As Reported by the House Ways and Means Committee

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

Sub. H. B. No. 545

Representative Arndt

Cosponsors: Representatives Romanchuk, Schaffer, Riedel, Becker, Hood, Lang, Scherer, Hambley, Patmon, Rogers, Anielski, Boyd, Cera, Green, Henne, Ramos, Retherford, Ryan

A BILL

То	amend sections 5739.02, 5739.03, and 5739.121 of	1
	the Revised Code to authorize small retailers to	2
	remit sales taxes when the retailer receives	3
	payment from the purchaser if the payment is	4
	received after the purchased item is delivered	5
	or the service is provided and to exempt from	6
	sales and use tax tampons and other feminine	7
	hygiene products associated with menstruation	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5739.02, 5739.03, and 5739.121 of	9
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	10
Sec. 5739.02. For the purpose of providing revenue with	11
which to meet the needs of the state, for the use of the general	12
revenue fund of the state, for the purpose of securing a	13
thorough and efficient system of common schools throughout the	14
state, for the purpose of affording revenues, in addition to	15
those from general property taxes, permitted under	16
constitutional limitations, and from other sources, for the	17

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support of local governmental functions, and for the purpose of reimbursing the state for the expense of administering this chapter, an excise tax is hereby levied on each retail sale made in this state.

- (A) (1) The tax shall be collected as provided in section 22 5739.025 of the Revised Code. The rate of the tax shall be five 23 and three-fourths per cent. The tax applies and is collectible 24 when the sale is made, regardless of the time when the price is 25 paid or delivered. 26
- (2) In the case of the lease or rental, with a fixed term of more than thirty days or an indefinite term with a minimum period of more than thirty days, of any motor vehicles designed by the manufacturer to carry a load of not more than one ton, watercraft, outboard motor, or aircraft, or of any tangible personal property, other than motor vehicles designed by the manufacturer to carry a load of more than one ton, to be used by the lessee or renter primarily for business purposes, the tax shall be collected by the vendor at the time the lease or rental is consummated and shall be calculated by the vendor on the basis of the total amount to be paid by the lessee or renter under the lease agreement. If the total amount of the consideration for the lease or rental includes amounts that are not calculated at the time the lease or rental is executed, the tax shall be calculated and collected by the vendor at the time such amounts are billed to the lessee or renter. In the case of an open-end lease or rental, the tax shall be calculated by the vendor on the basis of the total amount to be paid during the initial fixed term of the lease or rental, and for each subsequent renewal period as it comes due. As used in this division, "motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, and "watercraft" includes an

outdrive unit attached to the watercraft.

A lease with a renewal clause and a termination penalty or similar provision that applies if the renewal clause is not exercised is presumed to be a sham transaction. In such a case, the tax shall be calculated and paid on the basis of the entire length of the lease period, including any renewal periods, until the termination penalty or similar provision no longer applies. The taxpayer shall bear the burden, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the transaction or series of transactions is not a sham transaction.

- (3) Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, in the case of a sale, the price of which consists in whole or in part of the lease or rental of tangible personal property, the tax shall be measured by the installments of that lease or rental.
- (4) In the case of a sale of a physical fitness facility service or recreation and sports club service, the price of which consists in whole or in part of a membership for the receipt of the benefit of the service, the tax applicable to the sale shall be measured by the installments thereof.
 - (B) The tax does not apply to the following:
- (1) Sales to the state or any of its political subdivisions, or to any other state or its political subdivisions if the laws of that state exempt from taxation sales made to this state and its political subdivisions;
- (2) Sales of food for human consumption off the premises where sold;
- (3) Sales of food sold to students only in a cafeteria, dormitory, fraternity, or sorority maintained in a private,

public, or parochial school, college, or university;	78
(4) Sales of newspapers and sales or transfers of	79
magazines distributed as controlled circulation publications;	80
(5) The furnishing, preparing, or serving of meals without	81
charge by an employer to an employee provided the employer	82
records the meals as part compensation for services performed or	83
work done;	84
(6) Sales of motor fuel upon receipt, use, distribution,	85
or sale of which in this state a tax is imposed by the law of	86
this state, but this exemption shall not apply to the sale of	87
motor fuel on which a refund of the tax is allowable under	88
division (A) of section 5735.14 of the Revised Code; and the tax	89
commissioner may deduct the amount of tax levied by this section	90
applicable to the price of motor fuel when granting a refund of	91
motor fuel tax pursuant to division (A) of section 5735.14 of	92
the Revised Code and shall cause the amount deducted to be paid	93
into the general revenue fund of this state;	94
(7) Sales of natural gas by a natural gas company or	95
municipal gas utility, of water by a water-works company, or of	96
steam by a heating company, if in each case the thing sold is	97
delivered to consumers through pipes or conduits, and all sales	98
of communications services by a telegraph company, all terms as	99
defined in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code, and sales of	100
electricity delivered through wires;	101
(8) Casual sales by a person, or auctioneer employed	102
directly by the person to conduct such sales, except as to such	103
sales of motor vehicles, watercraft or outboard motors required	104
to be titled under section 1548.06 of the Revised Code,	105
watercraft documented with the United States coast guard,	106

television broadcasting station.

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snowmobiles, and all-purpose vehicles as defined in section 107 4519.01 of the Revised Code; 108 (9) (a) Sales of services or tangible personal property, 109 other than motor vehicles, mobile homes, and manufactured homes, 110 by churches, organizations exempt from taxation under section 111 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or nonprofit 112 organizations operated exclusively for charitable purposes as 113 defined in division (B)(12) of this section, provided that the 114 number of days on which such tangible personal property or 115 116 services, other than items never subject to the tax, are sold does not exceed six in any calendar year, except as otherwise 117 provided in division (B)(9)(b) of this section. If the number of 118 days on which such sales are made exceeds six in any calendar 119 year, the church or organization shall be considered to be 120 engaged in business and all subsequent sales by it shall be 121 subject to the tax. In counting the number of days, all sales by 122 groups within a church or within an organization shall be 123 considered to be sales of that church or organization. 124 (b) The limitation on the number of days on which tax-125 exempt sales may be made by a church or organization under 126 division (B)(9)(a) of this section does not apply to sales made 127 by student clubs and other groups of students of a primary or 128 secondary school, or a parent-teacher association, booster 129 group, or similar organization that raises money to support or 130 fund curricular or extracurricular activities of a primary or 131 secondary school. 132 (c) Divisions (B) (9) (a) and (b) of this section do not 133 apply to sales by a noncommercial educational radio or 134

