### As Introduced

133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

S. B. No. 13

**Senator Fedor** 

Cosponsors: Senators Thomas, Yuko, Kunze, Sykes, Antonio, Craig, Maharath, Brenner, Williams, O'Brien, Roegner

# A BILL

To amend sections 2152.021, 2905.32, and 2929.01 of	1
the Revised Code to require a juvenile court to	2
hold a delinquency complaint in abeyance in	3
certain cases related to prostitution or human	4
trafficking and to provide that the same	5
elements for the offense of trafficking in	6
persons that apply to a victim under the age of	7
sixteen also apply to a victim who is age	8
sixteen or seventeen.	9

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2152.021, 2905.32, and 2929.01 of	10
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	11
Sec. 2152.021. (A)(1) Subject to division (A)(2) of this	12
section, any person having knowledge of a child who appears to	13
be a juvenile traffic offender or to be a delinquent child may	14
file a sworn complaint with respect to that child in the	15
juvenile court of the county in which the child has a residence	16
or legal settlement or in which the traffic offense or	17
delinquent act allegedly occurred. The sworn complaint may be	18

upon information and belief, and, in addition to the allegation 19
that the child is a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic 20
offender, the complaint shall allege the particular facts upon 21
which the allegation that the child is a delinquent child or a 22
juvenile traffic offender is based. 23

If a child appears to be a delinquent child who is 24 eligible for a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence 25 under section 2152.11 of the Revised Code and if the prosecuting 26 attorney desires to seek a serious youthful offender 27 dispositional sentence under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code 28 29 in regard to the child, the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the alleged delinquency occurs may initiate a case in 30 the juvenile court of the county by presenting the case to a 31 grand jury for indictment, by charging the child in a bill of 32 information as a serious youthful offender pursuant to section 33 2152.13 of the Revised Code, by requesting a serious youthful 34 offender dispositional sentence in the original complaint 35 alleging that the child is a delinquent child, or by filing with 36 the juvenile court a written notice of intent to seek a serious 37 youthful offender dispositional sentence. This paragraph does 38 not apply regarding the imposition of a serious youthful 39 offender dispositional sentence pursuant to section 2152.121 of 40 the Revised Code. 41

(2) Any person having knowledge of a child who appears to 42 be a delinquent child for violating a court order regarding the 43 child's adjudication as an unruly child for being an habitual 44 truant, may file a sworn complaint with respect to that child, 45 or with respect to that child and the parent, quardian, or other 46 person having care of the child, in the juvenile court of the 47 county in which the child has a residence or legal settlement or 48 in which the child is supposed to attend public school. The 49

sworn complaint may be upon information and belief and shall 50 allege that the child is a delinguent child for violating a 51 court order regarding the child's prior adjudication as an 52 unruly child for being a habitual truant and, in addition, the 53 particular facts upon which that allegation is based. If the 54 complaint contains allegations regarding the child's parent, 55 guardian, or other person having care of the child, the 56 complaint additionally shall allege that the parent, guardian, 57 or other person having care of the child has failed to cause the 58 child's attendance at school in violation of section 3321.38 of 59 the Revised Code and, in addition, the particular facts upon 60 which that allegation is based. 61

(B) Any person with standing under applicable law may file a complaint for the determination of any other matter over which the juvenile court is given jurisdiction by section 2151.23 of the Revised Code. The complaint shall be filed in the county in which the child who is the subject of the complaint is found or was last known to be found.

(C) Within ten days after the filing of a complaint or the 68 issuance of an indictment, the court shall give written notice 69 of the filing of the complaint or the issuance of an indictment 70 and of the substance of the complaint or indictment to the 71 superintendent of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 72 vocational school district if the complaint or indictment 73 alleges that a child committed an act that would be a criminal 74 offense if committed by an adult, that the child was sixteen 75 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the 76 alleged act, and that the alleged act is any of the following: 77

(1) A violation of section 2923.122 of the Revised Code78that relates to property owned or controlled by, or to an79

