As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

Sub. H. B. No. 431

Representatives Abrams, Carfagna

Cosponsors: Representatives Lipps, Koehler, Riedel, Ginter, Manchester, Strahorn, Powell, Cross, Richardson, McClain, O'Brien, Wiggam, LaRe, Leland, Crossman, Cupp, Galonski, West

A BILL

То	amend sections 2152.021, 2905.32, 2929.01, and	1
	2950.01 and to enact section 109.96 of the	2
	Revised Code to create the Sexual Exploitation	3
	Database, to require a juvenile court in	4
	specified circumstances to hold a delinquency	5
	complaint in abeyance in certain cases related	6
	to prostitution or human trafficking, and to	7
	provide that the elements for the offense of	8
	trafficking in persons that apply to a victim	9
	under age 16 also apply to a victim who is age	10
	16 or 17.	11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2152.021, 2905.32, 2929.01, and	12
2950.01 be amended and section 109.96 of the Revised Code be	13
enacted to read as follows:	14
Sec. 109.96. (A) As used in this section:	15
(1) "Conviction record" means a record containing all of	16

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expunded, or sealed prior to the automatic removal from the

this section, the court ordering the offense overturned,

sexual exploitation database as described in division (E)(1) of

expunded, or sealed shall order the clerk of the court to submit

to the attorney general an order to have that conviction record

removed from the sexual <u>exploitation database</u>. Upon receipt of

an order submitted under division (E)(2) of this section, the

attorney general shall remove that conviction record from the

(F) The attorney general shall adopt rules under Chapter

sexual exploitation database.

119. of the Revised Code establishing guidelines for the	73
establishment and operation of the sexual exploitation database	74
and prescribe forms necessary for the establishment and	75
operation of the sexual exploitation database, including rules	76
and forms establishing procedures for a court to order a	77
prostitution offender whose conviction of or plea of guilty to a	78
prostitution offense has been overturned, expunged, or sealed to	79
be removed from the sexual exploitation database.	80

Sec. 2152.021. (A) (1) Subject to division (A) (2) of this 81 section, any person having knowledge of a child who appears to 82 83 be a juvenile traffic offender or to be a delinquent child may file a sworn complaint with respect to that child in the 84 juvenile court of the county in which the child has a residence 85 or legal settlement or in which the traffic offense or 86 delinquent act allegedly occurred. The sworn complaint may be 87 upon information and belief, and, in addition to the allegation 88 that the child is a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic 89 offender, the complaint shall allege the particular facts upon 90 which the allegation that the child is a delinquent child or a 91 juvenile traffic offender is based. 92

If a child appears to be a delinquent child who is 93 eligible for a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence 94 under section 2152.11 of the Revised Code and if the prosecuting 95 attorney desires to seek a serious youthful offender 96 dispositional sentence under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code 97 in regard to the child, the prosecuting attorney of the county 98 in which the alleged delinquency occurs may initiate a case in 99 the juvenile court of the county by presenting the case to a 100 grand jury for indictment, by charging the child in a bill of 101 information as a serious youthful offender pursuant to section 102 2152.13 of the Revised Code, by requesting a serious youthful 103 offender dispositional sentence in the original complaint

alleging that the child is a delinquent child, or by filing with

the juvenile court a written notice of intent to seek a serious

youthful offender dispositional sentence. This paragraph does

not apply regarding the imposition of a serious youthful

offender dispositional sentence pursuant to section 2152.121 of

the Revised Code.

- (2) Any person having knowledge of a child who appears to 111 be a delinquent child for violating a court order regarding the 112 child's adjudication as an unruly child for being an habitual 113 truant, may file a sworn complaint with respect to that child, 114 or with respect to that child and the parent, guardian, or other 115 person having care of the child, in the juvenile court of the 116 county in which the child has a residence or legal settlement or 117 in which the child is supposed to attend public school. The 118 sworn complaint may be upon information and belief and shall 119 allege that the child is a delinquent child for violating a 120 court order regarding the child's prior adjudication as an 121 unruly child for being a habitual truant and, in addition, the 122 particular facts upon which that allegation is based. If the 123 complaint contains allegations regarding the child's parent, 124 quardian, or other person having care of the child, the 125 complaint additionally shall allege that the parent, quardian, 126 or other person having care of the child has failed to cause the 127 child's attendance at school in violation of section 3321.38 of 128 the Revised Code and, in addition, the particular facts upon 129 which that allegation is based. 130
- (B) Any person with standing under applicable law may file

 a complaint for the determination of any other matter over which

 the juvenile court is given jurisdiction by section 2151.23 of

 the Revised Code. The complaint shall be filed in the county in

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which the child who is the subject of the complaint is found or	135
was last known to be found.	136
(C) Within ten days after the filing of a complaint or the	137
issuance of an indictment, the court shall give written notice	138
of the filing of the complaint or the issuance of an indictment	139
and of the substance of the complaint or indictment to the	140
superintendent of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	141
vocational school district if the complaint or indictment	142
alleges that a child committed an act that would be a criminal	143
offense if committed by an adult, that the child was sixteen	144
years of age or older at the time of the commission of the	145
alleged act, and that the alleged act is any of the following:	146
(1) A violation of section 2923.122 of the Revised Code	147
that relates to property owned or controlled by, or to an	148
activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of	149
that school district;	150
(2) A violation of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code, of	151
a substantially similar municipal ordinance, or of section	152
2925.03 of the Revised Code that was committed on property owned	153
or controlled by, or at an activity held under the auspices of,	154
the board of education of that school district;	155
(3) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code	156
that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or at an	157
activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of	158
that school district, other than a violation of that section	159
that would be a minor drug possession offense if committed by an	160
adult;	161
(4) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	162

2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2907.02, or 2907.05 of the Revised

Code, or a violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised	164
Code, that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or	165
at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of	166
education of that school district, if the victim at the time of	167
the commission of the alleged act was an employee of the board	168
of education of that school district;	169
(5) Complicity in any violation described in division (C)	170
(1), (2) , (3) , or (4) of this section that was alleged to have	171
been committed in the manner described in division (C)(1), (2),	172
(3), or (4) of this section, regardless of whether the act of	173
complicity was committed on property owned or controlled by, or	174
at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of	175
education of that school district.	176
(D) A public children services agency, acting pursuant to	177
a complaint or an action on a complaint filed under this	178
section, is not subject to the requirements of section 3127.23	179
of the Revised Code.	180
(E) For purposes of the record to be maintained by the	181
clerk under division (B) of section 2152.71 of the Revised Code,	182
when a complaint is filed that alleges that a child is a	183
delinquent child, the court shall determine if the victim of the	184
alleged delinquent act was sixty-five years of age or older or	185
permanently and totally disabled at the time of the alleged	186
commission of the act.	187
(F)(1) At any time after the filing of a complaint	188
alleging that a child is a delinquent child and before	189
adjudication, the court may hold a hearing to determine whether	1,90
to hold the complaint in abeyance pending the child's successful	191
completion of actions that constitute a method to divert the	192

child from the juvenile court system shall promptly appoint for

object to holding the complaint in abeyance. No statement made

by a child at a hearing held under this division is admissible

in any subsequent proceeding against the child.

