115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.314

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To repeal title I of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for cooperative governing of individual health insurance coverage offered in interstate commerce.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 5, 2017

Mrs. BLACKBURN (for herself, Mr. HENSARLING, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. OLSON, Mrs. BLACK, and Mr. HUDSON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, and Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To repeal title I of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for cooperative governing of individual health insurance coverage offered in interstate commerce.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as "Health Care Choice Act5 of 2017".

1SEC. 2. SPECIFICATION OF CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY2FOR ENACTMENT OF LAW.

3 This Act is enacted pursuant to the power granted
4 Congress under article I, section 8, clause 3, of the United
5 States Constitution.

6 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) The application of numerous and significant 9 variations in State law and the implementation of 10 the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act im-11 pacts the ability of insurers to offer, and individuals 12 to obtain, affordable individual health insurance cov-13 erage, thereby impeding commerce in individual 14 health insurance coverage.

(2) Mandates for health care coverage established by title I of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act will significantly elevate health insurance costs beyond State and Federal ability to
pay.

20 (3) Individual health insurance coverage is in21 creasingly offered through the Internet, other elec22 tronic means, and by mail, all of which are inher23 ently part of interstate commerce.

(4) In response to these issues, it is appropriate
to encourage increased efficiency in the offering of
individual health insurance coverage through a col-

laborative approach by the States in regulating this
 coverage.

3 (5) The establishment of risk-retention groups
4 has provided a successful model for the sale of insur5 ance across State lines, as the acts establishing
6 those groups allow insurance to be sold in multiple
7 States but regulated by a single State.

8 SEC. 4. REPEAL OF TITLE I OF PPACA.

9 Effective as of the enactment of the Patient Protec-10 tion and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148), title I of such Act is repealed (and any amendments to such 11 12 title, or to amendments made by such title, made by the 13 Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152) are repealed), and the provisions 14 15 of law amended or repealed by such title (or amendments) are restored or revived as if such title (and amendments) 16 had not been enacted. 17

18 SEC. 5. COOPERATIVE GOVERNING OF INDIVIDUAL 19 HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title XXVII of the Public Health
21 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg et seq.) is amended by add22 ing at the end the following new part:

"PART D—COOPERATIVE GOVERNING OF INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE "SEC. 2795. DEFINITIONS.

4 "In this part:

5 "(1) PRIMARY STATE.—The term 'primary 6 State' means, with respect to individual health insur-7 ance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, the State designated by the issuer as the State 8 9 whose covered laws shall govern the health insurance 10 issuer in the sale of such coverage under this part. 11 An issuer, with respect to a particular policy, may 12 only designate one such State as its primary State 13 with respect to all such coverage it offers. Such an 14 issuer may not change the designated primary State 15 with respect to individual health insurance coverage 16 once the policy is issued, except that such a change 17 may be made upon renewal of the policy. With re-18 spect to such designated State, the issuer is deemed 19 to be doing business in that State.

20 "(2) SECONDARY STATE.—The term 'secondary
21 State' means, with respect to individual health insur22 ance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer,
23 any State that is not the primary State. In the case
24 of a health insurance issuer that is selling a policy
25 in, or to a resident of, a secondary State, the issuer

is deemed to be doing business in that secondary
 State.

"(3) HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—The term
"health insurance issuer' has the meaning given such
term in section 2791(b)(2), except that such an
issuer must be licensed in the primary State and be
qualified to sell individual health insurance coverage
in that State.

9 "(4) INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSURANCE COV-10 ERAGE.—The term 'individual health insurance cov-11 erage' means health insurance coverage offered in 12 the individual market, as defined in section 13 2791(e)(1).

14 "(5) APPLICABLE STATE AUTHORITY.—The
15 term 'applicable State authority' means, with respect
16 to a health insurance issuer in a State, the State in17 surance commissioner or official or officials des18 ignated by the State to enforce the requirements of
19 this title for the State with respect to the issuer.

