

### 115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 515

To require the Secretary of Labor to maintain a publicly available list of all employers that relocate a call center overseas, to make such companies ineligible for Federal grants or guaranteed loans, and to require disclosure of the physical location of business agents engaging in customer service communications, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 2, 2017

Mr. Casey (for himself, Mr. Brown, and Mrs. McCaskill) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

# A BILL

To require the Secretary of Labor to maintain a publicly available list of all employers that relocate a call center overseas, to make such companies ineligible for Federal grants or guaranteed loans, and to require disclosure of the physical location of business agents engaging in customer service communications, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "United States Call
- 3 Center Worker and Consumer Protection Act of 2017".
- 4 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 5 In this Act:
- 6 (1) Agency.—The term "agency" means a
- 7 Federal or State executive agency or a military de-
- 8 partment.
- 9 (2) Business entity.—The term "business
- 10 entity" means any organization, corporation, trust,
- partnership, sole proprietorship, unincorporated as-
- sociation, or venture established to make a profit, in
- whole or in part, by purposefully availing itself of
- the privilege of conducting commerce in the United
- 15 States.
- 16 (3) Call center.—The term "call center"
- means a facility or other operation whereby employ-
- ees receive incoming telephone calls, emails, or other
- electronic communication for the purpose of pro-
- viding customer assistance or other service.
- 21 (4) CONSUMER.—The term "consumer" means
- any individual within the territorial jurisdiction of
- 23 the United States who purchases, transacts, or con-
- 24 tracts for the purchase or transaction of any goods,
- 25 merchandise, or services, not for resale in the ordi-
- 26 nary course of the individual's trade or business, but

- for the individual's use or that of a member of the individual's household.
- 3 (5) CUSTOMER SERVICE COMMUNICATION.—
  4 The term "customer service communication" means
  5 any telecommunication or wire communication be6 tween a consumer and a business entity in further7 ance of commerce.
  - (6) Employer.—The term "employer" means any business enterprise that employs in a call center—
    - (A) 50 or more employees, excluding parttime employees; or
      - (B) 50 or more employees who in the aggregate work at least 1,500 hours per week (exclusive of hours of overtime).
    - (7) Part-time employee.—The term "part-time employee" means an employee who is employed for an average of fewer than 20 hours per week or who has been employed for fewer than 6 of the 12 months preceding the date on which notice is required.
    - (8) Relocating and relocation.—The terms relocating and relocation refer to the closure of a call center, or the cessation of operations of a call center, or one or more facilities or operating

- units within a call center comprising at least 30 percent of the total volume of the call center or operating unit, when measured against the previous 12-month average call volume of operations or substantially similar operations to a location outside of the United States.
  - (9) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.
  - (10) TELECOMMUNICATION.—The term "tele-communication" means the transmission, between or among points specified by the communicator, of information of the communicator's choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received.
  - (11) Wire communication and communication or "communication by wire" means the transmission of writing, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds of all kinds by aid of wire, cable, or other like connection between the points of origin and reception of such transmission, including all instrumentalities, facilities, apparatus, and services (among other things, the receipt, forwarding, and delivery of communications) incidental to such transmission.

1	SEC. 3. LIST OF CALL CENTERS RELOCATING OVERSEAS
2	AND INELIGIBILITY FOR GRANTS OR GUAR-
3	ANTEED LOANS.
4	(a) List.—
5	(1) Notice requirement.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not fewer than 120
7	days before relocating a call center to a location
8	outside of the United States, an employer shall
9	notify the Secretary of such relocation.
10	(B) Penalty.—A person who violates sub-
11	paragraph (A) shall be subject to a civil penalty
12	not to exceed \$10,000 for each day of violation.
13	(2) Establishment and maintenance of
14	LIST.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es-
16	tablish, maintain, and make available to the
17	public a list of all employers who relocate a call
18	center as described in paragraph (1)(A).
19	(B) Term.—Each employer included in
20	the list required by subparagraph (A) shall re-
21	main on the list for a period not to exceed 3
22	years after each instance of relocating a call
23	center.
24	(C) Removal.—The Secretary may re-
25	move an employer from the list required by sub-
26	paragraph (A) if the Secretary determines that

1	the employer has relocated a call center from a
2	location outside of the United States to a loca-
3	tion in the United States.
4	(b) Ineligibility for Grants or Guaranteed
5	Loans.—
6	(1) Ineligibility.—Except as provided in
7	paragraph (2) and notwithstanding any other provi-
8	sion of law, an employer who appears on the list re-
9	quired by subsection (a)(2)(A) shall be ineligible for
10	any direct or indirect Federal grants or Federal
11	guaranteed loans for 5 years after the date such em-
12	ployer was added to the list.
13	(2) Exceptions.—The Secretary, in consulta-
14	tion with the appropriate agency providing a loan or
15	grant, may waive the eligibility restriction provided
16	under paragraph (1) if the employer applying for
17	such loan or grant demonstrates that a lack of such
18	loan or grant would—
19	(A) threaten national security;
20	(B) result in substantial job loss in the
21	United States; or
22	(C) harm the environment.
23	(e) Preference in Federal Contracting for
24	NOT RELOCATING A CALL CENTER OVERSEAS.—The
25	head of an agency, when awarding a civilian or defense-

- 1 related Federal contract, shall give preference to a United
- 2 States employer that does not appear on the list required
- 3 by subsection (a)(2)(A).
- 4 (d) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 5 on the date that is 1 year after the date of the enactment
- 6 of this Act.