(10) Sales not within the taxing power of this state under

the Constitution or laws of the United States or the	137
Constitution of this state;	138
(11) Except for transactions that are sales under division	139
(B)(3)(r) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code, the	140
transportation of persons or property, unless the transportation	141
is by a private investigation and security service;	142
(12) Sales of tangible personal property or services to	143
churches, to organizations exempt from taxation under section	144
501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and to any other	145
nonprofit organizations operated exclusively for charitable	146
purposes in this state, no part of the net income of which	147
inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual,	148
and no substantial part of the activities of which consists of	149
carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence	150
legislation; sales to offices administering one or more homes	151
for the aged or one or more hospital facilities exempt under	152
section 140.08 of the Revised Code; and sales to organizations	153
described in division (D) of section 5709.12 of the Revised	154
Code.	155
"Charitable purposes" means the relief of poverty; the	156
improvement of health through the alleviation of illness,	157
disease, or injury; the operation of an organization exclusively	158
for the provision of professional, laundry, printing, and	159
purchasing services to hospitals or charitable institutions; the	160
operation of a home for the aged, as defined in section 5701.13	161
of the Revised Code; the operation of a radio or television	162
broadcasting station that is licensed by the federal	163
communications commission as a noncommercial educational radio	164
or television station; the operation of a nonprofit animal	165
adoption service or a county humane society; the promotion of	166

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education by an institution of learning that maintains a faculty	167
of qualified instructors, teaches regular continuous courses of	168
study, and confers a recognized diploma upon completion of a	169
specific curriculum; the operation of a parent-teacher	170
association, booster group, or similar organization primarily	171
engaged in the promotion and support of the curricular or	172
extracurricular activities of a primary or secondary school; the	173
operation of a community or area center in which presentations	174
in music, dramatics, the arts, and related fields are made in	175
order to foster public interest and education therein; the	176
production of performances in music, dramatics, and the arts; or	177
the promotion of education by an organization engaged in	178
carrying on research in, or the dissemination of, scientific and	179
technological knowledge and information primarily for the	180
public.	181

Nothing in this division shall be deemed to exempt sales to any organization for use in the operation or carrying on of a trade or business, or sales to a home for the aged for use in the operation of independent living facilities as defined in division (A) of section 5709.12 of the Revised Code.

(13) Building and construction materials and services sold 187 to construction contractors for incorporation into a structure 188 or improvement to real property under a construction contract 189 with this state or a political subdivision of this state, or 190 with the United States government or any of its agencies; 191 building and construction materials and services sold to 192 construction contractors for incorporation into a structure or 193 improvement to real property that are accepted for ownership by 194 this state or any of its political subdivisions, or by the 195 United States government or any of its agencies at the time of 196 completion of the structures or improvements; building and 197

construction materials sold to construction contractors for	198
incorporation into a horticulture structure or livestock	199
structure for a person engaged in the business of horticulture	200
or producing livestock; building materials and services sold to	201
a construction contractor for incorporation into a house of	202
public worship or religious education, or a building used	203
exclusively for charitable purposes under a construction	204
contract with an organization whose purpose is as described in	205
division (B)(12) of this section; building materials and	206
services sold to a construction contractor for incorporation	207
into a building under a construction contract with an	208
organization exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the	209
Internal Revenue Code of 1986 when the building is to be used	210
exclusively for the organization's exempt purposes; building and	211
construction materials sold for incorporation into the original	212
construction of a sports facility under section 307.696 of the	213
Revised Code; building and construction materials and services	214
sold to a construction contractor for incorporation into real	215
property outside this state if such materials and services, when	216
sold to a construction contractor in the state in which the real	217
property is located for incorporation into real property in that	218
state, would be exempt from a tax on sales levied by that state;	219
building and construction materials for incorporation into a	220
transportation facility pursuant to a public-private agreement	221
entered into under sections 5501.70 to 5501.83 of the Revised	222
Code; and, until one calendar year after the construction of a	223
convention center that qualifies for property tax exemption	224
under section 5709.084 of the Revised Code is completed,	225
building and construction materials and services sold to a	226
construction contractor for incorporation into the real property	227
comprising that convention center;	228

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(14) Sales of ships or vessels or rail rolling stock used	229
or to be used principally in interstate or foreign commerce, and	230
repairs, alterations, fuel, and lubricants for such ships or	231
vessels or rail rolling stock;	232
(15) Sales to persons primarily engaged in any of the	233
activities mentioned in division (B) (42) (a), (g) , or (h) of this	234
section, to persons engaged in making retail sales, or to	235
persons who purchase for sale from a manufacturer tangible	236
personal property that was produced by the manufacturer in	237
accordance with specific designs provided by the purchaser, of	238
packages, including material, labels, and parts for packages,	239
and of machinery, equipment, and material for use primarily in	240
packaging tangible personal property produced for sale,	241
including any machinery, equipment, and supplies used to make	242
labels or packages, to prepare packages or products for	243
labeling, or to label packages or products, by or on the order	244
of the person doing the packaging, or sold at retail. "Packages"	245
includes bags, baskets, cartons, crates, boxes, cans, bottles,	246
bindings, wrappings, and other similar devices and containers,	247
but does not include motor vehicles or bulk tanks, trailers, or	248
similar devices attached to motor vehicles. "Packaging" means	249
placing in a package. Division (B)(15) of this section does not	250
apply to persons engaged in highway transportation for hire.	251
(16) Sales of food to persons using supplemental nutrition	252
assistance program benefits to purchase the food. As used in	253
this division, "food" has the same meaning as in 7 U.S.C. 2012	254
and federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Food and	255
Nutrition Act of 2008.	256

