

Union Calendar No. 144

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 5608

[Report No. 117-202]

To support research and state management efforts on chronic wasting disease.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 19, 2021

Mr. KIND (for himself and Mr. Thompson of Pennsylvania) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

December 7, 2021

Additional sponsors: Mr. Meijer, Mr. Rodney Davis of Illinois, Mrs. Walorski, Mr. Austin Scott of Georgia, Mr. Pocan, Mr. Cooper, Mrs. Fischbach, Mr. Rouzer, Mr. Johnson of South Dakota, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Reschenthaler, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Cuellar, Mr. Owens, Mr. Stauber, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Baird, Mr. Gibbs, Ms. Bonamici, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Keller, Mr. Walberg, Mr. Kildee, Ms. Letlow, Mr. Joyce of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Hartzler, Ms. Craig, Mr. Moore of Alabama, Mr. Huffman, Mrs. Cammack, Mr. Simpson, Mrs. Bustos, Mrs. Miller-Meeks, Ms. Ross, Mr. Casten, Mr. Smith of Missouri, and Mrs. Axne

DECEMBER 7, 2021

Reported from the Committee on Agriculture; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

To support research and state management efforts on chronic wasting disease.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Chronic Wasting Dis-
- 5 ease Research and Management Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Chronic wasting disease, the fatal neuro-
- 9 logical disease found in cervids, is a fundamental
- threat to the health and vibrancy of deer, elk, and
- moose populations, and the increased occurrence of
- 12 chronic wasting disease in regionally diverse loca-
- tions necessitates an escalation in research, surveil-
- lance, monitoring, and management activities fo-
- 15 cused on containing and managing chronic wasting
- disease.
- 17 (2) A focus on research into the transmission
- of, resistance to, diagnosis of, and epidemiology of
- chronic wasting disease is needed to inform future
- 20 policies to combat the disease and ensure the health
- of cervid populations.
- 22 (3) Because States and Tribes have diverse
- policies for addressing chronic wasting disease, the
- Federal Government, in consultation with the
- 25 Chronic Wasting Disease Task Force established by

section 104 of America's Conservation Enhancement

Act (Public Law 116–188), should coordinate finan
cial and technical support to States and Tribes,

State and Tribal departments of agriculture, State

and Tribal wildlife agencies, institutions of higher

education, and research centers conducting scientific

research on chronic wasting disease.

- (4) Pursuant to State and Federal law, the States retain primacy and policymaking authority with regard to wildlife management.
- (5) Under current policies, chronic wasting disease remains a systemic threat to cervids.
- 13 (6) Scientific advances that lead to the ability 14 to stop transmission of chronic wasting disease are 15 needed to ensure the long-term viability of cervids.

16 SEC. 3. CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE RESEARCH AND MAN-

17 **AGEMENT PROGRAM.**

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(a) Research Program.—

(1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary of Agriculture shall establish a program under which the Secretary shall offer to enter into cooperative agreements or other legal instruments, as authorized under 10413 of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8312), with

1	eligible entities to conduct research on the trans-
2	mission of, resistance to, and diagnosis of chronic
3	wasting disease.
4	(2) Criteria for selection.—In entering
5	into cooperative agreements or other legal instru-
6	ments pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary
7	shall give priority to eligible entities that shall con-
8	duct research relating to—
9	(A)(i) methods and products to effectively
10	detect infectious chronic wasting disease prions
11	in live cervids, cervid excreta, the environment,
12	and inorganic surfaces, and to decontaminate
13	such infectious prions; or
14	(ii) testing methods that significantly im-
15	prove sensitivity and accelerate timelines for
16	test results on non-live cervids;
17	(B) the long-term suppression or eradi-
18	cation of chronic wasting disease; or
19	(C) determination markers for genetic re-
20	sistance to chronic wasting disease and strate-
21	gies for using genetic resistance to combat the
22	spread of the disease;
23	(D) sustainable cervid harvest management

practices to reduce chronic wasting disease oc-

- currence and to prevent or limit spatial spread
 of chronic wasting disease; or
 - (E) factors contributing to local emergence of chronic wasting disease, increased prevalence of chronic wasting disease, and distribution of chronic wasting disease, including mechanisms of disease transmission and effective barriers to transmission.
 - (3) SIZE OF AWARDS.—To the maximum extent practicable, individual cooperative agreements or other legal instruments entered into under paragraph (1) shall be not less than two percent and not more than 10 percent of the funds appropriated to carry out this section.
 - (4) Administrative costs by eligible entity.—Of the amount of a cooperative agreement or other legal instrument entered into with an eligible entity under paragraph (1), the eligible entity may use not more than 10 percent of such amounts for administrative costs incurred by the eligible entity in carrying out the research described in such paragraph.
- 23 (b) Support for State Efforts to Manage and
- 24 Control Chronic Wasting Disease.—

