

## 115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1102

To require States to conduct Congressional redistricting through independent commissions, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 16, 2017

Ms. Lofgren (for herself, Mr. Brendan F. Boyle of Pennsylvania, Ms. Brownley of California, Mr. Clay, Mr. Cohen, Mrs. Davis of California, Mr. Defazio, Mrs. Dingell, Mr. Ellison, Ms. Eshoo, Ms. Esty, Mr. Foster, Mr. Garamendi, Mr. Hastings, Mr. Hoyer, Mr. Huffman, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Ms. Kaptur, Mrs. Lawrence, Ms. Lee, Mr. Lowenthal, Ms. Matsui, Mr. Nadler, Ms. Norton, Mr. O'Rourke, Ms. Pelosi, Ms. Pingree, Mr. Price of North Carolina, Mr. Quigley, Mr. Ryan of Ohio, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Schiff, Ms. Shea-Porter, Ms. Slaughter, Mr. Suozzi, Mr. Swalwell of California, Mr. Takano, Mr. Thompson of California, Mr. Veasey, Mr. Welch, Mr. Delaney, Mr. Yarmuth, Mr. Ted Lieu of California, Mr. Sherman, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Raskin, Mr. Brown of Maryland, and Mr. Nolan) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

To require States to conduct Congressional redistricting through independent commissions, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Redistricting Reform Act of 2017".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Finding of constitutional authority.

#### TITLE I—REQUIREMENTS FOR CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING

- Sec. 101. Limit on Congressional redistricting after an apportionment.
- Sec. 102. Requiring Congressional redistricting to be conducted through plan of independent State commission.

#### TITLE II—INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS

- Sec. 201. Independent redistricting commission.
- Sec. 202. Establishment of selection pool of individuals eligible to serve as members of commission.
- Sec. 203. Criteria for redistricting plan by independent commission; public notice and input.
- Sec. 204. Establishment of related entities.

# TITLE III—ROLE OF COURTS IN DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLANS

- Sec. 301. Enactment of plan developed by 3-judge court.
- Sec. 302. Special rule for redistricting conducted under order of Federal court.

#### TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Payments to States for carrying out redistricting.
- Sec. 402. Civil enforcement.
- Sec. 403. State apportionment notice defined.
- Sec. 404. No effect on elections for State and local office.
- Sec. 405. Effective date.

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDING OF CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.

- 7 Congress finds that it has the authority to establish
- 8 the terms and conditions States must follow in carrying
- 9 out Congressional redistricting after an apportionment of
- 10 Members of the House of Representatives because—
- 11 (1) the authority granted to Congress under ar-
- ticle I, section 4 of the Constitution of the United

	3
1	States gives Congress the power to enact laws gov-
2	erning the time, place, and manner of elections for
3	Members of the House of Representatives; and
4	(2) the authority granted to Congress under
5	section 5 of the fourteenth amendment to the Con-
6	stitution gives Congress the power to enact laws to
7	enforce section 2 of such amendment, which requires
8	Representatives to be apportioned among the several
9	States according to their number.
	MINITE I DECLIDEMENTO ECO
10	TITLE I—REQUIREMENTS FOR
<ul><li>10</li><li>11</li></ul>	CONGRESSIONAL REDIS-
11	CONGRESSIONAL REDIS-
11 12	CONGRESSIONAL REDIS- TRICTING
<ul><li>11</li><li>12</li><li>13</li></ul>	CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  SEC. 101. LIMIT ON CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING
<ul><li>11</li><li>12</li><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  SEC. 101. LIMIT ON CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  AFTER AN APPORTIONMENT.
11 12 13 14 15	CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  SEC. 101. LIMIT ON CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  AFTER AN APPORTIONMENT.  The Act entitled "An Act for the relief of Doctor Ri-
<ul><li>11</li><li>12</li><li>13</li><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  SEC. 101. LIMIT ON CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING  AFTER AN APPORTIONMENT.  The Act entitled "An Act for the relief of Doctor Ricardo Vallejo Samala and to provide for congressional re-

