

#### 116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 4081

To provide a grant program for elementary schools, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education to help offset costs associated with complying with guidelines, recommendations, and other public health communications issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, or a State, Indian Tribe, Tribal organization, or locality related to mitigating the hazards presented by COVID-19.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 25, 2020

Ms. Stabenow (for herself, Mr. Cassidy, and Mr. Jones) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

# A BILL

To provide a grant program for elementary schools, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education to help offset costs associated with complying with guidelines, recommendations, and other public health communications issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, or a State, Indian Tribe, Tribal organization, or locality related to mitigating the hazards presented by COVID-19.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Reopen Schools Safely Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 Congress finds the following:
  - (1) In order to safely return to school in the fall, elementary schools, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education must follow the guidelines provided by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), States, Indian Tribes, Tribal organizations, or localities.
    - (2) In order to follow the guidelines provided by the CDC and other entities, schools and institutions must have the resources, training, and expertise necessary to ensure students, faculty, and staff can return to a safe school environment.
    - (3) Safely reopening schools is critical to the long-term health and well-being of children, especially children from low-income households and children with disabilities.
    - (4) If schools are unable to safely reopen in the fall of 2020, student achievement gaps will be exacerbated, the digital divide will widen, social and emotional learning needs will become greater, and parents of young children will be forced to choose between paying for daycare services and returning to

- work or staying home with their children and forgoing employment opportunities.
  - (5) For many institutions of higher education, safely reopening campuses is essential to long-term survivability, especially for institutions that serve a high percentage of low-income, Federal Pell Grant-eligible students.
    - (6) On June 10, 2020, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate held the hearing titled, "COVID–19: Going Back to School Safely" where Ms. Susana Cordova, the Superintendent of Denver Public Schools, testified that, after conducting a community-wide survey, the survey was "loud and clear: prioritize health and wellness".
    - (7) On June 4, 2020, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate held the hearing titled, "COVID-19: Going Back to College Safely", where Dr. Logan Hampton, the President of Lane College in the State of Tennessee, testified that Congress needs to "provide funding for the safety of our students, faculty, and staff" and that doing so will "help institutions adequately prepare and effectively execute the return of students to

1	the classroom as we protect our campuses and larger
2	communities".
3	(8) Safely reopening elementary schools, sec-
4	ondary schools, and institutions of higher education
5	requires robust funding support to ensure schools
6	and institutions are not left with unfunded man-
7	dates.
8	SEC. 3. STATE GRANT PROGRAM TO SAFELY REOPEN
9	SCHOOLS.
10	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
12	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in
13	section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
14	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
15	(2) Institution of Higher Education.—The
16	term "institution of higher education" has the
17	meaning given the term in section 102 of the Higher
18	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).
19	(3) Local educational agency.—The term
20	"local educational agency" has the meaning given
21	the term in section 8101 of the Elementary and Sec-
22	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
23	(4) Outlying Areas.—The term "outlying
24	areas' means American Samoa, the Commonwealth

- of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the United States Virgin Islands.
- (5) PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.—The term "personal protective equipment" has the meaning given the term in section 20005 of the CARES Act (Public Law 116–136).
  - (6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Education.
  - (7) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
    - (8) TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The term "Tribal organization" has the meaning given the term "tribal organization" in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- 17 (b) Authorization of Grant Program.—
  - (1) RESERVATION.—From the amount appropriated to carry out this section for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reserve one-half of 1 percent for the Bureau of Indian Education and one-half of 1 percent for the outlying areas.
- 23 (2) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall 24 award grants to States from allotments made to the 25 States under paragraph (3) to offset costs associated

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- with complying with guidelines, recommendations, and other public health communications issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, or a State, Indian Tribe, Tribal organization, or locality related to mitigating the hazards presented by Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19).
  - (3) ALLOTMENT FORMULA.—From the amount appropriated to carry out this section for a fiscal year and not reserved under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall allot to each State for such fiscal year an amount that is equal to the sum of—
    - (A) the amount that bears the same relation to 60 percent of the amount appropriated for such fiscal year and not reserved under paragraph (1), as the number of individuals aged 5 through 24 in the State bears to the total number of such individuals in all States; and
    - (B) the amount that bears the same relation to 40 percent of the amount appropriated for such fiscal year and not reserved under paragraph (1), as the number of children counted under section 1124(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

1 6333(c)) in the State bears to the total number 2 of such children counted in all States.