20 "(6) HAZARDOUS FINANCIAL CONDITION.—The
21 term 'hazardous financial condition' means that,
22 based on its present or reasonably anticipated finan23 cial condition, a health insurance issuer is unlikely
24 to be able—

1	"(A) to meet obligations to policyholders
2	with respect to known claims and reasonably
3	anticipated claims; or
4	"(B) to pay other obligations in the normal
5	course of business.
6	"(7) COVERED LAWS.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'covered
8	laws' means the laws, rules, regulations, agree-
9	ments, and orders governing the insurance busi-
10	ness pertaining to—
11	"(i) individual health insurance cov-
12	erage issued by a health insurance issuer;
13	"(ii) the offer, sale, rating (including
14	medical underwriting), renewal, and
15	issuance of individual health insurance cov-
16	erage to an individual;
17	"(iii) the provision to an individual in
18	relation to individual health insurance cov-
19	erage of health care and insurance related
20	services;
21	"(iv) the provision to an individual in
22	relation to individual health insurance cov-
23	erage of management, operations, and in-
24	vestment activities of a health insurance
25	issuer; and

-
"(v) the provision to an individual in
relation to individual health insurance cov-
erage of loss control and claims adminis-
tration for a health insurance issuer with
respect to liability for which the issuer pro-
vides insurance.
"(B) EXCEPTION.—Such term does not in-
clude any law, rule, regulation, agreement, or
order governing the use of care or cost manage-
ment techniques, including any requirement re-
lated to provider contracting, network access or
adequacy, health care data collection, or quality
assurance.
"(8) STATE.—The term 'State' means the 50
States and includes the District of Columbia, Puerto
Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa,
and the Northern Mariana Islands.
"(9) UNFAIR CLAIMS SETTLEMENT PRAC-
TICES.—The term 'unfair claims settlement prac-
tices' means only the following practices:
"(A) Knowingly misrepresenting to claim-
ants and insured individuals relevant facts or
policy provisions relating to coverage at issue.

1	"(B) Failing to acknowledge with reason-
2	able promptness pertinent communications with
3	respect to claims arising under policies.
4	"(C) Failing to adopt and implement rea-
5	sonable standards for the prompt investigation
6	and settlement of claims arising under policies.
7	"(D) Failing to effectuate prompt, fair,
8	and equitable settlement of claims submitted in
9	which liability has become reasonably clear.
10	"(E) Refusing to pay claims without con-
11	ducting a reasonable investigation.
12	"(F) Failing to affirm or deny coverage of
13	claims within a reasonable period of time after
14	having completed an investigation related to
15	those claims.
16	"(G) A pattern or practice of compelling
17	insured individuals or their beneficiaries to in-
18	stitute suits to recover amounts due under its
19	policies by offering substantially less than the
20	amounts ultimately recovered in suits brought
21	by them.
22	"(H) A pattern or practice of attempting
23	to settle or settling claims for less than the
24	amount that a reasonable person would believe
25	the insured individual or his or her beneficiary

1	was entitled by reference to written or printed
2	advertising material accompanying or made
3	part of an application.
4	"(I) Attempting to settle or settling claims
5	on the basis of an application that was materi-
6	ally altered without notice to, or knowledge or
7	consent of, the insured.
8	"(J) Failing to provide forms necessary to
9	present claims within 15 calendar days of a re-
10	quest with reasonable explanations regarding
11	their use.
12	"(K) Attempting to cancel a policy in less
13	time than that prescribed in the policy or by the
14	law of the primary State.
15	"(10) FRAUD AND ABUSE.—The term 'fraud
16	and abuse' means an act or omission committed by
17	a person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud,
18	commits, or conceals any material information con-
19	cerning, one or more of the following:
20	"(A) Presenting, causing to be presented
21	or preparing with knowledge or belief that it
22	will be presented to or by an insurer, a rein-
23	surer, broker or its agent, false information as
24	part of, in support of or concerning a fact ma-
25	terial to one or more of the following:

1	"(i) An application for the issuance or
2	renewal of an insurance policy or reinsur-
3	ance contract.
4	"(ii) The rating of an insurance policy
5	or reinsurance contract.
6	"(iii) A claim for payment or benefit
7	pursuant to an insurance policy or reinsur-
8	ance contract.
9	"(iv) Premiums paid on an insurance
10	policy or reinsurance contract.
11	"(v) Payments made in accordance
12	with the terms of an insurance policy or
13	reinsurance contract.
14	"(vi) A document filed with the com-
15	missioner or the chief insurance regulatory
16	official of another jurisdiction.
17	"(vii) The financial condition of an in-
18	surer or reinsurer.
19	"(viii) The formation, acquisition,
20	merger, reconsolidation, dissolution or
21	withdrawal from one or more lines of in-
22	surance or reinsurance in all or part of a
23	State by an insurer or reinsurer.
24	"(ix) The issuance of written evidence
25	of insurance.

