AUTHENTICATED U.S. COVERNMENT INFORMATION GPO

^{115TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 1997

AN ACT

- To encourage United States-Ukraine cybersecurity cooperation and require a report regarding such cooperation, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Ukraine Cybersecurity3 Cooperation Act of 2017".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) The United States established diplomatic
7 relations with Ukraine in 1992, following Ukraine's
8 independence from the Soviet Union.

9 (2) The United States attaches great impor-10 tance to the success of Ukraine's transition to a 11 modern democratic country with a flourishing mar-12 ket economy.

13 (3) In an effort to undermine democracy in
14 Ukraine, hackers targeted the country's voting infra15 structure just days before its 2014 presidential elec16 tion.

17 (4) In December 2015, a malicious cyber intru18 sion into Ukrainian electric utility companies re19 sulted in widespread power outages.

(5) As a result of the December 2015 cyber incident, the United States sent an interagency team
to Ukraine, including representatives from the Department of Energy, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the North American Electric Reliability
Corporation, to help with the investigation and to
assess the vulnerability of Ukraine's infrastructure

to cyber intrusion. The visit was followed up by an other interagency delegation to Ukraine in March
 2016 and a May 2016 United States-Ukrainian ta bletop exercise on mitigating attacks against
 Ukraine's infrastructure.

6 (6) In response to an escalating series of cyber 7 attacks on the country's critical infrastructure—in-8 cluding its national railway system, its major stock 9 exchanges, and its busiest airport—President Petro 10 Poroshenko declared that "Cyberspace has turned 11 into another battlefield for state independence.".

12 (7) In May 2017, Ukraine cited activities on
13 Russian social media platforms, including pro-Rus14 sian propaganda and offensive cyber operations, as
15 threats to Ukrainian national security.

16 (8) Following the June 2017 Petya malware 17 event—a global cyber incident that primarily af-18 fected Ukraine—the Secretary General of the North 19 Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) said "the cyber attacks we have seen * * * very much high-20 21 light the importance of the support, the help NATO provides * * * gives * * * or provides to Ukraine 22 23 to strengthen its cyber defenses, technical and other 24 kinds of support. We will continue to do that and it's an important part of our cooperation with
 Ukraine.".

3 (9) In September 2017, the United States and 4 Ukraine conducted the first United States-Ukraine 5 Bilateral Cyber Dialogue in Kyiv, during which both 6 sides affirmed their commitment to an internet that 7 is open, interoperable, reliable, and secure, and the 8 United States announced \$5 million in new cyber as-9 sistance to strengthen Ukraine's ability to prevent, 10 mitigate, and respond to cyber attacks.

11 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

12 It is the policy of the United States to—

(1) reaffirm the United States-Ukraine Charter
on Strategic Partnership, which highlights the importance of the bilateral relationship and outlines
enhanced cooperation in the areas of defense, security, economics and trade, energy security, democracy, and cultural exchanges;

19 (2) support continued cooperation between20 NATO and Ukraine;

21 (3) support Ukraine's political and economic re22 forms;

23 (4) reaffirm the commitment of the United
24 States to the Budapest Memorandum on Security
25 Assurances;

(5) assist Ukraine's efforts to enhance its cy bersecurity capabilities; and

3 (6) improve Ukraine's ability to respond to
4 Russian-supported disinformation and propaganda
5 efforts in cyberspace, including through social media
6 and other outlets.

7 SEC. 4. UNITED STATES CYBERSECURITY COOPERATION 8 WITH UKRAINE.

9 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-10 gress that the Secretary of State should take the following 11 actions, commensurate with United States interests, to as-12 sist Ukraine to improve its cybersecurity:

(1) Provide Ukraine such support as may be
necessary to secure government computer networks
from malicious cyber intrusions, particularly such
networks that defend the critical infrastructure of
Ukraine.

18 (2) Provide Ukraine support in reducing reli19 ance on Russian information and communications
20 technology.

(3) Assist Ukraine to build its capacity, expand
cybersecurity information sharing, and cooperate on
international cyberspace efforts.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the dateof the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall

submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House
 of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Rela tions of the Senate a report on United States cybersecu rity cooperation with Ukraine. Such report shall also in clude information relating to the following:

6 (1) United States efforts to strengthen 7 Ukraine's ability to prevent, mitigate, and respond 8 to cyber incidents, including through training, edu-9 cation, technical assistance, capacity building, and 10 cybersecurity risk management strategies.

(2) The potential for new areas of collaboration
and mutual assistance between the United States
and Ukraine in addressing shared cyber challenges,
including cybercrime, critical infrastructure protection, and resilience against botnets and other automated, distributed threats.

17 (3) NATO's efforts to help Ukraine develop18 technical capabilities to counter cyber threats.

Passed the House of Representatives February 7, 2018.

Attest:

Clerk.

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