R5 7lr0494

By: Senators Manno, Feldman, King, Lee, Madaleno, Norman, Rosapepe, Salling, Smith, and Zucker

Introduced and read first time: January 16, 2017

Assigned to: Finance

AN ACT concerning

A BILL ENTITLED

2	Mary	land Transportation Authority – Video Tolls – Collection				
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	FOR the purpose of requiring the Maryland Transportation Authority to orally notify the registered owner of a motor vehicle that has incurred a video toll of the toll due if the video toll exceeds a certain amount or the registered owner has outstanding video tolls in excess of a certain amount; establishing the amount of a certain civil penalty imposed for failing to pay a video toll; prohibiting the Authority from referring a video toll to the Central Collection Unit for collection; and generally relating to the collection of certain video tolls.					
10						
11	Article - Transportation					
12						
13	Annotated Code of Maryland					
14	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)					
15	SECTION	1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,				
16	That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:					
17		Article - Transportation				
18	21–1414.					
19	(a) (1)	In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.				
20	(2)	"Authority" means the Maryland Transportation Authority.				
21	(3)	"Electronic toll collection" means a system in a toll collection facility				

that is capable of collecting information from a motor vehicle for use in charging tolls.



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toll transaction occurs.

SENATE BILL 139

1 "Notice of toll due" or "notice" means an administrative notice of a video **(4)** 2 toll transaction. 3 (5)"Person alleged to be liable" means: The registered owner of a motor vehicle involved in a video toll 4 (i) 5 transaction; or 6 A person to whom a registered owner of a motor vehicle has 7 transferred liability for a video toll transaction in accordance with this section and the 8 regulations of the Authority. 9 "Recorded image" means an image of a motor vehicle passing through a toll collection facility recorded by a video monitoring system: 10 (i) On: 11 121. One or more photographs, micrographs, or electronic 13 images: Videotape; or 14 2.15 3. Any other medium; and 16 Showing either the front or rear of the motor vehicle on at least (ii) 17 one image or portion of tape and clearly identifying the license plate number and state of 18 the motor vehicle. "Registered owner" means, with respect to a motor vehicle, the person 19 20 or persons designated as the registered owner in the records of the government agency that 21is responsible for motor vehicle registration. 22 "Toll collection facility" means any point on an Authority highway where a toll is incurred and is required to be paid. 2324"Toll violation" means the failure to pay a video toll within the time (9)25prescribed by the Authority in a notice of toll due. 26 "Video monitoring system" means a device installed to work in 27 conjunction with a toll collection facility that produces a recorded image when a video toll 28transaction occurs. "Video toll" means the amount assessed by the Authority when a video 29

- 1 (12) "Video toll transaction" means any transaction in which a motor vehicle 2 does not or did not pay a toll at the time of passage through a toll collection facility with a 3 video monitoring system.
- 4 (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, the registered owner 5 of a motor vehicle shall be liable to the Authority for payment of a video toll as provided for 6 in the regulations of the Authority.
- 7 (2) (I) The Authority shall send the registered owner of a motor vehicle 8 that has incurred a video toll a notice of toll due.
- 9 (II) THE AUTHORITY SHALL ORALLY NOTIFY THE REGISTERED 10 OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE THAT HAS INCURRED A VIDEO TOLL OF THE TOLL DUE 11 IF:
- 12 THE VIDEO TOLL IS MORE THAN 100% OF THE 13 ORIGINAL TOLL AMOUNT; OR
- 14 2. THE REGISTERED OWNER HAS OUTSTANDING VIDEO TOLLS IN EXCESS OF \$250.
- 16 (III) THE ORAL NOTIFICATION REQUIRED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF A PERSON-TO-PERSON CONTACT AND DOES NOT INCLUDE THE USE OF VOICEMAIL OR AUTOMATED TELEPHONE NOTIFICATIONS.
- 20 (3) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, the person alleged 21 to be liable who receives a notice of toll due UNDER PARAGRAPH (2)(I) OF THIS 22 SUBSECTION shall have at least 30 days to pay the video toll.
- (c) (1) Failure of the person alleged to be liable to pay the video toll under a notice of toll due by the date stated on the notice shall constitute a toll violation subject to a civil citation and a civil penalty, which shall be assessed 15 days after the toll violation occurs, as provided for in the regulations of the Authority.
- 27 (2) A registered owner of a motor vehicle shall not be liable for a civil 28 penalty imposed under this section if the operator of the motor vehicle has been convicted 29 of failure or refusal to pay a toll under § 21–1413 of this subtitle for the same violation.
- 30 (3) THE CIVIL PENALTY IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS 31 SUBSECTION SHALL EQUAL 25% OF THE VIDEO TOLL.
- 32 (d) (1) The Authority or its duly authorized agent shall send a citation via 33 first—class mail, no later than 60 days after the toll violation, to the person alleged to be 34 liable under this section.