after an apportionment under section 22(a) of the Act en-

titled 'An Act to provide for the fifteenth and subsequent

decennial censuses and to provide for an apportionment

of Representatives in Congress', approved June 18, 1929

(2 U.S.C. 2a), may not be redistricted again until after

25 the next apportionment of Representatives under such sec-

- 1 tion, unless a court requires the State to conduct such
- 2 subsequent redistricting to comply with the Constitution
- 3 or to enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.
- 4 10301 et seq.).".
- 5 SEC. 102. REQUIRING CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING TO
- 6 BE CONDUCTED THROUGH PLAN OF INDE-
- 7 PENDENT STATE COMMISSION.
- 8 (a) Use of Plan Required.—Notwithstanding any
- 9 other provision of law, any Congressional redistricting
- 10 conducted by a State shall be conducted in accordance
- 11 with—
- 12 (1) the redistricting plan developed and enacted
- into law by the independent redistricting commission
- established in the State, in accordance with title II;
- 15 or
- 16 (2) if a plan developed by such commission is
- 17 not enacted into law, the redistricting plan developed
- and enacted into law by a 3-judge court of the
- 19 United States District Court for the District of Co-
- lumbia, in accordance with section 301.
- 21 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 22(c) of
- 22 the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fifteenth and
- 23 subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for an ap-
- 24 portionment of Representatives in Congress", approved
- 25 June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(c)), is amended by striking

1	"in the manner provided by the law thereof" and insert-
2	ing: "in the manner provided by the Redistricting Reform
3	Act of 2017".
4	TITLE II—INDEPENDENT
5	REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS
6	SEC. 201. INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSION.
7	(a) Appointment of Members.—
8	(1) In General.—The nonpartisan agency es-
9	tablished or designated by a State under section
10	204(a) shall establish an independent redistricting
11	commission for the State, which shall consist of 12
12	members appointed by the agency as follows:
13	(A) The agency shall appoint 4 members
14	on a random basis from the majority category
15	of the approved selection pool (as described in
16	section $202(b)(1)(A)$ .
17	(B) The agency shall appoint 4 members
18	on a random basis from the minority category
19	of the approved selection pool (as described in
20	section $202(b)(1)(B)$ ).
21	(C) The agency shall appoint 4 members
22	on a random basis from the independent cat-
23	egory of the approved selection pool (as de-

scribed in section 202(b)(1)(C)).

- 1 (2) Appointment of alternates to serve 2 IN CASE OF VACANCIES.—At the time the agency ap-3 points the members of the independent redistricting commission under paragraph (1) from each of the 5 categories referred to in such paragraph, the agency 6 shall, on a random basis, designate 2 other individ-7 uals from such category to serve as alternate mem-8 bers who may be appointed to fill vacancies in the 9 commission in accordance with paragraph (3).
  - (3) Vacancy.—If a vacancy occurs in the commission with respect to a member who was appointed from one of the categories referred to in paragraph (1), the nonpartisan agency shall fill the vacancy by appointing, on a random basis, one of the 2 alternates from such category who was designated under paragraph (2). At the time the agency appoints an alternate to fill a vacancy under the previous sentence, the agency shall designate, on a random basis, another individual from the same category to serve as an alternate member, in accordance with paragraph (2).
- 22 (b) Procedures for Conducting Commission 23 Business.—
- 24 (1) Chair.—Members of an independent redis-25 tricting commission established under this section

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- 1 shall select by majority vote one member who was 2 appointed from the independent category of the ap-3 proved selection pool described in section 202(b)(1)(C) to serve as chair of the commission. The commission may not take any action to develop 6 a redistricting plan for the State under section 203 7 until the appointment of the commission's chair.
  - (2) REQUIRING MAJORITY APPROVAL FOR ACTIONS.—The independent redistricting commission of a State may not publish and disseminate any draft or final redistricting plan, or take any other action, without the approval of at least—
    - (A) a majority of the whole membership of the commission; and
    - (B) at least one member of the commission appointed from each of the categories of the approved selection pool described in section 202(b)(1).
  - (3) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the commission shall constitute a quorum.
- 21 (c) Staff; Contractors.—
- 22 (1) STAFF.—The independent redistricting 23 commission of a State may appoint and set the pay 24 of such staff as it considers appropriate, subject to 25 State law.

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- (2) Contractors.—The independent redistricting commission of a State may enter into such contracts with vendors as it considers appropriate, subject to State law, except that any such contract shall be valid only if approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the commission, including at least one member appointed from each of the categories of the approved selection pool described in section 202(b)(1).
  - (3) Goal of impartiality.—The commission shall take such steps as it considers appropriate to ensure that any staff appointed under this subsection, and any vendor with whom the commission enters into a contract under this subsection, will work in an impartial manner, and may require any person who applies for an appointment to a staff position or for a vendor's contract with the commission to provide information on the person's history of political activity (including donations to candidates, political committees, and political parties) as a condition of the appointment or the contract.

