

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 6628

To amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to strengthen congressional control and review, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 28, 2020

Mr. Yarmuth (for himself, Mrs. Lowey, and Mrs. Carolyn B. Maloney of New York) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Reform, Transportation and Infrastructure, Rules, Foreign Affairs, Ways and Means, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to strengthen congressional control and review, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Congressional Power of the Purse Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL CONTROL AND REVIEW TO PREVENT IMPOUNDMENT

- Sec. 101. Strengthening congressional control.
- Sec. 102. Strengthening congressional review.
- Sec. 103. Updated authorities for and reporting by the Comptroller General.
- Sec. 104. Advance congressional notification and litigation.
- Sec. 105. Penalties for failure to comply with the Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

TITLE II—STRENGTHENING TRANSPARENCY AND REPORTING

Subtitle A—Funds Management and Reporting to the Congress

- Sec. 201. Expired balance reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 202. Cancelled balance reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 203. Lapse in appropriations reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 204. Transfer and other repurposing authority reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 205. Authorizing cancellations in indefinite accounts by appropriation.

Subtitle B—Empowering Congressional Review Through Nonpartisan Congressional Agencies and Transparency Initiatives

- Sec. 211. Requirement to respond to requests for information from the Government Accountability Office for budget and appropriations law decisions.
- Sec. 212. Reporting requirements for Antideficiency Act violations.
- Sec. 213. Department of Justice reporting to Congress for Antideficiency Act violations.
- Sec. 214. Publication of budget or appropriations law opinions of the Department of Justice Office of Legal Counsel.

TITLE III—STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL ROLE IN AND OVERSIGHT OF EMERGENCY DECLARATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

- Sec. 301. Improving checks and balances on the use of the National Emergencies Act.
- Sec. 302. National Emergencies Act declaration spending reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 303. Emergency and overseas contingency operations designations by Congress in statute.

TITLE I—STRENGTHENING CON-CONTROL GRESSIONAL **AND** 2 **REVIEW PREVENT** TO IM-3 POUNDMENT 4 5 SEC. 101. STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL CONTROL. 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Impoundment Control Act of 7 1974 (2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.) is amended by adding at the 8 end the following: 9 "PRUDENT OBLIGATION OF BUDGET AUTHORITY AND 10 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR EXPIRING BUDGET 11 AUTHORITY 12 "SEC. 1018. (a) Special Message Require-MENT.—With respect to budget authority proposed to be 13 14 rescinded or that is set to be reserved or proposed to be 15 deferred in a special message transmitted under section 16 1012 or 1013, such budget authority— 17 "(1) shall be made available for obligation in 18 sufficient time to be prudently obligated as required 19 under section 1012(b) or 1013; and "(2) may not be deferred or otherwise withheld 20 21 from obligation during the 90-day period before the 22 expiration of the period of availability of such budget 23 authority, including, if applicable, the 90-day period

before the expiration of an initial period of avail-

- 1 ability for which such budget authority was pro-
- 2 vided.
- 3 "(b) Administrative Requirement.—With respect
- 4 to an apportionment of an appropriation (as that term is
- 5 defined in section 1511 of title 31, United States Code)
- 6 made pursuant to section 1512 of such title, an appropria-
- 7 tion shall be apportioned—
- 8 "(1) to make available all amounts for obliga-
- 9 tion in sufficient time to be prudently obligated; and
- 10 "(2) to make available all amounts for obliga-
- tion, without precondition or limitation (including
- footnotes) that shall be met prior to obligation, not
- later than 90 days before the expiration of the pe-
- riod of availability of such appropriation, including,
- if applicable, 90 days before the expiration of an ini-
- tial period of availability for which such appropria-
- tion was provided.".
- 18 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 19 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
- 20 Act of 1974 set forth in section 1(b) of such Act is amend-
- 21 ed by adding after the item relating to section 1017 the
- 22 following:

[&]quot;1018. Prudent obligation of budget authority and specific requirements for expiring budget authority.".

1 SEC. 102. STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Impoundment Control Act of
- 3 1974 (2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), as amended by section
- 4 101(a), is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 5 lowing:
- 6 "REPORTING
- 7 "Sec. 1019. (a) Apportionment of Appropria-
- 8 TIONS.—
- 9 "(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days
- after the date of enactment of this section, the Of-
- fice of Management and Budget shall complete im-
- 12 plementation of an automated system to post each
- document apportioning an appropriation, pursuant
- to section 1513(b) of title 31, United States Code,
- including any associated footnotes, in a format that
- qualifies each such document as an Open Govern-
- ment Data Asset (as defined in section 3502 of title
- 18 44, United States Code), not later than 2 business
- days after the date of approval of such apportion-
- 20 ment, and shall place on such website each docu-
- 21 ment apportioning an appropriation, pursuant to
- such section 1513(b), including any associated foot-
- 23 notes, already approved for the fiscal year, and shall
- report the date of completion of such requirements
- 25 to the Committees on the Budget and Appropria-
- tions of the House of Representatives and Senate.

- "(2) Explanatory statement.—Each docu-ment apportioning an appropriation posted on a publicly accessible website under paragraph (1) shall also include a written explanation by the official ap-proving each such apportionment (pursuant to sec-tion 1513(b) of title 31, United States Code) of the rationale for the apportionment schedule and for any footnotes.
 - "(3) Special process for transmitting classified documentation to the congress.—
 The Office of Management and Budget or the applicable department or agency shall make available classified documentation relating to apportionment to appropriate congressional committees on a schedule to be determined by each such committee.
 - "(4) DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY REPORT.— Each department or agency shall notify the Committees on the Budget and Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate and any other appropriate congressional committees if—
 - "(A) an apportionment is not made in the required time period provided in section 1513(b) of title 31, United States Code;
- 24 "(B) an approved apportionment received 25 by the department or agency conditions the

1 availability of an appropriation on further ac-2 tion; or

> "(C) an approved apportionment received by the department or agency may hinder the prudent obligation of such appropriation or the execution of a program, project, or activity by such department or agency,

and such notification shall contain information identifying the bureau, account name, appropriation name, and Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol or fund account.

"(b) Approving Officials.—

than 15 days after the date of enactment of this section, any delegation of apportionment authority pursuant to section 1513(b) of title 31, United States Code that is in effect as of such date shall be submitted for publication in the Federal Register. Any delegation of such apportionment authority after the date of enactment of this section shall, on the date of such delegation, be submitted for publication in the Federal Register. The Office of Management and Budget shall publish such delegations in a format that qualifies such publications as an Open Government Data Asset (as defined in section 3502)

1	of title 44, United States Code) on a public internet
2	website, which shall be continuously updated with
3	the position of each Federal officer or employee to
4	whom apportionment authority has been delegated.
5	"(2) Report to congress.—Not later than 5
6	days after any change in the position of the approv-
7	ing official with respect to such delegated apportion-
8	ment authority for any account is made, the Office
9	shall submit a report to the Congress explaining why
10	such change was made.".
11	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
12	of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
13	Act of 1974 set forth in section 1(b) of such Act, as
14	amended by section 101(b), is further amended by adding
15	after the item relating to section 1018 the following:
	"1019. Reporting.".
16	SEC. 103. UPDATED AUTHORITIES FOR AND REPORTING BY
17	THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.
18	(a) Section 1015 of the Impoundment Control Act
19	of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 686) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a), in the matter following
21	paragraph (2), by striking the last sentence; and
22	(2) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(c) Review.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General
25	shall review compliance with this part and shall sub-

mit to the Committees on the Budget, Appropria-tions, and Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives, the Committees on the Budget, Ap-propriations, and Homeland Security and Govern-mental Affairs of the Senate, and any other appro-priate congressional committee of the House of Rep-resentatives and Senate a report, and any relevant information related to the report, on any noncompli-ance with this part.

