1	AN ACT relating to audiology and speech-language pathology.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 334A.010 TO 334A.990 IS
4	CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	<u>SECTION 1: PURPOSE</u>
6	The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate interstate practice of audiology and speech-
7	language pathology with the goal of improving public access to audiology and speech-
8	language pathology services. The practice of audiology and speech-language pathology
9	occurs in the state where the patient/client/student is located at the time of the
0	patient/client/student encounter. The Compact preserves the regulatory authority of
1	states to protect public health and safety through the current system of state licensure.
2	This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:
3	1. Increase public access to audiology and speech-language pathology services
4	by providing for the mutual recognition of other member state licenses;
5	2. Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety;
6	3. Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating multistate
7	audiology and speech-language pathology practice;
8	4. Support spouses of relocating active duty military personnel;
9	5. Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative and disciplinary
20	information between member states;
21	6. Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services with a compact privilege
22	in that state accountable to that state's practice standards; and
23	7. Allow for the use of telehealth technology to facilitate increased access to
24	audiology and speech-language pathology services.
25	SECTION 2: DEFINITIONS
26	As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions
7	shall annly:

1	<u>A.</u>	"Active duty military" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed
2		service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and
3		Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 1209 and 1211;
4	<u>B.</u>	"Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal
5		action permitted by a state's laws which is imposed by a licensing board or
6		other authority against an audiologist or speech-language pathologist,
7		including actions against an individual's license or privilege to practice
8		such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, or
9		restriction on the licensee's practice;
10	<u>C.</u>	"Alternative program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring process
11		approved by an audiology or speech-language pathology licensing board to
12		address impaired practitioners;
13	<u>D.</u>	"Audiologist" means an individual who is licensed by a state to practice
14		audiology;
15	<u>E.</u>	"Audiology" means the care and services provided by a licensed audiologist
16		as set forth in the member state's statutes and rules;
17	<u>F.</u>	"Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Compact Commission" or
18		"Commission" means the national administrative body whose membership
19		consists of all states that have enacted the Compact;
20	<u>G.</u>	"Audiology and speech-language pathology licensing board," "audiology
21		licensing board," "speech-language pathology licensing board," or
22		"licensing board" means the agency of a state that is responsible for the
23		licensing and regulation of audiologists and/or speech-language
24		pathologists;
25	<u>H.</u>	"Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote state to
26		allow a licensee from another member state to practice as an audiologist or
27		speech-language pathologist in the remote state under its laws and rules;

1		The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology occurs in the
2		member state where the patient/client/student is located at the time of the
3		patient/client/student encounter;
4	<u>I.</u>	"Current significant investigative information" means investigative
5		information that a licensing board, after an inquiry or investigation that
6		includes notification and an opportunity for the audiologist or speech-
7		language pathologist to respond, if required by state law, has reason to
8		believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would indicate more than a
9		minor infraction;
10	. <u>J.</u>	"Data system" means a repository of information about licensees,
11		including, but not limited to, continuing education, examination, licensure,
12		investigative, compact privilege and adverse action;
13	<u>K.</u>	"Encumbered license" means a license in which an adverse action restricts
14		the practice of audiology or speech-language pathology by the licensee and
15		said adverse action has been reported to the National Practitioners Data
16		Bank (NPDB);
17	<u>L.</u>	"Executive committee" means a group of directors elected or appointed to
18		act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the
19		Commission;
20	<u>M.</u>	"Home state" means the member state that is the licensee's primary state of
21		residence;
22	<i>N</i> .	"Impaired practitioner" means individuals whose professional practice is
23		adversely affected by substance abuse, addiction, or other health-related
24		conditions;
25	<u>0.</u>	"Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an authorization from
26		the state licensing board to practice as an audiologist or speech-language
27		pathologist;

