

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 2166

AN ACT

To authorize a comprehensive, strategic approach for United States foreign assistance to developing countries to strengthen global health security, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Global Health Security
- 3 Act of 2020".

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4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) In December 2009, President Obama re-7 leased the National Strategy for Countering Biologi-8 cal Threats, which listed as one of seven objectives 9 "Promote global health security: Increase the avail-10 ability of and access to knowledge and products of 11 the life sciences that can help reduce the impact 12 from outbreaks of infectious disease whether of nat-13 ural, accidental, or deliberate origin".
 - (2) In February 2014, the United States and nearly 30 other nations launched the Global Health Security Agenda (GHSA) to address several high-priority, global infectious disease threats. The GHSA is a multi-faceted, multi-country initiative intended to accelerate partner countries' measurable capabilities to achieve specific targets to prevent, detect, and respond to infectious disease threats, whether naturally occurring, deliberate, or accidental.
 - (3) In 2015, the United Nations adopted the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), which include specific reference to the importance of global

health security as part of SDG 3 "ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages" as follows: "strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and

global health risks".

- (4) On November 4, 2016, President Obama signed Executive Order No. 13747, "Advancing the Global Health Security Agenda to Achieve a World Safe and Secure from Infectious Disease Threats".
- (5) In October 2017 at the GHSA Ministerial Meeting in Uganda, the United States and more than 40 GHSA member countries supported the "Kampala Declaration" to extend the GHSA for an additional 5 years to 2024.
- (6) In December 2017, President Trump released the National Security Strategy, which includes the priority action: "Detect and contain biothreats at their source: We will work with other countries to detect and mitigate outbreaks early to prevent the spread of disease. We will encourage other countries to invest in basic health care systems and to strengthen global health security across the intersection of human and animal health to prevent infectious disease outbreaks".

1	(7) In September 2018, President Trump re-
2	leased the National Biodefense Strategy, which in-
3	cludes objectives to "strengthen global health secu-
4	rity capacities to prevent local bioincidents from be-
5	coming epidemics", and "strengthen international
6	preparedness to support international response and
7	recovery capabilities".
8	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
9	It is the policy of the United States to—
10	(1) promote global health security as a core na-
11	tional security interest;
12	(2) advance the aims of the Global Health Se-
13	curity Agenda;
14	(3) collaborate with other countries to detect
15	and mitigate outbreaks early to prevent the spread
16	of disease;
17	(4) encourage other countries to invest in basic
18	resilient and sustainable health care systems; and
19	(5) strengthen global health security across the
20	intersection of human and animal health to prevent

infectious disease outbreaks and combat the growing

threat of antimicrobial resistance.

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SEC. 4. GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY AGENDA INTERAGENCY 2 REVIEW COUNCIL. 3 (a) Establishment.—The President shall establish a Global Health Security Agenda Interagency Review 4 5 Council (in this section referred to as the "Council") to perform the general responsibilities described in sub-7 section (c) and the specific roles and responsibilities described in subsection (e). 8 9 (b) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet not less than four times per year to advance its mission and fulfill its 10 11 responsibilities. 12 (c) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Council shall be responsible for the following activities: 13 14 (1) Provide policy-level recommendations to 15 participating agencies on Global Health Security 16 Agenda (GHSA) goals, objectives, and implementa-17 tion. 18 (2) Facilitate interagency, multi-sectoral en-19 gagement to carry out GHSA implementation. 20 (3) Provide a forum for raising and working to 21 resolve interagency disagreements concerning the 22 GHSA. (4)(A) Review the progress toward and work to 23 24 resolve challenges in achieving United States com-

mitments under the GHSA, including commitments

- to assist other countries in achieving the GHSA targets.
 - (B) The Council shall consider, among other issues, the following:
 - (i) The status of United States financial commitments to the GHSA in the context of commitments by other donors, and the contributions of partner countries to achieve the GHSA targets.
 - (ii) The progress toward the milestones outlined in GHSA national plans for those countries where the United States Government has committed to assist in implementing the GHSA and in annual work-plans outlining agency priorities for implementing the GHSA.
 - (iii) The external evaluations of United States and partner country capabilities to address infectious disease threats, including the ability to achieve the targets outlined within the WHO Joint External Evaluation (JEE) tool, as well as gaps identified by such external evaluations.
- 23 (d) Participation.—The Council shall consist of 24 representatives, serving at the Assistant Secretary level or 25 higher, from the following agencies:

1	(1) The Department of State.
2	(2) The Department of Defense.
3	(3) The Department of Justice.
4	(4) The Department of Agriculture.
5	(5) The Department of Health and Human
6	Services.
7	(6) The Department of Labor.
8	(7) The Department of Homeland Security.
9	(8) The Office of Management and Budget.
10	(9) The United States Agency for International
11	Development.
12	(10) The Environmental Protection Agency.
13	(11) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
14	vention.
15	(12) The Office of Science and Technology Pol-
16	iey.
17	(13) The National Institutes of Health.
18	(14) The National Institute of Allergy and In-
19	fectious Diseases.
20	(15) Such other agencies as the Council deter-
21	mines to be appropriate.
22	(e) Specific Roles and Responsibilities.—
23	(1) In general.—The heads of agencies de-
24	scribed in subsection (d) shall—

1	(A) make the GHSA and its implementa-
2	tion a high priority within their respective agen-
3	cies, and include GHSA-related activities within
4	their respective agencies' strategic planning and
5	budget processes;
6	(B) designate a senior-level official to be
7	responsible for the implementation of this Act;
8	(C) designate, in accordance with sub-
9	section (d), an appropriate representative at the
10	Assistant Secretary level or higher to partici-
11	pate on the Council;
12	(D) keep the Council apprised of GHSA-
13	related activities undertaken within their re-
14	spective agencies;
15	(E) maintain responsibility for agency-re-
16	lated programmatic functions in coordination
17	with host governments, country teams, and
18	GHSA in-country teams, and in conjunction
19	with other relevant agencies;
20	(F) coordinate with other agencies that are
21	identified in this section to satisfy pro-
22	grammatic goals, and further facilitate coordi-
23	nation of country teams, implementers, and do-

nors in host countries; and

- 1 (G) coordinate across GHSA national 2 plans and with GHSA partners to which the 3 United States is providing assistance.
- 4 ADDITIONAL ROLES AND RESPONSIBIL-5 ITIES.—In addition to the roles and responsibilities 6 described in paragraph (1), the heads of agencies de-7 scribed in subsection (d) shall carry out their respec-8 tive roles and responsibilities described in sub-9 sections (b) through (i) of section 3 of Executive 10 Order No. 13747 (81 Fed. Reg. 78701; relating to 11 Advancing the Global Health Security Agenda to 12 Achieve a World Safe and Secure from Infectious 13 Disease Threats), as in effect on the day before the 14 date of the enactment of this Act.

15 SEC. 5. UNITED STATES COORDINATOR FOR GLOBAL 16 HEALTH SECURITY.

- 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint an in-
- 18 dividual to the position of United States Coordinator for
- 19 Global Health Security, who shall be responsible for the
- 20 coordination of the interagency process for responding to
- 21 global health security emergencies. As appropriate, the
- 22 designee shall coordinate with the President's Special Co-
- 23 ordinator for International Disaster Assistance.
- 24 (b) Congressional Briefing.—Not less frequently
- 25 than twice each year, the employee designated under this

section shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a briefing on the responsibilities and activities of the individual under this section. 3 4 (c) Appropriate Congressional Committees De-FINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" has the meaning given such term 6 in section 8 of the Global Health Security Act of 2019. 8 SEC. 6. SENSE OF CONGRESS. 9 It is the sense of the Congress that, given the complex 10 and multisectoral nature of global health threats to the 11 United States, the President— 12 (1) should consider appointing an individual 13 with significant background and expertise in public health or emergency response management to the 14 15 position of United States Coordinator for Global 16 Health Security, as required by section 5(a), who is 17 an employee of the National Security Council at the 18 level of Deputy Assistant to the President or higher; 19 and 20 (2) in providing assistance to implement the 21 strategy required under section 7(a), should— 22 (A) coordinate, through a whole-of-govern-23 ment approach, the efforts of relevant Federal 24 departments and agencies to implement the

strategy;

1	(B) seek to fully utilize the unique capa-
2	bilities of each relevant Federal department and
3	agency while collaborating with and leveraging
4	the contributions of other key stakeholders; and
5	(C) utilize open and streamlined solicita-
6	tions to allow for the participation of a wide
7	range of implementing partners through the
8	most appropriate procurement mechanisms,
9	which may include grants, contracts, coopera-
10	tive agreements, and other instruments as nec-
11	essary and appropriate.
12	SEC. 7. STRATEGY AND REPORTS.
13	(a) Strategy.—The United States Coordinator for
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- 13 (a) STRATEGY.—The United States Coordinator for 14 Global Health Security (appointed under section 5(a)) 15 shall coordinate the development and implementation of 16 a strategy to implement the policy aims described in sec-17 tion 3, which shall—
 - (1) set specific and measurable goals, benchmarks, timetables, performance metrics, and monitoring and evaluation plans that reflect international best practices relating to transparency, accountability, and global health security;
- 23 (2) support and be aligned with country-owned 24 global health security policy and investment plans

