^{116TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R.6210

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> Ensuring that goods made with forced labor in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region of the People's Republic of China do not enter the United States market, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 11, 2020

Mr. MCGOVERN (for himself, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. YOHO, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. RASKIN, Ms. TLAIB, and Ms. WEXTON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, the Judiciary, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

Ensuring that goods made with forced labor in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region of the People's Republic of China do not enter the United States market, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Uyghur Forced Labor

5 Prevention Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) In the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Re-4 gion, the Government of the People's Republic of 5 China has established a system of extrajudicial mass 6 internment camps arbitrarily detaining as many as 7 1.8 million Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and members 8 of other Muslim minority groups who have been sub-9 jected to forced labor, torture, political indoctrina-10 tion, and severe human rights abuses.

11 (2) Forced labor exists within the Xinjiang 12 Uyghur Autonomous Region's system of mass in-13 ternment camps, and throughout the region, and is 14 confirmed by the testimony of former camp detain-15 ees, satellite imagery, and official leaked documents 16 from the government of the People's Republic of 17 China as part of a targeted campaign of repression 18 of Muslim ethnic minorities.

19 (3) There is a very high risk that many fac-20 tories and other suppliers in the Xinjiang Uyghur 21 Autonomous Region are exploiting forced labor ac-22 cording to reports from researchers, media, and civil 23 society groups. Audits to vet products and supply 24 chains in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region 25 are not possible due to the extent forced labor has 26 contaminated the regional economy, the mixing of involuntary labor with voluntary labor, the inability
 of witnesses to speak freely about working conditions
 given heavy government surveillance and coercion,
 and the strong incentive of government officials to
 conceal government-sponsored forced labor.

6 (4) In its June 2019 Trafficking in Persons Re-7 port, the Department of State found that "Authori-8 ties offer subsidies incentivizing Chinese companies 9 to open factories in close proximity to the intern-10 ment camps, and local governments receive addi-11 tional funds for each inmate forced to work in these 12 sites at a fraction of minimum wage or without any compensation.". 13

(5) In September 2019, U.S. Customs and Border Protection issued a "Withhold Release Order"
on garments produced by Hetian Taida Apparel Co.,
Ltd. due to "suspected prison or forced labor" from
its factories in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
Region.

(6) In its 2019 Annual Report, the Congressional-Executive Commission on China (CECC)
found that products reportedly produced with forced
labor by current and former mass internment camp
detainees included textiles, electronics, food products, shoes, tea, and handicrafts.

1 (7) According to public reports, the following 2 companies are or have been suspected of directly em-3 ploying forced labor or sourcing from suppliers that 4 are suspected of using forced labor: Adidas, Badger 5 Sportswear, Calvin Klein, Campbell Soup Company, 6 Coca-Cola Company, COFCO Tunhe Company, 7 Costco, Esquel Group, Esprit, H&M, Hetian Taida, 8 Huafu Fashion Company, Kraft Heinz Company, 9 Litai Textiles, Nike, Inc., Patagonia, Inc., Tommy 10 Hilfiger, Urumqi Shengshi Huaer Culture Tech-11 nology Company, Yili Zhuo Wan Garment Manufac-12 turing Company, and Zhihui Haipai Internet of 13 Things Technology Company.

14 (8) Section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
15 U.S.C. 1307) states that it is illegal to import into
16 the United States "goods, wares, articles, and mer17 chandise mined, produced, or manufactured wholly
18 or in part" by forced labor. Such merchandise is
19 subject to exclusion or seizure and may lead to
20 criminal investigation of the importer.