1	<u>I .</u>	Member state means a state that has enacted the Compact,
2	<u>Q.</u>	"Privilege to practice" means a legal authorization permitting the practice
3		of audiology or speech-language pathology in a remote state;
4	<u>R.</u>	"Remote state" means a member state other than the home state where a
5		licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege;
6	<u>S.</u>	"Rule" means a regulation, principle or directive promulgated by the
7		Commission that has the force of law;
8	<u>T.</u>	"Single-state license" means an audiology or speech-language pathology
9		license issued by a member state that authorizes practice only within the
10		issuing state and does not include a privilege to practice in any other
11		member state;
12	<u>U.</u>	"Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who is licensed by a
13		state to practice speech-language pathology;
14	<u>V.</u>	"Speech-language pathology" means the care and services provided by a
15		licensed speech-language pathologist as set forth in the member state's
16		statutes and rules;
17	<u>W.</u>	"State" means any state, commonwealth, district or territory of the United
18		States of America that regulates the practice of audiology and speech-
19		language pathology;
20	<u>X.</u>	"State practice laws" means a member state's laws, rules and regulations
21		that govern the practice of audiology or speech-language pathology, define
22		the scope of audiology or speech-language pathology practice, and create
23		the methods and grounds for imposing discipline; and
24	<u>Y.</u>	"Telehealth" means the application of telecommunication technology to
25		deliver audiology or speech-language pathology services at a distance for
26		assessment, intervention and/or consultation.
27		SECTION 3: STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT

1	<u>A.</u>	A license issued to an audiologist or speech-language pathologist by a home state
2		to a resident in that state shall be recognized by each member state as authorizing
3		an audiologist or speech-language pathologist to practice audiology or speech-
4		language pathology, under a privilege to practice, in each member state.
5	<u>B.</u>	A state must implement or utilize procedures for considering the criminal history
6		records of applicants for initial privilege to practice. These procedures shall
7		include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by
8		applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record
9		information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible
10		for retaining that state's criminal records.
11		1. A member state must fully implement a criminal background check
12		requirement, within a time frame established by rule, by receiving the
13		results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record search on criminal
14		background checks and use the results in making licensure decisions.
15		2. Communication between a member state, the Commission and among
16		member states regarding the verification of eligibility for licensure through
17		the Compact shall not include any information received from the Federal
18		Bureau of Investigation relating to a federal criminal records check
19		performed by a member state under Public Law 92-544.
20	<u>C.</u>	Upon application for a privilege to practice, the licensing board in the issuing
21		remote state shall ascertain, through the data system, whether the applicant has
22		ever held, or is the holder of, a license issued by any other state, whether there
23		are any encumbrances on any license or privilege to practice held by the
24		applicant, whether any adverse action has been taken against any license or
25		privilege to practice held by the applicant.
26	<u>D.</u>	Each member state shall require an applicant to obtain or retain a license in the
27		home state and meet the home state's qualifications for licensure or renewal of

I		licer	<u>ısure,</u>	as well as, all other applicable state laws.
2	<u>E.</u>	For	an au	diologist:
3		<u>1.</u>	Musi	t meet one (1) of the following educational requirements:
4			<u>a.</u>	On or before, December 31, 2007, has graduated with a master's
5				degree or doctorate in audiology, or equivalent degree regardless of
6				degree name, from a program that is accredited by an accrediting
7				agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation,
8				or its successor, or by the United States Department of Education and
9				operated by a college or university accredited by a regional or national
10				accrediting organization recognized by the board; or
11			<u>b.</u>	On or after, January 1, 2008, has graduated with a Doctoral degree in
12				audiology, or equivalent degree, regardless of degree name, from a
13				program that is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the
14				Council for Higher Education Accreditation, or its successor, or by
15				the United States Department of Education and operated by a college
16				or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting
17				organization recognized by the board; or
18			<u>c.</u>	Has graduated from an audiology program that is housed in an
19				institution of higher education outside of the United States (a) for
20				which the program and institution have been approved by the
21				authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and (b) the
22				degree program has been verified by an independent credentials
23				review agency to be comparable to a state licensing board-approved
24				program;
25		2.	Has	completed a supervised clinical practicum experience from an
26			accre	edited educational institution or its cooperating programs as required
27			by th	e board;