(17) Sales to persons engaged in farming, agriculture,

horticulture, or floriculture, of tangible personal property for

use or consumption primarily in the production by farming,	259
agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture of other tangible	260
personal property for use or consumption primarily in the	261
production of tangible personal property for sale by farming,	262
agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture; or material and	263
parts for incorporation into any such tangible personal property	264
for use or consumption in production; and of tangible personal	265
property for such use or consumption in the conditioning or	266
holding of products produced by and for such use, consumption,	267
or sale by persons engaged in farming, agriculture,	268
horticulture, or floriculture, except where such property is	269
incorporated into real property;	270

- (18) Sales of drugs for a human being that may be dispensed only pursuant to a prescription; insulin as recognized in the official United States pharmacopoeia; urine and blood testing materials when used by diabetics or persons with hypoglycemia to test for glucose or acetone; hypodermic syringes and needles when used by diabetics for insulin injections; epoetin alfa when purchased for use in the treatment of persons with medical disease; hospital beds when purchased by hospitals, nursing homes, or other medical facilities; and medical oxygen and medical oxygen-dispensing equipment when purchased by hospitals, nursing homes, or other medical facilities;
- (19) Sales of prosthetic devices, durable medical
 equipment for home use, or mobility enhancing equipment, when
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 made pursuant to a prescription and when such devices or
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 equipment are for use by a human being.
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- (20) Sales of emergency and fire protection vehicles and
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 equipment to nonprofit organizations for use solely in providing
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 fire protection and emergency services, including trauma care
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and emergency medical services, for political subdivisions of	289
the state;	290
(21) Sales of tangible personal property manufactured in	291
this state, if sold by the manufacturer in this state to a	292
retailer for use in the retail business of the retailer outside	293
of this state and if possession is taken from the manufacturer	294
by the purchaser within this state for the sole purpose of	295
immediately removing the same from this state in a vehicle owned	296
by the purchaser;	297
(22) Sales of services provided by the state or any of its	298
political subdivisions, agencies, instrumentalities,	299
institutions, or authorities, or by governmental entities of the	300
state or any of its political subdivisions, agencies,	301
instrumentalities, institutions, or authorities;	302
(23) Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state	303
under the circumstances described in division (B) of section	304
5739.029 of the Revised Code;	305
(24) Sales to persons engaged in the preparation of eggs	306
for sale of tangible personal property used or consumed directly	307
in such preparation, including such tangible personal property	308
used for cleaning, sanitizing, preserving, grading, sorting, and	309
classifying by size; packages, including material and parts for	310
packages, and machinery, equipment, and material for use in	311
packaging eggs for sale; and handling and transportation	312
equipment and parts therefor, except motor vehicles licensed to	313
operate on public highways, used in intraplant or interplant	314
transfers or shipment of eggs in the process of preparation for	315
sale, when the plant or plants within or between which such	316
transfers or shipments occur are operated by the same person.	317
"Packages" includes containers, cases, baskets, flats, fillers,	318

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defined in division (B)(5)(a) of section 5739.01 of the Revised	346
Code;	347
(31) Sales and erection or installation of portable grain	348
bins, as defined in division (B)(5)(b) of section 5739.01 of the	349
Revised Code;	350
(32) The sale, lease, repair, and maintenance of, parts	351
for, or items attached to or incorporated in, motor vehicles	352
that are primarily used for transporting tangible personal	353
property belonging to others by a person engaged in highway	354
transportation for hire, except for packages and packaging used	355
for the transportation of tangible personal property;	356
(33) Sales to the state headquarters of any veterans'	357
organization in this state that is either incorporated and	358
issued a charter by the congress of the United States or is	359
recognized by the United States veterans administration, for use	360
by the headquarters;	361
(34) Sales to a telecommunications service vendor, mobile	362
telecommunications service vendor, or satellite broadcasting	363
service vendor of tangible personal property and services used	364
directly and primarily in transmitting, receiving, switching, or	365
recording any interactive, one- or two-way electromagnetic	366
communications, including voice, image, data, and information,	367
through the use of any medium, including, but not limited to,	368
poles, wires, cables, switching equipment, computers, and record	369
storage devices and media, and component parts for the tangible	370
personal property. The exemption provided in this division shall	371
be in lieu of all other exemptions under division (B)(42)(a) or	372
(n) of this section to which the vendor may otherwise be	373
entitled, based upon the use of the thing purchased in providing	374
the telecommunications, mobile telecommunications, or satellite	375

broadcasting service.	376
(35)(a) Sales where the purpose of the consumer is to use	377
or consume the things transferred in making retail sales and	378
consisting of newspaper inserts, catalogues, coupons, flyers,	379
gift certificates, or other advertising material that prices and	380
describes tangible personal property offered for retail sale.	381
(b) Sales to direct marketing vendors of preliminary	382
materials such as photographs, artwork, and typesetting that	383
will be used in printing advertising material; and of printed	384
matter that offers free merchandise or chances to win sweepstake	385
prizes and that is mailed to potential customers with	386
advertising material described in division (B)(35)(a) of this	387
section;	388
(c) Sales of equipment such as telephones, computers,	389
facsimile machines, and similar tangible personal property	390
primarily used to accept orders for direct marketing retail	391
sales.	392
(d) Sales of automatic food vending machines that preserve	393
food with a shelf life of forty-five days or less by	394
refrigeration and dispense it to the consumer.	395
For purposes of division (B)(35) of this section, "direct	396
marketing" means the method of selling where consumers order	397
tangible personal property by United States mail, delivery	398
service, or telecommunication and the vendor delivers or ships	399
the tangible personal property sold to the consumer from a	400
warehouse, catalogue distribution center, or similar fulfillment	401
facility by means of the United States mail, delivery service,	402
or common carrier.	403