# 22 (d) Termination.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall terminate on the earlier of—

1	(A) June 14 of the following year ending
2	in the numeral zero; or
3	(B) the day on which the nonpartisan
4	agency established or designated by a State
5	under section 204(a) has, in accordance with
6	section 202(b)(1), submitted a selection pool to
7	the Select Committee on Redistricting for the
8	State established under section 204(b).
9	(2) Preservation of records.—The State
10	shall ensure that the records of the independent re-
11	districting commission are retained in the appro-
12	priate State archive in such manner as may be nec-
13	essary to enable the State to respond to any civil ac-
14	tion brought with respect to Congressional redis-
15	tricting in the State.
16	SEC. 202. ESTABLISHMENT OF SELECTION POOL OF INDI-
17	VIDUALS ELIGIBLE TO SERVE AS MEMBERS
18	OF COMMISSION.
19	(a) Criteria for Eligibility.—
20	(1) In general.—An individual is eligible to
21	serve as a member of an independent redistricting
22	commission if the individual meets each of the fol-
23	lowing criteria:

1	(A) As of the date of appointment, the in-
2	dividual is registered to vote in elections for
3	Federal office held in the State.
4	(B) During the 3-year period ending on
5	the date of the individual's appointment, the in-
6	dividual has been continuously registered to
7	vote with the same political party, or has not
8	been registered to vote with any political party.
9	(C) The individual submits to the non-
10	partisan agency established or designated by a
11	State under section 203, at such time and in
12	such form as the agency may require, an appli-
13	cation for inclusion in the selection pool under
14	this section, and includes with the application a
15	written statement containing the following in-
16	formation and assurances:
17	(i) A statement of the political party
18	with which the individual is affiliated, if
19	any.
20	(ii) An assurance that the individual
21	shall commit to carrying out the individ-
22	ual's duties under this Act in an honest,
23	independent, and impartial fashion, and to
24	upholding public confidence in the integrity

of the redistricting process.

1	(iii) An assurance that, during the
2	covered periods described in paragraph (3),
3	the individual has not taken and will not
4	take any action which would disqualify the
5	individual from serving as a member of the
6	commission under paragraph (2).
7	(2) Disqualifications.—An individual is not
8	eligible to serve as a member of the commission if
9	any of the following applies during any of the cov-
10	ered periods described in paragraph (3):
11	(A) The individual or (in the case of the
12	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
13	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
14	member of the individual holds public office or
15	is a candidate for election for public office.
16	(B) The individual or (in the case of the
17	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
18	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
19	member of the individual serves as an officer of
20	a political party or as an officer, employee, or
21	paid consultant of a campaign committee of a
22	candidate for public office.
23	(C) The individual or (in the case of the
24	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
25	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family

- member of the individual holds a position as a registered lobbyist under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or an equivalent State or local law.
  - (D) The individual or (in the case of the covered periods described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family member of the individual is an employee of an elected public official, a contractor with the legislature of the State, or a donor to the campaign of any candidate for public office (other than a donor who, during any of such covered periods, gives an aggregate amount of \$20,000 or less to the campaigns of all candidates for all public offices).
  - (3) COVERED PERIODS DESCRIBED.—In this subsection, the term "covered period" means, with respect to the appointment of an individual to the commission, any of the following:
    - (A) The 5-year period ending on the date of the individual's appointment.
    - (B) The period beginning on the date of the individual's appointment and ending on August 14 of the next year ending in the numeral one.

1	(C) The 5-year period beginning on the
2	day after the last day of the period described in
3	subparagraph (B).
4	(4) Immediate family member defined.—In
5	this subsection, the term "immediate family mem-
6	ber" means, with respect to an individual, a father,
7	stepfather, mother, stepmother, son, stepson, daugh-
8	ter, stepdaughter, brother, stepbrother, sister, step-
9	sister, husband, wife, father-in-law, or mother-in-
10	law.
11	(b) Development and Submission of Selection
12	Pool.—
13	(1) In general.—Not later than June 15 of
14	each year ending in the numeral zero, the non-
15	partisan agency established or designated by a State
16	under section 204(a) shall develop and submit to the
17	Select Committee on Redistricting for the State es-
18	tablished under section 204(b) a selection pool of 36
19	individuals who are eligible to serve as members of
20	the independent redistricting commission of the
21	State under this Act, consisting of individuals in the
22	following categories:
23	(A) A majority category, consisting of 12
24	individuals who are affiliated with the political
25	party with the largest percentage of the reg-

1	istered voters in the State who are affiliated
2	with a political party (as determined with re-
3	spect to the most recent Statewide election for
4	Federal office held in the State for which such
5	information is available).
6	(B) A minority category, consisting of 12
7	individuals who are affiliated with the political
8	party with the second largest percentage of the
9	registered voters in the State who are affiliated
10	with a political party (as so determined).
11	(C) An independent category, consisting of
12	12 individuals who are not affiliated with either
13	of the political parties described in subpara-
14	graph (A) or subparagraph (B).
15	(2) Factors taken into account in Devel-
16	OPING POOL.—In selecting individuals for the selec-
17	tion pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan
18	agency shall—
19	(A) to the maximum extent practicable, en-
20	sure that the pool reflects the representative de-
21	mographic groups (including races, ethnicities,
22	and genders) and geographic regions of the
23	State; and
24	(B) take into consideration the analytical
25	skills of the individuals selected in relevant

