HOUSE BILL 237

R5 7lr1491

By: Delegates Carr, Korman, Robinson, and Tarlau

Introduced and read first time: January 20, 2017 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation

A BILL ENTITLED

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T	AN	ACT	concerning

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Vehicle Laws - Intersections - Prohibited Acts

- FOR the purpose of prohibiting vehicle traffic from entering certain intersections against certain traffic signals if the vehicle is unable to safely and completely proceed through the intersection; prohibiting the driver of a vehicle approaching a stop sign at an intersecting highway from crossing the intersecting highway if the driver is unable to safely and completely proceed through the intersection; making conforming changes; and generally relating to prohibited acts by vehicle traffic at intersections.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Transportation
- 12 Section 21–202 and 21–403
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
- 15 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND.
- 16 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

17 Article - Transportation

- 18 21–202.
- 19 (a) (1) Except for special pedestrian signals that carry a legend, where traffic 20 is controlled by traffic control signals that show different colored lights or colored lighted
- 21 arrows, whether successively one at a time or in combination, only the colors green, red,
- 22 and yellow may be used.
- 23 (2) These lights apply to drivers and pedestrians as provided in this
- 24 section.



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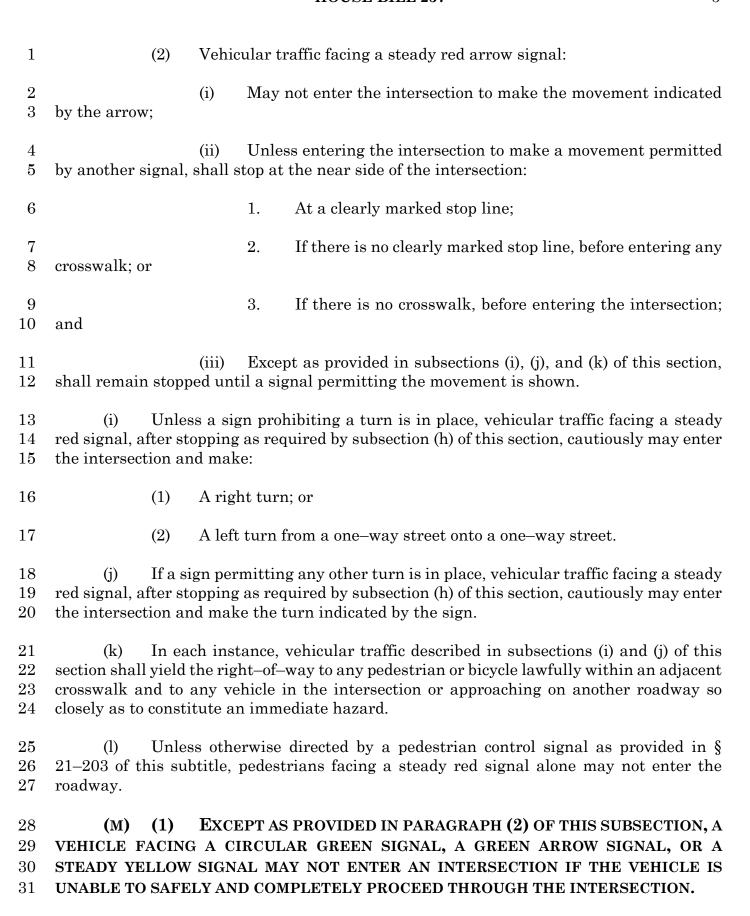
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- (b) [Vehicular] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (M) OF THIS SECTION, VEHICULAR traffic facing a circular green signal may proceed straight through or, unless a sign at the place prohibits the turn, turn right or left.
- (c) Vehicular traffic described under subsection (b) of this section, including any vehicle turning right or left, shall yield the right-of-way to any other vehicle and any pedestrian lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk when the signal is shown.
- (d) [Vehicular] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (M) OF THIS SECTION, VEHICULAR traffic facing a green arrow signal, whether shown alone or with another indication, cautiously may enter the intersection, but only to make the movement indicated by the arrow or to make another movement permitted by other indications shown at the same time.
- 13 (e) Vehicular traffic described under subsection (d) of this section shall yield the 14 right—of—way to any pedestrian or bicycle lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk and to any 15 other traffic lawfully using the intersection.
- 16 (f) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian control signal as provided in § 21–203 of this subtitle, a pedestrian facing any green signal, unless the green signal is only 18 a turn arrow, may cross the roadway, within any marked or unmarked crosswalk, in the direction of the green signal.
- 20 (g) (1) Vehicular traffic facing a steady yellow signal is warned that the related green movement is ending or that a red signal, which will prohibit vehicular traffic from entering the intersection, will be shown immediately after the yellow signal.
 - (2) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian control signal as provided in § 21–203 of this subtitle, a pedestrian facing a steady yellow signal is warned that there is not enough time to cross the roadway before a red signal is shown, and a pedestrian may not then start to cross the roadway.
- 27 (h) (1) Vehicular traffic facing a steady circular red signal alone:
- 28 (i) Shall stop at the near side of the intersection:
- 29 1. At a clearly marked stop line;
- 30 2. If there is no clearly marked stop line, before entering any 31 crosswalk; or
- 32 3. If there is no crosswalk, before entering the intersection; 33 and
- 34 (ii) Except as provided in subsections (i), (j), and (k) of this section, 35 shall remain stopped until a signal to proceed is shown.



- 1 (2) A VEHICLE THAT IS MAKING A LEFT TURN MAY ENTER THE 2 INTERSECTION WHILE YIELDING THE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO ANY OTHER VEHICLE THAT 3 IS APPROACHING FROM THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION.
- [(m)] (N) Except for those provisions of this section that by their very nature cannot apply, this section applies to a traffic control signal placed at a location other than an intersection. Each stop required by the signal shall be made at a sign or marking on the pavement indicating where the stop shall be made or, if there is no sign or marking, at the signal.
- 9 21-403.
- 10 (a) Preferential right-of-way at an intersection may be indicated by stop signs or 11 yield signs placed in accordance with the Maryland Vehicle Law.
- 12 (b) If the driver of a vehicle approaches a through highway, the driver shall:
- 13 (1) Stop at the entrance to the through highway; and
- 14 (2) Yield the right-of-way to any other vehicle approaching on the through 15 highway.
- 16 (c) If a stop sign is placed at the entrance to an intersecting highway, even if the intersecting highway is not part of a through highway, the driver of a vehicle approaching the intersecting highway [shall]:
- 19 (1) [Stop] SHALL STOP in obedience to the stop sign; [and]
- 20 (2) [Yield] **SHALL YIELD** the right-of-way to any other vehicle 21 approaching on the intersecting highway; **AND**
- 22 (3) MAY NOT CROSS INTO THE INTERSECTING HIGHWAY IF THE 23 DRIVER IS UNABLE TO SAFELY AND COMPLETELY PROCEED THROUGH THE 24 INTERSECTION.
- 25 (d) If a "yield" sign facing the driver of a vehicle is placed on the approach to an 26 intersection, the driver shall:
- 27 (1) Approach the intersection with caution;
- 28 (2) Yield the right-of-way to any other vehicle approaching on the other 29 highway; and
- 30 (3) If necessary, stop in order to yield this right-of-way.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2017.