"(2) Information, documentation, and views.—The President or the head of the relevant department or agency of the United States shall provide information, documentation, and views to the Comptroller General, as is determined by the Comptroller General to be necessary to determine such compliance, not later than 20 days after the date on which the request from the Comptroller General is received, or if the Comptroller General determines that a shorter or longer period is appropriate based on the specific circumstances, within such shorter or longer period.

"(3) Access.—To carry out the responsibilities of this part, the Comptroller General shall also have access to interview the officers, employees, contractors, and other agents and representatives of a de-

- 1 partment, agency, or office of the United States at
- 2 any reasonable time as the Comptroller General may
- 3 request.".
- 4 (b) Section 1001 of the Impoundment Control Act
- 5 of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 681) is amended—
- 6 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking the "or" at
- 7 the end of the paragraph;
- 8 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
- 9 the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- 10 (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) affecting or limiting in any way the au-
- thorities provided to the Comptroller General under
- chapter 7 of title 31, United States Code.".
- 14 SEC. 104. ADVANCE CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION AND
- 15 LITIGATION.
- 16 Section 1016 of the Impoundment Control Act of
- 17 1974 (2 U.S.C. 687) is amended to read as follows:
- 18 "SUITS BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL
- 19 "Sec. 1016. If, under this chapter, budget authority
- 20 is required to be made available for obligation and such
- 21 budget authority is not made available for obligation or
- 22 information, documentation, views, or access are required
- 23 to be produced and such information, documentation,
- 24 views, or access are not produced, the Comptroller General
- 25 is expressly empowered, through attorneys of their own
- 26 selection, to bring a civil action in the United States Dis-

- 1 trict Court for the District of Columbia to require such
- 2 budget authority to be made available for obligation or
- 3 such information, documentation, views, or access to be
- 4 produced, and such court is expressly empowered to enter
- 5 in such civil action, against any department, agency, offi-
- 6 cer, or employee of the United States, any decree, judg-
- 7 ment, or order which may be necessary or appropriate to
- 8 make such budget authority available for obligation or
- 9 compel production of such information, documentation,
- 10 views, or access. No civil action shall be brought by the
- 11 Comptroller General to require budget authority be made
- 12 available under this section until the expiration of 15 cal-
- 13 endar days following the date on which an explanatory
- 14 statement by the Comptroller General of the cir-
- 15 cumstances giving rise to the action contemplated is filed
- 16 with the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
- 17 President of the Senate, except that expiration of such pe-
- 18 riod shall not be required if the Comptroller General finds
- 19 (and incorporates the finding in the explanatory statement
- 20 filed) that the delay would be contrary to the public inter-
- 21 est.".
- 22 SEC. 105. PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE
- 23 IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT OF 1974.
- 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Impoundment Control Act of
- 25 1974 (2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), as amended by section

- 1 102(a), is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 2 lowing:
- 3 "PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY
- 4 "Sec. 1020. (a) Administrative Discipline.—An
- 5 officer or employee of the Executive Branch of the United
- 6 States Government violating this part shall be subject to
- 7 appropriate administrative discipline including, when cir-
- 8 cumstances warrant, suspension from duty without pay or
- 9 removal from office.
- 10 "(b) Reporting Violations.—
- 11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—In the event of a violation
- of section 1001, 1012, 1013, or 1018 of this part,
- or in the case that the Government Accountability
- Office issues a legal decision concluding that a de-
- partment, agency, or office of the United States vio-
- lated this part, the President or the head of the rel-
- evant department or agency as the case may be,
- shall report immediately to Congress all relevant
- facts and a statement of actions taken. A copy of
- each report shall also be transmitted to the Comp-
- 21 troller General and the relevant inspector general on
- 22 the same date the report is transmitted to the Con-
- 23 gress.
- 24 "(2) Contents.—Any such report shall include
- a summary of the facts pertaining to the violation,
- the title and Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol

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of the appropriation or fund account, the amount involved for each violation, the date on which the violation occurred, the position of any individuals responsible for the violation, a statement of the administrative discipline imposed and any further action taken with respect to any officer or employee involved in the violation, and a statement of any additional action taken to prevent recurrence of the same type of violation. In the case that the Government Accountability Office issues a legal decision concluding that a department, agency, or office of the United States violated this part and the relevant department, agency, or office does not agree that a violation has occurred, the report provided to Congress, the Comptroller General, and relevant inspector general will explain its position.

- "(3) OPPORTUNITY TO RESPOND.—If the report identifies the position of any officer or employee as involved in the violation, such officer or employee shall be provided a reasonable opportunity to respond in writing, and any such response shall be appended to the report.".
- 23 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents 24 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control 25 Act of 1974 set forth in section 1(b) of such Act, as

1	amended by section 102(b), is further amended by adding
2	after the item relating to section 1019 the following:
	"1020. Penalties for failure to comply.".
3	TITLE II—STRENGTHENING
4	TRANSPARENCY AND RE-
5	PORTING
6	Subtitle A—Funds Management
7	and Reporting to the Congress
8	SEC. 201. EXPIRED BALANCE REPORTING IN THE PRESI-
9	DENT'S BUDGET.
10	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is
11	amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(40) for the budgets for each of fiscal years
13	2022 through 2026, a report on—
14	"(A) unobligated expired balances as of the
15	beginning of the current fiscal year and the be-
16	ginning of each of the preceding 2 fiscal years
17	by agency and the applicable Treasury Appro-
18	priation Fund Symbol or fund account; and
19	"(B) an explanation of expired balances in
20	any Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol or
21	fund account that exceed the lesser of 5 percent
22	of total appropriations made available for that
23	account or \$100 000 000 "

1	SEC. 202. CANCELLED BALANCE REPORTING IN THE PRESI-
2	DENT'S BUDGET.
3	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
4	amended by section 201, is further amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"(41) for the budgets for each of fiscal years
7	2022 through 2026, a report on—
8	"(A) cancelled balances (pursuant to sec-
9	tion 1552(a)) for the preceding 3 fiscal years by
10	agency and Treasury Appropriation Fund Sym-
11	bol or fund account;
12	"(B) an explanation of cancelled balances
13	in any Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol or
14	fund account that exceed the lesser of 5 percent
15	of total appropriations made available for that
16	account or \$100,000,000; and
17	"(C) a tabulation, by Treasury Appropria-
18	tion Fund Symbol or fund account and appro-
19	priation, of all balances of appropriations avail-
20	able for an indefinite period in an appropriation
21	account available for an indefinite period that
22	do not meet the criteria for closure under sec-
23	tion 1555, but for which either—
24	"(i) the head of the agency concerned
25	or the President has determined that the