1	''(x)	The	reinstatement	of	an	insur
2	ance polic	ey.				

"(B) Solicitation or acceptance of new or
renewal insurance risks on behalf of an insurer,
reinsurer, or other person engaged in the business of insurance by a person who knows or
should know that the insurer or other person
responsible for the risk is insolvent at the time
of the transaction.

"(C) Transaction of the business of insurance in violation of laws requiring a license, certificate of authority or other legal authority for
the transaction of the business of insurance.

14 "(D) Attempt to commit, aiding or abet15 ting in the commission of, or conspiracy to com16 mit the acts or omissions specified in this para17 graph.

18 "SEC. 2796. APPLICATION OF LAW.

19 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The covered laws of the primary 20 State shall apply to individual health insurance coverage 21 offered by a health insurance issuer in the primary State 22 and in any secondary State, but only if the coverage and 23 issuer comply with the conditions of this section with re-24 spect to the offering of coverage in any secondary State.

"(b) EXEMPTIONS FROM COVERED LAWS IN A SEC-1 2 ONDARY STATE.—Except as provided in this section, a 3 health insurance issuer with respect to its offer, sale, rat-4 ing (including medical underwriting), renewal, and 5 issuance of individual health insurance coverage in any secondary State is exempt from any covered laws of the 6 7 secondary State (and any rules, regulations, agreements, 8 or orders sought or issued by such State under or related 9 to such covered laws) to the extent that such laws would— 10 "(1) make unlawful, or regulate, directly or in-11 directly, the operation of the health insurance issuer 12 operating in the secondary State, except that any

"(A) to pay, on a nondiscriminatory basis,
applicable premium and other taxes (including
high risk pool assessments) which are levied on
insurers and surplus lines insurers, brokers, or
policyholders under the laws of the State;

secondary State may require such an issuer—

19 "(B) to register with and designate the
20 State insurance commissioner as its agent solely
21 for the purpose of receiving service of legal doc22 uments or process;

23 "(C) to submit to an examination of its fi24 nancial condition by the State insurance com25 missioner in any State in which the issuer is

1	doing business to determine the issuer's finan-
2	cial condition, if—
3	"(i) the State insurance commissioner
4	of the primary State has not done an ex-
5	amination within the period recommended
6	by the National Association of Insurance
7	Commissioners; and
8	"(ii) any such examination is con-
9	ducted in accordance with the examiners'
10	handbook of the National Association of
11	Insurance Commissioners and is coordi-
12	nated to avoid unjustified duplication and
13	unjustified repetition;
14	"(D) to comply with a lawful order
15	issued—
16	"(i) in a delinquency proceeding com-
17	menced by the State insurance commis-
18	sioner if there has been a finding of finan-
19	cial impairment under subparagraph (C);
20	or
21	"(ii) in a voluntary dissolution pro-
22	ceeding;
23	"(E) to comply with an injunction issued
24	by a court of competent jurisdiction, upon a pe-
25	tition by the State insurance commissioner al-

1	leging that the issuer is in hazardous financial
2	condition;
3	"(F) to participate, on a nondiscriminatory
4	basis, in any insurance insolvency guaranty as-
5	sociation or similar association to which a
6	health insurance issuer in the State is required
7	to belong;
8	"(G) to comply with any State law regard-
9	ing fraud and abuse (as defined in section
10	2795(10)), except that if the State seeks an in-
11	junction regarding the conduct described in this
12	subparagraph, such injunction must be obtained
13	from a court of competent jurisdiction;
14	"(H) to comply with any State law regard-
15	ing unfair claims settlement practices (as de-
16	fined in section $2795(9)$; or
17	"(I) to comply with the applicable require-
18	ments for independent review under section
19	2798 with respect to coverage offered in the
20	State;
21	"(2) require any individual health insurance
22	coverage issued by the issuer to be countersigned by
23	an insurance agent or broker residing in that Sec-
24	ondary State; or

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"(3) otherwise discriminate against the issuer
 issuing insurance in both the primary State and in
 any secondary State.

