

## Union Calendar No. 461

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R.3623

[Report No. 116-563, Part I]

To amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to require issuers to disclose certain activities relating to climate change, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 5, 2019

Mr. Casten of Illinois (for himself and Mr. Cartwright) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

#### OCTOBER 27, 2020

Additional sponsors: Mr. McGovern, Ms. Ocasio-Cortez, Ms. Velázquez, Ms. Dean, Mr. San Nicolas, Ms. Brownley of California, Mr. Soto, Mr. Lawson of Florida, Mr. Neguse, Mr. Huffman, Ms. Pressley, Mr. Tonko, Mr. Foster, Ms. Barragán, Mr. Lowenthal, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. Cisneros, Ms. Wild, Ms. Judy Chu of California, Mr. Levin of California, Ms. Bonamici, Ms. Eshoo, Mr. DeSaulnier, Mr. Ted Lieu of California, Mr. Cleaver, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Rouda, Ms. Lofgren, Ms. DeGette, Mrs. Napolitano, Mr. Kind, Mr. García of Illinois, Mr. Gonzalez of Texas, and Ms. Escobar

#### OCTOBER 27, 2020

Reported from the Committee on Financial Services with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

#### OCTOBER 27, 2020

Committee on Energy and Commerce discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on July 5, 2019]

# A BILL

To amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to require issuers to disclose certain activities relating to climate change, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Climate Risk Disclosure
5	Act of 2019".
6	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
7	In this Act—
8	(1) the term "1.5 degree scenario" means a wide-
9	ly recognized, publicly available analysis scenario in
10	which human interventions to combat global climate
11	change are likely to prevent the global average tem-
12	perature from reaching 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-
13	industrial levels;
14	(2) the terms "appropriate climate principals",
15	"climate change", and "appropriate congressional
16	committees" have the meanings given those terms in
17	section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
18	(3) the term "baseline scenario" means a widely-
19	recognized analysis scenario in which levels of green-
20	house gas emissions, as of the date on which the anal-
21	ysis is performed, continue to grow, resulting in—
22	(A) an increase in the global average tem-
23	perature of 1.5 degrees Celsius or more above
24	pre-industrial levels: and

1	(B) the realization of physical risks relating
2	to global climate change;
3	(4) the term "carbon dioxide equivalent" means
4	the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions
5	with the same global warming potential as one metric
6	ton of another greenhouse gas, as determined under
7	table A-1 of subpart A of part 98 of title 40, Code of
8	Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enact-
9	ment of this subsection;
10	(5) the term "Commission" means the Securities
11	and Exchange Commission;
12	(6) the term "commercial development of fossil
13	fuels" includes—
14	(A) exploration, extraction, processing, ex-
15	porting, transporting, and any other significant
16	action with respect to oil, natural gas, coal, or
17	any byproduct thereof; and
18	(B) acquiring a license for any activity de-
19	$scribed\ in\ subparagraph\ (A);$
20	(7) the term "covered issuer" has the meaning
21	given the term in section 13(s) of the Securities Ex-
22	change Act of 1934;
23	(8) the term "direct and indirect greenhouse gas
24	emissions" includes, with respect to a covered
25	issuer—

1	(A) all direct greenhouse gas emissions re-
2	leased by the covered issuer;
3	(B) all indirect greenhouse gas emissions
4	with respect to electricity, heat, or steam pur-
5	chased by the covered issuer;
6	(C) significant indirect emissions, other
7	than the emissions described in subparagraph
8	(B), that occur in the value chain of the covered
9	issuer; and
10	(D) all indirect greenhouse gas emissions
11	that are attributable to assets owned or man-
12	aged, including assets that are partially owned
13	or managed, by the covered issuer;
14	(9) the term "fossil fuel reserves" means all pro-
15	ducing assets, proved reserves, unproved resources,
16	and any other ownership stake in sources of fossil
17	fuels;
18	(10) the term "greenhouse gas"—
19	(A) means carbon dioxide,
20	hydrofluorocarbons, methane, nitrous oxide,
21	perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride, nitrogen
22	triflouride, and chlorofluorocarbons; and
23	(B) includes any other anthropogenically-
24	emitted gas or particulate that the Adminis-
25	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency

