### 115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1111

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

To establish a Department of Peacebuilding, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 16, 2017

Ms. LEE (for herself, Ms. MOORE, Ms. NORTON, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. CONYERS, Ms. MAXINE WATERS of California, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. RUSH, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. SOTO, Mr. AL GREEN of Texas, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Mr. DESAULNIER, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. POLIS, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, and Ms. KAPTUR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform

# A BILL

To establish a Department of Peacebuilding, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

5 "Department of Peacebuilding Act of 2017".

6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.

#### TITLE I—ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF PEACEBUILDING

- Sec. 101. Establishment of Department of Peacebuilding.
- Sec. 102. Responsibilities and powers.
- Sec. 103. Principal officers.
- Sec. 104. Office of Peace Education and Training.
- Sec. 105. Office of Domestic Peacebuilding Activities.
- Sec. 106. Office of International Peacebuilding Activities.
- Sec. 107. Office of Technology for Peace.
- Sec. 108. Office of Arms Control and Disarmament.
- Sec. 109. Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research.
- Sec. 110. Office of Human Rights and Economic Rights.
- Sec. 111. Intergovernmental Advisory Council on Peace.
- Sec. 112. Federal Interagency Committee on Peace.
- Sec. 113. Staff.
- Sec. 114. Consultation required.
- Sec. 115. Collaboration.

#### TITLE II—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 201. Legislative recommendations of the Secretary.
- Sec. 202. Peace Days.
- Sec. 203. Definitions.
- Sec. 204. Authorization of appropriations.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) On July 4, 1776, the Second Continental Congress unanimously declared the independence of 4 5 the 13 colonies, and the achievement of peace was 6 recognized as one of the highest duties of the new 7 organization of free and independent States by declaring, "We hold these truths to be self-evident, 8 9 that all men are created equal, that they are en-10 dowed by their Creator with certain unalienable 11 Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the 12 pursuit of Happiness.".

1 (2) The Constitution of the United States of 2 America, in its preamble, further sets forth the in-3 surance of the cause of peace in stating, "We the 4 People of the United States, in Order to form a 5 more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domes-6 tic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, 7 promote the general Welfare, and secure the Bless-8 ings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity".

9 (3) The United States has been at peace for 10 only 21 entire years since its birth during the Revo-11 lutionary War. During the course of the 20th cen-12 tury, more than 100,000,000 people perished in 13 wars. Many of our citizens today have never known 14 a peaceful year in their lifetimes.

15 Thus far in the 21st century, nearly (4)16 1,000,000 people have died in conflict and war. In 17 2015 alone, 65.3 million people, or one person in 18 113, were displaced from their homes by conflict and 19 persecution. The United States has been at war over 20 15 years, with more than 6,800 members of the 21 Armed Forces and hundreds of thousands of civil-22 ians estimated to have been killed in the conflicts in 23 Iraq, Afghanistan, and territories occupied by ISIL.

24 (5) Every year 300,000 people are killed by gun
25 violence around the world. In the United States,

1 100,000 people are shot each year in murders, as-2 saults, suicides and suicide attempts, accidents, and 3 police actions. Approximately 20 veterans a day 4 commit suicide nationwide. Over 33,000 people die 5 each year of gunshot wounds, 12,000 of whom are 6 murdered. Every day, 50 children are shot, eight of 7 whom are fatally shot, and each gun injury and fa-8 tality results in trauma to family members and loved 9 ones. More people have died from guns in the United 10 States since 1968 than on battlefields of all the wars 11 in United States history.

12 (6) A World Health Organization report esti-13 mates that interpersonal violence within the United 14 States costs approximately \$300 billion annually, not 15 including war-related costs. The Centers for Disease 16 Control and Prevention states that an average of 34 17 people age 10 to 24 were murdered each day in the 18 United States in 2014. The Pew Charitable Trust 19 calculates that child abuse and neglect in the United 20 States cost \$103.8 billion in 2007.

(7) On April 4, 2012, the Institute for Economics and Peace released the United States Peace
Index, which assesses peacefulness at the State and
city levels and analyzes the costs associated with violence and the socio-economic measures associated

with peace. While violence within the United States
has declined since the year 2015, violence and violence containment still cost the average taxpayer
\$6,417 per year. The total cost of violence to the
United States—including lost productivity from violence—is conservatively calculated to be over \$460
billion.

8 (8) A 2015 study by the Institute for Econom-9 ics and Peace reports conservative estimates that 12 10 percent of the gross domestic product of the United 11 States was spent on containing violence. The study 12 included government, corporate, and individual ex-13 penditures, regardless of whether the expenditure 14 was related to international affairs such as offshore 15 military activities, or domestic spending such as 16 dealing with crime and the consequences of crime.

17 (9) Violence prevention is cost effective. For 18 every dollar spent on violence prevention and 19 peacebuilding, thousands of lives and dollars are 20 saved. Research indicates that investing early to pre-21 vent conflicts from escalating into violent crises is, 22 on average, 60 times more cost effective than inter-23 vening after violence erupts. The philosophy and 24 techniques of nonviolence and the science of 25 peacebuilding provide tools and techniques that can

be applied not only at the levels of individual and community growth, but also within the Federal Government and at national and international levels.

