As Reported by the Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions Committee

132nd General Assembly

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Sub. H. B. No. 156

Representative Schuring

Cosponsors: Representatives Retherford, Anielski, Boyd, Dever, Henne, Holmes, Landis, Lanese, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, Miller, Patton, Pelanda, Reineke, Rogers, Ryan, Schaffer, Scherer, Slaby, Smith, K., West

A BILL

То	amend sections 1739.05, 1753.09, 3901.21,	1
	3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 4725.19, and 4731.22	2
	and to enact sections 1751.85 and 3923.86 of the	3
	Revised Code regarding limitations imposed by	4
	health insurers on vision care services.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1 . That sections 1739.05, 1753.09, 3901.21,	6
3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 4725.19, and 4731.22 be amended and	7
sections 1751.85 and 3923.86 of the Revised Code be enacted to	8
read as follows:	9
0 1720 OF (7) 7 multiple conclusion welfang concerns	1 0
Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement	10
that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the	11
Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program	12
may be established only if any of the following applies:	13
(1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment	14
of three hundred employees of two or more employers.	15

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pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code is	45
subject to, and shall comply with, sections 3903.81 to 3903.93	46
of the Revised Code in the same manner as other life or health	47
insurers, as defined in section 3903.81 of the Revised Code.	48
Sec. 1751.85. (A) As used in this section, "covered vision	49
services," "vision care materials," and "vision care provider"	50
have the same meanings as in section 3963.01 of the Revised	51
Code.	52
(B) A health insuring corporation shall provide the	53
information required in this division to all enrollees receiving	54
coverage under an individual or group health insuring	55
corporation policy, contract, or agreement providing coverage	56
for vision care services or vision care materials. The	57
information shall be in a conspicuous format, shall be easily	58
accessible to enrollees, and shall do all of the following:	59
(1) Include the following statement:	60
"IMPORTANT: If you opt to receive vision care services or	61
vision care materials that are not covered benefits under this	62
plan, a participating vision care provider may charge you his or	63
her normal fee for such services or materials. Prior to	64
providing you with vision care services or vision care materials	65
that are not covered benefits, the vision care provider will	66
provide you with an estimated cost for each service or material	67
upon your request."	68
(2) Disclose any business interest the health insuring	69
corporation has in a source or supplier of vision care	70
materials;	71
(3) Include an explanation that the enrollee may incur	72
out-of-pocket expenses as a result of the purchase of vision	73

care services or vision care materials that are not covered	74
vision services. The explanation shall be communicated in a	75
manner and format similar to how the health insuring corporation	76
provides an enrollee with information on coverage levels and	77
out-of-pocket expenses that may be incurred by the enrollee	78
under the policy, contract, or agreement when purchasing out-of-	79
network vision care services or vision care materials.	80
(C) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of this	81
section is an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the	82
business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the	83
Revised Code.	84
Sec. 1753.09. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of	85
this section, prior to terminating the participation of a	86
provider on the basis of the participating provider's failure to	87
meet the health insuring corporation's standards for quality or	88
utilization in the delivery of health care services, a health	89
insuring corporation shall give the participating provider	90
notice of the reason or reasons for its decision to terminate	91
the provider's participation and an opportunity to take	92
corrective action. The health insuring corporation shall develop	93
a performance improvement plan in conjunction with the	94
participating provider. If after being afforded the opportunity	95
to comply with the performance improvement plan, the	96
participating provider fails to do so, the health insuring	97
corporation may terminate the participation of the provider.	98
(B)(1) A participating provider whose participation has	99
been terminated under division (A) of this section may appeal	100
the termination to the appropriate medical director of the	101
health insuring corporation. The medical director shall give the	102
participating provider an opportunity to discuss with the	103

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medical director the reason or reasons for the termination.

- (2) If a satisfactory resolution of a participating 105 provider's appeal cannot be reached under division (B)(1) of 106 this section, the participating provider may appeal the 107 termination to a panel composed of participating providers who 108 have comparable or higher levels of education and training than 109 the participating provider making the appeal. A representative 110 of the participating provider's specialty shall be a member of 111 the panel, if possible. This panel shall hold a hearing, and 112 shall render its recommendation in the appeal within thirty days 113 after holding the hearing. The recommendation shall be presented 114 to the medical director and to the participating provider. 115
- (3) The medical director shall review and consider the panel's recommendation before making a decision. The decision rendered by the medical director shall be final.
- (C) A provider's status as a participating provider shall 119 remain in effect during the appeal process set forth in division 120 (B) of this section unless the termination was based on any of 121 the reasons listed in division (D) of this section. 122
- (D) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, a 123 provider's participation may be immediately terminated if the 124 125 participating provider's conduct presents an imminent risk of harm to an enrollee or enrollees; or if there has occurred 126 unacceptable quality of care, fraud, patient abuse, loss of 127 clinical privileges, loss of professional liability coverage, 128 incompetence, or loss of authority to practice in the 129 participating provider's field; or if a governmental action has 130 impaired the participating provider's ability to practice. 131
 - (E) Divisions (A) to (D) of this section apply only to

providers who are natural persons.	133
(F)(1) Nothing in this section prohibits a health insuring	134
corporation from rejecting a provider's application for	135
participation, or from terminating a participating provider's	136
contract, if the health insuring corporation determines that the	137
health care needs of its enrollees are being met and no need	138
exists for the provider's or participating provider's services.	139
(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as	140
prohibiting a health insuring corporation from terminating a	141
participating provider who does not meet the terms and	142
conditions of the participating provider's contract.	143
(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as	144
prohibiting a health insuring corporation from terminating a	145
participating provider's contract pursuant to any provision of	146
the contract described in division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(E)}(2)$ of section 3963.02	147
of the Revised Code, except that, notwithstanding any provision	148
of a contract described in that division, this section applies	149
to the termination of a participating provider's contract for	150
any of the causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F)(1)	151
and (2) of this section.	152
(G) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules as	153
necessary to implement and enforce sections 1753.06, 1753.07,	154
and 1753.09 of the Revised Code. Such rules shall be adopted in	155
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	156
Sec. 3901.21. The following are hereby defined as unfair	157
and deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance:	158
(A) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting	159
to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to	160
so use, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement	161

misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued 162 or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends 163 or share of the surplus to be received thereon, or making any 164 false or misleading statements as to the dividends or share of 165 surplus previously paid on similar policies, or making any 166 misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the 167 financial condition of any insurer as shown by the last 168 preceding verified statement made by it to the insurance 169 department of this state, or as to the legal reserve system upon 170 which any life insurer operates, or using any name or title of 171 any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature 172 thereof, or making any misrepresentation or incomplete 173 comparison to any person for the purpose of inducing or tending 174 to induce such person to purchase, amend, lapse, forfeit, 175 change, or surrender insurance. 176

