## 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2807

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To amend title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require institutions of higher education that participate in programs under such title to distribute voter registration forms to students enrolled at the institution, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### May 16, 2019

Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHI (for himself, Mr. SWALWELL of California, Mr. POCAN, Mr. WELCH, Ms. MOORE, and Ms. ESHOO) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

# A BILL

- To amend title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require institutions of higher education that participate in programs under such title to distribute voter registration forms to students enrolled at the institution, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Help Students Vote5 Act".

#### 1 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that political participation
and civic engagement are fundamental to the health of
American democracy, and that all citizens should be encouraged to vote, regardless of party affiliation.

#### 6 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) According to the National Center for Edu-9 cation Statistics, undergraduate enrollment is pro-10 jected to increase from 17,000,000 to 19,300,000 11 students between 2015 and 2026, and nearly 12 3,000,000 undergraduate and graduate students 13 today enroll in exclusively online education.

14 (2) According to the Pew Research Center, peo15 ple between the ages of 18 and 35 comprise roughly
16 31 percent of the overall electorate.

17 (3) In 2014, young adults (ages 18 to 29) made
18 up about 21 percent of the voting eligible population
19 but only 17 percent of this populations cast a ballot
20 in the 2014 election.

(4) Just 42 percent of 18–24 year olds said
they were registered to vote in 2014, which was the
lowest rate in 40 years.

24 (5) In 2008, 21 percent of young adults (ages
25 18 to 29) said they weren't registered to vote be-

cause they missed the registration deadline. Six per cent said they didn't know where or how to register.

#### **3** SEC. 4. DISTRIBUTING VOTER REGISTRATION FORMS.

4 Section 487(a)(23) of the Higher Education Act of
5 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094(a)(23)) is amended to read as fol6 lows:

"(23)(A) The institution will make a good faith 7 8 effort to distribute voter registration forms to each 9 student, and to make such forms widely available to 10 students at the institution. In this paragraph, the 11 term 'student' means an individual who is enrolled 12 at the institution as an undergraduate or graduate 13 student on a full-time or part-time basis, including 14 an individual who is solely enrolled in an online 15 course.

16 "(B) The institution shall be considered in com17 pliance with the good faith requirements of subpara18 graph (A)—

"(i) if, with respect to each student enrolled and physically in attendance at the institution, the institution—

22 "(I)(aa) distributes voter registration
23 forms not less than twice in a calendar
24 year, and distributes such voter registra25 tion forms not less than 30 days in ad-

1	vance of the deadline for registering to
2	vote within the State for the next sched-
3	uled Federal or State primary election and
4	not less than 30 days in advance of the
5	deadline for registering to vote within the
6	State for the next scheduled Federal or
7	State general election; or
8	"(bb) electronically transmits a mes-
9	sage containing a voter registration form
10	(or the message contains an Internet ad-
11	dress where such a form can be down-
12	loaded) acceptable for use in the State in
13	which the institution is located to each
14	such student, and such electronic message
15	is devoted exclusively to voter registration,
16	not less than twice in a calendar year, and
17	transmits such a message not less than 30
18	days in advance of the deadline for reg-
19	istering to vote within the State for the
20	next scheduled Federal or State primary
21	election and not less than 30 days in ad-
22	vance of the deadline for registering to
23	vote within the State for the next sched-
24	uled Federal or State general election;

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1	"(II) makes available information re-
2	garding State registration deadlines, resi-
3	dency requirements, voter identification,
4	and absentee voting, as applicable; and
5	"(III) ensures that an appropriate
6	staff person or office has been designated
7	as a 'Campus Vote Coordinator' to ensure
8	compliance in accordance with this clause
9	at the institution and who shall—
10	"(aa) be publicly designated as
11	the 'Campus Vote Coordinator', along
12	with the Coordinator's contact infor-
13	mation, on the institution's website;
14	and
15	"(bb) upon request, provide to
16	students residency requirements for
17	voting, including the ability of out of
18	State students to vote in the State in
19	which they are enrolled and physically
20	in attendance, in accordance with ap-
21	plicable State law; and
22	"(ii) if, with respect to each student en-
23	rolled exclusively in distance education or cor-
24	respondence programs and who is not physically