4 (10) The United Nations recognizes that pro-5 motion of peace is vital for the full enjoyment of all 6 human rights and the United Nations Declaration 7 on the Right of Peoples to Peace mandates that 8 preservation of the right to peace is a fundamental 9 obligation of each country. In 1999, the United Na-10 tions adopted a Programme of Action on a Culture 11 of Peace, stating that a culture of peace is an inte-12 gral approach to preventing violence and violent con-13 flicts, an alternative to the culture of war and vio-14 lence, and is based on education for peace, the pro-15 motion of sustainable economic and social develop-16 ment, respect for human rights, equality between 17 women and men, democratic participation, tolerance, 18 and the free flow of information and disarmament. 19 Nations declared the years The United 200120 through 2010 an International Decade for a Culture of Peace and Non-Violence for the Children of the 21 22 World, and the United Nations supports a culture of 23 peace. In 2015, the UN adopted 17 sustainable de-24 velopment goals, including promotion of peaceful and 25 inclusive societies.

1

2

3

1 (11) Peacebuilding is defined by the United Na-2 tions as a range of measures targeted to reduce the 3 risk of lapsing or relapsing into conflict by strength-4 ening national capacities at all levels for conflict 5 management and to lay the foundations for sustain-6 able peace and development. Peacebuilding is built 7 upon research into the root causes of violence in the 8 United States and the world, through promotion and 9 promulgation of effective policies and programs that 10 ameliorate those root causes of violence, and through 11 providing all citizens, organizations, and govern-12 mental bodies with opportunities to learn about and practice the essential tools of nonviolent conflict res-13 14 olution and peacebuilding.

15 (12) In 2000, the Earth Charter Commission 16 released the Earth Charter, an international declara-17 tion of fundamental values and principles created to 18 build a just, sustainable, and peaceful global society. 19 The preamble of the Earth Charter provides, "To 20 move forward we must recognize that in the midst 21 of a magnificent diversity of cultures and life forms 22 we are one human family and one Earth community 23 with a common destiny. We must join together to 24 bring forth a sustainable global society founded on 25 respect for nature, universal human rights, economic

1	justice, and a culture of peace.". Peacebuilding is
2	working together with all countries to protect both
3	life and land and hold the Earth in balance.
4	TITLE I-ESTABLISHMENT OF
5	DEPARTMENT OF PEACE-
6	BUILDING
7	SEC. 101. ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF
8	PEACEBUILDING.
9	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established a
10	Department of Peacebuilding, which shall—
11	(1) be within the executive branch of the Fed-
12	eral Government; and
13	(2) be dedicated to peacebuilding, peacemaking,
14	and the study and promotion of conditions conducive
15	to both domestic and international peace and a cul-
16	ture of peace.
17	(b) Secretary of Peacebuilding.—There shall be
18	at the head of the Department a Secretary of
19	Peacebuilding, who shall be appointed by the President,
20	by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
21	(c) MISSION.—The Department shall—
22	(1) cultivate peace and peacebuilding as a stra-
23	tegic national policy objective;

(2) reduce and prevent violence in the United 1 2 States and internationally through peacebuilding and effective nonviolent conflict resolution; 3 4 (3) strengthen nonmilitary means of peacemaking; 5 6 (4) take a proactive, strategic approach in the 7 development of field-tested, best practices and poli-8 cies that promote national and international conflict 9 prevention, nonviolent intervention, mediation, 10 peaceful resolution of conflict, and structured medi-11 ation of conflict; 12 (5) address matters both domestic and inter-13 national in scope; 14 (6) provide an institutional platform for the 15 growing wealth of expertise in peacebuilding to dra-16 matically reduce the national and global epidemic of 17 violence; 18 (7) support local communities in finding, fund-19 ing, replicating, and expanding programs to reduce 20 and prevent violence; 21 (8) invest in nongovernmental organizations 22 that have implemented successful initiatives to re-23 duce and prevent violence, both internationally and 24 domestically; and

9

1	(9) consult with other Federal agencies to apply
2	and practice the science of peacebuilding in their re-
3	spective fields of responsibility.
4	SEC. 102. RESPONSIBILITIES AND POWERS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—
6	(1) work proactively and interactively with each
7	branch of the Federal Government on all policy mat-
8	ters relating to conditions of peace;
9	(2) call on the experience and expertise of indi-
10	viduals and seek participation in the development of
11	policy from private, public, and nongovernmental or-
12	ganizations;
13	(3) monitor and analyze causative principles of
14	conflict and make policy recommendations for devel-
15	oping and maintaining peaceful conduct;
16	(4) research effective violence reduction pro-
17	grams and promote and promulgate such programs
18	within Government and society; and
19	(5) consult with private, public, and nongovern-
20	mental organizations to develop a metric model that
21	provides the means to measure and report progress
22	toward peace in the United States to the President,
23	Congress, and the public, and issue reports on such
24	progress annually.