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(b) Upon the filing of a petition made under division (F)	223
(2) (b) of this section, both of the following apply:	224
(i) The court may grant the petition without a hearing,	225
provided the prosecuting attorney, after receiving notice of the	226
petition, consents.	227
(ii) If the prosecuting attorney does not consent to	228
holding the complaint in abeyance, the court shall hold a	229
hearing to determine whether to hold the complaint in abeyance.	230
The prosecuting attorney shall be notified of the date, time,	231
and location of the hearing, and has the right to participate in	232
any the hearing held under division (F)(1) of this section, to	233
object to holding the complaint that is the subject of the	234
hearing in abeyance, and to make recommendations related to	235
diversion actions. No statement made by a child at a hearing	236
held under $\underline{\text{this}}$ division $\overline{\text{(F) (1)}}$ of this section is admissible in	237
any subsequent proceeding against the child.	238
(3) If either division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this section	239
applies, the court shall promptly appoint a guardian ad litem-	240
for the child. The court shall not appoint the child's attorney	241
as guardian ad litem. If the court decides to hold the complaint	242
in abeyance, the guardian ad litem shall make recommendations-	243
that are in the best interest of the child to the court.	244
(4) If the court decides to hold a hearing under division	245
(F)(3)(a) of this section and the court after the hearing finds	246
by a preponderance of the evidence that division (F)(1)(a) of	247
this section applies, if after a hearing held under division (F)	248
(3) (b) (ii) of this section the court decides to finds by a	249
preponderance of the evidence that division (F)(1)(b) of this	250
section applies and the act charged in the complaint is related	251
to the child's victimization, or if the court grants the	252

petition without a hearing under division (F)(3)(a) or (b)(i) of	253
this section, the court shall hold the complaint in abeyance,	254
provided the child consents. The guardian ad litem shall make	255
recommendations that are in the best interest of the child. A	256
psychiatrist, psychologist, licensed professional clinical	257
counselor, or other clinician selected by the court, who has	258
assessed the child, may make recommendations that are in the	259
best interest of the child. The prosecuting attorney or the	260
child's attorney may make recommendations related to diversion	261
actions. The court may make any orders regarding placement,	262
services, supervision, diversion actions, and conditions of	263
abeyance, including, but not limited to, engagement in trauma-	264
based behavioral health services or education activities, that	265
the court considers appropriate and in the best interest of the	266
child. The court may hold the complaint in abeyance for up to	267
ninety days while the child engages in diversion actions. If the	268
child violates the conditions of abeyance or does not complete-	269
is not actively engaging in the diversion actions to the court's	270
satisfaction within ninety days, the court may extend the period	271
of abeyance for not more than two-three additional ninety-day	272
periods.	273
(5) If the court holds the complaint in abeyance and the	274
child complies with the conditions of abeyance and completes	275
actively engages in the diversion actions to the court's	276
satisfaction, the court shall dismiss the complaint and order	277
that the records pertaining to the case be expunged immediately.	278
If the child fails to complete <u>actively engage in</u> the diversion	279
actions to the court's satisfaction, the court shall proceed	280
upon the complaint.	281
Sec. 2905.32. (A) No person shall knowingly recruit, lure,	282

entice, isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or

maintain, or knowingly attempt to recruit, lure, entice,	284
isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain,	285
another person if any either of the following applies:	286
(1) The offender knows that the other person will be	287
subjected to involuntary servitude or be compelled to engage in	288
sexual activity for hire, engage in a performance that is	289
obscene, sexually oriented, or nudity oriented, or be a model or	290
participant in the production of material that is obscene,	291
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented.	292
(2) The other person is less than sixteen eighteen years	293
of age or is a person with a developmental disability whom the	294
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe is a person	295
with a developmental disability, and either the offender knows	296
that the other person will be subjected to involuntary servitude	297
or the offender's knowing recruitment, luring, enticement,	298
isolation, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, or	299
maintenance of the other person or knowing attempt to recruit,	300
lure, entice, isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or	301
maintain the other person is for any of the following purposes:	302
(a) To For the other person to engage in sexual activity	303
for hire with one or more third parties;	304
(b) To engage in a performance for hire that is obscene,	305
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented;	306
(c) To be a model or participant for hire in the	307
production of material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	308
nudity oriented.	309
(3) The other person is sixteen or seventeen years of age,	310
either the offender knows that the other person will be	311
subjected to involuntary servitude or the offender's knowing	312

intimidation, or fraud.

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recruitment, luring, enticement, isolation, harboring,	313
transportation, provision, obtaining, or maintenance of the-	314
other person or knowing attempt to recruit, lure, entice,	315
isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain the	316
other person is for any purpose described in divisions (A) (2) (a)	317
to (c) of this section, and the circumstances described in-	318
division (A)(5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), or (13)	319
of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the	320
offender and the other person.	321
(B) For a prosecution under division (A)(1) of this	322
section, the element "compelled" does not require that the	323
compulsion be openly displayed or physically exerted. The	324

(C) In a prosecution under this section, proof that the defendant engaged in sexual activity with any person, or solicited sexual activity with any person, whether or not for hire, without more, does not constitute a violation of this section.

element "compelled" has been established if the state proves

that the victim's will was overcome by force, fear, duress,

(D) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not 333 preclude a prosecution of a violation of any other section of 334 the Revised Code. One or more acts, a series of acts, or a 335 course of behavior that can be prosecuted under this section or 336 any other section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted under 337 this section, the other section of the Revised Code, or both 338 sections. However, if an offender is convicted of or pleads 339 quilty to a violation of this section and also is convicted of 340 or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2907.21 of the 341 Revised Code based on the same conduct involving the same victim 342

that was the basis of the violation of this section, or is	343
convicted of or pleads guilty to any other violation of Chapter	344
2907. of the Revised Code based on the same conduct involving	345
the same victim that was the basis of the violation of this	346
section, the two offenses are allied offenses of similar import	347
under section 2941.25 of the Revised Code.	348