1	purposes for which the appropriation was
2	made have been carried out; or
3	"(ii) no disbursement has been made
4	against the appropriation—
5	"(I) in the prior year and the
6	preceding fiscal year; or
7	"(II) in the prior year and which
8	the budget estimates zero disburse-
9	ments in the current year.".
10	SEC. 203. LAPSE IN APPROPRIATIONS REPORTING IN THE
11	PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.
12	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
13	amended by section 202, is further amended by adding
14	at the end the following:
15	"(42) a report on—
16	"(A) any obligation or expenditure made
17	by a department or agency affected in whole or
18	in part by any lapse in appropriations of 5 con-
19	secutive days or more during the preceding fis-
20	cal year; and
21	"(B)(i) with respect to any such obligation
22	or expenditure, the amount so obligated or ex-
23	pended, the account affected, and an expla-
24	nation of which Antideficiency Act exceptions
25	permitted the department or agency, as the

1	case may be, to incur such obligation or expend-
2	iture; and
3	"(ii) an explanation of any changes in the
4	application of any Antideficiency Act exception
5	for a program, project, or activity from any ex-
6	planations previously reported on pursuant to
7	this paragraph.".
8	SEC. 204. TRANSFER AND OTHER REPURPOSING AUTHOR-
9	ITY REPORTING IN THE PRESIDENT'S BUDG-
10	ET.
11	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
12	amended by section 203, is further amended by adding
13	at the end the following:
14	"(43) for the budget for fiscal year 2022, a re-
15	port on—
16	"(A) any transfer authority or other au-
17	thority to repurpose appropriations provided in
18	a law other than an appropriation act; and
19	"(B) with respect to any such authority,
20	the citation to the statute, the list of depart-
21	ments or agencies covered, an explanation of
22	when such authority may be used, and an ex-
23	planation on any use of such authority in the
24	preceding 3 fiscal years.".

1	SEC. 205. AUTHORIZING CANCELLATIONS IN INDEFINITE
2	ACCOUNTS BY APPROPRIATION.
3	(a) In General.—Subchapter IV of chapter 15 of
4	title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
5	section 1555 the following:
6	"SEC. 1555a. CANCELLATION OF APPROPRIATIONS AVAIL-
7	ABLE FOR INDEFINITE PERIODS WITHIN AN
8	ACCOUNT.
9	"Any remaining balance (whether obligated or unobli-
10	gated) from an appropriation available for an indefinite
11	period in an appropriation account available for an indefi-
12	nite period that does not meet the requirements for closure
13	under section 1555 shall be canceled, and thereafter shall
14	not be available for obligation or expenditure for any pur-
15	pose, if—
16	"(1) the head of the agency concerned or the
17	President determines that the purposes for which
18	the appropriation was made have been carried out;
19	and
20	"(2) no disbursement has been made against
21	the appropriation for two consecutive fiscal years.".
22	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
23	for subchapter IV of chapter 15 of title 31, United States
24	Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
25	section 1555 the following:

"1555a. Cancellation of appropriations available for indefinite periods within an account.".

1	Subtitle B—Empowering Congres-
2	sional Review Through Non-
3	partisan Congressional Agencies
4	and Transparency Initiatives
5	SEC. 211. REQUIREMENT TO RESPOND TO REQUESTS FOR
6	INFORMATION FROM THE GOVERNMENT AC-
7	COUNTABILITY OFFICE FOR BUDGET AND AP-
8	PROPRIATIONS LAW DECISIONS.
9	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 7 of title
10	31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"SEC. 722. REQUIREMENT TO RESPOND TO REQUESTS FOR
13	INFORMATION FROM THE GOVERNMENT AC-
14	COUNTABILITY OFFICE FOR BUDGET AND AP-
15	PROPRIATIONS LAW DECISIONS.
16	"(a) If an executive agency or the District of Colum-
17	bia government receives a written request for information,
18	documentation, or views from the Government Account-
19	ability Office relating to a decision or opinion on budget
20	or appropriations law, the executive agency or the District
21	of Columbia government shall provide the requested infor-
22	mation, documentation, or views not later than 20 days
23	after receiving the written request, unless such written re-
24	quest specifically provides otherwise.

- 1 "(b) If an executive agency or the District of Colum-
- 2 bia government fails to respond to the request for informa-
- 3 tion, documentation, or views within the time required by
- 4 this section—

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"(1) the Comptroller General shall notify, in writing, the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives, Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and any other appropriate congressional committee of the House of Representatives and the Sen-

ate of such failure; and

- "(2) the Comptroller General is hereby expressly empowered, through attorneys of their own selection, to bring a civil action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia to require such information, documentation, or views to be produced, and such court is expressly empowered to enter in such civil action, against any department, agency, officer, or employee of the United States, any decree, judgment, or order which may be necessary or appropriate to require such production.
- "(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as af-23 fecting or otherwise limiting the authorities provided to 24 the Comptroller General in section 716 of this title.".

- 1 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 2 for subchapter II of chapter 7 of title 31, United States
- 3 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
- 4 section 721 the following:

"722. Requirement to respond to requests for information from the Government Accountability Office for budget and appropriations law decisions.".

5 SEC. 212. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR ANTIDEFICIEN-

- 6 CY ACT VIOLATIONS.
- 7 (a) Violations of Section 1341 or 1342.—Sec-
- 8 tion 1351 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- 9 (1) by striking "If" and inserting "(a) If the
- 10 Government Accountability Office, an executive
- agency, or the District of Columbia government de-
- termines that"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 14 "(b) Any such report shall include a summary of the
- 15 facts pertaining to the violation, the title and Treasury
- 16 Appropriation Fund Symbol of the appropriation or fund
- 17 account, the amount involved for each violation, the date
- 18 on which the violation occurred, the position of any officer
- 19 or employee responsible for the violation, a statement of
- 20 the administrative discipline imposed and any further ac-
- 21 tion taken with respect to any officer or employee involved
- 22 in the violation, a statement of any additional action taken
- 23 to prevent recurrence of the same type of violation, a
- 24 statement of any determination that the violation was not

- 1 knowing and willful that has been made by the executive
- 2 agency or District of Columbia government, and any writ-
- 3 ten response by any officer or employee identified by posi-
- 4 tion as involved in the violation. In the case that the Gov-
- 5 ernment Accountability Office issues a legal decision con-
- 6 cluding that section 1341(a) or 1342 was violated and the
- 7 executive agency or District of Columbia government, as
- 8 applicable, does not agree that a violation has occurred,
- 9 the report provided to the President, the Congress, and
- 10 the Comptroller General will explain its position.".
- 11 (b) VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 1517.—Section 1517 of
- 12 title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- 13 (1) in subsection (b), by striking "If" and in-
- serting "If the Government Accountability Office, an
- executive agency, or the District of Columbia gov-
- 16 ernment determines that"; and
- 17 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 18 "(c) Any such report shall include a summary of the
- 19 facts pertaining to the violation, the title and Treasury
- 20 Appropriation Fund Symbol of the appropriation or fund
- 21 account, the amount involved for each violation, the date
- 22 on which the violation occurred, the position of any officer
- 23 or employee responsible for the violation, a statement of
- 24 the administrative discipline imposed and any further ac-
- 25 tion taken with respect to any officer or employee involved

