

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4148

To require the Secretary of Labor, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy and Secretary of Education, to submit a report on current and future trends and shortages in the clean energy technology industry to achieve a clean energy economy, and to provide grants to establish and enhance training programs for any occupation or field of work for which a shortage is identified, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 2, 2019

Mr. Delgado (for himself, Mr. Pocan, Mr. Sean Patrick Maloney of New York, Ms. Wild, Mr. Cisneros, Ms. Norton, Mr. Huffman, Ms. Meng, Ms. Jayapal, Ms. Haaland, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Schneider, Ms. Clarke of New York, Mr. Morelle, Mr. Ryan, Mr. Serrano, Mr. Carbajal, Ms. Omar, Mr. García of Illinois, Mr. Carson of Indiana, Mr. Sires, Mr. Thompson of Mississippi, Mr. Kildee, Mr. Tonko, Mr. Suozzi, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Lowenthal, Mr. Espaillat, Ms. Spanberger, Mr. Horsford, Mr. Price of North Carolina, Ms. Brownley of California, Mr. Raskin, Mr. Ruppersberger, Mrs. Trahan, and Mr. Rouda) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Labor, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy and Secretary of Education, to submit a report on current and future trends and shortages in the clean energy technology industry to achieve a clean energy economy, and to provide grants to establish and enhance training programs for any occupation or

field of work for which a shortage is identified, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Green Jobs and Oppor-
- 5 tunity Act".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) The 21st century has some of the highest 9 recorded temperatures in known history.
- 10 (2) Scientists have high confidence that global 11 temperatures will continue to rise for decades to 12 come, largely due to greenhouse gases produced by
- human activities.
- 14 (3) According to the Intergovernmental Panel 15 on Climate Change (IPCC), which includes more 16 than 1,300 scientists from the United States and 17 other countries, there will likely be a temperature 18 rise of 2.5 to 10 degrees Fahrenheit over the next
- century.
- 20 (4) With only around 4.4 percent of the Earth's
- 21 population, World Bank studies have found that the
- United States is the second largest contributor of
- carbon dioxide emissions at 14.6 metric tons of CO₂
- per capita.

- 1 (5) When the world gets hotter, it can fuel the 2 proliferation of drought, typhoons, hurricanes, wild-3 fires, and general habitat change, and can affect the 4 availability of food and water, among other issues.
 - (6) IPCC findings have revealed that the United States is projected to lose more than \$500,000,000,000 in annual economic output by the year 2100 from global warming.
 - (7) Additionally, the IPCC discovered that to avoid the most severe impacts of a changing climate, net-zero global emissions by 2050 will be required.
 - (8) According to the Brookings Institution, a clean economy would encompass a vast array of industries and jobs directly involved in producing goods and providing services with an environmental benefit.
 - (9) Under the 2019 Clean Jobs America report by E2 (Environmental Entrepreneurs), it is estimated that 3.26 million workers are currently employed in, or are engaged in closely related activities, to the clean economy.
 - (10) According to the International Labor Organization, by 2030, it is projected that over 24 million new clean energy jobs will be needed globally to transition to a clean economy.

1	(11) To meet this clean energy agenda, invest-
2	ing in job training will be crucial to ensuring the
3	United States has a readied workforce.
4	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to ensure
5	the current United States workforce is prepared to transi-
6	tion to a clean energy economy.
7	SEC. 3. 21ST CENTURY WORKFORCE TRENDS AND SHORT-
8	AGES.
9	(a) Monitoring.—The Secretary of Labor, in con-
10	sultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall collect data
11	to monitor current and future trends and shortages within
12	the clean energy technology industry, which includes
13	skilled technical personnel, electric power engineers, trans-
14	mission engineers, and other occupations or fields of work
15	under—
16	(1) the agriculture and forestry industry;
17	(2) the electric utility industry;
18	(3) the manufacturing industry;
19	(4) the wholesale trade industry;
20	(5) the professional and business services indus-
21	try; and
22	(6) the manufacturing and operation and main-
23	tenance industries for component parts of clean en-
24	ergy technologies.