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activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of 80 that school district; 81 (2) A violation of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code, of 82 a substantially similar municipal ordinance, or of section 83 2925.03 of the Revised Code that was committed on property owned 84 or controlled by, or at an activity held under the auspices of, 85 the board of education of that school district; 86 (3) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code 87 that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or at an 88 activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of 89 that school district, other than a violation of that section 90 that would be a minor drug possession offense if committed by an 91 adult; 92 (4) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 93 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2907.02, or 2907.05 of the Revised 94 Code, or a violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised 95 Code, that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or 96 at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of 97 education of that school district, if the victim at the time of 98 the commission of the alleged act was an employee of the board 99 of education of that school district; 100 (5) Complicity in any violation described in division (C) 101 (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section that was alleged to have 102 been committed in the manner described in division (C)(1), (2), 103 (3), or (4) of this section, regardless of whether the act of 104 complicity was committed on property owned or controlled by, or 105

(D) A public children services agency, acting pursuant to

at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of

education of that school district.

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a complaint or an action on a complaint filed under this 109 section, is not subject to the requirements of section 3127.23 110 of the Revised Code. 111

(E) For purposes of the record to be maintained by the
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clerk under division (B) of section 2152.71 of the Revised Code,
when a complaint is filed that alleges that a child is a
delinquent child, the court shall determine if the victim of the
alleged delinquent act was sixty-five years of age or older or
permanently and totally disabled at the time of the alleged
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commission of the act.

(F)(1) At any time after the filing of a complaint 119 alleging that a child is a delinguent child and before 120 adjudication, the court may hold a hearing to determine whether 121 to hold the complaint in abeyance pending the child's successful 122 completion of actions that constitute a method to divert the 123 child from the juvenile court system shall promptly appoint for 124 the child a quardian ad litem who is not the child's attorney if 125 the child agrees to the hearing and the court has reason to 126 <u>believe that either of the following applies might apply:</u> 127

(a) The act charged would be a violation of section
2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code if the child
were an adult.

(b) The court has reason to believe that the child is a 131
victim of a violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, 132
regardless of whether any person has been convicted of a 133
violation of that section or of any other section for 134
victimizing the child, and the act charged is related to the 135
child's victimization. 136

(2) The child, the child's attorney, the child's guardian 137

ad litem, or the prosecuting attorney may petition the court to	138
hold the complaint in abeyance if either of the following	139
applies and, upon such a petition, the court may grant the	140
petition without a hearing, provided the prosecuting attorney	141
<u>consents:</u>	142
(a) Division (F)(1)(a) of this section applies;	143
(b) Division (F)(1)(b) of this section applies and the act	144
charged in the complaint is related to the child's	145
victimization.	146
(3) If the prosecuting attorney does not consent to	147
holding the complaint in abeyance, the court shall hold a	148
hearing on that issue. The court may order the child to complete	149
a forensic interview or other clinical assessment to assist the	150
court in making its findings or in imposing conditions of	151
abeyance under division (F)(4) of this section. The prosecuting	152
attorney has the right to participate in any the hearing held	153
under division (F)(1) of this section, to object to holding the	154
complaint that is the subject of the hearing in abeyance, and to	155
make recommendations related to diversion actions. No statement	156
made by a child at a hearing held under <u>this division <del>(F)(1) of</del></u>	157
this section is admissible in any subsequent proceeding against	158
the child.	159
(3) If either division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this section-	160
applies, the court shall promptly appoint a guardian ad litem	161
for the child. The court shall not appoint the child's attorney	162
as guardian ad litem. If the court decides to hold the complaint	163
in abeyance, the guardian ad litem shall make recommendations	164
that are in the best interest of the child to the court.	165
(4) If after a hearing the court $\frac{decides to finds by a}{decides to finds by a}$	166