1	<u>3.</u>	Has successfully passed a national examination approved by the
2		Commission;
3	<u>4.</u>	Holds an active, unencumbered license;
4	<u>5.</u>	Has not been convicted or found guilty, and has not entered into an agreed
5		disposition, of a felony related to the practice of audiology, under applicable
6		state or federal criminal law; and
7	<u>6.</u>	Has a valid United States Social Security or National Practitioner
8		Identification number.
9	F. For	a speech-language pathologist:
10	<u>1.</u>	Must meet one (1) of the following educational requirements:
11		a. Has graduated with a master's degree from a speech-language
12		pathology program that is accredited by an organization recognized by
13		the United States Department of Education and operated by a college
14		or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting
15		organization recognized by the board; or
16		b. Has graduated from a speech-language pathology program that is
17		housed in an institution of higher education outside of the United
18		States (a) for which the program and institution have been approved
19		by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and (b)
20		the degree program has been verified by an independent credentials
21		review agency to be comparable to a state licensing board-approved
22		program;
23	<u>2.</u>	Has completed a supervised clinical practicum experience from an
24		educational institution or its cooperating programs as required by the
25		Commission;
26	<u>3.</u>	Has completed a supervised postgraduate professional experience as
27		required by the Commission:

1		4. Has successfully passed a national examination approved by the
2		Commission;
3		5. Holds an active, unencumbered license;
4		6. Has not been convicted or found guilty, and has not entered into an agreed
5		disposition, of a felony related to the practice of speech-language pathology,
6		under applicable state or federal criminal law; and
7		7. Has a valid United States Social Security or National Practitioner
8		Identification number.
9	<u>G.</u>	The privilege to practice is derived from the home state license.
10	<u>H.</u>	An audiologist or speech-language pathologist practicing in a member state must
11		comply with the state practice laws of the state in which the client is located at the
12		time service is provided. The practice of audiology and speech-language
13		pathology shall include all audiology and speech-language pathology practice as
14		defined by the state practice laws of the member state in which the client is
15		located. The practice of audiology and speech-language pathology in a member
16		state under a privilege to practice shall subject an audiologist or speech-language
17		pathologist to the jurisdiction of the licensing board, the courts and the laws of
18		the member state in which the client is located at the time service is provided.
19	<u>I.</u>	Individuals not residing in a member state shall continue to be able to apply for a
20		member state's single-state license as provided under the laws of each member
21		state. However, the single-state license granted to these individuals shall not be
22		recognized as granting the privilege to practice audiology or speech-language
23		pathology in any other member state. Nothing in this Compact shall affect the
24		requirements established by a member state for the issuance of a single-state
25		<u>license.</u>
26	<u>J.</u>	Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact privilege.
27	<i>K</i> .	Member states must comply with the bylaws and rules and regulations of the

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1		<u>Commission.</u>
2		SECTION 4: COMPACT PRIVILEGE
3	<u>A.</u>	To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and provisions of the Compact,
4		the audiologist or speech-language pathologist shall:
5		1. Hold an active license in the home state;
6		2. Have no encumbrance on any state license;
7		3. Be eligible for a compact privilege in any member state in accordance with
8		Section 3;
9		4. Have not had any adverse action against any license or compact privilege
10		within the previous 2 years from date of application;
11		5. Notify the Commission that the licensee is seeking the compact privilege
12		within a remote state(s);
13		6. Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the compact privilege;
14		<u>and</u>
15		7. Report to the Commission adverse action taken by any non-member state
16		within 30 days from the date the adverse action is taken.
17	<u>B.</u>	For the purposes of the compact privilege, an audiologist or speech-language
18		pathologist shall only hold one (1) home state license at a time.
19	<u>C.</u>	Except as provided in Section 6, if an audiologist or speech-language pathologist
20		changes primary state of residence by moving between two (2) member states, the
21		audiologist or speech-language pathologist must apply for licensure in the new
22		home state, and the license issued by the prior home state shall be deactivated in
23		accordance with applicable rules adopted by the Commission.
24	<u>D.</u>	The audiologist or speech-language pathologist may apply for licensure in
25		advance of a change in primary state of residence.
26	<u>E.</u>	A license shall not be issued by the new home state until the audiologist or
27		speech-language pathologist provides satisfactory evidence of a change in

