

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 2236

To require Federal agencies to address environmental justice, to require consideration of cumulative impacts in certain permitting decisions, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 23, 2019

Mr. Booker (for himself, Ms. Harris, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Markey, Mr. Udall, Mr. Durbin, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Merkley, Ms. Warren, Mr. Carper, Mr. Schatz, and Mr. Van Hollen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To require Federal agencies to address environmental justice, to require consideration of cumulative impacts in certain permitting decisions, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Environmental Justice
- 5 Act of 2019".
- 6 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
- 7 The purposes of this Act are—

- 1 (1) to require Federal agencies to address and 2 eliminate the disproportionate environmental and 3 human health impacts on populations of color, com-4 munities of color, indigenous communities, and low-5 income communities;
 - (2) to ensure that all Federal agencies develop and enforce rules, regulations, guidance, standards, policies, plans, and practices that promote environmental justice;
 - (3) to increase cooperation and require coordination among Federal agencies in achieving environmental justice;
 - (4) to provide to communities of color, indigenous communities, and low-income communities meaningful access to public information and opportunities for participation in decision making affecting human health and the environment;
 - (5) to mitigate the inequitable distribution of the burdens and benefits of Federal programs having significant impacts on human health and the environment;
 - (6) to require consideration of cumulative impacts in permitting decisions;

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- 1 (7) to clarify congressional intent to afford 2 rights of action pursuant to certain statutes and 3 common law claims; and
- 4 (8) to allow a private right of action under title 5 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d 6 et seq.) to challenge discriminatory practices.

7 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this Act:

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- 9 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis-10 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-11 mental Protection Agency.
 - (2) COMMUNITY OF COLOR.—The term "community of color" means any geographically distinct area the population of color of which is higher than the average population of color of the State in which the community is located.
 - (3) Community-based science" means voluntary public participation in the scientific process and the incorporation of data and information generated outside of traditional institutional boundaries to address real-world problems in ways that may include formulating research questions, conducting scientific experiments, collecting and analyzing data, interpreting results, making new discoveries, developing

- technologies and applications, and solving complex problems, with an emphasis on the democratization of science and the engagement of diverse people and communities.
 - (4) Environmental justice" means the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all individuals, regardless of race, color, national origin, educational level, or income, with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies to ensure that—
 - (A) populations of color, communities of color, indigenous communities, and low-income communities have access to public information and opportunities for meaningful public participation relating to human health and environmental planning, regulations, and enforcement;
 - (B) no population of color or community of color, indigenous community, or low-income community shall be exposed to a disproportionate burden of the negative human health and environmental impacts of pollution or other environmental hazards; and
 - (C) the 17 Principles of Environmental Justice written and adopted at the First Na-

1	tional People of Color Environmental Leader-
2	ship Summit held on October 24 through 27,
3	1991, in Washington, DC, are upheld.
4	(5) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
5	agency" means—
6	(A) each Federal agency represented on
7	the Working Group; and
8	(B) any other Federal agency that carries
9	out a Federal program or activity that substan-
10	tially affects human health or the environment,
11	as determined by the President.
12	(6) Fenceline community.—The term
13	"fenceline community" means a population living in
14	close proximity to a source of pollution.
15	(7) Indigenous community.—The term "in-
16	digenous community" means—
17	(A) a federally recognized Indian Tribe;
18	(B) a State-recognized Indian Tribe;
19	(C) an Alaska Native or Native Hawaiian
20	community or organization; and
21	(D) any other community of indigenous
22	people, including communities in other coun-
23	tries.
24	(8) Infrastructure.—The term "infrastruc-
25	ture" means any system for safe drinking water.

1	sewer collection, solid waste disposal, electricity gen-
2	eration, communication, or transportation access (in-
3	cluding highways, airports, marine terminals, rail
4	systems, and residential roads) that is used to effec-
5	tively and safely support—
6	(A) housing;
7	(B) an educational facility;
8	(C) a medical provider;
9	(D) a park or recreational facility; or
10	(E) a local businesses.
11	(9) Low income.—The term "low income"
12	means an annual household income equal to, or less
13	than, the greater of—
14	(A) an amount equal to 80 percent of the
15	median income of the area in which the house-
16	hold is located, as reported by the Department
17	of Housing and Urban Development; and
18	(B) 200 percent of the Federal poverty
19	line.
20	(10) Low-income community.—The term
21	"low-income community" means any census block
22	group in which 30 percent or more of the population
23	are individuals with low income.