"(c) CLEAR AND CONSPICUOUS DISCLOSURE.—A 4 5 health insurance issuer shall provide the following notice, in 12-point bold type, in any insurance coverage offered 6 7 in a secondary State under this part by such a health in-8 surance issuer and at renewal of the policy, with the 5 9 blank spaces therein being appropriately filled with the 10 name of the health insurance issuer, the name of primary State, the name of the secondary State, the name of the 11 12 secondary State, and the name of the secondary State, re-13 spectively, for the coverage concerned:

14

"'NOTICE

"This policy is issued by _____ and is gov-15 erned by the laws and regulations of the State of 16 , and it has met all the laws of that State as 17 18 determined by that State's Department of Insurance. This 19 policy may be less expensive than others because it is not 20 subject to all of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of , including coverage of some services 21 22 or benefits mandated by the law of the State of . Additionally, this policy is not subject to all 23 24 of the consumer protection laws or restrictions on rate 25 changes of the State of . As with all insurance

products, before purchasing this policy, you should care fully review the policy and determine what health care
 services the policy covers and what benefits it provides,
 including any exclusions, limitations, or conditions for
 such services or benefits.'.

6 "(d) PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN RECLASSIFICATIONS7 AND PREMIUM INCREASES.—

8 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this sec-9 tion, a health insurance issuer that provides indi-10 vidual health insurance coverage to an individual 11 under this part in a primary or secondary State may 12 not upon renewal—

"(A) move or reclassify the individual insured under the health insurance coverage from
the class such individual is in at the time of
issue of the contract based on the health statusrelated factors of the individual; or

"(B) increase the premiums assessed the
individual for such coverage based on a health
status-related factor or change of a health status-related factor or the past or prospective
claim experience of the insured individual.

23 "(2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in paragraph
24 (1) shall be construed to prohibit a health insurance
25 issuer—

1	"(A) from terminating or discontinuing
2	coverage or a class of coverage in accordance
3	with subsections (b) and (c) of section 2742;
4	"(B) from raising premium rates for all
5	policy holders within a class based on claims ex-
6	perience;
7	"(C) from changing premiums or offering
8	discounted premiums to individuals who engage
9	in wellness activities at intervals prescribed by
10	the issuer, if such premium changes or incen-
11	tives—
12	"(i) are disclosed to the consumer in
13	the insurance contract;
14	"(ii) are based on specific wellness ac-
15	tivities that are not applicable to all indi-
16	viduals; and
17	"(iii) are not obtainable by all individ-
18	uals to whom coverage is offered;
19	"(D) from reinstating lapsed coverage; or
20	"(E) from retroactively adjusting the rates
21	charged an insured individual if the initial rates
22	were set based on material misrepresentation by
23	the individual at the time of issue.
24	"(e) Prior Offering of Policy in Primary
25	STATE.—A health insurance issuer may not offer for sale

individual health insurance coverage in a secondary State
 unless that coverage is currently offered for sale in the
 primary State.

4 "(f) LICENSING OF AGENTS OR BROKERS FOR 5 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—Any State may require that a person acting, or offering to act, as an agent or 6 7 broker for a health insurance issuer with respect to the 8 offering of individual health insurance coverage obtain a 9 license from that State, with commissions or other compensation subject to the provisions of the laws of that 10 State, except that a State may not impose any qualifica-11 12 tion or requirement which discriminates against a nonresident agent or broker. 13

14 "(g) DOCUMENTS FOR SUBMISSION TO STATE IN15 SURANCE COMMISSIONER.—Each health insurance issuer
16 issuing individual health insurance coverage in both pri17 mary and secondary States shall submit—