I		primary state of residence to the new home state and satisfies all applicable
2		requirements to obtain a license from the new home state.
3	<u>F.</u>	If an audiologist or speech-language pathologist changes primary state of
4		residence by moving from a member state to a non-member state, the license
5		issued by the prior home state shall convert to a single-state license, valid only in
6		the former home state.
7	<u>G.</u>	The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the home state license.
8		The licensee must comply with the requirements of Section 4A to maintain the
9		compact privilege in the remote state.
10	<u>H.</u>	A licensee providing audiology or speech-language pathology services in a
11		remote state under the compact privilege shall function within the laws and
12		regulations of the remote state.
13	<u>I.</u>	A licensee providing audiology or speech-language pathology services in a
14		remote state is subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in
15		accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's compact
16		privilege in the remote state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and/or
17		take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens.
18	<u>J.</u>	If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall lose the compact
19		privilege in any remote state until the following occur:
20		1. The home state license is no longer encumbered; and
21		2. Two (2) years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action.
22	<u>K.</u>	Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored to good standing, the
23		licensee must meet the requirements of Section 4A to obtain a compact privilege
24		in any remote state.
25	<u>L.</u>	Once the requirements of Section 4J have been met, the licensee must meet the
26		requirements in Section 4A to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.
27		SECTION 5: COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEHEALTH

1	Member states shall recognize the right of an audiologist or speech-language
2	pathologist, licensed by a home state in accordance with Section 3 and under rules
3	promulgated by the Commission, to practice audiology or speech-language pathology
4	in any member state via telehealth under a privilege to practice as provided in the
5	Compact and rules promulgated by the Commission.
6	SECTION 6: ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES
7	Active duty military personnel, or their spouse, shall designate a home state where the
8	individual has a current license in good standing. The individual may retain the home
9	state designation during the period the service member is on active duty. Subsequent to
10	designating a home state, the individual shall only change their home state through
11	application for licensure in the new state.
12	SECTION 7: ADVERSE ACTIONS
13	A. In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a remote state shall have
14	the authority, in accordance with existing state due process law, to:
15	1. Take adverse action against an audiologist's or speech-language
16	pathologist's privilege to practice within that member state;
17	2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the
18	attendance and testimony of witnesses as well as the production of evidence.
19	Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a member state for the attendance
20	and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another
21	member state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent
22	jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court
23	applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The
24	issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and
25	other fees required by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses
26	or evidence are located;
27	3. Only the home state shall have the power to take adverse action against a

I		audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's license issued by the home
2		state;
3	<u>B.</u>	For purposes of taking adverse action, the home state shall give the same priority
4		and effect to reported conduct received from a member state as it would if the
5		conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, the home state shall
6		apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action;
7	<u>C.</u>	The home state shall complete any pending investigations of an audiologist or
8		speech-language pathologist who changes primary state of residence during the
9		course of the investigations. The home state shall also have the authority to take
10		appropriate action(s) and shall promptly report the conclusions of the
11		investigations to the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the
12		coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home
13		state of any adverse actions;
14	<u>D.</u>	If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the affected audiologist or
15		speech-language pathologist the costs of investigations and disposition of cases
16		resulting from any adverse action taken against that audiologist or speech-
17		language pathologist;
18	<u>E.</u>	Take adverse action based on the factual findings of the remote state, provided
19		that the home state follows its own procedures for taking the adverse action;
20	<u>F.</u>	Joint Investigations
21		1. In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its respective
22		audiology or speech-language pathology practice act or other applicable
23		state law, any member state may participate with other member states in
24		joint investigations of licensees.
25		2. Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance
26		materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated
27		under the Compact;

<u>G.</u>	If adverse action is taken by the home state against an audiologist's or speech
	language pathologist's license, the audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's
	privilege to practice in all other member states shall be deactivated until all
	encumbrances have been removed from the state license. All home state
	disciplinary orders that impose adverse action against an audiologist's or speech
	language pathologist's license shall include a statement that the audiologist's or
	speech-language pathologist's privilege to practice is deactivated in all member
	states during the pendency of the order;
<u>H.</u>	If a member state takes adverse action, it shall promptly notify the administrator
	of the data system. The administrator of the data system shall promptly notify the
	home state of any adverse actions by remote states; and
<u>I.</u>	Nothing in this Compact shall override a member state's decision that
	participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action.
	SECTION 8: ESTABLISHMENT OF THE AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-
	LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY COMPACT COMMISSION
<u>A.</u>	The Compact member states hereby create and establish a joint public agency
	known as the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Compact Commission:
	1. The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact states;
	2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission
	shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction
	where the principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission
	may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or
	consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings; and
	3. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign
	immunity.
<u>B.</u>	Membership, Voting, and Meetings:
	1. Each member state shall have two (2) delegates selected by that member