1	(11) Meaningful.—The term "meaningful",
2	with respect to involvement by the public in a deter-
3	mination by a Federal agency, means that—
4	(A) potentially affected residents of a com-
5	munity have an appropriate opportunity to par-
6	ticipate in decisions regarding a proposed activ-
7	ity that will affect the environment or public
8	health of the community;
9	(B) the public contribution can influence
10	the determination by the Federal agency;
11	(C) the concerns of all participants in-
12	volved are taken into consideration in the deci-
13	sion-making process; and
14	(D) the Federal agency—
15	(i) provides to potentially affected
16	members of the public accurate informa-
17	tion; and
18	(ii) facilitates the involvement of po-
19	tentially affected members of the public.
20	(12) Population of color.—The term "pop-
21	ulation of color" means a population of individuals
22	who identify as—
23	(A) Black;
24	(B) African American;
25	(C) Asian;

1	(D) Pacific Islander;
2	(E) another nonWhite race;
3	(F) Hispanie;
4	(G) Latino; or
5	(H) linguistically isolated.
6	(13) Publish.—The term "publish" means to
7	make publicly available in a form that is—
8	(A) generally accessible, including on the
9	internet and in public libraries; and
10	(B) accessible for—
11	(i) individuals who are limited in
12	English proficiency, in accordance with Ex-
13	ecutive Order 13166 (65 Fed. Reg. 50121
14	(August 16, 2000)); and
15	(ii) individuals with disabilities.
16	(14) Working Group.—The term "Working
17	Group" means the interagency Federal Working
18	Group on Environmental Justice convened under
19	section 1–102 of Executive Order 12898 (42 U.S.C.
20	4321 note), as amended by Executive Order 12948
21	(60 Fed. Reg. 6381 (January 30, 1995)) and modi-
22	fied by section 4.

1	SEC. 4. INTERAGENCY FEDERAL WORKING GROUP ON EN-
2	VIRONMENTAL JUSTICE.
3	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
4	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall con-
5	vene, as appropriate to carry out this section, the Working
6	Group.
7	(b) Requirements.—
8	(1) Composition.—The Working Group shall
9	be comprised of the following (or a designee):
10	(A) The Secretary of Agriculture.
11	(B) The Secretary of Commerce.
12	(C) The Secretary of Defense.
13	(D) The Secretary of Energy.
14	(E) The Secretary of Health and Human
15	Services.
16	(F) The Secretary of Homeland Security.
17	(G) The Secretary of Housing and Urban
18	Development.
19	(H) The Secretary of the Interior.
20	(I) The Secretary of Labor.
21	(J) The Secretary of Transportation.
22	(K) The Attorney General.
23	(L) The Administrator.
24	(M) The Director of the Office of Environ-
25	mental Justice.

1	(N) The Chairman of the Consumer Prod-
2	uct Safety Commission.
3	(O) The Chairperson of the Chemical Safe-
4	ty Board.
5	(P) The Director of the Office of Manage-
6	ment and Budget.
7	(Q) The Director of the Office of Science
8	and Technology Policy.
9	(R) The Chair of the Council on Environ-
10	mental Quality.
11	(S) The Assistant to the President for Do-
12	mestic Policy.
13	(T) The Director of the National Economic
14	Council.
15	(U) The Chairman of the Council of Eco-
16	nomic Advisers.
17	(V) Such other Federal officials as the
18	President may designate.
19	(2) Functions.—The Working Group shall—
20	(A) report to the President through the
21	Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality
22	and the Assistant to the President for Domestic
23	Policy;
24	(B) provide guidance to Federal agencies
25	regarding criteria for identifying disproportion-

l	ately high and adverse human health or envi-
2	ronmental effects—
3	(i) on populations of color, commu-
4	nities of color, indigenous communities,
5	and low-income communities; and
6	(ii) on the basis of race, color, na-
7	tional origin, or income;
8	(C) coordinate with, provide guidance to,
9	and serve as a clearinghouse for, each Federal
10	agency with respect to the implementation and
11	updating of an environmental justice strategy
12	required under this Act, in order to ensure that
13	the administration, interpretation, and enforce-
14	ment of programs, activities, and policies are
15	carried out in a consistent manner;
16	(D) assist in coordinating research by, and
17	stimulating cooperation among, the Environ-
18	mental Protection Agency, the Department of
19	Health and Human Services, the Department of
20	Housing and Urban Development, and other
21	Federal agencies conducting research or other
22	activities in accordance with this Act;
23	(E) identify, based in part on public rec-
24	ommendations contained in Federal agency
25	progress reports, important areas for Federal

1	agencies to take into consideration and address,
2	as appropriate, in environmental justice strate-
3	gies and other efforts;
4	(F) assist in coordinating data collection
5	and maintaining and updating appropriate
6	databases, as required by this Act;
7	(G) examine existing data and studies re-
8	lating to environmental justice;
9	(H) hold public meetings and otherwise so-
10	licit public participation under paragraph (3);
11	and
12	(I) develop interagency model projects re-
13	lating to environmental justice that demonstrate
14	cooperation among Federal agencies.
15	(3) Public Participation.—The Working
16	Group shall—
17	(A) hold public meetings or otherwise so-
18	licit public participation and community-based
19	science for the purpose of fact-finding with re-
20	spect to the implementation of this Act; and
21	(B) prepare for public review and publish
22	a summary of any comments and recommenda-
23	tions provided.
24	(c) Judicial Review and Rights of Action.—
25	Any person may commence a civil action—

- 1 (1) to seek relief from, or to compel, an agency 2 action under this section (including regulations pro-3 mulgated pursuant to this section); or
- 4 (2) otherwise to ensure compliance with this 5 section (including regulations promulgated pursuant 6 to this section).