(9) The policies of the Government of the People's Republic of China are in contravention of international human rights standards, including—

24 (A) the Universal Declaration of Human25 Rights and the International Covenant on Civil

4

1	and Political Rights, which China has signed
2	but not yet ratified;
3	(B) the International Covenant on Eco-
4	nomic, Social, and Cultural Rights, ratified by
5	the People's Republic of China in 2001; and
6	(C) the United Nations Protocol to Pre-
7	vent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Per-
8	sons, Especially Women and Children (Palermo
9	Protocol), to which China is a state party.
10	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
11	It is the policy of the United States—
12	(1) to prohibit the import of all goods, wares,
13	articles, or merchandise mined, produced, or manu-
14	factured, wholly or in part, by forced labor from the
15	People's Republic of China and particularly any such
16	goods, wares, article, or merchandise produced in
17	the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;
18	(2) to encourage the international community
19	to reduce the import of any goods made with forced
20	labor from China, particularly those goods mined,
21	manufactured, or produced in the Xinjiang Uyghur
22	Autonomous Region;
23	(3) to actively work to prevent, publicly de-
24	nounce, and end human trafficking as a horrific as-
25	sault on human dignity and to restore the lives of

 $\mathbf{5}$

those affected by human trafficking, a modern form
 of slavery;

3 (4) to regard the prevention of atrocities as in
4 its national interest, including efforts to prevent tor5 ture, enforced disappearances, severe deprivation of
6 liberty, including mass internment, arbitrary deten7 tion, and widespread and systematic use of forced
8 labor, and persecution targeting any identifiable eth9 nic or religious group; and

10 (5) to address gross violations of human rights 11 in Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region through bi-12 lateral diplomatic channels and multilateral institu-13 tions where both the United States and China are 14 members and with all the authorities available to the 15 United States Government, including visa and finan-16 cial sanctions, export restrictions, and import con-17 trols.

18 SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION OF GOODS MADE

19 IN THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS RE-20 GION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), all goods, wares, articles, and merchandise mined,
produced, or manufactured wholly or in part in the
Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region of China, or by persons working with the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Re-

gion government for purposes of the "poverty alleviation" 1 2 program or the "pairing-assistance" program which sub-3 sidizes the establishment of manufacturing facilities in the 4 Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, shall be deemed to 5 be goods, wares, articles, and merchandise described in section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307) 6 7 and shall not be entitled to entry at any of the ports of 8 the United States.

9 (b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition described in sub10 section (a) shall not apply if the Commissioner of U.S.
11 Customs and Border Protection—

(1) determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that any specific goods, wares, articles, or
merchandise described in subsection (a) were not
produced wholly or in part by convict labor, forced
labor, or indentured labor under penal sanctions;
and

18 (2) submits to the appropriate congressional
19 committees and makes available to the public a re20 port that contains such determination.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect
on the date that is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

8 1 SEC. 5. DETERMINATION RELATING TO ATROCITIES IN THE 2 XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State 4 5 shall— (1) determine if forced labor being carried out 6 7 against Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and members of 8 other Muslim minority groups in the Xinjiang 9 Uyghur Autonomous Region of China is systematic 10 and widespread and therefore constitutes atrocities; 11 and 12 (2) submit to the appropriate congressional 13 committees and make available to the public a report 14 that contains such determination. 15 (b) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)— 16 (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but 17 may include a classified annex, if necessary; and 18 (2) may be included in the report required by 19 section 6. 20 SEC. 6. STRATEGY TO ADDRESS FORCED LABOR IN THE

21

XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
in coordination with the heads of other appropriate Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains a
•HR 6210 IH

United States strategy to promote initiatives to enhance
 international awareness of and to address the forced labor
 in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region of China.

4 (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The strategy re-5 quired by subsection (a) shall include—

6 (1) a plan to enhance bilateral and multilateral 7 outreach, including sustained engagement with the 8 governments of United States partners and allies, to 9 end the forced labor of Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, 10 and members of other Muslim minority groups in 11 the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;

(2) public affairs and public diplomacy campaigns, including options to work with news organizations and media outlets to publish opinion pieces
and secure public speaking opportunities for United
States Government officials on issues related to the
human rights situation, including forced labor in the
Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region; and