- (E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of trafficking 349 in persons, a felony of the first degree. For a violation 350 committed prior to the effective date of this amendment March 351 22, 2019, notwithstanding the range of definite terms set forth 352 in division (A)(1)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, 353 the court shall sentence the offender to a definite prison term 354 of ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, or fifteen years. 355 For a violation committed on or after the effective date of this 356 amendment March 22, 2019, notwithstanding the range of minimum 357 terms set forth in division (A)(1)(a) of section 2929.14 of the 358 Revised Code, the court shall sentence the offender to an 359 indefinite prison term pursuant to that division, with a minimum 360 term under that sentence of ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, 361 fourteen, or fifteen years. 362
 - (F) As used in this section:
- (1) "Person with a developmental disability" means a 364 person whose ability to resist or consent to an act is 365 substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition 366 or because of advanced age. 367
- (2) "Sexual activity for hire," "performance for hire,"

 and "model or participant for hire" mean an implicit or explicit

 agreement to provide sexual activity, engage in an obscene,

 sexually oriented, or nudity oriented performance, or be a model

 or participant in the production of obscene, sexually oriented,

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habilitation, or other service that it provides from the	401
government agency that is responsible for licensing or	402
certifying that type of education, training, treatment,	403
habilitation, or service.	404
(2) "Alternative residential facility" does not include a	405
community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, or	406
prison.	407
(B) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that	408
the offender maintain contact with a person appointed to	409
supervise the offender in accordance with sanctions imposed by	410
the court or imposed by the parole board pursuant to section	411
2967.28 of the Revised Code. "Basic probation supervision"	412
includes basic parole supervision and basic post-release control	413
supervision.	414
(C) "Cocaine," "fentanyl-related compound," "hashish,"	415
"L.S.D.," and "unit dose" have the same meanings as in section	416
2925.01 of the Revised Code.	417
(D) "Community-based correctional facility" means a	418
community-based correctional facility and program or district	419
community-based correctional facility and program developed	420
pursuant to sections 2301.51 to 2301.58 of the Revised Code.	421
(E) "Community control sanction" means a sanction that is	422
not a prison term and that is described in section 2929.15,	423
2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a sanction	424
that is not a jail term and that is described in section	425
2929.26, 2929.27, or 2929.28 of the Revised Code. "Community	426
control sanction" includes probation if the sentence involved	427
was imposed for a felony that was committed prior to July 1,	428
1996, or if the sentence involved was imposed for a misdemeanor	429

that was committed prior to January 1, 2004.	430
(F) "Controlled substance," "marihuana," "schedule I," and	431
"schedule II" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of	432
the Revised Code.	433
(G) "Curfew" means a requirement that an offender during a	434
specified period of time be at a designated place.	435
(H) "Day reporting" means a sanction pursuant to which an	436
offender is required each day to report to and leave a center or	437
other approved reporting location at specified times in order to	438
participate in work, education or training, treatment, and other	439
approved programs at the center or outside the center.	440
(I) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section	441
2923.11 of the Revised Code.	442
(J) "Drug and alcohol use monitoring" means a program	443
under which an offender agrees to submit to random chemical	444
analysis of the offender's blood, breath, or urine to determine	445
whether the offender has ingested any alcohol or other drugs.	446
(K) "Drug treatment program" means any program under which	447
a person undergoes assessment and treatment designed to reduce	448
or completely eliminate the person's physical or emotional	449
reliance upon alcohol, another drug, or alcohol and another drug	450
and under which the person may be required to receive assessment	451
and treatment on an outpatient basis or may be required to	452
reside at a facility other than the person's home or residence	453
while undergoing assessment and treatment.	454
(L) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered	455
by a victim as a direct and proximate result of the commission	456
of an offense and includes any loss of income due to lost time	457
at work because of any injury caused to the victim, and any	458

property loss, medical cost, or funeral expense incurred as a	459
result of the commission of the offense. "Economic loss" does	460
not include non-economic loss or any punitive or exemplary	461
damages.	462
(M) "Education or training" includes study at, or in	463
conjunction with a program offered by, a university, college, or	464
technical college or vocational study and also includes the	465
completion of primary school, secondary school, and literacy	466
curricula or their equivalent.	467
(N) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11	468
of the Revised Code.	469
(O) "Halfway house" means a facility licensed by the	470
division of parole and community services of the department of	471
rehabilitation and correction pursuant to section 2967.14 of the	472
Revised Code as a suitable facility for the care and treatment	473
of adult offenders.	474
(P) "House arrest" means a period of confinement of an	475
offender that is in the offender's home or in other premises	476
specified by the sentencing court or by the parole board	477
pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised Code and during which	478
all of the following apply:	479
(1) The offender is required to remain in the offender's	480
home or other specified premises for the specified period of	481
confinement, except for periods of time during which the	482
offender is at the offender's place of employment or at other	483
premises as authorized by the sentencing court or by the parole	484
board.	485
(2) The offender is required to report periodically to a	486
person designated by the court or parole board	487

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requirements that may be imposed by the sentencing court or by 489 the parole board. 490 (Q) "Intensive probation supervision" means a requirement 491 that an offender maintain frequent contact with a person 492 appointed by the court, or by the parole board pursuant to 493 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to supervise the offender 494 while the offender is seeking or maintaining necessary 495 employment and participating in training, education, and 496 497 treatment programs as required in the court's or parole board's order. "Intensive probation supervision" includes intensive 498 parole supervision and intensive post-release control 499 500 supervision. (R) "Jail" means a jail, workhouse, minimum security jail, 501 or other residential facility used for the confinement of 502 alleged or convicted offenders that is operated by a political 503 subdivision or a combination of political subdivisions of this 504 state. 505 (S) "Jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing 506

(3) The offender is subject to any other restrictions and

(T) "Mandatory jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing court is required to impose pursuant to division (G) of section 1547.99 of the Revised Code, division (E) of section 2903.06 or division (D) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code, division (E) or (G) of section 2929.24 of the Revised Code, division (B) of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code, or division (G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any

court imposes or is authorized to impose pursuant to section

2929.24 or 2929.25 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other

provision of the Revised Code that authorizes a term in a jail

for a misdemeanor conviction.

other	prov	ision	of	the	Revised	Code	that	requires	а	term	in	a	518
jail	for a	misde	emea	anor	convicti	ion.							519

- (U) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section 520 2152.02 of the Revised Code.
- (V) "License violation report" means a report that is made 522 by a sentencing court, or by the parole board pursuant to 523 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to the regulatory or 524 licensing board or agency that issued an offender a professional 525 license or a license or permit to do business in this state and 526 that specifies that the offender has been convicted of or 527 pleaded quilty to an offense that may violate the conditions 528 under which the offender's professional license or license or 529 permit to do business in this state was granted or an offense 530 for which the offender's professional license or license or 531 permit to do business in this state may be revoked or suspended. 532
- (W) "Major drug offender" means an offender who is 533 convicted of or pleads guilty to the possession of, sale of, or 534 offer to sell any drug, compound, mixture, preparation, or 535 substance that consists of or contains at least one thousand 536 grams of hashish; at least one hundred grams of cocaine; at 537 least one thousand unit doses or one hundred grams of heroin; at 538 least five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. or five hundred grams 539 of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 540 distillate form; at least fifty grams of a controlled substance 541 analog; at least one thousand unit doses or one hundred grams of 542 a fentanyl-related compound; or at least one hundred times the 543 amount of any other schedule I or II controlled substance other 544 than marihuana that is necessary to commit a felony of the third 545 degree pursuant to section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.11 546 of the Revised Code that is based on the possession of, sale of, 547

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or offer to sell the controlled substance.