- fields (including mapping, data management, law, community outreach, demography, and the geography of the State) and their ability to work on an impartial basis.
  - (3) DETERMINATION OF POLITICAL PARTY AF-FILIATION OF INDIVIDUALS IN SELECTION POOL.— For purposes of this section, an individual shall be considered to be affiliated with a political party on the basis of the information the individual provides in the application submitted under subsection (a)(1)(D).
    - (4) Encouraging residents to apply for inclusion in the selection in the selection.
    - (5) REPORT ON ESTABLISHMENT OF SELEC-TION POOL.—At the time the nonpartisan agency submits the selection pool to the Select Committee

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1 on Redistricting under paragraph (1), it shall pub-2 lish a report describing the process by which the 3 pool was developed, and shall include in the report 4 a description of how the individuals in the pool meet the eligibility criteria of subsection (a) and of how 5 6 the pool reflects the factors the agency is required 7 to take into consideration under paragraph (2). 8 (6) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.— 9 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 14 days 10 after receiving the selection pool from the non-11 partisan agency under paragraph (1), the Select 12 Committee on Redistricting shall— 13 (i) approve the pool as submitted by 14 the nonpartisan agency, in which case the 15 pool shall be considered the approved selec-16 tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1); 17 or 18 (ii) reject the pool, in which case the 19 nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-20 mit a replacement selection pool in accord-21 ance with subsection (c). 22 (B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If 23 the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to

approve or reject the pool within the deadline

set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-

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1	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
2	for purposes of such subparagraph.
3	(c) Development of Replacement Selection
4	Pool.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Select Committee on
6	Redistricting rejects the selection pool submitted by
7	the nonpartisan agency under subsection (b), not
8	later than 14 days after the rejection, the non-
9	partisan agency shall develop and submit to the Se-
10	lect Committee a replacement selection pool, under
11	the same terms and conditions that applied to the
12	development and submission of the selection pool
13	under paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (b).
14	The replacement pool submitted under this para-
15	graph may include individuals who were included in
16	the rejected selection pool submitted under sub-
17	section (b), so long as at least one of the individuals
18	in the replacement pool was not included in such re-
19	jected pool.
20	(2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—
21	(A) In general.—Not later than 14 days
22	after receiving the replacement selection pool
23	from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph
24	(1), the Select Committee on Redistricting

shall—

1	(i) approve the pool as submitted by
2	the nonpartisan agency, in which case the
3	pool shall be considered the approved selec-
4	tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1);
5	or
6	(ii) reject the pool, in which case the
7	nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-
8	mit a second replacement selection pool in
9	accordance with subsection (d).
10	(B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
11	the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
12	approve or reject the pool within the deadline
13	set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-
14	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
15	for purposes of such subparagraph.
16	(d) Development of Second Replacement Se-
17	LECTION POOL.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Select Committee on
19	Redistricting rejects the replacement selection pool
20	submitted by the nonpartisan agency under sub-
21	section (c), not later than 14 days after the rejec-
22	tion, the nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-
23	mit to the Select Committee a second replacement

selection pool, under the same terms and conditions

that applied to the development and submission of

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1 the selection pool under paragraphs (1) through (5) 2 of subsection (b). The second replacement selection 3 pool submitted under this paragraph may include in-4 dividuals who were included in the rejected selection 5 pool submitted under subsection (b) or the rejected 6 replacement selection pool submitted under sub-7 section (c), so long as at least one of the individuals 8 in the replacement pool was not included in either 9 such rejected pool.

## (2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 14 days after receiving the second replacement selection pool from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph (1), the Select Committee on Redistricting shall—
  - (i) approve the pool as submitted by the nonpartisan agency, in which case the pool shall be considered the approved selection pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1); or

### (ii) reject the pool, in which case—

(I) the nonpartisan agency shall not develop or submit any other selection pool for purposes of this Act; and