(3) opportunities to coordinate and collaborate
with appropriate nongovernmental organizations and
private sector entities to raise awareness about
forced labor made products from the Xinjiang
Uyghur Autonomous Region and to provide assistance to Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and members of
other Muslim minority groups, including those for-

1	merly detained in mass internment camps in the re-
2	gion.
3	(c) Additional Matters To Be Included.—The
4	report required by subsection (a) shall also include—
5	(1) a list of—
6	(A) Chinese entities or affiliates of entities
7	that directly or indirectly use forced or involun-
8	tary labor in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
9	Region; and
10	(B) Chinese persons that acted as agents
11	of the entities or affiliates of entities described
12	in subparagraph (A) to import goods into the
13	United States;
14	(2) a list of products made wholly or in part by
15	forced or involuntary labor in the Xinjiang Uyghur
16	Autonomous Region;
17	(3) a list of businesses that sold products in the
18	United States made wholly or in part by forced or
19	involuntary labor in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autono-
20	mous Region; and
21	(4) a description of actions taken by the United
22	States Government to address forced labor in the
23	Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region under existing
24	authorities, including—

1	(A) the Trafficking Victims Protection Act
2	of 2000 (Public Law 106–386; 22 U.S.C. 7101
3	et seq.);
4	(B) section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930
5	(19 U.S.C. 1307);
6	(C) the Ellie Wiesel Genocide and Atroc-
7	ities Prevention Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–
8	441; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note); and
9	(D) the Global Magnitsky Human Rights
10	Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 2656 note).
11	(d) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)
12	shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include
13	a classified annex, if necessary.
14	(e) UPDATES.—The Secretary of State shall—
15	(1) provide briefings to the appropriate congres-
16	sional committees on a quarterly basis, as applicable,
17	on any updates to the strategy required by sub-
18	section (a) or any additional actions taken to ad-
19	dress forced labor in Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
20	Region, including actions described in this Act; and
21	(2) include any updates to the strategy required
22	by subsection (a) in the annual Trafficking in Per-
23	sons report required by section $110(b)$ of the Traf-
24	ficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C.
25	7107(b)).

1 (f) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to have effect 2 on the date on which the President submits to the appro-3 priate congressional committees a determination that the 4 Government of the People's Republic of China has ended 5 mass internment, forced labor, and any other gross violations of human rights experienced by Uyghurs, Kazakhs, 6 7 Kyrgyz, and members of other Muslim minority groups 8 in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.

9 SEC. 7. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS RELATING TO FORCED 10 LABOR IN THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONO11 MOUS REGION.

12 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days 14 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not 15 less frequently than annually thereafter, the Presi-16 dent shall submit to the appropriate congressional 17 committees a report that identifies each foreign per-18 son, including any official of the Government of the 19 People's Republic of China, that the President deter-20 mines—

(A) knowingly engages in, is responsible
for, or facilitates the forced labor of Uyghurs,
Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and members of other Muslim minority groups in the Xinjiang Uyghur
Autonomous Region of China; and

1 (B) knowingly engages in, contributes to, 2 assists, or provides financial, material or tech-3 nological support for efforts to contravene 4 United States law regarding the importation of 5 forced labor goods from the Xinjiang Uyghur 6 Autonomous Region. 7 (2) FORM.—The report required under para-8 graph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, 9 but may contain a classified annex. (b) IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.—The President shall 10 impose the sanctions described in subsection (c) with re-11 12 spect to each foreign person identified in the report required under subsection (a)(1). 13 14 (c) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions de-15 scribed in this subsection are the following: 16 (1) ASSET BLOCKING.—The President shall ex-17 ercise all of the powers granted to the President 18 under the International Emergency Economic Pow-19 ers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent nec-20 essary to block and prohibit all transactions in prop-21 erty and interests in property of a foreign person 22 identified in the report required under subsection 23 (a)(1) if such property and interests in property— 24 (A) are in the United States; 25 (B) come within the United States; or