- 1 (b) Report on Current Trends and Short-
- 2 AGES.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enact-
- 3 ment of this Act, and on a quarterly basis thereafter, the
- 4 Secretary shall submit to Congress, based on the data col-
- 5 lected under subsection (a), a report on—
- 6 (1) trends and shortages as of the date of such
- 7 report, and recommendations to prepare the work-
- 8 force to address such trends and shortages to meet
- 9 the demands of a clean energy economy; and
- 10 (2) other recommendations the Secretary deter-
- 11 mines appropriate.
- 12 (c) Report on Future Trends and Short-
- 13 AGES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 14 of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress, based
- 15 on the data collected under subsection (a), a report on—
- 16 (1) trends and shortages projected in the next
- 17 10 years, and recommendations to address such
- trends and shortages to prepare the workforce to
- meet the demands of a clean energy economy; and
- 20 (2) other recommendations the Secretary deter-
- 21 mines appropriate.
- 22 SEC. 4. TRAINEESHIP GRANTS.
- 23 (a) Grants.—The Secretary, in consultation with
- 24 the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Education,
- 25 shall provide grants to eligible entities described in sub-

- 1 section (b) to establish training programs (including dis-
- 2 tance learning) for any occupation or field of work for
- 3 which a workforce shortage is identified or projected under
- 4 subsection (b) or (c) of section 3.
- 5 (b) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—To be eligible to receive a
- 6 grant under this subsection, an entity shall be—
- 7 (1) an institution of higher education (as such
- 8 term is defined in section 101(a) of the Higher Edu-
- 9 cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))), including
- a junior or community college (as such term is de-
- fined in section 312(f) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
- 12 1058(f));
- 13 (2) a postsecondary vocational institution (as
- such term is defined in section 102(c) of the Higher
- 15 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002(e)));
- 16 (3) an elementary school (as such term is de-
- fined in section 8101 of the Elementary Education
- 18 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801));
- 19 (4) a secondary school (as such term is defined
- in section 8101 of the Elementary Education Act of
- 21 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801));
- 22 (5) a Bureau-funded school (as such term is de-
- fined in section 1141 of the Education Amendments
- 24 of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 2021));
- 25 (6) a labor organization;

- 1 (7) an entity that is registered under the Act of 2 August 16, 1937 (commonly known as the "National 3 Apprenticeship Act"; 50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 4 U.S.C. 50 et seq.) that pays all participants of an 5 apprenticeship or on-the-job-training program com-6 pensation at least the higher of \$15 an hour or the 7 applicable Federal, State, or local minimum wage in 8 the location of the program; or
- 9 (8) an education and training provider that is 10 listed as an eligible provider of training services for a program under section 122(d) of the Workforce 12 Innovation Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152 (d)) 13 that pays all participants of an apprenticeship or on-14 the-job-training program compensation at least the 15 higher of \$15 an hour or the applicable Federal, 16 State, or local minimum wage in the location of the 17 program.
- 18 (c) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant from the Secretary under this section, an entity shall sub-19 20 mit an application to the Secretary containing such information as the Secretary may require, including but not 21 22 limited to—
- 23 (1) a description of the training the entity 24 would provide with funds from such a grant, how 25 such training fulfills the workforce needs described

- in subsection (b) or (c) of section 3, and that the workforce need being met is in an industry or occupation in the region in which the training is conducted;
 - (2) evidence of experience in conducting worker training programs in the clean energy technology sector;
 - (3) evidence that the program funded by such a grant will aid a participating individual in finding new or more advanced employment or training opportunities in the clean energy technology sector and that such employment or training will help the individual achieve economic self-sufficiency; and
 - (4) information about the entity and any relevant partnerships with the Federal Government, other worker training entities, employers or employer-sponsored organizations, State or local agencies, labor unions, educational institutions, community organizations, or faith-based organizations.
- 20 (d) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this sec-21 tion, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible entities 22 that, in carrying out training programs under this section, 23 give priority to the following:
- 24 (1) Displaced workers (particularly workers 25 from the fossil fuel industry).

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1	(2) Individuals with a barrier to employment
2	(as such term is defined in section 3 of the Work-
3	force Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C.
4	3102)).
5	(3) Veterans, members of the reserve compo-
6	nents of the Armed Forces, or former members of
7	such reserve components.
8	(4) Members of underrepresented populations.
9	(5) Frontline and vulnerable communities.
10	(6) Any other identified group the Secretary de-
11	termines appropriate.
12	(e) Grant Period and Amount.—A grant awarded
13	under this section shall be awarded for a one year period
14	and may not exceed \$2,500,000.
15	(f) Reporting.—Not later than two years after the
16	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
17	a report to Congress on the grant program carried out
18	under this section, which shall include—
19	(1) a description of each eligible entity awarded
20	a grant under this section;
21	(2) the amount of each such grant;
22	(3) the activities for which such grant was used;
23	(4) policy recommendations; and
24	(5) any other information the Secretary deter-
25	mines appropriate.

