

#### 116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 4169

To establish a National Commission on United States Counterterrorism Policy, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 2, 2020

Mr. Peters introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

## A BILL

To establish a National Commission on United States Counterterrorism Policy, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Commission
- 5 on United States Counterterrorism Policy Act of 2020".
- 6 SEC. 2. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON UNITED STATES
- 7 COUNTERTERRORISM POLICY.
- 8 (a) Establishment.—There is established an inde-
- 9 pendent commission within the legislative branch to be
- 10 known as the "National Commission on United States

1	Counterterrorism Policy" (in this section referred to as
2	the "Commission").
3	(b) Purpose.—The Commission shall—
4	(1) review United States counterterrorism ob-
5	jectives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs,
6	and activities; and
7	(2) assess how to adapt and prioritize such poli-
8	cies, programs, and activities to ensure such policies,
9	programs, and activities—
10	(A) employ an appropriate mix of available
11	instruments of national power;
12	(B) comply with the rule of law and re-
13	spect for civil rights, civil liberties, and human
14	rights;
15	(C) appropriately focus on existing and
16	emerging terrorism risks; and
17	(D) are appropriately balanced relative to
18	the pursuit of other United States interests in
19	an era when the United States faces a diverse
20	range of threats from domestic and inter-
21	national terrorism, a dynamic number of polit-
22	ical, economic, and military competitions
23	around the world, and challenges within the
24	United States.

- 1 (c) STUDY AREAS.—In carrying out subsection (b), 2 the Commission shall study the following:
- 3 (1) The evolution of threats to the United 4 States since September 11, 2001, from international 5 and domestic terrorism, including an assessment of 6 potential connections between such threats, and the 7 risks such threats pose relative to other threats to 8 the United States and United States national inter-9 ests.
  - (2) Major lessons learned from United States counterterrorism objectives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs and activities since September 11, 2001, and the relevance of such lessons for ongoing and future counterterrorism objectives, priorities, policies, programs, and activities.
  - (3) Ongoing United States counterterrorism objectives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs, and activities, including an assessment of the following:
    - (A) Any tradeoffs that exist between such objectives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs, and activities.
- 23 (B) The integration, programmatically and 24 organizationally, of such objectives, priorities, 25 capabilities, policies, programs, and activities

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1	into wider United States foreign and domestic
2	policy.
3	(C) The instruments used to advance
4	counterterrorism objectives and the identifica-
5	tion of new or modified instruments, if appro-
6	priate.
7	(D) Any impacts on civil rights and civil
8	liberties in the United States and internation-
9	ally recognized human rights abroad.
10	(E) Any impacts on the counterterrorism
11	policies of partner countries.
12	(F) Congressional oversight of such objec-
13	tives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs,
14	and activities.
15	(G) Whether counterterrorism resources
16	are appropriately balanced across the range of
17	terrorist threats facing the United States and
18	across the range of counterterrorism programs
19	and activities conducted by the United States
20	Government.
21	(4) The legal and policy frameworks for
22	counterterrorism programs and activities in the
23	United States and abroad, including adherence to

such frameworks.

- 1 (5) The tradeoffs the United States may face as 2 it seeks to balance counterterrorism objectives and 3 priorities with a growing number of political, eco-4 nomic, and military competitions around the world 5 and challenges at home, and how to mitigate any 6 risks such tradeoffs might pose.
  - (6) Potential new or emerging challenges of conducting counterterrorism operations in contested environments, where strategic state competitors such as Russia, China, or Iran operate.
  - (7) The state of United States counterterrorism partnerships, including the willingness, capacity, and capability of United States counterterrorism partners to combat shared threats.
  - (8) The policies and operations of private entities, including the defense industry and technology and media entities, that have implications for domestic terrorism and international terrorism, including implications of involvement of private entities in United States counterterrorism policies, programs, and activities.
  - (9) The effects of United States counterterrorism objectives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs, and activities on threats from domestic terrorism and international terrorism.

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- (10) Ongoing efforts by the executive branch to measure the effectiveness of counterterrorism policies, programs, and activities through net assessments and evaluations of lessons learned, including an assessment of efforts to address factors that contribute to terrorist recruitment and radicalization.
  - (11) Recommendations on how best to adapt United States counterterrorism objectives, priorities, capabilities, policies, programs, and activities to address existing and emerging terrorism risks on the basis of the areas of study specified in this subsection and any other findings the Commission determines relevant.