(b) DOMESTIC RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary
 shall collaborate with governmental and nongovernmental
 organizations and individuals to promote personal and
 community security and peace by—

5 (1) developing new policies and supporting ex6 isting policies that effectively address personal and
7 family violence, including suicide, domestic violence,
8 spousal abuse, child abuse, and mistreatment of the
9 elderly;

10 (2) creating new policies and programs and ex11 panding existing policies and programs that effec12 tively reduce drug and alcohol abuse;

(3) developing new policies and programs and
expanding existing policies and programs that effectively address crime, punishment, and rehabilitation,
including—

17 (A) working to reduce prison recidivism18 rates;

(B) supporting the implementation of nonviolent conflict resolution education and training for victims, perpetrators, and those who
work with them; and

23 (C) supporting effective police and commu-24 nity relations;

11

1	(4) analyzing existing policies, employing suc-
2	cessful, field-tested programs, and developing new
3	approaches for dealing with the tools of violence, in-
4	cluding handguns and assault weapons, especially
5	among youth;
6	(5) developing new and expanding effective pro-
7	grams that address and ameliorate societal chal-
8	lenges such as school violence, gangs, hate crimes,
9	economic injustice, human trafficking, racial or eth-
10	nic violence, violence against LGBTQ+ individuals,
11	and police-community relations disputes;
12	(6) making policy recommendations to the At-
13	torney General regarding civil rights and labor law;
14	(7) assisting in the establishment and funding
15	of community-based violence prevention programs,
16	including violence prevention counseling and peer
17	mediation in schools and unarmed civilian peace-
18	keeping at a local level;
19	(8) providing counseling and advocacy on behalf
20	of individuals victimized by violence;
21	(9) providing for public education programs and
22	counseling strategies that promote tolerance and re-
23	spect for the diversity of all individuals in the
24	United States with regard to race, religion, creed,

1	gender and gender identification, sexual orientation,
2	age, ethnicity, and other perceived differences; and
3	(10) supporting local community initiatives that
4	draw on neighborhood resources to create peace
5	projects that facilitate the development of conflict
6	resolution and healing of societal wounds such as pa-
7	triarchy, racism, war, manifest destiny, and eco-
8	nomic injustice to thereby inform and inspire na-
9	tional policy.
10	(c) INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Sec-
11	retary shall—
12	(1) advise the Secretary of Defense and the
13	Secretary of State on matters relating to national
14	security, including the protection of human rights
15	and the prevention of, amelioration of, and de-esca-
16	lation of unarmed and armed international conflict;
17	(2) contribute to and participate in the develop-

18 ment of training of all United States personnel who
19 administer post-conflict reconstruction and demobili20 zation in war-torn societies;

(3) sponsor national and regional conflict-prevention and dispute-resolution initiatives, create special task forces, and draw on local, regional, and national expertise to develop plans and programs for

addressing the root sources of conflict in troubled
 areas;

3 (4) counsel and advocate on behalf of women
4 victimized by violence, including rape, situations
5 leading up to conflict, conflicts, and post-conflict sit6 uations;

7 (5) counsel and advocate on behalf of victims of
8 human trafficking both domestically and internation9 ally and work to end the trafficking of human
10 beings;

(6) provide for exchanges between the United
States and other countries that endeavor to develop
domestic and international peace-based initiatives;

(7) encourage the development of international
sister city programs, pairing United States cities
with cities around the world for artistic, cultural,
economic, educational, and faith-based exchanges;

(8) establish and administer a budget designated for the training and deployment of unarmed
civilian peacekeepers to participate in multinational
nonviolent peacekeeping forces that may be conducted by civilian, governmental, or multilateral organizations;

24 (9) jointly with the Secretary of the Treasury,25 strengthen peace enforcement through hiring and

10
training monitors and investigators to help with the
enforcement of international arms embargoes;
(10) in consultation with the Secretary of State,
bring together all stakeholders who are impacted by
a conflict by facilitating peace summits where such
stakeholders may gather under carefully prepared
conditions to promote nonviolent communication and
mutually beneficial solutions;
(11) submit to the President recommendations
for reductions in weapons of mass destruction, and
make annual reports to the President on the sale of
arms from the United States to other countries, with
an analysis of the impact of such sales on the de-
fense of the United States and how such sales affect
peace;
(12) in consultation with the Secretary of State,
develop strategies for sustainability and management
of the distribution of international funds;
(13) advise the Permanent Representative of
the United States to the United Nations on matters
pertaining to the United Nations Security Council;
and
(14) support the implementation of inter-
national peace building strategies through a balanced

use of peacebuilding, diplomacy, development, and
 defense.

3 (d) MEMBERSHIP OF THE SECRETARY OF
4 PEACEBUILDING ON THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUN5 CIL.—Section 101(a) of the National Security Act of 1947
6 (50 U.S.C. 3021(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking "and";

8 (2) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-9 graph (7); and

10 (3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-11 lowing:

12 "(6) the Secretary of Peacebuilding; and".

13 (e) HUMAN SECURITY RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary shall address and offer nonviolent conflict resolu-14 15 tion strategies and suggest resources for unarmed civilian peacekeepers to the appropriate relevant parties on issues 16 17 of human security if such security is threatened by conflict, whether such conflict is geographic, religious, ethnic, 18 racial, or class-based in its origin, derives from economic 19 20 concerns, or is initiated through disputes concerning scar-21 city of natural resources (such as water and energy re-22 sources), food, trade, or climate and environmental con-23 cerns.