(X) "Mandatory prison term" means any of the following:

- (1) Subject to division (X)(2) of this section, the term 550 in prison that must be imposed for the offenses or circumstances 551 set forth in divisions (F)(1) to (8) or (F)(12) to (21) of 552 section 2929.13 and division (B) of section 2929.14 of the 553 Revised Code. Except as provided in sections 2925.02, 2925.03, 554 2925.04, 2925.05, and 2925.11 of the Revised Code, unless the 555 maximum or another specific term is required under section 556 2929.14 or 2929.142 of the Revised Code, a mandatory prison term 557 described in this division may be any prison term authorized for 558 the level of offense except that if the offense is a felony of 559 the first or second degree committed on or after the effective 560 date of this amendment March 22, 2019, a mandatory prison term 561 described in this division may be one of the terms prescribed in 562 division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 563 Code, whichever is applicable, that is authorized as the minimum 564 term for the offense. 565
- (2) The term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in prison that a sentencing court is required to impose for a third or fourth degree felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or the term of one, two, three, four, or five years in prison that a sentencing court is required to impose pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code.
- (3) The term in prison imposed pursuant to division (A) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the offenses and in the circumstances described in division (F)(11) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code or pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), or

(c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of	578
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and that term as modified or	579
terminated pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code.	580
(Y) "Monitored time" means a period of time during which	581
an offender continues to be under the control of the sentencing	582
court or parole board, subject to no conditions other than	583
leading a law-abiding life.	584
(Z) "Offender" means a person who, in this state, is	585
convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or a misdemeanor.	586
(AA) "Prison" means a residential facility used for the	587
confinement of convicted felony offenders that is under the	588
control of the department of rehabilitation and correction and	589
includes a violation sanction center operated under authority of	590
section 2967.141 of the Revised Code.	591
(BB)(1) "Prison term" includes either of the following	592
sanctions for an offender:	593
(a) A stated prison term;	594
(b) A term in a prison shortened by, or with the approval	595
of, the sentencing court pursuant to section 2929.143, 2929.20,	596
2967.26, 5120.031, 5120.032, or 5120.073 of the Revised Code.	597
(2) With respect to a non-life felony indefinite prison	598
term, references in any provision of law to a reduction of, or	599
deduction from, the prison term mean a reduction in, or	600
deduction from, the minimum term imposed as part of the	601
indefinite term.	602
(CC) "Repeat violent offender" means a person about whom	603
both of the following apply:	604
(1) The person is being sentenced for committing or for	605

complicity in committing any of the following:	606
(a) Aggravated murder, murder, any felony of the first or	607
second degree that is an offense of violence, or an attempt to	608
commit any of these offenses if the attempt is a felony of the	609
first or second degree;	610
(b) An offense under an existing or former law of this	611
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	612
substantially equivalent to an offense described in division	613
(CC)(1)(a) of this section.	614
(2) The person previously was convicted of or pleaded	615
guilty to an offense described in division (CC)(1)(a) or (b) of	616
this section.	617
(DD) "Sanction" means any penalty imposed upon an offender	618
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense, as	619
punishment for the offense. "Sanction" includes any sanction	620
imposed pursuant to any provision of sections 2929.14 to 2929.18	621
or 2929.24 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code.	622
(EE) "Sentence" means the sanction or combination of	623
sanctions imposed by the sentencing court on an offender who is	624
convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense.	625
(FF)(1) "Stated prison term" means the prison term,	626
mandatory prison term, or combination of all prison terms and	627
mandatory prison terms imposed by the sentencing court pursuant	628
to section 2929.14, 2929.142, or 2971.03 of the Revised Code or	629
under section 2919.25 of the Revised Code. "Stated prison term"	630
includes any credit received by the offender for time spent in	631
jail awaiting trial, sentencing, or transfer to prison for the	632
offense and any time spent under house arrest or house arrest	633
with electronic monitoring imposed after earning credits	634

pursuant to section 2967.193 of the Revised Code. If an offender is serving a prison term as a risk reduction sentence under 636 sections 2929.143 and 5120.036 of the Revised Code, "stated 637 prison term" includes any period of time by which the prison 638 term imposed upon the offender is shortened by the offender's 639 successful completion of all assessment and treatment or 640 programming pursuant to those sections.

(2) As used in the definition of "stated prison term" set 642 forth in division (FF)(1) of this section, a prison term is a 643 definite prison term imposed under section 2929.14 of the 644 Revised Code or any other provision of law, is the minimum and 645 maximum prison terms under a non-life felony indefinite prison 646 term, or is a term of life imprisonment except to the extent 647 that the use of that definition in a section of the Revised Code 648 clearly is not intended to include a term of life imprisonment. 649 With respect to an offender sentenced to a non-life felony 650 indefinite prison term, references in section 2967.191 or 651 2967.193 of the Revised Code or any other provision of law to a 652 reduction of, or deduction from, the offender's stated prison 653 term or to release of the offender before the expiration of the 654 offender's stated prison term mean a reduction in, or deduction 655 from, the minimum term imposed as part of the indefinite term or 656 a release of the offender before the expiration of that minimum 657 term, references in section 2929.19 or 2967.28 of the Revised 658 Code to a stated prison term with respect to a prison term 659 imposed for a violation of a post-release control sanction mean 660 the minimum term so imposed, and references in any provision of 661 law to an offender's service of the offender's stated prison 662 term or the expiration of the offender's stated prison term mean 663 service or expiration of the minimum term so imposed plus any 664 additional period of incarceration under the sentence that is 665

required under section 2967.271 of the Revised Code.	666
(GG) "Victim-offender mediation" means a reconciliation or	667
mediation program that involves an offender and the victim of	668
the offense committed by the offender and that includes a	669
meeting in which the offender and the victim may discuss the	670
offense, discuss restitution, and consider other sanctions for	671
the offense.	672
(HH) "Fourth degree felony OVI offense" means a violation	673
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that,	674
under division (G) of that section, is a felony of the fourth	675
degree.	676
(II) "Mandatory term of local incarceration" means the	677
term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in a jail, a community-	678
based correctional facility, a halfway house, or an alternative	679
residential facility that a sentencing court may impose upon a	680
person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a fourth degree	681
felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(1) of section	682
2929.13 of the Revised Code and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of	683
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	684
(JJ) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	685
offense," "violent sex offense," "sexual motivation	686
specification," "sexually violent offense," "sexually violent	687
predator," and "sexually violent predator specification" have	688
the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.	689
(KK) "Sexually oriented offense," "child-victim oriented	690
offense," and "tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" have	691
the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	692
(LL) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a child"	693
if the offender commits the offense within thirty feet of or	694

within the same residential unit as a child who is under	695
eighteen years of age, regardless of whether the offender knows	696
the age of the child or whether the offender knows the offense	697
is being committed within thirty feet of or within the same	698
residential unit as the child and regardless of whether the	699
child actually views the commission of the offense.	700
(MM) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as	701
in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.	702
(NN) "Motor vehicle" and "manufactured home" have the same	703
meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code.	704
(OO) "Detention" and "detention facility" have the same	705
meanings as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.	706
(PP) "Third degree felony OVI offense" means a violation	707
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that,	708
under division (G) of that section, is a felony of the third	709
degree.	710
(QQ) "Random drug testing" has the same meaning as in	711
section 5120.63 of the Revised Code.	712
(RR) "Felony sex offense" has the same meaning as in	713
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code.	714
(SS) "Body armor" has the same meaning as in section	715
2941.1411 of the Revised Code.	716
(TT) "Electronic monitoring" means monitoring through the	717
use of an electronic monitoring device.	718
(UU) "Electronic monitoring device" means any of the	719
following:	720
(1) Any device that can be operated by electrical or	721

