

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2907

To ensure the right to provide reproductive health care services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 26, 2023

Ms. Schrier (for herself, Mr. Bera, Ms. Caraveo, and Mr. Ruiz) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To ensure the right to provide reproductive health care services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Let Doctors Provide
- 5 Reproductive Health Care Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:

1	(1) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term
2	"health care provider" means any entity, employee
3	of such entity, or individual (including any physi-
4	cian, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner,
5	physician assistant, and pharmacist) that—
6	(A) is engaged or seeks to engage in the
7	delivery of reproductive health care services;
8	and
9	(B) if required by State law to be licensed,
10	certified, or otherwise authorized to engage in
11	the delivery of such services—
12	(i) is so licensed, certified, or other-
13	wise authorized; or
14	(ii) would be so licensed, certified, or
15	otherwise authorized, but for their past,
16	present, or potential provision of abortion
17	services.
18	(2) Reproductive health care services.—
19	The term "reproductive health care services" means
20	abortion services, contraception services, in vitro fer-
21	tilization, or other reproductive care, education, and
22	counseling that—
23	(A) is provided in a hospital, clinic, physi-
24	cian's office, pharmacy, or other service site, or
25	provided via telehealth, intended to provide

1	medical, surgical, counseling, or referral serv-
2	ices;
3	(B) is provided in a medically accurate
4	manner; and
5	(C) in any way affects commerce over
6	which the United States has jurisdiction.
7	(3) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
8	the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico,
9	each territory and possession of the United States,
10	and any subdivision of a State, including any unit
11	of local government, such as a county, city, town,
12	village, or other general purpose political subdivision
13	of a State.
13 14	of a State. SEC. 3. RIGHT TO PROVIDE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE
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14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 3. RIGHT TO PROVIDE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES. (a) Prohibition.—No individual, entity, or State may prevent, restrict, impede, or disadvantage— (1) a health care provider from providing or assisting with reproductive health care services lawful
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 3. RIGHT TO PROVIDE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES. (a) PROHIBITION.—No individual, entity, or State may prevent, restrict, impede, or disadvantage— (1) a health care provider from providing or assisting with reproductive health care services lawful in the State in which the services are to be provided;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SERVICES. (a) Prohibition.—No individual, entity, or State may prevent, restrict, impede, or disadvantage— (1) a health care provider from providing or assisting with reproductive health care services lawful in the State in which the services are to be provided; (2) any individual or entity from assisting as

1 (3) a health care provider or any individual or 2 entity from providing or assisting a health care pro-3 vider with reproductive health care services for an 4 individual who does not reside in the State in which 5 the services are to be provided.

(b) Enforcement.—

- (1) Attorney General.—The Attorney General may commence a civil action on behalf of the United States against any State, or against any government official, individual, or entity that enacts, implements, or enforces a limitation or requirement that violates subsection (a). The court shall hold unlawful and set aside the limitation or requirement if it is in violation of subsection (a).
- (2) Private right of action.—Any individual or entity adversely affected by an alleged violation of subsection (a) may commence a civil action against any State that violates this section or against any government official that enacts, implements, or enforces a limitation or requirement that violates subsection (a). The court shall hold unlawful and enjoin the limitation or requirement if it is in violation of subsection (a).
- (3) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—A health care provider may commence an action for relief on its

- own behalf, on behalf of the provider's staff, and on behalf of the provider's patients who are or may be adversely affected by an alleged violation of subsection (a).
 - (4) Equitable relief.—In any action under this section, the court may award appropriate equitable relief, including temporary, preliminary, or permanent injunctive relief.
 - (5) Costs.—In any action under this section, the court shall award costs of litigation, as well as reasonable attorney's fees, to any prevailing plaintiff. A plaintiff shall not be liable to a defendant for costs or attorney's fees in any non-frivolous action under this section.
 - (6) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction over proceedings under this section and shall exercise the same without regard to whether the party aggrieved shall have exhausted any administrative or other remedies that may be provided for by law.
 - (7) ABROGATION OF STATE IMMUNITY.—Neither a State that enforces or maintains, nor a government official who is permitted to implement or enforce, any limitation or requirement that violates subsection (a) shall be immune under the Tenth

- Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, or any other source of law, from an action in a Federal or State court of competent jurisdiction challenging that limitation or requirement.
 - (8) RIGHT TO REMOVE.—Any party shall have a right to remove an action brought under this subsection to the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place where such action is pending. An order remanding the case to the State court from which it was removed under this paragraph may be immediately reviewable by appeal or otherwise.