24 (f) MEDIA-RELATED RESPONSIBILITIES.—Respect-25 ing the First Amendment to the Constitution of the

7

United States of America and the requirement for free and
 independent media, the Secretary shall—

3 (1) seek assistance in the design and implemen4 tation of nonviolent policies from media profes5 sionals;

6 (2) study the role of the media in the escalation 7 and de-escalation of conflict at domestic and inter-8 national levels, including the role of fear-inducing 9 and hate-inducing speech and actions, and making 10 the findings of such study public; and

(3) make recommendations to professional
media organizations in order to provide opportunities to increase media awareness of peacebuilding
initiatives.

15 (g) EDUCATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Sec-16 retary shall—

(1) with the support of, and in consultation
with, the United States Institute of Peace, develop
a peace education curriculum that includes studies
of—

(A) the civil rights movement in the United
States and throughout the world, with special
emphasis on the role of nonviolence and how individual endeavor and involvement have contributed to advancements in peace and justice;

1	(B) peace agreements and circumstances
2	in which peaceful intervention has worked to
3	stop conflict; and
4	(C) the patriarchal structure of society and
5	the inherent violence of such structure in the
6	shaping of relationships and institutions;
7	(2) in consultation with the Secretary of Edu-
8	cation—
9	(A) commission the development of such
10	curriculum and make such curriculum available
11	to local school districts to enable the use of
12	peace education objectives at pre-kindergarten
13	schools, elementary schools, and secondary
14	schools in the United States;
15	(B) support in early childhood, pre-kinder-
16	garten schools, elementary schools, secondary
17	schools, and institutions of higher education a
18	well-resourced, balanced education that includes
19	math, science, English, history, ethnic studies,
20	social studies, health, physical education, for-
21	eign languages, the arts, and music that will
22	prepare students for success in a globally inter-
23	connected world; and
24	(C) offer incentives in the form of grants
25	and training to encourage the development of

1	State peace curricula and assist schools in ap-
2	plying for such grants and training;
3	(3) work with educators to equip students to
4	become skilled in achieving peace through reflection,
5	and facilitate instruction in the ways of peaceful
6	conflict resolution;
7	(4) ensure that schools are nonviolence zones
8	that provide a peaceful educational environment;
9	(5) create school and community cultures where
10	students and staff do not feel threatened and are
11	free from bullying and harassment by developing
12	and implementing curricula in nonviolent conflict
13	resolution education for teachers, students, parents,
14	the school community, and the community at large;
15	(6) maintain a public website to solicit and re-
16	ceive ideas for the development of peace from the
17	wealth of the politically, socially, and culturally di-
18	verse public;
19	(7) proactively engage the critical thinking ca-
20	pabilities of students and teachers of pre-kinder-
21	garten schools, elementary schools, secondary
22	schools, and institutions of higher education through
23	the Internet and other media and issue periodic re-
24	ports concerning any submissions from such stu-
25	dents and teachers;

1	(8) create and establish a Peace Academy that
2	shall—
3	(A) be modeled after the military service
4	academies; and
5	(B) provide a 4-year course of instruction
6	in peace education, after which graduates will
7	be required to serve 5 years in public service in
8	programs dedicated to domestic or international
9	nonviolent conflict resolution; and
10	(9) provide grants for peace studies depart-
11	ments in institutions of higher education throughout
12	the United States.
13	SEC. 103. PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.
14	(a) UNDER SECRETARY OF PEACEBUILDING.—The
15	President shall appoint an Under Secretary of
16	Peacebuilding in the Department, by and with the advice
17	and consent of the Senate. During the absence or dis-
18	ability of the Secretary, or in the event of a vacancy in
19	the office of the Secretary, the Under Secretary shall act
20	as Secretary. The Secretary shall designate the order in
21	which other officials of the Department shall act and per-
22	form the functions of the Secretary during the absence
23	or disability of both the Secretary and Under Secretary
~ .	
24	or in the event of vacancies in both offices.

25 (b) Additional Positions.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint
2	in the Department, by and with the advice and con-
3	sent of the Senate—
4	(A) an Assistant Secretary for Peace Edu-
5	cation and Training;
6	(B) an Assistant Secretary for Domestic
7	Peacebuilding Activities;
8	(C) an Assistant Secretary for Inter-
9	national Peacebuilding Activities;
10	(D) an Assistant Secretary for Technology
11	for Peace;
12	(E) an Assistant Secretary for Arms Con-
13	trol and Disarmament;
14	(F) an Assistant Secretary for
15	Peacebuilding Information and Research;
16	(G) an Assistant Secretary for Human and
17	Economic Rights; and
18	(H) a General Counsel.
19	(2) ESTABLISHMENT OF INSPECTOR GENERAL
20	OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PEACEBUILDING.—Section
21	12 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C.
22	App.) is amended—
23	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting
24	"Peacebuilding," after "Homeland Security,";
25	and