1 2 3	(2) Personal service of the citation on the person alleged to be liable shall not be required, and a record of mailing kept in the ordinary course of business shall be admissible evidence of the mailing of the notice of toll due and citation.				
4	(3)	A cita	tion shall contain:		
5 6	this section;	(i)	The name and address of the person alleged to be liable under		
7 8	vehicle involved in	(ii) the vi	The license plate number and state of registration of the motor deo toll transaction;		
9		(iii)	The location where the video toll transaction took place;		
10		(iv)	The date and time of the video toll transaction;		
11 12	the notice of toll du	(v) ae;	The amount of the video toll and the date it was due as stated on		
13		(vi)	A copy of the recorded image;		
14 15	penalty was assess	(vii) sed;	A statement that the video toll was not paid before the civil		
16		(viii)	The amount of the civil penalty; and		
17		(ix)	The date by which the video toll and civil penalty must be paid.		
18	(4)	A cita	tion shall also include:		
19 20 21	section of the mar		Information advising the person alleged to be liable under this and the time in which liability alleged in the citation may be		
22 23	that were originall	(ii) y inclu	The statutory defenses described in subsection (g) of this section ded in the notice of toll due; and		
24 25 26 27	(iii) A warning that failure to pay the video toll and civil penalty, to contest liability in the manner and time prescribed, or to appear at a trial requested is an admission of liability and a waiver of available defenses, and may result in the refusal or suspension of the motor vehicle registration and referral for collection.				
28 29	(5) under this section	-	son alleged to be liable receiving the citation for a toll violation		

$\frac{1}{2}$	(i) Pay the video toll and the civil penalty directly to the Authority; or					
3	(ii) Elect to stand trial for the alleged violation.					
4 5 6 7	(6) (i) If the person alleged to be liable under this section fails to elect to stand trial or to pay the prescribed video toll and civil penalty within 30 days after mailing of the citation, or is adjudicated to be liable after trial, or fails to appear at trial after having elected to stand trial, the Authority or its duly authorized agent may:					
8 9	1. Collect the video toll and the civil penalty by any means of collection as provided by law; and					
10 11	$2. \qquad \text{Notify the Administration of the failure to pay the video toll and civil penalty in accordance with § 27–110 of this article.}$					
12 13 14	(ii) No additional hearing or proceeding is required before the Administration takes action with respect to the registered vehicle of the owner under \S 27–110 of this article.					
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	toll payment was not received before the civil penalty was assessed, sworn to or affirmed by a duly authorized agent of the Authority, based upon inspection of a recorded image and electronic toll collection records produced by an electronic toll collection video monitoring system shall be evidence of the facts contained therein and shall be admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this section without the presence or testimony of the					
22 23	(2) The citation, including the certificate, shall constitute prima facie evidence of liability for the toll violation and civil penalty.					
24	(f) Adjudication of liability under this section:					
25	(1) Shall be based upon a preponderance of evidence;					
26 27	(2) May not be deemed a conviction of a registered owner of a motor vehicle under the Motor Vehicle Code;					
28 29	(3) May not be made part of the registered owner's motor vehicle operating record; and					
30 31	(4) May not be considered in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.					
32 33	(g) (1) If, at the time of a video toll transaction, a motor vehicle is operated by a person other than the registered owner without the express or implied consent of the					

registered owner, and if the registered owner by the date stated on the notice of toll due

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provides the Authority or its duly authorized agent with a notarized admission by the person accepting liability which shall include that person's name, address, and driver's license identification number, then the person accepting liability shall be liable under this section and shall be sent a notice of toll due.

- (2) If the registered owner is a lessor of motor vehicles, and at the time of the video toll transaction the motor vehicle involved was in the possession of a lessee, and the lessor by the date stated on the notice of toll due provides the Authority or its duly authorized agent with a copy of the lease agreement or other documentation acceptable to the Authority identifying the lessee, including the person's name, address, and driver's license identification number or federal employer identification number, then the lessee shall be liable under this section and shall be sent a notice of toll due.
- (3) If the motor vehicle involved in a video toll transaction is operated using a dealer or transporter registration plate, and at the time of the video toll transaction the motor vehicle was under the custody and control of a person other than the owner of the dealer or transporter registration plate, and if the owner of the dealer or transporter registration plate by the date stated on the notice of toll due provides to the Authority or its duly authorized agent a copy of the contractual agreement or other documentation acceptable to the Authority identifying the person, including the person's name, address, and driver's license identification number, who had custody and control over the motor vehicle at the time of the video toll transaction, then that person and not the owner of the dealer or transporter registration plate shall be liable under this section and shall be sent a notice of toll due.
- (4) If a motor vehicle or registration plate number is reported to a law enforcement agency as stolen at the time of the video toll transaction, and the registered owner by the date stated on the notice of toll due provides to the Authority or its duly authorized agent a copy of the police report substantiating that the motor vehicle was stolen at the time of the video toll transaction, then the registered owner of the motor vehicle is not liable under this section.
- [(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, until the Authority refers the debt to the Central Collection Unit, the Authority may waive any portion of the video toll due or civil penalty assessed under this section.]
- (H) THE AUTHORITY MAY NOT REFER A VIDEO TOLL TO THE CENTRAL COLLECTION UNIT FOR COLLECTION.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2017.