1	(C) come within the possession or control
2	of a United States person.
3	(2) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR
4	PAROLE.—
5	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
6	alien described in subsection $(a)(1)$ is—
7	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
8	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
9	documentation to enter the United States;
10	and
11	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
12	or paroled into the United States or to re-
13	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
14	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
15	seq.).
16	(B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—
17	(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien described
18	in subsection $(a)(1)$ is subject to revocation
19	of any visa or other entry documentation
20	regardless of when the visa or other entry
21	documentation is or was issued.
22	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
23	tion under clause (i) shall—
24	(I) take effect immediately; and

1	(II) automatically cancel any
2	other valid visa or entry documenta-
3	tion that is in the alien's possession.
4	(d) Implementation; Penalties.—
5	(1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may ex-
6	ercise all authorities provided under sections 203
7	and 205 of the International Emergency Economic
8	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out
9	this section.
10	(2) PENALTIES.—The penalties provided for in
11	subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-
12	national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
13	U.S.C. 1705) shall apply to a foreign person that
14	violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or

12 Inational Emergency Economic Fowers Act (50 13 U.S.C. 1705) shall apply to a foreign person that 14 violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or 15 causes a violation of paragraph (1) to the same ex-16 tent that such penalties apply to a person that com-17 mits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) of 18 such section 206.

(e) WAIVER.—The President may waive the application of sanctions under this section with respect to a foreign person identified in the report required under subsection (a)(1) if the President determines and certifies to
the appropriate congressional committees that such a
waiver is in the national interest of the United States.

25 (f) EXCEPTIONS.—

(1) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVI-1 2 TIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply 3 to any activity subject to the reporting requirements 4 under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 5 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intel-6 ligence activities of the United States. 7 (2)EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTER-8 NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND FOR LAW ENFORCE-9 MENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under subsection 10 (c)(2) shall not apply with respect to an alien if ad-11 mitting or paroling the alien into the United States 12 is necessary— 13 (A) to permit the United States to comply 14 with the Agreement regarding the Head-15 quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake 16 Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force 17 November 21, 1947, between the United Na-18 tions and the United States, or other applicable 19 international obligations; or 20 (B) to carry out or assist law enforcement 21 activity in the United States. 22 (3) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF 23 GOODS.---24 (A) IN GENERAL.—The authorities and re-25 quirements to impose sanctions authorized

1 under this section shall not include the author-2 ity or a requirement to impose sanctions on the 3 importation of goods. 4 (B) GOOD DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term "good" means any article, natural or 5 6 manmade substance, material, supply, or manu-7 factured product, including inspection and test 8 equipment, and excluding technical data. 9 (g) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—The President 10 may terminate the application of sanctions under this section with respect to a foreign person if the President deter-11 12 mines and reports to the appropriate congressional com-13 mittees not less than 15 days before the termination takes effect that— 14 15 (1) information exists that the person did not 16 engage in the activity for which sanctions were im-17 posed; 18 (2) the person has been prosecuted appro-19 priately for the activity for which sanctions were im-20 posed; 21 (3) the person has credibly demonstrated a sig-22 nificant change in behavior, has paid an appropriate 23 consequence for the activity for which sanctions were 24 imposed, and has credibly committed to not engage

17

1	in an activity described in subsection $(a)(1)$ in the
2	future; or
3	(4) the termination of the sanctions is in the
4	national security interests of the United States.
5	(h) SUNSET.—This section, and any sanctions im-
6	posed under this section, shall terminate on the date that
7	is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
8	(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
9	(1) Admission; admitted; alien.—The terms
10	"admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the
11	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
12	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
13	(2) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term "foreign per-
14	son" means a person that is not a United States
15	person.
16	(3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
17	"United States person" means—
18	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
19	fully admitted for permanent residence to the
20	United States; or
21	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
22	the United States or any jurisdiction within the
23	United States, including a foreign branch of
24	such an entity.