18 "(1) to the insurance commissioner of each
19 State in which it intends to offer such coverage, be20 fore it may offer individual health insurance cov21 erage in such State—

22 "(A) a copy of the plan of operation or fea23 sibility study or any similar statement of the
24 policy being offered and its coverage (which

1	shall include the name of its primary State and
2	its principal place of business);
3	"(B) written notice of any change in its
4	designation of its primary State; and
5	"(C) written notice from the issuer of the
6	issuer's compliance with all the laws of the pri-
7	mary State; and
8	((2) to the insurance commissioner of each sec-
9	ondary State in which it offers individual health in-
10	surance coverage, a copy of the issuer's quarterly fi-
11	nancial statement submitted to the primary State,
12	which statement shall be certified by an independent
13	public accountant and contain a statement of opin-
14	ion on loss and loss adjustment expense reserves
15	made by—
16	"(A) a member of the American Academy
17	of Actuaries; or
18	"(B) a qualified loss reserve specialist.
19	"(h) Power of Courts To Enjoin Conduct.—
20	Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the
21	authority of any Federal or State court to enjoin—
22	((1) the solicitation or sale of individual health
23	insurance coverage by a health insurance issuer to
24	any person or group who is not eligible for such in-
25	surance; or

"(2) the solicitation or sale of individual health
 insurance coverage that violates the requirements of
 the law of a secondary State which are described in
 subparagraphs (A) through (H) of section
 2796(b)(1).

6 "(i) POWER OF SECONDARY STATES TO TAKE AD-7 MINISTRATIVE ACTION.—Nothing in this section shall be 8 construed to affect the authority of any State to enjoin 9 conduct in violation of that State's laws described in sec-10 tion 2796(b)(1).

11 "(j) STATE POWERS TO ENFORCE STATE LAWS.— 12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the provisions of 13 subsection (b)(1)(G) (relating to injunctions) and 14 paragraph (2), nothing in this section shall be con-15 strued to affect the authority of any State to make 16 use of any of its powers to enforce the laws of such 17 State with respect to which a health insurance issuer 18 is not exempt under subsection (b).

19 "(2) COURTS OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION.—
20 If a State seeks an injunction regarding the conduct
21 described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection
22 (h), such injunction must be obtained from a Fed23 eral or State court of competent jurisdiction.

"(k) STATES' AUTHORITY TO SUE.—Nothing in this
 section shall affect the authority of any State to bring ac tion in any Federal or State court.

4 "(1) GENERALLY APPLICABLE LAWS.—Nothing in
5 this section shall be construed to affect the applicability
6 of State laws generally applicable to persons or corpora7 tions.

8 "(m) GUARANTEED AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE TO 9 HIPAA ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—To the extent that a 10 health insurance issuer is offering coverage in a primary State that does not accommodate residents of secondary 11 12 States or does not provide a working mechanism for resi-13 dents of a secondary State, and the issuer is offering coverage under this part in such secondary State which has 14 15 not adopted a qualified high risk pool as its acceptable alternative mechanism (as defined in section 2744(c)(2)), 16 17 the issuer shall, with respect to any individual health insurance coverage offered in a secondary State under this 18 part, comply with the guaranteed availability requirements 19 20 for eligible individuals in section 2741.

21 "SEC. 2797. PRIMARY STATE MUST MEET FEDERAL FLOOR 22 BEFORE ISSUER MAY SELL INTO SECONDARY 23 STATES.

24 "A health insurance issuer may not offer, sell, or25 issue individual health insurance coverage in a secondary

State if the State insurance commissioner does not use
 a risk-based capital formula for the determination of cap ital and surplus requirements for all health insurance
 issuers.

5 "SEC. 2798. INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL APPEALS PROCE-6 DURES.

