As Introduced

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 18

Representatives Vitale, Crawley

Cosponsors: Representatives Antani, Becker, Boggs, DeVitis, Hambley, Hicks-Hudson, Hood, Jones, Jordan, Keller, Lang, Manning, G., Miller, A., Miller, J., Perales, Riedel, Russo, Upchurch, Weinstein, Zeltwanger

A BILL

То	amend section 5747.01 of the Revised Code to	1
	exempt from the income tax disability severance	2
	payments received by honorably discharged	3
	veterans.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 5747.01 of the Revised Code be	5
amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	7
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	8
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	9
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	10
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	11
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	12
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	13
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	14
United States relating to federal income taxes.	15
As used in this chapter:	16

(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	17
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	18
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	19
section:	20
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	21
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	22
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	23
authorities.	24
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	25
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	26
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	27
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	28
state income taxes.	29
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	30
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	31
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	32
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	33
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	34
under the laws of the United States.	35
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	36
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	37
(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security	38
Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent	39
included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of	40
the Internal Revenue Code.	41
(6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a	42
trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in	43
section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the	44
beneficiary's taxable years beginning before 2002, the portion,	45

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if any, of such distribution that does not exceed the	46
undistributed net income of the trust for the three taxable	47
years preceding the taxable year in which the distribution is	48
made to the extent that the portion was not included in the	49
trust's taxable income for any of the trust's taxable years	50
beginning in 2002 or thereafter. "Undistributed net income of a	51
trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased by (a)(i)	52
the additions to adjusted gross income required under division	53
(A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions allowed to	54
the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue	55
Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the deductions to adjusted gross	56
income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the	57
amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and	58
(iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the	59
adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior	60
accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included	61
in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the	62
undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the	63
earliest years of the accumulation period.	64

(7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been
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allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross
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income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit
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allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the
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Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.
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- (8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted gross income.
 - (9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the

sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to	76
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been	77
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.	78
(10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section	79

(10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section 5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.

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- (11) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 83 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 84 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 85 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 86 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 87 spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 88 under division (A)(11) of this section shall be allowed either 89 to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized 90 health plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the 91 taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 92 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 93 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 94 9.5 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan 96 for which the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The 97 deduction allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section 98 shall be the net of any related premium refunds, related premium 99 reimbursements, or related insurance premium dividends received 100 during the taxable year. 101
- (b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 102 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income 103 during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the 104 taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, 105

for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and	106
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	107
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	108
(c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	109
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any	110
amount included in federal adjusted gross income under section	111
105 or not excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue	112
Code solely because it relates to an accident and health plan	113
for a person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and	114
thus a "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue	115
Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income	116
and support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of	117
the Internal Revenue Code.	118
(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section,	119
"medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the	120
Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules,	121
limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified	122
long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c)	123
of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions	124
(A)(11)(a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a	125
person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a	126
"dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but	127
for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and	128
support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the	129
Internal Revenue Code.	130
(12)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	131
gross income solely because the amount represents a	132
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	133
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	134
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	135

States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	136
otherwise allowed under division (A)(12)(a) of this section	137
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	138
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	139
taxable year.	140
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	141
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	142
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	143
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	144
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	145
(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	146
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	147
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	148
meets both of the following requirements:	149
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	150
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	151
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	152
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	153
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	154
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	155
(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	156
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	157
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	158
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(14) of this section	159
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	160
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	161
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	162
(15)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	163
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	164

investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	165
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	166
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	167
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	168
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	169
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	170
Code during the taxable year.	171
(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	172
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that such	173
amount satisfies either of the following:	174
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	175
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	176
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	177
the Internal Revenue Code;	178
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	179
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	180
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	181
(17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	182
individual development account program established by a county	183
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	184
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	185
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	186
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	187
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	188
amount deducted under division (A)(17) of this section.	189
(18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any	190
taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer	191
is married and files a joint return and the combined federal	192
adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse	193

for the taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand	194
dollars, or if the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted	195
gross income for the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand	196
dollars, deduct amounts paid during the taxable year for	197
qualified tuition and fees paid to an eligible institution for	198
the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the	199
taxpayer, who is a resident of this state and is enrolled in or	200
attending a program that culminates in a degree or diploma at an	201
eligible institution. The deduction may be claimed only to the	202
extent that qualified tuition and fees are not otherwise	203
deducted or excluded for any taxable year from federal or Ohio	204
adjusted gross income. The deduction may not be claimed for	205
educational expenses for which the taxpayer claims a credit	206
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code.	207
(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable	208
year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A)(18)	209
of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the	210
amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.	211
(20)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and	212
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	213
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	214
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	215
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	216
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	217
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	218
ownership interest.	219
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	220
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	221
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	222

proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying

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section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	224
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	225
interest.	226
(iii) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section,	227
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	228
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	229
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	230
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	231
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	232
the purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	233
(iv) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section,	234
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	235
not required to add an amount under division (A)(20) of this	236
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	237
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	238
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	239
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	240
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	241
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	242
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	243
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	244
any such pass-through entities.	245
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	246
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	247
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	248
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	249
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	250
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	251
the purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	252
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	253

commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	254
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	255
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	256
(b) Nothing in division (A)(20) of this section shall be	257
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	258
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	259
(20)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	260
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	261
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	262
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	263
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	264
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	265
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	266
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	267
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	268
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this	269
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	270
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	271
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	272
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	273
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	274
depreciation expense amount.	275
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this	276
section:	277
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	278
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	279
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	280
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	281
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	282

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during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	283
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	284
immediately preceding taxable year.	285
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	286
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	287
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	288
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	289
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	290
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	291
section existed on December 31, 2002.	292
(21)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	293
under division (A)(20)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	294
deduct one of the following:	295
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	296
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	297
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	298
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	299
Revenue Code;	300
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	301
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	302
of such depreciation expense;	303
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	304
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	305
depreciation expense was so added.	306
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(21)(a) of	307
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	308
division (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	309
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	310
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	311

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year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	312
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	313
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	314
(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(21)(a) of	315
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	316
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	317
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	318
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	319
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	320
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	321
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	322
year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	323
under division (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable	324
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	325
until the entire addition required by division (A)(20)(a) of	326
this section has been deducted.	327
(d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments	328
made by division (A)(21) of this section.	329
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	330
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	331
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	332
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	333
section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.	334
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	335
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	336
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	337
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	338
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	339
(24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	340

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gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	341
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	342
the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	343
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	344
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	345
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	346
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	347
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	348
state.	349
(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	350
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	351
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	352
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	353
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	354
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	355
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	356
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	357
For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:	358
(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	359
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	360
human bone marrow.	361
(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel	362
expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a	363
taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while	364
living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another	365
human being.	366
(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	367
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	368

the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired

personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve	370
components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the	371
surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the	372
survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If	373
the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	374
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	375
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	376
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	377
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	378
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	379
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	380
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	381
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	382
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	383
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	384
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	385
Any amount deducted under division (A)(26) of this section is	386
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	387
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	388
be deducted under division (A)(26) of this section on the basis	389
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	390
Revised Code.	391

(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

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(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of
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veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	401
Ohio Constitution.	402
(29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	403
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	404
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	405
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	406
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	407
(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	408
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	409
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	410
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	411
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	412
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	413
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	414
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	415
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	416
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	417
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	418
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	419
(31)(a) For taxable years beginning in 2015, deduct from	420
the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income that is	421
business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	422
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	423
the taxable year, the lesser of the following amounts:	424
(i) Seventy-five per cent of the individual's business	425
income;	426
(ii) Ninety-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for	427
each spouse if spouses file separate returns under section	428
5747.08 of the Revised Code or one hundred eighty-seven thousand	429

five hundred dollars for all other individuals.	430
(b) For taxable years beginning in 2016 or thereafter,	431
deduct from the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income	432
that is business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	433
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income for the	434
taxable year, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each	435
spouse if spouses file separate returns under section 5747.08 of	436
the Revised Code or two hundred fifty thousand dollars for all	437
other individuals.	438
(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	439
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	440
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	441
(33)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	442
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	443
during the taxable year, all of the following:	444
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	445
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	446
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	447
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	448
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	449
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	450
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	451
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	452
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	453
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	454
employer;	455
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	456
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	457
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	458

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pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	459
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	460
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	461
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	462
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	463
(b) All terms used in division (A)(33) of this section	464
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	465
Code.	466
(34) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	467
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	468
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	469
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	470
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	471
the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.	472
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	473
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	474
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	475
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	476
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	477
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	478
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	479
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	480
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	481
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill.	482
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	483
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	484
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	485
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	486
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	487
awards.	488

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	489
an employee for personal services.	490
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	491
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	492
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	493
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	494
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	495
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	496
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	497
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	498
(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that	499
division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of	500
a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:	501
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	502
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	503
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	504
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	505
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	506
(I)(2) of this section.	507
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	508
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	509
resident only with respect to that part.	510
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	511
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	512
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	513
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	514
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	515

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that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	516
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	517
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	518
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	519
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	520
this section;	521
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	522
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	523
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	524
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	525
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	526
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	527
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	528
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	529
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	530
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	531
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	532
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	533
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	534
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	535
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	536
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	537
section.	538
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	539
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	540
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	541
Code.	542
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	543
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	544