preponderance of the evidence that division (F)(1)(a) of this 167 section applies, or that division (F)(1)(b) of this section 168 applies and the act charged in the complaint is related to the 169 child's victimization, or if the court grants the petition 170 without a hearing, the court shall hold the complaint in 171 abeyance, the. The quardian ad litem shall make recommendations 172 that are in the best interest of the child. A psychiatrist, 173 psychologist, licensed professional clinical counselor, or other 174 clinician selected by the court under division (F)(3) of this 175 section, who has assessed the child, may make recommendations 176 that are in the best interest of the child. The prosecuting 177 attorney may make recommendations related to diversion actions. 178 The court may make any orders regarding placement, services, 179 supervision, diversion actions, and conditions of abeyance, 180 including, but not limited to, engagement in trauma-based 181 behavioral health services or education activities, that the 182 court considers appropriate and in the best interest of the 183 child. The court may hold the complaint in abeyance for up to 184 ninety days while the child engages in diversion actions. If the 185 child violates the conditions of abeyance or does not complete 186 the diversion actions to the court's satisfaction within ninety 187 days, the court may extend the period of abeyance for not more 188 than two additional ninety-day periods. 189

(5) If the court holds the complaint in abeyance and the 190 child complies with the conditions of abeyance and completes the 191 diversion actions to the court's satisfaction, the court shall 192 dismiss the complaint and order that the records pertaining to 193 the case be expunded immediately. If the child fails to complete 194 the diversion actions to the court's satisfaction, the court 195 shall proceed upon the complaint. 196

Sec. 2905.32. (A) No person shall knowingly recruit, lure, 197

entice, isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or198maintain, or knowingly attempt to recruit, lure, entice,199isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain,200another person if any either of the following applies:201

(1) The offender knows that the other person will be
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subjected to involuntary servitude or be compelled to engage in
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sexual activity for hire, engage in a performance that is
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obscene, sexually oriented, or nudity oriented, or be a model or
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participant in the production of material that is obscene,
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented.

(2) The other person is less than sixteen eighteen years 208 of age or is a person with a developmental disability whom the 209 offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe is a person 210 with a developmental disability, and either the offender knows 211 that the other person will be subjected to involuntary servitude 212 or the offender's knowing recruitment, luring, enticement, 213 isolation, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, or 214 maintenance of the other person or knowing attempt to recruit, 215 lure, entice, isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or 216 maintain the other person is for any of the following purposes: 217

(a) To engage in sexual activity for hire;

(b) To engage in a performance for hire that is obscene, 219sexually oriented, or nudity oriented; 220

(c) To be a model or participant for hire in theproduction of material that is obscene, sexually oriented, ornudity oriented.

(3) The other person is sixteen or seventeen years of age,224either the offender knows that the other person will be225subjected to involuntary servitude or the offender's knowing226

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recruitment, luring, enticement, isolation, harboring, 227 228 transportation, provision, obtaining, or maintenance of the other person or knowing attempt to recruit, lure, entice, 229 230 isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain the other person is for any purpose described in divisions (A) (2) (a) 2.31 to (c) of this section, and the circumstances described in-232 division (A)(5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), or (13) 233 of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the 234 235 offender and the other person. (B) For a prosecution under division (A) (1) of this 236 section, the element "compelled" does not require that the 237 compulsion be openly displayed or physically exerted. The 238 element "compelled" has been established if the state proves 239 that the victim's will was overcome by force, fear, duress, 240 intimidation, or fraud. 241 (C) In a prosecution under this section, proof that the 242 defendant engaged in sexual activity with any person, or 243 solicited sexual activity with any person, whether or not for 244 hire, without more, does not constitute a violation of this 245 246 section. (D) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not 247 preclude a prosecution of a violation of any other section of 248 the Revised Code. One or more acts, a series of acts, or a 249 course of behavior that can be prosecuted under this section or 250 any other section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted under 251 this section, the other section of the Revised Code, or both 252 sections. However, if an offender is convicted of or pleads 253

or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code based on the same conduct involving the same victim 256

quilty to a violation of this section and also is convicted of

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that was the basis of the violation of this section, or is257convicted of or pleads guilty to any other violation of Chapter2582907. of the Revised Code based on the same conduct involving259the same victim that was the basis of the violation of this260section, the two offenses are allied offenses of similar import261under section 2941.25 of the Revised Code.262

(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of trafficking
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in persons, a felony of the first degree. Notwithstanding
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division (A) (1) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the
court shall sentence the offender to a definite prison term of
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ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, or fifteen years.