Any written statement concerning the premiums for a policy 177 which refers to the net cost after credit for an assumed 178 dividend, without an accurate written statement of the gross 179 premiums, cash values, and dividends based on the insurer's 180 current dividend scale, which are used to compute the net cost 181 for such policy, and a prominent warning that the rate of 182 dividend is not quaranteed, is a misrepresentation for the 183 purposes of this division. 184

(B) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or 185 placing before the public or causing, directly or indirectly, to 186 be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before 187 the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or 188 in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, 189 or over any radio station, or in any other way, or preparing 190 with intent to so use, an advertisement, announcement, or 191 statement containing any assertion, representation, or 192

statement,	with respect to the business of insurance or with	
respect to	any person in the conduct of the person's insurance	
business,	which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.	

- (C) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating,

 directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the

 making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, or preparing

 with intent to so use, any statement, pamphlet, circular,

 article, or literature, which is false as to the financial

 condition of an insurer and which is calculated to injure any

 person engaged in the business of insurance.
- (D) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false statement of financial condition of an insurer.

Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official to whom such insurer is required by law to report, or who has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer, or mutilating, destroying, suppressing, withholding, or concealing any of its records.

(E) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver agency company stock or other capital stock or benefit certificates or shares in any common-

law corporation or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.

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- (F) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination among individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract.
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- (G)(1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract of life insurance, life annuity or accident and health insurance, or agreement as to such contract other than as plainly expressed in the contract issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract; or giving, or selling, or purchasing, or offering to give, sell, or purchase, as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities, or other obligations of any insurance company or other corporation, association, or partnership, or any dividends or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract.
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- (2) Nothing in division (F) or division (G)(1) of this section shall be construed as prohibiting any of the following practices: (a) in the case of any contract of life insurance or life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus

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accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, provided that any	253
such bonuses or abatement of premiums shall be fair and	254
equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the	255
company and its policyholders; (b) in the case of life insurance	256
policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance	257
to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period	258
made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an	259
amount which fairly represents the saving in collection	260
expenses; (c) readjustment of the rate of premium for a group	261
insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience	262
thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent policy	263
year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only	264
for such policy year.	265

- (H) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so use, any statement to the effect that a policy of life insurance is, is the equivalent of, or represents shares of capital stock or any rights or options to subscribe for or otherwise acquire any such shares in the life insurance company issuing that policy or any other company.
- (I) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to be made, issued or circulated, or preparing with intent to so issue, any statement to the effect that payments to a policyholder of the principal amounts of a pure endowment are other than payments of a specific benefit for which specific premiums have been paid.
- (J) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so use, any statement to the effect that any insurance company was required to change a policy form or related material to

make maternity benefits available to the policyholder for the

individual or individuals to be covered under any comparable

members if the policy otherwise provides coverage for family

an insurer from imposing a reasonable waiting period for such

policy to be issued for delivery in this state, including family

members. Nothing in this division shall be construed to prohibit

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benefits under an individual sickness and accident insurance policy issued to an individual who is not a federally eligible individual or a nonemployer-related group sickness and accident insurance policy, but in no event shall such waiting period exceed two hundred seventy days.

For purposes of division (O) of this section, "federally eligible individual" means an eligible individual as defined in 45 C.F.R. 148.103.

- (P) Using, or permitting to be used, a pattern settlement as the basis of any offer of settlement. As used in this division, "pattern settlement" means a method by which liability is routinely imputed to a claimant without an investigation of the particular occurrence upon which the claim is based and by using a predetermined formula for the assignment of liability arising out of occurrences of a similar nature. Nothing in this division shall be construed to prohibit an insurer from determining a claimant's liability by applying formulas or guidelines to the facts and circumstances disclosed by the insurer's investigation of the particular occurrence upon which a claim is based.
- (Q) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, or limiting the amount, extent, or kind of life or sickness and accident insurance or annuity coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage solely because of blindness or partial blindness. With respect to all other conditions, including the underlying cause of blindness or partial blindness, persons who are blind or partially blind shall be subject to the same standards of sound actuarial principles or actual or reasonably anticipated actuarial experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure

includes, but is not limited to, denial by an insurer of	342
disability insurance coverage on the grounds that the policy	343
defines "disability" as being presumed in the event that the	344
eyesight of the insured is lost. However, an insurer may exclude	345
from coverage disabilities consisting solely of blindness or	346
partial blindness when such conditions existed at the time the	347
policy was issued. To the extent that the provisions of this	348
division may appear to conflict with any provision of section	349
3999.16 of the Revised Code, this division applies.	350

- (R) (1) Directly or indirectly offering to sell, selling, 351 or delivering, issuing for delivery, renewing, or using or 352 otherwise marketing any policy of insurance or insurance product 353 in connection with or in any way related to the grant of a 354 student loan guaranteed in whole or in part by an agency or 355 commission of this state or the United States, except insurance 356 that is required under federal or state law as a condition for 3.57 obtaining such a loan and the premium for which is included in 358 the fees and charges applicable to the loan; or, in the case of 359 360 an insurer or insurance agent, knowingly permitting any lender making such loans to engage in such acts or practices in 361 connection with the insurer's or agent's insurance business. 362
- (2) Except in the case of a violation of division (G) of
 this section, division (R)(1) of this section does not apply to
 either of the following:
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- (a) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,

 representatives, or employees in connection with the grant of a

 guaranteed student loan to its insured or the insured's spouse

 or dependent children where such acts or practices take place

 more than ninety days after the effective date of the insurance;