(36) Sales to a person engaged in the business of

horticulture or producing livestock of materials to be	405
incorporated into a horticulture structure or livestock	406
structure;	407
(37) Sales of personal computers, computer monitors,	408
computer keyboards, modems, and other peripheral computer	409
equipment to an individual who is licensed or certified to teach	410
in an elementary or a secondary school in this state for use by	411
that individual in preparation for teaching elementary or	412
secondary school students;	413
(38) Sales to a professional racing team of any of the	414
following:	415
(a) Motor racing vehicles;	416
(b) Repair services for motor racing vehicles;	417
(c) Items of property that are attached to or incorporated	418
in motor racing vehicles, including engines, chassis, and all	419
other components of the vehicles, and all spare, replacement,	420
and rebuilt parts or components of the vehicles; except not	421
including tires, consumable fluids, paint, and accessories	422
consisting of instrumentation sensors and related items added to	423
the vehicle to collect and transmit data by means of telemetry	424
and other forms of communication.	425
(39) Sales of used manufactured homes and used mobile	426
homes, as defined in section 5739.0210 of the Revised Code, made	427
on or after January 1, 2000;	428
(40) Sales of tangible personal property and services to a	429
provider of electricity used or consumed directly and primarily	430
in generating, transmitting, or distributing electricity for use	431
by others, including property that is or is to be incorporated	432
into and will become a part of the consumer's production	133

transmission, or distribution system and that retains its	434
classification as tangible personal property after	435
incorporation; fuel or power used in the production,	436
transmission, or distribution of electricity; energy conversion	437
equipment as defined in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code; and	438
tangible personal property and services used in the repair and	439
maintenance of the production, transmission, or distribution	440
system, including only those motor vehicles as are specially	441
designed and equipped for such use. The exemption provided in	442
this division shall be in lieu of all other exemptions in	443
division (B)(42)(a) or (n) of this section to which a provider	444
of electricity may otherwise be entitled based on the use of the	445
tangible personal property or service purchased in generating,	446
transmitting, or distributing electricity.	447

- (41) Sales to a person providing services under division
 (B) (3) (r) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code of tangible
 personal property and services used directly and primarily in
 providing taxable services under that section.
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- (42) Sales where the purpose of the purchaser is to do any 452 of the following:
- (a) To incorporate the thing transferred as a material or 454 a part into tangible personal property to be produced for sale 455 by manufacturing, assembling, processing, or refining; or to use 456 or consume the thing transferred directly in producing tangible 457 personal property for sale by mining, including, without 458 limitation, the extraction from the earth of all substances that 459 are classed geologically as minerals, production of crude oil 460 and natural gas, or directly in the rendition of a public 461 utility service, except that the sales tax levied by this 462 section shall be collected upon all meals, drinks, and food for 463

human consumption sold when transporting persons. Persons	464
engaged in rendering services in the exploration for, and	465
production of, crude oil and natural gas for others are deemed	466
engaged directly in the exploration for, and production of,	467
crude oil and natural gas. This paragraph does not exempt from	468
"retail sale" or "sales at retail" the sale of tangible personal	469
property that is to be incorporated into a structure or	470
improvement to real property.	471
(b) To hold the thing transferred as security for the	472
performance of an obligation of the vendor;	473
(c) To resell, hold, use, or consume the thing transferred	474
as evidence of a contract of insurance;	475
(d) To use or consume the thing directly in commercial	476
fishing;	477
(e) To incorporate the thing transferred as a material or	478
a part into, or to use or consume the thing transferred directly	479
in the production of, magazines distributed as controlled	480
circulation publications;	481
(f) To use or consume the thing transferred in the	482
production and preparation in suitable condition for market and	483
sale of printed, imprinted, overprinted, lithographic,	484
multilithic, blueprinted, photostatic, or other productions or	485
reproductions of written or graphic matter;	486
(g) To use the thing transferred, as described in section	487
5739.011 of the Revised Code, primarily in a manufacturing	488
operation to produce tangible personal property for sale;	489
(h) To use the benefit of a warranty, maintenance or	490
service contract, or similar agreement, as described in division (B) (7) of section 5739 01 of the Povised Code, to repair or	491
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maintain tangible personal property, if all of the property that	493
is the subject of the warranty, contract, or agreement would not	494
be subject to the tax imposed by this section;	495
(i) To use the thing transferred as qualified research and	496
development equipment;	497
(j) To use or consume the thing transferred primarily in	498
storing, transporting, mailing, or otherwise handling purchased	499
sales inventory in a warehouse, distribution center, or similar	500
facility when the inventory is primarily distributed outside	501
this state to retail stores of the person who owns or controls	502
the warehouse, distribution center, or similar facility, to	503
retail stores of an affiliated group of which that person is a	504
member, or by means of direct marketing. This division does not	505
apply to motor vehicles registered for operation on the public	506
highways. As used in this division, "affiliated group" has the	507
same meaning as in division (B)(3)(e) of section 5739.01 of the	508
Revised Code and "direct marketing" has the same meaning as in	509
division (B)(35) of this section.	510
(k) To use or consume the thing transferred to fulfill a	511
contractual obligation incurred by a warrantor pursuant to a	512
warranty provided as a part of the price of the tangible	513
personal property sold or by a vendor of a warranty, maintenance	514
or service contract, or similar agreement the provision of which	515
is defined as a sale under division (B)(7) of section 5739.01 of	516
the Revised Code;	517
(1) To use or consume the thing transferred in the	518
production of a newspaper for distribution to the public;	519
(m) To use tangible personal property to perform a service	520

listed in division (B)(3) of section 5739.01 of the Revised

Code, if the property is or is to be permanently transferred to	522
the consumer of the service as an integral part of the	523
performance of the service;	524
(n) To use or consume the thing transferred primarily in	525
producing tangible personal property for sale by farming,	526
agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture. Persons engaged in	527
rendering farming, agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture	528
services for others are deemed engaged primarily in farming,	529
agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture. This paragraph does	530
not exempt from "retail sale" or "sales at retail" the sale of	531
tangible personal property that is to be incorporated into a	532
structure or improvement to real property.	533
(o) To use or consume the thing transferred in acquiring,	534
formatting, editing, storing, and disseminating data or	535
information by electronic publishing;	536
(p) To provide the thing transferred to the owner or	537
lessee of a motor vehicle that is being repaired or serviced, if	538
the thing transferred is a rented motor vehicle and the	539
purchaser is reimbursed for the cost of the rented motor vehicle	540
by a manufacturer, warrantor, or provider of a maintenance,	541
service, or other similar contract or agreement, with respect to	542
the motor vehicle that is being repaired or serviced.	543
As used in division (B)(42) of this section, "thing"	544
includes all transactions included in divisions (B)(3)(a), (b),	545
and (e) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.	546
(43) Sales conducted through a coin operated device that	547
activates vacuum equipment or equipment that dispenses water,	548
whether or not in combination with soap or other cleaning agents	549