1	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting
2	"Peacebuilding," after "Homeland Security,".
3	(3) Additional officers.—The President
4	shall appoint 4 additional officers in the Depart-
5	ment, by and with the advice and consent of the
6	Senate. The officers appointed under this paragraph
7	shall perform such functions as the Secretary shall
8	prescribe, including—
9	(A) congressional relations functions;
10	(B) public information functions, including
11	providing, through the use of the latest tech-
12	nologies, useful information about peace and
13	the work of the Department;
14	(C) management and budget functions;
15	and
16	(D) planning, evaluation, and policy devel-
17	opment functions, including development of
18	policies to promote the efficient and coordinated
19	administration of the Department and its pro-
20	grams and encourage improvements in conflict
21	resolution and violence prevention.
22	(4) Description of functions.—In any case
23	in which the President submits the name of an indi-
24	vidual to the Senate for confirmation as an officer
25	of the Department under this subsection, the Presi-

1	dent shall state the particular functions such indi-
2	vidual will exercise upon taking office.

3 (c) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY.—Each officer de-4 scribed in this section shall report directly to the Secretary 5 and shall, in addition to any functions vested in or re-6 quired to be delegated to such officer, perform such addi-7 tional functions as the Secretary may prescribe.

#### 8 SEC. 104. OFFICE OF PEACE EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department 10 an Office of Peace Education and Training, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peace Edu-11 12 cation and Training. The Assistant Secretary for Peace 13 Education and Training shall carry out those functions of the Department relating to the creation, encourage-14 15 ment, and impact of peace education and training at the pre-kindergarten, elementary, secondary, university, and 16 17 postgraduate levels, and disseminate applicable policies 18 and research in consultation with entities of the Depart-19 ment of Health and Human Services, including—

- 20 (1) the Administration for Children and Fami-21 lies;
  - (2) the Administration on Aging;
- 23 (3) the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
- tion; and

22

25 (4) the National Institutes of Health.

1 (b) PEACE CURRICULUM.—The Assistant Secretary 2 of Peace Education and Training, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, the United States Institute of 3 4 Peace, nongovernmental organizations, public institutions, 5 peace and conflict studies programs of institutions of high-6 er education, and Federal agencies that provide effective 7 peace training materials and curricula, shall support the 8 development and dissemination of effective peace curricula 9 and supporting materials for distribution to the State edu-10 cational agency in each State and territory of the United States. Each peace curriculum shall include— 11

12 (1) building communicative peace skills and13 nonviolent conflict resolution skills;

14 (2) teaching and fostering compassion, empa15 thy, tolerance, respect, inclusion, and forgiveness;
16 and

17 (3) promoting other objectives to increase the18 knowledge of peace processes.

(c) GRANTS.—The Assistant Secretary of Peace Edu-cation and Training shall—

(1) provide peace education grants to institutions of higher education for the creation and expansion of peace studies departments and the education
and training of teachers in peace studies; and

(2) establish a grant program to be known as
 the Community Peace Block Grant program under
 which the Secretary shall make grants to nonprofit
 organizations and nongovernmental organizations for
 the purposes of developing innovative neighborhood
 programs for nonviolent conflict resolution and cre ating local peacebuilding initiatives.

# 8 SEC. 105. OFFICE OF DOMESTIC PEACEBUILDING ACTIVI9 TIES.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Domestic Peacebuilding Activities, the head 11 12 of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Domestic 13 Peacebuilding Activities. The Assistant Secretary for Domestic Peacebuilding Activities shall carry out those func-14 15 tions in the Department affecting domestic peace activities, including the development of policies that increase 16 17 awareness about intervention and counseling on domestic 18 violence and conflict.

- 19 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for20 Domestic Peacebuilding Activities shall—
- (1) develop policy and disseminate best practices from the field for the treatment of drug and alcohol abuse;
- 24 (2) develop community-based strategies for cele25 brating diversity and promoting tolerance;

1	(3) develop new policies and build upon existing
2	proven programs to prevent the school-to-prison
3	pipeline by promoting restorative and conflict resolu-
4	tion practices at pre-kindergarten, elementary, sec-
5	ondary, university, and post graduate levels and in
6	police academies, with funding for teacher training
7	in nonviolence, restorative practices, and conflict res-
8	olution;
9	(4) develop new policies and build on existing
10	proven programs—
11	(A) to assist in the prevention of crime, in-
12	cluding the development of community policing
13	strategies, mindfulness and conflict de-esca-
14	lation training, and other peaceful settlement
15	skills among police and other public safety offi-
16	cers;
17	(B) to assist in the re-entry into the com-
18	munity by individuals who have been incarcer-
19	ated, including training in anger management,
20	conflict resolution, peacebuilding skills, life
21	skills, and educational and job skills;
22	(C) to assist in creating strong and healthy
23	families, including supporting mental health
24	services, domestic violence prevention, gang pre-
25	vention, anti-bullying programs, substance