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 - (b) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,

(b) The insurer does not refuse to issue any policy or 457 contract of life or health insurance or cancel or refuse to 458 renew any policy or contract of life insurance, solely on the 459 basis of the condition, except where such refusal to issue, 460 cancellation, or refusal to renew is based on sound actuarial 461 principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated 462 463 experience; (c) The insurer does not consider a person's status as 464 being or as having been a victim of domestic violence, in 465 466 itself, to be a physical or mental condition; (d) The underwriting or rating of a risk on the basis of 467 the condition is not used to evade the intent of division (Y)(1) 468 of this section, or of any other provision of the Revised Code. 469 (3) (a) Nothing in division (Y) (1) of this section shall be 470 construed to prohibit an insurer from refusing to issue a policy 471 or contract of life insurance insuring the life of a person who 472 is or has been a victim of domestic violence if the person who 473 committed the act of domestic violence is the applicant for the 474 insurance or would be the owner of the insurance policy or 475 contract. 476 (b) Nothing in division (Y)(2) of this section shall be 477 construed to permit an insurer to cancel or refuse to renew any 478 policy or contract of health insurance in violation of the 479 "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 480 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg-41(b), as amended, or in a 481 manner that violates or is inconsistent with any provision of 482 the Revised Code that implements the "Health Insurance 483 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996." 484

(4) An insurer is immune from any civil or criminal

(A) "Affiliate" means any person or entity that has	572
ownership or control of a contracting entity, is owned or	573
controlled by a contracting entity, or is under common ownership	574
or control with a contracting entity.	575
(B) "Basic health care services" has the same meaning as	576
in division (A) of section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except	577
that it does not include any services listed in that division	578
that are provided by a pharmacist or nursing home.	579
(C) "Covered vision services" means vision care services	580
or vision care materials for which a reimbursement is available	581
under an enrollee's health care contract, or for which a	582
reimbursement would be available but for the application of	583
contractual limitations such as a deductible, copayment,	584
coinsurance, waiting period, annual or lifetime maximum,	585
frequency limitation, alternative benefit payment, or any other	586
limitation.	587
(D) "Contracting entity" means any person that has a	588
primary business purpose of contracting with participating	589
providers for the delivery of health care services.	590
$\frac{\text{(D)}}{\text{(E)}}$ "Credentialing" means the process of assessing and	591
validating the qualifications of a provider applying to be	592
approved by a contracting entity to provide basic health care	593
services, specialty health care services, or supplemental health	594
care services to enrollees.	595
(E) (F) "Edit" means adjusting one or more procedure codes	596
billed by a participating provider on a claim for payment or a	597
practice that results in any of the following:	598
(1) Payment for some, but not all of the procedure codes	599
originally billed by a participating provider;	600

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provided by a health insuring corporation;	687
(2) A preferred provider organization;	688
(3) Medicare;	689
(4) Medicaid;	690
(5) Workers' compensation.	691
(P) (Q) "Provider" means a physician, podiatrist, dentist,	692
chiropractor, optometrist, psychologist, physician assistant,	693
advanced practice registered nurse, occupational therapist,	694
massage therapist, physical therapist, licensed professional	695
counselor, licensed professional clinical counselor, hearing aid	696
dealer, orthotist, prosthetist, home health agency, hospice care	697
program, pediatric respite care program, or hospital, or a	698
provider organization or physician-hospital organization that is	699
acting exclusively as an administrator on behalf of a provider	700
to facilitate the provider's participation in health care	701
contracts. "Provider" does not mean a pharmacist, pharmacy,	702
nursing home, or a provider organization or physician-hospital	703
organization that leases the provider organization's or	704
physician-hospital organization's network to a third party or	705
contracts directly with employers or health and welfare funds.	706
(Q) (R) "Specialty health care services" has the same	707
meaning as in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except that	708
it does not include any services listed in division (B) of	709
section 1751.01 of the Revised Code that are provided by a	710
pharmacist or a nursing home.	711
$\frac{R}{S}$ "Supplemental health care services" has the same	712
meaning as in division (B) of section 1751.01 of the Revised	713
Code, except that it does not include any services listed in	714
that division that are provided by a pharmacist or nursing home.	715

(T) "Vision care materials" includes lenses, devices	716
containing lenses, prisms, lens treatments and coatings, contact	717
lenses, orthopics, vision training, and any prosthetic device	718
necessary to correct, relieve, or treat any defect or abnormal	719
condition of the human eye or its adnexa.	720
(U) "Vision care provider" means either of the following:	721
(1) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	722
Revised Code;	723
(2) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	724
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	725
medicine and surgery.	726
Sec. 3963.02. (A) (1) No contracting entity shall sell,	727
rent, or give a third party the contracting entity's rights to a	728
participating provider's services pursuant to the contracting	729
entity's health care contract with the participating provider	730
unless one of the following applies:	731
(a) The third party accessing the participating provider's	732
services under the health care contract is an employer or other	733
entity providing coverage for health care services to its	734
employees or members, and that employer or entity has a contract	735
with the contracting entity or its affiliate for the	736
administration or processing of claims for payment for services	737
provided pursuant to the health care contract with the	738
participating provider.	739
(b) The third party accessing the participating provider's	740
services under the health care contract either is an affiliate	741
or subsidiary of the contracting entity or is providing	742
administrative services to, or receiving administrative services	743
from, the contracting entity or an affiliate or subsidiary of	744

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the contracting entity.

is any of the following:

- (c) The health care contract specifically provides that it 746 applies to network rental arrangements and states that one 747 purpose of the contract is selling, renting, or giving the 748 contracting entity's rights to the services of the participating 749 provider, including other preferred provider organizations, and 750 the third party accessing the participating provider's services 751
- (i) A payer or a third-party administrator or other entity 753 responsible for administering claims on behalf of the payer; 754
- 755 (ii) A preferred provider organization or preferred provider network that receives access to the participating 756 757 provider's services pursuant to an arrangement with the preferred provider organization or preferred provider network in 758 a contract with the participating provider that is in compliance 759 with division (A)(1)(c) of this section, and is required to 760 comply with all of the terms, conditions, and affirmative 761 obligations to which the originally contracted primary 762 participating provider network is bound under its contract with 763 764 the participating provider, including, but not limited to, obligations concerning patient steerage and the timeliness and 765 manner of reimbursement. 766
- (iii) An entity that is engaged in the business of providing electronic claims transport between the contracting entity and the payer or third-party administrator and complies with all of the applicable terms, conditions, and affirmative obligations of the contracting entity's contract with the participating provider including, but not limited to, obligations concerning patient steerage and the timeliness and manner of reimbursement.

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- (2) The contracting entity that sells, rents, or gives the 775 contracting entity's rights to the participating provider's 776 services pursuant to the contracting entity's health care 777 contract with the participating provider as provided in division 778 (A) (1) of this section shall do both of the following: 779
- (a) Maintain a web page that contains a listing of third 780 parties described in divisions (A)(1)(b) and (c) of this section 781 with whom a contracting entity contracts for the purpose of 782 selling, renting, or giving the contracting entity's rights to 783 the services of participating providers that is updated at least 784 every six months and is accessible to all participating 785 providers, or maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible 786 787 to all participating providers by means of which participating providers may access the same listing of third parties; 788
- (b) Require that the third party accessing the 789 participating provider's services through the participating 790 provider's health care contract is obligated to comply with all 791 of the applicable terms and conditions of the contract, 792 including, but not limited to, the products for which the 793 participating provider has agreed to provide services, except 794 that a payer receiving administrative services from the 795 contracting entity or its affiliate shall be solely responsible 796 for payment to the participating provider. 797
- (3) Any information disclosed to a participating provider under this section shall be considered proprietary and shall not be distributed by the participating provider.
- (4) Except as provided in division (A)(1) of this section, 801 no entity shall sell, rent, or give a contracting entity's 802 rights to the participating provider's services pursuant to a 803 health care contract.

(B)(1) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition	805
of contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating	806
provider provide services for all of the products offered by the	807
contracting entity.	808
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section shall not be construed	809
to do any of the following:	810
(a) Prohibit any participating provider from voluntarily	811
accepting an offer by a contracting entity to provide health	812
care services under all of the contracting entity's products;	813
(b) Prohibit any contracting entity from offering any	814
financial incentive or other form of consideration specified in	815
the health care contract for a participating provider to provide	816
health care services under all of the contracting entity's	817
products;	818
(c) Require any contracting entity to contract with a	819
participating provider to provide health care services for less	820
than all of the contracting entity's products if the contracting	821
entity does not wish to do so.	822
(3)(a) Notwithstanding division (B)(2) of this section, no	823
contracting entity shall require, as a condition of contracting	824
with the contracting entity, that the participating provider	825
accept any future product offering that the contracting entity	826
makes.	827
(b) If a participating provider refuses to accept any	828
future product offering that the contracting entity makes, the	829
contracting entity may terminate the health care contract based	830
on the participating provider's refusal upon written notice to	831
the participating provider no sooner than one hundred eighty	832
days after the refusal.	833

(4) Once the contracting entity and the participating	834
provider have signed the health care contract, it is presumed	835
that the financial incentive or other form of consideration that	836
is specified in the health care contract pursuant to division	837
(B)(2)(b) of this section is the financial incentive or other	838
form of consideration that was offered by the contracting entity	839
to induce the participating provider to enter into the contract.	840
(C) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition of	841
contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating	842
provider waive or forego any right or benefit expressly	843
conferred upon a participating provider by state or federal law.	844
However, this division does not prohibit a contracting entity	845
from restricting a participating provider's scope of practice	846
for the services to be provided under the contract.	847
(D) No health care contract shall do any of the following:	848
(1) Prohibit any participating provider from entering into	849
a health care contract with any other contracting entity;	850
(2) Prohibit any contracting entity from entering into a	851
health care contract with any other provider;	852
(3) Preclude its use or disclosure for the purpose of	853
enforcing this chapter or other state or federal law, except	854
that a health care contract may require that appropriate	855
measures be taken to preserve the confidentiality of any	856
proprietary or trade-secret information.	857
(E)(1) No contract or agreement between a contracting	858
entity and a vision care provider shall do any of the following:	859
(a) Require that a vision care provider accept as payment	860
an amount set by the contracting entity for vision care services	861
or vision care materials provided to an enrollee unless the	862

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reimbursed by the contracting entity for the noncovered service	920
<pre>or material;</pre>	921
(iv) The estimated pricing and reimbursement information	922
for any covered services or materials that are also expected to	923
be provided during the enrollee's visit.	924
(b) Post, in a conspicuous place, a notice stating the	925
<pre>following:</pre>	926
"IMPORTANT: This vision care provider does not accept the	927
fee schedule set by your insurer for vision care services and	928
vision care materials that are not covered benefits under your	929
plan and instead charges his or her normal fee for those	930
services and materials. This vision care provider will provide	931
you with an estimated cost for each non-covered service or	932
material upon your request."	933
(4) Nothing in division (E) of this section shall do any	934
of the following:	935
(a) Restrict or limit a contracting entity's determination	936
of specific amounts of coverage or reimbursement for the use of	937
network or out-of-network sources or suppliers of vision care	938
materials as set forth in an enrollee's benefit plan;	939
(b) Restrict or limit a contracting entity's ability to	940
enter into an agreement with another contracting entity or an	941
affiliate of another contracting entity;	942
(c) Restrict or limit a health care plan's ability to	943
enter into an agreement with a vision care plan to deliver	944
routine vision care services that are covered under an	945
<pre>enrollee's plan;</pre>	946
(d) Restrict or limit a vision care plan network from	947

for any of the causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F) $$	977
(1) and (2) of section 1753.09 of the Revised Code.	978
Notwithstanding any provision in a health care contract pursuant	979
to division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(C)}(2)$ of this section, section 1753.09 of the	980
Revised Code applies to the termination of a participating	981
provider's contract for any of the causes described in divisions	982
(A), (D), and (F)(1) and (2) of section 1753.09 of the Revised	983
Code.	984