7 SEC. 5. FEDERAL AGENCY ACTIONS TO ADDRESS ENVIRON-

8 MENTAL JUSTICE.

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(a) Federal Agency Responsibilities.—

- the maximum extent practicable and permitted by applicable law, each Federal agency shall make achieving environmental justice part of the mission of the Federal agency by identifying, addressing, and mitigating disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of the programs, policies, and activities of the Federal agency on populations of color, communities of color, indigenous communities, and low-income communities in the United States (including the territories and possessions of the United States and the District of Columbia).
- (2) Nondiscrimination.—Each Federal agency shall conduct any program, policy, or activity that substantially affects human health or the environ-

ment in a manner that ensures that the program, policy, or activity does not have the effect of excluding any individual or group from participation in, denying any individual or group the benefits of, or subjecting any individual or group to discrimination under, the program, policy, or activity because of race, color, or national origin.

(3) Strategies.—

- (A) AGENCYWIDE STRATEGIES.—Each Federal agency shall implement and update, not less frequently than annually, an agencywide environmental justice strategy that identifies disproportionally high and adverse human health or environmental effects of the programs, policies, spending, and other activities of the Federal agency with respect to populations of color, communities of color, indigenous communities, and low-income communities, including, as appropriate for the mission of the Federal agency, with respect to the following areas:
 - (i) Implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
- (ii) Implementation of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d

1	et seq.) (including regulations promulgated
2	pursuant to that title).
3	(iii) Implementation of the Robert T.
4	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
5	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
6	(iv) Impacts from the lack of infra-
7	structure, or from deteriorated infrastruc-
8	ture.
9	(v) Impacts from land use.
10	(vi) Impacts from climate change.
11	(vii) Impacts from commercial trans-
12	portation.
13	(B) Revisions.—
14	(i) In general.—Each strategy de-
15	veloped and updated pursuant to subpara-
16	graph (A) shall identify programs, policies,
17	planning and public participation proc-
18	esses, rulemaking, agency spending, and
19	enforcement activities relating to human
20	health or the environment that may be re-
21	vised, at a minimum—
22	(I) to promote enforcement of all
23	health, environmental, and civil rights
24	laws and regulations in areas con-
25	taining populations of color, commu-

1	nities of color, indigenous commu-
2	nities, and low-income communities;
3	(II) to ensure greater public par-
4	ticipation;
5	(III) to provide increased access
6	to infrastructure;
7	(IV) to improve research and
8	data collection relating to the health
9	and environment of populations of
10	color, communities of color, indige-
11	nous communities, and low-income
12	communities, including through the
13	increased use of community-based
14	science; and
15	(V) to identify differential pat-
16	terns of use of natural resources
17	among populations of color, commu-
18	nities of color, indigenous commu-
19	nities, and low-income communities.
20	(ii) Timetables.—Each strategy im-
21	plemented and updated pursuant to sub-
22	paragraph (A) shall include a timetable for
23	undertaking revisions identified pursuant
24	to clause (i).

1	(C) Progress reports.—Not later than
2	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
3	and not less frequently than once every 5 years
4	thereafter, each Federal agency shall submit to
5	Congress and the Working Group, and shall
6	publish, a progress report that includes, with
7	respect to the period covered by the report—
8	(i) a description of the current envi-
9	ronmental justice strategy of the Federal
10	agency;
11	(ii) an evaluation of the progress
12	made by the Federal agency at national
13	and regional levels regarding implementa-
14	tion of the environmental justice strategy,
15	including—
16	(I) metrics used by the Federal
17	agency to measure performance; and
18	(II) the progress made by the
19	Federal agency toward—
20	(aa) the achievement of the
21	metrics described in subclause
22	(I); and
23	(bb) mitigating identified in-
24	stances of environmental injus-
25	tice;

1	(iii) a description of the participation
2	by the Federal agency in interagency col-
3	laboration;
4	(iv) responses to recommendations
5	submitted by members of the public to the
6	Federal agency relating to the environ-
7	mental justice strategy of the Federal
8	agency and the implementation by the
9	Federal agency of this Act; and
10	(v) any updates or revisions to the en-
11	vironmental justice strategy of the Federal
12	agency, including those resulting from pub-
13	lic comments.
14	(4) Public Participation.—Each Federal
15	agency shall—
16	(A) ensure that meaningful opportunities
17	exist for the public to submit comments and
18	recommendations relating to the environmental
19	justice strategy, progress reports, and ongoing
20	efforts of the Federal agency to incorporate en-
21	vironmental justice principles into the pro-
22	grams, policies, and activities of the Federal
23	agency;
24	(B) hold public meetings or otherwise so-
25	licit public participation and community-based