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1	(II) the United States District
2	Court for the District of Columbia
3	shall develop and enact the redis-
4	tricting plan for the State, in accord-
5	ance with section 301.
6	(B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
7	the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
8	approve or reject the pool within the deadline
9	set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-
10	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
11	for purposes of such subparagraph.
12	SEC. 203. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDE-
13	PENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND
13 14	PENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.
14	INPUT.
14 15	INPUT.  (a) Development of Redistricting Plan.—
14 15 16	<ul> <li>INPUT.</li> <li>(a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—</li> <li>(1) CRITERIA.—The independent redistricting</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>INPUT.</li> <li>(a) Development of Redistricting Plan.—</li> <li>(1) Criteria.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17	INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—  (1) CRITERIA.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting plan for the State in accordance with the following
14 15 16 17 18	INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—  (1) CRITERIA.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting plan for the State in accordance with the following criteria, prioritized according to the following order:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	INPUT.  (a) Development of Redistricting Plan.—  (1) Criteria.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting plan for the State in accordance with the following criteria, prioritized according to the following order:  (A) Districts shall each have equal popu-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	INPUT.  (a) Development of Redistricting Plan.—  (1) Criteria.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting plan for the State in accordance with the following criteria, prioritized according to the following order:  (A) Districts shall each have equal population per representative as nearly as prac-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	INPUT.  (a) Development of Redistricting Plan.—  (1) Criteria.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting plan for the State in accordance with the following criteria, prioritized according to the following order:  (A) Districts shall each have equal population per representative as nearly as practicable, in accordance with the Constitution of

Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et
 seq.).

- (C) To the extent not inconsistent with the above criteria, districts shall be geographically contiguous.
- (D) To the extent practicable and not inconsistent with the above criteria. district boundaries shall minimize the division of any community of interest, municipality, county, or neighborhood. For purposes of this subparagraph, a community of interest is a contiguous population which shares common social or economic interests that should be included within a single district for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Examples of such shared interests are those common to an urban area, a rural area, an industrial area, or an agricultural area, and those common to areas in which the people share similar living standards, use the same transportation facilities, have similar work opportunities, or have access to the same media of communication relevant to the election process. Communities of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbent officeholders, or political candidates.

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- 1 (E) To the extent practicable and not in-2 consistent with the above criteria, districts shall 3 be geographically compact such that nearby 4 areas of population are not bypassed for more 5 distant areas of population.
  - (2) Factors prohibited from consideration.—In developing the redistricting plan for the State, the independent redistricting commission may not take into consideration any of the following factors, except to the extent necessary to comply with the Voting Rights Act of 1965:
    - (A) The political party affiliation or voting history of the population of a district.
    - (B) The residence of any Member of the House of Representatives or candidate.

## (b) Public Notice and Input.—

(1) Use of open and transparent proc-ESS.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall hold each of its meetings in public, shall solicit and take into consideration comments from the public throughout the process of developing the redistricting plan for the State, and shall carry out its duties in an open and transparent manner which provides for the widest public dissemination reason-

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1	ably possible of its proposed and final redistricting
2	plans.
3	(2) Website.—The commission shall maintain
4	a public Internet site which is not affiliated with or
5	maintained by the office of any elected official and
6	which includes the following features:
7	(A) General information on the commission
8	and its members, including contact information.
9	(B) An updated schedule of commission
10	hearings and activities, including deadlines for
11	the submission of comments.
12	(C) All draft redistricting plans developed
13	by the commission under subsection (c) and the
14	final redistricting plan developed under sub-
15	section (d).
16	(D) Live streaming of commission hearings
17	and an archive of previous meetings and other
18	commission records.
19	(E) A method by which members of the
20	public may submit comments directly to the
21	commission.
22	(F) Access to the demographic data used
23	by the commission to develop the proposed re-
24	districting plans, together with any software

used to draw maps of proposed districts.

1	(3) Public comment period.—The commis-
2	sion shall solicit, accept, and consider comments
3	from the public with respect to its duties, activities,
4	and procedures at any time during the period—
5	(A) which begins on January 1 of the year
6	ending in the numeral one; and
7	(B) which ends 7 days before the date of
8	the meeting at which the commission shall vote
9	on approving the final redistricting plan for en-
10	actment into law under subsection $(d)(2)$ .
11	(4) Meetings and hearings in various geo-
12	GRAPHIC LOCATIONS.—To the greatest extent prac-
13	ticable, the commission shall hold its meetings and
14	hearings in various geographic regions and locations
15	throughout the State.
16	(c) Development and Publication of Prelimi-
17	NARY REDISTRICTING PLAN.—
18	(1) In general.—Prior to developing and pub-
19	lishing a final redistricting plan under subsection
20	(d), the independent redistricting commission of a
21	State shall develop and publish a preliminary redis-
22	tricting plan.
23	(2) Minimum public hearings prior to de-
24	VELOPMENT.—

- (A) 3 HEARINGS REQUIRED.—Prior to de-veloping a preliminary redistricting plan under this subsection, the commission shall hold not fewer than 3 public hearings at which members of the public may provide input and comments regarding the potential contents of redistricting plans for the State and the process by which the commission will develop the preliminary plan under this subsection.
  - (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO HEARINGS.—The commission shall notify the public through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), as well as through publication of notice in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State, of the date, time, and location of each of the hearings held under this paragraph not fewer than 14 days prior to the date of the hearing.