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"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	545
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	546
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	547
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	548
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	549
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	550
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	551
Internal Revenue Code.	552
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	553
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	554
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	555
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	556
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	557
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	558
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	559
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	560
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	561
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	562
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	563
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	564
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	565
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	566
liabilities.	567
(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a	568
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	569
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	570
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	571
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	572
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	573

transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently

transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	575
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	576
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	577
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	578
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	579
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	580
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	581
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	582
trust's beneficiaries.	583
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	584
section:	585
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	586
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	587
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	588
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	589
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	590
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	591
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	592
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	593
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	594
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	595
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	596
trust's current taxable year.	597
(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	598
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	599
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	600
the transfer is described in any of the following:	601
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	602

decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was

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domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	604
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	605
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	606
of this chapter.	607
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	608
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	609
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	610
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	611
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	612
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	613
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	614
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	615
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	616
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	617
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	618
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	619
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	620
Code.	621
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	622
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	623
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	624
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	625
this chapter.	626
(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	627
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	628
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	629
5731. of the Revised Code.	630
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	631

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to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or

indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	633
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	634
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	635
state at the time of the individual's death.	636
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	637
part of a trust residing in this state.	638
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	639
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	640
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	641
taxable year.	642
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	643
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	644
(I) UDatuuru uraana tha matificationa and consute manifest	C 4 F
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	645
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	646
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	647
when so required.	648
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	649
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	650
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	651
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	652
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	653
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	654
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	655
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	656
(O) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the	657
Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal	658
income tax return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer	659
would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a	660
federal income tax return.	661
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(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	662
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	663
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	664
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	665
portion of the services are performed.	666
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	667
Code:	668
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	669
park district, or township.	670
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	671
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	672
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	673
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	674
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	675
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	676
tax.	677
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	678
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	679
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	680
follows:	681
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	682
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	683
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	684
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	685
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	686
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	687
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	688
(b) of this section:	689
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	690

an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	691
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	692
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	693
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	694
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	695
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	696
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	697
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	698
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	699
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	700
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	701
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	702
(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	703
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	704
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	705
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	706
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	707
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	708
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	709
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	710
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	711
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	712
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	713
section;	714
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	715
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	716
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	717
the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under	718
sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in	719

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effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to	720
income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year	721
or to income of the S portion of an electing small business	722
trust for the taxable year;	723
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	724
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	725
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	726
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	727
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	728
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	729
year;	730
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	731
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	732
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	733
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	734
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	735
taxable year;	736
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	737
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	738
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	739
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	740
income;	741
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	742
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	743
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	744
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	745
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	746
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	747
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	748
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	749

under this section in any taxable year.	750
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	751
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	752
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	753
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	754
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	755
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	756
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	757
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	758
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	759
meets both of the following requirements:	760
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	761
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	762
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	763
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	764
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	765
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	766
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	767
or any other taxable year.	768
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	769
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that the	770
amount satisfies either of the following:	771
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	772
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	773
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	774
Internal Revenue Code;	775
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	776
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	777
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	778

(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	779
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	780
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	781
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	782
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	783
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	784
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	785
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	786
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	787
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	788
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	789
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	790
income.	791

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an electing small business trust, the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent that the trust has not distributed such farm income. Division (S)(12) of this section applies only to taxable years of a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter.

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- (13) Add the net amount of income described in section 798 641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is 799 not included in federal taxable income. 800
- (14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be
 required to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this
 section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in
 the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is
 computed under this section. In the case of a trust, division
 (S)(14) of this section applies only to any of the trust's
 taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter.
 - (T) "School district income" and "school district income

tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	809
Code.	810
(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)	811
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	812
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	813
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	814
bame meanings as in section 3703.70 of the nevisea coat.	011
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	815
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code	816
or under the laws of any other state.	817
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	818
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	819
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	820
pass-through entity.	821
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	822
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	823
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	824
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	825
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	826
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	827
(AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or	828
state institution of higher education as defined in section	829
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college,	830
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this	831
state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by	832
the chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of	833
the Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the	834
state board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332.	835
of the Revised Code.	836

(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees	837
imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment	838
or attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars	839
in each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary	840
education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified	841
tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the	842
academic equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary	843
education during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding	844
a total of five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees"	845
does not include:	846
(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports,	847
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the	848
individual's degree or diploma program;	849
individual 5 degree of diploma program,	0.13
(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity	850
fees, athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses	851
unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;	852
(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed	853
through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other	854
educational benefit program.	855
(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	856
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	857
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	858
if any.	859
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	860
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	861
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	862
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	863
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	864
satisfied:	865

(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	866
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	867
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	868
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	869
loss, is available to the trust.	870
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	871
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	872
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	873
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	874
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	875
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	876
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	877
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	878
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	879
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	880
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	881
otherwise part of modified business income.	882
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	883
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4)	884
(a) to (c) of this section:	885
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	886
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	887
sum of the following amounts:	888
(i) The trust's modified business income;	889
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	890
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	891
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	892
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	893

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qualifying trust amount.