#### (d) Composition.—

- (1) Members.—The Commission shall be composed of 14 commissioners, to be appointed as follows:
  - (A) One commissioner appointed by the Chairman, with the concurrence of the ranking member, of each of the appropriate congressional committees.
  - (B) A Chairperson, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with the concurrence of the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

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1	(C) A Vice-Chairperson, appointed by the
2	majority leader of the Senate, with the concur-
3	rence of the minority leader of the Senate.
4	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—Individuals appointed to
5	the Commission shall be United States persons with
6	relevant counterterrorism expertise and experience in
7	diplomacy, law enforcement, the Armed Forces, law
8	public administration, the legislative branch, intel-
9	ligence, academia, human rights, civil rights, or civil
10	liberties. The leadership of the Senate and the
11	House of Representatives shall coordinate with the
12	appropriate congressional committees to ensure that
13	Commission membership represents a variety of ex-
14	pertise in such fields. At least 1 of the commis-
15	sioners shall, in addition to relevant counterter-
16	rorism expertise, possess a civil rights or civil lib-
17	erties background and 1 of the commissioners shall
18	in addition to relevant counterterrorism expertise
19	possess an international human rights background.
20	(3) Prohibitions.—An individual appointed to
21	the Commission may not be—
22	(A) a Member of Congress, including a
23	Delegate or Resident Commissioner;
24	(B) an officer or employee of any branch

of the Federal Government;

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1	(C) an employee or official of any State,
2	territory, county, or municipality in the United
3	States; or
4	(D) a registered lobbyist.
5	(4) Conflicts of interest.—An individual
6	appointed to the Commission shall disclose any fi-
7	nancial gains from private sector employment con-
8	ducted in support of United States counterterrorism
9	policies, programs, or activities at any time since
10	September 11, 2001.
11	(5) Deadline for appointment of commis-
12	SIONERS.—Individuals appointed to the Commission
13	shall be appointed not later than 30 days after the
14	date of the enactment of this Act.
15	(6) Period of Appointment.—Each commis-
16	sioner and the Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson
17	shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.
18	(7) Vacancies.—Any vacancy in the Commis-
19	sion shall not affect its powers and duties and shall
20	be filled in the same manner as the original appoint-
21	ment within 30 days of such vacancy occurring.
22	(8) Compensation.—Commissioners and the
23	Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson shall serve with-

out pay.

1 (9) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Commissioners and 2 the Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson shall receive 3 travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-4 ence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of 5 title 5, United States Code, while away from their 6 homes or regular places of business in performance 7 of services for the Commission.

#### (e) Meetings.—

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- (1) Initial meeting.—Not later than 30 days after the appointment of two-thirds of the members of the Commission, including the Chairperson or Vice-Chairperson, the Commission shall hold an initial meeting to develop and implement a schedule for completion of the review and assessment under subsection (b) of the areas of study specified in subsection (c) and the report required under subsection (m)(2).
- (2) Subsequent meetings.—The Commission shall meet at the call of the Chairperson or a majority of commissioners.
- 21 (3) QUORUM.—Eight members shall constitute 22 a quorum and members shall have the option to vote 23 by proxy.
- 24 (f) Consultation.—In conducting the review, as-25 sessment, and study required under this section, the Com-

- mission shall consult with relevant experts in the Federal 2 Government (including relevant Members of Congress and 3 congressional staff), academia, law, civil society, and the 4 private sector. 5 (g) Powers of the Commission.— 6 (1) Hearings and Evidence.—For the pur-7 poses of carrying out this section, the Commission 8 may-9 (A) hold classified or unclassified hearings, 10 take testimony, receive evidence, and administer 11 oaths; and 12 (B) subject to paragraph (3), require, by 13 subpoena authorized by majority vote of the 14 Commission and issued under the signature of 15 the Chairperson or any member designated by 16 a majority of the Commission, the attendance 17 and testimony of such witnesses and the pro-18 duction of such books, records, correspondence, 19 memoranda, papers, and documents, as the 20 Commission may determine advisable. (2) NOTIFICATION OF COMMITTEES.—If the 21 22 23
  - Commission is unable to obtain testimony or documents needed to conduct its work, the Commission shall notify the appropriate congressional committees and appropriate investigative authorities.