or wax, to the consumer for the consumer's use on the premises

in washing, cleaning, or waxing a motor vehicle, provided no	551
other personal property or personal service is provided as part	552
of the transaction.	553
(44) Sales of replacement and modification parts for	554
engines, airframes, instruments, and interiors in, and paint	555
for, aircraft used primarily in a fractional aircraft ownership	556
program, and sales of services for the repair, modification, and	557
maintenance of such aircraft, and machinery, equipment, and	558
supplies primarily used to provide those services.	559
(45) Sales of telecommunications service that is used	560
directly and primarily to perform the functions of a call	561
center. As used in this division, "call center" means any	562
physical location where telephone calls are placed or received	563
in high volume for the purpose of making sales, marketing,	564
customer service, technical support, or other specialized	565
business activity, and that employs at least fifty individuals	566
that engage in call center activities on a full-time basis, or	567
sufficient individuals to fill fifty full-time equivalent	568
positions.	569
(46) Sales by a telecommunications service vendor of 900	570
service to a subscriber. This division does not apply to	571
information services, as defined in division (FF) of section	572
5739.01 of the Revised Code.	573
(47) Sales of value-added non-voice data service. This	574
division does not apply to any similar service that is not	575
otherwise a telecommunications service.	576
(48)(a) Sales of machinery, equipment, and software to a	577
qualified direct selling entity for use in a warehouse or	578

distribution center primarily for storing, transporting, or

otherwise handling inventory that is held for sale to	580
independent salespersons who operate as direct sellers and that	581
is held primarily for distribution outside this state;	582
(b) As used in division (B)(48)(a) of this section:	583
(i) "Direct seller" means a person selling consumer	584
products to individuals for personal or household use and not	585
from a fixed retail location, including selling such product at	586
in-home product demonstrations, parties, and other one-on-one	587
selling.	588
(ii) "Qualified direct selling entity" means an entity	589
selling to direct sellers at the time the entity enters into a	590
tax credit agreement with the tax credit authority pursuant to	591
section 122.17 of the Revised Code, provided that the agreement	592
was entered into on or after January 1, 2007. Neither	593
contingencies relevant to the granting of, nor later	594
developments with respect to, the tax credit shall impair the	595
status of the qualified direct selling entity under division (B)	596
(48) of this section after execution of the tax credit agreement	597
by the tax credit authority.	598
(c) Division (B)(48) of this section is limited to	599
machinery, equipment, and software first stored, used, or	600
consumed in this state within the period commencing June 24,	601
2008, and ending on the date that is five years after that date.	602
(49) Sales of materials, parts, equipment, or engines used	603
in the repair or maintenance of aircraft or avionics systems of	604
such aircraft, and sales of repair, remodeling, replacement, or	605
maintenance services in this state performed on aircraft or on	606
an aircraft's avionics, engine, or component materials or parts.	607

As used in division (B)(49) of this section, "aircraft" means

aircraft of more than six thousand pounds maximum certified	609
takeoff weight or used exclusively in general aviation.	610
(50) Sales of full flight simulators that are used for	611
pilot or flight-crew training, sales of repair or replacement	612
parts or components, and sales of repair or maintenance services	613
for such full flight simulators. "Full flight simulator" means a	614
replica of a specific type, or make, model, and series of	615
aircraft cockpit. It includes the assemblage of equipment and	616
computer programs necessary to represent aircraft operations in	617
ground and flight conditions, a visual system providing an out-	618
of-the-cockpit view, and a system that provides cues at least	619
equivalent to those of a three-degree-of-freedom motion system,	620
and has the full range of capabilities of the systems installed	621
in the device as described in appendices A and B of part 60 of	622
chapter 1 of title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations.	623
(51) Any transfer or lease of tangible personal property	624
between the state and JobsOhio in accordance with section	625
4313.02 of the Revised Code.	626
(52)(a) Sales to a qualifying corporation.	627
(b) As used in division (B)(52) of this section:	628
(i) "Qualifying corporation" means a nonprofit corporation	629
organized in this state that leases from an eligible county	630
land, buildings, structures, fixtures, and improvements to the	631
land that are part of or used in a public recreational facility	632
used by a major league professional athletic team or a class A	633
to class AAA minor league affiliate of a major league	634
professional athletic team for a significant portion of the	635
team's home schedule, provided the following apply:	636
(I) The facility is leased from the eligible county	637

666

pursuant to a lease that requires substantially all of the	638
revenue from the operation of the business or activity conducted	639
by the nonprofit corporation at the facility in excess of	640
operating costs, capital expenditures, and reserves to be paid	641
to the eligible county at least once per calendar year.	642
(II) Upon dissolution and liquidation of the nonprofit	643
corporation, all of its net assets are distributable to the	644
board of commissioners of the eligible county from which the	645
corporation leases the facility.	646
(ii) "Eligible county" has the same meaning as in section	647
307.695 of the Revised Code.	648
(53) Sales to or by a cable service provider, video	649
service provider, or radio or television broadcast station	650
regulated by the federal government of cable service or	651
programming, video service or programming, audio service or	652
programming, or electronically transferred digital audiovisual	653
or audio work. As used in division (B)(53) of this section,	654
"cable service" and "cable service provider" have the same	655
meanings as in section 1332.01 of the Revised Code, and "video	656
service," "video service provider," and "video programming" have	657
the same meanings as in section 1332.21 of the Revised Code.	658
(54) Sales of investment metal bullion and investment	659
coins. "Investment metal bullion" means any bullion described in	660
section 408(m)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, regardless of	661
whether that bullion is in the physical possession of a trustee.	662
"Investment coin" means any coin composed primarily of gold,	663
silver, platinum, or palladium.	664
(55) Sales of a digital audio work electronically	665

transferred for delivery through use of a machine, such as a

of which is twenty dollars or less.	682
(b) As used in division (B)(56) of this section:	683
(i) "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable	684
for general use. "Clothing" includes, but is not limited to,	685
aprons, household and shop; athletic supporters; baby receiving	686
blankets; bathing suits and caps; beach capes and coats; belts	687
and suspenders; boots; coats and jackets; costumes; diapers,	688
children and adult, including disposable diapers; ear muffs	689
earmuffs; footlets; formal wear; garters and garter belts;	690
girdles; gloves and mittens for general use; hats and caps;	691
hosiery; insoles for shoes; lab coats; neckties; overshoes;	692
pantyhose; rainwear; rubber pants; sandals; scarves; shoes and	693
shoe laces; slippers; sneakers; socks and stockings; steel-toed	694

shoes; underwear; uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and wedding apparel. "Clothing" does not include items purchased for use in a trade or business; clothing accessories or equipment; protective equipment; sports or recreational equipment; belt buckles sold separately; costume masks sold separately; patches and emblems sold separately; sewing equipment and supplies including, but not limited to, knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing needles, tape measures, and thimbles; and sewing materials that become part of "clothing" including, but not limited to, buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers.