1	science from populations of color, communities
2	of color, indigenous communities, and low-in-
3	come communities for fact-finding, receiving
4	public comments, and conducting inquiries con-
5	cerning environmental justice; and
6	(C) prepare for public review and publish
7	a summary of the comments and recommenda-
8	tions provided.
9	(5) Access to information.—Each Federal
10	agency shall—
11	(A) publish public documents, notices, and
12	hearings relating to the programs, policies, and
13	activities of the Federal agency that affect
14	human health or the environment; and
15	(B) translate and publish any public docu-
16	ments, notices, and hearings relating to an ac-
17	tion of the Federal agency as appropriate for
18	the affected population, specifically in any case
19	in which a limited English-speaking population
20	may be disproportionately affected by that ac-
21	tion.
22	(6) Codification of Guidance.—
23	(A) COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUAL-
24	ITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
25	law sections II and III of the ouidance issued

1	by the Council on Environmental Quality enti-
2	tled "Environmental Justice Guidance Under
3	the National Environmental Policy Act" and
4	dated December 10, 1997, are enacted into law
5	(B) Environmental protection agen-
6	CY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
7	law, the guidance issued by the Environmenta
8	Protection Agency entitled "EPA Policy or
9	Consultation and Coordination with Indian
10	Tribes: Guidance for Discussing Tribal Treaty
11	Rights" and dated February 2016 is enacted
12	into law.
13	(b) Human Health and Environmental Re-
14	SEARCH, DATA COLLECTION, AND ANALYSIS.—
15	(1) Research.—Each Federal agency, to the
16	maximum extent practicable and permitted by appli-
17	cable law, shall—
18	(A) in conducting environmental or human
19	health research, include diverse segments of the
20	population in epidemiological and clinical stud-
21	ies, including segments at high risk from envi-
22	ronmental hazards, such as—
23	(i) populations of color, communities
24	of color, indigenous communities, popu-

1	lations with low income, and low-income
2	communities;
3	(ii) fenceline communities; and
4	(iii) workers who may be exposed to
5	substantial environmental hazards;
6	(B) in conducting environmental or human
7	health analyses, identify multiple and cumu-
8	lative exposures; and
9	(C) actively encourage and solicit commu-
10	nity-based science, and provide to populations
11	of color, communities of color, indigenous com-
12	munities, populations with low income, and low-
13	income communities the opportunity to com-
14	ment regarding the development and design of
15	research strategies carried out pursuant to this
16	Act.
17	(2) DISPROPORTIONATE IMPACT.—To the max-
18	imum extent practicable and permitted by applicable
19	law (including section 552a of title 5, United States
20	Code (commonly known as the "Privacy Act"), each
21	Federal agency shall—
22	(A) collect, maintain, and analyze informa-
23	tion assessing and comparing environmental
24	and human health risks borne by populations

- identified by race, national origin, or income;and
 - (B) use that information to determine whether the programs, policies, and activities of the Federal agency have disproportionally high and adverse human health or environmental effects on populations of color, communities of color, indigenous communities, and low-income communities.
 - (3) Information relating to non-federal facilities.—In connection with the implementation of Federal agency strategies under subsection (a)(3), each Federal agency, to the maximum extent practicable and permitted by applicable law, shall collect, maintain, and analyze information relating to the race, national origin, and income level, and other readily accessible and appropriate information, for fenceline communities in proximity to any facility or site expected to have a substantial environmental, human health, or economic effect on the surrounding populations, if the facility or site becomes the subject of a substantial Federal environmental administrative or judicial action.
 - (4) IMPACT FROM FEDERAL FACILITIES.—Each Federal agency, to the maximum extent practicable

1	and permitted by applicable law, shall collect, main-
2	tain, and analyze information relating to the race,
3	national origin, and income level, and other readily
4	accessible and appropriate information, for fenceline
5	communities in proximity to any facility of the Fed-
6	eral agency that is—
7	(A) subject to the reporting requirements
8	under the Emergency Planning and Community
9	Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. 11001
10	et seq.), as required by Executive Order 12898
11	(42 U.S.C. 4321 note); and
12	(B) expected to have a substantial environ-
13	mental, human health, or economic effect on
14	surrounding populations.
15	(c) Consumption of Fish and Wildlife.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal agency shall
17	develop, publish (unless prohibited by law), and re-
18	vise, as practicable and appropriate, guidance on ac-
19	tions of the Federal agency that will impact fish and
20	wildlife consumed by populations that principally
21	rely on fish or wildlife for subsistence.
22	(2) REQUIREMENT.—The guidance described in
23	paragraph (1) shall—
24	(A) reflect the latest scientific information
25	available concerning methods for evaluating the