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1		state's licensing board. The delegates shall be current members of the
2		licensing board. One (1) shall be an audiologist, and one (1) shall be a
3		speech-language pathologist.
4	<u>2.</u>	An additional five (5) delegates, who are either a public member or board
5		administrator from a state licensing board, shall be chosen by the Executive
6		Committee from a pool of nominees provided by the Commission at Large.
7	<u>3.</u>	Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the
8		law of the state from which the delegate is appointed.
9	<u>4.</u>	The member state board shall fill any vacancy occurring on the
10		Commission within 90 days.
11	<u>5.</u>	Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard to the
12		promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an
13		opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the Commission.
14	<u>6.</u>	A delegate shall vote in person or by other means as provided in the bylaws.
15		The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings by
16		telephone or other means of communication.
17	<u>7.</u>	The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year.
18		Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
19	C. The	Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
20	<u>1.</u>	Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
21	<u>2.</u>	Establish bylaws;
22	<u>3.</u>	Establish a Code of Ethics;
23	<u>4.</u>	Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
24	<u>5.</u>	Meet and take actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact
25		and the bylaws;
26	<u>6.</u>	Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and
27		administration of this Compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of

1		law and shall be binding in all member states;
2	<u>7.</u>	Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the
3		Commission, provided that the standing of any state audiology or speech-
4		language pathology licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law
5		shall not be affected;
6	<u>8.</u>	Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
7	<u>9.</u>	Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including but not
8		limited to employees of a member state;
9	<u>10.</u>	Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties,
0		grant individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the
1		Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs
12		relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other
13		related personnel matters;
4	<u>11.</u>	Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment,
15		supplies, and materials and services, and receive, utilize and dispose of the
16		same; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance
17		of impropriety and/or conflict of interest;
18	<u>12.</u>	Lease, purchase, and accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise
19		to own, hold, improve, or use, any property, real, personal, or mixed;
20		provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of
21		impropriety;
22	<u>13.</u>	Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise
23		dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed;
24	<u>14.</u>	Establish a budget and make expenditures;
25	<u>15.</u>	Borrow money;
26	<u>16.</u>	Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of members,
27		and other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the

1	<u>bylaws;</u>
2	17. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement
3	agencies;
4	18. Establish and elect an Executive Committee; and
5	19. Perform other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
6	purposes of this Compact consistent with the state regulation of audiology
7	and speech-language pathology licensure and practice.
8	D. The Executive Committee
9	The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Commission
10	according to the terms of this Compact:
11	1. The Executive Committee shall be composed of ten (10) members:
12	a. Seven (7) voting members who are elected by the Commission from
13	the current membership of the Commission;
14	b. Two (2) exofficio members, consisting of one (1) nonvoting member
15	from a recognized national audiology professional association and
16	one (1) nonvoting member from a recognized national speech-
17	language pathology association; and
18	c. One (1) exofficio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership
19	organization of the audiology and speech-language pathology
20	licensing boards.
21	E. The exofficio members shall be selected by their respective organizations.
22	1. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Committee as
23	provided in bylaws.
24	2. The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually.
25	3. The Executive Committee shall have the following duties and
26	<u>responsibilities:</u>
27	a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the rules or hylaws.

