| ABORTION PROHIBITION AMENDMENTS  |
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| 2020 GENERAL SESSION   |
| STATE OF UTAH  |
| Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay  |
| House Sponsor:   |
| LONG TITLE   |
| General Description:   |
| This bill prohibits a pregnant woman from receiving an abortion, with limited                            |
| exceptions.  |
| Highlighted Provisions:  |
| This bill:   |
| <ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>   |
| <ul> <li>prohibits an abortion at any stage of a pregnant woman's pregnancy, except under</li> </ul>     |
| certain circumstances;   |
| <ul> <li>provides penalties for a physician who performs an unlawful abortion; and</li> </ul>            |
| <ul> <li>provides that, upon enactment, the provisions of this bill supercede any conflicting</li> </ul> |
| provisions.  |
| Money Appropriated in this Bill:   |
| None   |
| Other Special Clauses:   |
| This bill provides a contingent effective date.  |
| <b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>  |
| ENACTS:  |
| <b>76-7a-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953  |
| <b>76-7a-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953  |
| <b>76-7a-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953  |



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| ) | Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:                                      |
| ) | Section 1. Section 76-7a-101 is enacted to read:  |
|   | <b>CHAPTER 7a. ABORTION PROHIBITION</b>   |
| 2 | <u>76-7a-101.</u> Definitions.  |
| 3 | As used in this section:  |
| ļ | (1) (a) "Abortion" means:   |
| 5 | (i) the intentional termination or attempted termination of human pregnancy after           |
| Ó | implantation of a fertilized ovum through a medical procedure carried out by a physician or |
| , | through a substance used under the direction of a physician;                                |
|   | (ii) the intentional killing or attempted killing of a live unborn child through a medical  |
|   | procedure carried out by a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a   |
|   | physician; or   |
|   | (iii) the intentional causing or attempted causing of a miscarriage through a medical       |
|   | procedure carried out by a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a   |
|   | physician.  |
|   | (b) "Abortion" does not include:  |
|   | (i) removal of a dead unborn child;   |
|   | (ii) removal of an ectopic pregnancy; or  |
|   | (iii) the killing or attempted killing of an unborn child without the consent of the        |
|   | pregnant woman, unless:   |
|   | (A) the killing or attempted killing is done through a medical procedure carried out by     |
|   | a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a physician; and             |
|   | (B) the physician is unable to obtain the consent due to a medical emergency.               |
|   | (2) "Abortion clinic" means a type I abortion clinic licensed by the state or a type II     |
|   | abortion clinic licensed by the state.  |
|   | (3) "Department" means the Department of Health.  |
|   | (4) "Down syndrome" means a genetic condition associated with an extra chromosome           |
|   | 21, in whole or in part, or an effective trisomy for chromosome 21.                         |
| , | (5) "Hospital" means:   |
| 3 | (a) a general hospital licensed by the department; or                                       |

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| 59 | (b) a clinic or other medical facility to the extent the clinic or other medical facility is     |
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| 60 | certified by the department as providing equipment and personnel sufficient in quantity and      |
| 61 | quality to provide the same degree of safety to a pregnant woman and an unborn child as would    |
| 62 | be provided for the particular medical procedure undertaken by a general hospital licensed by    |
| 63 | the department.  |
| 64 | (6) "Incest" means the same as that term is defined in Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile            |
| 65 | Court Act.   |
| 66 | (7) "Medical emergency" means a condition which, on the basis of the physician's good            |
| 67 | faith clinical judgment, so threatens the life of a pregnant woman as to necessitate the         |
| 68 | immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death, or for which a delay will create serious |
| 69 | risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of major bodily function.                        |
| 70 | (8) "Physician" means:   |
| 71 | (a) a medical doctor licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the state;                     |
| 72 | (b) an osteopathic physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in the state; or          |
| 73 | (c) a physician employed by the federal government who has qualifications similar to             |
| 74 | an individual described in Subsection (8)(a) or (b).   |
| 75 | (9) "Rape" means the same as that term is defined in Title 76, Utah Criminal Code.               |
| 76 | (10) (a) "Severe brain abnormality" means a malformation or defect that causes an                |
| 77 | individual to live in a mentally vegetative state.   |
| 78 | (b) "Severe brain abnormality" does not include:   |
| 79 | (i) Down syndrome;   |
| 80 | (ii) spina bifida;   |
| 81 | (iii) cerebral palsy; or   |
| 82 | (iv) any other malformation, defect, or condition that does not cause an individual to           |
| 83 | live in a mentally vegetative state.   |
| 84 | Section 2. Section 76-7a-201 is enacted to read:   |
| 85 | Part 2. Prohibition  |
| 86 | 76-7a-201. Abortion prohibition Exceptions Penalties.  |
| 87 | (1) An abortion may be performed in this state only under the following circumstances:           |
| 88 | (a) the abortion is necessary to avert:  |
| 89 | (i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or                                 |

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| 90   | (ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function  |
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| 91   | of the woman on whom the abortion is performed;  |
| 92   | (b) two physicians who practice maternal fetal medicine concur, in writing, in the   |
| 93   | patient's medical record that the fetus:   |
| 94   | (i) has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal; or  |
| 95   | (ii) has a severe brain abnormality that is uniformly diagnosable; or  |
| 96   | (c) (i) the woman is pregnant as a result of:  |
| 97   | (A) rape;  |
| 98   | (B) rape of a child; or  |
| 99   | (C) incest; and  |
| 100  | (ii) before the abortion is performed, the physician who performs the abortion:  |
| 101  | (A) verifies that the incident described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) has been reported to law  |
| 102  | enforcement; and   |
| 103  | (B) if applicable, complies with requirements related to reporting suspicions of or  |
| 104  | known child abuse.   |
| 105  | (2) An abortion may be performed only:   |
| 106  | (a) by a physician; and  |
| 107  | (b) in an abortion clinic or a hospital, unless it is necessary to perform the abortion in   |
| 108  | another location due to a medical emergency.   |
| 109  | (3) A person who $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{\text{violates}}{\text{performs an abortion in violation of}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ this section is |
| 109a | guilty of a second degree felony.  |
| 110  | (4) In addition to the penalty described in Subsection (3), the department may take  |
| 111  | appropriate corrective action against an abortion clinic, including revoking the abortion clinic's   |
| 112  | license, if a violation of this chapter occurs at the abortion clinic.   |
| 113  | (5) The department shall report a physician's violation of any provision of this section   |
| 114  | to the state entity that regulates the licensing of a physician.   |
| 115  | Section 3. Section 76-7a-301 is enacted to read:   |
| 116  | Part 3. Superseding Clause   |
| 117  | 76-7a-301. Superseding clause.   |
| 118  | If, at the time this chapter takes effect, any provision in the Utah Code conflicts with a   |
| 119  | provision of this chapter, the provision of this chapter supersedes the conflicting provision.   |
| 120  | Section 4. Contingent effective date.  |
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| 121 | (1) As used in this section, "a court of binding authority" means:                           |
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| 122 | (a) the United States Supreme Court; or  |
| 123 | (b) after the right to appeal has been exhausted:  |
| 124 | (i) the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit;                                |
| 125 | (ii) the Utah Supreme Court; or  |
| 126 | (iii) the Utah Court of Appeals.   |
| 127 | (2) The provisions of this bill take effect on the date that the legislative general counsel |
| 128 | certifies to the Legislative Management Committee that a court of binding authority has held |
| 129 | that a state may prohibit the abortion of an unborn child at any time during the gestational |
| 130 | period, subject to the exceptions enumerated in this bill.                                   |