- (4) Subject to sections 3963.01 to 3963.11 of the Revised Code, nothing in this section prohibits the termination of a health care contract without cause if the health care contract otherwise provides for termination without cause.
- (F)(G)(1) Disputes among parties to a health care contract that only concern the enforcement of the contract rights conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and (D) of section 3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code are subject to a mutually agreed upon arbitration mechanism that is binding on all parties. The arbitrator may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs for arbitration relating to the enforcement of this section to the prevailing party.
- (2) The arbitrator shall make the arbitrator's decision in an arbitration proceeding having due regard for any applicable rules, bulletins, rulings, or decisions issued by the department of insurance or any court concerning the enforcement of the contract rights conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and (D) of section 3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code.
- (3) A party shall not simultaneously maintain an arbitration proceeding as described in division $\frac{F}{G}(1)$ of this section and pursue a complaint with the superintendent of insurance to investigate the subject matter of the arbitration

proceeding. However, if a complaint is filed with the department

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of insurance, the superintendent may choose to investigate the	1008
complaint or, after reviewing the complaint, advise the	1009
complainant to proceed with arbitration to resolve the	1010
complaint. The superintendent may request to receive a copy of	1011
the results of the arbitration. If the superintendent of	1012
insurance notifies an insurer or a health insuring corporation	1013
in writing that the superintendent has initiated a market	1014
conduct examination into the specific subject matter of the	1015
arbitration proceeding pending against that insurer or health	1016
insuring corporation, the arbitration proceeding shall be stayed	1017
at the request of the insurer or health insuring corporation	1018
pending the outcome of the market conduct investigation by the	1019
superintendent.	1020
Sec. 3963.03. (A) Each health care contract shall include	1021
all of the following information:	1022
	1000
(1) (a) Information sufficient for the participating	1023
provider to determine the compensation or payment terms for	1024
health care services, including all of the following, subject to	1025
division (A)(1)(b) of this section:	1026
(i) The manner of payment, such as fee-for-service,	1027
capitation, or risk;	1028
(ii) The fee schedule of procedure codes reasonably	1029
expected to be billed by a participating provider's specialty	1030
for services provided pursuant to the health care contract and	1031
the associated payment or compensation for each procedure code.	1032
A fee schedule may be provided electronically. Upon request, a	1033
contracting entity shall provide a participating provider with	1034
the fee schedule for any other procedure codes requested and a	1035

written fee schedule, that shall not be required more frequently

than twice per year excluding when it is provided in connection	1037
with any change to the schedule. This requirement may be	1038
satisfied by providing a clearly understandable, readily	1039
available mechanism, such as a specific web site address, that	1040
allows a participating provider to determine the effect of	1041
procedure codes on payment or compensation before a service is	1042
provided or a claim is submitted.	1043
(iii) The effect, if any, on payment or compensation if	1044
	1045

- (iii) The effect, if any, on payment or compensation if

 more than one procedure code applies to the service also shall

 be stated. This requirement may be satisfied by providing a

 clearly understandable, readily available mechanism, such as a

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 specific web site address, that allows a participating provider

 to determine the effect of procedure codes on payment or

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 compensation before a service is provided or a claim is

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 submitted.
- (b) If the contracting entity is unable to include the 1052 information described in division divisions (A)(1)(a)(ii) and 1053 (iii) of this section, the contracting entity shall include both 1054 of the following types of information instead: 1055
- (i) The methodology used to calculate any fee schedule, 1056 such as relative value unit system and conversion factor or 1057 percentage of billed charges. If applicable, the methodology 1058 disclosure shall include the name of any relative value unit 1059 system, its version, edition, or publication date, any 1060 applicable conversion or geographic factor, and any date by 1061 which compensation or fee schedules may be changed by the 1062 methodology as anticipated at the time of contract. 1063
- (ii) The identity of any internal processing edits,including the publisher, product name, version, and versionupdate of any editing software.

(c) If the contracting entity is not the pay	yer and is 1067
unable to include the information described in described	vision (A)(1) 1068
(a) or (b) of this section, then the contracting	entity shall 1069
provide by telephone a readily available mechanis	sm, such as a 1070
specific web site address, that allows the partic	cipating 1071
provider to obtain that information from the payer	er. 1072
(2) Any product or network for which the pa	rticipating 1073
provider is to provide services;	1074
	1005
(3) The term of the health care contract;	1075
(4) A specific web site address that contain	ns the identity 1076
of the contracting entity or payer responsible for	or the 1077
processing of the participating provider's comper	nsation or 1078
payment;	1079
(5) Any internal mechanism provided by the	contracting 1080
entity to resolve disputes concerning the interpr	
application of the terms and conditions of the co	
contracting entity may satisfy this requirement k	by providing a 1083
clearly understandable, readily available mechanic	ism, such as a 1084
specific web site address or an appendix, that all	llows a 1085
participating provider to determine the procedure	es for the 1086
internal mechanism to resolve those disputes.	1087
	1000
(6) A list of addenda, if any, to the contra	1088
(B)(1) Each contracting entity shall include	e a summary 1089
disclosure form with a health care contract that	includes all of 1090
the information specified in division (A) of this	s section. The 1091
information in the summary disclosure form shall	refer to the 1092
location in the health care contract, whether a p	page number, 1093
section of the contract, appendix, or other ident	zifiable 1094

location, that specifies the provisions in the contract to which

the summary disclosure form with the reasonable belief that the

information is truthful or accurate shall be subject to a civil

summary disclosure form. Division (B)(3) of this section does

not impair or affect any power of the department of insurance to

(4) The summary disclosure form described in divisions (B)

action for damages or to binding arbitration based on the

(1) and (2) of this section shall be in substantially the

enforce any applicable law.

