

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 830

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for the coordination of programs to prevent and treat obesity, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 5 (legislative day, APRIL 4), 2017

Mr. Cassidy (for himself, Mr. Carper, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Coons, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Heinrich, and Mrs. Capito) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for the coordination of programs to prevent and treat obesity, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Treat and Reduce Obe-
- 5 sity Act of 2017".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) According to the Centers for Disease Con-
- 9 trol, about 34 percent of adults aged 65 and over

- were obese in the period of 2009 through 2012, representing almost 15 million people.
- 3 (2) Obesity increases the risk for chronic dis-4 eases and conditions, including high blood pressure, 5 heart disease, certain cancers, arthritis, mental ill-6 ness, lipid disorders, sleep apnea, and type 2 diabe-7 tes.
 - (3) More than half of Medicare beneficiaries are treated for 5 or more chronic conditions per year. The rate of obesity among Medicare patients doubled from 1987 to 2002, and Medicare spending on obese individuals during that time more than doubled.
 - (4) Men and women with obesity at age 65 have decreased life expectancy of 1.6 years for men and 1.4 years for women.
 - (5) The direct and indirect cost of obesity is more than \$450 billion annually.
 - (6) On average, a Medicare beneficiary with obesity costs \$1,964 more than a normal-weight beneficiary.
 - (7) The prevalence of obesity among older individuals in the United States is growing at a linear rate and, if nothing changes, nearly half of the elderly population of the United States will have obe-

1	sity in 2030 according to a Congressional Research
2	Report on obesity.
3	SEC. 3. AUTHORITY TO EXPAND HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS
4	QUALIFIED TO FURNISH INTENSIVE BEHAVE
5	IORAL THERAPY.
6	Section 1861(ddd) of the Social Security Act (42
7	U.S.C. 1395x(ddd)) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following new paragraph:
9	"(4)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Sec-
10	retary may, in addition to qualified primary care
11	physicians and other primary care practitioners,
12	cover intensive behavioral therapy for obesity fur-
13	nished by any of the following:
14	"(i) A physician (as defined in subsection
15	(r)(1)) who is not a qualified primary care phy-
16	sician.
17	"(ii) Any other appropriate health care
18	provider (including a physician assistant, nurse
19	practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist (as
20	those terms are defined in subsection (aa)(5))
21	a clinical psychologist, a registered dietitian or
22	nutrition professional (as defined in subsection
23	(vv)).

1	"(iii) An evidence-based, community-based
2	lifestyle counseling program approved by the
3	Secretary.
4	"(B) In the case of intensive behavioral therapy
5	for obesity furnished by a provider described in
6	clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A), the Secretary
7	may only cover such therapy if such therapy is fur-
8	nished—
9	"(i) upon referral from, and in coordina-
10	tion with, a physician or primary care practi-
11	tioner operating in a primary care setting or
12	any other setting specified by the Secretary;
13	and
14	"(ii) in an office setting, a hospital out-pa-
15	tient department, a community-based site that
16	complies with the Federal regulations con-
17	cerning the privacy of individually identifiable
18	health information promulgated under section
19	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and
20	Accountability Act of 1996, or another setting
21	specified by the Secretary.
22	"(C) In order to ensure a collaborative effort,
23	the coordination described in subparagraph (B)(i)
24	shall include the health care provider or lifestyle

counseling program communicating to the referring

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- 1 physician or primary care practitioner any rec-
- 2 ommendations or treatment plans made regarding
- 3 the therapy.".
- 4 SEC. 4. MEDICARE PART D COVERAGE OF OBESITY MEDI-
- 5 CATION.
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1860D–2(e)(2)(A) of the
- 7 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–102(e)(2)(A)) is
- 8 amended, in the first sentence—
- 9 (1) by striking "and other than" and inserting
- 10 "other than"; and
- 11 (2) by inserting after "benzodiazepines)," the
- following: "and other than subparagraph (A) of such
- section if the drug is used for the treatment of obe-
- sity (as defined in section 1861(yy)(2)(C)) or for
- weight loss management for an individual who is
- overweight (as defined in section 1861(yy)(2)(F)(i))
- and has one or more related comorbidities,".
- 18 (b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 19 subsection (a) shall apply to plan years beginning on or
- 20 after the date that is 2 years after the date of the enact-
- 21 ment of this Act.
- 22 SEC. 5. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
- Not later than the date that is 1 year after the date
- 24 of the enactment of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter,
- 25 the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit

- 1 a report to Congress describing the steps the Secretary
- 2 has taken to implement the provisions of, and amend-
- 3 ments made by, this Act. Such report shall also include
- 4 recommendations for better coordination and leveraging of
- 5 programs within the Department of Health and Human
- 6 Services and other Federal agencies that relate in any way
- 7 to supporting appropriate research and clinical care (such
- 8 as any interactions between physicians and other health
- 9 care providers and their patients) to treat, reduce, and
- 10 prevent obesity in the adult population.

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