- (ii) "School supplies" means items commonly used by a student in a course of study. "School supplies" includes only the following items: binders; book bags; calculators; cellophane tape; blackboard chalk; compasses; composition books; crayons; erasers; folders, expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila; glue, paste, and paste sticks; highlighters; index cards; index card boxes; legal pads; lunch boxes; markers; notebooks; paper, loose-leaf ruled notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper, tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and construction paper; pencil boxes and other school supply boxes; pencil sharpeners; pencils; pens; protractors; rulers; scissors; and writing tablets. "School supplies" does not include any item purchased for use in a trade or business.
- (iii) "School instructional material" means written
 material commonly used by a student in a course of study as a
 reference and to learn the subject being taught. "School
 instructional material" includes only the following items:
 reference books, reference maps and globes, textbooks, and
 workbooks. "School instructional material" does not include any
 material purchased for use in a trade or business.

(57) On and after July 1, 2019, sales of tampons, panty	726
liners, menstrual cups, sanitary napkins, and other similar	727
tangible personal property the principal purpose of which is	728
feminine hygiene in connection with the menstrual cycle.	729
(C) For the purpose of the proper administration of this	730
chapter, and to prevent the evasion of the tax, it is presumed	731
that all sales made in this state are subject to the tax until	732
the contrary is established.	733
(D) The levy of this tax on retail sales of recreation and	734
sports club service shall not prevent a municipal corporation	735
from levying any tax on recreation and sports club dues or on	736
any income generated by recreation and sports club dues.	737
(E) The tax collected by the vendor from the consumer	738
under this chapter is not part of the price, but is a tax	739
collection for the benefit of the state, and of counties levying	740
an additional sales tax pursuant to section 5739.021 or 5739.026	741
of the Revised Code and of transit authorities levying an	742
additional sales tax pursuant to section 5739.023 of the Revised	743
Code. Except for the discount authorized under section 5739.12	744
of the Revised Code and the effects of any rounding pursuant to	745
section 5703.055 of the Revised Code, no person other than the	746
state or such a county or transit authority shall derive any	747
benefit from the collection or payment of the tax levied by this	748
section or section 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the	749
Revised Code.	750
Sec. 5739.03. (A) Except as provided in section 5739.05 or	751
section 5739.051 of the Revised Code, the tax imposed by or	752
pursuant to section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of	753
the Revised Code shall be paid by the consumer to the vendor,	754

and each vendor shall collect from the consumer, as a trustee

for the state of Ohio, the full and exact amount of the tax	756
payable on each taxable sale, in the manner and at the times	757
provided as follows:	758

- (1) If the price is, at or prior to the provision of the 759 service or the delivery of possession of the thing sold to the 760 consumer, paid in currency passed from hand to hand by the 761 consumer or the consumer's agent to the vendor or the vendor's 762 agent, the vendor or the vendor's agent shall collect the tax 763 with and at the same time as the price; 764
- (2) If the price is otherwise paid or to be paid, the 765 vendor or the vendor's agent shall, at or prior to the provision 766 of the service or the delivery of possession of the thing sold 767 to the consumer, charge the tax imposed by or pursuant to 768 section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the Revised 769 Code to the account of the consumer, which amount shall be 770 collected by the vendor from the consumer in addition to the 771 price. Such The amount of the tax shall become a legal charge in 772 favor of the vendor and against the consumer. Except as 773 authorized in division (G)(1) of this section, such a sale shall 774 be reported on and the amount of the tax applicable thereto 775 776 shall be remitted with the return for the period in which the sale is made, and the amount of the tax shall become a legal 777 charge in favor of the vendor and against the consumer. 778
- (B) (1) (a) If any sale is claimed to be exempt under 779 division (E) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code or under 780 section 5739.02 of the Revised Code, with the exception of 781 divisions (B) (1) to (11) or (28) of section 5739.02 of the 782 Revised Code, or if the consumer claims the transaction is not a 783 taxable sale due to one or more of the exclusions provided under 784 divisions (JJ) (1) to (5) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code, 785

the consumer must provide to the vendor, and the vendor must	786
obtain from the consumer, a certificate specifying the reason	787
that the sale is not legally subject to the tax. The certificate	788
shall be in such form, and shall be provided either in a hard	789
copy form or electronic form, as the tax commissioner	790
prescribes.	791
(b) A vendor that obtains a fully completed exemption	792
certificate from a consumer is relieved of liability for	793
collecting and remitting tax on any sale covered by that	794
certificate. If it is determined the exemption was improperly	795
claimed, the consumer shall be liable for any tax due on that	796
sale under section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 or	797
Chapter 5741. of the Revised Code. Relief under this division	798
from liability does not apply to any of the following:	799
(i) A vendor that fraudulently fails to collect tax;	800
(ii) A vendor that solicits consumers to participate in	801
the unlawful claim of an exemption;	802
(iii) A vendor that accepts an exemption certificate from	803
a consumer that claims an exemption based on who purchases or	804
who sells property or a service, when the subject of the	805
transaction sought to be covered by the exemption certificate is	806
actually received by the consumer at a location operated by the	807
vendor in this state, and this state has posted to its web site	808
an exemption certificate form that clearly and affirmatively	809
indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in this	810
state;	811
(iv) A vendor that accepts an exemption certificate from a	812
consumer who claims a multiple points of use exemption under	813
division (D) of section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, if the	814