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Sub. H. B. No. 156 As Reported by the Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions Committee	Page 40
following form:	112
"SUMMARY DISCLOSURE FORM	112
(1) Compensation terms	112
(a) Manner of payment	112
[] Fee for service	112
[] Capitation	112
[] Risk	113
[] Other See	113
(b) Fee schedule available at	113
(c) Fee calculation schedule available at	113
(d) Identity of internal processing edits available	113
at	113
(e) Information in (c) and (d) is not required if	113
information in (b) is provided.	113
(2) List of products or networks covered by this contract	113
[]	113
[]	114
[]	114
[]	114
[]	114
(3) Term of this contract	114
(4) Contracting entity or payer responsible for processing	114
payment available at	114

- (C) When a contracting entity presents a proposed health 1174 care contract for consideration by a provider, the contracting 1175 entity shall provide in writing or make reasonably available the 1176 information required in division (A)(1) of this section. 1177
- (D) The contracting entity shall identify any utilization 1178 management, quality improvement, or a similar program that the 1179 contracting entity uses to review, monitor, evaluate, or assess 1180 the services provided pursuant to a health care contract. The 1181 contracting entity shall disclose the policies, procedures, or 1182 1183 guidelines of such a program applicable to a participating provider upon request by the participating provider within 1184 fourteen days after the date of the request. 1185
- (E) Nothing in this section shall be construed as

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 preventing or affecting the application of section 1753.07 of

 the Revised Code that would otherwise apply to a contract with a

 participating provider.

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- (F) The requirements of division (C) of this section do 1190 not prohibit a contracting entity from requiring a reasonable 1191 confidentiality agreement between the provider and the 1192 contracting entity regarding the terms of the proposed health 1193 1194 care contract. If either party violates the confidentiality agreement, a party to the confidentiality agreement may bring a 1195 civil action to enjoin the other party from continuing any act 1196 that is in violation of the confidentiality agreement, to 1197 recover damages, to terminate the contract, or to obtain any 1198 combination of relief. 1199
- Sec. 4725.19. (A) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the 1200
 Revised Code and by an affirmative vote of a majority of its 1201
 members, the state vision professionals board, for any of the 1202
 reasons specified in division (B) of this section, shall refuse 1203

(11) Advertising a price of optical accessories, eye	1260
examinations, or other products or services by any means that	1261
would deceive or mislead the public;	1262
(12) Being addicted to the use of alcohol, stimulants,	1263
narcotics, or any other substance which impairs the intellect	1264
and judgment to such an extent as to hinder or diminish the	1265
performance of the duties included in the person's practice of	1266
optometry;	1267
(13) Engaging in the practice of optometry as provided in	1268
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 4725.01 of the Revised Code	1269
without authority to do so or, if authorized, in a manner	1270
inconsistent with the authority granted;	1271
(14) Failing to make a report to the board as required by	1272
division (A) of section 4725.21 or section 4725.31 of the	1273
Revised Code;	1274
(15) Soliciting patients from door to door or establishing	1275
temporary offices, in which case the board shall suspend all	1276
certificates held by the optometrist;	1277
(16) Except as provided in division (D) of this section:	1278
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	1279
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	1280
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers optometric	1281
services, would otherwise be required to pay if the waiver is	1282
used as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to	1283
receive health care services from that optometrist.	1284
(b) Advertising that the optometrist will waive the	1285
payment of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a	1286
patient, pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy,	1287
contract, or plan that covers optometric services, would	1288

otherwise be required to pay.	1289
(17) Failing to comply with the requirements in section	1290
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	1291
prescription for an analgesic controlled substance authorized	1292
pursuant to section 4725.091 of the Revised Code that is an	1293
opioid analgesic, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised	1294
Code;	1295
(18) Violating the rules adopted under section 4725.66 of	1296
the Revised Code;	1297
(19) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of	1298
division (E)(2) or (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code.	1299
(C) Any person who is the holder of a certificate of	1300
licensure, or who is an applicant for a certificate of licensure	1301
against whom is preferred any charges, shall be furnished by the	1302
board with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing	1303
before the board in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	1304
Code.	1305
(D) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (17)	1306
of this section against any optometrist who waives deductibles	1307
and copayments:	1308
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	1309
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	1310
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	1311
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	1312
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	1313
available to the board upon request.	1314
(2) For professional services rendered to any other	1315
optometrist licensed by the board, to the extent allowed by	1316
sections 4725.01 to 4725.34 of the Revised Code and the rules of	1317

the board. 1318

- Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an 1319 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may 1320 limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice 1321 or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or 1322 certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to 1323 reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on 1324 probation the holder of a license or certificate if the 1325 individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is 1326 1327 found by the board to have committed fraud during the administration of the examination for a license or certificate 1328 to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or 1329 deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or 1330 certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by 1331 the board. 1332
- (B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than 1333 six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, 1334 revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice or 1335 certificate to recommend, refuse to issue a license or 1336 certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to 1337 reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on 1338 probation the holder of a license or certificate for one or more 1339 of the following reasons: 1340
- (1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate 1341 to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when 1342 the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment 1343 given; 1344
- (2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to 1345
 the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ 1346
 acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other 1347

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modalities for treatment of disease;

(3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised 1349 Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing, 1350 or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate 1351 therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding 1352 of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 1353 intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any 1354 federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or 1355 use of any drug; 1356

(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.