1	human health risks associated with the con-
2	sumption of pollutant-bearing fish or wildlife;
3	and
4	(B) publish the risks of such consumption
5	patterns.
6	(d) Mapping and Screening Tool.—The Adminis-
7	trator shall continue to make available to the public an
8	environmental justice mapping and screening tool (such
9	as EJScreen or an equivalent tool) that includes, at a min-
10	imum, the following features:
11	(1) Nationally consistent data.
12	(2) Environmental data.
13	(3) Demographic data, including data relating
14	to race, ethnicity, and income.
15	(4) Capacity to produce maps and reports by
16	geographical area.
17	(e) Judicial Review and Rights of Action.—
18	Any person may commence a civil action—
19	(1) to seek relief from, or to compel, an agency
20	action under this section (including regulations pro-
21	mulgated pursuant to this section); or
22	(2) otherwise to ensure compliance with this
23	section (including regulations promulgated pursuant
24	to this section).

1	(f) Information Sharing.—In carrying out this
2	section, each Federal agency, to the maximum extent
3	practicable and permitted by applicable law, shall share
4	information and eliminate unnecessary duplication of ef-
5	forts through the use of existing data systems and cooper-
6	ative agreements among Federal agencies and with State,
7	local, and Tribal governments.
8	SEC. 6. NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY
9	COUNCIL.
10	(a) Establishment by the Ad-
11	ministrator on September 30, 1993, by charter pursuant
12	to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.)
13	of the National Environmental Justice Advisory Council
14	(referred to in this section as the "Advisory Council") is
15	enacted into law.
16	(b) Duties.—The Advisory Council may carry out
17	such duties as were carried out by the Advisory Council
18	on the day before the date of enactment of this Act, sub-
19	ject to modification by the Administrator, by regulation.
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(1) be determined and appointed in accordance

with, as applicable—

21 Council shall—

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1	(A) the charter described in subsection (a)
2	(or any subsequent amendment or revision of
3	that charter); or
4	(B) other appropriate bylaws or documents
5	of the Advisory Council, as determined by the
6	Administrator; and
7	(2) continue in effect as in existence on the day
8	before the date of enactment of this Act until modi-
9	fied in accordance with paragraph (1).
10	(d) Designated Federal Officer.—The Director
11	of the Office of Environmental Justice of the Environ-
12	mental Protection Agency is designated as the Federal of-
13	ficer required under section 10(e) of the Federal Advisory
14	Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) for the Advisory Council.
15	(e) Meetings.—
16	(1) In General.—The Advisory Council shall
17	meet not less frequently than 3 times each calendar
18	year.
19	(2) OPEN TO PUBLIC.—Each meeting of the
20	Advisory Council shall be held open to the public.
21	(3) Designated federal officer.—The des-
22	ignated Federal officer described in subsection (d)
23	(or a designee) shall—
24	(A) be present at each meeting of the Ad-
25	visory Council:

1	(B) ensure that each meeting is conducted
2	in accordance with an agenda approved in ad-
3	vance by the designated Federal officer;
4	(C) provide an opportunity for interested
5	persons—
6	(i) to file comments before or after
7	each meeting of the Advisory Council; or
8	(ii) to make statements at such a
9	meeting, to the extent that time permits;
10	(D) ensure that a representative of the
11	Working Group and a high-level representative
12	from each regional office of the Environmental
13	Protection Agency are invited to, and encour-
14	aged to attend, each meeting of the Advisory
15	Council; and
16	(E) provide technical assistance to States
17	seeking to establish State-level environmental
18	justice advisory councils or implement other en-
19	vironmental justice policies or programs.
20	(f) Responses From Administrator.—
21	(1) Public comment inquiries.—The Admin-
22	istrator shall provide a written response to each in-
23	quiry submitted to the Administrator by a member
24	of the public before or after each meeting of the Ad-

- 1 visory Council by not later than 120 days after the
- 2 date of submission.
- 3 (2) Recommendations from advisory coun-
- 4 CIL.—The Administrator shall provide a written re-
- 5 sponse to each recommendation submitted to the Ad-
- 6 ministrator by the Advisory Council by not later
- 7 than 120 days after the date of submission.
- 8 (g) Travel Expenses.—A member of the Advisory
- 9 Council may be allowed travel expenses, including per
- 10 diem in lieu of subsistence, at such rate as the Adminis-
- 11 trator determines to be appropriate while away from the
- 12 home or regular place of business of the member in the
- 13 performance of the duties of the Advisory Council.
- 14 (h) DURATION.—The Advisory Council shall remain
- 15 in existence unless otherwise provided by law.
- 16 SEC. 7. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE GRANT PROGRAMS.
- 17 (a) In General.—The Administrator shall continue
- 18 to carry out the Environmental Justice Small Grants Pro-
- 19 gram and the Environmental Justice Collaborative Prob-
- 20 lem-Solving Cooperative Agreement Program, as those
- 21 programs are in existence on the date of enactment of this
- 22 Act.
- 23 (b) CARE Grants.—The Administrator shall con-
- 24 tinue to carry out the Community Action for a Renewed

