Senate Bill 225

By: Senators Walker III of the 20th, Kirk of the 13th, Miller of the 49th, Strickland of the 17th, Tillery of the 19th and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Article 1 of Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 2 relating to general provisions regarding the Juvenile Code, so as to bring such provisions in
- 3 conformity with the federal Social Security Act and the Family First Prevention Services
- 4 Act; to amend Articles 3 and 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 5 Annotated, relating to dependency proceedings and termination of parental rights,
- 6 respectively, so as to provide for the special treatment of Native American children involved
- 7 in dependency or termination of parental rights proceedings as required by federal law; to
- 8 amend Article 1 of Chapter 5 of Title 49 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating
- 9 to children and youth services, so as to comply with the John H. Chafee Foster Care Program
- 10 for Successful Transition to Adulthood; to amend Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 50 of the
- 11 Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the Office of State Administrative Hearings,
- so as to provide for compliance with Titles IV-B and IV-E of the federal Social Security Act
- 13 regarding final decision-making authority in contested cases; to provide for related matters;
- 14 to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

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- 17 Article 1 of Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 18 general provisions regarding the Juvenile Code, is amended by adding new paragraphs to
- 19 Code Section 15-11-2, relating to definitions, as follows:
- 20 "(32.1) 'Family and permanency team' shall consist of all appropriate biological family
- 21 <u>members, relatives, and fictive kin of the child, as well as, as appropriate, professionals</u>
- 22 who are a resource to the family of the child, such as teachers, medical or mental health
- 23 providers who have treated the child, or clergy, and not more than two members of the
- 24 <u>case planning team or permanency planning team selected by a child who is age 14 or</u>
- 25 <u>older. The two members selected by the child shall not be a foster parent of, or</u>
- 26 <u>caseworker for, the child. DFCS may reject an individual selected by the child if DFCS</u>

21	has good cause to believe that the individual would not act in the best interest of the
28	child."
29	"(60.1) 'Qualified individual' means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is
30	not an employee of the department and who is not connected to, or affiliated with, any
31	placement setting in which children are placed by the department.
32	(60.2) 'Qualified residential treatment program' means a program that:
33	(A) Has a trauma-informed treatment model that is designed to address the needs,
34	including clinical needs as appropriate, of children with serious emotional or behavioral
35	disorders or disturbances and, with respect to a child, is able to implement the treatment
36	identified for the child by the assessment to determine appropriateness of placement as
37	provided for in Code Section 15-11-219;
38	(B) Has registered or licensed nursing staff and other licensed clinical staff who:
39	(i) Provide care within the scope of their practice; and
40	(ii) Are available 24 hours a day and seven days a week;
41	(C) To the extent appropriate, and in accordance with the child's best interests,
42	facilitates participation of family members in the child's treatment program;
43	(D) Facilitates outreach to the family members of the child, including siblings;
44	(E) Documents how the outreach is made, including contact information, and maintains
45	contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child;
46	(F) Documents how family members are integrated into the treatment process for the
47	child, including post-discharge, and how sibling connections are maintained;
48	(G) Provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six
49	months post-discharge; and
50	(H) Is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. Section 471(a)(10) and accredited in
51	accordance with 42 U.S.C. Section 672(k)(4)."
52	SECTION 2.
53	Article 3 of Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
54	dependency proceedings, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
55	" <u>15-11-100.1.</u>
56	A proceeding under this article shall not be subject to this article to the extent that it is
57	governed by the Indian Child Welfare Act, P.L. 95-608, as amended, Chapter 21 of Title
58	25 of the United States Code. In those circumstances, compliance with such federal law
59	shall be required."