1	determines, after notice and comment, to con-
2	tribute to climate change;
3	(11) the term "greenhouse gas emissions" means
4	the emissions of greenhouse gas, expressed in terms of
5	metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent;
6	(12) the term "physical risks" has meaning
7	given the term in section 13(s) of the Securities Ex-
8	change Act of 1934;
9	(13) the term "social cost of carbon" means the
10	monetized present value, discounted at a 3 percent or
11	lower discount rate, in dollars, per metric ton of car-
12	bon dioxide (or carbon dioxide equivalent), of the net
13	global costs over 300 years caused by the emission of
14	carbon dioxide (or carbon dioxide equivalent, as ap-
15	plicable) that result from—
16	(A) changes in net agricultural produc-
17	tivity;
18	(B) decreases in capital and labor produc-
19	tivity;
20	(C) effects on human health;
21	(D) property damage from increased sea
22	level rise, flooding, wildfires, and frequency and
23	severity of extreme weather events;
24	(E) the value of ecosystem services: and

1	(F) any other type of economic, social, po-
2	litical, or natural disruption;
3	(14) the term "transition risks" has meaning
4	given the term in section 13(s) of the Securities Ex-
5	change Act of 1934.
6	(15) the term "value chain"—
7	(A) means the total lifecycle of a product or
8	service, both before and after production of the
9	product or service, as applicable; and
10	(B) may include the sourcing of materials,
11	production, and disposal with respect to the
12	product or service described in subparagraph
13	(A); and
14	(16) the term "well below 1.5 degrees scenario"
15	means a widely-recognized, publicly-available anal-
16	ysis scenario in which human interventions to combat
17	global climate change are likely to prevent the global
18	average temperature from reaching 1.5 degrees Celsius
19	above pre-industrial levels.
20	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
21	It is the sense of Congress that—
22	(1) climate change poses a significant and in-
23	creasing threat to the growth and stability of the
24	economy of the United States;

- (2) many sectors of the economy of the United States and many American businesses are exposed to multiple channels of climate-related risk, which may include exposure to—
  - (A) the physical impacts of climate change, including the rise of the average global temperature, accelerating sea-level rise, desertification, ocean acidification, intensification of storms, increase in heavy precipitation, more frequent and intense temperature extremes, more severe droughts, and longer wildfire seasons;
  - (B) the economic disruptions and security threats that result from the physical impacts described in subparagraph (A) including conflicts over scarce resources, conditions conducive to violent extremism, the spread of infectious diseases, and forced migration; and
  - (C) the transition impacts that result as the global economy transitions to a clean and renewable energy, low-emissions economy, including financial impacts as fossil fuel assets risk becoming stranded and it becomes uneconomic for companies to develop fossil fuel assets as policymakers act to limit the worst impacts of climate change by keeping the rise in average global tem-

1	perature to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-indus-
2	trial levels;
3	(3) assessing the potential impact of climate-re-
4	lated risks on national and international financial
5	systems is an urgent concern;
6	(4) companies have a duty to disclose financial
7	risks that climate change presents to their investors,
8	lenders, and insurers;
9	(5) the Commission has a duty to promote a
10	risk-informed securities market that is worthy of the
11	trust of the public as families invest for their futures;
12	(6) investors, lenders, and insurers are increas-
13	ingly demanding climate risk information that is
14	consistent, comparable, reliable, and clear;
15	(7) including standardized, material climate
16	change risk and opportunity disclosure that is useful
17	for decision makers in annual reports to the Commis-
18	sion will increase transparency with respect to risk
19	accumulation and exposure in financial markets;

(8) requiring companies to disclose climate-related risk exposure and risk management strategies will encourage a smoother transition to a clean and renewable energy, low-emissions economy and guide capital allocation to mitigate, and adapt to, the ef-

