118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 709

U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To posthumously award a Congressional gold medal to Muhammad Ali, in recognition of his contributions to the Nation.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 1, 2023

Mr. CARSON (for himself, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. BUSH, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. COHEN, Mr. COSTA, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. EVANS, Mrs. FOUSHEE, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. NORTON, Mr. KEATING, Mr. KHANNA, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. MCGARVEY, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. MFUME, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Mr. MRVAN, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. OMAR, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Ms. SEWELL, Ms. STRICKLAND, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. TORRES of New York, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. VEASEY, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, and Ms. WILSON of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

- To posthumously award a Congressional gold medal to Muhammad Ali, in recognition of his contributions to the Nation.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Muhammad Ali Con-3 gressional Gold Medal Act".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) Born Cassius Marcellus Clay, Jr., on Janu7 ary 17, 1942, in Louisville, Kentucky, Muhammad
8 Ali was the first child of Cassius, Sr., and Odessa
9 Clay.

10 (2) Muhammad Ali was one of the most cele11 brated athletes of the 20th century. He produced
12 some of America's greatest sports memories, from
13 winning a gold medal at the 1960 Summer Olympics
14 to lighting the Olympic torch at the 1996 Summer
15 Olympics.

16 (3) After an impressive amateur career, during
17 which he recorded 131 wins and only 7 losses and
18 won 2 National AAU light heavyweight titles, Mu19 hammad Ali became the first professional boxer in
20 history to capture the heavyweight title 3 separate
21 times.

(4) Muhammad Ali defeated every challenger he
faced in the ring. But, on April 28, 1967, he was
stripped of his boxing title and barred from competing for being a conscientious objector to the war
in Vietnam on religious and moral grounds. How•HR 709 IH

ever, following a unanimous United States Supreme
 Court decision in 1971, Muhammad Ali's conscien tious objector status was confirmed, his boxing li cense was reinstated, and he was cleared of any
 wrongdoing.

6 (5) As an African American and a Muslim who 7 lived in an era that continued to question his civil 8 rights, Muhammad Ali battled issues of race and re-9 ligion, and received recognition as one of the cham-10 pions of the Civil Rights Movement in the United 11 States.

12 (6) Muhammad Ali was the recipient of many 13 awards for his sporting provess and his support of 14 racial harmony, including the Dr. Martin Luther 15 King Memorial Award, the Spirit of America Award, 16 the Amnesty International Lifetime Achievement 17 Award, the Arthur Ashe Award for Courage, the Es-18 sence Living Legend Award, the Rainbow Coalition 19 Lifetime Achievement Award, the XNBA Human 20 Spirit Award, the Presidential Citizens Medal, and 21 the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

(7) Muhammad Ali was acknowledged by many
organizations for his achievements both inside and
outside the boxing ring, including being crowned
"Sportsman of the Century" by Sports Illustrated,

1	being named "Athlete of the Century" by GQ maga-
2	zine, being named "Sports Personality of the Cen-
3	tury" by the British Broadcasting Corporation,
4	being named "Kentucky Athlete of the Century" by
5	the Kentucky Athletic Hall of Fame, being named
6	"Kentuckian of the Century" by the State of Ken-
7	tucky, being named "Louisvillian of the Century" by
8	the Advertising Club of Louisville, being named
9	"Boxer of the Century" by the World Sports Awards
10	of the Century, being recognized by the Inter-
11	national Boxing Hall of Fame, and receiving hon-
12	orary doctorate degrees from Muhlenberg College
13	and Western Kentucky University, as well as an
14	honorary doctorate of humanities at Princeton Uni-
15	versity's 260th graduation ceremony.

16 (8) Muhammad Ali received the prestigious
17 "Otto Hahn Peace Medal in Gold" from the United
18 Nations Association of Germany for his work with
19 the United Nations and the Civil Rights Movement
20 in the United States.

(9) Muhammad Ali was selected by the California Bicentennial Foundation for the U.S. Constitution for personifying the vitality of the Bill of
Rights in various high-profile activities.

1	(10) Despite having been diagnosed with Par-
2	kinson's Syndrome in the early 1980s, Muhammad
3	Ali dedicated his life to the cause of universal
4	human rights and freedom. His commitment to
5	equal justice and peace touched the lives of hundreds
6	of thousands of people worldwide.
7	(11) President Jimmy Carter asked Muhammad
8	Ali to meet with African leaders in Tanzania, Kenya,
9	Nigeria, Liberia, and Senegal as part of President
10	Carter's diplomatic efforts on behalf of human rights
11	in the 1980s.
12	(12) In 1990, Muhammad Ali traveled to the
13	Middle East to seek the release of American and
14	British hostages that were being held as human
15	shields in the first Gulf War. As a result of his
16	intervention, 15 United States hostages were freed
17	on December 2nd of that year.
18	(13) In 1998, Muhammad Ali was chosen as
19	the "U.N. Messenger of Peace".
20	(14) Several Presidents of the United States
21	recognized Muhammad Ali, including President
22	George W. Bush who, on November 17, 2002, called
23	him "a man of peace" and stated that "across the
24	world, billions of people know Muhammad Ali as a
25	brave, compassionate, and charming man, and the