1	in attendance at the institution, the institu-
2	tion—
3	"(I) transmits a message of referral
4	to a centralized voter registration website
5	or platform that provides applicable voter
6	registration forms and information to po-
7	tential voters in all States, provided that
8	such platform is hosted by a government
9	affiliated website; and
10	"(II) transmits such message not less
11	than twice in a calendar year.
12	"(C) The institution may also include voter reg-
13	istration forms within materials or information dis-
14	tributed to newly enrolled, or returning, students at
15	the beginning of a term, consistent with the require-
16	ments of subparagraph (B).".
17	SEC. 5. GRANTS AUTHORIZED.
18	The Secretary of Education shall award grants to in-
19	stitutions of higher education that greatly exceed the min-
20	imum requirements under section 487(a)(23) of the High-
21	er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. $1094(a)(23)$ ), in-
22	cluding as demonstrated by—

23 (1) sponsoring large on campus voter mobiliza-24 tion efforts;

1 (2) engaging the surrounding community in 2 nonpartisan voter registration and get out the vote 3 efforts; 4 (3) creating a website with centralized informa-5 tion about voter registration and election dates; 6 (4) inviting candidates to speak on campus; and 7 (5) offering rides to the polls to increase voter 8 education, registration, and mobilization. 9 **SEC. 6. ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.** 10 (a) CORRECTIVE ACTION.— 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Education 12 shall submit a written warning to an institution of 13 higher education that violates a requirement of sec-14 tion 487(a)(23) of the Higher Education Act of 15 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094(a)(23)) that includes a direc-16 tion to correct the violation not later than 60 days 17 after the date the warning was received. 18 (2) ACTIONS AUTHORIZED.—If an institution of 19 higher education does not correct a violation in ac-20 cordance with a direction from the Secretary of Edu-21 cation as described in paragraph (1), the Attorney 22 General of the United States may authorize the ap-23 propriate State law enforcement officer or the chief 24 elections official of a State to commence a civil ac-

tion in accordance with subsection (b).

8

(b) CIVIL ACTIONS.—
(b) CIVIL ACTIONS.—

2	(1) IN GENERAL.—A State law enforcement of-
3	ficer or chief elections official of a State may com-
4	mence a civil action in accordance with subsection
5	(a) in the appropriate district court of the United
6	States against the institution that engages in a pat-
7	tern or practice of violating section $487(a)(23)$ of
8	the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
9	1094(a)(23)).
10	(2) Relief.—In a civil action commenced
11	under paragraph (1), the court may—
12	(A) grant any appropriate equitable or de-
13	claratory relief with respect to the violation of
14	section $487(a)(23)$ of the Higher Education Act
15	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094(a)(23));
16	(B) award all other appropriate relief to
17	any person or group aggrieved by the violation;
18	(C) to vindicate the public interest, assess
19	a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding the
20	amount listed in section $487(c)(3)(B)$ of the
21	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
22	1094(c)(3)(B)) for any violation; and
23	(D) take into account the number of days
24	in which the infraction occurred.

1 (3) INTERVENTION.—Upon timely application, 2 person aggrieved by a violation of section a 487(a)(23) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20) 3 4 U.S.C. 1094(a)(23)) with respect to which a civil ac-5 tion is commenced under this subsection may inter-6 vene in such action, and may obtain such appro-7 priate relief as the person could obtain in a civil ac-8 tion under subsection (c) with respect to such viola-9 tion, along with costs and reasonable attorneys fees. 10 (c) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Any person or group ag-12 grieved by a violation of section 487(a)(23) of the 13 Education Act of 1965 Higher (20)U.S.C. 14 1094(a)(23)) may commence a civil action in any 15 appropriate district court of the United States 16 against the institution that engages in such viola-17 tion.

18 (2) RELIEF.—In a civil action commenced
19 under paragraph (1), the court may—

20 (A) grant any appropriate equitable or de21 claratory relief with respect to the violation of
22 section 487(a)(23) of the Higher Education Act
23 of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094(a)(23));

24 (B) award any other appropriate relief to25 the person or group aggrieved by the violation,

1	including the costs of the action, such as rea-
2	sonable attorneys' fees;
3	(C) to vindicate the public interest, assess
4	a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding the
5	amount listed in section $487(c)(3)(B)$ of the
6	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
7	1094(c)(3)(B)) for any violation; and
8	(D) take into account the number of days
9	in which the infraction occurred.
10	(3) REPORTING.—Not later than 60 days be-
11	fore the date a person or group aggrieved by a viola-
12	tion of section 487(a)(23) of the Higher Education
13	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094(a)(23)) commences a
14	civil action under paragraph (1), the person or
15	group shall report the violation to the Department
16	of Education, a Federal or State law enforcement
17	agency, and the institution purported to have com-
18	mitted the violation via an affidavit detailing the al-
19	leged violation.
20	(d) PRESERVATION OF REMEDIES.—Nothing in this
21	section shall be construed to preclude or limit any remedy
22	otherwise available under other law, including consequen-
23	tial and punitive damages.