## (3) Publication of Preliminary Plan.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The commission shall post the preliminary redistricting plan developed under this subsection, together with a report that includes the commission's responses to any public comments received under subsection (b)(3), on the website maintained under

- subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of each such plan in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State.
  - (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO PUBLICATION.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date on which the commission posts and publishes the preliminary plan under this paragraph, the commission shall notify the public through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), as well as through publication of notice in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State, of the pending publication of the plan.
  - (4) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR PUBLIC COMMENT AFTER PUBLICATION OF PLAN.—The commission shall accept and consider comments from the public with respect to the preliminary redistricting plan published under paragraph (3) for not fewer than 30 days after the date on which the plan is published.

# (5) Post-publication hearings.—

(A) 3 HEARINGS REQUIRED.—After posting and publishing the preliminary redistricting plan under paragraph (3), the commission shall hold not fewer than 3 public hearings at which

- 1 members of the public may provide input and 2 comments regarding the preliminary plan.
  - (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR
    TO HEARINGS.—The commission shall notify
    the public through the website maintained
    under subsection (b)(2), as well as through publication of notice in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State, of the date, time,
    and location of each of the hearings held under
    this paragraph not fewer than 14 days prior to
    the date of the hearing.
- 12 (6)PERMITTING MULTIPLE **PRELIMINARY** 13 PLANS.—At the option of the commission, after de-14 veloping and publishing the preliminary redistricting 15 plan under this subsection, the commission may de-16 velop and publish subsequent preliminary redis-17 tricting plans, so long as the process for the develop-18 ment and publication of each such subsequent plan 19 meets the requirements set forth in this subsection 20 for the development and publication of the first pre-21 liminary redistricting plan.
- 22 (d) Process for Enactment of Final Redis-23 Tricting Plan.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—After taking into consider-25 ation comments from the public on any preliminary

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- redistricting plan developed and published under subsection (c), the independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop and publish a final redistricting plan for the State.
  - (2) MEETING; FINAL VOTE.—Not later than August 15 of each year ending in the numeral one, the commission shall hold a public hearing at which the members of the commission shall vote on approving the final plan for enactment into law.
  - (3) Publication of Plan and accompanying Materials.—Not fewer than 14 days before the date of the meeting under paragraph (2), the commission shall provide the following information to the public through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), as well as through newspapers of general circulation throughout the State:
    - (A) The final redistricting plan, including all relevant maps.
    - (B) A report by the commission to accompany the plan which provides the background for the plan and the commission's reasons for selecting the plan as the final redistricting plan, including responses to the public comments received on any preliminary redistricting plan developed and published under subsection (c).

1	(C) Any dissenting or additional views with				
2	respect to the plan of individual members of the				
3	commission.				
4	(4) Enactment.—The final redistricting plan				
5	developed and published under this subsection shall				
6	be deemed to be enacted into law if—				
7	(A) the plan is approved by a majority of				
8	the whole membership of the commission; and				
9	(B) at least one member of the commission				
10	appointed from each of the categories of the ap-				
11	proved selection pool described in section				
12	202(b)(1) approves the plan.				
13	(e) Deadline.—The independent redistricting com-				
14	mission of a State shall approve a final redistricting plan				
15	for the State not later than August 15 of each year ending				
16	in the numeral one.				
17	SEC. 204. ESTABLISHMENT OF RELATED ENTITIES.				
18	(a) Establishment or Designation of Non-				
19	PARTISAN AGENCY OF STATE LEGISLATURE.—				
20	(1) In General.—Each State shall establish a				
21	nonpartisan agency in the legislative branch of the				
22	State government to appoint the members of the				
23	independent redistricting commission for the State				
24	in accordance with section 201.				

1	(2) Nonpartisanship described.—For pur-
2	poses of this subsection, an agency shall be consid-
3	ered to be nonpartisan if under law the agency—
4	(A) is required to provide services on a
5	nonpartisan basis;
6	(B) is required to maintain impartiality;
7	and
8	(C) is prohibited from advocating for the
9	adoption or rejection of any legislative proposal.
10	(3) Designation of existing agency.—At
11	its option, a State may designate an existing agency
12	in the legislative branch of its government to appoint
13	the members of the independent redistricting com-
14	mission plan for the State under this Act, so long
15	as the agency meets the requirements for non-
16	partisanship under this subsection.
17	(4) Termination of agency specifically
18	ESTABLISHED FOR REDISTRICTING.—If a State does
19	not designate an existing agency under paragraph
20	(3) but instead establishes a new agency to serve as
21	the nonpartisan agency under this section, the new
22	agency shall terminate upon the enactment into law

of the redistricting plan for the State.