SEC. 8. REPORT ON "WITHHOLD RELEASE ORDERS" PURSU ANT TO SECTION 307 OF THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the 5 date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report 6 7 including a determination as to whether reasonable 8 grounds exist, and an explanation of the reasons for any 9 conclusion that such grounds do not exist, to issue a 10 "Withhold Release Order" pursuant to section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307) with respect to prod-11 ucts of each of the following: 12

13 (1) Yili Zhou Wan Garment Manufacturing14 Company.

15 (2) Zhihui Haipai Internet of Things Tech-16 nology Company.

17 (3) Urumqi Shengshi Hua'er Culture Tech-18 nology Limited Company.

19 (4) Litai Textiles, Huafu Fashion Company.

20 (5) Esquel Group headquartered in Hong Kong.

21 (6) Cofco Tunhe Company.

(b) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1)
shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain
a classified annex.

SEC. 9. DISCLOSURES TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES RE LATED TO THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONO MOUS REGION.

5 (a) POLICY STATEMENT.—It is the policy of the United States to protect American investors, though 6 7 stronger disclosure requirements, alerting them to the 8 presence of Chinese and other companies complicit in 9 gross violations of human rights in United States capital 10 markets, including American and foreign companies listed 11 on United States exchanges that enable the mass internment and population surveillance of Uyghurs, Kazakhs, 12 13 Kyrgyz, and other Muslim minorities and source products made with forced labor in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autono-14 mous Region in China. Such involvements represent clear, 15 16 material risks to the share values and corporate reputa-17 tions of certain of these companies and hence to prospec-18 tive American investors, particularly given that the United 19 States Government has employed sanctions and export re-20strictions to target individuals and entities contributing to human rights abuses in China. 21

(b) DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES RELATINGTO THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 13 of the Securities
25 Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m) is amended
26 by adding at the end the following new subsection:
•HR 6210 IH

1	"(s) Disclosure of Certain Activities Relat-
2	ING TO THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.—
3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each issuer required to file
4	an annual or quarterly report under subsection (a)
5	shall disclose in that report the information required
6	by paragraph (2) if, during the period covered by
7	the report, the issuer or any affiliate of the issuer—
8	"(A) knowingly engaged in an activity with
9	an entity or the affiliate of an entity engaged
10	in creating or providing technology or other as-
11	sistance to create mass population surveillance
12	systems in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
13	Region of China, including any entity included
14	on the Department of Commerce's 'Entity List'
15	in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;
16	"(B) knowingly engaged in an activity with
17	an entity or an affiliate of an entity building
18	and running detention facilities for Uyghurs,
19	Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and other members of Mus-
20	lim minority groups in the Xinjiang Uyghur
21	Autonomous Region;
22	"(C) knowingly, directly or indirectly, pur-
23	chased or otherwise acquired significant types
24	or amounts of textiles made from material pro-

1	duced or manufactured in the Xinjiang Uyghur
2	Autonomous Region;
3	"(D) knowingly engaged in an activity with
4	an entity or an affiliate of an entity described
5	in section $6(c)(1)$ of the Uyghur Forced Labor
6	Prevention Act, including—
7	"(i) any entity engaged in the 'pair-
8	ing-assistance' program which subsidizes
9	the establishment of manufacturing facili-
10	ties in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
11	Region; or
12	"(ii) any entity for which the Depart-
13	ment of Homeland Security has issued a
14	'Withhold Release Order' under section
15	307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
16	1307); or
17	"(E) knowingly conducted any transaction
18	or had dealings with—
19	"(i) any person the property and in-
20	terests in property of which were sanc-
21	tioned by the Secretary of State for the de-
22	tention or abuse of Uyghurs, Kazakhs,
23	Kyrgyz, or other members of Muslim mi-
24	nority groups in the Xinjiang Uyghur Au-
25	tonomous Region;