(F) As used in this section:

(1) "Person with a developmental disability" means a
person whose ability to resist or consent to an act is
substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition
or because of advanced age.
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(2) "Sexual activity for hire," "performance for hire,"
and "model or participant for hire" mean an implicit or explicit
agreement to provide sexual activity, engage in an obscene,
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented performance, or be a model
cor participant in the production of obscene, sexually oriented,
or nudity oriented material, whichever is applicable, in
exchange for anything of value paid to any of the following:

(a) The person engaging in such sexual activity, 280performance, or modeling or participation; 281

(b) Any person who recruits, lures, entices, isolates,
harbors, transports, provides, obtains, or maintains, or
attempts to recruit, lure, entice, isolate, harbor, transport,
provide, obtain, or maintain the person described in division
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(F)(2)(a) of this section; 286 (c) Any person associated with a person described in 287 division (F)(2)(a) or (b) of this section. 288 (3) "Material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or 289 nudity oriented" and "performance that is obscene, sexually 290 oriented, or nudity oriented" have the same meanings as in 291 section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 292 293 Sec. 2929.01. As used in this chapter: (A) (1) "Alternative residential facility" means, subject 294 to division (A)(2) of this section, any facility other than an 295 offender's home or residence in which an offender is assigned to 296 live and that satisfies all of the following criteria: 297 298 (a) It provides programs through which the offender may seek or maintain employment or may receive education, training, 299 treatment, or habilitation. 300 301 (b) It has received the appropriate license or certificate for any specialized education, training, treatment, 302 habilitation, or other service that it provides from the 303 government agency that is responsible for licensing or 304 certifying that type of education, training, treatment, 305 habilitation, or service. 306 (2) "Alternative residential facility" does not include a 307 community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, or 308 prison. 309

(B) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that
(B) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that
(B) The offender maintain contact with a person appointed to
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2967.28 of the Revised Code. "Basic probation supervision"314includes basic parole supervision and basic post-release control315supervision.316

(C) "Cocaine," "hashish," "L.S.D.," and "unit dose" have317the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.318

(D) "Community-based correctional facility" means a 319
 community-based correctional facility and program or district 320
 community-based correctional facility and program developed 321
 pursuant to sections 2301.51 to 2301.58 of the Revised Code. 322

(E) "Community control sanction" means a sanction that is 323 not a prison term and that is described in section 2929.15, 324 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a sanction 325 that is not a jail term and that is described in section 326 2929.26, 2929.27, or 2929.28 of the Revised Code. "Community 327 control sanction" includes probation if the sentence involved 328 was imposed for a felony that was committed prior to July 1, 329 1996, or if the sentence involved was imposed for a misdemeanor 330 that was committed prior to January 1, 2004. 331

(F) "Controlled substance," "marihuana," "schedule I," and "schedule II" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.

(G) "Curfew" means a requirement that an offender during a 335specified period of time be at a designated place. 336

(H) "Day reporting" means a sanction pursuant to which an
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 offender is required each day to report to and leave a center or
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 other approved reporting location at specified times in order to
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 participate in work, education or training, treatment, and other
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 approved programs at the center or outside the center.

(I) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section

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2923.11 of the Revised Code.

(J) "Drug and alcohol use monitoring" means a program
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under which an offender agrees to submit to random chemical
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analysis of the offender's blood, breath, or urine to determine
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whether the offender has ingested any alcohol or other drugs.
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(K) "Drug treatment program" means any program under which 348 a person undergoes assessment and treatment designed to reduce 349 or completely eliminate the person's physical or emotional 350 reliance upon alcohol, another drug, or alcohol and another drug 351 and under which the person may be required to receive assessment 352 and treatment on an outpatient basis or may be required to 353 reside at a facility other than the person's home or residence 354 while undergoing assessment and treatment. 355

(L) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered 356 by a victim as a direct and proximate result of the commission 357 of an offense and includes any loss of income due to lost time 358 at work because of any injury caused to the victim, and any 359 property loss, medical cost, or funeral expense incurred as a 360 result of the commission of the offense. "Economic loss" does 361 not include non-economic loss or any punitive or exemplary 362 363 damages.