1		changes to this Compact legislation, fees paid by Compact member
2		states such as annual dues, and any commission Compact fee charged
3		to licensees for the compact privilege;
4		b. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided,
5		contractual or otherwise;
6		c. Prepare and recommend the budget;
7		d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
8		e. Monitor Compact compliance of member states and provide
9		compliance reports to the Commission;
10		f. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
11		g. Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
12	<u>4.</u>	Meetings of the Commission
13	<u>All meetir</u>	ngs shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in
14	the same	manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in Section 10.
15	<u>5.</u>	The Commission or the Executive Committee or other committees of the
16		Commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting if the
17		Commission or Executive Committee or other committees of the
18		Commission must discuss:
19		a. Non-compliance of a member state with its obligations under the
20		Compact;
21		b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices
22		or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to
23		the Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
24		c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
25		d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods,
26		services, or real estate;
27		e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;

1		f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information
2		that is privileged or confidential;
3		g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure
4		would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
5		h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement
6		purposes;
7		i. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports prepared
8		by or on behalf of or for use of the Commission or other committee
9		charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of
10		compliance issues pursuant to the Compact; or
11		j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or member
12		state statute.
13	<u>6.</u>	If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision,
14		the Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting
15		may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision.
16	<u>7.</u>	The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all
17		matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate
18		summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a description
19		of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an
20		action shall be identified in minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed
21		meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the
22		Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
23	<u>8.</u>	Financing of the Commission
24		a. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the
25		reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing
26		activities.
27		b. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources,

1			donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and
2			services.
3			c. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from
4			each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of
5			the operations and activities of the Commission and its staff, which
6			must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as
7			approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other
8			sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated
9			based upon a formula to be determined by the Commission, which
10			shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
11	<u> </u>	9.	The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing
12			the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the
13			credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the
14			member state.
15	=	<i>10</i> .	The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
16			disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be
17			subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws.
18			However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the
19			Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public
20			accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part
21			of the annual report of the Commission.
22	<i>F</i> .	<u>Qua</u>	lified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification
23	:	<i>1</i> .	The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of
24			the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally
25			or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property
26			or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any
27			actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person

1		against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing
2		occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or
3		responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed
4		to protect any person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury,
5		or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that
6		person.
7	<u>2.</u>	The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director,
8		employee, or representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to
9		impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission
10		that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or
11		responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a
12		reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission
13		employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall
14		be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel;
15		and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did
16		not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
17	<u>3.</u>	The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer,
18		executive director, employee, or representative of the Commission for the
19		amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising
20		out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the
21		scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that person
22		had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
23		Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the
24		actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional
25		or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
26		SECTION 9: DATA SYSTEM
27	A. Th	e Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, and utilization

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1		of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, adverse
2		action, and investigative information on all licensed individuals in member states.
3	<u>B.</u>	Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a member state
4		shall submit a uniform data set to the data system on all individuals to whom this
5		Compact is applicable as required by the rules of the Commission, including:
6		1. Identifying information;
7		2. Licensure data;
8		3. Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;
9		4. Non-confidential information related to alternative program participation;
0		5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for denial; and
1		6. Other information that may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as
2		determined by the rules of the Commission.
3	<u>C.</u>	Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any member state shall only
4		be available to other member states.
5	<u>D.</u>	The Commission shall promptly notify all member states of any adverse action
6		taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a license. Adverse action
17		information pertaining to a licensee in any member state shall be available to any
8		other member state.
9	<u>E.</u>	Member states contributing information to the data system may designate
20		information that may not be shared with the public without the express
21		permission of the contributing state.
22	<u>F.</u>	Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently required to be
23		expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the information shall be
24		removed from the data system.
25		SECTION 10: RULEMAKING
26	<u>A.</u>	The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set
27		forth in this section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments

1		shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
2	<u>B.</u>	If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by enactment
3		of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact within 4
4		years of the date of adoption of the rule, the rule shall have no further force and
5		effect in any member state.
6	<u>C.</u>	Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting
7		of the Commission.
8	<u>D.</u>	Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the Commission,
9		and at least thirty (30) days in advance of the meeting at which the rule shall be
10		considered and voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed
11		Rulemaking:
12		1. On the Web site of the Commission or other publicly accessible platform;
13		<u>and</u>
14		2. On the Web site of each member state audiology or speech-language
15		pathology licensing board or other publicly accessible platform or the
16		publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
17	<u>E.</u>	The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
18		1. The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule shall
19		be considered and voted upon;
20		2. The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the
21		proposed rule;
22		3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person;
23		<u>and</u>
24		4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the
25		Commission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written
26		comments.
27	<i>F</i> .	Prior to the adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission shall allow persons to