### 7 SEC. 4. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO FEDERAL

- 8 BENEFITS FOR WORKERS.
- 9 No provision of section 3 shall be construed to permit
- 10 withholding or denial of payments, compensation, or bene-
- 11 fits under any provision of Federal law (including Federal
- 12 unemployment compensation, disability payments, or
- 13 worker retraining or readjustment funds) to workers em-
- 14 ployed by employers that relocate operations outside the
- 15 United States.
- 16 SEC. 5. REQUIRED DISCLOSURE BY BUSINESS ENTITIES EN-
- 17 GAGED IN CUSTOMER SERVICE COMMUNICA-
- 18 TIONS OF PHYSICAL LOCATION.
- 19 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 20 (b), a business entity that either initiates or receives a cus-
- 21 tomer service communication shall require that each of its
- 22 employees or agents participating in the communication
- 23 disclose their physical location at the beginning of each
- 24 customer service communication so initiated or received.
- 25 (b) Exceptions.—

- 1 (1) Business entities located in the
  2 United States.—The requirements of subsection
  3 (a) shall not apply to a customer service communica4 tion involving a business entity if all of the employ5 ees or agents of the business entity participating in
  6 such communication are physically located in the
  7 United States.
  - (2) Communication initiated by consumer knowingly to foreign entity or address.—

    The requirements of subsection (a) shall not apply to an employee or agent of a business entity participating in a customer service communication with a consumer if—
    - (A) the customer service communication was initiated by the consumer;
    - (B) the employee or agent is physically located outside the United States; and
    - (C) the consumer knows or reasonably should know that the employee or agent is physically located outside the United States.
  - (3) Emergency services.—The requirements of subsection (a) shall not apply to a customer service communication relating to the provision of emergency services (as defined by the Federal Trade Commission).

- 1 (4) Business entities and customer serv-
- 2 ICE COMMUNICATIONS EXCLUDED BY FEDERAL
- 3 TRADE COMMISSION.—The Federal Trade Commis-
- 4 sion may exclude certain classes or types of business
- 5 entities or customer service communications from
- 6 the requirements of subsection (a) if the Commission
- 7 finds exceptionally compelling circumstances that
- 8 justify such exclusion.
- 9 (c) Transfer to U.S.-Based Customer Service
- 10 Center.—A business entity that is subject to the require-
- 11 ments of subsection (a) shall, at the request of a customer,
- 12 transfer the customer to a customer service agent who is
- 13 physically located in the United States.
- 14 (d) Certification Requirement.—Each year,
- 15 each business entity that participates in a customer service
- 16 communication shall certify to the Federal Trade Commis-
- 17 sion that it has complied or failed to comply with the re-
- 18 quirements of subsections (a) and (c).
- 19 (e) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 20 date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade Com-
- 21 mission shall promulgate such regulations as may be nec-
- 22 essary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 23 (f) Effective Date.—The requirements of sub-
- 24 section (a) shall apply with respect to customer service

- 1 communications occurring on or after the date that is 1
- 2 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### 3 SEC. 6. ENFORCEMENT.

- 4 (a) In General.—Any failure to comply with the
- 5 provisions of section 5 shall be treated as a violation of
- 6 a regulation under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal
- 7 Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)) regard-
- 8 ing unfair or deceptive acts or practices.
  - (b) Powers of Federal Trade Commission.—
- 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Trade Commis-
- sion shall prevent any person from violating section
- 5 and any regulation promulgated thereunder, in the
- same manner, by the same means, and with the
- same jurisdiction, powers, and duties as though all
- applicable terms and provisions of the Federal Trade
- 16 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incor-
- porated into and made a part of this Act.
- 18 (2) Penalties.—Any person who violates regu-
- lations promulgated under section 5 shall be subject
- to the penalties and entitled to the privileges and
- 21 immunities provided in the Federal Trade Commis-
- sion Act in the same manner, by the same means,
- and with the same jurisdiction, power, and duties as
- 24 though all applicable terms and provisions of the

- 1 Federal Trade Commission Act were incorporated
- 2 into and made part of this Act.
- 3 (c) AUTHORITY PRESERVED.—Nothing in this sec-
- 4 tion or section 5 shall be construed to limit the authority
- 5 of the Federal Trade Commission under any other provi-

6 sion of law.

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