- 1 in the violation, a statement of any additional action taken
- 2 to prevent recurrence of the same type of violation, a
- 3 statement of any determination that the violation was not
- 4 knowing and willful that has been made by the executive
- 5 agency or District of Columbia government, and any writ-
- 6 ten response by any officer or employee identified by posi-
- 7 tion as involved in the violation. In the case that the Gov-
- 8 ernment Accountability Office issues a legal decision con-
- 9 cluding that subsection (a) was violated and the executive
- 10 agency or District of Columbia government, as applicable,
- 11 does not agree that a violation has occurred, the report
- 12 provided to the President, the Congress, and the Comp-
- 13 troller General will explain its position.".
- 14 SEC. 213. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE REPORTING TO CON-
- 15 GRESS FOR ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT VIOLA-
- 16 TIONS.
- 17 (a) Violations of Sections 1341 or 1342.—Sec-
- 18 tion 1350 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- 19 (1) by striking "An officer" and inserting "(a)
- 20 An officer"; and
- 21 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 22 "(b)(1) If an executive agency or the District of Co-
- 23 lumbia government reports, under section 1351, a viola-
- 24 tion of section 1341(a) or 1342, the Attorney General
- 25 shall promptly review such report and investigate to the

- 1 extent necessary to determine whether there are reason-
- 2 able grounds to believe that the responsible officer or em-
- 3 ployee knowingly and willfully violated such section
- 4 1341(a) or 1342, as applicable. If the Attorney General
- 5 determines that there are such reasonable grounds, the
- 6 Attorney General diligently shall investigate a criminal
- 7 violation under this section.
- 8 "(2) The Attorney General shall submit to Congress
- 9 and the Comptroller General on or before March 31 of
- 10 each calendar year an annual report detailing separately
- 11 for each executive agency and the District of Columbia
- 12 government—
- "(A) the number of reports under section 1351
- transmitted to the President during the preceding
- 15 calendar year;
- 16 "(B) the number of reports reviewed in accord-
- ance with paragraph (1) during the preceding cal-
- 18 endar year;
- "(C) without identification of any individual of-
- ficer or employee of the United States Government
- or of the District of Columbia government, a de-
- scription of each investigation undertaken in accord-
- ance with paragraph (1) during the preceding cal-
- endar year and an explanation of the status of any
- such investigation; and

- 1 "(D) without identification of any individual of-
- 2 ficer or employee of the United States Government
- 3 or of the District of Columbia government, an expla-
- 4 nation of any update to the status of any review or
- 5 investigation previously reported pursuant to this
- 6 subsection.".
- 7 (b) Violations of Section 1517.—Section 1519 of
- 8 title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- 9 (1) by striking "An officer" and inserting "(a)
- 10 An officer"; and
- 11 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b)(1) If an executive agency or the District of Co-
- 13 lumbia government reports, under section 1517(b), a vio-
- 14 lation of section 1517(a), the Attorney General shall
- 15 promptly review such report and investigate to the extent
- 16 necessary to determine whether there are reasonable
- 17 grounds to believe that the responsible officer or employee
- 18 knowingly and willfully violated such section 1517(a). If
- 19 the Attorney General determines that there are such rea-
- 20 sonable grounds, the Attorney General diligently shall in-
- 21 vestigate a criminal violation under this section.
- 22 "(2) The Attorney General shall submit to Congress
- 23 and the Comptroller General on or before March 31 of
- 24 each calendar year an annual report detailing separately

for each executive agency and the District of Columbia 2 government— 3 "(A) the number of reports under section 4 1517(b) transmitted to the President during the pre-5 ceding calendar year; 6 "(B) the number of reports reviewed in accord-7 ance with paragraph (1) during the preceding cal-8 endar year; 9 "(C) without identification of any individual of-10 ficer or employee of the United States Government 11 or of the District of Columbia government, a de-12 scription of each investigation undertaken in accord-13 ance with paragraph (1) during the preceding cal-14 endar year and an explanation of the status of any 15 such investigation; and "(D) without identification of any individual of-16 17 ficer or employee of the United States Government 18 or of the District of Columbia government, an expla-19 nation of any update to the status of any review or 20 investigation previously reported pursuant to this

subsection.".

1	SEC. 214. PUBLICATION OF BUDGET OR APPROPRIATIONS
2	LAW OPINIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUS-
3	TICE OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL.
4	(a) Schedule of Publication for Final OLC
5	OPINIONS.—Each final opinion issued by the Office of
6	Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice relating to
7	section 1301(a), 1341, 1342, 1501, 1502, 1512, 1513,
8	1515, 1517, or 3302(b) of title 31, United States Code,
9	any provision of the Balanced Budget and Emergency
10	Deficit Control Act of 1985, the Federal Credit Reform
11	Act of 1990, the Impoundment Control Act of 1974, an
12	appropriation Act, continuing resolution, or another provi-
13	sion of law providing or governing appropriations or budg-
14	et authority shall be made available on its public website
15	in a manner that is searchable, sortable, and downloadable
16	in its entirety as soon as is practicable, but—
17	(1) not later than 30 days after the opinion is
18	issued or updated if such action takes place on or
19	after the date of enactment of this Act;
20	(2) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
21	actment of this Act for an opinion issued on or after
22	January 20, 1993;
23	(3) not later than 2 years after the date of en-
24	actment of this Act for an opinion issued on or after
25	January 20, 1981, and before or on January 19,
26	1993:

1	(4) not later than 3 years after the date of en-
2	actment of this Act for an opinion issued on or after
3	January 20, 1969, and before or on January 19,
4	1981; and
5	(5) not later than 4 years after the date of en-
6	actment of this Act for all other opinions.
7	(b) Exceptions and Limitation on Public
8	AVAILABILITY OF FINAL OLC OPINIONS.—
9	(1) In general.—A final OLC opinion or part
10	thereof may be withheld only to the extent—
11	(A) information contained in the opinion
12	was—
13	(i) specifically authorized to be kept
14	secret, under criteria established by an Ex-
15	ecutive order, in the interest of national
16	defense or foreign policy;
17	(ii) properly classified, including all
18	procedural and marking requirements, pur-
19	suant to such Executive order;
20	(iii) the Attorney General determines
21	that the national defense or foreign policy
22	interests protected outweigh the public's
23	interest in access to the information; and
24	(iv) put through declassification re-
25	view within the past two years;