1	Environment grant programs I and II, as in existence on
2	January 1, 2012.
3	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
4	authorized to be appropriated to carry out the programs
5	described in subsections (a) and (b) \$10,000,000 for each
6	of fiscal years 2020 through 2029.
7	SEC. 8. CONSIDERATION OF CUMULATIVE IMPACTS AND
8	PERSISTENT VIOLATIONS IN CERTAIN PER-
9	MITTING DECISIONS.
10	(a) Federal Water Pollution Control Act.—
11	Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
12	(33 U.S.C. 1342) is amended—
13	(1) by striking the section designation and
14	heading and all that follows through "Except as" in
15	subsection $(a)(1)$ and inserting the following:
16	"SEC. 402. NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMI-
17	NATION SYSTEM.
18	"(a) Permits Issued by Administrator.—
19	"(1) In general.—Except as";
20	(2) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) in paragraph (1)—
22	(i) by striking "upon condition that
23	such discharge will meet either (A) all"
24	and inserting the following: "subject to the
25	conditions that—

1	"(A) the discharge will achieve compliance
2	with, as applicable—
3	"(i) all";
4	(ii) by striking "403 of this Act, or
5	(B) prior" and inserting the following:
6	"403; or
7	"(ii) prior"; and
8	(iii) by striking "this Act." and insert-
9	ing the following: "this Act; and
10	"(B) with respect to the issuance or re-
11	newal of the permit—
12	"(i) based on an analysis by the Ad-
13	ministrator of existing water quality and
14	the potential cumulative impacts (as de-
15	fined in section 501 of the Clean Air Act
16	(42 U.S.C. 7661)) of the discharge, consid-
17	ered in conjunction with the designated
18	and actual uses of the impacted navigable
19	water, there exists a reasonable certainty
20	of no harm to the health of the general
21	population, or to any potentially exposed or
22	susceptible subpopulation; or
23	"(ii) if the Administrator determines
24	that, due to those potential cumulative im-
25	pacts, there does not exist a reasonable

1	certainty of no harm to the health of the
2	general population, or to any potentially
3	exposed or susceptible subpopulation, the
4	permit or renewal includes such terms and
5	conditions as the Administrator determines
6	to be necessary to ensure a reasonable cer-
7	tainty of no harm."; and
8	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "assure
9	compliance with the requirements of paragraph
10	(1) of this subsection, including conditions on
11	data and information collection, reporting, and
12	such other requirements as he deems appro-
13	priate." and inserting the following: "ensure
14	compliance with the requirements of paragraph
15	(1), including—
16	"(A) conditions relating to—
17	"(i) data and information collection;
18	"(ii) reporting; and
19	"(iii) such other requirements as the
20	Administrator determines to be appro-
21	priate; and
22	"(B) additional controls or pollution pre-
23	vention requirements."; and
24	(3) in subsection (b)—

1	(A) in each of paragraphs (1)(D), (2)(B),
2	and (3) through (7), by striking the semicolon
3	at the end and inserting a period;
4	(B) in paragraph (8), by striking "; and"
5	at the end and inserting a period; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(10) To ensure that no permit will be issued
8	or renewed if, with respect to an application for the
9	permit, the State determines, based on an analysis
10	by the State of existing water quality and the poten-
11	tial cumulative impacts (as defined in section 501 of
12	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7661)) of the dis-
13	charge, considered in conjunction with the des-
14	ignated and actual uses of the impacted navigable
15	water, that the terms and conditions of the permit
16	or renewal would not be sufficient to ensure a rea-
17	sonable certainty of no harm to the health of the
18	general population, or to any potentially exposed or
19	susceptible subpopulation.".
20	(b) CLEAN AIR ACT.—
21	(1) Definitions.—Section 501 of the Clean
22	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7661) is amended—
23	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
24	by striking "As used in this title—" and insert-
25	ing "In this title:";

1	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3),
2	and (4) as paragraphs (3), (5), and (4), respec-
3	tively, and moving the paragraphs so as to ap-
4	pear in numerical order; and
5	(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
6	following:
7	"(2) Cumulative impacts.—The term 'cumu-
8	lative impacts' means any exposure, public health or
9	environmental risk, or other effect occurring in a
10	specific geographical area, including from an emis-
11	sion or release—
12	"(A) including—
13	"(i) environmental pollution re-
14	leased—
15	"(I)(aa) routinely;
16	"(bb) accidentally; or
17	"(cc) otherwise; and
18	"(II) from any source, whether
19	single or multiple; and
20	"(ii) as assessed based on the com-
21	bined past, present, and reasonably fore-
22	seeable emissions and discharges affecting
23	the geographical area; and