#### (3) Subpoena enforcement.—

(A) In General.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under paragraph (1)(B), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found, or where the subpoena is returnable, may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.

(B) Additional enforcement.—In the case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section, the Commission may, by majority vote, certify a statement of fact constituting such failure to the appropriate United States attorney, who may bring the matter before the grand jury for its action, under the same statutory authority and procedures as if the United States attorney had received a certification under sections 102

1	through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the
2	United States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).
3	(4) Limitations on Subpoena Authority.—
4	With respect to the subpoena authority under para-
5	graph (1)(B), the Commission—
6	(A) may only issue a subpoena to a mem-
7	ber of Federal, State, local, Tribal, or territorial
8	government;
9	(B) may reference unclassified documents
10	and information obtained through a subpoena
11	when conducting interviews to further the Com-
12	mission's objectives and may include such docu-
13	ments and information in the final report, but
14	may not otherwise share, disclose, publish, or
15	transmit in any way any information obtained
16	through a subpoena to another Federal depart-
17	ment or agency, any agency of a State, local
18	Tribal, or territorial government, or any inter-
19	national body; and
20	(C) shall comply with requirements for the
21	issuance of a subpoena issued by a United
22	States district court under the Federal Rules of
23	Civil Procedure.
24	(5) Meetings.—The Commission shall—
25	(A) hold public hearings and meetings;

1	(B) hold classified hearings or meetings, it
2	necessary to discuss classified material or infor-
3	mation; and
4	(C) provide an opportunity for public com-
5	ment, including sharing of research and policy
6	analysis, through publication in the Federal
7	Register of a solicitation for public comments
8	during a period to last not fewer than 45 days
9	(h) Resources.—
10	(1) AUTHORITY TO USE THE UNITED STATES
11	MAILS.—The Commission may use the United States
12	mails in the same manner and under the same con-
13	ditions as other Federal agencies.
14	(2) Documents, statistical data, and
15	OTHER SUCH INFORMATION.—Upon written request
16	by the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, or any com-
17	missioner designated by a majority of the Commis-
18	sion, an executive department, bureau, agency
19	board, commission, office, independent establish-
20	ment, or instrumentality of the Federal Govern-
21	ment—
22	(A) shall provide reasonable access to doc-
23	uments, statistical data, and other such infor-
24	mation the Commission determines necessary to

carry out its duties; and

- 1 (B) shall, to the extent authorized by law, 2 furnish any information, suggestions, estimates, 3 and statistics the Commission determines nec-4 essary to carry out its duties.
  - (3) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services, goods, and property from non-Federal entities for the purposes of aiding and facilitating the work of the Commission. The authority provided in this paragraph does not extend to gifts of money in any form, or any gifts from private sector entities with a financial interest in counterterrorism products or services, as determined by the Commission. The Commission shall publish as an addendum to the report under subsection (m)(2) a list of all gifts received and the individual or entity from which the gift was received.

#### (4) Authority to contract.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission is authorized to enter into contracts, leases, or other legal agreements with Federal and State agencies, Indian Tribes, Tribal entities, private entities, and individuals for the conduct of activities necessary to the discharge of its duties.

- 1 (B) TERMINATION.—A contract, lease, or 2 other legal agreement entered into by the Com-3 mission under this paragraph may not extend 4 beyond the date of termination of the Commis-5 sion.
  - (5) INAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the activities of the Commission under this section.
  - (6) OFFICE SPACE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUP-PORT.—The Architect of the Capitol shall make office space available for day-to-day activities of the Commission and for scheduled meetings of the Commission. Upon request, the Architect of the Capitol shall provide, on a reimbursable basis, such administrative support as the Commission requests to carry out its duties.

#### (7) Assistance from federal agencies.—

(A) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRA-TION.—The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis administrative support and other services as the Commission requests to carry out its duties.

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1 (B) FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Federal agen2 cies may provide to the Commission such serv3 ices, funds, facilities, and other support services
4 as may be determined advisable.