#### (c) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Governor of a State that desires to receive a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Secretary may require.

# (2) Timeline.—The Secretary shall—

- (A) not later than 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act, issue a notification for applications for grants under this section; and
- (B) not later than 30 days after the date of notification for applications for grants under this section, begin to award grants under this section.

# (d) Allowable Uses of Funds.—

(1) In General.—A State that receives a grant under this section shall use not less than 95 percent of the grant funds to award subgrants only to local educational agencies or institutions of higher education to enable such agencies and institutions to offset costs associated with complying with guidelines, recommendations, and other public health communications issued by the Centers for Disease

- 1 Control and Prevention, or a State, Indian Tribe,
  2 Tribal organization, or locality related to mitigating
  3 the hazards presented by Coronavirus Disease 2019
  4 (COVID-19), including by carrying out the fol5 lowing:
  - (A) Designing and implementing exposure control plans.
  - (B) Hiring personnel and purchasing equipment necessary for health screenings, including temperature screenings.
  - (C) Purchasing in vitro diagnostic products (as defined in section 809.3 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations) for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the diagnosis of the virus that causes COVID-19 that are approved, cleared, or authorized under section 510(k), 513, or 564 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360(k); 360c; 360bbb-3), including both diagnostic and serological tests, as appropriate.
  - (D) Purchasing and installing physical barriers and reconfiguring physical public school buildings, including classrooms and other aspects of the school's learning environment, to provide for adequate social distancing.

1	(E) Providing students, educators, and
2	school staff with personal protective equipment
3	(F) Purchasing sanitation supplies, includ-
4	ing EPA-approved disinfectant and hiring ade-
5	quate personnel to conduct school cleanings.
6	(G) Developing and providing training re-
7	lated to COVID-19, including the use of per-
8	sonal protective equipment.
9	(H) Purchasing and installing new ventila-
10	tion systems, as necessary.
11	(I) Purchasing any other items, personnel
12	or services determined necessary or rec-
13	ommended by the Secretary or a State, Indian
14	Tribe, Tribal organization, or locality related to
15	mitigating the hazards presented by COVID-
16	19.
17	(J) Hiring transportation personnel and
18	purchasing vehicles to transport students.
19	(K) Purchasing connected devices for stu-
20	dents to use at home, high-speed internet or
21	broadband access, or other technology to ensure
22	students can complete all schoolwork at home
23	(L) Purchasing secure, third-party applica-
24	tions for symptom monitoring and associated
25	information technology services.

- 1 (2) Consultation.—A State that receives a
  2 grant under this section shall engage in meaningful
  3 consultation on the distribution of grant funds with
  4 local educational agencies, institutions of higher edu5 cation, labor organizations, parents, students, school
  6 support staff, public health experts, the State edu7 cational agency, and educators.
  - (3) ADMINISTRATIVE FUNDS.—A State that receives a grant under this section may reserve not more than 5 percent of the grant funds for administrative costs and to develop State standards for mitigating COVID-19 in schools.
  - (4) APPLICATION FOR SUBGRANTS.—A State that receives a grant under this section shall establish an application process for local educational agencies and institutions of higher education to apply for subgrants under this section.

# (e) Reimbursement of Funds.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives a grant under this section may reimburse a local educational agency or institution of higher education for costs associated with safely reopening if the local educational agency or institution of higher education purchased or had expenditures that qualify as an allowable use of funds under subsection (d).

- 1 (2) Date of reimbursement eligibility.—
  2 A local educational agency or institution of higher
  3 education may only be reimbursed under paragraph
  4 (1) for a cost incurred after the date of the COVID—
  5 19 national emergency.
  - (3) COVID-19 NATIONAL EMERGENCY.—In this subsection, the term "COVID-19 national emergency" means the national emergency declared by the President under the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) on March 13, 2020, with respect to the coronavirus.

