## GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Office of the Attorney General \* \* \*





January 16, 2019

The Honorable Phil Mendelson Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia John A. Wilson Building 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Suite 504 Washington, DC 20004

## Dear Chairman Mendelson:

I am writing to transmit the "Attorney General Civil Rights Enforcement Clarification Amendment Act of 2019" ("Bill") for consideration and enactment by the Council of the District of Columbia. The Bill would amend the Human Rights Act of 1977, (D.C. Law 2-38; D.C. Official Code§ 2-1401.01 et seq.), to:

- Authorize the Attorney General to bring civil actions under the *Human Rights Act* in the name of the District of Columbia;
- Clarify that, in a fair housing action, the aggrieved party may retain his or her own counsel at any time, and
- Clarify that the Attorney General may seek to withdraw from representing aggrieved party and continue representing only the District's interests if he or she believes that the District's and the aggrieved party's interest diverge.

These important updates will allow the Office of the Attorney General to work in coordination with the Office of Human Rights to directly litigate pattern and practice cases regarding violations of the Human Rights Act. The Office of the Attorney General looks forward to working with the Council and other stakeholders to ensure the District continues to update our laws to best protect the health, safety, and wellbeing of residents.

If you have any questions, you may contact me, or your staff may contact Deputy Attorney General James Pittman on (202) 724-6517.

Sincerely.

Karl A. Racine Attorney General

Chairman Phil Mendelson

at the request of the Attorney General

Act of 2019".

replacing it with "Attorney General".

Official Code § 1-204.35).".

A BILL

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

To amend the Human Rights Act of 1977 to clarify the role of the Attorney General in a civil action involving housing discrimination; authorize the Attorney General to enforce the act on behalf of the public interest; and make technical corrections.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. That this act may be cited as the "Attorney General Civil Rights Enforcement Clarification Amendment
- Sec. 2. The Human Rights Act of 1977, effective December 13, 1977 (D.C. Law 2-38:
- D.C. Official Code § 2-1401.01 et seq.), is amended as follows:
  - (a) Section 102 is amended by adding a new subsection (2-A) to read as follows:
- "(2-A) "Attorney General" means the Attorney General for the District of Columbia
  - provided for by section 201(b) of the Attorney General for the District of Columbia Clarification
- and Elected Term Amended Act of 2010, effective May 27, 2010 (D.C. Law 18-160; D.C.
  - (b) Section 305 (D.C. Official Code 2-1403.05) is amended as follows:
    - (1) Subsection (g) is amended by striking the phrase "Corporation Counsel" and

(2) New subsections (h), (i), and (j) are added to read as follows:

- "(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, at any time in a civil action pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, the aggrieved party may retain his or her own counsel and notify the Attorney General and the respondent(s) of the decision.
- "(i) Notwithstanding any other provision this chapter, if the Attorney General believes that the District of Columbia's interests and the aggrieved party's interests in a civil action pursuant to subsection (g) of this section diverge, the Attorney General may seek to withdraw from a civil case filed on behalf of the aggrieved party 30 days after notifying the aggrieved party of the Attorney General's intent to withdraw and to thereafter continue representing the District of Columbia's interests.
- "(j) The Attorney General shall not in any action brought pursuant to subsection (g) of this section be awarded an amount already recovered, however a private party's settlement shall not preclude the Attorney General from seeking additional available remedies under the act based on the same or similar conduct."
  - (c) Section 307 (D.C. Official Code § 2-1403.07) is amended to read as follows:

"If, at any time after a complaint has been filed, the Office believes that appropriate civil action to preserve the status quo or to prevent irreparable harm appears advisable, the Office shall certify the matter to the Attorney General, who shall bring, in the name of the District of Columbia, any action necessary to preserve such status quo or to prevent such harm, including the seeking of temporary restraining orders and preliminary injunctions. The appropriate parties shall be notified of such certification and the complainant may initiate independently, or in cooperation with the Attorney General, appropriate civil action to seek a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction.".