60	SECTION 3.
61	Said article is further amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code Section
62	15-11-201, relating to DFCS case plan and contents, as follows:
63	''(3)(A) A description of the type of home or institution in which such child is to be
64	placed, including a discussion of the safety and appropriateness of the placement;.
65	(B) If a child is placed in a qualified residential treatment program, DFCS must
66	document:
67	(i) Reasonable and good faith efforts to identify and include all the individuals of the
68	child's family and permanency team;
69	(ii) All contact information for members of the family and permanency team;
70	(iii) All contact information for other family members and fictive kin who are not
71	part of the family and permanency team;
72	(iv) Evidence that meetings of the family and permanency team, including meetings
73	relating to the assessment required by Code Section 15-11-219, are held at a time and
74	place convenient for family;
75	(v) If reunification is the goal, evidence demonstrating that the parent from whom the
76	child was removed provided input on the members of the family and permanency
77	<u>team;</u>
78	(vi) Evidence that the assessment required by Code Section 15-11-219 is determined
79	in conjunction with the family and permanency team;
80	(vii) The placement preferences of the family and permanency team relative to the
81	assessment that recognizes children should be placed with their siblings unless there
82	is a finding by the court that such placement is contrary to their best interest; and
83	(viii) If the placement preferences of the family and permanency team and child are
84	not the placement setting recommended by the qualified individual conducting the
85	assessment under Code Section 15-11-219, the reasons why the preferences of the
86	team and of the child were not recommended.
87	(C) If a child is placed in a qualified residential treatment program for more than six
88	consecutive or nonconsecutive months, DFCS must maintain:
89	(i) Documentation of the assessment completed by a qualified individual, including
90	written recommendations regarding the placement that will provide the child with the
91	most effective level of care in the least restrictive environment and how that
92	placement is consistent with the permanency goals established for the child; and
93	(ii) Documentation of the determination and approval or disapproval of the placement
94	in a qualified residential treatment program by the court;"

95 **SECTION 4.** 

96 Said article is further amended by adding a new subsection to Code Section 15-11-216,

- 97 relating to periodic review hearings, to read as follows:
- 98 "(d.1) At each review hearing held with respect to a child who remains placed in a
- 99 qualified residential treatment program, the department shall submit evidence documenting
- 100 <u>that:</u>
- (1) Ongoing assessment of the strengths and needs of the child continues to support the
- determination that the needs of the child cannot be met through placement in a foster
- family home;
- 104 (2) Placement in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective
- and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment;
- 106 (3) Placement in a qualified residential treatment program is consistent with the short-
- and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the permanency plan for the child;
- 108 (4) The specific treatment or service needs that will be met for the child in the placement
- and the length of time the child is expected to need the treatment or services; and
- 110 (5) The efforts made by the department to prepare the child to return home or to be
- placed with a fit and willing relative, a legal guardian, or an adoptive parent, or in a foster
- family home."

SECTION 5.

- 114 Said article is further amended by adding new Code sections to read as follows:
- 115 "<u>15-11-219.</u>
- 116 (a) Before a child's placement in a qualified residential treatment program, but no later
- than 30 days following the start of such placement, a qualified individual shall:
- (1) Assess the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based,
- validated, functional assessment tool;
- (2) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met with family members or through
- placement in a foster family home or, if not, which DFCS approved authorized setting
- would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least
- restrictive environment and be consistent with the short- and long-term goals for the
- child, as specified in the permanency plan for the child; and
- 125 (3) Develop a list of child-specific short- and long-term mental and behavioral health
- 126 goals.
- 127 (b) The qualified individual conducting the assessment shall work in conjunction with the
- family and permanency team for the child while conducting and making the assessment.
- (c) If the qualified individual conducting the assessment determines the child should not
- be placed in a foster family home, the qualified individual shall specify in writing:

19 LC 48 0087 131 (1) The reasons why the needs of the child cannot be met by the family of the child or in a foster family home. A shortage or lack of foster family homes shall not be an 132 133 acceptable reason for determining that the needs of the child cannot be met in a foster 134 family home; and 135 (2) Why the recommended placement in a qualified residential treatment program is the 136 setting that will provide the child with the most effective and appropriate level of care in 137 the least restrictive environment and how that placement is consistent with the short- and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the permanency plan for the child. 138 139 <u>15-11-220.</u> 140 (a) Within 60 days of the start of a child's placement in a qualified residential treatment 141 program, the court must: 142 (1) Consider the assessment required by Code Section 15-11-219 determination, and documentation made by the qualified individual in approving the placement; 143 144 (2) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met through placement in a foster 145 family home or, if not, whether placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment 146 program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least 147 restrictive environment; 148 (3) Determine whether placement in a qualified residential treatment program is consistent with the short- and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the 149 150 permanency plan for the child; 151 (4) Determine whether it is in the best interest of the child to be placed in a qualified 152 residential treatment program and whether, for that reason, it is not in the best interest of 153 the child or the child's siblings to be placed together; and 154 155 entering written findings of fact on the record. Placement or a change of legal custody