# (f) Receipts and Records.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives a grant under this section or a local educational agency or institution of higher education that receives a subgrant under this section shall keep all receipts and records on the use of such grant or subgrant funds.
- (2) RECEIPTS FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.—Prior to reimbursing a local educational agency or institution of education for an allowable use of funds under subsection (d) pursuant to subsection (e), the State shall certify that such funds were spent on expenses that are deemed an allowable use of funds as described in subsection (d).

1	(g) Reports.—
2	(1) Local educational agency and insti-
3	TUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION REPORTS.—Each
4	local educational agency or institution of higher edu-
5	cation that receives a subgrant under this section
6	shall submit a report to the State that awarded the
7	subgrant that details the use of the subgrant funds.
8	(2) State reports.—Each State that receives
9	a grant under this section shall submit an annual re-
10	port to the Secretary that details the use of the
11	grant funds, including the amount of funds reim-
12	bursed by the State to local educational agencies or
13	institutions of higher education.
14	(3) Secretary Report.—The Secretary
15	shall—
16	(A) submit an annual report to Congress
17	on the grant program carried out under this
18	section; and
19	(B) make such report publicly available.
20	(h) Returning Funds.—
21	(1) In general.—Any funds received under
22	this section that are unexpended on the date that is
23	1 year after the date of receipt of the funds shall be

returned to the Secretary.

- 1 (2) REALLOCATION.—The Secretary shall re-2 allocate funds returned under paragraph (1) to the 3 remaining States in accordance with subsection
- Tolling Sources III Wood and Source Williams
- 4 (b)(3).
- 5 (i) Restrictions.—A State that receives a grant
- 6 under this section or a local educational agency or institu-
- 7 tion of higher education that receives a subgrant under
- 8 this section may not resell any unused supplies or mate-
- 9 rials purchased with funds received under this section.
- 10 (j) Maintenance of Effort.—A State's applica-
- 11 tion for grant funds under this section shall include assur-
- 12 ances that the State shall, to the greatest extent prac-
- 13 ticable, maintain support for elementary and secondary
- 14 education, and State support for higher education (which
- 15 shall include State funding to institutions of higher edu-
- 16 cation and State need-based financial aid, and shall not
- 17 include support for capital projects or for research and
- 18 development or tuition and fees paid by students) in fiscal
- 19 years 2020, 2021, and 2022 at least at the levels of such
- 20 support that is the average of such State's support for
- 21 elementary and secondary education and for higher edu-
- 22 cation provided in the 3 fiscal years preceding the date
- 23 of enactment of this Act.
- 24 (k) Equitable Services.—
- 25 (1) IN GENERAL.—

- 1 Provision (A) $_{
  m OF}$ **EQUITABLE** 2 ICES.—Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), local educational agency receiving funds 3 4 under this section shall provide equitable serv-5 ices to students from low-income families, and 6 teachers of such students, in non-public schools 7 in the same manner as provided under section 8 1117 of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-9 cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6320) (including 10 requirements the specific ofsubsections (a)(4)(A)(i) and (c) of such section), subject to 12 paragraph (2), as determined in consultation 13 with representatives of non-public schools.
  - (B) Determination of Proportional SHARE.—In determining the proportional share of expenditures for the equitable services described in subparagraph (A), a local educational agency shall use the proportion determined under section 1117(a)(4)(A)(i) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6320(a)(4)(A)(i) for the purposes of part A of title I of such Act for fiscal year 2019.
  - ELIGIBLE STUDENTS AND TEACH-ERS.—A local educational agency required to

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provide equitable services under subparagraph (A) shall provide such services to students and teachers at non-public schools whose students or teachers were eligible to receive equitable services from such local educational agency during fiscal year 2019 under section 1117 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6320).

(2) Public control of funds.—The control of funds for the services and assistance provided to a non-public school under paragraph (1), and title to materials, equipment, and property purchased with such funds, shall be in a public agency, and a public agency shall administer such funds, materials, equipment, and property and shall provide such services (or may contract for the provision of such services with a public or private entity).

18 (l) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 19 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 20 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2020 21 through 2022.

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