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1	fects of climate change and limit damages associated
2	with climate-related events and disasters; and
3	(9) a critical component in fighting climate
4	change is a transparent accounting of the risks that
5	climate change presents and the implications of con-
6	tinued inaction with respect to climate change.
7	SEC. 4. FINDINGS.
8	Congress finds that—
9	(1) short-, medium-, and long-term financial
10	and economic risks and opportunities relating to cli-
11	mate change, and the national and global reduction
12	of greenhouse gas emissions, constitute information
13	that issuers—
14	(A) may reasonably expect to affect share-
15	holder decision making; and
16	(B) should regularly identify, evaluate, and
17	disclose; and
18	(2) the disclosure of information described in
19	paragraph (1) should—
20	(A) identify, and evaluate—
21	(i) material physical and transition
22	risks posed by climate change; and
23	(ii) the potential financial impact of
24	such risks;

1	(B) detail any implications such risks have
2	$on\ corporate\ strategy;$
3	(C) detail any board-level oversight of mate-
4	rial climate related risks and opportunities;
5	(D) allow for intra- and cross-industry
6	comparison, to the extent practicable, of climate-
7	related risk exposure through the inclusion of
8	standardized industry-specific and sector-specific
9	disclosure metrics, as identified by the Commis-
10	sion, in consultation with the appropriate cli-
11	mate principals;
12	(E) allow for tracking of performance over
13	time with respect to mitigating climate risk ex-
14	posure; and
15	(F) incorporate a price on greenhouse gas
16	emissions in financial analyses that reflects, at
17	minimum, the social cost of carbon that is at-
18	tributable to issuers.
19	SEC. 5. DISCLOSURES RELATING TO CLIMATE CHANGE.
20	Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
21	U.S.C. 78m) is amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"(s) Disclosures Relating to Climate Change.—
23	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
24	"(A) the term 'appropriate climate prin-
25	cipals' means—

1	"(i) the Administrator of the Environ-
2	$mental\ Protection\ Agency;$
3	"(ii) the Secretary of Energy;
4	"(iii) the Administrator of the Na-
5	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
6	tration;
7	"(iv) the Director of the Office of Man-
8	agement and Budget; and
9	"(v) the head of any other Federal
10	agency determined appropriate by the Com-
11	mission;
12	"(B) the term 'climate change' means a
13	change of climate that is—
14	"(i) attributed directly or indirectly to
15	human activity that alters the composition
16	of the global atmosphere; and
17	"(ii) in addition to natural climate
18	variability observed over comparable time
19	periods;
20	"(C) the term 'covered issuer' means an
21	issuer that is required to file an annual report
22	$under\ subsection\ (a)\ or\ section\ 15(d);$
23	"(D) the term 'physical risks' means finan-
24	cial risks to long-lived fixed assets, locations, op-
25	erations, or value chains that result from expo-

1	sure to physical climate-related effects, includ-
2	ing—
3	"(i) increased average global tempera-
4	tures and increased frequency of tempera-
5	ture extremes;
6	"(ii) increased severity and frequency
7	of extreme weather events;
8	"(iii) increased flooding;
9	"(iv) sea level rise;
10	"(v) ocean acidification;
11	"(vi) increased frequency of wildfires;
12	"(vii) decreased anability of farmland;
13	"(viii) decreased availability of fresh
14	water; and
15	"(ix) any other financial risks to long-
16	lived fixed assets, locations, operations, or
17	value chains determined appropriate by the
18	Commission, in consultation with appro-
19	priate climate principals;
20	"(E) the term 'transition risks' means fi-
21	nancial risks that are attributable to climate
22	change mitigation and adaptation, including ef-
23	forts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and
24	strengthen resilience to the impacts of climate
25	change, including—