(M) "Education or training" includes study at, or in
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conjunction with a program offered by, a university, college, or
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technical college or vocational study and also includes the
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completion of primary school, secondary school, and literacy
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curricula or their equivalent.

(N) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 369of the Revised Code. 370

(O) "Halfway house" means a facility licensed by the 371

division of parole and community services of the department of372rehabilitation and correction pursuant to section 2967.14 of the373Revised Code as a suitable facility for the care and treatment374of adult offenders.375

(P) "House arrest" means a period of confinement of an 376
offender that is in the offender's home or in other premises 377
specified by the sentencing court or by the parole board 378
pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised Code and during which 379
all of the following apply: 380

(1) The offender is required to remain in the offender's 381
home or other specified premises for the specified period of 382
confinement, except for periods of time during which the 383
offender is at the offender's place of employment or at other 384
premises as authorized by the sentencing court or by the parole 385
board. 386

(2) The offender is required to report periodically to a 387person designated by the court or parole board. 388

(3) The offender is subject to any other restrictions and
requirements that may be imposed by the sentencing court or by
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the parole board.

(Q) "Intensive probation supervision" means a requirement 392 that an offender maintain frequent contact with a person 393 394 appointed by the court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to supervise the offender 395 while the offender is seeking or maintaining necessary 396 employment and participating in training, education, and 397 treatment programs as required in the court's or parole board's 398 order. "Intensive probation supervision" includes intensive 399 parole supervision and intensive post-release control 400 supervision.

(R) "Jail" means a jail, workhouse, minimum security jail, 402
or other residential facility used for the confinement of 403
alleged or convicted offenders that is operated by a political 404
subdivision or a combination of political subdivisions of this 405
state. 406

(S) "Jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing
(S) "Jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing
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court imposes or is authorized to impose pursuant to section
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2929.24 or 2929.25 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other
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provision of the Revised Code that authorizes a term in a jail
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for a misdemeanor conviction.

(T) "Mandatory jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing court is required to impose pursuant to division (G) of section 1547.99 of the Revised Code, division (E) of section 2903.06 or division (D) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code, division (E) or (G) of section 2929.24 of the Revised Code, division (B) of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code, or division (G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other provision of the Revised Code that requires a term in a jail for a misdemeanor conviction.

(U) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section2152.02 of the Revised Code.422

(V) "License violation report" means a report that is made
by a sentencing court, or by the parole board pursuant to
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section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to the regulatory or
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licensing board or agency that issued an offender a professional
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license or a license or permit to do business in this state and
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that specifies that the offender has been convicted of or
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pleaded guilty to an offense that may violate the conditions

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under which the offender's professional license or license or 430
permit to do business in this state was granted or an offense 431
for which the offender's professional license or license or 432
permit to do business in this state may be revoked or suspended. 433

(W) "Major drug offender" means an offender who is 434 convicted of or pleads quilty to the possession of, sale of, or 435 offer to sell any drug, compound, mixture, preparation, or 436 substance that consists of or contains at least one thousand 437 grams of hashish; at least one hundred grams of cocaine; at 438 least one thousand unit doses or one hundred grams of heroin; at 439 least five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. or five hundred grams 440 of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 441 distillate form; at least fifty grams of a controlled substance 442 analog; or at least one hundred times the amount of any other 443 schedule I or II controlled substance other than marihuana that 444 is necessary to commit a felony of the third degree pursuant to 445 section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.11 of the Revised 446 Code that is based on the possession of, sale of, or offer to 447 sell the controlled substance. 448

(X) "Mandatory prison term" means any of the following:

(1) Subject to division (X)(2) of this section, the term 450 in prison that must be imposed for the offenses or circumstances 451 set forth in divisions (F)(1) to (8) or (F)(12) to (18) of 452 section 2929.13 and division (B) of section 2929.14 of the 453 Revised Code. Except as provided in sections 2925.02, 2925.03, 454 2925.04, 2925.05, and 2925.11 of the Revised Code, unless the 455 maximum or another specific term is required under section 456 2929.14 or 2929.142 of the Revised Code, a mandatory prison term 457 described in this division may be any prison term authorized for 4.5.8 the level of offense. 459