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- developed with input from key stakeholders, as appropriate;
- (3) facilitate communication and collaboration,
 as appropriate, among local stakeholders in support
 of a multi-sectoral approach to global health security;
 - (4) support the long-term success of programs by building the capacity of local organizations and institutions in target countries and communities;
 - (5) develop community resilience to infectious disease threats and emergencies;
 - (6) leverage resources and expertise through partnerships with the private sector, health organizations, civil society, nongovernmental organizations, and health research and academic institutions; and
 - (7) support collaboration, as appropriate, between United States universities, and public and private institutions in target countries and communities to promote health security and innovation.
- 20 (b) Coordination.—The President, acting through
- 21 the United States Coordinator for Global Health Security,
- 22 shall coordinate, through a whole-of-government approach,
- 23 the efforts of relevant Federal departments and agencies
- 24 in the implementation of the strategy required under sub-
- 25 section (a) by—

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1	(1) establishing monitoring and evaluation sys-
2	tems, coherence, and coordination across relevant
3	Federal departments and agencies; and
4	(2) establishing platforms for regular consulta-
5	tion and collaboration with key stakeholders and the
6	appropriate congressional committees.
7	(c) Strategy Submission.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
9	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
10	President, in consultation with the head of each rel-
11	evant Federal department and agency, shall submit
12	to the appropriate congressional committees the
13	strategy required under subsection (a) that provides
14	a detailed description of how the United States in-
15	tends to advance the policy set forth in section 3 and
16	the agency-specific plans described in paragraph (2).
17	(2) AGENCY-SPECIFIC PLANS.—The strategy re-
18	quired under subsection (a) shall include specific im-
19	plementation plans from each relevant Federal de-
20	partment and agency that describes—

(A) the anticipated contributions of the department or agency, including technical, financial, and in-kind contributions, to implement the strategy; and

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1	(B) the efforts of the department or agen-
2	cy to ensure that the activities and programs
3	carried out pursuant to the strategy are de-
4	signed to achieve maximum impact and long-
5	term sustainability.
6	(d) Report.—
7	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
8	the date on which the strategy required under sub-
9	section (a) is submitted to the appropriate congres-
10	sional committees under subsection (c), and not later
11	than October 1 of each year thereafter, the Presi-
12	dent shall submit to the appropriate congressional
13	committees a report that describes the status of the
14	implementation of the strategy.
15	(2) Contents.—The report required under
16	paragraph (1) shall—
17	(A) identify any substantial changes made
18	in the strategy during the preceding calendar
19	year;
20	(B) describe the progress made in imple-
21	menting the strategy;
22	(C) identify the indicators used to establish
23	benchmarks and measure results over time, as
24	well as the mechanisms for reporting such re-

sults in an open and transparent manner;

- 1 (D) contain a transparent, open, and de-2 tailed accounting of expenditures by relevant 3 Federal departments and agencies to implement 4 the strategy, including, to the extent practicable, for each Federal department and agen-6 statutory source of expenditures, cy, 7 amounts expended, partners, targeted popu-8 lations, and types of activities supported;
 - (E) describe how the strategy leverages other United States global health and development assistance programs;
 - (F) assess efforts to coordinate United States global health security programs, activities, and initiatives with key stakeholders;
 - (G) incorporate a plan for regularly reviewing and updating strategies, partnerships, and programs and sharing lessons learned with a wide range of stakeholders, including key stakeholders, in an open, transparent manner; and
 - (H) describe the progress achieved and challenges concerning the United States Government's ability to advance the Global Health Security Agenda across priority countries, including data disaggregated by priority country using indicators that are consistent on a year-

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1	to-year basis and recommendations to resolve,
2	mitigate, or otherwise address the challenges
3	identified therein.
4	(e) FORM.—The strategy required under subsection
5	(a) and the report required under subsection (d) shall be
6	submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classi-
7	fied annex.
8	SEC. 8. COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOREIGN AID TRANS-
9	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF
10	2016.
11	Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and
12	Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22
13	U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended—
14	(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at
15	the end;
16	(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period
17	at the end and inserting "; and; and
18	(3) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(E) the Global Health Security Act of
20	2020.''.
21	SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS.
22	In this Act:
23	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
24	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
25	mittees" means—

1	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
2	the Committee on Appropriations of the House
3	of Representatives; and
4	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
5	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
6	Senate.
7	(2) GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY.—The term
8	"global health security" means activities supporting
9	epidemic and pandemic preparedness and capabili-
10	ties at the country and global levels in order to mini-
11	mize vulnerability to acute public health events that
12	can endanger the health of populations across geo-
13	graphical regions and international boundaries.
14	SEC. 10. SUNSET.
15	This Act, and the amendments made by this Act,
16	(other than section 5) shall cease to be effective on Decem-
17	ber 31, 2024.
	Passed the House of Representatives September 22,
	2020

2020.

Attest:

Clerk.

¹¹⁶TH CONGRESS H. R. 2166

AN ACT

To authorize a comprehensive, strategic approach for United States foreign assistance to developing countries to strengthen global health security, and for other purposes.