1	"(i) costs relating to—
2	"(I) international treaties and
3	agreements;
4	"(II) Federal, State, and local
5	policy;
6	"(III) new technologies;
7	"(IV) changing markets;
8	"(V) reputational impacts rel-
9	evant to changing consumer behavior;
10	and
11	"(VI) litigation; and
12	"(ii) assets that may lose value or be-
13	come stranded due to any of the costs de-
14	scribed in subclauses (I) through (VI) of
15	clause $(i)$ .
16	"(2) Disclosure.—Each covered issuer, in any
17	annual report filed by the covered issuer under sub-
18	section (a) or section 15(d), shall, in accordance with
19	any rules issued by the Commission pursuant to the
20	Climate Risk Disclosure Act of 2019, include in each
21	such report information regarding—
22	"(A) the identification of, the evaluation of
23	potential financial impacts of, and any risk-
24	management strategies relating to—

1	"(i) physical risks posed to the covered
2	issuer by climate change; and
3	"(ii) transition risks posed to the cov-
4	ered issuer by climate change;
5	"(B) a description of any established cor-
6	porate governance processes and structures to
7	identify, assess, and manage climate-related
8	risks;
9	"(C) a description of specific actions that
10	the covered issuer is taking to mitigate identified
11	risks;
12	"(D) a description of the resilience of any
13	strategy the covered issuer has for addressing cli-
14	mate risks when differing climate scenarios are
15	taken into consideration; and
16	"(E) a description of how climate risk is in-
17	corporated into the overall risk management
18	strategy of the covered issuer.
19	"(3) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
20	paragraph (2) may be construed as precluding a cov-
21	ered issuer from including, in an annual report sub-
22	mitted under subsection (a) or section 15(d), any in-
23	formation not explicitly referenced in such para-
24	graph.".

### 1 SEC. 6. RULEMAKING.

2	(a) Climate Risk Disclosure Rules.—The Com-
3	mission, in consultation with the appropriate climate prin-
4	cipals, shall not later than 2 years after the date of the
5	enactment of this Act, issue rules with respect to the infor-
6	mation that a covered issuer is required to disclose pursu-
7	ant to section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
8	and such rules shall—
9	(1) establish, in consultation with the appro-
10	priate climate principals, climate-related risk disclo-
11	sure rules, which shall—
12	(A) be, to the extent practicable, specialized
13	for industries within specific sectors of the econ-
14	omy, which shall include—
15	(i) the sectors of finance, insurance,
16	transportation, electric power, mining, and
17	non-renewable energy; and
18	(ii) any other sector determined appro-
19	priate by the Commission, in consultation
20	with the appropriate climate principals;
21	(B) include reporting standards for esti-
22	mating and disclosing direct and indirect green-
23	house gas emissions by a covered issuer, and any
24	affiliates of the covered issuer, which shall—

1	(i) separate, to the extent practicable,
2	total emissions of each specified greenhouse
3	gas by the covered issuer; and
4	(ii) include greenhouse gas emissions
5	by the covered issuer during the period cov-
6	ered by the disclosure;
7	(C) include reporting standards for dis-
8	closing, with respect to a covered issuer—
9	(i) the total amount of fossil fuel-re-
10	lated assets owned or managed by the cov-
11	ered issuer; and
12	(ii) the percentage of fossil fuel-related
13	assets as a percentage of total assets owned
14	or managed by the covered issuer;
15	(D) establish a minimum social cost of car-
16	bon, which—
17	(i) shall be considered a minimum
18	price with respect to costs associated with
19	carbon emissions;
20	(ii) a covered issuer shall use in pre-
21	paring climate-related disclosure statements;
22	and
23	(iii) the Commission shall make pub-
24	licly available all assumptions and methods
25	used in the calculations;

1	(E) not preclude a covered issuer from
2	using and disclosing, as compared with the price
3	established under subparagraph (D), a higher
4	price of greenhouse gas emissions;
5	(F) specify requirements for, and the disclo-
6	sure of, input parameters, assumptions, and an-
7	alytical choices to be used in climate scenario
8	analyses required under paragraph (2)(A), in-
9	cluding—
10	(i) present value discount rates;
11	(ii) time frames to consider, including
12	5, 10, and 20 year time frames; and
13	(iii) minimum pricing of greenhouse
14	gas emissions, as established under subpara-
15	graph (D) and subject to subparagraph (E);
16	and
17	(G) include, after consultation with the Ad-
18	ministrator of the Environmental Protection
19	Agency, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of
20	the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, the
21	Secretary of Transportation, the Chair of the
22	Council on Environmental Quality, and the Di-
23	rector of the Office of Science and Technology
24	Policy documentation standards and guidance

