^{116TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R.6552

U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

To prohibit water shutoffs during the COVID-19 emergency period, provide drinking and waste water assistance to households, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 17, 2020

Ms. TLAIB (for herself, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Ms. ESCOBAR, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mr. SUOZZI, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Mr. Raskin, Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Cohen, Ms. DEGETTE, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Ms. WILD, Mr. ROUDA, MS. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. SCANLON, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. MCEACHIN, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. TRONE, Mr. ENGEL, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. MCNERNEY, Ms. HAALAND, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. DEUTCH, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. SHALALA, Ms. MENG, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. POCAN, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. CLAY, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. RYAN, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. FRANKEL, Ms. STEVENS, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Ms. SLOTKIN, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. RUSH, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. Soto, Ms. Spanberger, Mr. Kildee, Ms. Wasserman Schultz, Mrs. BUSTOS, and Ms. KAPTUR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Education and Labor, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To prohibit water shutoffs during the COVID-19 emergency

period, provide drinking and waste water assistance to households, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Water is5 a Human Right Act".

6 SEC. 2. HOME ENERGY AND WATER SERVICE CONTINUITY.

7 Any entity receiving financial assistance pursuant to 8 this Act shall, to the maximum extent practicable, estab-9 lish or maintain in effect policies to ensure that no home 10 energy service or public water system service to an indi-11 vidual or household, which is provided or regulated by 12 such entity, is or remains disconnected or interrupted dur-13 period described ing the emergency in section 14 1135(g)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act. For purposes of this Act, the term "home energy service" means a serv-15 16 ice to provide home energy, as such term is defined in section 2603 of the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 17 Act of 1981, and electric service, as that term is used in 18 19 the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, and the term "public water system" has the meaning given 20 21 that term in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require forgive-22 23 ness of outstanding debt owed to an entity or to absolve an individual of any obligation to an entity for service. 24 •HR 6552 IH

3 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$1,500,000,000 to the Sec-4 5 retary to carry out this section. Such sums shall remain available until expended. 6

7 (b) LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD DRINKING WATER AND WASTEWATER ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall 8 9 make grants to States and Indian Tribes to assist low-10 income households, particularly those with the lowest incomes, that pay a high proportion of household income 11 12 for drinking water and wastewater services.

13 (c) USE OF LIHEAP RESOURCES.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary, States, and Indian Tribes, as 14 applicable, shall use the existing processes, procedures, 15 16 policies, and systems in place to carry out the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981, as the Secretary 17 18 determines appropriate, including by using the application 19 and approval process under such Act to the maximum ex-20 tent practicable.

21 (d) ALLOTMENT.—

22 (1)FACTORS.—The Secretary shall allot 23 amounts appropriated pursuant to this section to a 24 State or Indian Tribe taking into account—

25 (A) the percentage of households in the 26 State, or under the jurisdiction of the Indian

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1	Tribe, that are low-income, as determined by
2	the Secretary;
3	(B) the average State or Tribal drinking
4	water and wastewater service rates; and
5	(C) the extent to which the State or Indian
6	Tribe has been impacted by the public health
7	emergency.
8	(2) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Not later
9	than 15 days after determining an amount to allot
10	to each State or Indian Tribe pursuant to paragraph
11	(1), and prior to making grants under this section,
12	the Secretary shall notify Congress of such allotment
13	amounts.
14	(e) Determination of Low-Income House-
15	HOLDS.—
15 16	HOLDS.— (1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In
16	(1) Minimum definition of low-income.—In
16 17	(1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low-
16 17 18	(1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low- income for the purposes of this section, a State or
16 17 18 19	(1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low- income for the purposes of this section, a State or Indian Tribe shall—
16 17 18 19 20	 (1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low-income for the purposes of this section, a State or Indian Tribe shall— (A) ensure that, at a minimum, all house-
 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low-income for the purposes of this section, a State or Indian Tribe shall— (A) ensure that, at a minimum, all households within 150 percent of the Federal poverty
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low-income for the purposes of this section, a State or Indian Tribe shall— (A) ensure that, at a minimum, all households within 150 percent of the Federal poverty line are included as low-income households; and
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 (1) MINIMUM DEFINITION OF LOW-INCOME.—In determining whether a household is considered low-income for the purposes of this section, a State or Indian Tribe shall— (A) ensure that, at a minimum, all households within 150 percent of the Federal poverty line are included as low-income households; and (B) consider households that have not pre-

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1	the same manner as households that have pre-
2	viously received such assistance.
3	(2) Household documentation require-
4	MENTS.—States and Indian Tribes shall—
5	(A) to the maximum extent practicable,
6	seek to limit the income history documentation
7	requirements for determining whether a house-
8	hold is considered low-income for the purposes
9	of this section; and
10	(B) for the purposes of income eligibility,
11	accept proof of job loss or severe income loss
12	dated after February 29, 2020, such as a layoff
13	or furlough notice or verification of application
14	of unemployment benefits, as sufficient to dem-
15	onstrate lack of income for an individual or
16	household.
17	(f) Applications.—Each State or Indian Tribe de-
18	siring to receive a grant under this section shall submit
19	an application to the Secretary, in such form as the Sec-
20	retary shall require.
21	(g) State Agreements With Drinking Water
22	AND WASTEWATER PROVIDERS.—To the maximum extent
23	practicable, a State that receives a grant under this sec-

tion shall enter into agreements with public water systems,municipalities, nonprofit organizations associated with

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providing drinking water and wastewater services to rural
 and small communities, and Indian Tribes, to assist in
 identifying low-income households and to carry out this
 section.

5 (h) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—A State or Indian 6 Tribe that receives a grant under this section may use up 7 to 15 percent of the granted amounts for administrative 8 costs.

9 (i) FEDERAL AGENCY COORDINATION.—In carrying 10 out this section, the Secretary shall coordinate with the 11 Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency 12 and consult with other Federal agencies with authority 13 over the provision of drinking water and wastewater serv-14 ices.

(j) AUDITS.—The Secretary shall require each State
and Indian Tribe receiving a grant under this section to
undertake periodic audits and evaluations of expenditures
made by such State or Indian Tribe pursuant to this section.

(k) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall
submit to Congress a report on the results of activities
carried out pursuant to this section—

(1) not later than 1 year after the date of en-actment of this section; and

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1	(2) upon disbursement of all funds appropriated
2	pursuant to this section.
3	(l) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
4	(1) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe"
5	means any Indian Tribe, band, group, or community
6	recognized by the Secretary of the Interior and exer-
7	cising governmental authority over a Federal Indian
8	reservation.
9	(2) MUNICIPALITY.—The term "municipality"
10	has the meaning given such term in section 502 of
11	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
12	1362).
13	(3) Public health emergency.—The term
14	"public health emergency" means the public health
15	emergency described in section $1135(g)(1)(B)$ of the
16	Social Security Act.
17	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
19	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means a State,
20	the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
21	Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States,
22	Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of
23	the Northern Mariana Islands.

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