(2) The term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in prison 460 that a sentencing court is required to impose for a third or 461 fourth degree felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(2) of 462 section 2929.13 and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 463 of the Revised Code or the term of one, two, three, four, or 464 five years in prison that a sentencing court is required to 465 impose pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the 466 Revised Code. 467

(3) The term in prison imposed pursuant to division (A) of
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the offenses and in the
circumstances described in division (F) (11) of section 2929.13
of the Revised Code or pursuant to division (B) (1) (a), (b), or
(c), (B) (2) (a), (b), or (c), or (B) (3) (a), (b), (c), or (d) of
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and that term as modified or
terminated pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code.

(Y) "Monitored time" means a period of time during which an offender continues to be under the control of the sentencing court or parole board, subject to no conditions other than leading a law-abiding life.

(Z) "Offender" means a person who, in this state, is479convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or a misdemeanor.480

(AA) "Prison" means a residential facility used for the
confinement of convicted felony offenders that is under the
control of the department of rehabilitation and correction but
does not include a violation sanction center operated under
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authority of section 2967.141 of the Revised Code.

(BB) "Prison term" includes either of the following486sanctions for an offender:487

(1) A stated prison term;

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(2) A term in a prison shortened by, or with the approval 489 of, the sentencing court pursuant to section 2929.143, 2929.20, 490 2967.26, 5120.031, 5120.032, or 5120.073 of the Revised Code. 491 (CC) "Repeat violent offender" means a person about whom 492 both of the following apply: 493 (1) The person is being sentenced for committing or for 494 complicity in committing any of the following: 495 (a) Aggravated murder, murder, any felony of the first or 496 second degree that is an offense of violence, or an attempt to 497 commit any of these offenses if the attempt is a felony of the 498 first or second degree; 499 (b) An offense under an existing or former law of this 500 state, another state, or the United States that is or was 501 substantially equivalent to an offense described in division 502 (CC)(1)(a) of this section. 503 (2) The person previously was convicted of or pleaded 504 505 quilty to an offense described in division (CC)(1)(a) or (b) of this section. 506 (DD) "Sanction" means any penalty imposed upon an offender 507 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense, as 508 punishment for the offense. "Sanction" includes any sanction 509

imposed pursuant to any provision of sections 2929.14 to 2929.18510or 2929.24 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code.511

(EE) "Sentence" means the sanction or combination of
sanctions imposed by the sentencing court on an offender who is
convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense.
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(FF) "Stated prison term" means the prison term, mandatoryprison term, or combination of all prison terms and mandatory516

prison terms imposed by the sentencing court pursuant to section 517 2929.14, 2929.142, or 2971.03 of the Revised Code or under 518 section 2919.25 of the Revised Code. "Stated prison term" 519 includes any credit received by the offender for time spent in 520 jail awaiting trial, sentencing, or transfer to prison for the 521 offense and any time spent under house arrest or house arrest 522 with electronic monitoring imposed after earning credits 523 pursuant to section 2967.193 of the Revised Code. If an offender 524 is serving a prison term as a risk reduction sentence under 525 sections 2929.143 and 5120.036 of the Revised Code, "stated 526 prison term" includes any period of time by which the prison 527 term imposed upon the offender is shortened by the offender's 528 successful completion of all assessment and treatment or 529 programming pursuant to those sections. 530

(GG) "Victim-offender mediation" means a reconciliation or 531
mediation program that involves an offender and the victim of 532
the offense committed by the offender and that includes a 533
meeting in which the offender and the victim may discuss the 534
offense, discuss restitution, and consider other sanctions for 535
the offense. 536

(HH) "Fourth degree felony OVI offense" means a violation 537 of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that, 538 under division (G) of that section, is a felony of the fourth 539 degree. 540