- (1) In General.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall offer to enter into cooperative agreements or other legal instruments, as authorized under section 10413 of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8312), with State or Tribal wildlife agencies and departments of agriculture to provide direct financial assistance to support the efforts of such State or Tribal wildlife agencies and departments of agriculture to develop and implement management strategies to address chronic wasting disease within their respective jurisdiction.
 - (2) APPLICATION.—A State or Tribal wildlife agency or department of agriculture seeking direct financial assistance under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time and manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
 - (3) Funding priorities.—In allocating funds made available to carry out this subsection for a fiscal year among State and Tribal wildlife agencies or departments of agriculture that submit an application for direct financial assistance under this subsection, the Secretary shall give priority to States and Indian tribes that have—

1	(A) within their respective jurisdictions,
2	the highest incidence of chronic wasting disease;
3	(B) shown the greatest financial commit-
4	ment to managing, monitoring, surveying, and
5	researching chronic wasting disease;
6	(C) comprehensive policies and programs
7	focused on chronic wasting disease management
8	that have integrated the programs and policies
9	of all involved agencies related to chronic wast-
10	ing disease management;
11	(D) the greatest risk of an initial occur-
12	rence of chronic wasting disease originating
13	from surrounding areas; or
14	(E) the greatest need for response to new
15	outbreaks of chronic wasting disease occurring
16	in—
17	(i) areas in which chronic wasting dis-
18	ease is already found; or
19	(ii) areas with first infections, with
20	the intent of containing chronic wasting
21	disease in any new area of infection.
22	(4) Rapid Response.—If a State or Indian
23	tribe detects chronic wasting disease in a cervid pop-
24	ulation within its jurisdiction that was not previously
25	infected, the Secretary may, notwithstanding para-

- graphs (2) and (3), immediately issue funds made available under subsection (e), in an amount to be determined by the Secretary, to support State and Tribal efforts to immediately control the spread of chronic wasting disease within that population.
 - (5) Public Education on Chronic Wasting Disease.—The Secretary, in consultation with State and Tribal departments of agriculture and wildlife agencies, organizations representing the farmed cervid industry, and organizations representing deer hunters, shall develop and maintain materials based on the latest scientific knowledge to be used to educate the public on chronic wasting disease and techniques to help prevent the spread of the disease.

(c) Definitions.—In this section:

- (1) CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE.—The term "chronic wasting disease" means the animal disease afflicting deer, elk, and moose populations that—
 - (A) is a transmissible disease of the nervous system resulting in distinctive lesions in the brain; and
 - (B) belongs to the group of diseases known as transmissible spongiform encephalopathies, which includes scrapie, bovine spongiform encephalopathy, and Cruetzfeldt-Jakob disease.

1	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
2	ty" means—
3	(A) a State or Tribal department of agri-
4	culture;
5	(B) a State or Tribal wildlife agency;
6	(C) a Tribal research facility;
7	(D) an institution of higher education (as
8	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
9	Act (20 U.S.C. 1001)); and
10	(E) a research center conducting or quali-
11	fied to conduct scientific research on chronic
12	wasting disease.
13	(d) Review of Herd Certification Program
14	STANDARDS.—Not later than 18 months after the date
15	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish
16	a notice in the Federal Register soliciting public feedback
17	on potential updates and improvements to the chronic
18	wasting disease herd certification program standards with
19	special consideration given to—
20	(1) minimizing or eliminating the interaction of
21	captive and wild deer;
22	(2) reviewing and updating indemnity practices,
23	including the use of live testing, to ensure the timely
24	and targeted removal of chronic wasting disease
25	positive deer from the landscape; and

- 1 (3) increasing participation in the herd certifi-2 cation program.
 - (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

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- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$70,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through fiscal year 2028, to remain available until expended.
 - (2) Allocation among programs.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary shall allocate the funds made available under paragraph (1) evenly between the research program under subsection (a) and the management program under subsection (b).
- 14 (3) SET-ASIDE FOR WILDLIFE AGENCIES.—The
 15 Secretary shall ensure that, of the funds made avail16 able and allocated to carry out subsection (b), not
 17 less than 75 percent of such funds are made avail18 able to State or Tribal wildlife agencies.
- 19 (f) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Of the funds made 20 available under subsection (e) for a fiscal year to carry 21 out this section, the Secretary may use not more than 10 22 percent of such funds for administrative costs incurred by 23 the Secretary in carrying out this section.
- 24 (g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-25 tion shall be construed as interfering with, or otherwise

- 1 affecting, the authority of the Federal Government or
- 2 States to manage wildlife and livestock on land within
- 3 their respective jurisdictions, including managing, sur-
- 4 veying, and monitoring the incidence of chronic wasting
- 5 disease.
- 6 SEC. 4. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.
- 7 Section 10403(8) of the Animal Health Protection
- 8 Act (7 U.S.C. 8302(8)) is amended by striking "(25
- 9 U.S.C. 450b)" and inserting "(25 U.S.C. 5304)".

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