1	(B) information contained in the opinion
2	relates to the appointment of a specific indi-
3	vidual not confirmed to Federal office;
4	(C) information contained in the opinion is
5	specifically exempted from disclosure by statute
6	(other than sections 552 and 552b of title 5,
7	United States Code), if such statute—
8	(i) requires that the material be with-
9	held in such a manner as to leave no dis-
10	cretion on the issue; or
11	(ii) establishes particular criteria for
12	withholding or refers to particular types of
13	material to be withheld;
14	(D) information in the opinion includes
15	trade secrets and commercial or financial infor-
16	mation obtained from a person and privileged
17	or confidential whose disclosure would likely
18	cause substantial harm to the competitive posi-
19	tion of the person from whom the information
20	was obtained;
21	(E) the President, in his or her sole and
22	nondelegable determination, formally and per-
23	sonally claims in writing that executive privilege
24	prevents the release of the information and dis-
25	closure would cause specific identifiable harm to

1	an interest protected by an exception or the dis-
2	closure is prohibited by law; or
3	(F) information in the opinion includes
4	personnel and medical files and similar files the
5	disclosure of which would constitute a clearly
6	unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
7	(2) Determination to withhold.—Any de-
8	termination under this subsection to withhold infor-
9	mation contained in a final OLC opinion shall be
10	made by the Attorney General or a designee of the
11	Attorney General. The determination shall be—
12	(A) in writing;
13	(B) made available to the public within the
14	same timeframe as is required of a formal OLC
15	opinion;
16	(C) sufficiently detailed as to inform the
17	public of what kind of information is being
18	withheld and the reason therefore; and
19	(D) effective only for a period of 3 years,
20	subject to review and reissuance, with each
21	reissuance made available to the public.
22	(3) Final opinions.—For final OLC opinions
23	for which the text is withheld in full or in substan-
24	tial part, a detailed unclassified summary of the
25	opinion shall be made available to the public, in the

- same timeframe as required of the final OLC opinion, that conveys the essence of the opinion, including any interpretations of a statute, the Constitution, or other legal authority. A notation shall be included in any published list of OLC opinions regarding the extent of the withholdings.
 - (4) NO LIMITATION ON FREEDOM OF INFORMATION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as limiting the availability of information under section 552 of title 5, United States Code or construed as an exemption under paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of such section.
 - (5) NO LIMITATION ON RELIEF.—A decision by the Attorney General to release or withhold information pursuant to this Act shall not preclude any action or relief conferred by statutory or regulatory regime that empowers any person to request or demand the release of information.
 - (6) Reasonably segregable portions of Opinions to be published.—Any reasonably segregable portion of an opinion shall be provided after withholding of the portions which are exempt under this section. The amount of information withheld, and the exemption under which the withholding is made, shall be indicated on the released portion of

1	the opinion, unless including that indication would
2	harm an interest protected by the exemption in this
3	paragraph under which the withholding is made. If
4	technically feasible, the amount of the information
5	withheld, and the exemption under which the with-
6	holding is made, shall be indicated at the place in
7	the opinion where such withholding is made.
8	(c) METHOD OF PUBLICATION.—The Attorney Gen-
9	eral shall publish each final OLC opinion to the extent
10	the law permits, including by publishing the opinions on
11	a publicly accessible website that—
12	(1) with respect to each opinion—
13	(A) contains an electronic copy of the opin-
14	ion, including any transmittal letter associated
15	with the opinion, in an open format that is plat-
16	form independent and that is available to the
17	public without restrictions;
18	(B) provides the public the ability to re-
19	trieve an opinion, to the extent practicable,
20	through searches based on—
21	(i) the title of the opinion;
22	(ii) the date of publication or revision;
23	or
24	(iii) the full text of the opinion;

1	(C) identifies the time and date when the
2	opinion was required to be published, and when
3	the opinion was transmitted for publication;
4	and
5	(D) provides a permanent means of access-
6	ing the opinion electronically;
7	(2) includes a means for bulk download of all
8	OLC opinions or a selection of opinions retrieved
9	using a text-based search;
10	(3) provides free access to the opinions, and
11	does not charge a fee, require registration, or impose
12	any other limitation in exchange for access to the
13	website; and
14	(4) is capable of being upgraded as necessary to
15	carry out the purposes of this section.
16	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
17	(1) OLC OPINION.—The term "OLC opinion"

(1) OLC OPINION.—The term "OLC opinion" means views on a matter of legal interpretation communicated by the Office of Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice to any other office or agency, or person in an office or agency, in the Executive Branch, including any office in the Department of Justice, the White House, or the Executive Office of the President, and rendered in accordance with sections 511–513 of title 28, United States Code.

1	Where the communication of the legal interpretation
2	takes place verbally, a memorialization of that com-
3	munication qualifies as an "OLC opinion".
4	(2) Final Olc Opinion.—The term "final
5	OLC opinion" means an OLC opinion that—
6	(A) the Attorney General, Assistant Attor-
7	ney General for the Office of Legal Counsel, or
8	a Deputy Assistant General for the Office of
9	Legal Counsel, has determined is final;
10	(B) government officials or government
11	contractors are relying on or have relied on;
12	(C) is or has been relied upon to formulate
13	legal guidance; or
14	(D) is cited in another Office of Legal
15	Counsel opinion.
16	TITLE III—STRENGTHENING
17	CONGRESSIONAL ROLE IN
18	AND OVERSIGHT OF EMER-
19	GENCY DECLARATIONS AND
20	DESIGNATIONS
21	SEC. 301. IMPROVING CHECKS AND BALANCES ON THE USE
22	OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCIES ACT.
23	(a) Requirements Relating to Declaration
24	AND RENEWAL OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.—Title II of
25	the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.)

- 1 is amended by striking sections 201 and 202 and inserting
- 2 the following:
- 3 "SEC. 201. DECLARATIONS OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.
- 4 "(a) Authority To Declare National Emer-
- 5 GENCIES.—With respect to Acts of Congress authorizing
- 6 the exercise, during the period of a national emergency,
- 7 of any special or extraordinary power, the President is au-
- 8 thorized to declare such a national emergency by procla-
- 9 mation. Such proclamation shall immediately be trans-
- 10 mitted to Congress and published in the Federal Register.
- 11 "(b) Specification of Provisions of Law To Be
- 12 Exercised and Reporting.—No powers or authorities
- 13 made available by statute for use during the period of a
- 14 national emergency shall be exercised unless and until the
- 15 President specifies the provisions of law under which the
- 16 President proposes that the President or other officers will
- 17 act in—
- 18 "(1) a proclamation declaring a national emer-
- 19 gency under subsection (a); or
- 20 "(2) one or more Executive orders relating to
- the emergency published in the Federal Register and
- transmitted to Congress.
- 23 "(c) Prohibition on Subsequent Actions if
- 24 Emergencies Not Approved.—

1 "(1) Subsequent declarations.—If a joint 2 resolution of approval is not enacted under section 3 203 with respect to a national emergency before the 4 expiration of the 30 calendar day period described in 5 section 202(a), or with respect to a national emer-6 gency proposed to be renewed under section 202(b), 7 the President may not, during the remainder of the 8 term of office of that President, declare a subse-9 quent national emergency under subsection (a) with 10 respect to the same circumstances.