- (5) Approve or disapprove the qualified residential treatment program placement by
- by the court outside DFCS shall relieve DFCS of further responsibility for a child 156
- 157 adjudicated as a dependent child except for any provision of services ordered by the court
- to ensure the continuation of reunification services to such child's family when 158
- 159 appropriate.
- 160 (b) Documentation of the determination and approval or disapproval of the placement in
- 161 a qualified residential treatment program by the court shall be included in and made part
- of the case plan for the child." 162

163	SECTION 6.
164	Said article is further amended in Code Section 15-11-231, relating to permanency planning
165	report, by deleting "and" at the end of subparagraph (9)(E), by replacing the period with ";
166	and" at the end of paragraph (10), and by adding a new paragraph to read as follows:
167	"(11) For a child who remains placed in a qualified residential treatment program,
168	documentation that:
169	(A) Ongoing assessment of the strengths and needs of the child continues to support
170	the determination that the needs of the child cannot be met through placement in a
171	foster family home;
172	(B) Placement in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective
173	and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment;
174	(C) Placement in a qualified residential treatment program is consistent with the short-
175	and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the permanency plan for the child;
176	(D) The specific treatment or service needs that will be met for the child in the
177	placement and the length of time the child is expected to need the treatment or services;
178	<u>and</u>
179	(E) The efforts made by the department to prepare the child to return home or to be
180	placed with a fit and willing relative, a legal guardian, or an adoptive parent, or in a
181	foster family home."
182	SECTION 7.
183	Said article is further amended in subsection (a) of Code Section 15-11-232, relating to
184	permanency planning hearing and findings, by deleting "and" at the end of subparagraph
185	(9)(C), by replacing the period with "; and" at the end of paragraph (10), and by adding a new
186	paragraph to read as follows:
187	"(11) In the case of a child placed in a qualified residential treatment program:
188	(A) Whether DFCS has documented ongoing assessments of the strengths and needs
189	of the child that continues to support the determination that the needs of the child
190	cannot be met through placement in a foster family home;
191	(B) Whether DFCS has documented that placement in a qualified residential treatment
192	program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the
193	least restrictive environment;
194	(C) Whether DFCS has documented that the child's placement in a qualified residential
195	treatment program is consistent with the short- and long-term goals for the child, as
196	specified in the permanency plan for the child:

197	(D) Whether DFCS has documented the specific treatment or service needs that will
198	be met for the child in the placement and the length of time the child is expected to
199	need the treatment or services; and
200	(E) Whether DFCS has documented their efforts to prepare the child to return home
201	or to be placed with a fit and willing relative, a legal guardian, or an adoptive parent,
202	or in a foster family home."

203 SECTION 8.

Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to termination of parental rights, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

206 "15-11-260.1.

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A proceeding under this article shall not be subject to this article to the extent that it is governed by the Indian Child Welfare Act, P.L. 95-608, as amended, Chapter 21 of Title 25 of the United States Code. In those circumstances, compliance with such federal law shall be required."

SECTION 9.

Article 1 of Chapter 5 of Title 49 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to children and youth services, is amended by revising paragraph (11) of subsection (a) of Code Section 49-5-8, relating to powers and duties of the Department of Human Services, as follows:

"(11) Each youth who is leaving foster care by reason of having attained 18 years of age, unless the child has been in foster care for less than six months, with, if the child is

218 eligible to receive such document, an official or certified copy of the United States birth 219 certificate of the child, a social security care issued by the Commissioner of Social 220 Security, health insurance information, a copy of the child's medical records, and a 221 driver's license or identification card issues by a state in accordance with the requirements 222 of Section 202 of the REAL ID Act of 2005, and any official documentation necessary 223 to prove that the child was previously in foster care. Provision of records in accordance 224 with this paragraph shall not be considered a violation of subsection (b) of Code Section 49-5-40; and" 225

226 **SECTION 10.** 

Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the Office of State Administrative Hearings, is amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Code Section 50-13-41, relating to hearing procedures, by revising as follows:

"(d)(1) As used in this subsection, the term "reviewing agency" shall mean the ultimate decision maker in a contested case that is a constitutional board or commission; an elected constitutional officer in the executive branch of this state; or a board, bureau, commission, or other agency of the executive branch of this state created for the purpose of licensing or otherwise regulating or controlling any profession, business or trade if members thereof are appointed by the Governor; or the Department of Human Services in a contested case where the such department is required to be the ultimate decision maker by federal law or regulations governing titles IV-B and IV-E of the federal Social Security Act."

**SECTION 11.** 

- This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.
- **SECTION 12.**
- 243 All laws and parts in conflict with this Act are repealed.