1	"(B) evaluated taking into account sen-
2	sitive populations and socioeconomic factors,
3	where applicable.".
4	(2) Permit programs.—Section 502(b) of the
5	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7661a(b)) is amended—
6	(A) in paragraph (5)—
7	(i) in subparagraphs (A) and (C), by
8	striking "assure" each place it appears and
9	inserting "ensure"; and
10	(ii) by striking subparagraph (F) and
11	inserting the following:
12	"(F) ensure that no permit will be issued or re-
13	newed, as applicable, if—
14	"(i) with respect to an application for a
15	permit or renewal of a permit for a major
16	source, the permitting authority determines
17	under paragraph $(9)(A)(i)(II)(bb)$ that the
18	terms and conditions of the permit or renewal
19	would not be sufficient to ensure a reasonable
20	certainty of no harm to the health of the gen-
21	eral population, or to any potentially exposed or
22	susceptible subpopulation, of the applicable cen-
23	sus tracts or Tribal census tracts (as those
24	terms are defined by the Director of the Bureau
25	of the Census); or

1	"(ii) the Administrator objects to the
2	issuance of the permit in a timely manner
3	under this title."; and
4	(B) in paragraph (9)—
5	(i) in the fourth sentence, by striking
6	"Such permit revision" and inserting the
7	following:
8	"(iii) Treatment as renewal.—A
9	permit revision under this paragraph";
10	(ii) in the third sentence, by striking
11	"No such revision shall" and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(ii) Exception.—A revision under
14	this paragraph shall not";
15	(iii) in the second sentence, by strik-
16	ing "Such revisions" and inserting the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(B) REVISION REQUIREMENTS.—
19	"(i) Deadline.—A revision described
20	in subparagraph (A)(ii)"; and
21	(iv) by striking the paragraph des-
22	ignation and all that follows through "shall
23	require" in the first sentence and inserting
24	the following:
25	"(9) Major sources.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to any
2	permit or renewal of a permit, as applicable, for
3	a major source, a requirement that the permit-
4	ting authority shall—
5	"(i) in determining whether to issue
6	or renew the permit—
7	"(I) evaluate the potential cumu-
8	lative impacts of the proposed major
9	source, as described in the applicable
10	cumulative impacts analysis submitted
11	under section 503(b)(3);
12	"(II) if, due to those potential
13	cumulative impacts, the permitting
14	authority cannot determine that there
15	exists a reasonable certainty of no
16	harm to the health of the general pop-
17	ulation, or to any potentially exposed
18	or susceptible subpopulation, of any
19	census tracts or Tribal census tracts
20	(as those terms are defined by the Di-
21	rector of the Bureau of the Census)
22	located in, or immediately adjacent to,
23	the area in which the major source is,
24	or is proposed to be, located—

1	"(aa) include in the permit
2	or renewal such terms and condi-
3	tions (including additional con-
4	trols or pollution prevention re-
5	quirements) as the permitting
6	authority determines to be nec-
7	essary to ensure a reasonable cer-
8	tainty of no harm; or
9	"(bb) if the permitting au-
10	thority determines that terms
11	and conditions described in item
12	(aa) would not be sufficient to
13	ensure a reasonable certainty of
14	no harm, deny the issuance or re-
15	newal of the permit;
16	"(III) determine whether the ap-
17	plicant is a persistent violator, based
18	on such criteria relating to the history
19	of compliance by an applicant with
20	this Act as the Administrator shall es-
21	tablish by not later than 180 days
22	after the date of enactment of the En-
23	vironmental Justice Act of 2019;
24	"(IV) if the permitting authority
25	determines under subclause (III) that

1 the applicant is a persistent violate	or
and the permitting authority does no	ot
deny the issuance or renewal of the	he
4 permit pursuant to subclaus	se
5 (V)(bb)—	
6 "(aa) require the applican	nt
7 to submit a redemption plan that	at
8 describes—	
9 "(AA) if the applican	$_{ m nt}$
is not compliance with the	iis
11 Act, measures the applican	nt
will carry out to achieve the	at
compliance, together with a	an
approximate deadline for	or
that achievement;	
16 "(BB) measures th	he
applicant will carry out, of	or
has carried out to ensure the	he
applicant will remain	in
20 compliance with this Ac	et,
and to mitigate the environ	n-
mental and health effects of	of
noncompliance; and	
"(CC) the measures th	he
25 applicant has carried out i	in

1	preparing the redemption
2	plan to consult or negotiate
3	with the communities af-
4	fected by each persistent vio-
5	lation addressed in the plan;
6	and
7	"(bb) once such a redemp-
8	tion plan is submitted, determine
9	whether the plan is adequate to
10	ensuring that the applicant—
11	"(AA) will achieve com-
12	pliance with this Act expedi-
13	tiously;
14	"(BB) will remain in
15	compliance with this Act;
16	"(CC) will mitigate the
17	environmental and health ef-
18	fects of noncompliance; and
19	"(DD) has solicited and
20	responded to community
21	input regarding the redemp-
22	tion plan; and
23	"(V) deny the issuance or re-
24	newal of the permit if the permitting
25	authority determines that—