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1		submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made
2		available to the public.
3	<u>G.</u>	The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts
4		a rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
5		1. At least twenty-five (25) persons;
6		2. A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
7		3. An association having at least twenty-five (25) members.
8	<u>H.</u>	If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the Commission shall
9		publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing
10		is held via electronic means, the Commission shall publish the mechanism for
11		access to the electronic hearing.
12		1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive
13		director of the Commission or other designated member in writing of their
14		desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business
15		days before the scheduled date of the hearing.
16		2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who
17		wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or
18		in writing.
19		3. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the recording shall be made
20		available on request.
21		4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing
22		on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission
23		at hearings required by this section.
24	<u>I.</u>	Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the
25		scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall
26		consider all written and oral comments received.
27	J.	If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is

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1		received, the Commission may proceed with promutgation of the proposed rule
2		without a public hearing.
3	<u>K.</u>	The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the
4		proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on
5		the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
6	<u>L</u> .	Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and
7		adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or
8		hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact
9		and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably
10		possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the rule.
11		For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted
12		immediately in order to:
13		1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
14		2. Prevent a loss of Commission or member state funds; or
15		3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is
16		established by federal law or rule.
17	<u>M.</u>	The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct
18		revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting
19		typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical
20		errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the
21		Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period
22		of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds
23		that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made
24		in writing and delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of the
25		notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision shall take effect without
26		further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect
27		without the approval of the Commission.

1	<u>S</u>	ECT	ION 11: OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT
2	<u>A.</u>	Dis	pute Resolution
3		<u>1.</u>	Upon request by a member state, the Commission shall attempt to resolve
4			disputes related to the Compact that arise among member states and
5			between member and non-member states.
6		<u>2.</u>	The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and
7			binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.
8	<u>B.</u>	Enf	<u>forcement</u>
9		<u>1.</u>	The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce
10			the provisions and rules of this Compact.
11		<u>2.</u>	By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the United
12			States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district
13			where the Commission has its principal offices against a member state in
14			default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its
15			promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both
16			injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is
17			necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of litigation,
18			including reasonable attorney's fees.
19		<u>3.</u>	The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission.
20			The Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or
21			state law.
22		<u>S1</u>	ECTION 12: DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE
23	<u>C</u>	COM	MISSION FOR AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY
24	<u>P</u>	RAC'	TICE AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT
25	<u>A.</u>	The	Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact statute is
26		<u>ena</u>	cted into law in the 10th member state. The provisions, which become
2.7		effe	ective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission

1		relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the Commission
2		shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and
3		administration of the Compact.
4	<u>B.</u>	Any state that joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption
5		of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the
6		Compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by
7		the Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the
8		Compact becomes law in that state.
9	<u>C.</u>	Any member state may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute
10		repealing the same.
11		1. A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after
12		enactment of the repealing statute.
13		2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing
14		state's audiology or speech-language pathology licensing board to comply
15		with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act
16		prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
17	<u>D.</u>	Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent
18		any audiology or speech-language pathology licensure agreement or other
19		cooperative arrangement between a member state and a non-member state that
20		does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact.
21	<u>E.</u>	This Compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to this
22		Compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until it is
23		enacted into the laws of all member states.
24	<u>SEC</u>	CTION 13: CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
25	<u>This</u>	Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The
26	prov	visions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
27	pro	vision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any member

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1	state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency,
2	person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Compact
3	and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall
4	not be affected thereby. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of
5	any member state, the Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the
6	remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the member state affected as
7	to all severable matters.
8	SECTION 14: BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
9	A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a member state that
10	is not inconsistent with the Compact.
11	B. All laws in a member state in conflict with the Compact are superseded to the
12	extent of the conflict.
13	C. All lawful actions of the Commission, including all rules and bylaws promulgated
14	by the Commission, are binding upon the member states.
15	D. All agreements between the Commission and the member states are binding in
16	accordance with their terms.
17	E. In the event any provision of the Compact exceeds the constitutional limits
18	imposed on the legislature of any member state, the provision shall be ineffective
19	to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that
20	member state.