7 "(a) RIGHT TO EXTERNAL APPEAL.—A health insur8 ance issuer may not offer, sell, or issue individual health
9 insurance coverage in a secondary State under the provi10 sions of this title unless—

"(1) both the secondary State and the primary
State have legislation or regulations in place establishing an independent review process for individuals
who are covered by individual health insurance coverage, or

"(2) in any case in which the requirements of 16 17 subparagraph (A) are not met with respect to the ei-18 ther of such States, the issuer provides an inde-19 pendent review mechanism substantially identical (as 20 determined by the applicable State authority of such 21 State) to that prescribed in the 'Health Carrier Ex-22 ternal Review Model Act' of the National Association 23 of Insurance Commissioners for all individuals who 24 purchase insurance coverage under the terms of this 25 part, except that, under such mechanism, the review

1	is conducted by an independent medical reviewer, or
2	a panel of such reviewers, with respect to whom the
3	requirements of subsection (b) are met.
4	"(b) Qualifications of Independent Medical
5	REVIEWERS.—In the case of any independent review
6	mechanism referred to in subsection (a)(2)—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In referring a denial of a
8	claim to an independent medical reviewer, or to any
9	panel of such reviewers, to conduct independent
10	medical review, the issuer shall ensure that—
11	"(A) each independent medical reviewer
12	meets the qualifications described in paragraphs
13	(2) and (3);
14	"(B) with respect to each review, each re-
15	viewer meets the requirements of paragraph (4)
16	and the reviewer, or at least 1 reviewer on the
17	panel, meets the requirements described in
18	paragraph (5) ; and
19	"(C) compensation provided by the issuer
20	to each reviewer is consistent with paragraph
21	(6).
22	"(2) LICENSURE AND EXPERTISE.—Each inde-
23	pendent medical reviewer shall be a physician
24	(allopathic or osteopathic) or health care profes-
25	sional who—

1	"(A) is appropriately credentialed or li-
2	censed in one or more States to deliver health
3	care services; and
4	"(B) typically treats the condition, makes
5	the diagnosis, or provides the type of treatment
6	under review.
7	"(3) INDEPENDENCE.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
9	graph (B), each independent medical reviewer
10	in a case shall—
11	"(i) not be a related party (as defined
12	in paragraph (7));
13	"(ii) not have a material familial, fi-
14	nancial, or professional relationship with
15	such a party; and
16	"(iii) not otherwise have a conflict of
17	interest with such a party (as determined
18	under regulations).
19	"(B) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in subpara-
20	graph (A) shall be construed to—
21	"(i) prohibit an individual, solely on
22	the basis of affiliation with the issuer,
23	from serving as an independent medical re-
24	viewer if—

	_0
1	"(I) a non-affiliated individual is
2	not reasonably available;
3	"(II) the affiliated individual is
4	not involved in the provision of items
5	or services in the case under review;
6	"(III) the fact of such an affili-
7	ation is disclosed to the issuer and the
8	enrollee (or authorized representative)
9	and neither party objects; and
10	"(IV) the affiliated individual is
11	not an employee of the issuer and
12	does not provide services exclusively or
13	primarily to or on behalf of the issuer;
14	"(ii) prohibit an individual who has
15	staff privileges at the institution where the
16	treatment involved takes place from serv-
17	ing as an independent medical reviewer
18	merely on the basis of such affiliation if
19	the affiliation is disclosed to the issuer and
20	the enrollee (or authorized representative),
21	and neither party objects; or
22	"(iii) prohibit receipt of compensation
23	by an independent medical reviewer from
24	an entity if the compensation is provided
25	consistent with paragraph (6).

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	"(4) Practicing health care professional
2	IN SAME FIELD.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In a case involving
4	treatment, or the provision of items or serv-
5	ices—
6	"(i) by a physician, a reviewer shall be
7	a practicing physician (allopathic or osteo-
8	pathic) of the same or similar specialty, as
9	a physician who, acting within the appro-
10	priate scope of practice within the State in
11	which the service is provided or rendered,
12	typically treats the condition, makes the
13	diagnosis, or provides the type of treat-
14	ment under review; or
15	"(ii) by a non-physician health care
16	professional, the reviewer, or at least 1
17	member of the review panel, shall be a
18	practicing non-physician health care pro-
19	fessional of the same or similar specialty
20	as the non-physician health care profes-
21	sional who, acting within the appropriate
22	scope of practice within the State in which
23	the service is provided or rendered, typi-
24	cally treats the condition, makes the diag-