For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a 1358 professional confidence" does not include providing any 1359 information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to 1360 307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board; 1361 does not include providing any information, documents, or 1362 reports to the director of health pursuant to guidelines 1363 established under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code; does not 1364 include written notice to a mental health professional under 1365 section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does not include the 1366 making of a report of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a 1367 report of a condition of an employee other than one involving 1368 the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as 1369 described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised 1370 Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil 1371 liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 4731.62 of the Revised 1372 Code upon a physician who makes a report in accordance with 1373 section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health professional in 1374 accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised Code. As used in 1375 this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the 1376 same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. 1377

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	1378
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in	1379
relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic	1380
medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a	1381
limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to	1382
secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the	1383
board.	1384

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 1385 or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 1386 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 1387 because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 1388 is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 1389 favorable results, or includes representations or implications 1390 that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 1391 person to misunderstand or be deceived. 1392

- (6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,

 minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the

 same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a

 patient is established;

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- (7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining

 compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any

 other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other

 incurable condition, can be permanently cured;

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- (8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or 1401 anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course 1402 of practice; 1403
- (9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,
 or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of
 conviction for, a felony;

(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	1407
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	1408
committed;	1409
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1410
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1411
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	1412
practice;	1413
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	1414
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1415
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1416
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1417
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1418
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	1419
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	1420
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1421
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1422
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	1423
	1423
the board upon a license or certificate to practice;	1424
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	1425
chapter;	1426
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	1427
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	1428
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	1429
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	1430
or business;	1431
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	1432
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	1433
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	1434

American podiatric medical association, or any other national	1435
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	1436
state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	1437
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	1438
organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is	1439
being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated	1440
any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not	1441
appropriate to the individual's profession.	1442

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of 1443 ethics of a national professional organization" does not include 1444 any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a 1445 physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 1446 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 1447 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 1448 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1449 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 1450 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 1451 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 1452 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 1453 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 1454 Code. 1455

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and

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prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or

physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical

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deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or

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perceptive skills.

In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 1461 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 1462 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 1463 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 1464

physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental	1465
and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is	1466
the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined.	1467
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent	1468
to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of	1469
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	1470
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	1471
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	1472
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual	1473
unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this	1474
division, the board shall require the individual to submit to	1475
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	1476
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	1477
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	1478
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	1479
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	1480
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	1481
provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the	1482
purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or	1483
receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter	1484
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so	1485
doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a	1486
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing	1487
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the	1488
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	1489
constitute a privileged communication.	1490

(20) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of section 1491
4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed 1492
under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to 1493
section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 1494
violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 1495

violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this

that chapter or any rule promulgated by the board.

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 1498 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 1499 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 1500 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 1501 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 1502 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 1503 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 1504 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1505 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 1506 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 1507 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 1508 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 1509 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 1510 1.511 Code.

- (21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code 1512
 or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health 1513
 pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code; 1514
- (22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency 1515 responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an 1516 individual to practice a health care occupation or provide 1517 health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for 1518 any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 1519 revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to 1520 practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender; 1521 denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; 1522 imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or 1523 other reprimand; 1524
 - (23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code

or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	1526
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in	1527
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	1528
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	1529
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	1530
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	1531
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	1532
section;	1533

- (24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,

 or termination of clinical privileges by the United States

 department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the

 termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to

 prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the

 United States department of justice;

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- (25) Termination or suspension from participation in the 1540 medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and 1541 human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts 1542 that also would constitute a violation of division (B)(2), (3), 1543 (6), (8), or (19) of this section; 1544
- (26) Impairment of ability to practice according to 1545 acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual 1546 or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances 1547 that impair ability to practice. 1548

For the purposes of this division, any individual 1549 authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of 1550 practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By 1551 filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to 1552 practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to 1553 have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination 1554 when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have 1555

waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	1556
examination reports that constitute privileged communication	ons. 1557

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 1558 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or 1559 certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board may 1560 compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 1561 examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 1562 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 1563 mental or physical examination required under this division 1564 shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is 1565 qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the 1566 board. 1567

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 1568 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 1569 against the individual unless the failure is due to 1570 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 1571 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 1572 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 1573 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 1574 suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the 1575 individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 1576 condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 1577 licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 1578

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 1579
license or certificate suspended under this division, the 1580
impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability 1581
to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing 1582
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's 1583
license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but 1584
shall not be limited to, the following: 1585

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	1586
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	1587
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	1588
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	1589
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	1590
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	1591
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	1592
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	1593
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	1594
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	1595
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	1596
determination.	1597
The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended	1598
under this division after that demonstration and after the	1599
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	1600
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	1601
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	1602
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	1603
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	1604
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	1605
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	1606
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	1607
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	1608
maintained sobriety.	1609
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	1610
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	1611
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	1612
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	1613
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or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or

(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult

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facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to

a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A 1731 consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not 1732 fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the 1733 findings and order of the board with respect to the matter 1734 addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a 1735 consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the 1736 consent agreement shall be of no force or effect. 1737

A telephone conference call may be utilized for

ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an

individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate

to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered

a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the

Revised Code.

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If the board takes disciplinary action against an 1744 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 1745 subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a 1746 violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the 1747 disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 1748 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 1749 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a 1750 more serious sanction involving the individual's license or 1751 1752 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into under this division with an individual that pertains to a second 1753 or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt 1754 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension 1755 of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a 1756 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the 1757 board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's 1758 license or certificate to practice. 1759

(D) For purposes of divisions (B) (10), (12), and (14) of

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this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 1761 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 1762 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 1763 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 1764 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 1765 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 1766 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 1767 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 1768 procedural grounds. 1769

- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of conviction records.
- (F)(1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 1780 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 1781 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 1782 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 1783 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 1784 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 1785 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 1786 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 1787 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 1788 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 1789 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 1790 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 1791

board.