(II) "Mandatory term of local incarceration" means the 541 term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in a jail, a communitybased correctional facility, a halfway house, or an alternative 543 residential facility that a sentencing court may impose upon a 544 person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a fourth degree 545 felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G) (1) of section 546

2929.13 of the Revised Code and division (G) (1) (d) or (e) of547section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.548

(JJ) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 549 offense," "violent sex offense," "sexual motivation 550 specification," "sexually violent offense," "sexually violent 551 predator," and "sexually violent predator specification" have 552 the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code. 553

(KK) "Sexually oriented offense," "child-victim oriented 554 offense," and "tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" have 555 the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code. 556

(LL) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a child" 557 if the offender commits the offense within thirty feet of or 558 within the same residential unit as a child who is under 559 eighteen years of age, regardless of whether the offender knows 560 the age of the child or whether the offender knows the offense 561 is being committed within thirty feet of or within the same 562 residential unit as the child and regardless of whether the 563 child actually views the commission of the offense. 564

(MM) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.

(NN) "Motor vehicle" and "manufactured home" have the same 567
meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code. 568

(00) "Detention" and "detention facility" have the same 569
meanings as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code. 570

(PP) "Third degree felony OVI offense" means a violation 571
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that, 572
under division (G) of that section, is a felony of the third 573
degree. 574

Page 20

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(QQ) "Random drug testing" has the same meaning as in 575 section 5120.63 of the Revised Code. 576 (RR) "Felony sex offense" has the same meaning as in 577 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. 578 579 (SS) "Body armor" has the same meaning as in section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code. 580 (TT) "Electronic monitoring" means monitoring through the 581 use of an electronic monitoring device. 582 (UU) "Electronic monitoring device" means any of the 583 following: 584 585 (1) Any device that can be operated by electrical or battery power and that conforms with all of the following: 586 (a) The device has a transmitter that can be attached to a 587 person, that will transmit a specified signal to a receiver of 588 the type described in division (UU) (1) (b) of this section if the 589 transmitter is removed from the person, turned off, or altered 590 in any manner without prior court approval in relation to 591 electronic monitoring or without prior approval of the 592 department of rehabilitation and correction in relation to the 593 use of an electronic monitoring device for an inmate on 594 transitional control or otherwise is tampered with, that can 595 transmit continuously and periodically a signal to that receiver 596 when the person is within a specified distance from the 597 receiver, and that can transmit an appropriate signal to that 598 receiver if the person to whom it is attached travels a 599 specified distance from that receiver. 600

(b) The device has a receiver that can receive
continuously the signals transmitted by a transmitter of the
type described in division (UU) (1) (a) of this section, can

transmit continuously those signals by a wireless or landline 604 telephone connection to a central monitoring computer of the 605 type described in division (UU)(1)(c) of this section, and can 606 transmit continuously an appropriate signal to that central 607 monitoring computer if the device has been turned off or altered 608 without prior court approval or otherwise tampered with. The 609 610 device is designed specifically for use in electronic 611 monitoring, is not a converted wireless phone or another tracking device that is clearly not designed for electronic 612 monitoring, and provides a means of text-based or voice 613 communication with the person. 614

(c) The device has a central monitoring computer that can
freceive continuously the signals transmitted by a wireless or
landline telephone connection by a receiver of the type
described in division (UU) (1) (b) of this section and can monitor
continuously the person to whom an electronic monitoring device
of the type described in division (UU) (1) (a) of this section is
attached.

(2) Any device that is not a device of the type described in division (UU)(1) of this section and that conforms with all of the following:

(a) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that
 625
 can monitor and determine the location of a subject person at
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 any time, or at a designated point in time, through the use of a
 627
 central monitoring computer or through other electronic means.
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(b) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that
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can determine at any time, or at a designated point in time,
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through the use of a central monitoring computer or other
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electronic means the fact that the transmitter is turned off or
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altered in any manner without prior approval of the court in

Page 22

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relation to the electronic monitoring or without prior approval 634 of the department of rehabilitation and correction in relation 635 to the use of an electronic monitoring device for an inmate on 636 transitional control or otherwise is tampered with. 637

(3) Any type of technology that can adequately track or
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determine the location of a subject person at any time and that
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is approved by the director of rehabilitation and correction,
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including, but not limited to, any satellite technology, voice
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tracking system, or retinal scanning system that is so approved.
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(VV) "Non-economic loss" means nonpecuniary harm suffered 643 by a victim of an offense as a result of or related to the 644 commission of the offense, including, but not limited to, pain 645 and suffering; loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, 646 assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, 647 instruction, training, or education; mental anguish; and any 648 other intangible loss. 649

(WW) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.