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	895
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	896
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	897
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	898
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	899
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	900
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	901
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	902
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	903
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	904
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	905
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	906
described in division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	907
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	908
investee.	909

(c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust thatis a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.

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(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 913 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 914 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 915 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 916 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 917 provided in division (BB)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With 918 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 919 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 920 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 921 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 922 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 923 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 924 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 925

allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	926
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	927
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	928
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	929
If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income	930
under divisions (BB) (4) (a) and (c) of this section do not fairly	931
represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this	932
	933
state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of	933
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner	
and to the same extent provided in that section.	935
(5)(a) Except as set forth in division (BB)(5)(b) of this	936
section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust	937
has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of	938
government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by	939
a trust. For the purposes of division (BB)(2)(a) of this section	940
and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in	941
division (BB)(4)(b) of this section, all of the following apply:	942
(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying	943
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's	944
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	945
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying	946
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled	947
group on such last day.	948
(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying	949
investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of	950
which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the	951
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	952
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	953

loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on

the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar

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year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	956
recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent	957
of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	958
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	959
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	960
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	961
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	962
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	963
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	964
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	965

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB) (5) (a) (iii) of this 966 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 967 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass- 968 through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 969 other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 971 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 972 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 973 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 974 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 975 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 976 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 977 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 978 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 979 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 980 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 981 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 982 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 983 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 984 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 985 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 986

not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	987
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	988
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	989
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	990
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	991
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	992
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	993
fiscal year. Nothing in division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	994
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	995
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	996
(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	997
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	998
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	999
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	1000
following apply:	1001
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	1002
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	1003
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	1004
obligations of, the C corporation.	1005
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1006
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1007
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1008
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1009
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1010
(CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1011
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1012
(DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1013
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1014

(EE) (1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section:

(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1016
qualifying corporation.	1017
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1018
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1019
corporation, except either of the following:	1020
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1021
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1022
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1023
the investor's taxable year;	1024
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1025
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1026
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1027
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1028
year.	1029
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1030
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1031
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1032
(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1033
Revised Code:	1034
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1035
trust.	1036
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1037
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1038
as described in division (FF)(3) of this section.	1039
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1040
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1041
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1042
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1043

controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1044
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1045
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1046
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1047
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1048
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1049
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1050
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1051
of the following requirements:	1052
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1053
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1054
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1055
trust; and	1056
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	1057
the trust was created.	1058
(GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1059
U.S.C. 101.	1060
(HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1061
an individual's business income that is included in federal	1062
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	1063
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(31) of	1064
this section for the taxable year.	1065
(II) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1066
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1067
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1068
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1069
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1070
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1071
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1072

protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1073
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1074
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1075
Section 2. That existing section 5747.01 of the Revised	1076
Code is hereby repealed.	1077
Section 3. The amendment by this act of section 5747.01 of	1078
the Revised Code applies to taxable years ending on or after the	1079
effective date of this section.	1080
Section 4. (A) All terms used in this section have the	1081
same meanings as in section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.	1082
(B) For taxable years ending in 2019 or 2020, a refundable	1083
credit is allowed against a taxpayer's aggregate tax liability	1084
under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code equal to the taxes	1085
paid by the taxpayer under that section on an amount received as	1086
a disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	1087
in any taxable year ending after January 17, 1991, but before	1088
the effective date of this section. The credit shall be claimed	1089
after all of the other credits listed in section 5747.98 of the	1090
Revised Code. If the amount of the credit exceeds the aggregate	1091
amount of tax otherwise due under section 5747.02 of the Revised	1092
Code after deduction of all other credits listed in that	1093
section, the taxpayer is entitled to a refund of the excess.	1094
(C) The taxes paid on a disability severance payment equal	1095
the taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under section 5747.02 of	1096
the Revised Code for the year in which the payment was received	1097
minus the amount the taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under	1098
that section would have been had the deduction authorized under	1099
division (A)(34) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as	1100
amended by this act, applied to that taxable year. The Tax	1101

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Commissioner shall provide information on the Department of	1102
Taxation's website instructing taxpayers how the amount shall be	1103
calculated.	1104
(D) A taxpayer claiming the credit authorized by this	1105
section shall submit, along with their return, documentation	1106
sufficient to prove they are entitled to the amount of credit	1107
claimed. No taxpayer may claim the credit authorized by this	1108
section more than once. For this purpose, correcting the amount	1109
of the credit as previously claimed does not constitute claiming	1110
the credit more than once.	1111