1	(5) Deadline.—The State shall meet the re-
2	quirements of this subsection not later than each
3	August 15 of a year ending in the numeral nine.
4	(b) Establishment of Select Committee on Re-
5	DISTRICTING.—
6	(1) In General.—Each State shall appoint a
7	Select Committee on Redistricting to approve or dis-
8	approve a selection pool developed by the inde-
9	pendent redistricting commission for the State under
10	section 202.
11	(2) Appointment.—The Select Committee on
12	Redistricting for a State under this subsection shall
13	consist of the following members:
14	(A) 1 member of the upper house of the
15	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
16	leader of the party with the greatest number of
17	seats in the upper house.
18	(B) 1 member of the upper house of the
19	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
20	leader of the party with the second greatest
21	number of seats in the upper house.
22	(C) 1 member of the lower house of the
23	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
24	leader of the party with the greatest number of

seats in the lower house.

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1	(D) 1 member of the lower house of the
2	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
3	leader of the party with the second greatest
4	number of seats in the lower house.
5	(3) Special rule for states with unicam-
6	ERAL LEGISLATURE.—In the case of a State with a
7	unicameral legislature, the Select Committee on Re-
8	districting for the State under this subsection shall
9	consist of the following members:
10	(A) 2 members of the State legislature ap-
11	pointed by the leader of the party with the
12	greatest number of seats in the legislature.
13	(B) 2 members of the State legislature ap-
14	pointed by the leader of the party with the sec-
15	ond greatest number of seats in legislature.
16	(4) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the re-
17	quirements of this subsection not later than each

January 15 of a year ending in the numeral zero.

# TITLE III—ROLE OF COURTS IN DEVELOPMENT OF **REDIS-**2 TRICTING PLANS 3 4 SEC. 301. ENACTMENT OF PLAN DEVELOPED BY 3-JUDGE 5 COURT. 6 (a) DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—If any of the triggering events described in subsection (c) occur with re-7 8 spect to a State— 9 (1) not later than December 15 of the year in which the triggering event occurs, the United States 10 11 District Court for the District of Columbia, acting 12 through a 3-judge court convened pursuant to sec-13 tion 2284 of title 28, United States Code, shall de-14 velop and publish the congressional redistricting 15 plan for the State; and 16 (2) the plan developed and published by the 17 Court under this subsection shall be deemed to be enacted on the date on which the Court publishes 18 19 the plan. 20 (b) Procedures for Development of Plan.— 21 (1) Criteria.—It is the sense of Congress 22 that, in developing a redistricting plan for a State 23 under this section, the Court should adhere to the

same terms and conditions that applied (or that

would have applied, as the case may be) to the devel-

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- opment of a plan by the independent redistricting commission of the State under section 203(a).
- (2) Access to information and records of Commission.—The Court shall have access to any information, data, software, or other records and material that was used (or that would have been used, as the case may be) by the independent redistricting commission of the State in carrying out its duties under this Act.
- 10 (c) TRIGGERING EVENTS DESCRIBED.—The "trig-11 gering events" described in this subsection are as follows:
  - (1) The failure of the State to establish or designate a nonpartisan agency of the State legislature under section 204(a) prior to the expiration of the deadline set forth in section 204(a)(5).
  - (2) The failure of the State to appoint a Select Committee on Redistricting under section 204(b) prior to the expiration of the deadline set forth in section 204(b)(4).
  - (3) The failure of the Select Committee on Redistricting to approve any selection pool under section 202 prior to the expiration of the deadline set forth for the approval of the second replacement selection pool in section 202(d)(2).

1	(4) The failure of the independent redistricting
2	commission of the State to approve a final redis-
3	tricting plan for the State prior to the expiration of
4	the deadline set forth in section 203(e).
5	SEC. 302. SPECIAL RULE FOR REDISTRICTING CONDUCTED
6	UNDER ORDER OF FEDERAL COURT.
7	If a Federal court requires a State to conduct redis-
8	tricting subsequent to an apportionment of Representa-
9	tives in the State in order to comply with the Constitution
10	or to enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965, section 203
11	shall apply with respect to the redistricting, except that
12	the court may revise any of the deadlines set forth in such
13	section if the court determines that a revision is appro-
14	priate in order to provide for a timely enactment of a new
15	redistricting plan for the State.
16	TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND
17	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
18	SEC. 401. PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR CARRYING OUT RE-
19	DISTRICTING.
20	(a) Authorization of Payments.—Subject to sub-
21	section (d), not later than 30 days after a State receives
22	a State apportionment notice, the Election Assistance
23	Commission shall make a payment to the State in an
24	amount equal to the product of—