1	nosis, or provides the type of treatment
2	under review.
3	"(B) PRACTICING DEFINED.—For pur-
4	poses of this paragraph, the term 'practicing'
5	means, with respect to an individual who is a
6	physician or other health care professional, that
7	the individual provides health care services to
8	individual patients on average at least 2 days
9	per week.
10	"(5) Pediatric expertise.—In the case of an
11	external review relating to a child, a reviewer shall
12	have expertise under paragraph (2) in pediatrics.
13	"(6) LIMITATIONS ON REVIEWER COMPENSA-
14	TION.—Compensation provided by the issuer to an
15	independent medical reviewer in connection with a
16	review under this section shall—
17	"(A) not exceed a reasonable level; and
18	"(B) not be contingent on the decision ren-
19	dered by the reviewer.
20	"(7) Related party defined.—For purposes
21	of this section, the term 'related party' means, with
22	respect to a denial of a claim under a coverage relat-
23	ing to an enrollee, any of the following:
24	"(A) The issuer involved, or any fiduciary,
25	officer, director, or employee of the issuer.

1	"(B) The enrollee (or authorized represent-
2	ative).
3	"(C) The health care professional that pro-
4	vides the items or services involved in the de-
5	nial.
6	"(D) The institution at which the items or
7	services (or treatment) involved in the denial
8	are provided.
9	"(E) The manufacturer of any drug or
10	other item that is included in the items or serv-
11	ices involved in the denial.
12	"(F) Any other party determined under
13	any regulations to have a substantial interest in
14	the denial involved.
15	"(8) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sub-
16	section:
17	"(A) ENROLLEE.—The term 'enrollee'
18	means, with respect to health insurance cov-
19	erage offered by a health insurance issuer, an
20	individual enrolled with the issuer to receive
21	such coverage.
22	"(B) Health care professional.—The
23	term 'health care professional' means an indi-
24	vidual who is licensed, accredited, or certified
25	under State law to provide specified health care

services and who is operating within the scope
 of such licensure, accreditation, or certification.
 "SEC. 2799. ENFORCEMENT.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), with
5 respect to specific individual health insurance coverage the
6 primary State for such coverage has sole jurisdiction to
7 enforce the primary State's covered laws in the primary
8 State and any secondary State.

9 "(b) SECONDARY STATE'S AUTHORITY.—Nothing in
10 subsection (a) shall be construed to affect the authority
11 of a secondary State to enforce its laws as set forth in
12 the exception specified in section 2796(b)(1).

13 "(c) COURT INTERPRETATION.—In reviewing action
14 initiated by the applicable secondary State authority, the
15 court of competent jurisdiction shall apply the covered
16 laws of the primary State.

"(d) NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE FAILURE.—In the case
of individual health insurance coverage offered in a secondary State that fails to comply with the covered laws
of the primary State, the applicable State authority of the
secondary State may notify the applicable State authority
of the primary State.".

23 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by24 subsection (a) shall apply to individual health insurance

1	coverage offered, issued, or sold after the date that is one
2	year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
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3	(c) GAO ONGOING STUDY AND REPORTS.—
4	(1) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the
5	United States shall conduct an ongoing study con-
6	cerning the effect of the amendment made by sub-
7	section (a) on—
8	(A) the number of uninsured and under-in-
9	sured;
10	(B) the availability and cost of health in-
11	surance policies for individuals with pre-existing
12	medical conditions;
13	(C) the availability and cost of health in-
14	surance policies generally;
15	(D) the elimination or reduction of dif-
16	ferent types of benefits under health insurance
17	policies offered in different States; and
18	(E) cases of fraud or abuse relating to
19	health insurance coverage offered under such
20	amendment and the resolution of such cases.
21	(2) ANNUAL REPORTS.—The Comptroller Gen-
22	eral shall submit to Congress an annual report, after
23	the end of each of the 5 years following the effective
24	date of the amendment made by subsection (a), on
25	the ongoing study conducted under paragraph (1).

1 SEC. 6. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of the Act or the application of such
provision to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act and the application of the provisions of such to any other person or circumstance shall not be affected.

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