1	with respect to the information required under
2	$paragraph\ (2)(C);$
3	(2) require that a covered issuer, with respect to
4	a disclosure required under section 13(s) of the Secu-
5	rities Exchange Act of 1934—
6	(A) incorporate into such disclosure—
7	(i) quantitative analysis to support
8	any qualitative statement made by the cov-
9	ered issuer;
10	(ii) the rules established under para-
11	graph(1);
12	(iii) industry-specific metrics that
13	comply with the requirements under para-
14	$graph\ (1)(A);$
15	(iv) specific risk management actions
16	that the covered issuer is taking to address
17	identified risks;
18	(v) a discussion of the short-, medium-
19	, and long-term resilience of any risk man-
20	agement strategy, and the evolution of ap-
21	plicable risk metrics, of the covered issuer
22	under each scenario described in paragraph
23	(1)(B); and
24	(vi) the total cost of carbon attributable
25	to the direct and indirect greenhouse gas

1	emissions of the covered issuer, using, at
2	minimum, the social cost of carbon;
3	(B) consider, when preparing any quali-
4	tative or quantitative risk analysis statement
5	contained in the disclosure—
6	(i) a baseline scenario that includes
7	physical impacts of climate change;
8	(ii) a well below 1.5 degrees scenario;
9	and
10	(iii) any additional climate analysis
11	scenario considered appropriate by the
12	Commission, in consultation with the ap-
13	propriate climate principals;
14	(C) if the covered issuer engages in the com-
15	mercial development of fossil fuels, include in the
16	disclosure—
17	(i) an estimate of the total and a
18	disaggregated amount of direct and indirect
19	greenhouse gas emissions of the covered
20	issuer that are attributable to—
21	$(I)\ combustion;$
22	(II) flared hydrocarbons;
23	(III) process emissions;
24	(IV) directly vented emissions;

1	(V) fugitive emissions or leaks;
2	and
3	(VI) land use changes;
4	(ii) a description of—
5	(I) the sensitivity of fossil fuel re-
6	serve levels to future price projection
7	scenarios that incorporate the social
8	cost of carbon into hydrocarbon pric-
9	ing;
10	(II) the percentage of the reserves
11	of the covered issuer that will be devel-
12	oped under the scenarios established in
13	subparagraph (B), as well as a forecast
14	for the development prospects of each
15	reserve under the scenarios established
16	$in\ subparagraph\ (B);$
17	(III) the potential amount of di-
18	rect and indirect greenhouse gas emis-
19	sions that are embedded in proved and
20	probable hydrocarbon reserves, with
21	each such calculation presented as a
22	total and in subdivided categories by
23	the type of reserve;
24	(IV) the methodology of the cov-
25	ered issuer for detecting and miti-

1	gating fugitive methane emissions,
2	which shall include the frequency with
3	which applicable assets of the covered
4	issuer are observed for methane leaks,
5	the processes and technology that the
6	covered issuer uses to detect methane
7	leaks, the percentage of assets of the
8	covered issuer that the covered issuer
9	inspects under that methodology, and
10	quantitative and time-bound reduction
11	goals of the issuer with respect to meth-
12	ane leaks;
13	(V) the amount of water that the
14	covered issuer withdraws from fresh-
15	water sources for use and consumption
16	in operations of the covered issuer; and
17	(VI) the percentage of the water
18	described in subclause (V) that comes
19	from regions of water stress or that
20	face wastewater management chal-
21	lenges; and
22	(iii) any other information that the
23	Commission, in consultation with the ap-
24	propriate climate principals and the Ad-
25	ministrator of the Environmental Protec-