#### (i) Staff.—

- (1) STAFF DIRECTOR.—The Chairperson, in consultation with the Vice-Chairperson, and in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, may appoint a staff director.
- (2) STAFF.—With the approval of the Commission, the staff director may appoint such employees as the staff director determines necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its duties.
- (3) STAFF QUALIFICATIONS.—The staff director shall ensure employees of the Commission have relevant counterterrorism expertise and experience, including in areas such as in diplomacy, law enforcement, the Armed Forces, law, public administration, the legislative branch, intelligence, academia, human rights, civil rights, or civil liberties.
- (4) APPOINTMENTS AND COMPENSATION.—The Commission may appoint and fix the compensation of the staff director and other employees without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service,

- and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for the staff director may exceed the equivalent of that payable to a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule and the rate of pay for any other employee of the Commission may exceed the equivalent of that payable to a person occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule.
  - (5) Experts and consultants.—With the approval of the Chairperson, the staff director may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code.
  - (6) Detail of Government employees.—
    Upon the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency may detail, without reimbursement, any of the personnel of such agency to the Commission to assist in carrying out its duties. Any such detail shall not interrupt or otherwise affect the civil service status or privileges of such personnel.
  - (7) VOLUNTEER SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Commission may accept and use voluntary and un-

- 1 compensated services as the Commission determines
- 2 necessary.
- 3 (j) Security Clearances for Commission Mem-
- 4 BERS AND STAFF.—The appropriate Federal agencies or
- 5 departments shall cooperate with the Commission in expe-
- 6 ditiously providing to the commissioners, including the
- 7 Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson, and the staff director
- 8 and employees appropriate security clearances to the ex-
- 9 tent possible pursuant to existing procedures and require-
- 10 ments, except that no person shall be provided with access
- 11 to classified information without the appropriate security
- 12 clearances.
- 13 (k) Funding.—There is authorized to be appro-
- 14 priated \$4,000,000 to the Commission, to remain available
- 15 until the date of termination, to carry out this Act.
- 16 (l) Termination.—The Commission shall terminate
- 17 on the date that is 180 days after the date on which the
- 18 Commission submits the report required by subsection
- 19 (m)(2).
- 20 (m) Briefings and Report.—
- 21 (1) Briefings.—The Chairperson, Vice-Chair-
- person, and staff director of the Commission shall
- provide quarterly briefings to the appropriate con-
- 24 gressional committees, of which not less than 2
- briefings shall be for Members of Congress.

### 1 (2) Report.— 2 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 540 3 days after the initial meeting of the Commis-4 sion under subsection (e), the Commission shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-6 mittees an unclassified report that includes the 7 following: 8 (i) The findings, conclusions, and rec-9 ommendations of the Commission pursuant to the review and assessment under sub-10 11 section (b) and areas of study specified in 12 subsection (c). 13 (ii) Summaries of the input and rec-14 ommendations of each individual with 15 whom the Commission consulted in accord-16 ance with subsection (f), attributed in ac-17 cordance with the preference expressed by 18 such individual. 19 (B) Classified annex.—The report re-20 quired under this paragraph may include a clas-21 sified annex. 22 (C) Public Release.—Not later than 7 23 days after the date on which the Commission 24 submits the report required under this sub-

section to the appropriate congressional com-

1	mittees, the Commission shall make publicly
2	available the report required under this para-
3	graph, with the exception of any classified
4	annex under subparagraph (B).
5	(n) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
7	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
8	mittees" means—
9	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
10	the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Com-
11	mittee on Armed Services, the Committee or
12	Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs
13	the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Com-
14	mittee on Finance of the Senate; and
15	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
16	Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence
17	the Committee on Armed Services, the Com-
18	mittee on Homeland Security, the Committee
19	on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Finan-
20	cial Services of the House of Representatives.
21	(2) Domestic Terrorism.—The term "domes
22	tic terrorism" has the meaning given such term in
23	section 2331 of title 18, United States Code.
24	(3) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
25	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in

- section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975 (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- 3 (4) International terrorism.—The term 4 "international terrorism" has the meaning given 5 such term in section 2331 of title 18, United States 6 Code.
  - (5) REGISTERED LOBBYIST.—The term "registered lobbyist" means a lobbyist described in section 3 of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1603).
    - (6) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801).

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