115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.598

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To require the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to commission a study of the health impacts of airplane flights on affected residents of certain metropolitan areas, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 20, 2017

Mr. LYNCH (for himself, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. CAPUANO, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. BEYER, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. CROWLEY, Ms. MENG, Ms. SPEIER, Ms. NORTON, Mr. LIPINSKI, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. PETERS, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Miss RICE of New York, and Mr. SUOZZI) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

A BILL

- To require the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to commission a study of the health impacts of airplane flights on affected residents of certain metropolitan areas, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Airplane Impacts Miti-
- 5 gation Act of 2017" or the "AIM Act of 2017".

1 SEC. 2. STUDY OF HEALTH IMPACTS OF OVERFLIGHTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
Federal Aviation Administration shall enter into an agreement with an eligible institution of higher education to
conduct a study of the health impacts of airplane flights
on residents exposed to a range of noise and air pollution
levels from such flights.

9 (b) SCOPE OF STUDY.—The study conducted under10 subsection (a) shall—

(1) examine the health impacts of airplane
flights on residents, including asthma exacerbation,
sleep disturbance, stress, and elevated blood pressure;

15 (2) focus on residents in not more than eight
16 metropolitan areas, including—

- 17 (A) Boston;
- 18 (B) Chicago;
- 19 (C) New York;
- 20 (D) the Northern California Metroplex;
- 21 (E) Phoenix; and

(F) not more than three additional metropolitan areas, chosen at the discretion of the
Administrator, that each contain at least one
international airport;

(3) consider in particular the health impacts on 1 2 residents living partly or wholly within the land area 3 underneath the flight paths most frequently used by 4 aircraft flying, including during takeoff or landing, 5 at an altitude lower than 10,000 feet; and 6 (4) consider only those health impacts that 7 manifest during the physical implementation of the 8 NextGen RNAV program on flights departing from 9 or arriving at an international airport located in one 10 of the metropolitan areas described in paragraph 11 (2).12 (c) ELIGIBILITY.—An institution of higher education 13 is eligible to conduct the study if the institution— 14 (1) has a school of public health that has par-15 ticipated in the Federal Aviation Administration 16 Center of Excellence for Aircraft Noise and Aviation 17 Emissions Mitigation (PARTNER); 18 (2) has a Center for Environmental Health that 19 receives funding from the National Institute of Envi-20 ronmental Health Sciences; 21 (3) is located in one of the areas within the 22 scope of the study described in subsection (b); 23 (4) applies to the Administrator in a timely fashion; 24

(5) demonstrates to the Administrator's satis faction that the institution is qualified to conduct
 such a study;

4 (6) agrees to submit to the Administrator, not
5 later than 2 years after entering into an agreement
6 under subsection (a), the findings and conclusions of
7 the study as well as any source materials used; and
8 (7) meets such other requirements as the Administrator may determine to be necessary.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the Administrator receives the study under subsection (a), the
Administrator shall submit to Congress a report containing the findings and conclusions of the study.

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