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battery power and that conforms with all of the following:

(a) The device has a transmitter that can be attached to a 723 person, that will transmit a specified signal to a receiver of 724 the type described in division (UU) (1) (b) of this section if the 725 transmitter is removed from the person, turned off, or altered 726 in any manner without prior court approval in relation to 727 electronic monitoring or without prior approval of the 728 department of rehabilitation and correction in relation to the 729 use of an electronic monitoring device for an inmate on 730 transitional control or otherwise is tampered with, that can 731 transmit continuously and periodically a signal to that receiver 732 when the person is within a specified distance from the 733 734 receiver, and that can transmit an appropriate signal to that receiver if the person to whom it is attached travels a 735 specified distance from that receiver. 736

- (b) The device has a receiver that can receive 737 continuously the signals transmitted by a transmitter of the 738 type described in division (UU)(1)(a) of this section, can 739 transmit continuously those signals by a wireless or landline 740 telephone connection to a central monitoring computer of the 741 type described in division (UU)(1)(c) of this section, and can 742 transmit continuously an appropriate signal to that central 743 monitoring computer if the device has been turned off or altered 744 without prior court approval or otherwise tampered with. The 745 746 device is designed specifically for use in electronic monitoring, is not a converted wireless phone or another 747 tracking device that is clearly not designed for electronic 748 monitoring, and provides a means of text-based or voice 749 communication with the person. 750
 - (c) The device has a central monitoring computer that can

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receive continuously the signals transmitted by a wireless or	752
landline telephone connection by a receiver of the type	753
described in division (UU)(1)(b) of this section and can monitor	754
continuously the person to whom an electronic monitoring device	755
of the type described in division (UU)(1)(a) of this section is	756
attached.	757
(2) Any device that is not a device of the type described	758
in division (UU)(1) of this section and that conforms with all	759
of the following:	760
	7.61
(a) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that	761
can monitor and determine the location of a subject person at	762
any time, or at a designated point in time, through the use of a	763
central monitoring computer or through other electronic means.	764
(b) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that	765
can determine at any time, or at a designated point in time,	766
through the use of a central monitoring computer or other	767
electronic means the fact that the transmitter is turned off or	768
altered in any manner without prior approval of the court in	769
relation to the electronic monitoring or without prior approval	770
of the department of rehabilitation and correction in relation	771
to the use of an electronic monitoring device for an inmate on	772
transitional control or otherwise is tampered with.	773
(3) Any type of technology that can adequately track or	774
determine the location of a subject person at any time and that	775
is approved by the director of rehabilitation and correction,	776
including, but not limited to, any satellite technology, voice	777
tracking system, or retinal scanning system that is so approved.	778
(VV) "Non-economic loss" means nonpecuniary harm suffered	779

by a victim of an offense as a result of or related to the

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commission of the offense, including, but not limited to, pain	781
and suffering; loss of society, consortium, companionship, care,	782
assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel,	783
instruction, training, or education; mental anguish; and any	784
other intangible loss.	785
(WW) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	786
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	787
(XX) "Continuous alcohol monitoring" means the ability to	788
	789
automatically test and periodically transmit alcohol consumption	
levels and tamper attempts at least every hour, regardless of	790
the location of the person who is being monitored.	791
(YY) A person is "adjudicated a sexually violent predator"	792
if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent sex	793
offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually	794
violent predator specification that was included in the	795
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging	796
that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or	797
pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	798
offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a	799
sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator	800
specification that were included in the indictment, count in the	801
indictment, or information charging that designated homicide,	802
assault, or kidnapping offense.	803
(ZZ) An offense is "committed in proximity to a school" if	804
the offender commits the offense in a school safety zone or	805
within five hundred feet of any school building or the	806
boundaries of any school premises, regardless of whether the	807
offender knows the offense is being committed in a school safety	808
The second second second second	000

zone or within five hundred feet of any school building or the

boundaries of any school premises.

(AAA) "Human trafficking" means a scheme or plan to which	811
all of the following apply:	812
(1) Its object is one or <pre>more both of the following:</pre>	813
(a) To subject a victim or victims to involuntary	814
servitude, as defined in section 2905.31 of the Revised Code or	815
to compel a victim or victims to engage in sexual activity for	816
hire, to engage in a performance that is obscene, sexually	817
oriented, or nudity oriented, or to be a model or participant in	818
the production of material that is obscene, sexually oriented,	819
or nudity oriented;	820
(b) To facilitate, encourage, or recruit a victim who is	821
less than sixteen years of age a minor or is a person with a	822
developmental disability, or victims who are less than sixteen	823
years of age minors or are persons with developmental	824
disabilities, for any purpose listed in divisions (A)(2)(a) to	825
(c) of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code;	826
(c) To facilitate, encourage, or recruit a victim who is	827
sixteen or seventeen years of age, or victims who are sixteen or	828
seventeen years of age, for any purpose listed in divisions (A)	829
(2) (a) to (c) of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, if the	830
circumstances described in division (A)(5), (6), (7), (8), (9),	831
(10), (11), (12), or (13) of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code	832
apply with respect to the person engaging in the conduct and the	833
victim or victims.	834
(2) It involves at least two felony offenses, whether or	835
not there has been a prior conviction for any of the felony	836
offenses, to which all of the following apply:	837
(a) Each of the felony offenses is a violation of section	838
2905 01 2905 02 2905 32 2907 21 2907 22 or 2923 32	830

division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323, or division (B)(1),	840
(2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code or	841
is a violation of a law of any state other than this state that	842
is substantially similar to any of the sections or divisions of	843
the Revised Code identified in this division.	844
(b) At least one of the felony offenses was committed in	845
this state.	846
(c) The felony offenses are related to the same scheme or	847
plan and are not isolated instances.	848
(BBB) "Material," "nudity," "obscene," "performance," and	849
"sexual activity" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01	850
of the Revised Code.	851
(CCC) "Material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	852
nudity oriented" means any material that is obscene, that shows	853
a person participating or engaging in sexual activity,	854
masturbation, or bestiality, or that shows a person in a state	855
of nudity.	856
(DDD) "Performance that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	857
nudity oriented" means any performance that is obscene, that	858
shows a person participating or engaging in sexual activity,	859
masturbation, or bestiality, or that shows a person in a state	860
of nudity.	861
(EEE) "Accelerant" means a fuel or oxidizing agent, such	862
as an ignitable liquid, used to initiate a fire or increase the	863
rate of growth or spread of a fire.	864
(FFF) "Permanent disabling harm" means serious physical	865
harm that results in permanent injury to the intellectual,	866
physical, or sensory functions and that permanently and	867
substantially impairs a person's ability to meet one or more of	868