item purchased is tangible personal property, other than	815
prewritten computer software.	816
(2) The vendor shall maintain records, including exemption	817
certificates, of all sales on which a consumer has claimed an	818
exemption, and provide them to the tax commissioner on request.	819
(3) The tax commissioner may establish an identification	820
system whereby the commissioner issues an identification number	821
to a consumer that is exempt from payment of the tax. The	822
consumer must present the number to the vendor, if any sale is	823
claimed to be exempt as provided in this section.	824
(4) If no certificate is provided or obtained within	825
ninety days after the date on which such sale is consummated, it	826
shall be presumed that the tax applies. Failure to have so	827
provided or obtained a certificate shall not preclude a vendor,	828
within one hundred twenty days after the tax commissioner gives	829
written notice of intent to levy an assessment, from either	830
establishing that the sale is not subject to the tax, or	831
obtaining, in good faith, a fully completed exemption	832
certificate.	833
(5) Certificates need not be obtained nor provided where	834
the identity of the consumer is such that the transaction is	835
never subject to the tax imposed or where the item of tangible	836
personal property sold or the service provided is never subject	837
to the tax imposed, regardless of use, or when the sale is in	838
interstate commerce.	839
(6) If a transaction is claimed to be exempt under	840
division (B)(13) of section 5739.02 of the Revised Code, the	841
contractor shall obtain certification of the claimed exemption	842

from the contractee. This certification shall be in addition to

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an exemption certificate provided by the contractor to the	844
vendor. A contractee that provides a certification under this	845
division shall be deemed to be the consumer of all items	846
purchased by the contractor under the claim of exemption, if it	847
is subsequently determined that the exemption is not properly	848
claimed. The certification shall be in such form as the tax	849
commissioner prescribes.	850

(C) As used in this division, "contractee" means a person who seeks to enter or enters into a contract or agreement with a contractor or vendor for the construction of real property or for the sale and installation onto real property of tangible personal property.

Any contractor or vendor may request from any contractee a 856 certification of what portion of the property to be transferred 857 under such contract or agreement is to be incorporated into the 858 realty and what portion will retain its status as tangible 859 personal property after installation is completed. The 860 contractor or vendor shall request the certification by 861 certified mail delivered to the contractee, return receipt 862 requested. Upon receipt of such request and prior to entering 863 864 into the contract or agreement, the contractee shall provide to 865 the contractor or vendor a certification sufficiently detailed to enable the contractor or vendor to ascertain the resulting 866 classification of all materials purchased or fabricated by the 867 contractor or vendor and transferred to the contractee. This 868 requirement applies to a contractee regardless of whether the 869 contractee holds a direct payment permit under section 5739.031 870 of the Revised Code or provides to the contractor or vendor an 871 exemption certificate as provided under this section. 872

For the purposes of the taxes levied by this chapter and

Chapter 5741. of the Revised Code, the contractor or vendor may	874
in good faith rely on the contractee's certification.	875
Notwithstanding division (B) of section 5739.01 of the Revised	876
Code, if the tax commissioner determines that certain property	877
certified by the contractee as tangible personal property	878
pursuant to this division is, in fact, real property, the	879
contractee shall be considered to be the consumer of all	880
materials so incorporated into that real property and shall be	881
liable for the applicable tax, and the contractor or vendor	882
shall be excused from any liability on those materials.	883

If a contractee fails to provide such certification upon 884 the request of the contractor or vendor, the contractor or 885 vendor shall comply with the provisions of this chapter and 886 Chapter 5741. of the Revised Code without the certification. If 887 the tax commissioner determines that such compliance has been 888 performed in good faith and that certain property treated as 889 tangible personal property by the contractor or vendor is, in 890 fact, real property, the contractee shall be considered to be 891 the consumer of all materials so incorporated into that real 892 property and shall be liable for the applicable tax, and the 893 construction contractor or vendor shall be excused from any 894 liability on those materials. 895

This division does not apply to any contract or agreement 896 where the tax commissioner determines as a fact that a 897 certification under this division was made solely on the 898 decision or advice of the contractor or vendor. 899

(D) Notwithstanding division (B) of section 5739.01 of the 900

Revised Code, whenever the total rate of tax imposed under this 901

chapter is increased after the date after a construction 902

contract is entered into, the contractee shall reimburse the 903

construction contractor for any additional tax paid on tangible	904
property consumed or services received pursuant to the contract.	905
(E) A vendor who files a petition for reassessment	906
contesting the assessment of tax on sales for which the vendor	907
obtained no valid exemption certificates and for which the	908
vendor failed to establish that the sales were properly not	909
subject to the tax during the one-hundred-twenty-day period	910
allowed under division (B) of this section, may present to the	911
tax commissioner additional evidence to prove that the sales	912
were properly subject to a claim of exception or exemption. The	913
vendor shall file such evidence within ninety days of the	914
receipt by the vendor of the notice of assessment, except that,	915
upon application and for reasonable cause, the period for	916
submitting such evidence shall be extended thirty days.	917
The commissioner shall consider such additional evidence	918
in reaching the final determination on the assessment and	919
petition for reassessment.	920
(F) Whenever a vendor refunds the price, minus any	921
separately stated delivery charge, of an item of tangible	922
personal property on which the tax imposed under this chapter	923
has been paid, the vendor shall also refund the amount of tax	924
paid, minus the amount of tax attributable to the delivery	925
charge.	926
(G)(1) In lieu of reporting and remitting tax as	927
prescribed by division (A)(2) of this section for sales	928
described in that division, a vendor that is a qualifying small	929
vendor for a calendar year may, for such sales made on or after	930
the first day of the following calendar year, report and remit	931
such taxes on the return for the vendor's reporting period that	932