(c) Rules of Construction.—

- (1) In general.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to modify, supersede, or otherwise affect the authority of any executive branch agency to promulgate regulations or otherwise implement laws.
- (2) OTHER INDIVIDUALS CONSIDERED AS GOV-ERNMENT OFFICIALS.—Any person who, by operation of a provision of Federal or State law, is permitted to implement or enforce a limitation or requirement that violates this section shall be considered a government official for purposes of this Act.

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1 SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.

2	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Fed-
3	eral funds may be used by a State, including through a
4	grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, to pursue legal
5	cases against residents or other individuals or entities, or
6	to take any other enforcement, disciplinary, or adverse li-
7	censing proceeding on the basis of such residents or other
8	individuals or entities providing or assisting with repro-
9	ductive health care services that are lawful in the State
10	in which the services are provided.
11	SEC. 5. REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE LEGAL SERVICES
12	DEFENSE FUND GRANTS.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
15	ty" means an individual, partnership, firm, corpora-
16	tion, or nonprofit organization that has a specific ex-
17	pertise in providing legal assistance and is licensed
18	to practice law.
19	(2) ELIGIBLE PROVIDER.—The term "eligible
20	provider" means a health care provider that—
21	(A) provides or refers for abortion care
22	services; and
23	(B) faces legal issues relating to providing
24	or assisting with reproductive health care serv-
25	ices.

- 1 (b) Funding.—There is appropriated to the Attor-2 ney General, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise 3 appropriated, \$40,000,000, to remain available until expended, for purposes of awarding grants to eligible entities 4 5 or consortia of eligible entities to provide legal assistance to eligible providers. 6 7 (c) Application.— 8 (1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a 9 grant under this section shall submit an application 10 to the Attorney General at such time, in such man-11 ner, and containing such information as the Attor-12 ney General may require. 13 (2) Joint applications.—Multiple eligible en-14 tities may submit a joint application that designates 15 a single eligible entity as the lead entity for the pur-16 poses of receiving and disbursing funds received 17 through a grant under this section. 18 (d) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity may use 19 amounts received under a grant under this section— 20 (1) to provide advice, legal services, or rep-21 resentation to eligible providers, related to providing 22 or assisting with reproductive health care services
- 24 (2) to educate eligible providers about the 25 rights and obligations of the eligible provider related

under Federal, State, and local law;

- to providing or assisting with reproductive health
 care services under Federal, State, and local law;
- 3 (3) to monitor compliance by a State with Fed-4 eral, State, and local laws related to providing or as-5 sisting with reproductive health care services; and
- (4) for any other activity the Attorney General
 may reasonably prescribe that is related to providing
 or assisting with reproductive health care services
 under Federal, State, and local law.

10 SEC. 6. REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES SECU-

11 RITY GRANTS.

- 12 (a) In General.—There is appropriated to the Sec-
- 13 retary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this
- 14 section as the "Secretary"), out of amounts in the Treas-
- 15 ury not otherwise appropriated, \$40,000,000, for purposes
- 16 of awarding grants to eligible providers (as defined in sec-
- 17 tion 5(a)(2)(A)) for enhanced security for staff and pa-
- 18 tients of such providers.
- 19 (b) APPLICATION.—An eligible provider (as defined
- 20 in section 5(a)) desiring a grant under this section shall
- 21 submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in
- 22 such manner, and containing such information as the Sec-
- 23 retary may require.

1	(c) Use of Funds.—A recipient of a grant under
2	this section may use such grant funds for any of the fol-
3	lowing purposes:
4	(1) Providing physical upgrades to health care
5	facilities to improve security.
6	(2) Providing training in security to health care
7	staff.
8	(3) Improving capabilities to defend against
9	cyberattacks.
10	(4) Ensuring patient and provider data secu-
11	rity.
12	(5) Providing protective services to staff and
13	patients.
14	(6) Any other activity, as the Secretary deter-
15	mines appropriate.
16	SEC. 7. FAIR LIABILITY INSURANCE.
17	An issuer of professional liability coverage for health
18	care providers shall not—
19	(1) deny a health care provider professional li-
20	ability coverage because that provider offers, sup-
21	ports, provides, or prescribes lawful reproductive
22	health care services; or
23	(2) sue a health care provider because that pro-
24	vider provides lawful reproductive health care serv-
25	1609

1 SEC. 8. SEVERABILITY.

- 2 If any provision of this Act, or the application of such
- 3 provision to any person, entity, government, or cir-
- 4 cumstance, is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder
- 5 of this Act, or the application of such provision to all other
- 6 persons, entities, governments, or circumstances, shall not
- 7 be affected thereby.

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