1	"(ii) any person the property and in-
2	terests in property of which are sanctioned
3	pursuant to the Global Magnitsky Human
4	Rights Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 2656
5	note); or
6	"(iii) any person or entity responsible
7	for, or complicit in, committing atrocities
8	in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Re-
9	gion.
10	"(2) INFORMATION REQUIRED.—If an issuer
11	described under paragraph (1) or an affiliate of the
12	issuer has engaged in any activity described in para-
13	graph (1), the issuer required under this paragraph
14	is a detailed description of each such activity, includ-
15	ing—
16	"(A) the nature and extent of the activity;
17	"(B) the gross revenues and net profits, if
18	any, attributable to the activity; and
19	"(C) whether the issuer or the affiliate of
20	the issuer (as the case may be) intends to con-
21	tinue the activity.
22	"(3) Notice of disclosures.—If an issuer
23	reports under paragraph (1) that the issuer or an
24	affiliate of the issuer has knowingly engaged in any
25	activity described in that paragraph, the issuer shall

1	separately file with the Commission, concurrently
2	with the annual or quarterly report under subsection
3	(a), a notice that the disclosure of that activity has
4	been included in that annual or quarterly report that
5	identifies the issuer and contains the information re-
6	quired by paragraph (2).
7	"(4) Public disclosure of information.—
8	Upon receiving a notice under paragraph (3) that an
9	annual or quarterly report includes a disclosure of
10	an activity described in paragraph (1), the Commis-
11	sion shall promptly—
12	"(A) transmit the report to—
13	"(i) the President;
14	"(ii) the Committee on Foreign Af-
15	fairs and the Committee on Financial
16	Services of the House of Representatives;
17	and
18	"(iii) the Committee on Foreign Rela-
19	tions and the Committee on Banking,
20	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
21	and
22	"(B) make the information provided in the
23	disclosure and the notice available to the public
24	by posting the information on the Internet
25	website of the Commission.

"(5) INVESTIGATIONS.—Upon receiving a re port under paragraph (4) that includes a disclosure
 of an activity described in paragraph (1), the Presi dent shall—

"(A) make a determination with respect to 5 6 whether any investigation is needed into the possible imposition of sanctions under the Glob-7 8 al Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act 9 (22 U.S.C. 2656 note) or section 7 of the Uyghur Forced Labor Prevention Act or wheth-10 11 er criminal investigations are warranted under 12 statutes intended to hold accountable individ-13 uals or entities involved in the importation of 14 goods produced by forced labor, including under 15 section 545, 1589, or 1761 of title 18, United 16 States Code; and

"(B) not later than 180 days after initiating any such investigation, make a determination with respect to whether a sanction should be imposed or criminal investigations initiated with respect to the issuer or the affiliate of the issuer (as the case may be).".

(c) SUNSET.—On the date that is 30 days after the
date on which the President submits to the appropriate
congressional committees the determination described in

section 6(f), section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange Act
 of 1934, as added by subsection (b), is repealed.

3 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
4 subsection (b) shall take effect with respect to reports re5 quired to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Com6 mission after the date that is 180 days after the date of
7 the enactment of this Act.

8 SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.

9 In this Act:

10 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT11 TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com12 mittees" means—

13 (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
14 the Committee on Financial Services of the
15 House of Representatives; and

16 (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations17 and the Committee on Banking.

18 (2) ATROCITIES.—The term "atrocities" has
19 the meaning given the term in section 6(2) of the
20 Elie Wiesel Genocide and Atrocities Prevention Act
21 of 2018 (Public Law 115–441; 22 U.S.C. 2656
22 note).

23 (3) FORCED LABOR.—The term "forced labor"
24 has the meaning given the term in section 307 of the
25 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307).

(4) PERSON.—The term "person" means an in dividual or entity.

3 (5) Mass population surveillance sys-TEM.—The term "mass population surveillance sys-4 tem" means installation and integration of facial 5 6 recognition cameras, biometric data collection, cell 7 phone surveillance, and artificial intelligence technology with the "Sharp Eyes" and "Integrated Joint 8 9 Operations Platform" or other technologies that are used by Chinese security forces for surveillance and 10 big-data predictive policing. 11

 \bigcirc