SEC. 5. SECRETARY'S NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE. 2 The Secretary shall establish a National Advisory 3 Committee on the Clean Energy Technology workforce, referred to in this section as the "Advisory Committee", to 4 5 meet the objectives of this Act. 6 (1) Composition.—The Advisory Committee 7 shall have— 8 (A) 24 voting members appointed by the 9 Secretary, composed of— 10 (i) 6 representatives of employers who 11 participate in the clean energy technology 12 industry, including employers who partici-13 pate in a registered apprenticeship pro-14 gram in the clean energy technology indus-15 try sponsored by a joint labor-management 16 partnership; 17 (ii) 6 representatives of labor organi-18 zations who represent workers in the clean 19 energy technology industry; 20 (iii) 6 representatives of institutions 21 of higher education, postsecondary voca-22 tional institutions, public high schools, an 23 entity that carries out programs registered 24 under the Act of August 16, 1937, and 25 other education and training providers that

are listed as an eligible provider of training

1	services for a program under section
2	122(d) of the Workforce Innovation Oppor-
3	tunity Act; and
4	(iv) 6 representatives of environmental
5	and clean energy community organizations;
6	and
7	(B) members who are ex officio nonvoting
8	representatives from the Departments of Labor,
9	Education, and Energy.
10	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The members shall be
11	selected upon the basis of their experience and com-
12	petence concerning workforce development and train-
13	ing in the clean energy technology industry.
14	(3) Terms.—The Secretary shall appoint the
15	members for terms of 3 years.
16	(4) Chairperson.—The Secretary shall des-
17	ignate one of the members of the Advisory Com-
18	mittee to serve as Chairperson of the Advisory Com-
19	mittee.
20	(5) Meetings.—The Advisory Committee shall
21	hold not fewer than 2 meetings during each calendar
22	year. All meetings of the Advisory Committee shall
23	be open to the public. A transcript shall be kept of
24	each meeting and made available for public inspec-
25	tion.

1	(6) Duties.—The Advisory Committee shall
2	advise, consult with, and make recommendations to
3	the Secretary on matters relating to the administra-
4	tion of this Act.
5	SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
6	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
7	this Act, \$260,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020
8	through 2022.
9	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this Act:
11	(1) CLEAN ENERGY ECONOMY.—The term
12	"clean energy economy" means United States energy
13	production resulting in net-zero carbon emissions in
14	accordance with the timeline described in the IPCC
15	Report to limit global warming to 1.5 °C above pre-
16	industrialized levels.
17	(2) CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRY.—
18	The term "clean energy technology industry" in-
19	cludes—
20	(A) the renewable, clean, and low-carbon
21	electric power energy generation sector;
22	(B) the electric transmission sector;
23	(C) the energy storage sector; and
24	(D) the energy efficiency sector.

- 1 (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department"
 2 means the Department of Labor.
- 3 (4) DISTANCE LEARNING.—The term "distance 4 learning" means the transmission of educational or 5 instructional programming to geographically dis-6 persed individuals and groups via telecommuni-7 cations.
 - (5) Frontline and vulnerable communities.—The term "frontline and vulnerable communities" means deindustrialized communities, depopulated rural communities, and communities where indigenous people, people of color, migrants, low-income workers, women, the elderly, people with disabilities, and the youth are disproportionately impacted.
 - (6) High school.—The term "high school" has the meaning given the term in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
 - (7) IPCC REPORT.—The term "IPCC Report" means the report entitled "IPCC, 2018: Global warming of 1.5 °C. An IPCC Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways, in the context of strengthening the

1	global response to the threat of climate change, sus-
2	tainable development, and efforts to eradicate pov-
3	erty" published by the Intergovernmental Panel on
4	Climate Change on October 8, 2018.
5	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
6	the Secretary of Labor.
7	(9) Shortages.—The term "shortages" refers
8	to when workforce demand outweighs supply within
9	an occupation or field of work.
10	(10) SKILLED TECHNICAL PERSONNEL.—The
11	term "skilled technical personnel" means—
12	(A) journey- and apprentice-level workers
13	(including such workers who work in full supply
14	chain and manufacturing, and operation and
15	maintenance), who are enrolled in, or have com-
16	pleted, a registered apprenticeship program
17	under the Act of August 16, 1937 (commonly
18	known as the "National Apprenticeship Act";
19	50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50 et
20	seq.); and
21	(B) other skilled workers in the clean en-
22	ergy technology industry, as determined by the
23	Secretary.
24	(11) Trend.—The term "trend" refers to jobs
25	being created, jobs being eliminated, lifespan of jobs,

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required competencies of jobs, skill gaps of jobs, geographical locations of jobs, ongoing training for jobs, cleanliness of jobs (based on greenhouse gas reductions), current job openings, projected job openings, current wages of jobs, projected wages of jobs, unionization rates of jobs, and other information the Secretary determines appropriate.

(12) Underrepresented populations" is a group that comprises less than 25 percent of the individuals employed in each occupation or field of work within the clean-energy technology industry.

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