- "(2) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—If a joint resolution of approval is not enacted under section 203 with respect to a power or authority specified by the President in a proclamation under subsection (a) or an Executive order under subsection (b)(2) with respect to a national emergency, the President may not, during the remainder of the term of office of that President, exercise that power or authority with respect to that emergency.
- "(d) EFFECT OF FUTURE LAWS.—No law enacted after the date of the enactment of the Congressional Power of the Purse Act shall supersede this title unless it does so in specific terms, referring to this title, and declaring that the new law supersedes the provisions of this title.

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"SEC. 202. EFFECTIVE PERIODS OF NATIONAL EMER-

2 GENCIES.

- 3 "(a) Temporary Effective Periods.—
- "(1) In General.—Unless previously termi-nated pursuant to Presidential order or Act of Con-gress, a declaration of a national emergency shall re-main in effect for 30 calendar days (excluding Sat-urday, Sunday, and legal holidays) from the issuance of the proclamation under section 201(a) (not count-ing the day on which the proclamation was issued) and shall terminate when that 30-day period expires unless there is enacted into law a joint resolution of approval under section 203 with respect to the proc-lamation.
 - "(2) Exercise of Powers and Authoritys.—Unless the declaration of national emergency has been terminated pursuant to Presidential order or Act of Congress, any emergency power or authority made available under a provision of law specified pursuant to section 201(b) may be exercised pursuant to a declaration of a national emergency for 30 calendar days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays) from the issuance of the proclamation or Executive order (not counting the day on which such proclamation or Executive order was issued). That power or authority may not be exercised after

1	that 30-day period expires unless there is enacted
2	into law a joint resolution of approval under section
3	203 approving—
4	"(A) the proclamation of the national
5	emergency or the Executive order; and
6	"(B) the exercise of the power or authority
7	specified by the President in such proclamation
8	or Executive order.
9	"(b) Renewal of National Emergencies.—A na-
10	tional emergency declared by the President under section
11	201(a) or previously renewed under this subsection, and
12	not already terminated pursuant to subsection (a) or (c),
13	shall terminate on the date that is one year after the
14	President transmitted to Congress the proclamation de-
15	claring the emergency or Congress approved a previous re-
16	newal pursuant to this subsection, unless—
17	"(1) the President publishes in the Federal
18	Register and transmits to Congress an Executive
19	order renewing the emergency; and
20	"(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution
21	of approval renewing the emergency pursuant to sec-
22	tion 203 before the termination of the emergency or
23	previous renewal of the emergency.
24	"(c) Termination of National Emergencies —

1	"(1) In General.—Any national emergency
2	declared by the President under section 201(a) shall
3	terminate on the earliest of—
4	"(A) the date provided for in subsection
5	(a);
6	"(B) the date provided for in subsection
7	(b);
8	"(C) the date specified in an Act of Con-
9	gress terminating the emergency; or
10	"(D) the date specified in a proclamation
11	of the President terminating the emergency.
12	"(2) Effect of Termination.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Effective on the date
14	of the termination of a national emergency
15	under paragraph (1)—
16	"(i) except as provided by subpara-
17	graph (B), any powers or authorities exer-
18	cised by reason of the emergency shall
19	cease to be exercised;
20	"(ii) any amounts reprogrammed,
21	repurposed, or transferred under any pro-
22	vision of law with respect to the emergency
23	that remain unobligated on that date shall
24	be returned and made available for the

1	purpose for which such amounts were ap-
2	propriated; and
3	"(iii) any contracts entered into under
4	any provision of law relating to the emer-
5	gency shall be terminated.
6	"(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—The termi-
7	nation of a national emergency shall not af-
8	fect—
9	"(i) any legal action taken or pending
10	legal proceeding not finally concluded or
11	determined on the date of the termination
12	under paragraph (1);
13	"(ii) any legal action or legal pro-
14	ceeding based on any act committed prior
15	to that date; or
16	"(iii) any rights or duties that ma-
17	tured or penalties that were incurred prior
18	to that date.
19	"SEC. 203. REVIEW BY CONGRESS OF NATIONAL EMER-
20	GENCIES.
21	"(a) Joint Resolution of Approval Defined.—
22	In this section, the term 'joint resolution of approval'
23	means a joint resolution that does not have a preamble
24	and that contains only the following provisions after its
25	resolving clause:

1	"(1) A provision approving one or more—
2	"(A) proclamations of national emergency
3	made under section 201(a);
4	"(B) Executive orders issued under section
5	201(b)(2); or
6	"(C) Executive orders issued under section
7	202(b).
8	"(2) A provision approving a list of all or a por-
9	tion of the provisions of law specified by the Presi-
10	dent under section 201(b) in the proclamations or
11	Executive orders that are the subject of the joint
12	resolution.
13	"(b) Procedures for Consideration of Joint
14	RESOLUTIONS OF APPROVAL.—
15	"(1) Introduction.—After the President
16	transmits to Congress a proclamation declaring a
17	national emergency under section 201(a), or an Ex-
18	ecutive order specifying emergency powers or au-
19	thorities under section 201(b)(2) or renewing a na-
20	tional emergency under section 202(b), a joint reso-
21	lution of approval may be introduced in either House
22	of Congress by any member of that House.
23	"(2) Requests to convene congress dur-
24	ING RECESSES.—If, when the President transmits to
25	Congress a proclamation declaring a national emer-

1 gency under section 201(a), or an Executive order 2 specifying emergency powers or authorities under 3 section 201(b)(2) or renewing a national emergency 4 under section 202(b), Congress has adjourned sine 5 die or has adjourned for any period in excess of 3 6 calendar days, the Speaker or their designee, after 7 consultation with the minority leader of the House, 8 shall notify the Members of the House to reassemble 9 at such place and time as they may designate if, in 10 their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it, and the majority leader of the Senate or their des-12 ignee, after concurrence with the minority leader of 13 the Senate, shall notify the Members of the Senate 14 to reassemble at such place and time as they may 15 designate if, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it. 16

- "(3) Committee referral in the senate.— In the Senate, a joint resolution of approval shall be referred to the appropriate committee.
- "(4) Consideration in Senate.—In the Senate, the following shall apply:
 - "(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the committee to which a joint resolution of approval has been referred has not reported it at the end of 10 calendar days after its introduc-

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tion, that committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the resolution and it shall be placed on the Calendar of Business.