1	abuse prevention, and the development of par-
2	enting skills;
3	(D) to provide restorative justice programs
4	at all levels of the criminal justice system that
5	bring together offenders, victims, and commu-
6	nity members in an effort to repair the damage
7	caused by criminal activity through account-
8	ability and rehabilitation;
9	(E) to provide for training and deployment
10	into neighborhoods of nonmilitary domestic con-
11	flict prevention and peacemaking personnel, in-
12	cluding violence interrupters and civilian com-
13	munity peacekeepers;
14	(F) to implement community-based polic-
15	ing to break down barriers between law enforce-
16	ment officers and the people such officers serve;
17	and
18	(G) to encourage and facilitate formation
19	of locally run and administered citizen's boards
20	to recommend any appropriate training as need-
21	ed for working compassionately and effectively
22	with local populations and to review and hold
23	accountable actions of all local police depart-
24	ments in the United States;

1	(5) promote informal and cultural exchanges
2	between individuals and groups of proximate neigh-
3	borhoods and regions to encourage understanding
4	and acceptance; and
5	(6) disseminate applicable policies and research
6	in consultation with appropriate entities of—
7	(A) the Department of Justice;
8	(B) the Department of Health and Human
9	Services;
10	(C) the Department of State; and
11	(D) the Department of Education.
12	(c) GRANTS.—The Assistant Secretary for Domestic
13	Peacebuilding Activities shall create a grant program to
14	be known as the Cultural Diplomacy for Peace grant pro-
15	gram under which the Secretary shall make grants to pre-
16	kindergarten schools, elementary schools, secondary
17	schools, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organi-
18	zations, and nongovernmental organizations for the pur-
19	pose of developing domestic cultural exchanges, including
20	exchanges relating to the arts and sports, that promote
21	diplomacy and cultural understanding between neighbor-
22	hoods and members of such neighborhoods.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department
4 an Office of International Peacebuilding Activities, the
5 head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Inter6 national Peacebuilding Activities. The Assistant Secretary
7 for International Peacebuilding Activities shall carry out
8 those functions in the Department affecting international
9 peace activities.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for
International Peacebuilding Activities shall—

12 (1) develop new programs and promote existing13 proven programs to—

14 (A) provide for the training and deploy15 ment of graduates of the Peace Academy estab16 lished under section 102(g) and other non17 military conflict prevention and peacemaking
18 personnel;

(B) support national and regional conflictprevention and dispute-resolution initiatives in
countries experiencing social, political, or economic strife;

23 (C) provide training for the administration
24 of post-conflict reconstruction and demobiliza25 tion in war-torn societies;

26 (D) address root causes of violence;

1	(E) eradicate extreme hunger and poverty;
2	(F) achieve universal primary education;
3	and
4	(G) empower women and girls;
5	(2) support the creation of a multinational non-
6	violent peace force;
7	(3) provide for exchanges between individuals of
8	the United States and other countries that are en-
9	deavoring to develop domestic and international
10	peace-based initiatives; and
11	(4) disseminate applicable policies and research
12	in consultation with appropriate entities of—
13	(A) the Department of State;
14	(B) the Department of Labor;
15	(C) the Peace Corps; and
16	(D) the United States Institute of Peace.
17	(c) GRANTS.—The Assistant Secretary for Inter-
18	national Peacebuilding Activities shall create a grant pro-
19	gram to be known as the International Cultural Diplomacy
20	for Peace grant program under which the Secretary shall
21	make grants to pre-kindergarten schools, elementary
22	schools, secondary schools, institutions of higher edu-
23	cation, nonprofit organizations, and nongovernmental or-
24	ganizations for the purpose of developing international
25	cultural exchanges, including exchanges related to the arts

and sports, that promote diplomacy and cultural under standing between the United States and other countries.

#### **3** SEC. 107. OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY FOR PEACE.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department 5 an Office of Technology for Peace, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Technology for Peace. The 6 7 Assistant Secretary for Technology for Peace shall carry 8 out those functions in the Department affecting the 9 awareness, study, and impact of developing new tech-10 nologies on the creation and maintenance of domestic and international peace, and disseminate applicable policies 11 12 and research in consultation with appropriate entities of 13 the Department of State.

(b) GRANTS.—The Assistant Secretary for Technology for Peace shall make grants for the research and
development of technologies in transportation, communications, agriculture, and energy that—

18 (1) are nonviolent in application; and

19 (2) encourage the conservation and sustain20 ability of natural resources in order to prevent fu21 ture conflicts regarding scarce resources.

22 SEC. 108. OFFICE OF ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department
an Office of Arms Control and Disarmament, the head
of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Arms Control

and Disarmament. The Assistant Secretary for Arms Con trol and Disarmament shall carry out those functions in
 the Department affecting arms control programs and
 arms limitation agreements.