the ordinary demands of life, including the functions of caring	869
for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing,	870
hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working.	871
(GGG) "Non-life felony indefinite prison term" means a	872
prison term imposed under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of	873
section 2929.14 and section 2929.144 of the Revised Code for a	874
felony of the first or second degree committed on or after—the—	875
effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019.	876
Sec. 2950.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context	877
clearly requires otherwise:	878
(A) "Sexually oriented offense" means any of the following	879
violations or offenses committed by a person, regardless of the	880
person's age:	881
(1) A violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	882
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.32, 2907.321,	883
2907.322, or 2907.323 of the Revised Code;	884
(2) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code	885
when the offender is less than four years older than the other	886
person with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct, the	887
other person did not consent to the sexual conduct, and the	888
offender previously has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty	889
to a violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the	890
Revised Code or a violation of former section 2907.12 of the	891
Revised Code;	892
(3) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code	893
when the offender is at least four years older than the other	894
person with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct or when	895
the offender is less than four years older than the other person	896
with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct and the	897

offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	898
violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised	899
Code or a violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised	900
Code;	901
(4) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2903.11 of	902
the Revised Code when the violation was committed with a sexual	903
motivation;	904
(5) A violation of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the	905
Revised Code when the offender committed or attempted to commit	906
the felony that is the basis of the violation with a sexual	907
motivation;	908
(6) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2903.211 of	909
the Revised Code;	910
(7) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	911
section 2905.01 of the Revised Code when the offense is	912
committed with a sexual motivation;	913
(8) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 of	914
the Revised Code;	915
(9) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.01 of the	916
Revised Code when the victim of the offense is under eighteen	917
years of age and the offender is not a parent of the victim of	918
the offense;	919
(10) A violation of division (B) of section 2903.03, of	920
division (B) of section 2905.02, of division (B) of section	921
2905.03, of division (B) of section 2905.05, or of division (B)	922
(5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code;	923
(11) A violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code	924
when any either of the following applies:	925

(a) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of	926
that section and the offender knowingly recruited, lured,	927
enticed, isolated, harbored, transported, provided, obtained, or	928
maintained, or knowingly attempted to recruit, lure, entice,	929
isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain,	930
another person knowing that the person would be compelled to	931
engage in sexual activity for hire, engage in a performance that	932
was obscene, sexually oriented, or nudity oriented, or be a	933
model or participant in the production of material that was	934
obscene, sexually oriented, or nudity oriented.	935

(b) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of 936 that section and the offender knowingly recruited, lured, 937 enticed, isolated, harbored, transported, provided, obtained, or 938 maintained, or knowingly attempted to recruit, lure, entice, 939 isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain a 940 person who is less than sixteen eighteen years of age or is a 941 person with a developmental disability whom the offender knows 942 or has reasonable cause to believe is a person with a 943 developmental disability for any purpose listed in divisions (A) 944 (2) (a) to (c) of that section. 945

(c) The violation is a violation of division (A) (3) of 946 that section, the offender knowingly recruited, lured, enticed, 947 isolated, harbored, transported, provided, obtained, or 948 maintained, or knowingly attempted to recruit, lure, entice, 949 isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain a 950 person who is sixteen or seventeen years of age for any purpose 951 listed in divisions (A) (2) (a) to (c) of that section, and the 952 circumstances described in division (A)(5), (6), (7), (8), (9), 953 (10), (11), (12), or (13) of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code 954 955 apply with respect to the offender and the other person.

(12) A violation of division (B)(4) of section 2907.09 of	956
the Revised Code if the sentencing court classifies the offender	957
as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender relative to that	958
offense pursuant to division (D) of that section;	959
(13) A violation of any former law of this state, any	960
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state	961
or the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a	962
military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or	963
former law of any nation other than the United States that is or	964
was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	965
(A) (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) , (5) , (6) , (7) , (8) , (9) , (10) , (11) , or	966
(12) of this section;	967
(14) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2907.24 of	968
the Revised Code;	969
(15) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	970
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (A)(1),	971
(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13),	972
or (14) of this section.	973
(B)(1) "Sex offender" means, subject to division (B)(2) of	974
this section, a person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to,	975
has been convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, is adjudicated a	976
delinquent child for committing, or has been adjudicated a	977
delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense.	978
(2) "Sex offender" does not include a person who is	979
convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, has	980
pleaded guilty to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for	981
committing, or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	982
committing a sexually oriented offense if the offense involves	983
consensual sexual conduct or consensual sexual contact and	984

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either of the following applies:

- (a) The victim of the sexually oriented offense was 986 eighteen years of age or older and at the time of the sexually 987 oriented offense was not under the custodial authority of the 988 person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted 989 of, has pleaded guilty to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for 990 committing, or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for 991 committing the sexually oriented offense.
- (b) The victim of the offense was thirteen years of age or older, and the person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing the sexually oriented offense is not more than four years older than the victim.
- (C) "Child-victim oriented offense" means any of the 999 following violations or offenses committed by a person, 1000 regardless of the person's age, when the victim is under 1001 eighteen years of age and is not a child of the person who 1002 commits the violation:
- (1) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of 1004 section 2905.01 of the Revised Code when the violation is not 1005 included in division (A)(7) of this section; 1006
- (2) A violation of division (A) of section 2905.02, 1007 division (A) of section 2905.03, or division (A) of section 1008 2905.05 of the Revised Code; 1009
- (3) A violation of any former law of this state, any

 existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state

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 or the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a

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 military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or

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former law of any nation other than the United States that is or	1014
was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	1015
(C)(1) or (2) of this section;	1016
(4) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	1017
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (C)(1),	1018
(2), or (3) of this section.	1019
(2), or (3) or ents section.	1019
(D) "Child-victim offender" means a person who is	1020
convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, has	1021
pleaded guilty to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for	1022
committing, or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	1023
committing any child-victim oriented offense.	1024
(E) "Tier I sex offender/child-victim offender" means any	1025
of the following:	1026
	1007
(1) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to,	1027
has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any of the	1028
following sexually oriented offenses:	1029
(a) A violation of section 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,	1030
2907.22, or 2907.32 of the Revised Code;	1031
(b) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code	1032
when the offender is less than four years older than the other	1033
person with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct, the	1034
other person did not consent to the sexual conduct, and the	1035
offender previously has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty	1036
to a violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the	1037
Revised Code or a violation of former section 2907.12 of the	1038
Revised Code;	1039
	1009
(c) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	1040
section 2907.05 of the Revised Code;	1041