includes the day the vendor or vendor's agent receives payment

of the price from the consumer. If, after such a sale is made,	934
the consumer pays only part of the price in a reporting period,	935
the vendor shall report and remit the tax for the part of the	936
price paid in that reporting period. A qualifying small vendor	937
reporting and remitting tax under division (G)(1) of this	938
section remains subject to collection requirements prescribed in	939
division (A)(2) of section 5739.02 of the Revised Code and to	940
the requirement to remit tax on an accelerated basis as	941
prescribed in section 5739.122 of the Revised Code, as	942
applicable to the vendor.	943
(2) A qualifying small vendor reporting and remitting tax	944
as prescribed by division (G)(1) of this section may begin	945
reporting and remitting tax as prescribed by division (A)(2) of	946
this section for sales described in that division made on or	947
after the first day of a calendar year. Such a vendor shall	948
report and remit, with the vendor's return for the last	949
reporting period in the preceding calendar year, the amount of	950
any tax charged on sales described in division (A)(2) of this	951
section made in preceding calendar years, but not yet remitted	952
as prescribed by that division, except for any tax charged on	953
bad debt reported under division (G) of section 5739.121 of the	954
Revised Code.	955
(3) A vendor reporting and remitting tax as prescribed by	956
division (G)(1) of this section that ceases to qualify as a	957
qualifying small vendor for a calendar year shall begin	958
reporting and remitting tax as prescribed by division (A)(2) of	959
this section for sales described in that division that are made	960
on or after the first day of the following calendar year. Such a	961
vendor shall report and remit, with the vendor's return for the	962
last reporting period in the preceding calendar year, the amount	963
of any tax charged on sales described in division (A) (2) of this	964

section made in preceding calendar years, but not yet remitted	965
as prescribed by that division, except for any tax charged on	966
bad debt reported under division (G) of section 5739.121 of the	967
Revised Code.	968
(4) As used in division (G) of this section, "qualifying	969
small vendor" means a vendor that (a) has gross sales of less	970
than one million dollars in a calendar year and (b) qualifies as	971
a microbusiness, as that term is defined in section 166.50 of	972
the Revised Code, for at least seven months of a calendar year.	973
Sec. 5739.121. (A) As used in this section, "bad debt"	974
means any debt that has become worthless or uncollectible in the	975
time period between a vendor's preceding return and the present	976
return, has been uncollected for at least six months, and that	977
may be claimed as a deduction pursuant to the "Internal Revenue	978
Code of 1954," 68A Stat. 50, 26 U.S.C. 166, as amended, and	979
regulations adopted pursuant thereto, or that could be claimed	980
as such a deduction if the vendor kept accounts on an accrual	981
basis. "Bad debt" does not include any interest or sales tax on	982
the purchase price, uncollectible amounts on property that	983
remains in the possession of the vendor until the full purchase	984
price is paid, expenses incurred in attempting to collect any	985
account receivable or for any portion of the debt recovered, and	986
repossessed property.	987
(B) In computing taxable receipts for purposes of this	988
chapter, a vendor may deduct the amount of bad debts. The amount	989
deducted must be charged off as uncollectible on the books of	990
the vendor. A deduction may be claimed only with respect to bad	991
debts on which the taxes pursuant to sections 5739.10 and	992
5739.12 of the Revised Code were paid in a preceding tax period.	993

If the vendor's business consists of taxable and nontaxable

transactions, the deduction shall equal the full amount of the debt if the debt is documented as a taxable transaction in the vendor's records. If no such documentation is available, the maximum deduction on any bad debt shall equal the amount of the bad debt multiplied by the quotient obtained by dividing the sales taxed pursuant to this chapter during the preceding calendar year by all sales during the preceding calendar year, whether taxed or not. If a consumer or other person pays all or part of a bad debt with respect to which a vendor claimed a deduction under this section, the vendor shall be liable for the amount of taxes deducted in connection with that portion of the debt for which payment is received and shall remit such taxes in the vendor's next payment to the tax commissioner.

- (C) Any claim for a bad debt deduction under this section shall be supported by such evidence as the tax commissioner by rule requires. The commissioner shall review any change in the rate of taxation applicable to any taxable sales by a vendor claiming a deduction pursuant to this section and adopt rules for altering the deduction in the event of such a change in order to ensure that the deduction on any bad debt does not result in the vendor claiming the deduction recovering any more or less than the taxes imposed on the sale that constitutes the bad debt.
- (D) In any reporting period in which the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable sales for the period, the vendor may file a refund claim for any tax collected on the bad debt in excess of the tax reported on the return. The refund claim shall be filed in the manner provided in section 5739.07 of the Revised Code, except that the claim may be filed within four years of the due date of the return on which the bad debt first could have been claimed.

(E) When the filing responsibilities of a vendor have been	1026
assumed by a certified service provider, the certified service	1027
provider shall claim the bad debt allowance provided by this	1028
section on behalf of the vendor. The certified service provider	1029
shall credit or refund to the vendor the full amount of any bad	1030
debt allowance or refund.	1031
(F) No person other than the vendor in the transaction	1032
that generated the bad debt or, as provided in division (E) of	1033
this section, a certified service provider, may claim the bad	1034
debt allowance provided by this section.	1035
(G) A qualifying small vendor that remits tax on sales as	1036
prescribed by division (G)(1) of section 5739.03 of the Revised	1037
Code shall report all of the following to the tax commissioner:	1038
(1) The amount of bad debt from such sales charged off as	1039
uncollectible on the books of the vendor upon which the vendor	1040
charged tax to the account of the consumer under division (A) (2)	1040
of section 5739.03 of the Revised Code;	1041
or section 3739.03 or the Nevisea Code,	1042
(2) The name and address of the consumer responsible for	1043
the bad debt;	1044
(3) Any other information required by the commissioner to	1045
identify the consumer responsible for the bad debt.	1046
The information shall be reported with the vendor's return	1047
for the reporting period in which the bad debt described in	1048
division (G)(1) of this section is charged off as uncollectible	1049
on the books of the vendor.	1050
The state of the s	1051
A qualifying small vendor required to report bad debt	1051
under this division is not liable for any tax imposed under this	1052
chapter on bad debt timely reported under this division. But if a consumer or other person pays all or part of a bad debt so	1053 1054
a consumer or other berson bays arr of ball of a bad debt 20	1004

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reported, the vendor shall be liable for the amount of such	1055
taxes on the portion of the debt for which payment is received	1056
and shall report and remit such taxes with the vendor's next	1057
return.	1058
Section 2. That existing sections 5739.02, 5739.03, and	1059
5739.121 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1060
Section 3. The amendment by this act of sections 5739.03	1061
and 5739.121 of the Revised Code applies on and after January 1,	1062
2020.	1063