# As Passed by the House

## **132nd General Assembly**

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Sub. H. B. No. 38

### Representative Greenspan

Cosponsors: Representatives Anielski, Barnes, Goodman, Keller, Kick, Lipps, Patton, Perales, Riedel, Retherford, Sprague, Thompson, Wiggam, Young, Manning, Rezabek, Arndt, Brenner, Butler, Carfagna, Dever, Duffey, Edwards, Faber, Gavarone, Ginter, Hambley, Householder, Hughes, Johnson, Koehler, Landis, Lanese, LaTourette, O'Brien, Romanchuk, Ryan, Schaffer, Schuring, Smith, R., Stein

#### A BILL

То	amend sections 2903.01, 2903.11, and 2923.02 of	1
	the Revised Code to provide that purposely	2
	causing the death of a first responder or	3
	military member is aggravated murder and to	4
	require an offender to serve a mandatory prison	5
	term for certain types of felonious assault or	6
	attempted aggravated murder when the victim is a	7
	first responder or military member.	8

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2903.01, 2903.11, and 2923.02 of	9
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	10
Sec. 2903.01. (A) No person shall purposely, and with	11
prior calculation and design, cause the death of another or the	12
unlawful termination of another's pregnancy.	13
(B) No person shall purposely cause the death of another	14

or the unlawful termination of another's pregnancy while	15
committing or attempting to commit, or while fleeing immediately	16
after committing or attempting to commit, kidnapping, rape,	17
aggravated arson, arson, aggravated robbery, robbery, aggravated	18
burglary, burglary, trespass in a habitation when a person is	19
present or likely to be present, terrorism, or escape.	20
(C) No person shall purposely cause the death of another	21
who is under thirteen years of age at the time of the commission	22
of the offense.	23
(D) No person who is under detention as a result of having	24
been found guilty of or having pleaded guilty to a felony or who	25
breaks that detention shall purposely cause the death of	26
another.	27
(E) No person shall purposely cause the death of a law	28
enforcement officer whom the offender knows or has reasonable	29
cause to know is a law enforcement officer when either of the	30
following applies:	31
(1) The victim, at the time of the commission of the	32
offense, is engaged in the victim's duties.	33
(2) It is the offender's specific purpose to kill a law	34
enforcement officer.	35
(F) No person shall purposely cause the death of a first	36
responder or military member whom the offender knows or has	37
reasonable cause to know is a first responder or military member	38
when it is the offender's specific purpose to kill a first	39
responder or military member.	40
(G) Whoever violates this section is guilty of aggravated	41
murder, and shall be punished as provided in section 2929.02 of	42
the Revised Code.	43

(G) (H) As used in this section:	44
(1) "Detention" has the same meaning as in section 2921.01	45
of the Revised Code.	46
(2) "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as in	47
section 2911.01 of the Revised Code and also includes any	48
federal law enforcement officer as defined in section 2921.51 of	49
the Revised Code and anyone who has previously served as a law	50
enforcement officer or federal law enforcement officer.	51
(3) "First responder" means an emergency medical service	52
provider, a firefighter, or any other emergency response	53
personnel, or anyone who has previously served as a first	54
responder.	55
(4) "Military member" means a member of the armed forces	56
of the United States, reserves, or Ohio national guard, a	57
participant in ROTC, JROTC, or any similar military training	58
program, or anyone who has previously served in the military.	59
Sec. 2903.11. (A) No person shall knowingly do either of	60
the following:	61
(1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another's	62
unborn;	63
(2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or	64
to another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous	65
ordnance.	66
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	67
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	68
immunodeficiency syndrome, shall knowingly do any of the	69
following:	70
(1) Engage in sexual conduct with another person without	71

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disclosing that knowledge to the other person prior to engaging	72
in the sexual conduct;	73
(2) Engage in sexual conduct with a person whom the	74
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe lacks the	75
mental capacity to appreciate the significance of the knowledge	76
that the offender has tested positive as a carrier of a virus	77
that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;	78
(3) Engage in sexual conduct with a person under eighteen	79
years of age who is not the spouse of the offender.	80
(C) The prosecution of a person under this section does	81
not preclude prosecution of that person under section 2907.02 of	82
the Revised Code.	83
	0.4
(D)(1)(a) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	84
felonious assault. Except as otherwise provided in this division	85
or division (D)(1)(b), (c), or (d) of this section, felonious	86
assault is a felony of the second degree. If the victim of a	87
violation of division (A) of this section is a peace officer or	88
an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	89
investigation, felonious assault is a felony of the first	90
degree.	91
(b) Regardless of whether the felonious assault is a	92
felony of the first or second degree under division (D)(1)(a) of	93
this section, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads	94
guilty to a specification as described in section 2941.1423 of	95
the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in	96
the indictment, or information charging the offense, except as	97
otherwise provided in this division or unless a longer prison	98
term is required under any other provision of law, the court	99

shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term as

provided in division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	101
Code. If the victim of the offense is a peace officer or an	102
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	103
investigation, and if the victim suffered serious physical harm	104
as a result of the commission of the offense, felonious assault	105
is a felony of the first degree, and the court, pursuant to	106
division (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall	107
impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms	108
prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	109
(c) If the victim of a violation of division (A) of this	110
section is a first responder or military member and the victim	111
was specifically targeted for being a first responder or	112
military member, felonious assault is a felony of the first	113
degree.	114
(d) If the victim of a violation of division (A) of this	115
section is a first responder or military member, the victim was	116
specifically targeted for being a first responder or military	117
member, and the victim suffered serious physical harm as a	118
result of the commission of the offense, felonious assault is a	119
felony of the first degree, and the court, pursuant to division	120
(F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall impose as a	121
mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	122
felony of the first degree.	123
(2) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to	124
division (D)(1) of this section for felonious assault committed	125
in violation of division (A)(2) of this section, if the deadly	126
weapon used in the commission of the violation is a motor	127
vehicle, the court shall impose upon the offender a class two	128
suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial	129
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	130

license, or nonresident operating privilege as specified in	131
division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	132
(E) As used in this section:	133
(1) "Deadly weapon" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same	134
meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.	135
(2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section	136
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	137
(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	138
2935.01 of the Revised Code and also includes any federal law	139
enforcement officer as defined in section 2921.51 of the Revised	140
Code and anyone who has previously served as a peace officer or	141
federal law enforcement officer.	142
(4) "Sexual conduct" has the same meaning as in section	143
2907.01 of the Revised Code, except that, as used in this	144
section, it does not include the insertion of an instrument,	145
apparatus, or other object that is not a part of the body into	146
the vaginal or anal opening of another, unless the offender knew	147
at the time of the insertion that the instrument, apparatus, or	148
other object carried the offender's bodily fluid.	149
(5) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	150
and investigation" means an investigator of the bureau of	151
criminal identification and investigation who is commissioned by	152
the superintendent of the bureau as a special agent for the	153
purpose of assisting law enforcement officers or providing	154
emergency assistance to peace officers pursuant to authority	155
granted under section 109.541 of the Revised Code.	156
(6) "Investigator" has the same meaning as in section	157
109.541 of the Revised Code.	158

(7) "First responder" has the same meaning as in section	159
2903.01 of the Revised Code.	160
(8) "Military member" has the same meaning as in section	161
2903.01 of the Revised Code.	162
Sec. 2923.02. (A) No person, purposely or knowingly, and	163
when purpose or knowledge is sufficient culpability for the	164
commission of an offense, shall engage in conduct that, if	165
successful, would constitute or result in the offense.	166
(B) It is no defense to a charge under this section that,	167
in retrospect, commission of the offense that was the object of	168
the attempt was either factually or legally impossible under the	169
attendant circumstances, if that offense could have been	170
committed had the attendant circumstances been as the actor	171
believed them to be.	172
(C) No person who is convicted of committing a specific	173
offense, of complicity in the commission of an offense, or of	174
conspiracy to commit an offense shall be convicted of an attempt	175
to commit the same offense in violation of this section.	176
(D) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this	177
section that the actor abandoned the actor's effort to commit	178
the offense or otherwise prevented its commission, under	179
circumstances manifesting a complete and voluntary renunciation	180
of the actor's criminal purpose.	181
(E)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of an	182
attempt to commit an offense. An attempt to commit aggravated	183
murder, murder, or an offense for which the maximum penalty is	184
imprisonment for life is a felony of the first degree. An	185
attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the penalty is	186
determined by the amount or number of unit doses of the	187

controlled substance involved in the drug abuse offense is an	188
offense of the same degree as the drug abuse offense attempted	189
would be if that drug abuse offense had been committed and had	190
involved an amount or number of unit doses of the controlled	191
substance that is within the next lower range of controlled	192
substance amounts than was involved in the attempt. An attempt	193
to commit any other offense is an offense of the next lesser	194
degree than the offense attempted. In the case of an attempt to	195
commit an offense other than a violation of Chapter 3734. of the	196
Revised Code that is not specifically classified, an attempt is	197
a misdemeanor of the first degree if the offense attempted is a	198
felony, and a misdemeanor of the fourth degree if the offense	199
attempted is a misdemeanor. In the case of an attempt to commit	200
a violation of any provision of Chapter 3734. of the Revised	201
Code, other than section 3734.18 of the Revised Code, that	202
relates to hazardous wastes, an attempt is a felony punishable	203
by a fine of not more than twenty-five thousand dollars or	204
imprisonment for not more than eighteen months, or both. An	205
attempt to commit a minor misdemeanor, or to engage in	206
conspiracy, is not an offense under this section.	207

- (2) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted rape and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code, the offender shall be sentenced to a prison term or term of life imprisonment pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.
- (3) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to division (E)(1) of this section for an attempt to commit aggravated murder or murder in violation of division (A) of this section, if the offender used a motor vehicle as the means to attempt to commit the offense, the court shall impose upon the

offender a class two suspension of the offender's driver's	219
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	220
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	221
as specified in division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the	222
Revised Code.	223
(4) If a person is convicted of or found guilty of an	224
attempt to commit aggravated murder of the type described in	225
division (E) or (F) of section 2903.01 of the Revised Code, the	226
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison	227
terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	228
(F) As used in this section:	229
(1) "Drug abuse offense" has the same meaning as in	230
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	231
(2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section	232
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	233
Section 2. That existing sections 2903.01, 2903.11, and	234
2923.02 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	235
Section 3. Section 2923.02 of the Revised Code is	236
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	237
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 461 and Am. Sub. S.B. 260 of the 126th	238
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	239
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	240
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	241
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	242
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	243
effective date of the section as presented in this act	244