5 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for6 Arms Control and Disarmament shall—

7 (1) advise the Secretary on interagency discus-8 sions and international negotiations, including dis-9 cussions involving the Secretary of State, the Atomic 10 Energy Commission, and the Secretary of Defense, 11 regarding the reduction and elimination of weapons 12 of mass destruction throughout the world, including 13 the dismantling of such weapons and the safe and secure storage of materials related thereto; 14

(2) assist countries, international agencies, and
nongovernmental organizations in assessing the locations of the buildup of nuclear arms and other weapons of mass destruction;

(3) develop nonviolent strategies to deter testing or use of offensive or defensive nuclear weapons
and other weapons of mass destruction, whether
based on land, air, sea, or in space;

(4) serve as a depository for copies of all contracts, agreements, and treaties that address the reduction and elimination of nuclear weapons and

1	other weapons of mass destruction, or the protection
2	of space from militarization;
3	(5) provide technical support and legal assist-
4	ance for the implementation of such contracts,
5	agreements, and treaties;
6	(6) disseminate applicable policies and research
7	in consultation with appropriate entities of the De-
8	partment of State and the Department of Com-
9	merce; and
10	(7) address and support nuclear waste cleanup
11	at Superfund Sites of former and present military
12	bases in the United States and abroad.
13	SEC. 109. OFFICE OF PEACEBUILDING INFORMATION AND
13 14	SEC. 109. OFFICE OF PEACEBUILDING INFORMATION AND RESEARCH.
14	RESEARCH.
14 15	<b>RESEARCH.</b> (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department
14 15 16	<b>RESEARCH.</b> (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the
14 15 16 17	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for
14 15 16 17 18	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research. The Assistant
14 15 16 17 18 19	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research. The Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research. The Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research shall carry out those functions in the Department affect-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research. The Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research shall carry out those functions in the Department affect- ing research and analysis relating to creating, initiating,
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research. The Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research shall carry out those functions in the Department affect- ing research and analysis relating to creating, initiating, and modeling approaches to peaceful coexistence and non-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	RESEARCH. (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Office of Peacebuilding Information and Research, the head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research. The Assistant Secretary for Peacebuilding Information and Research shall carry out those functions in the Department affect- ing research and analysis relating to creating, initiating, and modeling approaches to peaceful coexistence and non- violent conflict resolution.

1 (1) commission or compile studies on the im-2 pact of war and other types of violence, especially on 3 the physical and mental condition of children (using 4 the 10-point anti-war agenda in the United Nations 5 Children's Fund report, State of the World's Chil-6 dren 1996, as a guide) that shall include the study 7 of the effect of war on the environment and public 8 health; 9 (2) compile information on effective community 10 peacebuilding activities and disseminate such infor-11 mation to local governments and nongovernmental 12 organizations in the United States and abroad; 13 (3) commission or compile research on the ef-14 fect of violence in the media and make such reports 15 available to Congress annually; 16 (4) commission or compile research on the ef-17 fects of gun violence in the United States, and make 18 such reports available to Congress annually; 19 (5) publish a monthly journal of the activities 20 of the Department and encourage scholarly partici-21 pation; 22 (6) sponsor conferences throughout the United 23 States to create awareness of the work of the De-24 partment; and

1	(7) where applicable, work to carry out the re-
2	sponsibilities under this subsection in consultation
3	with the United States Institute of Peace and other
4	governmental and nongovernmental organizations,
5	including-
6	(A) the Department of Health and Human
7	Services;
8	(B) the Department of Justice; and
9	(C) the Department of State.
10	SEC. 110. OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND ECONOMIC
11	RIGHTS.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department
13	an Office of Human Rights and Economic Rights, the
14	head of which shall be the Assistant Secretary for Human
15	Rights and Economic Rights. The Assistant Secretary for
16	Human Rights and Economic Rights shall carry out those
17	functions in the Department that support the principles
18	of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, adopted
19	by the General Assembly of the United Nations on Decem-
20	ber 10, 1948.
21	(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for
22	Human Rights and Economic Rights shall—
23	(1) assist the Secretary, in consultation with
24	the Secretary of State, in furthering the incorpora-
25	tion of the principles of human rights, as enunciated

in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, into
 all agreements between the United States and other
 countries to help reduce the causes of violence;

(2) consult with the Secretary of State, the 4 5 Atrocities Prevention Board of the White House, 6 and other similarly concerned governmental and 7 nongovernmental organizations to gather informa-8 tion on and document domestic and international 9 human rights abuses, including genocide, torture, 10 human trafficking, child soldiers, and child labor, 11 and recommend to the Secretary nonviolent re-12 sponses to promote awareness, understanding, and 13 correction of abuses;

(3) make such information available to other
governmental and nongovernmental organizations in
order to facilitate nonviolent conflict resolution;

(4) provide trained observers to work with nongovernmental organizations for purposes of creating
a climate conducive to the respect for human rights;

(5) conduct economic analyses of the scarcity of
human and natural resources as a source of conflict
and make recommendations to the Secretary for
nonviolent prevention of such scarcity, nonviolent
intervention in case of such scarcity, and the development of programs to assist people facing such

1	scarcity, whether due to armed conflict,
2	misdistribution of resources, or natural causes;
3	(6) assist the Secretary, in consultation with
4	the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the
5	Treasury, in developing strategies regarding the sus-
6	tainability and the management of the distribution
7	of funds from international agencies, the conditions
8	regarding the receipt of such funds, and the impact
9	of those conditions on the peace and stability of the
10	recipient countries;
11	(7) assist the Secretary, in consultation with
12	the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Labor,
13	in developing strategies to promote full compliance
14	with domestic and international labor rights law;
15	(8) conduct policy analysis to ensure that the
16	international development investments of the United
17	States positively impact the peace and stability of
18	the recipient country; and
19	(9) disseminate policies and research in con-
20	sultation with appropriate entities of the Depart-
21	ment of State.
22	SEC. 111. INTERGOVERNMENTAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON
23	PEACE.
24	(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department
25	an advisory committee known as the Intergovernmental

Advisory Council on Peace (in this section referred to as
 the "Council"). The Council shall provide assistance and
 make recommendations to the President and the Secretary
 concerning intergovernmental policies relating to peace
 and nonviolent conflict resolution.