(XX) "Continuous alcohol monitoring" means the ability to
automatically test and periodically transmit alcohol consumption
levels and tamper attempts at least every hour, regardless of
the location of the person who is being monitored.

(YY) A person is "adjudicated a sexually violent predator" 656 if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent sex 657 offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually 658 violent predator specification that was included in the 659 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 660 that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or 661 pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 662

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offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a663sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator664specification that were included in the indictment, count in the665indictment, or information charging that designated homicide,666assault, or kidnapping offense.667

(ZZ) An offense is "committed in proximity to a school" if 668 the offender commits the offense in a school safety zone or 669 within five hundred feet of any school building or the 670 boundaries of any school premises, regardless of whether the 671 offender knows the offense is being committed in a school safety 672 zone or within five hundred feet of any school building or the 673 boundaries of any school premises. 674

(AAA) "Human trafficking" means a scheme or plan to which all of the following apply:

(1) Its object is one or <u>more both of</u> the following:

(a) To subject a victim or victims to involuntary
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servitude, as defined in section 2905.31 of the Revised Code or
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to compel a victim or victims to engage in sexual activity for
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hire, to engage in a performance that is obscene, sexually
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oriented, or nudity oriented, or to be a model or participant in
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the production of material that is obscene, sexually oriented,
683
or nudity oriented;

(b) To facilitate, encourage, or recruit a victim who is
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less than sixteen years of age a minor or is a person with a
developmental disability, or victims who are less than sixteen
687
years of age minors or are persons with developmental
688
disabilities, for any purpose listed in divisions (A) (2) (a) to
689
(c) of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code;

(c) To facilitate, encourage, or recruit a victim who is 691

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sixteen or seventeen years of age, or victims who are sixteen or	692
seventeen years of age, for any purpose listed in divisions (A)	693
(2)(a) to (c) of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, if the	694
circumstances described in division (A)(5), (6), (7), (8), (9),	695
(10), (11), (12), or (13) of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code	696
apply with respect to the person engaging in the conduct and the	697
victim or victims.	698
(2) It involves at least two felony offenses, whether or	699
not there has been a prior conviction for any of the felony	700
offenses, to which all of the following apply:	701
(a) Each of the felony offenses is a violation of section	702
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.32, 2907.21, 2907.22, or 2923.32,	703
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323, or division (B)(1),	704
(2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code or	705
is a violation of a law of any state other than this state that	706
is substantially similar to any of the sections or divisions of	707
the Revised Code identified in this division.	708
(b) At least one of the felony offenses was committed in	709
this state.	710
(c) The felony offenses are related to the same scheme or	711
plan and are not isolated instances.	712
(BBB) "Material," "nudity," "obscene," "performance," and	713
"sexual activity" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01	714
of the Revised Code.	715
(CCC) "Material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	716
(000) material chat is obscene, sexually offended, of	110

nudity oriented" means any material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or
nudity oriented" means any material that is obscene, that shows
a person participating or engaging in sexual activity,
masturbation, or bestiality, or that shows a person in a state
of nudity.

(DDD) "Performance that is obscene, sexually oriented, or 721 nudity oriented" means any performance that is obscene, that 722 shows a person participating or engaging in sexual activity, 723 masturbation, or bestiality, or that shows a person in a state 724 of nudity. 725 (EEE) "Accelerant" means a fuel or oxidizing agent, such 726 as an ignitable liquid, used to initiate a fire or increase the 727 rate of growth or spread of a fire. 728 Section 2. That existing sections 2152.021, 2905.32, and 729 2929.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 730