(d) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2907.323 of the Revised Code;	1042 1043
(e) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2903.211, of division (B) of section 2905.03, or of division (B) of section 2905.05 of the Revised Code;	1044 1045 1046
(f) A violation of division (B)(4) of section 2907.09 of the Revised Code if the sentencing court classifies the offender as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender relative to that offense pursuant to division (D) of that section;	1047 1048 1049 1050
(g) A violation of any former law of this state, any existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law of any nation other than the United States, that is or was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division (E)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section;	1051 1052 1053 1054 1055 1056
(h) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or complicity in committing any offense listed in division (E) (1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section.	1058 1059 1060
(2) A child-victim offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to a child-victim oriented offense and who is not within either category of child-victim offender described in division (F)(2) or (G)(2) of this section.	1061 1062 1063 1064 1065
(3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies a tier I sex offender/child-	1066 1067 1068 1069 1070

victim offender relative to the offense.	1071
(4) A child-victim offender who is adjudicated a	1072
delinquent child for committing or has been adjudicated a	1073
delinquent child for committing any child-victim oriented	1074
offense and who a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82,	1075
2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies a	1076
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the	1077
offense.	1078
(F) "Tier II sex offender/child-victim offender" means any	1079
of the following:	1080
(1) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to,	1081
has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any of the	1082
following sexually oriented offenses:	1083
(a) A violation of section 2907.21, 2907.321, or 2907.322	1084
of the Revised Code;	1085
(b) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code	1086
when the offender is at least four years older than the other	1087
person with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct, or when	1088
the offender is less than four years older than the other person	1089
with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct and the	1090
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	1091
violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised	1092
Code or former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	1093
(c) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2907.05, of	1094
division (A)(3) of section 2907.24, or of division (A)(1) or (2)	1095
of section 2907.323 of the Revised Code;	1096
(d) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	1097
section 2905.01 of the Revised Code when the offense is	1098
committed with a sexual motivation;	1099

(e) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 of	1100
the Revised Code when the victim of the offense is eighteen	1101
years of age or older;	1102
(f) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.02 or of	1103
division (B)(5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code;	1104
(g) A violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code	1105
that is described in division (A)(11)(a) τ or (b) τ or (c) of this	1106
section;	1107
(h) A violation of any former law of this state, any	1108
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state	1109
or the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a	1110
military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or	1111
former law of any nation other than the United States that is or	1112
was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	1113
(F)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section;	1114
(i) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	1115
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (F)(1)	1116
(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section;	1117
(j) Any sexually oriented offense that is committed after	1118
the sex offender previously has been convicted of, pleaded	1119
guilty to, or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	1120
committing any sexually oriented offense or child-victim	1121
oriented offense for which the offender was classified a tier I	1122
sex offender/child-victim offender.	1123
(2) A child-victim offender who is convicted of, pleads	1124
guilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any	1125
child-victim oriented offense when the child-victim oriented	1126
offense is committed after the child-victim offender previously	1127
has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a	1128

offense.

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classified a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender. (3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85	1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136
(3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85	1132 1133 1134 1135 1136
for committing or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85	1133 1134 1135 1136
committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85	1134 1135 1136
court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85	1135 1136
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of the Deviced Code elegation a tion II say offender/shild	
of the Revised Code, Classifies a tier if sex offender/Child-	
victim offender relative to the offense.	1137
(4) A child-victim offender who is adjudicated a	1138
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any category of tier II sex offender/child-victim offender set	1146
forth in division $(F)(1)$, (2) , (3) , or (4) of this section, who	1147
prior to January 1, 2008, was adjudicated a delinquent child for	1148
committing a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented	1149
offense, and who prior to that date was determined to be a	1150
habitual sex offender or determined to be a habitual child-	1151
victim offender, unless either of the following applies:	1152
(a) The sex offender or child-victim offender is	1153
reclassified pursuant to section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the	1154
	1155
	1156

(b) A juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82,	1158
2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies the	1159
child a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier III	1160
sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense.	1161
(G) "Tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" means	1162
any of the following:	1163
	1164
(1) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to,	1164
has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any of the	1165
following sexually oriented offenses:	1166
(a) A violation of section 2907.02 or 2907.03 of the	1167
Revised Code;	1168
(b) A violation of division (B) of section 2907.05 of the	1169
Revised Code;	1170
(a) 7	1171
(c) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2903.11 of	1171
the Revised Code when the violation was committed with a sexual motivation;	1172 1173
mocivación;	11/3
(d) A violation of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the	1174
Revised Code when the offender committed or attempted to commit	1175
the felony that is the basis of the violation with a sexual	1176
motivation;	1177
(e) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 of	1178
the Revised Code when the victim of the offense is under	1179
eighteen years of age;	1180
(f) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.01 of the	1181
Revised Code when the victim of the offense is under eighteen	1182
years of age and the offender is not a parent of the victim of	1183
the offense;	1184
(g) A violation of division (B) of section 2903.03 of the	1185

Revised Code;	1186
(h) A violation of any former law of this state, any	1187
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state	1188
or the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a	1189
military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or	1190
former law of any nation other than the United States that is or	1191
was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	1192
(G)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section;	1193
(i) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	1194
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (G)(1)	1195
(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section;	1196
(j) Any sexually oriented offense that is committed after	1197
the sex offender previously has been convicted of, pleaded	1198
guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing	1199
any sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense	1200
for which the offender was classified a tier II sex	1201
offender/child-victim offender or a tier III sex offender/child-	1202
victim offender.	1203
(2) A child-victim offender who is convicted of, pleads	1204
guilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any	1205
child-victim oriented offense when the child-victim oriented	1206
offense is committed after the child-victim offender previously	1207
has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a	1208
delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense or	1209
child-victim oriented offense for which the offender was	1210
classified a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender or a	1211
tier III sex offender/child-victim offender.	1212
(3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinquent child	1213
for committing or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	1214

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committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile	1215
court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85	1216
of the Revised Code, classifies a tier III sex offender/child-	1217
victim offender relative to the offense.	1218
(4) A child-victim offender who is adjudicated a	1219
delinquent child for committing or has been adjudicated a	1220
delinquent child for committing any child-victim oriented	1221
offense and whom a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82,	1222
2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies a	1223
tier III sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the	1224
current offense.	1225
(5) A sex offender or child-victim offender who is not in	1226
any category of tier III sex offender/child-victim offender set	1227
forth in division (G)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, who	1228
prior to January 1, 2008, was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1229
a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense or	1230
was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually	1231
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense and classified	1232
a juvenile offender registrant, and who prior to that date was	1233
adjudicated a sexual predator or adjudicated a child-victim	1234
predator, unless either of the following applies:	1235
(a) The sex offender or child-victim offender is	1236
reclassified pursuant to section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the	1237
Revised Code as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a	1238
tier II sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the	1239
offense.	1240
(b) The sex offender or child-victim offender is a	1241
delinquent child, and a juvenile court, pursuant to section	1242
2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code,	1243

classifies the child a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender

2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code.