"(B) Proceeding to consideration.— Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, when the committee to which a joint resolution of approval is referred has reported the resolution, or when that committee is discharged under subparagraph (A) from further consideration of the resolution, it is at any time thereafter in order to move to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution, and all points of order against the joint resolution (and against the motion to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution) are waived. The motion to proceed shall be debatable for 4 hours evenly divided between a proponent and an opponent of the joint resolution of approval. The motion is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolution of ap-

1	proval is agreed to, the joint resolution shall re-
2	main the unfinished business of the Senate
3	until disposed of.
4	"(C) Floor consideration.—There shall
5	be 10 hours of consideration on a joint resolu-
6	tion of approval, to be divided evenly between
7	the proponents and opponents of the joint reso-
8	lution. There shall be a total of 2 hours of de-
9	bate on any debatable motions in connection
10	with the joint resolution, to be divided evenly
11	between the proponents and opponents of the
12	joint resolution.
13	"(D) AMENDMENTS.—No amendments
14	shall be in order with respect to a joint resolu-
15	tion of approval in the Senate.
16	"(E) MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE ON
17	Passage.—A motion to reconsider a vote or
18	passage of a joint resolution of approval shall
19	not be in order.
20	"(F) Appeals.—Points of order and ap-
21	peals from the decision of the Presiding Officer
22	shall be decided without debate.
23	"(5) Consideration in house of rep-
24	RESENTATIVES.—In the House of Representatives.

the following shall apply:

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"(A) Reporting and discharge.—If any committee to which a joint resolution of approval has been referred has not reported it to the House at the end of 10 calendar days after its introduction, such committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution.

"(B) Proceeding to consideration.— After each committee to which a joint resolution of approval has been referred reports it to the House or has been discharged from further consideration thereof, it shall be in order to move to proceed to consider the joint resolution of approval in the House. All points of order against the motion are waived. Such a motion shall not be in order after the House has disposed of a motion to proceed on the joint resolution of approval. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the motion to its adoption without intervening motion. The motion shall not be debatable. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.

"(C) Consideration.—The joint resolution of approval shall be considered as read. All

1	points of order against the resolution and
2	against its consideration are waived. The pre-
3	vious question shall be considered as ordered on
4	the resolution to final passage without inter-
5	vening motion except two hours of debate even-
6	ly divided and controlled by the sponsor of the
7	resolution (or a designee) and an opponent. A
8	motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the
9	qualifying legislation shall not be in order.
10	"(D) Amendments.—No amendments
11	shall be in order with respect to a joint resolu-
12	tion of approval in the House.
13	"(6) Coordination with action by other
14	HOUSE.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, before the passage
16	by one House of a joint resolution of approval
17	of that House, that House receives from the
18	other House a joint resolution of approval with
19	regard to the same proclamation described in
20	section 201(a), then the following procedures
21	shall apply:
22	"(i) The joint resolution of the other
23	House shall not be referred to a com-
24	mittee.

1	"(ii) The procedure in the receiving
2	House shall be the same as if no joint res-
3	olution had been received from the other
4	House until the vote on passage, when:
5	"(I) If the text of the joint reso-
6	lution of approval is identical to the
7	text of the joint resolution of approval
8	received from the other House, then
9	the joint resolution of approval re-
.0	ceived from the other House shall
.1	supplant the joint resolution of ap-
2	proval of the receiving House on the
.3	final passage vote.
4	"(II) If the text of the joint reso-
5	lution is not identical to the text of
6	the joint resolution received from the
.7	other House, then that chamber shall
. 8	vote on passage of its own resolution
9	and it shall be in order immediately
20	thereafter to make a privileged motion
21	to proceed to the consideration of the
22	measure from the other house, strike
23	all after the enacting clause, and in-
24	sert in lieu thereof the text of any

joint resolution of approval passed by

1	that chamber; that the joint resolution
2	as amended be read a third time and
3	engrossed, that the chamber pass the
4	joint resolution as amended, and that
5	the motion to reconsider be considered
6	made and laid upon the table. Such a
7	motion shall be disposed of without
8	intervening action or debate.
9	"(B) Treatment of Legislation of
10	OTHER HOUSE.—If one House fails to intro-
11	duce, consider, or enact a joint resolution of ap-
12	proval under this section, the joint resolution of
13	approval of the other House shall be entitled to
14	expedited floor procedures under this section.
15	"(C) Special rule for revenue meas-
16	URES.—In the case of a joint resolution of ap-
17	proval which is a revenue measure:
18	"(i) The provisions of subparagraphs
19	(A) and (B) shall not apply in the House
20	of Representatives.
21	"(ii) The provisions of subparagraph
22	(A) shall apply in the Senate to such joint
23	resolution of approval which is a revenue
24	measure even if the Senate has previously

passed a joint resolution of approval with

regard to the same proclamation described in section 201(a).

"(7) RESOLUTION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN
THE HOUSES.—In the case of a difference between
the two Houses of Congress with respect to the text
of a joint resolution of approval passed by both
Houses:

"(A) House.—Debate in the House of Representative on amendments between the Houses (or a conference report) on such resolution of approval, including a motion to concur with an amendment, shall be limited to not more than 1 hour, which shall be divided evenly between a proponent and an opponent. A motion to further limit debate is not debatable. It is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the message or conference report is agreed to or disagreed to.

"(B) Senate.—During the consideration in the Senate of a message between the Houses (or a conference report) on such resolution of approval and all amendments thereto, and debatable motions in connection therewith, consideration shall be limited to 10 hours, to be evenly divided between, and controlled by, the ma-

1	jority leader and minority leader or their des-
2	ignees. Consideration of any debatable motion
3	related to the message between Houses (or con-
4	ference report), including a motion to concur
5	with an amendment, shall be limited to 1 hour,
6	to be evenly divided between, and controlled by,
7	the mover and the manager of a message be-
8	tween Houses (or conference report). Points of
9	order and appeals shall be decided without de-
10	bate.
11	"(C) Limitation on amendments be-
12	TWEEN THE HOUSES.—
13	"(i) Prohibition on Amend-
14	MENTS.—No amendments shall be in
15	order.
16	"(ii) Amendments to strike or
17	ADD SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF LAW.—
18	Clause (i) shall not apply with respect to
19	any amendment—
20	"(I) to add or remove one or
21	more proclamations of national emer-
22	gency made under section 201(a), Ex-
23	ecutive orders issued under section
24	201(b)(2), or Executive orders issued
25	under section 202(b); or

1	"(II) to strike a provision or pro-
2	visions of law from the list required
3	by subsection (a)(2); or
4	"(III) to add to that list a provi-
5	sion or provisions of law specified by
6	the President under section 201(b) in
7	the proclamations or Executive orders
8	that are the subject of the joint reso-
9	lution of approval.
10	"(8) Treatment of veto message.—Debate
11	on a veto message in the Senate under this section
12	shall be 1 hour evenly divided between the majority
13	and minority leaders or their designees.
14	"(c) Rule of Construction.—The enactment of a
15	joint resolution of approval under this section shall not
16	be interpreted to serve as a grant or modification by Con-
17	gress of statutory authority for the emergency powers of
18	the President.
19	"(d) Rules of the House and Senate.—This sec-
20	tion is enacted by Congress—
21	"(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
22	the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-
23	spectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules
24	of each House, respectively, but applicable only with
25	respect to the procedure to be followed in the House