1 American people are proud to call Muhammad Ali 2 one of our own", President Bill Clinton who stated that Muhammad Ali "captured the world's imagina-3 4 tion and its heart. Outside the ring, Muhammad Ali 5 has dedicated his life to working for children, feed-6 ing the hungry, supporting his faith, and standing 7 up for racial equality. He always fought for a just 8 and more humane world, breaking down barriers 9 here in America and around the world. There is no 10 telling how many tens of millions of people had their 11 hearts swell with pride and their eyes swell with 12 tears in 1996 when Muhammad Ali lit the Olympic 13 torch, because we know, now and forever, he is the 14 greatest", President Jimmy Carter who cited Mu-15 hammad Ali as "Mr. International Friendship", and 16 President Barack Obama who, as a Senator, had a 17 framed picture of Muhammad Ali hanging in his of-18 fice, and before announcing his intentions to run for 19 President, Obama visited with Muhammad Ali at the 20 Ali Center in Louisville, Kentucky.

(15) Muhammad Ali encouraged humanity
through his perseverance and the support of thousands of people. He helped such organizations as the
Chicago-based adoption agency, The Cradle; the
Make-A-Wish Foundation; the Special Olympics' or-

ganization, Best Buddies; and Herbert E. Birch
 Services, an organization that runs a school for
 handicapped children and young adults, in addition
 to a summer camp for children with AIDS.

5 (16) Muhammad Ali and his wife Lonnie were 6 the founding directors of the Muhammad Ali Par-7 kinson Center in Phoenix, Arizona, and helped raise 8 over \$50,000,000 for Parkinson's research. The 9 Center's mission is to provide excellence in treat-10 ment, research, and education for patients and fami-11 lies affected by Parkinson's disease and other move-12 ment disorders, regardless of their ability to pay.

(17) Muhammad Ali was an inspiration to
countless individuals with Parkinson's disease, including members of the Rock Steady Boxing Foundation in Indianapolis, Indiana, which was founded
to give people with Parkinson's disease hope by improving their quality of life using boxing for fitness.

(18) Muhammad Ali was one of the founding
members of Athletes for Hope, an organization created by a few very successful athletes of exemplary
character who have a deep commitment to charitable
and community causes.

24 (19) Muhammad Ali also established the Mu-25 hammad Ali Center in his hometown of Louisville,

1 Kentucky, which promotes respect, hope, and under-2 standing, and inspires people everywhere to be as 3 great as they can be. A visitor of the Muhammad Ali Center experiences the "hows" of Ali's life: How he 4 5 found the courage, the dedication, and the discipline 6 to become a world champion; how he found the conviction to stand up for what he believed; and how he 7 8 turned his passion for excellence in the ring to a 9 passion for peace on the world stage.

10 (20) Like Muhammad Ali himself, the Muham-11 mad Ali Center focuses on what brings individuals 12 together, not what sets them apart, and is a "global 13 gathering place" to which people can come, both on-14 line and in person, to learn, share, and celebrate our 15 commonalities as human beings and to formulate 16 ways of advancing humanity.

17 (21) Muhammad Ali helped to provide more
18 than 22,000,000 aid packets to assist people in
19 need, and until the last years of his life, he traveled,
20 on average, more than 200 days per year for human21 itarian causes.

(22) Muhammad Ali, known simply as "the
greatest," transcended the glamour and glory of
being a sports champion to become not only one of

1	the greatest sports figures, but one of the greatest
2	role models of our time.
3	(23) On June 3, 2016, Muhammad Ali died at

4 the age of 74.

5 SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

6 (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of 7 the House of Representatives and the President pro tem-8 pore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements 9 for the presentation, on behalf of Congress, of a gold 10 medal of appropriate design, to Muhammad Ali, in rec-11 ognition of his contributions to the Nation.

(b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purpose of the
presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary
of the Treasury (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the
"Secretary") shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the
Secretary.

(c) TRANSFER OF MEDAL AFTER PRESENTATION.—
Following the presentation of the gold medal in honor of
Muhammad Ali under subsection (a), the gold medal shall
be given to his wife, Lonnie Ali.

22 SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

Under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in
bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 3 at

a price sufficient to cover the cost of the bronze medals,
 including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and
 overhead expenses.

4 SEC. 5. NATIONAL MEDALS.

5 The medals struck under this Act are national medals
6 for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code.
7 SEC. 6. AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF
8 SALE.

9 (a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.—There is 10 authorized to be charged against the United States Mint 11 Public Enterprise Fund such amounts as may be nec-12 essary to pay for the costs of the medals struck under 13 this Act.

(b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the
sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under section
4 shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public
Enterprise Fund.

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