- (d) Section 315 (D.C. Official Code § 2-1403.15) is amended as follows:
- (1) Subsection (a) is amended by striking the phrase "Corporation Counsel" andreplacing it with "Attorney General".
  - (2) Subsection (b) is amended to read as follows:
  - "(b) The Attorney General shall institute, in the name of the District, civil proceedings including the seeking of such restraining orders and temporary or permanent injunctions, as are necessary to obtain complete compliance with the Commission's orders. In the event that successful civil proceedings do not result in securing such compliance, the Attorney General shall institute criminal action."
    - (e) A new section 318 is added to read as follows:

- "Sec. 318. Concurrent Authority of the Attorney General
  - "(a) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, if the Attorney

    General has any reason to believe that any person is violating the provisions of this act, including
    general discrimination unrelated to a specific person or instance, the Attorney General, in the
    name of the District of Columbia, may bring an action in the Superior Court of the District of

    Columbia.
  - "(b) The court may grant any relief it deems appropriate, including the restitution of money or property and the relief provided in sections 307 and 313(a). Any penalties recovered shall be deposited in the Litigation Support Fund as established by section 106b of the Attorney General for the District of Columbia Clarification and Elected Term Amendment Act of 2010, effective October 22, 2015 (D.C. Law 21-36; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.86b).
- "(c) In any action under this section, the Attorney General shall not be required to prove damages and the injunction shall be issued without bond.

- "(d) The Attorney General may intervene in a civil action filed pursuant to this act upon timely application if the Attorney General certifies that the case is of general public importance.

  In that action, the Attorney General shall be entitled to the same relief as if the Attorney General had instituted the action.
- "(e) Actions brought pursuant to this section are independent of any other actions, remedies, or procedures that may be available to an aggrieved party pursuant to any other law.
- "(f) In the course of an investigation to determine whether to seek relief under this section, the Attorney General may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, examine an individual under oath, and compel production of records, books, papers, contracts, and other documents, subject to the procedures in section 110a (d) and (e) of the Office of the Attorney General for the District Columbia Clarification and Elected Term Amendment Act of 2010, effective October 22, 2015 (D.C. Law 21-36; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.88d (d) and (e)). Information obtained under this section is not admissible in a later criminal proceeding against the person who provides the evidence.
- "(g) The Attorney General shall not in any action brought pursuant to this act be awarded an amount already recovered, however a private party's settlement of a case under the act shall not preclude the Attorney General from seeking additional remedies available under the act based on the same or similar conduct."
  - Sec. 3. Applicability; retroactivity.

In addition to all future conduct, this act shall apply to all conduct that occurred prior to the effective date of this act, provided it was violative of the Human Rights Act of 1977, effective December 13, 1977 (D.C. Law 2-38; D.C. Official Code § 2-1401.01 *et seq.*), at the time it was committed.

Sec. 4. Fiscal Impact Statement.

The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal impact statement required by section 4a of the General Legislative Procedures Act of 1975, approved October 16, 2006 (120 Stat. 2038; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.47a).

Sec. 5. Effective date.

This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 30-day period of congressional review as provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(1)), and publication in the District of Columbia Register.

## GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Office of the Attorney General



**Legal Counsel Division** 

## **MEMORANDUM**

TO:

James Pittman

Deputy Attorney General for Legislative & Intergovernmental Affairs

Office of the Attorney General

FROM:

Janet M. Robins

Deputy Attorney General Legal Counsel Division

DATE:

January 11, 2019

**SUBJECT:** 

Legal Sufficiency Review of the "Attorney General Civil Rights Enforcement

Clarification Amendment Act of 2019"

(AE-18-429B)

ant the Salumi

This is to Certify that this Office has reviewed the abovereferenced legislation and that we have found it to be legally sufficient. If you have any questions in this regard, please do not hesitate to call me at 724-5524.

Janet M. Robins