62	following actions:
63	(a) censure;
64	(b) expulsion;
65	(c) denial or limitation of any right, power, or privilege of the respondent, if, under the
66	Utah Constitution, the Senate or House may impose that denial or limitation, and if the
67	violation bears upon the exercise or holding of any right, power, or privilege; or
68	(d) any other action that the committee determines is appropriate.
69	(3) Votes shall be taken by verbal roll call and each member's vote shall be recorded.
70	(4) A count is not considered to be proven unless a majority of the committee votes
71	that the count is proven.
72	(5) The committee, by a motion for reconsideration that is approved by a majority of
73	the committee, may reconsider and hold a new vote provided that:
74	(a) a motion to reconsider a vote on whether an allegation was proven or not proven
75	may only be made by a member of the committee who voted that the allegation was not prover
76	and
77	(b) a motion to reconsider a vote recommending an action against the respondent may
78	only be made by a member of the committee who voted against the recommendation.
79	(6) A count that is not voted as "proven" by a majority of the members of the
80	committee is dismissed.
81	(7) The committee may close the meeting for the purposes of further deliberations,
82	subject to the requirements of JR6-4-304:
83	(a) at the direction of the chair, subject to [override] being overruled by the committee
84	as provided in JR6-2-302; or
85	(b) upon a motion approved by a majority of the members of the committee.
86	(8) After a final vote has been cast on each allegation and recommendation, the
87	committee shall prepare the finding and order as provided in JR6-4-306.
88	Section 3. JR7-1-411 is amended to read:

JR7-1-411. Creation and organization of subcommittees.

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90	(1) A legislative committee may establish one or more subcommittees if approved by:
91	(a) a majority vote of the legislative committee; and
92	(b) the Legislative Management Committee.
93	(2) The legislative committee shall establish each study assignment of a subcommittee
94	by majority vote.
95	(3) After a legislative committee establishes a subcommittee, the chairs of the
96	legislative committee shall:
97	(a) appoint at least four members of the legislative committee to serve on the
98	subcommittee;
99	(b) appoint at least one and no more than two additional members of the legislative
100	committee as chair or cochairs of the subcommittee; and
101	(c) establish the subcommittee's powers, duties, and reporting requirements.
102	(4) Each member of a subcommittee shall receive:
103	(a) compensation for attendance of a meeting of the subcommittee that is an authorized
104	legislative day as defined in JR5-1-101; and
105	(b) reimbursement for expenses in accordance with Title 5, Legislative Compensation
106	and Expenses.
107	Section 4. JR7-1-509 is amended to read:
108	JR7-1-509. Point of order Appeal of chair's decision.
109	(1) (a) If a member of a legislative committee is concerned that the chair is not
110	following or enforcing legislative rule or procedure, the member may make a point of order.
111	(b) A point of order is not a motion.
112	(2) Except during a vote, a member of a legislative committee may make a point of
113	order at any time during a meeting of the legislative committee without recognition by the
114	chair.
115	(3) If a member of a legislative committee makes a point of order, the chair shall:
116	(a) immediately allow the member to state the member's point of order; and
117	(b) rule on the point of order without discussion or debate.
118	(4) (a) A member of the legislative committee may appeal the chair's ruling on a point
119	of order.
120	(b) An appeal of the chair's ruling on a point of order is not a motion.

121	(5) Except during a vote, a member of a legislative committee may appeal the chair's
122	ruling on a point of order at any time during a meeting of the legislative committee without
123	recognition by the chair.
124	(6) (a) If a member of the legislative committee appeals the chair's ruling on a point of
125	order, the chair shall place a vote asking the members of the legislative committee whether to
126	[override] overrule the chair's ruling on the point of order.
127	(b) The legislative committee may overrule the chair's ruling by a majority vote.
128	(7) (a) If the legislative committee [overrides] overrules the chair's ruling, the ruling of
129	the legislative committee is final.
130	(b) If the legislative committee does not [override] overrule the chair's ruling, the
131	ruling of the chair is final.
132	Section 5. JR7-1-611 is amended to read:
133	JR7-1-611. Assignment of committee bills Report on committee bills and study
134	items.
135	(1) The chairs of each legislative committee shall:
136	(a) assign each of the legislative committee's bills a chief sponsor and a floor sponsor
137	from the opposite chamber; and
138	(b) deliver to the Senate Rules Committee and the House Rules Committee a report
139	that includes, for each of the legislative committee's committee bills:
140	(i) the short title;
141	(ii) the chief sponsor;
142	(iii) the floor sponsor; and
143	(iv) how each member of the [interim] legislative committee voted when the [interim]
144	<u>legislative</u> committee gave the committee bill a favorable recommendation, including whether
145	a member was absent at the time of the vote.
146	(2) In addition to the items described in Subsection (1), the chairs of each interim
147	committee shall deliver to the Legislative Management Committee:
148	(a) a copy of the report described in Subsection (1)(b); and
149	(b) the disposition of each issue assigned to or studied by the interim committee during
150	the preceding calendar year.
151	(3) (a) The chairs of an interim committee shall comply with this rule on or before

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152	December 15.
153	(b) The chairs of a special committee shall comply with this rule as soon as practicable
154	Section 6. Repealer.
155	This resolution repeals:
156	JR4-5-203, Deadline for passing the final appropriations bill.
157	JR4-6-101, Certification and signature.
158	JR4-6-201, Recalling legislation before it is signed by the speaker and president.
159	JR4-6-202, Recalling legislation from the governor.