6 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Council shall—

7 (1) provide a forum for representatives of the
8 Federal Government and of State and local govern9 ments to discuss peace issues;

10 (2) promote better intergovernmental relations 11 and offer professional mediation services to amelio-12 rate and resolve intergovernmental and 13 intragovernmental conflict as needed, including 14 elimination of inflammatory rhetoric; and

(3) submit biennially, or more frequently if determined necessary by the Council, a report to the
President, the Secretary, and Congress reviewing the
impact of Federal peace activities on the Federal
Government and on State and local governments.

20 (c) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary shall appoint the21 members of the Council.

#### 22 SEC. 112. FEDERAL INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON PEACE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Federal Interagency Committee on Peace (in this section referred to as the "Committee"). The Committee shall—

(1) assist the Secretary in providing a mecha nism to assure that the procedures and actions of
 the Department and other Federal agencies are fully
 coordinated; and

5 (2) study and make recommendations for assur6 ing effective coordination of Federal programs, poli7 cies, and administrative practices affecting peace.

8 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary shall appoint the9 members of the Committee.

#### 10 SEC. 113. STAFF.

11 The Secretary may appoint and fix the compensation 12 of such employees as may be necessary to carry out the 13 functions of the Secretary and the Department. Except 14 as otherwise provided by law, such employees shall be ap-15 pointed in accordance with applicable laws and the com-16 pensation of such employees fixed in accordance with title 17 5, United States Code.

#### 18 SEC. 114. CONSULTATION REQUIRED.

19 (a) CONSULTATION IN CASES OF CONFLICT AND VIO-20 LENCE PREVENTION.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which a con-22 flict between the United States and any other gov-23 ernment or entity is foreseeable, imminent, or occur-24 ring, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of 25 State shall consult with the Secretary of Peacebuilding concerning violence prevention, non violent means of conflict resolution, and
 peacebuilding.

4 (2) DIPLOMATIC INITIATIVES.—In any case in
5 which a conflict described in paragraph (1) is ongo6 ing or recently concluded, the Secretary shall con7 duct an independent study of diplomatic initiatives
8 undertaken by the United States and other parties
9 to such conflict.

10 (3) INITIATIVE ASSESSMENT.—In any case in
11 which a conflict described in paragraph (1) has re12 cently concluded, the Secretary shall assess the ef13 fectiveness of any initiatives in ending such conflict.

(4) CONSULTATION PROCESS.—The Secretary
shall establish a formal process of consultation in a
timely manner with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, and the National Security Council—

(A) prior to the initiation of any armed
conflict between the United States and any
other country; and

(B) for any matter involving the use of Department of Defense personnel within the
United States.

(b) CONSULTATION IN DRAFTING TREATIES AND
 AGREEMENTS.—The head of each appropriate Federal
 agency shall consult with the Secretary in drafting treaties
 and peace agreements.

#### 5 SEC. 115. COLLABORATION.

6 The Secretary shall, for the greatest effectiveness in7 promoting peace and peacebuilding, collaborate with all re-8 lated programs in all Federal agencies.

## 9 TITLE II—OTHER MATTERS

#### 10 SEC. 201. LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SEC-

#### 11 RETARY.

12 Not later than 1 year after the date of the appoint-13 ment of the first Secretary, the Secretary shall prepare 14 and submit to Congress proposed legislation containing 15 any necessary and appropriate amendments to the laws 16 of the United States to carry out the purposes of this Act.

#### 17 SEC. 202. PEACE DAYS.

18 The Secretary shall encourage citizens to observe and 19 celebrate the blessings of peace and endeavor to create 20 peace on Peace Days. Such days shall include discussions 21 of the professional activities and the achievements in the 22 lives of peacemakers.

#### 23 SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

24 In this Act:

	1-
1	(1) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department"
2	means the Department of Peacebuilding established
3	under section 101(a).
4	(2) ESEA TERMS.—The terms "elementary
5	school", "secondary school", and "State educational
6	agency" have the meaning given those terms in sec-
7	tion 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
8	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
9	(3) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
10	agency" has the meaning given the term "agency"
11	in section 551(1) of title 5, United States Code.
12	(4) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
13	term "institution of higher education" has the
14	meaning given that term in section 101 of the High-
15	er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
16	(5) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term
17	"nonprofit organization" means an entity that—
18	(A) is described in section $501(c)(3)$ of the
19	Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
20	(B) is exempt from tax under section
21	501(a) of such Code.
22	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
23	the Secretary of Peacebuilding appointed under sec-

24 tion 101(b).

#### 1 SEC. 204. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appro-3 priated to carry out this Act such sums as may be nec-4 essary.

5 (b) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Of the 6 amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a), at least 7 85 percent shall be used for domestic peace programs, in-8 cluding administrative costs associated with such pro-9 grams.

 $\bigcirc$