- (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 1793 or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 1794 supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 1795 section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 1796 provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 1797 may designate another member of the board to supervise the 1798 investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of 1799 the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 1800 participate in further adjudication of the case. 1801
- (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 1802 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 1803 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 1804 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 1805 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 1806 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 1807 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 1808 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 1809 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 1810 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 1811 office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 1812 the board. 1813
- (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 1814 information, the secretary and supervising member shall 1815 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 1816 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 1817 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 1818 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 1819 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable 1820 period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 1821

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- (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 1822 board and after reasonable notice to the person being 1823 subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 1824 production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 1825 Procedure. 1826
- (c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a 1827 sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by 1828 the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made 1829 by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named 1830 1831 therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on 1832 file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for 1833 or the holder of a license or certificate issued under this 1834 chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, 1835 return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed 1836 served on the date delivery is made or the date the person 1837 refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served refuses 1838 to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to 1839 an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is 1840 representing the person. 1841
- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code. 1845
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the 1846 board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of 1847 section 2305.252 of the Revised Code. 1848
- (5) A report required to be submitted to the board under 1849 this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board 1850 pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under 1851

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division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 1854 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 1855 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 1856 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 1857 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 1858 is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 1859 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 1860 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 1861 not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 1862 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 1863 exists. 1864

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 1865 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 1866 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 1867 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 1868 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 1869 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 1870 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 1871 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 1872 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 1873 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 1874 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 1875 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 1876 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 1877 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 1878 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 1879 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 1880 other identifying information about patients or complainants 1881 whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 1882

Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or
certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call
may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the
vote on the summary suspension.

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 1918 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 1919 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension 1920 by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 1921 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 1922 summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 1923 board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 1924 days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 1925 requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 1926 board and the individual. 1927

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 1928 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 1929 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 1930 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 1931 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-1932 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 1933 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 1934 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 1935 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 1936

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(9), (11),
or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt,
guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention
in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion
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of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 1941 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 1942 documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and 1943 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 1944 individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may 1945 then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 1946 to determine whether the individual committed the act in 1947 question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given 1948 in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the 1949 board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this 1950 division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing 1951 is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions 1952 identified under division (B) of this section. 1953

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an 1954 individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in 1955 this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the 1956 individual's second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial 1957 finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the 1958 Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 1959 practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 1960 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 1961 are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 1962 quilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be quilty of, or is 1963 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 1964 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 1965 lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 1966 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 1967 equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 1968 murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 1969 kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, 1970 aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. 1971

Continued practice	after suspension shall be considered
practicing without	a license or certificate.

The board shall notify the individual subject to the

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suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

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section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose

1976
license or certificate is automatically suspended under this

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division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication

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under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do

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whichever of the following is applicable:

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- (1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 1981 a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 1982 quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 1983 the board shall enter an order suspending the individual's 1984 license or certificate to practice for a period of at least one 1985 year or, if determined appropriate by the board, imposing a more 1986 serious sanction involving the individual's license or 1987 certificate to practice. 1988
- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this

 section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking

 the individual's license or certificate to practice.

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- (J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 1992 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 1993 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 1994 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 1995 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 1996 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 1997 final order that contains the board's findings. In that final 1998 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 1999 division (A) or (B) of this section. 2000

- (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 2001 this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be 2002 accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which 2003 the individual's license or certificate to practice may be 2004 reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to 2005 be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or 2006 2007 certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of 2008 the board. 2009
- (L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or 2010 certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's 2011 license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an 2012 2013 individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice, 2014 the board may specify that its action is permanent. An 2015 2016 individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate 2017 to practice and the board shall not accept an application for 2018 reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a 2019 new license or certificate. 2020
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the RevisedCode, all of the following apply:2022
- (1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under 2023 this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by 2024 the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for 2025 acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or 2026 certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be 2027 considered a special meeting under division (F) of section 2028 121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or 2029 certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative 2030

vote of not fewer than six members of the board.	2031
(2) An application for a license or certificate made under	2032
the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without	2033
approval of the board.	2034
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or	2035
certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a	2036
certificate to recommend in accordance with rules adopted under	2037
section 4731.301 of the Revised Code shall not remove or limit	2038
the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under	2039
this section against the individual.	2040
(4) At the request of the board, a license or certificate	2041
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	2042
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or	2043
permanently revoked.	2044
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)	2045
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	2046
copayments as follows:	2047
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	2048
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	2049
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	2050
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	2051
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	2052
available to the board upon request.	2053
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	2054
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	2055
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	2056
(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in	2057
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	2058
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	2059

Section 2. That existing sections 1739.05, 1753.09,

3901.21, 3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 4725.19, and 4731.22 of the

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Revised Code are hereby repealed. 2089 Section 3. The following represent the General Assembly's 2090 intent and findings: 2091 (A) The provisions of this act seek to prevent health 2092 2093 insuring corporations, vision insurers, vision benefit plans, and other contracting entities from establishing fee limitations 2094 on vision care services and vision care materials that are not 2095 covered vision services for enrollees under an insurance plan. 2096 (B) Strategies by health insuring corporations, vision 2097 insurers, vision benefit plans, and other contracting entities 2098 to adopt or impose a deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or any 2099 other requirement in such a way as to provide de minimis 2100 reimbursement for services or vision care materials as a method 2101 to avoid the impact of this law is contrary to the spirit and 2102 intent of the General Assembly. 2103 (C) The provisions of this act concerning the declaration 2104 by vision care providers on whether to accept or not accept as 2105 payment an amount set by the contracting entity for vision care 2106 services and vision care materials that are not covered vision 2107 services and the publication of such declaration to enrollees by 2108 health insuring corporations, vision insurers, vision benefit 2109 plans, and other contracting entities, should treat providers 2110 equally regardless of the declaration made and should be 2111 communicated in such a manner as not to imply that the vision 2112 care provider is favored or disfavored based on the declaration. 2113 Section 4. Section 1739.05 of the Revised Code is 2114 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 2115

by both Sub. H.B. 463 and Sub. S.B. 319 of the 131st General

Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in

Sub. H. B. No. 156 As Reported by the Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions Committee	Page 74
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	2118
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	2119
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	2120
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	2121
as presented in this act.	2122