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or a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the	1245
offense.	1246
(6) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to,	1247
was convicted of, or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented	1248
offense, if the sexually oriented offense and the circumstances	1249
in which it was committed are such that division (F) of section	1250
2971.03 of the Revised Code automatically classifies the	1251
offender as a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender;	1252
(7) A sex offender or child-victim offender who is	1253
convicted of, pleads guilty to, was convicted of, pleaded guilty	1254
to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, or was	1255
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually	1256
oriented offense or child-victim offense in another state, in a	1257
federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a	1258
court in any nation other than the United States if both of the	1259
following apply:	1260
(a) Under the law of the jurisdiction in which the	1261
(a) Under the law of the jurisdiction in which the	-
offender was convicted or pleaded guilty or the delinquent child	1262
was adjudicated, the offender or delinquent child is in a	1263
category substantially equivalent to a category of tier III sex	1264
offender/child-victim offender described in division (G)(1),	1265
(2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section.	1266
(b) Subsequent to the conviction, plea of guilty, or	1267
adjudication in the other jurisdiction, the offender or	1268
delinquent child resides, has temporary domicile, attends school	1269
or an institution of higher education, is employed, or intends	1270
to reside in this state in any manner and for any period of time	1271
that subjects the offender or delinquent child to a duty to	1272
register or provide notice of intent to reside under section	1273

(H) "Confinement" includes, but is not limited to, a	1275
community residential sanction imposed pursuant to section	1276
2929.16 or 2929.26 of the Revised Code.	1277
(I) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	1278
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1279
(J) "Supervised release" means a release of an offender	1280
from a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or another type of	1281
confinement that satisfies either of the following conditions:	1282
(1) The release is on parole, a conditional pardon, under	1283
a community control sanction, under transitional control, or	1284
under a post-release control sanction, and it requires the	1285
person to report to or be supervised by a parole officer,	1286
probation officer, field officer, or another type of supervising	1287
officer.	1288
(2) The release is any type of release that is not	1289
described in division (J)(1) of this section and that requires	1290
the person to report to or be supervised by a probation officer,	1291
a parole officer, a field officer, or another type of	1292
supervising officer.	1293
(K) "Sexually violent predator specification," "sexually	1294
violent predator," "sexually violent offense," "sexual	1295
motivation specification," "designated homicide, assault, or	1296
kidnapping offense," and "violent sex offense" have the same	1297
meanings as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.	1298
(L) "Post-release control sanction" and "transitional	1299
control" have the same meanings as in section 2967.01 of the	1300
Revised Code.	1301
(M) "Juvenile offender registrant" means a person who is	1302
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after	1303

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January 1, 2002, a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim	1304
oriented offense, who is fourteen years of age or older at the	1305
time of committing the offense, and who a juvenile court judge,	1306
pursuant to an order issued under section 2152.82, 2152.83,	1307
2152.84, 2152.85, or 2152.86 of the Revised Code, classifies a	1308
juvenile offender registrant and specifies has a duty to comply	1309
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	1310
Revised Code. "Juvenile offender registrant" includes a person	1311
who prior to January 1, 2008, was a "juvenile offender	1312
registrant" under the definition of the term in existence prior	1313
to January 1, 2008, and a person who prior to July 31, 2003, was	1314
a "juvenile sex offender registrant" under the former definition	1315
of that former term.	1316
(N) "Public registry-qualified juvenile offender	1317
registrant" means a person who is adjudicated a delinquent child	1318
and on whom a juvenile court has imposed a serious youthful	1319
offender dispositional sentence under section 2152.13 of the	1320
Revised Code before, on, or after January 1, 2008, and to whom	1321
all of the following apply:	1322
(1) The person is adjudicated a delinquent child for	1323
committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or	1324
complicity in committing one of the following acts:	1325
(a) A violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code,	1326
division (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, or section	1327
2907.03 of the Revised Code if the victim of the violation was	1328
less than twelve years of age;	1329
(b) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of	1330

the Revised Code that was committed with a purpose to gratify

the sexual needs or desires of the child;

- (c) A violation of division (B) of section 2903.03 of the 1333
 Revised Code. 1334
- (2) The person was fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, or 1335 seventeen years of age at the time of committing the act. 1336
- (3) A juvenile court judge, pursuant to an order issued 1337 under section 2152.86 of the Revised Code, classifies the person 1338 a juvenile offender registrant, specifies the person has a duty 1339 to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 1340 Revised Code, and classifies the person a public registry-1341 qualified juvenile offender registrant, and the classification 1342 of the person as a public registry-qualified juvenile offender 1343 registrant has not been terminated pursuant to division (D) of 1344 section 2152.86 of the Revised Code. 1345
- (O) "Secure facility" means any facility that is designed 1346 and operated to ensure that all of its entrances and exits are 1347 locked and under the exclusive control of its staff and to 1348 ensure that, because of that exclusive control, no person who is 1349 institutionalized or confined in the facility may leave the 1350 facility without permission or supervision. 1351
- (P) "Out-of-state juvenile offender registrant" means a 1352 person who is adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in 1353 another state, in a federal court, military court, or Indian 1354 tribal court, or in a court in any nation other than the United 1355 States for committing a sexually oriented offense or a child-1356 victim oriented offense, who on or after January 1, 2002, moves 1357 to and resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this 1358 state for more than five days, and who has a duty under section 1359 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code to register in this 1360 state and the duty to otherwise comply with that applicable 1361 section and sections 2950.05 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. 1362

"Out-of-state juvenile offender registrant" includes a person	1363
who prior to January 1, 2008, was an "out-of-state juvenile	1364
offender registrant" under the definition of the term in	1365
existence prior to January 1, 2008, and a person who prior to	1366
July 31, 2003, was an "out-of-state juvenile sex offender	1367
registrant" under the former definition of that former term.	1368
(Q) "Juvenile court judge" includes a magistrate to whom	1369
the juvenile court judge confers duties pursuant to division (A)	1370
(15) of section 2151.23 of the Revised Code.	1371
(R) "Adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	1372
sexually oriented offense" includes a child who receives a	1373
serious youthful offender dispositional sentence under section	1374
2152.13 of the Revised Code for committing a sexually oriented	1375
offense.	1376
(S) "School" and "school premises" have the same meanings	1377
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	1378
(T) "Residential premises" means the building in which a	1379
residential unit is located and the grounds upon which that	1380
building stands, extending to the perimeter of the property.	1381
"Residential premises" includes any type of structure in which a	1382
residential unit is located, including, but not limited to,	1383
multi-unit buildings and mobile and manufactured homes.	1384
(U) "Residential unit" means a dwelling unit for	1385
residential use and occupancy, and includes the structure or	1386
part of a structure that is used as a home, residence, or	1387
sleeping place by one person who maintains a household or two or	1388
more persons who maintain a common household. "Residential unit"	1389
does not include a halfway house or a community-based	1390
correctional facility.	1391

(V) "Multi-unit building" means a building in which is	1392
located more than twelve residential units that have entry doors	1393
that open directly into the unit from a hallway that is shared	1394
with one or more other units. A residential unit is not	1395
considered located in a multi-unit building if the unit does not	1396
have an entry door that opens directly into the unit from a	1397
hallway that is shared with one or more other units or if the	1398
unit is in a building that is not a multi-unit building as	1399
described in this division.	1400
(W) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as	1401
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	1402
(X) "Halfway house" and "community-based correctional	1403
facility" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the	1404
Revised Code.	1405
Section 2. That existing sections 2152.021, 2905.32,	1406
2929.01, and 2950.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1407
Section 3. Section 2929.01 of the Revised Code is	1408
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1409
by H.B. 63, H.B. 411, H.B. 1, S.B. 20, and S.B. 201, all of the	1410
132nd General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the	1411
principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised	1412
Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable	1413
of simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	1414
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	1415
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	1416