1	in the case of joint resolutions described in this sec-
2	tion, and supersedes other rules only to the extent
3	that it is inconsistent with such other rules; and
4	"(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
5	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
6	relating to the procedure of that House) at any time,
7	in the same manner, and to the same extent as in
8	the case of any other rule of that House.
9	"SEC. 204. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL EMER-
10	GENCIES INVOKING INTERNATIONAL EMER-
11	GENCY ECONOMIC POWERS ACT.
12	"(a) In General.—In the case of a national emer-
13	gency described in subsection (b), the provisions of the
14	National Emergencies Act, as in effect on the day before
15	the date of the enactment of the Congressional Power of
16	the Purse Act, shall continue to apply on and after such
17	date of enactment.
18	"(b) National Emergency Described.—
19	"(1) In general.—A national emergency de-
20	scribed in this subsection is a national emergency
21	pursuant to which the President proposes to exercise
22	emergency powers or authorities made available
23	under the International Emergency Economic Pow-
24	ers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), supplemented as

necessary by a provision of law specified in para-1 2 graph (2). "(2) Provisions of Law specified.—The 3 4 provisions of law specified in this paragraph are— 5 "(A) the United Nations Participation Act 6 of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287 et seq.); 7 "(B) section 212(f) of the Immigration 8 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)); or 9 "(C) any provision of law that authorizes 10 the implementation, imposition, or enforcement 11 of economic sanctions with respect to a foreign 12 country. 13 "(c) Effect of Additional Powers and Au-14 THORITIES.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to a national 15 emergency or the exercise of emergency powers and authorities pursuant to the national emergency if, in addition 16 to the exercise of emergency powers and authorities de-17 18 scribed in subsection (b), the President proposes to exer-19 cise, pursuant to the national emergency, any emergency powers and authorities under any other provision of law.". (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 401 of the 21 National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1641) is amended 23 by adding at the end the following:

"(d) Report on Emergencies.—The President

shall transmit to Congress, with any proclamation declar-

- 1 ing a national emergency under section 201(a) or any Ex-
- 2 ecutive order specifying emergency powers or authorities
- 3 under section 201(b)(2) or renewing a national emergency
- 4 under section 202(b), a report, in writing, that includes
- 5 the following:

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6 "(1) A description of the circumstances necessi-7 tating the declaration of a national emergency, the 8 renewal of such an emergency, or the use of a new 9 emergency authority specified in the Executive

order, as the case may be.

- "(2) The estimated duration of the national emergency, or a statement that the duration of the national emergency cannot reasonably be estimated at the time of transmission of the report.
 - "(3) A summary of the actions the President or other officers intend to take, including any reprogramming or transfer of funds and any contracts anticipated to be entered into, and the statutory authorities the President and such officers expect to rely on in addressing the national emergency.
 - "(4) In the case of a renewal of a national emergency, a summary of the actions the President or other officers have taken in the preceding one-year period, including any reprogramming or transfer of funds, to address the emergency.

- 1 "(e) Provision of Information to Congress.—
- 2 The President shall provide to Congress such other infor-
- 3 mation as Congress may request in connection with any
- 4 national emergency in effect under title II.
- 5 "(f) Periodic Reports on Status of Emer-
- 6 GENCIES.—If the President declares a national emergency
- 7 under section 201(a), the President shall, not less fre-
- 8 quently than every 3 months for the duration of the emer-
- 9 gency, report to Congress on the status of the emergency
- 10 and the actions the President or other officers have taken
- 11 and authorities the President and such officers have relied
- 12 on in addressing the emergency.".
- (c) Exclusion of Imposition of Duties and Im-
- 14 PORT QUOTAS FROM PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITIES
- 15 Under International Emergency Economic Pow-
- 16 ERS ACT.—Section 203 of the International Emergency
- 17 Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702) is amended—
- 18 (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
- section (d); and
- 20 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
- 21 lowing:
- (c)(1) The authority granted to the President by
- 23 this section does not include the authority to impose duties
- 24 or tariff-rate quotas or (subject to paragraph (2)) other
- 25 quotas on articles entering the United States.

1	"(2) The limitation under paragraph (1) does not
2	prohibit the President from excluding all articles imported
3	from a country from entering the United States.".
4	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
5	(1) NATIONAL EMERGENCIES ACT.—Title III of
6	the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1631) is
7	repealed.
8	(2) International emergency economic
9	POWERS ACT.—Section 207 of the International
10	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1706)
11	is amended—
12	(A) in subsection (b), by striking "concur-
13	rent resolution" and inserting "joint resolution"
14	each place it appears; and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(e) In this section, the term 'National Emergencies
17	Act' means the National Emergencies Act, as in effect or
18	the day before the date of the enactment of the 'Congres-
19	sional Power of the Purse Act'.".
20	(e) Effective Date; Applicability.—
21	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
22	graph (2), this section and the amendments made by
23	this section shall take effect upon enactment and
24	apply with respect to national emergencies declared

- under section 201 of the National Emergencies Act
 on or after that date.
- 3 (2) Applicability to renewals of existing EMERGENCIES.—When a national emergency declared under section 201 of the National Emer-5 6 gencies Act before the date of the enactment of the 7 Congressional Power of the Purse Act would expire 8 or be renewed under section 202(d) of that Act (as 9 in effect on the day before such date of enactment), 10 that national emergency shall be subject to the re-11 quirements for renewal under section 202(b) of that 12 Act, as amended by subsection (a).
- 13 SEC. 302. NATIONAL EMERGENCIES ACT DECLARATION
- 14 SPENDING REPORTING IN THE PRESIDENT'S
- 15 BUDGET.
- Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as amended by section 204, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(44)(A) a report on the proposed, planned, and actual obligations and expenditures of funds (for the prior fiscal year, the current fiscal year, and the fiscal years for which the budget is submitted) attributable to the exercise of powers and authorities made available by statute for each national emer-

1	gency declared by the President, currently active or
2	in effect during the applicable fiscal years.
3	"(B) Obligations and expenditures contained in
4	the report under subparagraph (A) shall be orga-
5	nized by Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol or
6	fund account and by program, project, and activity,
7	and include—
8	"(i) a description of each such program,
9	project, and activity;
10	"(ii) the authorities under which such
11	funding actions are taken; and
12	"(iii) the purpose and progress of such ob-
13	ligations and expenditures toward addressing
14	the applicable national emergency.
15	"(C) Such report shall include, with respect to
16	any transfer, reprogramming, or repurposing of
17	funds to address the applicable national emer-
18	gency—
19	"(i) the amount of such transfer, re-
20	programming, or repurposing;
21	"(ii) the authority authorizing each such
22	transfer, reprogramming, or repurposing; and
23	"(iii) a description of programs, projects,
24	and activities affected by such transfer, re-

1	programming, or repurposing, including by a
2	reduction in funding.".
3	SEC. 303. EMERGENCY AND OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OP-
4	ERATIONS DESIGNATIONS BY CONGRESS IN
5	STATUTE.
6	Section 251(b)(2)(A) of the Balanced Budget and
7	Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C.
8	901(b)(2)(A)) is amended—
9	(1) in clause (i), by striking "and the President
10	subsequently so designates"; and
11	(2) in clause (ii), by striking "and the President
12	subsequently so designates".

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