1	tion Agency, the Secretary of Energy, the
2	Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of
3	Agriculture determines is—
4	(I) necessary;
5	(II) appropriate to safeguard the
6	public interest; or
7	(III) directed at ensuring that in-
8	vestors are informed in accordance
9	with the findings described in section
10	4;
11	(3) with respect to a disclosure required under
12	section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
13	require that a covered issuer include in such disclo-
14	sure any other information, or use any climate-re-
15	lated or greenhouse gas emissions metric, that the
16	Commission, in consultation with the appropriate cli-
17	mate principals, determines is—
18	(A) necessary;
19	(B) appropriate to safeguard the public in-
20	terest; or
21	(C) directed at ensuring that investors are
22	informed in accordance with the findings de-
23	scribed in section 4; and
24	(4) with respect to a disclosure required under
25	section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,

- 1 establish how and where the required disclosures shall
- 2 be addressed in the covered issuer's annual financial
- 3 *filing*.
- 4 (b) Formatting.—The Commission shall require
- 5 issuers to disclose information in an interactive data for-
- 6 mat and shall develop standards for such format, which
- 7 shall include electronic tags for information that the Com-
- 8 mission determines is—
- 9 (1) necessary;
- 10 (2) appropriate to safeguard the public interest;
- 11 or
- 12 (3) directed at ensuring that investors are in-
- 13 formed in accordance with the findings described in
- section 4.
- 15 (c) Periodic Update of Rules.—The Commission
- 16 shall periodically update the rules issued under this section
- 17 to ensure that such rules further the findings in section 4(2).
- 18 SEC. 7. COMPILATION OF INFORMATION DISCLOSED.
- 19 The Commission shall, to the maximum extent prac-
- 20 ticable make a compilation of the information disclosed by
- 21 issuers pursuant to section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange
- 22 Act of 1934 publicly available on the website of the Commis-
- 23 sion and update such compilation at least once each year.

#### 1 SEC. 8. BACKSTOP.

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- 3 the Commission has not issued rules pursuant to section
- 4 6, and until such rules are issued, a covered issuer shall
- 5 be deemed in compliance with section 13(s) of the Securities
- 6 Exchange Act of 1934 if disclosures set forth in the annual
- 7 report of such issuer satisfy the recommendations of the
- 8 Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures of the
- 9 Financial Stability Board as reported in June, 2017, or
- 10 any successor report, and as supplemented or adjusted by
- 11 such rules, guidance, or other comments from the Commis-
- 12 sion.

#### 13 SEC. 9. REPORTS.

- 14 (a) Securities and Exchange Commission.—The
- 15 Commission shall—
- 16 (1) conduct an annual assessment regarding the
- 17 compliance of covered issuers with the requirements of
- section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
- 19 as added by section 5;
- 20 (2) submit to the appropriate congressional com-
- 21 mittees a report that contains the results of each as-
- 22 sessment conducted under paragraph (1); and
- 23 (3) make each report submitted under paragraph
- 24 (2) accessible to the public.
- 25 (b) Government Accountability Office.—The
- 26 Comptroller General of the United States shall periodically

- 1 evaluate, and report to the appropriate congressional com-
- 2 mittees on, the effectiveness of the Commission in carrying
- 3 out and enforcing section 13(s) of the Securities Exchange
- 4 Act of 1934, as added by section 5.

#### 5 SEC. 10. SEVERABILITY.

- 6 If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
- 7 this Act, or the application of this Act (or an amendment
- 8 made by this Act) to any person or circumstance is held
- 9 to be invalid, that holding shall have no effect with respect
- 10 *to*—
- 11 (1) the remainder of this Act; and
- 12 (2) the application of the provision or amend-
- 13 ment, as applicable, to any other person or cir-
- 14 *cumstance*.

#### 15 SEC. 11. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
- 17 mission such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
- 18 *Act*.

# Union Calendar No. 461

116TH CONGRESS H. R. 3623

[Report No. 116-563, Part I]

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