- 1 (1) the number of Representatives to which the
- 2 State is entitled, as provided under the notice; and
- 3 (2) \$150,000.
- 4 (b) Use of Funds.—A State shall use the payment
- 5 made under this section to establish and operate the
- 6 State's independent redistricting commission, to imple-
- 7 ment the State redistricting plan, and to otherwise carry
- 8 out Congressional redistricting in the State.
- 9 (c) NO PAYMENT TO STATES WITH SINGLE MEM-
- 10 BER.—The Election Assistance Commission shall not
- 11 make a payment under this section to any State which
- 12 is not entitled to more than one Representative under its
- 13 State apportionment notice.
- 14 (d) Requiring Submission of Selection Pool as
- 15 CONDITION OF PAYMENT.—The Election Assistance Com-
- 16 mission may not make a payment to a State under this
- 17 section until the State certifies to the Commission that
- 18 the nonpartisan agency established or designated by a
- 19 State under section 204(a) has, in accordance with section
- 20 202(b)(1), submitted a selection pool to the Select Com-
- 21 mittee on Redistricting for the State established under
- 22 section 204(b).
- (e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 24 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 25 necessary for payments under this section.

#### SEC. 402. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.

2 (	(a)	CIVIL	ENFORCEMENT.—
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- (1) ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General may bring a civil action in an appropriate district court for such relief as may be appropriate to carry out this Act.
- 7 (2) Availability of private right of ac-8 TION.—Any citizen of a State who is aggrieved by 9 the failure of the State redistricting plan which is 10 enacted into law under section 203 to meet the re-11 quirements for such a plan under this Act may bring 12 a civil action in an appropriate district court for 13 such relief as may be appropriate to remedy the fail-14 ure, so long as the individual brings the action dur-15 ing the 45-day period which begins on the date on 16 which the plan is enacted into law.
- 17 (b) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION.—In any action 18 brought forth under this section, the following rules shall 19 apply:
- 20 (1) The action shall be filed in the United 21 States District Court for the District of Columbia 22 and shall be heard by a 3-judge court convened pur-23 suant to section 2284 of title 28, United States 24 Code.

- 1 (2) The 3-judge court shall consolidate actions 2 brought for relief under subsection (b)(1) with re-3 spect to the same State redistricting plan.
  - (3) A copy of the complaint shall be delivered promptly to the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate.
  - (4) A final decision in the action shall be reviewable only by appeal directly to the Supreme Court of the United States. Such appeal shall be taken by the filing of a notice of appeal within 10 days, and the filing of a jurisdictional statement within 30 days, of the entry of the final decision.
  - (5) It shall be the duty of the district court and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of the action and appeal.
- 17 (c) Attorney's Fees.—In a civil action under this 18 section, the court may allow the prevailing party (other 19 than the United States) reasonable attorney fees, includ-20 ing litigation expenses, and costs.
- 21 (d) Relation to Other Laws.—
- 22 (1) RIGHTS AND REMEDIES ADDITIONAL TO
  23 OTHER RIGHTS AND REMEDIES.—The rights and
  24 remedies established by this section are in addition
  25 to all other rights and remedies provided by law, and

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- 1 neither the rights and remedies established by this
- 2 section nor any other provision of this Act shall su-
- persede, restrict, or limit the application of the Vot-
- 4 ing Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.).
- 5 (2) VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965.—Nothing in
- 6 this Act authorizes or requires conduct that is pro-
- 7 hibited by the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.
- 8 10301 et seq.).

### 9 SEC. 403. STATE APPORTIONMENT NOTICE DEFINED.

- In this Act, the "State apportionment notice" means,
- 11 with respect to a State, the notice sent to the State from
- 12 the Clerk of the House of Representatives under section
- 13 22(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fif-
- 14 teenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide
- 15 for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress", ap-
- 16 proved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), of the number of
- 17 Representatives to which the State is entitled.
- 18 SEC. 404. NO EFFECT ON ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND
- 19 LOCAL OFFICE.
- Nothing in this Act or in any amendment made by
- 21 this Act may be construed to affect the manner in which
- 22 a State carries out elections for State or local office, in-
- 23 cluding the process by which a State establishes the dis-
- 24 tricts used in such elections.

## 1 SEC. 405. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 2 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
- 3 apply with respect to redistricting carried out pursuant to
- 4 the decennial census conducted during 2020 or any suc-

5 ceeding decennial census.

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