

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3123

To award a Congressional gold medal, collectively, to the First Rhode Island Regiment, in recognition of their dedicated service during the Revolutionary War.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 29, 2017

Mr. Cicilline (for himself, Ms. Adams, Mr. Beyer, Mr. Bishop of Georgia, Mr. Butterfield, Ms. Clarke of New York, Mr. Costa, Mrs. Dingell, Ms. Jackson Lee, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mr. Jones, Mr. Langevin, Mr. Sean Patrick Maloney of New York, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Soto, and Mr. Swalwell of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To award a Congressional gold medal, collectively, to the First Rhode Island Regiment, in recognition of their dedicated service during the Revolutionary War.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "First Rhode Island
- 5 Regiment Congressional Gold Medal Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress makes the following findings:
- 3 (1) During the winter of Valley Forge, from 4 1777–1778, the Continental Army had difficulty re-5 cruiting the necessary quotas of men set by the Con-

6 gress.

- (2) At the same time, the State of Rhode Island was ordered to supply two battalions while faced with the occupation of the City of Newport by the British.
- (3) In January 1778, at the urging of Brigadier General James Varnum, General George Washington wrote to Governor Nicholas Cooke of the State of Rhode Island requesting assistance recruiting men for the Continental Line.
- (4) On February 14, 1778, the Rhode Island General Assembly voted to allow the enlistment of "every able-bodied negro, mulatto, or Indian man slave".
- (5) In addition, the Rhode Island General Assembly provided that any enlisted slave "upon his passing muster before Colonel Christopher Greene, be immediately discharged from the service of his master or mistress, and be absolutely free as though he had never been incumbered and be incumbered with any kind of servitude or slavery."

- 1 (6) As a result, between February 1778 and 2 June 1778, Colonel Christopher Greene, Lt. Colonel 3 Jeremiah Olney and Major Samuel Ward recruited 4 almost 200 men of African and Native American de-5 scent who formed the core of the First Rhode Island 6 Regiment.
 - (7) The First Rhode Island Regiment became among the first units in American History in which men of every race and ethnicity were recruited to serve.
 - (8) On August 28, 1778, at the Battle of Rhode Island, following an attempted siege of British-occupied Newport along with the newly allied French fleet, the First Rhode Island Regiment acted heroically in holding back Hessian forces and causing them to retreat.
 - (9) During the Battle of Rhode Island, the First Rhode Island Regiment's losses included three killed, nine wounded and eleven missing soldiers.
 - (10) For an additional 5 years, the First Rhode Island Regiment fought bravely to win American independence including at Fort Oswego, Saratoga, and Yorktown.
- (11) On June 13, 1783, at Saratoga, the First
 Rhode Island Regiment was demobilized.

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- 1 (12) Their commander, Colonel Jeremiah 2 Olney, praised the Regiment for "faithfully pre-3 serving in the best of causes, in every stage of serv-4 ice, with unexampled fortitude and patience through 5 all the danger and toils of a long and severe war".
 - (13) Afterwards, some veterans of the First Rhode Island Regiment had to consistently resist efforts at re-enslavement and fought for back wages from the Rhode Island General Assembly.
 - (14) According to the Rhode Island State Archives, the First Rhode Island Regiment included at least the following soldiers: Babcock, Priamus (Primus); Bent, Prince; Bours, Cato; Brown, Priamus (Primus); Burk, Africa; Burroughs, John; Carpenter, Cudgo; Champlin, Dick; Champlin, Jack; Champlin, July; Champlin, Newport; Champlin, York; Sharper; Champlin, Clark, James; Coddington, Jack; Fones, Jack; Gardner, Cuff; Gardner, Hercules; Gardner, Minkl; Gardner, Preamus (Primus); Gardner, Rutter; Grav, Ebenezer; Green, Cuff; Greene, Cato; Greene, Jack; Greene, Pero; Greene, William; Hammond, Prince; Harriss, Cesar; Hazard, Backus; Hazard, Jabin; Hazard, Jacob; Hazard, Peter; Hazard, Peter; Lefavour, Thom; Mason, Warsen; Mawney, Cyrus;

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- 1 Minturn, Jack; Mowrey, Pero; Nichols, Thomas;
- 2 Perry, Ganset; Phillips, Philow; Pierce, Titus; Pot-
- 3 ter, David; Randall, Prince; Rhodes, Bristol; Rhodes,
- 4 Priamus; Rhodes, Richard; Rhodes, Samuel; Rich-
- 5 mond, Ebenezer; Robinson, Mingo; Rodman, Isaac;
- 6 Rodman, Mingo; Rodman, Prince; Rose, Cesar;
- 7 Saltonstall, Brittain; Saunders, Sampson; Sheldon,
- 8 Cesar; Slave; Slave; Smith, Juba; Sweeling, Query;
- 9 Talbot, Sigby; Tanner, Quam; Tillinghast, Cuff;
- 10 Updike, Cesar; Updike, Moses; Vaughan, Prince;
- 11 Vernon, Cato; Watson, Fortune; Wells, Cesar;
- 12 Wickes, Nat; and Willbour, Boston.

13 SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

- 14 (a) AWARD AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of the
- 15 House of Representatives and the President pro tempore
- 16 of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements for the
- 17 award, on behalf of the Congress, of a single gold medal
- 18 of appropriate design to the First Rhode Island Regiment,
- 19 collectively in recognition of their dedicated service during
- 20 the Revolutionary War.
- 21 (b) Design and Striking.—For the purposes of the
- 22 award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the
- 23 Treasury (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Sec-
- 24 retary") shall strike the gold medal with suitable emblems,

- 1 devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Sec-
- 2 retary.
- 3 (c) Smithsonian Institution.—
- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Following the award of the
- gold medal in honor of the First Rhode Island Regi-
- 6 ment of the Revolutionary War under subsection (a),
- 7 the gold medal shall be given to the Smithsonian In-
- 8 stitution, where it will be displayed as appropriate
- 9 and made available for research.
- 10 (2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
- 11 Congress that the Smithsonian Institution should
- make the gold medal received under paragraph (1)
- available for display elsewhere, particularly at other
- 14 appropriate locations associated with the First
- 15 Rhode Island Regiment of the Revolutionary War.
- 16 SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.
- 17 Under such regulations as the Secretary may pre-
- 18 scribe, the Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in
- 19 bronze of the gold medal struck under section 3, at a price
- 20 sufficient to cover the costs of the medals, including labor,
- 21 materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses.
- 22 SEC. 5. STATUS OF MEDALS.
- (a) National Medals.—Medals struck pursuant to
- 24 this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51
- 25 of title 31, United States Code.

- 1 (b) Numismatic Items.—For purposes of section
- 2 5134 of title 31, United States Code, all medals struck

3 under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic items.

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