1	"(aa) the redemption plan
2	submitted under subclause
3	(IV)(aa) is inadequate; or
4	"(bb)(AA) the applicant has
5	submitted a redemption plan on
6	a prior occasion, but continues to
7	be a persistent violator; and
8	"(BB) no indication exists
9	of extremely exigent cir-
10	cumstances excusing the per-
11	sistent violations; and
12	"(ii) in the case of such a permit with
13	a term of 3 years or longer, require in ac-
14	cordance with subparagraph (B).".
15	(3) Permit applications.—Section 503(b) of
16	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7661b(b)) is amended
17	by adding at the end the following:
18	"(3) Major source analyses.—The regula-
19	tions required by section 502(b) shall include a re-
20	quirement that an applicant for a permit or renewal
21	of a permit for a major source shall submit, together
22	with the compliance plan required under this sub-
23	section, a cumulative impacts analysis for each cen-
24	sus tract or Tribal census tract (as those terms are
25	defined by the Director of the Bureau of the Cen-

1	sus) located in, or immediately adjacent to, the area
2	in which the major source is, or is proposed to be
3	located that analyzes—
4	"(A) community demographics and loca-
5	tions of community exposure points, such as
6	schools, day care centers, nursing homes, hos-
7	pitals, health clinics, places of religious worship
8	parks, playgrounds, and community centers;
9	"(B) air quality and the potential effect or
10	that air quality of emissions of air pollutants
11	(including pollutants listed under section 108 or
12	112) from the proposed major source, including
13	in combination with existing sources of pollut-
14	ants;
15	"(C) the potential effects on soil quality
16	and water quality of emissions of lead and other
17	air pollutants that could contaminate soil or
18	water from the proposed major source, includ-
19	ing in combination with existing sources of pol-
20	lutants; and
21	"(D) public health and any potential ef-
22	fects on public health of the proposed major
23	source.''.

1	SEC. 9. IMPLIED RIGHTS OF ACTION AND COMMON LAW
2	CLAIMS.
3	Section 505 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
4	Act (33 U.S.C. 1365) is amended by adding at the end
5	the following:
6	"(i) Effect on Implied Rights of Action and
7	COMMON LAW CLAIMS.—
8	"(1) Definition of Covered Act.—In this
9	subsection:
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'covered
11	Act' means—
12	"(i) this Act;
13	"(ii) the Federal Insecticide, Fun-
14	gicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136
15	et seq.);
16	"(iii) the Surface Mining Control and
17	Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201
18	et seq.);
19	"(iv) the Marine Protection, Research,
20	and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C.
21	1401 et seq.);
22	"(v) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
23	U.S.C. 300f et seq.);
24	"(vi) the Solid Waste Disposal Act
25	(42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.);

1	"(vii) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
2	7401 et seq.);
3	"(viii) the Comprehensive Environ-
4	mental Response, Compensation, and Li-
5	ability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et
6	seq.); and
7	"(ix) any other Act administered by
8	the Administrator.
9	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'covered
10	Act' includes any provision of an Act described
11	in subparagraph (A) the date of enactment of
12	which is after the date of enactment of this
13	subsection, unless that provision is specifically
14	excluded from this subsection.
15	"(2) Effect.—Nothing in a covered Act pre-
16	cludes the right to bring an action—
17	"(A) under section 1979 of the Revised
18	Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1983); or
19	"(B) that is implied under—
20	"(i) a covered Act; or
21	"(ii) common law.
22	"(3) Application.—Nothing in this section
23	precludes the right to bring an action under any
24	provision of law that is not a covered Act.".

1	SEC. 10. PRIVATE RIGHTS OF ACTION FOR DISCRIMINA
2	TORY PRACTICES.
3	(a) Right of Action.—Section 602 of the Civil
4	Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d–1) is amended—
5	(1) by inserting "(a)" before "Each Federal de-
6	partment and agency which is empowered"; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(b) Any person aggrieved by the failure of a covered
9	entity to comply with this title, including any regulation
10	promulgated pursuant to this title, may bring a civil action
11	in any Federal or State court of competent jurisdiction
12	to enforce such person's rights under this title.".
13	(b) Effective Date.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—This section, including the
15	amendments made by this section, takes effect on
16	the date of enactment of this Act.
17	(2) APPLICATION.—This section, including the
18	amendments made by this section, applies to all ac-
19	tions or proceedings pending on or after the date of
20	enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 11. SEVERABILITY.
22	If any provision of this Act, or the application of such
23	a provision to any person or circumstance, is determined
24	to be invalid, the remainder of this Act and the application

- 1 of the provision to other persons or circumstances shall
- 2 not be affected.

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